



Key Facts





POPULATION

29.2 million



CURRENT GDP US\$ 47.9 billion (2023)



LEADER

Paul Biya



PRIMARY EXPORT

Crude Petroleum US\$ 2.7 billion (2022)

CFC COUNTRY FACTSHEET: The republic of Cameroon

Situated in a strategic location that positions it as a natural gateway to the landlocked regions of Central Africa, Cameroon undeniably holds significant influence within the region's economic and monetary community accounting for more than 40% of the zone's GDP and 55% of the regional population.

Despite some challenges, Cameroon remains one of the most stable countries in the Central Africa sub-region and has the potential to serve as a hub for major regional energy and transportation infrastructure projects for all of Central Africa, and in fact is already playing this role in multiple ways.

Cameroon's 2020-2030 national development strategy lays out the country's plans to become a middle-income country and proposes massive investments in infrastructure.



INTERESTS & CURRENCY

EXCHANGE RATES

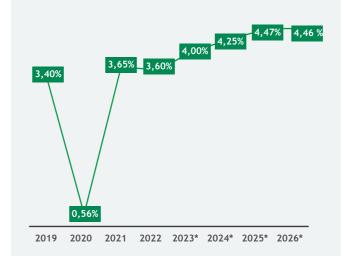
Monetary policy Rate: 5%

Currency
Central African CFA Franc
(FCFA/XAF)

USD 1 = XAF 602.939 **EUR 1** = XAF 655.957

Source : Banque des États de l'Afrique Centrale (BEAC), July 2024

III GDP GROWTH



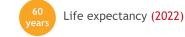
7.4% Inflation (2023)

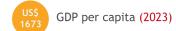
3.7% Unemployment rate (2023)

2% Demographic growth (2023)

3.4% Current account (2022)









Source: World Bank Data, IMF, Reuters



What are the most attractive industries?

Cameroon offers several attractive industries for investment and economic growth due to its strategic location, natural resources, and diverse economy.



Agriculture: The agriculture sector employs a significant portion of the population and has strong potential for growth with modernization and investment in infrastructure.



 $\uparrow \langle \rangle \rightarrow$ **Energy:** With significant hydropower potential, Cameroon is focusing on expanding its energy sector.



Financial services: The financial sector in Cameroon is expanding, with opportunities in banking, insurance, and microfinance.



Telecomunications and ICT: With a growing population and increasing internet penetration, the ICT sector offers significant opportunities.





Cameroon's International Membership

• Central African Economic and Monetary Community

(CEMAC)

- Banque des Etats l'Afrique Centrale (BEAC)
- L'Harmonisation en Afrique du Droit des Affaires (OHADA)
- International Monetary Fund (IMF)
- International Chamber of Commerce (ICC)
- World Trade Organization (WTO)
- African, Caribbean and Pacific Group of States (ACP)
- African Development Bank Group (AFDB)
- International Trade Union
- Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

(OECD)

Leading Companies in Cameroon

- Afriland First Bank (Financials)
- 2. Cameroon Development Corp (Consumer Goods)
- 3. National Hydrocarbon Corporation
- 4. Camrail (Industrials)

What is the tax regime in Cameroon?

Corporate income tax rate:

- The corporate income tax rate in Cameroon is 30% for large companies and 28% for small and medium companies plus a local surcharge of 10%, bringing the effective rate to 30,8% for small and medium companies and 33% for large companies.
- Large companies are companies which realized a turnover of more than XAF3 billion and small and medium companies are companies which realized a turnover less than XAF3 billion.

Withholding tax (WHT):

Payments	Rate for Resident	Rate for Non Resident
Dividends	16.5%	16.5%
Interest	16.5%	16.5%
Royalties	-	15%

Personal income tax rate:

• Individual income tax is levied at progressive rates from 10% up to 35% and applies to both residents and nonresidents.

Value Added Tax:

• The standard rate is 17.5%, plus a 10% surcharge, resulting in an effective rate of 19.25%.

Tax treaties

Cameroon has concluded tax treaties with the following jurisdictions and organizations.

COUNTRY	DIVIDENDS	INTEREST	ROYALTIES
Canada	15%	15%	15%
CEMAC countries	D_{l}	D_1	N/A ¹
France	15%	15%	7.5%/15%
Tunisia	12%	15%	15%
United Arab Emirates	10%	7%	10%
South Africa	15%	10%	10%

1: The rate cannot exceed 10% of the gross amount



Investment incentives offered in Cameroon

Tax Incentives

The Investment Incentives Law, as amended, sets out incentives for private investment in Cameroon where the investor meets the following requirements:

Incentives during the installation phase include:

- An exemption from registration duties on instruments for incorporation of the company, capital increases, essential instruments relating to investment programs, and concession contracts.
- A VAT exemption on technical assistance relating to the project and on import of materials linked to the project.
- An exemption from business license fees.
- A deduction for technical assistance fees in proportion to the amount of the investment.

Incentives during the exploitation phase include an exemption from, or a reduction in, the following taxes:

- Registration duties on instruments relating to changes in the capital and transfers of activity.
- Corporate income tax and minimum tax.
- Tax on income from securities and dividends.
- Special income tax on technical assistance.

As a foreigner, do I need a work permit?

Special assignment employees in Cameroon (less than 6 months), do not need a work permit. An expatriate employed directly by a Cameroonian company must have a work permit, which must be approved by the minister in charge of employment.



Useful Links / Sources





- 3. <u>Deloitte Guide to fiscal information</u>
- 4. UNCTAD World Investment report

