Q-Str2-Models 1.0

USER GUIDE



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"Q-Str2-Models" Windows Installation

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1. Q-Str2-Models information:

Q-Str2-Models (Strain-Stress App) is a complementary software or plugin for QGIS developed under the "PyQGIS" API of the Python language, it is published under the free software license GPL (General Public License) and multiplatform, it allows us to obtain in a semi-automated way the values resulting from the maximum geodetic deformation, shear deformation, rotation and dilatation in geodynamically active areas, from the horizontal velocities (East, North) of a series of GNSS stations (points), also allows us to create Stress-Strain tensors from of a regular grid.

2. Hardware & Software Requirements:

The minimum hardware required is a computer with a dual core processor, 2GB Memory RAM, 3GB of free hard disk space, software required is QGIS 3.22 or later LTR version, the main programming language used for development was Python3 With PyQGIS API, program size is 350KB approximately and source code from: https://lagc.uca.es/servicios-homologados/software/ (official website of the Astronomy, Geodesy and Cartography Laboratory) & https://github.com/lagc-uca/Q-Str2-Models (Official GitHub Repository of the LAGC--UCA). The operating system it "Q-Str2-Models" was tested is "Ubuntu 22.04 LTS" (64-bits).

3. Installation Instructions:

Initially, the Python3 libraries required to run the application are "Basemap Toolkits, Numpy and Scipy". The commands to execute from the Linux console for its installation are:

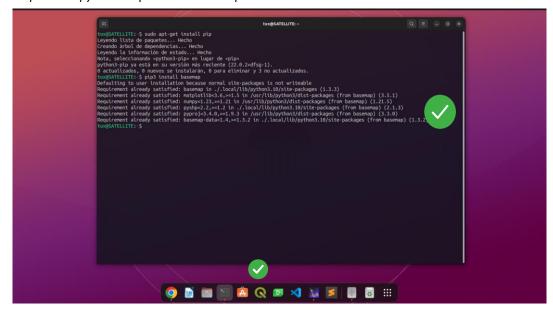
sudo apt-get install pip

pip3 install basemap

Optional libraries:

sudo apt-get install python3-numpy python3-scipy

sudo apt install python3-mpltoolkits.basemap



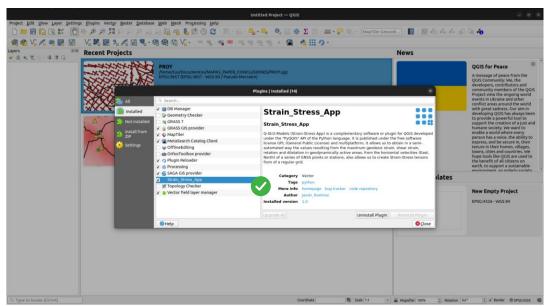
- Later we download and install the corresponding version of QGIS 3 LTR (https://www.qgis.org/es/site/forusers/alldownloads.html#debian-ubuntu), the minimum required version of QGIS is 3.16 LTR.

3.1 Download the application:

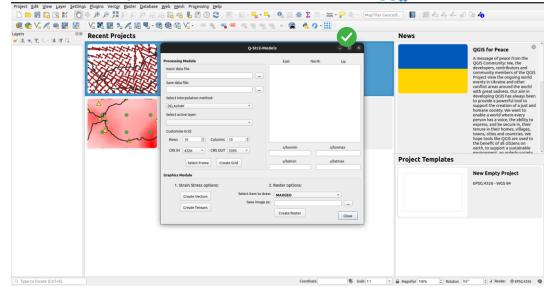
- The next step is to download the Strain_Stress_App.zip file from the followings webpages: https://lagc.uca.es/servicios-homologados/software/

https://github.com/lagc-uca/Q-Str2-Models (mirror 2)

- Next we will install the **Strain_Stress_App.zip** file in QGIS: Plugins \rightarrow Manage and Install plugins \rightarrow Install from ZIP \rightarrow Install Plugin. Do not unzipped the **Strain_Stress_App.zip** file as QGIS required an .zip file to install a new application. Then Verify the app is well installed: Plugins \rightarrow Manage and Install plugins \rightarrow Installed \rightarrow Strain_Stress_App "checked". If needed, please restart QGIS software.

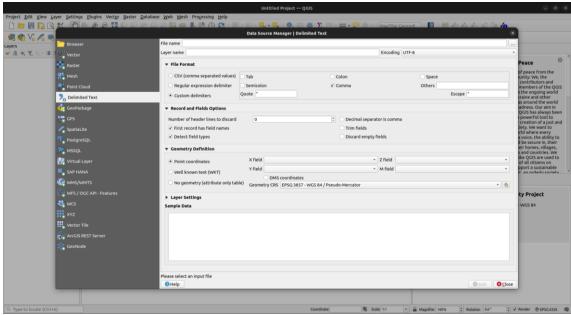


Later we will run the application by selecting the new icon (blue grid) found in the top toolbar of QGIS.

