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Assignment 3

AI1110: Probability and Random Variables INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, HYDERABAD

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exemplar 10.13.3.22: Two dice are thrown at the same time and the product of numbers appearing on them are noted. Find the probability that the product is less than 9.

Solution: Let the random variable X,Y denote the outcomes of dice.

The product of numbers appearing on them represented by XY.

(a) Finding the probability of XY less than n

$$\Pr(XY < n) = \sum_{k=1}^{6} \Pr\left(X = k, Y < \frac{n}{k}\right) \tag{1}$$

As X and Y are independent,

$$\Pr(XY < n) = \sum_{k=1}^{6} \left(\Pr(X = k) \Pr\left(Y < \frac{n}{k}\right) \right)$$
 (2)

$$\Pr\left(Y < \frac{n}{k}\right) = \Pr\left(Y \le \frac{n}{k}\right) - \Pr\left(Y = \frac{n}{k}\right) \tag{3}$$

(b) $\Pr(Y \leq \frac{n}{k})$ is cdf of Y represented by $F_Y(\frac{n}{k})$.

$$F_{Y}(n) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{for } n < 1, \\ \frac{[n]}{6} & \text{for } 1 \le n \le 6, \\ 1 & \text{for } n > 6 \end{cases}$$
 (4)

Pr(X = k) is pmf of X which is represented by $P_X(k)$.

$$P_X(k) = \begin{cases} \frac{k}{6} & \text{for } kin\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}, \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (5)

From (3)

$$\Pr\left(Y < \frac{n}{k}\right) = F_Y\left(\frac{n}{k}\right) - \Pr\left(Y = \frac{n}{k}\right) \tag{6}$$

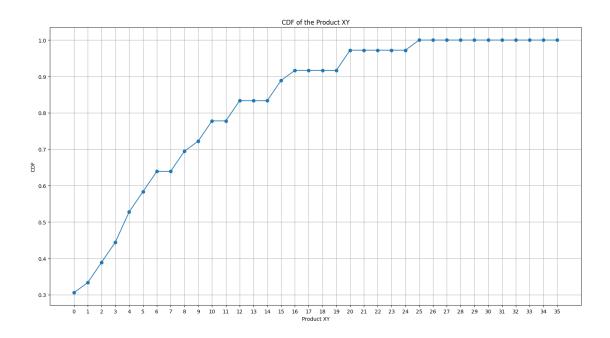


Fig. (b): cdf of product of numbers appeared on dice

(c) Keeping n = 9

$$\Pr(XY < 9) = \sum_{k=1}^{6} \left(\Pr(X = k) \Pr\left(Y < \frac{9}{k} \right) \right)$$

$$= \Pr(X = 1) \Pr\left(Y < \frac{9}{1}\right) + \Pr(X = 2) \Pr\left(Y < \frac{9}{2}\right) + \Pr(X = 3) \Pr\left(Y < \frac{9}{3}\right) +$$

$$\Pr(X = 4) \Pr\left(Y < \frac{9}{4}\right) + \Pr(X = 5) \Pr\left(Y < \frac{9}{5}\right) + \Pr(X = 6) \Pr\left(Y < \frac{9}{6}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{6}\right) \left(1 + \frac{4}{6} + \frac{2}{6} + \frac{2}{6} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{6}\right)$$

$$= \left(\frac{1}{6}\right) \left(\frac{16}{6}\right)$$

$$= \frac{16}{36} = \frac{4}{9}$$

$$(11)$$

Required probability is $\frac{4}{9}$