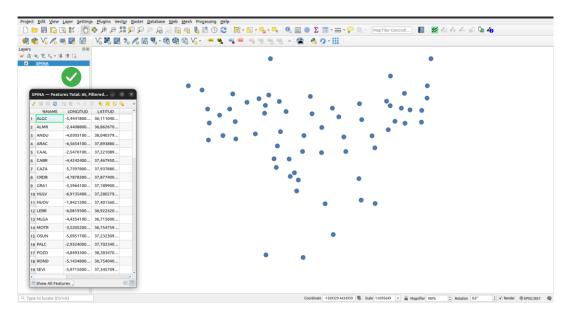


4. Input & Output Data

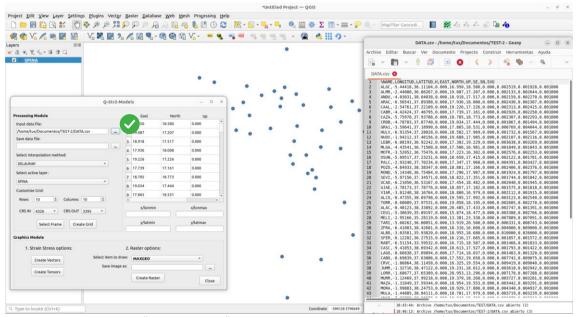
For the Q-Str2-Models (Strain_Stress_App) application to work correctly, we must initially have a QGIS layer (shapefile) with the points to analyze. (Previously to create a shapefile from a text file we can use the QGIS tool: Layer \rightarrow Add Layer \rightarrow Add Delimited Text Layer).



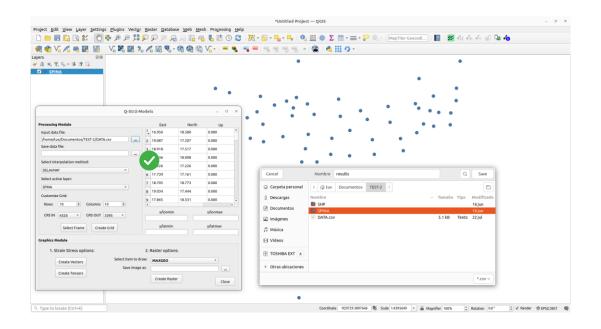
- Once the shapefile is created, we add it to the Qgis layers box, located on the side of Qgis (main environment). This file only contains the points to be analyzed (coordinates in latitude and longitude). Initially in this example, the input objects contain a coordinate reference system (CRS) of type "EPSG:3857"
- WGS 84 / Pseudo-Mercator". An optimal CRS should be used for the different possible scenarios. As we mentioned in the article associated with this application, for the testing of this software we used 65 GNSS stations from the SPINA region (South of the Iberian Peninsula and North Africa).



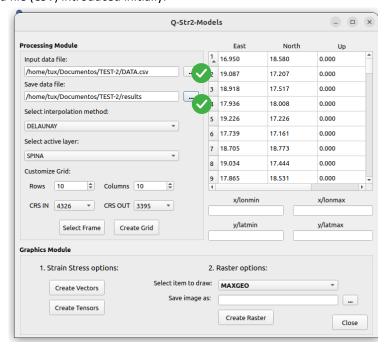
- The second required input file is a CSV or simple text file containing the same coordinates of the stations to be analyzed with the horizontal velocities (East, North) of the same points, these velocities are essential to know the objective parameters of the developed software (maximum geodetic deformation, shear deformation, dilatation, rotation, and Strain-Stress tensors parameters). This CSV file is added by selecting the "Input Data File" option located at the beginning of the Q-Str2-Models processing module.



- Later we will select the "Save Data File" option, which will open a destination folder selection window on our local disk, where the file (CSV) with the results will be saved (maximum geodetic deformation, shear deformation, dilatation, rotation, and Strain-Stress tensors parameters), remember to name this file.

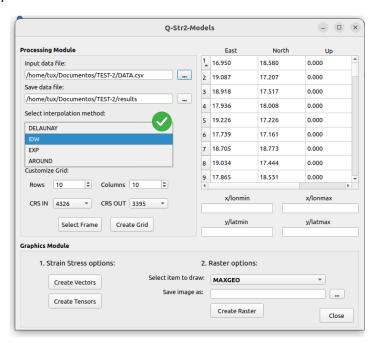


- In this step, we already have the data entry and output path required to apply the following application options. On the right side of the application, we can see a display box with the content (horizontal velocities) of the data file (CSV) introduced initially.

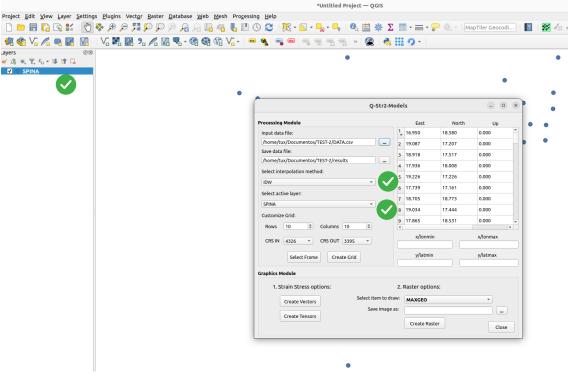


5. Selection Interpolation Method:

As we have defined in the associated article, to obtain the results we must first apply an interpolation method to the data under study, this application offers us the following: IDW, Delaunay, Exponential and Around. For this example, we will use the IDW method since it is the most optimal in our study scenario (SPINA Region). The selection of the most optimal method often depends on the number of GNSS stations used and the quality of their data.

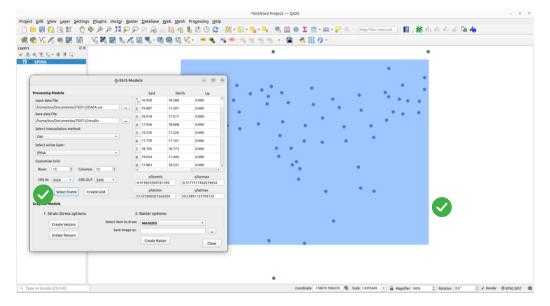


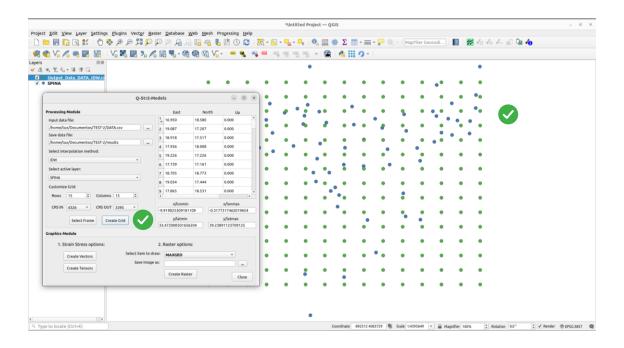
- We will also select the active layer or QGIS object to which we will apply the selected interpolation method. We added this active layer to QGIS in the first few steps.



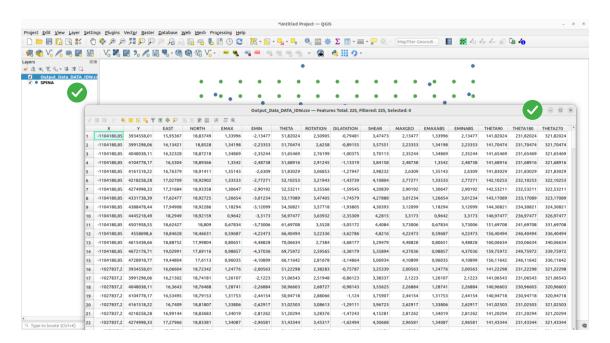
6. Select Frame & Create Grid:

Continuing with the options that Q-Str2-Models provides us, we will find the "Customize Grid" section in which we will indicate the number of rows and columns required for the creation of a temporary grid used by the interpolation method selected, and the CRS to use. The "Select Frame" button allows us (by clicking on the points and dragging the mouse) to create a study area where the custom grid will be located. With the "Create Grid" button, we execute the options described above. Remember that the results will be saved in the destination folder (on the local disk) previously selected.





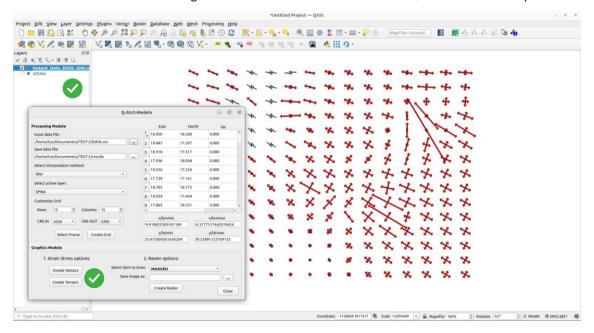
- Once the grid (15 x 15 in this case) has been created in our area of interest and the final results have been generated (Output_Data_???.csv), we will import it into the QGIS layer box to use the options of the next module (Graphics Module) of the application. Below we show the generated results.



7. Create Vectors & Stress-Strain Tensors options:

The graphic module is divided into two sub-modules: Stress-Strain options and Raster options, in the first we can graph horizontal displacement vectors of the points by clicking the "Create vectors" button as well as the Stress-Strain tensors by clicking the button "Create tensors" in the active layer that we want to analyze.

Remember that this active layer must contain the horizontal velocities to create the corresponding vectors and Stress-Strain tensors. In this case, we will create the vectors and/or Stress-Strain tensors, on the active layer (results mentioned in the previous step) of the layers box of the main QGIS environment. Further customizations and creation of legends or scale bars will be done with the QGIS "Create Print Layout" tool.

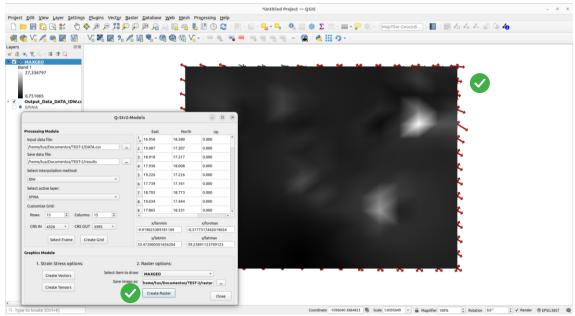


8. Create Rasters options:

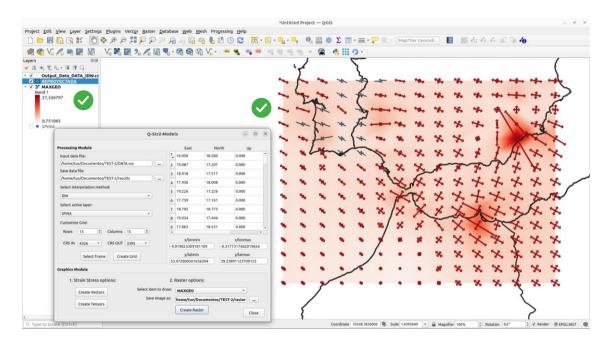
In the second graphic submodule (Raster Options) we initially have a "Select element to draw" combo box that allows us to select one of the four available options (Maximum Geodesic Deformation "MAXGEO", Rotation, Dilation and Shear Deformation "SHEAR"), later we have a button that allows us to save our raster image (.tiff format) in a folder on the local disk.

When executing the "Create Raster" button, the QGIS process will start, which will last approximately 8 seconds (this depends on the performance of the hardware used, the number of points to study and the number of points assigned to the grid), then this raster will be automatically imported into the layers box of the QGIS environment.

Before doing "Create Raster" it is recommended to have only the layer with the results active (QGIS environment layers box) to avoid conflicts with the project's CRS and/or other QGIS objects.



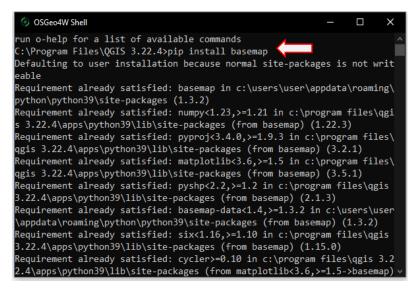
The subsequent customization of the raster images (in styles, colors, transparencies, etc.) will depend on the user's preference.



9. "Q-Str2-Models" Windows Installation

- For a correct installation of the "Q-Str2-Models" application in QGIS under the Windows platform (Windows 10 Pro 22H2 was used in this section), we must initially make sure that QGIS has the Python "basemap" library installed, for this, run the QGIS shell or terminal called; "OSGeo4W Shell", this tool will be added automatically when we install an LTR version of QGIS. We must make sure that we have the corresponding user permissions to run this application.
- When we execute the "OSGeo4W Shell" we must insert the command: *pip install basemap* so that the package manager can verify and/or install the indicated library (*remember to have an internet connection before carrying out this step*), at the end, this manager will show us a message with the description of the installation. You can optionally install other major python libraries (numpy, scipy, etc) or upgrade the pip package manager using the command: *pip install --upgrade pip*





If the previous steps were executed successfully, you can continue installing the "Q-Str2-Models" plugin in section **3.1** (*Download the application "page 3"*) of this guide, otherwise, it is very likely that QGIS will show the following error when starting:

