

"Pay As You Park" - Smart Parking Solution

2021-198

Student Information

Student ID	Student Name	Presentation Slides
IT18012552	M.D.S.M. Antany	Validate and suggest the best solution for parking yards
IT18154672	Priyankara A.D.D	Introduction and Find the availability of free spaces inside parking yard
IT18013092	Aadil M.R.M	Suggest and direct to most suitable parking yard for user
IT18013924	Ferreira L.V	Internal navigation in parking yards

Introduction



WHAT IS SMART PARKING ?



DOES CURRENT SOCIETY NEED
A SMART PARKING SOLUTION?

Research Problem

- Existing payment process in parking systems
- Hardness to find a parking yard to park
- Difficulty of navigation inside parking yards
- Wastage of spaces in parking yards

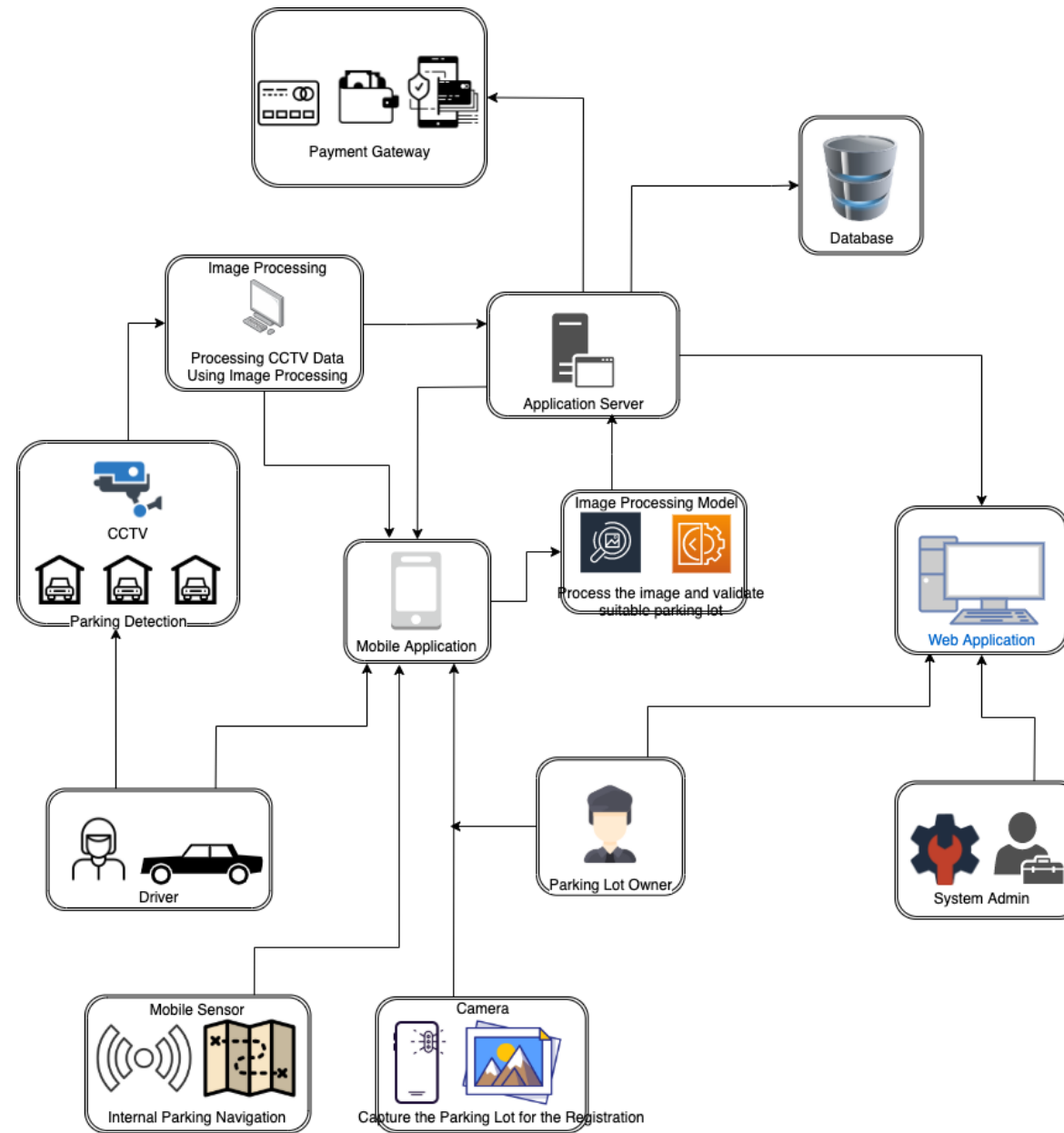
Objectives

- Introduce "pay as you park" concept to the parking system.
- Support users to find the most suitable parking yard
- Provide the best experience in parking using smart technology

Research Components

- Find the availability of free spaces inside parking yard
- Suggest and direct to most suitable parking yard for user
- Internal navigation in parking yards
- Validate and suggest the best solution for parking yards

System Diagram





IT18154672 | PRIYANKARA A. D. D.

Software Engineering

INTRODUCTION

- Background
- Research Problem
- Research Gap
- Objectives

BACKGROUND

- What is a vacant space in a parking slot?
- What is identifying vacant space?
- What are the currently available options?
- What are the benefits of identifying vacant space in a parking slot?

RESEARCH PROBLEM

- What are the drawbacks of current systems?
- How can image processing-based system can improve the situation?
- Problems faced by drivers while finding a vacant parking space.
- Problems faced by parking lot owners.

RESEARCH GAP

Sensor Type	Accuracy	Suitable for bad weather conditions	Investment and maintenance cost	Suitable for indoor parking	Suitable for outdoor parking
Passive Infrared	Poor	✗	High	✓	✗
Active Infrared	Poor	✗	High	✓	✗
Ultrasonic	Moderate	✗	High	✓	✗
LDR	Poor	✗	Low	✓	✗
Magnetometer	Moderate	✓	High	✓	✓
Pay as You Go: Image Processing	High	✓	Low	✓	✓

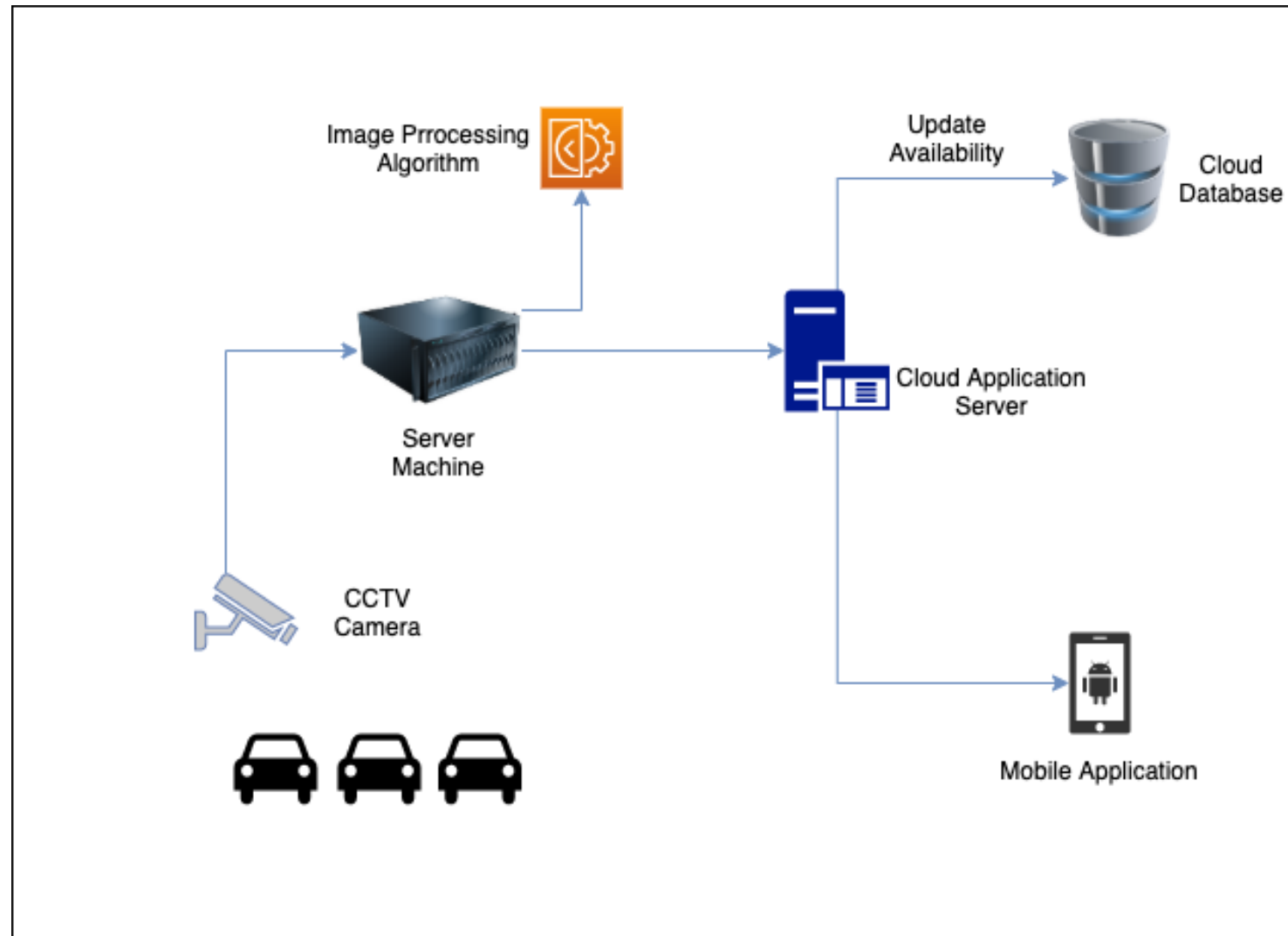
OBJECTIVES

- Identifying vacant parking slots in a parking lot.
- Save time of the user by pre-identifying vacant spaces.
- Send the processed data for the further process.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

- System Diagram
- Technologies to be used

SYSTEM DIAGRAM



TECHNOLOGIES TO BE USED

- Identifying vacant/available parking spaces
 - Image Processing Algorithm
- Smoothing the shadow/ Noise Filtering
 - Gaussian Blurring, Median Filtering
- Number of vehicles detection

SUPPORTIVE INFORMATION

- Commercialization

COMMERCIALIZATION

- Find vacant space inside a parking slot
- Use existing CCTV/ Surveillance Cameras
- Saves the process of finding a space to park vehicle
- Enhances user experience and save money

REFERENCES

- [1] Sukumar, M. B., Sireesha, G., Ashok, A., Mounish, G., & Prathap, D. Real Time Image Processing Based Vacant Car Parking Occupancy Information System.
- [2] Nwave, (2021), Advantages and Disadvantages of Smart Parking Sensors | Nwave [Online] Available: <https://www.nwave.io/news/pros-and-cons-of-smart-parking-systems/> [Accessed 20 Feb 2021]
- [3] Paidi, V., Fleyeh, H., Håkansson, J., & Nyberg, R. G. (2018). Smart parking sensors, technologies and applications for open parking lots: a review. *IET Intelligent Transport Systems*, 12(8), 735-741.
- [4] PcMag, (2021), Definition of smart parking | PCMag [Online] Available: <https://www.pcmag.com/encyclopedia/term/smart-parking#:~:text=A%20vehicle%20parking%20system%20that,incoming%20drivers%20to%20available%20locations.&text=With%20the%20Smart%20Park%20system,car%2C%20smart%20home%20and%20smart> [Accessed 20 Feb 2021]
- [5] Gunasekara, G. G. Y. U., Gunasekara, A. D. A. I., & Kathriarachchi, R. P. S. (2015). A Smart Vehicle Parking Management Solution.
- [6] Karunarathne, M. S., & Nanayakkara, L. D. J. F. (2014). A Prototype to Identify Availability of a Car in a Smart Car Park with Aid of Programmable Chip and Infrared Sensors. *Journal of Emerging Trends in Computing and Information Sciences*, 5(2).
- [7] Nandyal, S., Sultana, S., & Anjum, S. (2017). Smart car parking system using arduino uno. *International Journal of Computer Applications*, 975(169), 1.

[8] Bachani, M., Qureshi, U. M., & Shaikh, F. K. (2016). Performance analysis of proximity and light sensors for smart parking. *Procedia Computer Science*, 83, 385-392.

[9] Britannica, (2021), Image processing | computer science | Britannica [Online]
Available: <https://www.britannica.com/technology/image-processing> [Accessed 21 Feb 2021]

[10] True, N. (2007). Vacant parking space detection in static images. University of California, San Diego, 17, 659-662.

[11] Ichihashi, H., Notsu, A., Honda, K., Katada, T., & Fujiyoshi, M. (2009, August). Vacant parking space detector for outdoor parking lot by using surveillance camera and FCM classifier. In 2009 IEEE International Conference on Fuzzy Systems (pp. 127-134). IEEE.



IT18013092 | AADIL M.R.M

Software Engineering

INTRODUCTION

- Background/Research Gap
- Research Question
- Specific and Sub Objectives

BACKGROUND / RESEARCH GAP

- Difficulty to find the most suitable nearest parking yard.
- What are the facts to be consider when suggesting a parking yard ?
- Does existing parking solution meet this requirements ?

BACKGROUND / RESEARCH GAP

Product	Distance	Availability	Physical Characters	Relate to Parking
Research A [3]	✓	✗	✗	✓
Research B [1]	✓	✓	✗	✗
Research C [6]	✗	✓	✗	✓
Pay as You Park	✓	✓	✓	✓

RESEARCH PROBLEM

- Problems faced by the drivers when finding a parking yard.
- How does it affect the society ?
- How does it affect the environment ?

Objectives

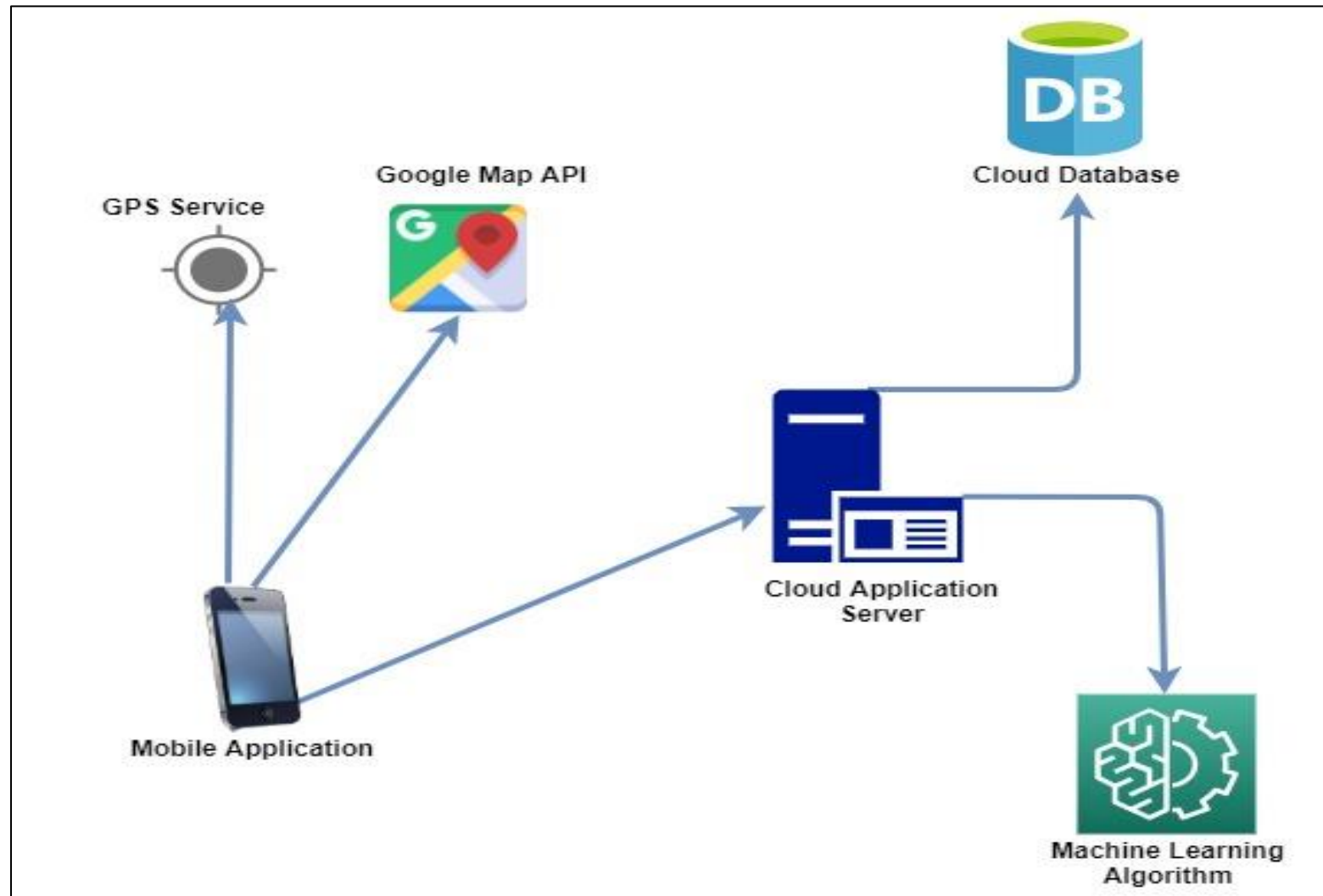
- Identify the nearest parking yard around user/user destination.
- Suggest optimal parking yard to park the vehicle based on key factors.
- Provide a cross platform mobile app to perform the task

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

SYSTEM DAIGARM

TECHNOLOGY AND TECHNIQUES TO BE USED

SYSTEM DIAGRAM



TECHNOLOGY AND TECHNIQUES TO BE USED

- Retrieving the current location of user
 - GPS related technology
 - Google Map API – visualize the location
- Suggest optimal parking yard to park the vehicle based on key factors
 - Machine learning algorithms
 - Google Map API – visualize the locations and directions

WBS

- UI Design and implementations
- Fetch current location and visualize
- Retrieve parking yard closer to user destination
- Validate the availability of free spaces
- Process and suggest the most optimal parking yards based on key factors

GANTT CHART



SUPPORTIVE INFORMATION

COMMERCIALIZATION

COMMERCIALIZATION

- Optimal suggestion is the key component of parking system
- Saves user's time and cost.
- Effective to the society in a positive way.

REFERENCES

- [1] Y. Dian Harja and R. Sarno, "Determine the best option for nearest medical services using Google maps API, Haversine and TOPSIS algorithm," 2018 International Conference on Information and Communications Technology (ICOIACT), Yogyakarta, Indonesia, 2018, pp. 814-819, doi: 10.1109/ICOIACT.2018.8350709.
- [2] M. A. P. Chamikara, Y. P. R. D. Yapa, S. R. Kodituwakku and J. Gunathilake, "An Efficient Algorithm to Detect The Nearest Location Of A Map For A Given Theme," 2013 International Journal of Scientific & Technology Research.
- [3] Bhavani, D. S., & Ghalib, M. R. "Internet of Things Based Smart Car Parking System Using K-Nearest Neighbour Algorithm to Find the Nearest Slot. Journal of Computational and Theoretical Nanoscience,"2018, 15(6), 2040–2045. doi:10.1166/jctn.2018.7403
- [4] Siahaan, Andysah P. U. 2017. "Haversine Method in Looking for the Nearest Masjid." INA-Rxiv. September 22. doi:10.31227/osf.io/eb3ja.

REFERENCES

- [5] M. Abinaya and R. Ganesan, "Effective search mechanism for finding nearest healthcare facilities," 2015 Global Conference on Communication Technologies (GCCT), Thuckalay, India, 2015, pp. 534-538, doi: 10.1109/GCCT.2015.7342719.
- [6] S. Shinde, A. Patil, S. Chavan, S. Deshmukh and S. Ingleshwar, "IoT based parking system using Google," 2017 International Conference on I-SMAC (IoT in Social, Mobile, Analytics and Cloud) (I-SMAC), Palladam, 2017, pp. 634-636, doi: 10.1109/I-SMAC.2017.8058256.
- [7] Z. Ji, I. Ganchev, M. O'Droma and X. Zhang, "A cloud-based intelligent car parking services for smart cities," 2014 XXXIth URSI General Assembly and Scientific Symposium (URSI GASS), Beijing, China, 2014, pp. 1-4, doi: 10.1109/URSIGASS.2014.6929280.



IT18013924 | FERREIRA L.V.

Software Engineering

INTRODUCTION

BACKGROUND

RESEARCH PROBLEM

OBJECTIVES

Background

- What is an Internal Navigation inside a parking area?
 - Indoor/outdoor parking areas.
- Technologies can be used.
 - Wi-fi based, RFID, UWB,LED etc.
- Beacon technology and its advantages.
- Methods can use to improve the accuracy of position.
- Novelty of the research Component
 - Internal navigation system inside the parking area in Sri Lanka.

Research Problem/Research Gap

- Issues faced by the drivers to find the parking slot.
- Why GPS cannot be used inside the indoor parking area.

- Research Gap

Indoor Positioning Services	Technology Used	High Accuracy	Low Cost	Uncomplicated System
Radar	Wi-fi			
Ubisense	UWB			
LANDMARC	RFID			
Proposed System	Beacon			

Objectives

- Identify the beacons in each parking slot.
- Register and Unregister a beacon.
- Guide user to the parking slot inside the parking area.

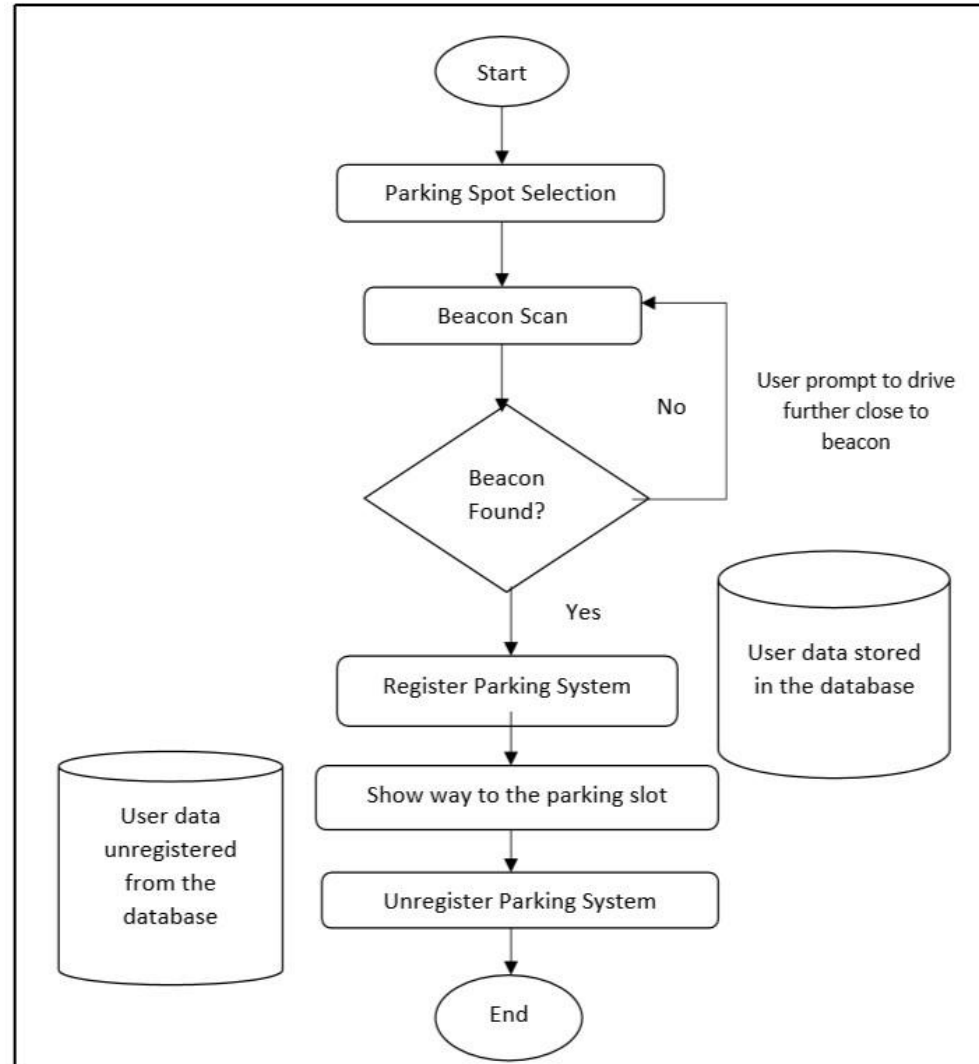
RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

FLOW GRAPH

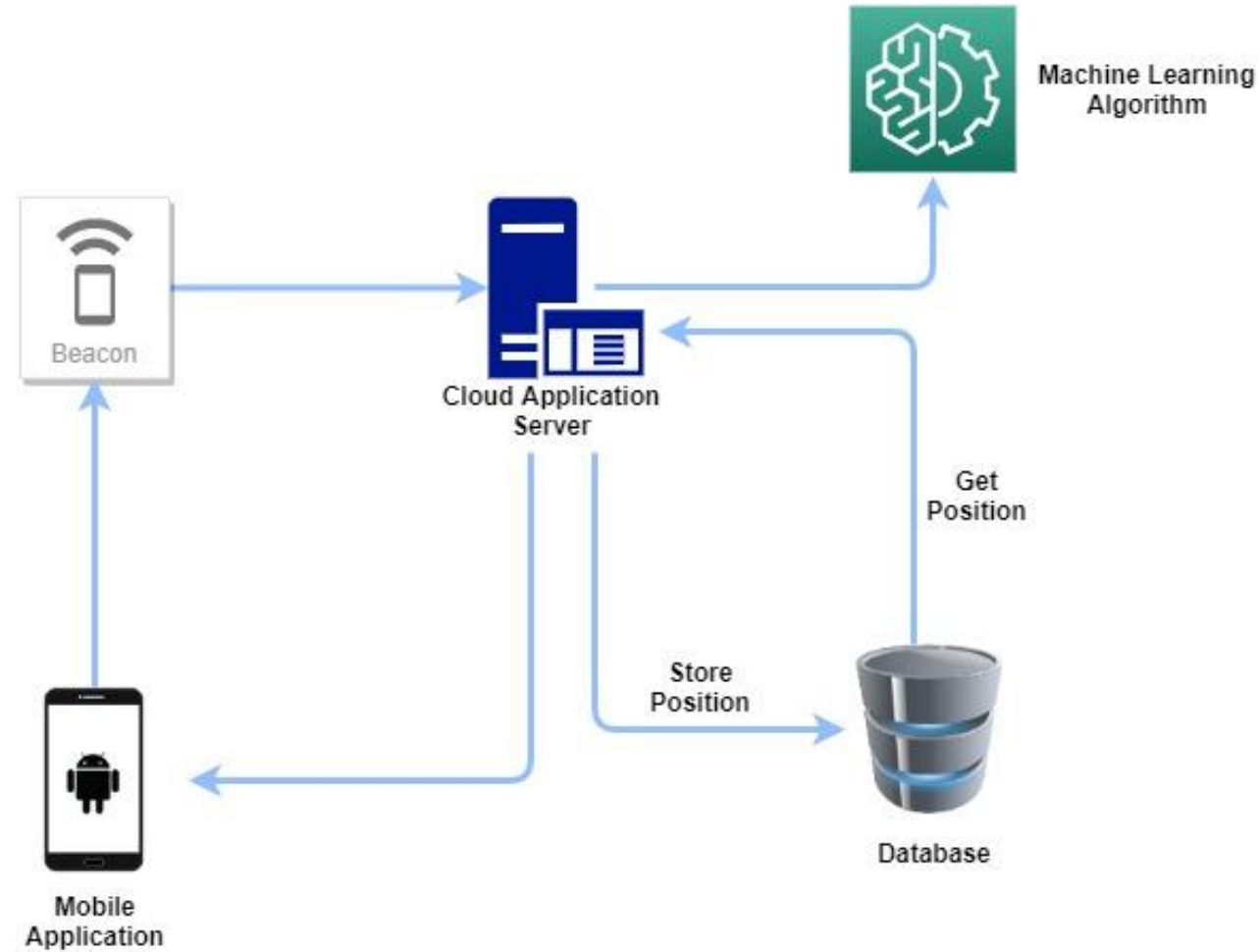
SYSTEM DIAGRAM

TECHNOLOGIES TO BE USED

System Flow Graph



System Diagram



Technologies, Techniques to be Used

- Identify the parking slot
 - Beacon technology
 - Beacon per each parking slot
- Improve the accuracy of the position
 - Distance Model
 - Calculate the distance
 - Improve accuracy of position using filters.

Work Break-Down

1. Feasibility Study	1.1 Identify the opportunities	From January 10th to January 20th
	1.2 Evaluate the Background	From January 21st to January 31st
2. Environment Setup	2.1 Requirement gathering	From February 1st to February 15th
	2.2 Background Survey	From February 15th to February 25th
	2.3 Literature review	
	2.4 Requirement analysis	
3. Proposal	3.1 Project proposal	
	3.2 Project presentation	From February 26th to March 9th
4. Software Requirement Specification	4.1 Identify Functions	From March 11th to April 11th
5. Designing and Implementation	5.1 Database designing	From April 11th to April 20th
	5.2 Design prototype	From April 21st to April 30th
	5.3 Implementation	From May 1st to September 30th
6. Testing	6.1 Unit testing	From October 1st to October 10th
	6.2 Integrated testing	From October 11th to October 15th
7. Final Report and Presentation	7.1 Final report	From October 15th to November Till the end
	7.2 Final presentation	

REFERENCES

- [1] Smart Parking System Based on Bluetooth Low Energy Beacons with Particle Filtering Andrew Mackey, Student Member, IEEE, Petros Spachos, Senior Member, IEEE, and Konstantinos N. Plataniotis, Fellow, IEEE
- [2] Batistic, L., & Tomic, M. (2018). *Overview of indoor positioning system technologies. 2018 41st International Convention on Information and Communication Technology, Electronics and Microelectronics (MIPRO)*.
- [3] Bluetooth-based Indoor Navigation Mobile System Adam Satan Institute of Information Science University of Miskolc Miskolc, Hungary satan@iit.uni-miskolc.hu. Satan, A. (2018). *Bluetooth-based indoor navigation mobile system. 2018 19th International Carpathian Control Conference (ICCC)*.
- [4] Intelligent Indoor Parking Győző Gódor*, Árpád Huszák* and Károly Farkas†, * † Inter-University Centre for Telecommunications and Informatics, Debrecen, Hungary *Department of Networked Systems and Services, Budapest University of Technology and Economics, Budapest, Hungary Email: {godorgy, huszak, [farkask](mailto:farkask@hit.bme.hu)}@hit.bme.hu
- [5] Improve Indoor Positioning Accuracy Using Filtered RSSI and Beacon Weight Approach in iBeacon Network Laial Alsmadi Faculty of Engineering and IT University of Technology Sydney Sydney, Australia Xiaoying Kong Faculty of Engineering and IT University of Technology Sydney Sydney, Australia Kumbesan Sandrasegaran Faculty of Engineering and IT University of Technology Sydney Sydney, Australia

[6] Recurrent Neural Networks For Accurate RSSI Indoor Localization Minh Tu Hoang, Brosnan Yuen, Xiaodai Dong, Tao Lu, Robert Westendorp, and Kishore Reddy.

[7] Insoft beacon Technology (online) : <https://www.infsoft.com/technology/positioning-technologies/bluetooth-low-energy-beacons>



IT18012552 | M.D.S.M. ANTANY

Software Engineering

INTRODUCTION

- "Pay as you park" provide a solution for the lack of parking places in urban areas.
- The new functionality to users allowing rent their private lands/ garages spot as a parking spot in the system.
- The novelty of the function
 - I. Automated registration process
 - II. Providing fast component verification for the parking lot registration
 - III. Less human interaction to the verification process



WHY WE NEED A VERIFICATION?

- To provide long term protection for both parking lot owners and the drivers.
- To standardize every parking lot before releasing it for public use.
- Identify the surface of the parking lot
 - Asphalt or concrete parking surface
 - permeable pavers
 - gravel or stone surface
- Prevent the misusing of the application.
- Keep the customer satisfaction on us.



BACKGROUND / RESEARCH GAP

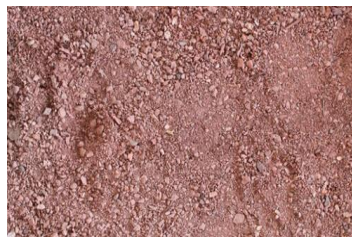
- Identifying soil type of the land before registration (ex: Clay soil, Loam soil, Sand soil and etc).
- Parking lot entrance pothole detection
- Giving the necessary recommendation for long term vehicle parking in the land considering the soil type.
 - **Installing a gravel or stone on the lands (ex: 57 Granite, Pea gravel)**
 - **Repair the parking lot entrance with Concrete, asphalt or paver driveway**



57 GRANITE



PEA GRAVEL



ALABAMA PATH



Clay Soil

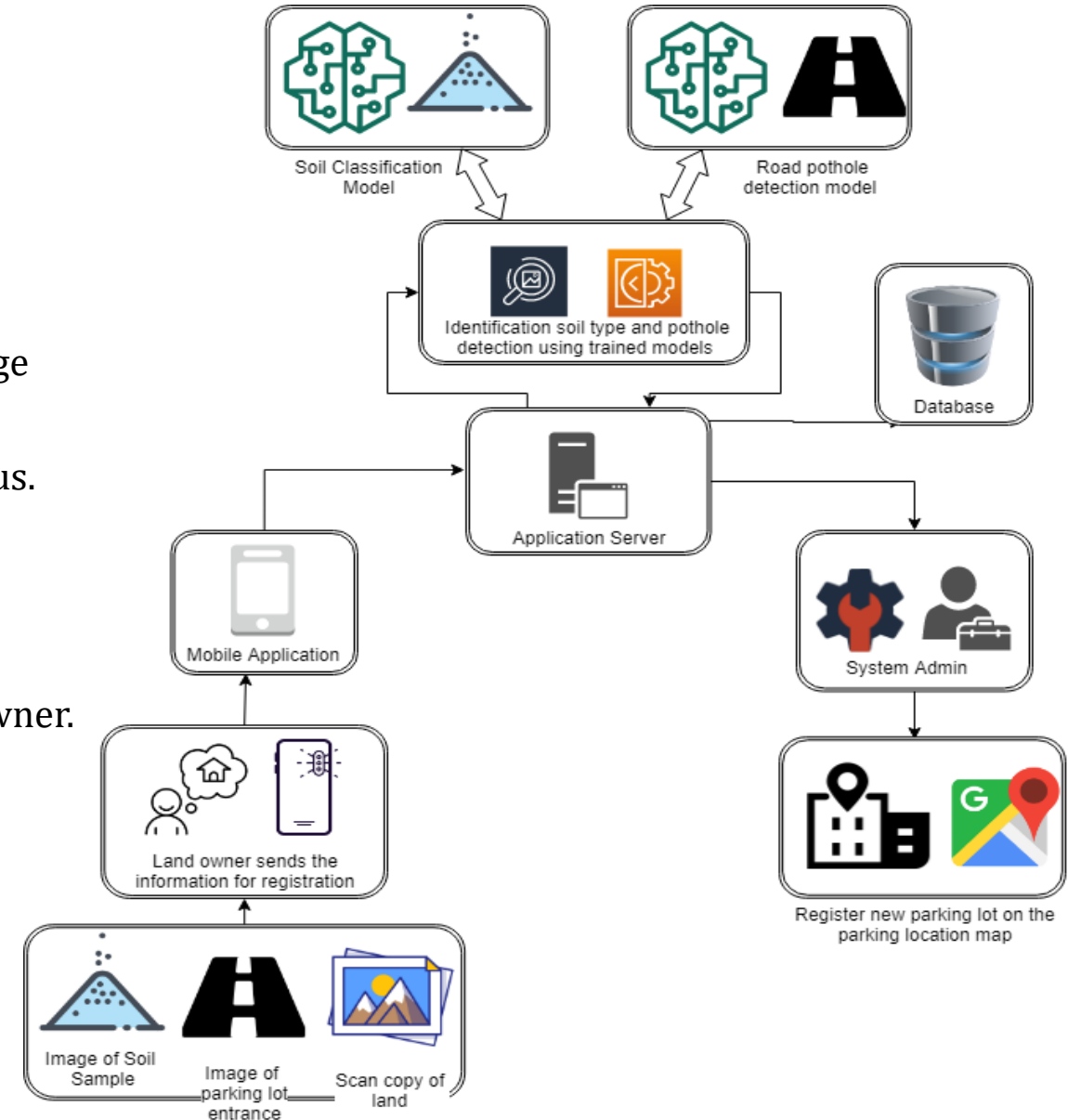
BACKGROUND / RESEARCH GAP

Methods	Examples	Problems
Conventional Techniques To Classify Soil	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Standard Penetration Test• Cone Penetration Test• Pressure Meter Test	Not smart solution for this application Need equipment and more staff
Image Processing Techniques To Classify Soil	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Basics of Image Processing• Application of SVM to classify Soil• Application of ANN to classify Soil	Low accuracy
Proposed solution for "Pay as you park" smart parking solution	Combination of Image processing and machine learning technics	High accuracy

RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

SYSTEM DIAGRAM

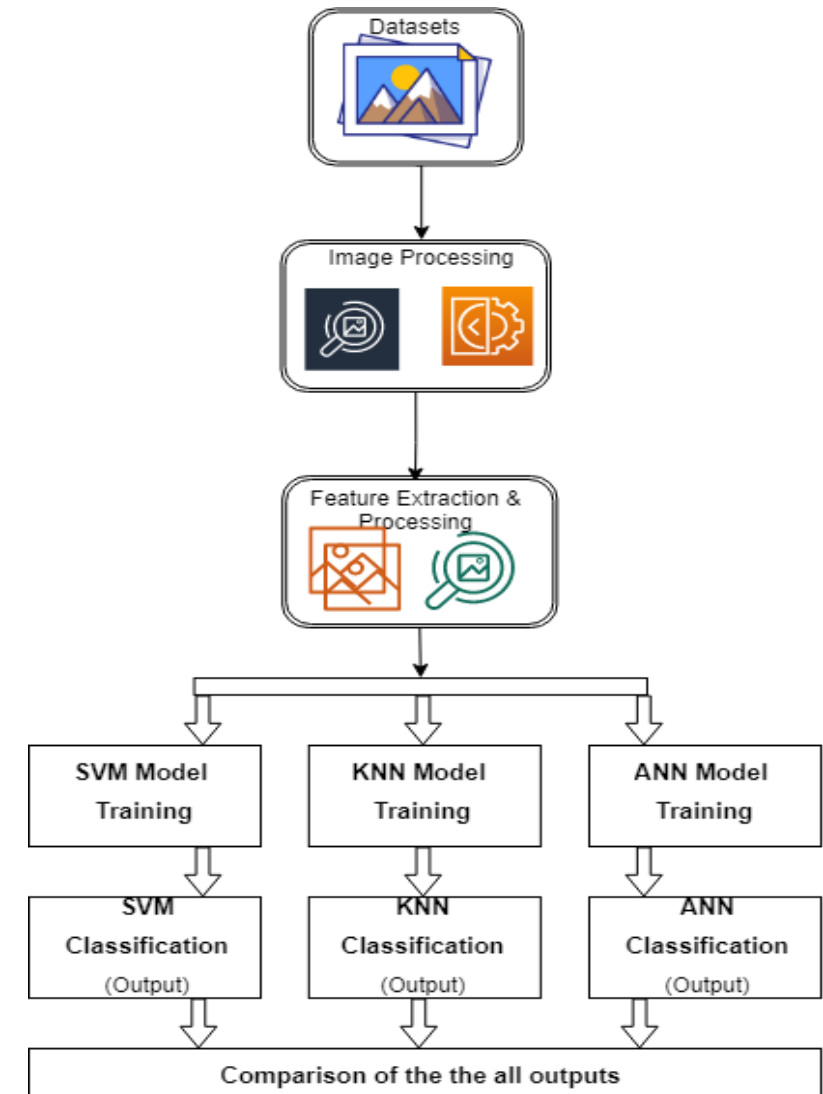
- Upload the required images for the land registration (land/ garage owner).
- Process with the pre trained models and get the verification status.
- If the status is "Passed", the details will be sent to the system admin to add the location to the map
- If the status "Failed", necessary suggestions will be sent to the owner.



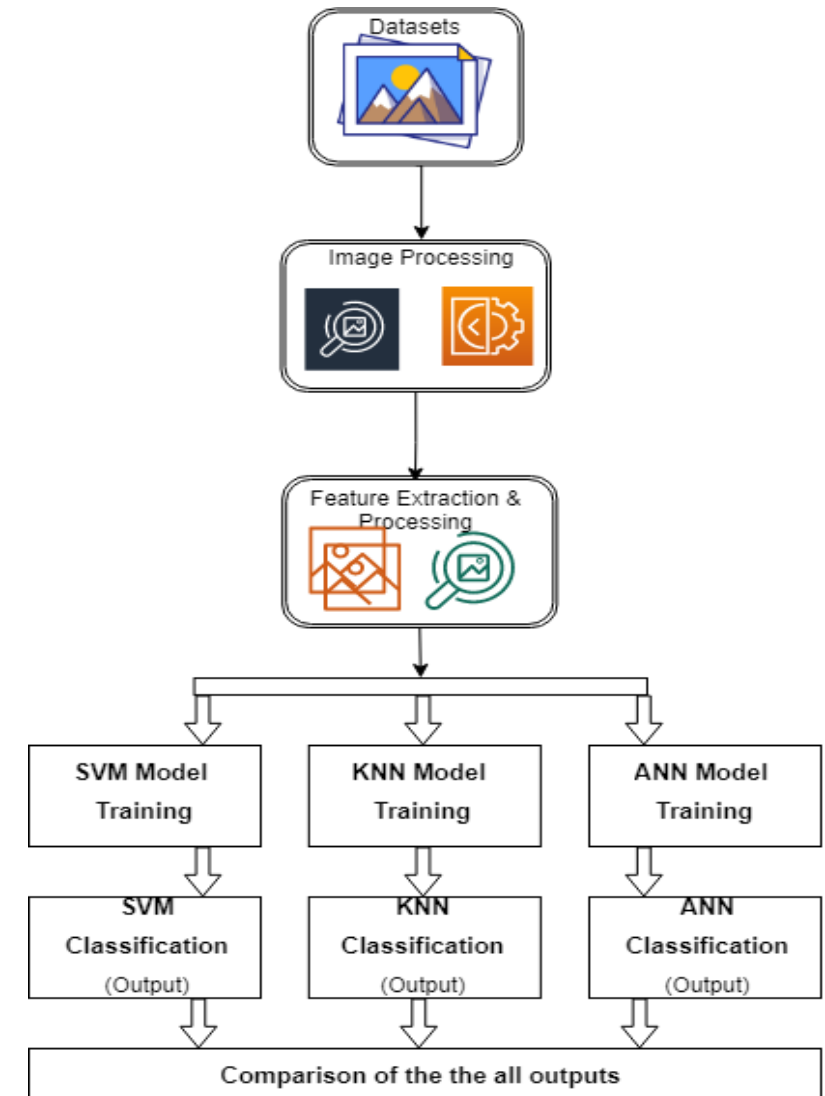
TECHNOLOGIES, TECHNIQUES, ALGORITHMS TO BE USED

Soil Classification

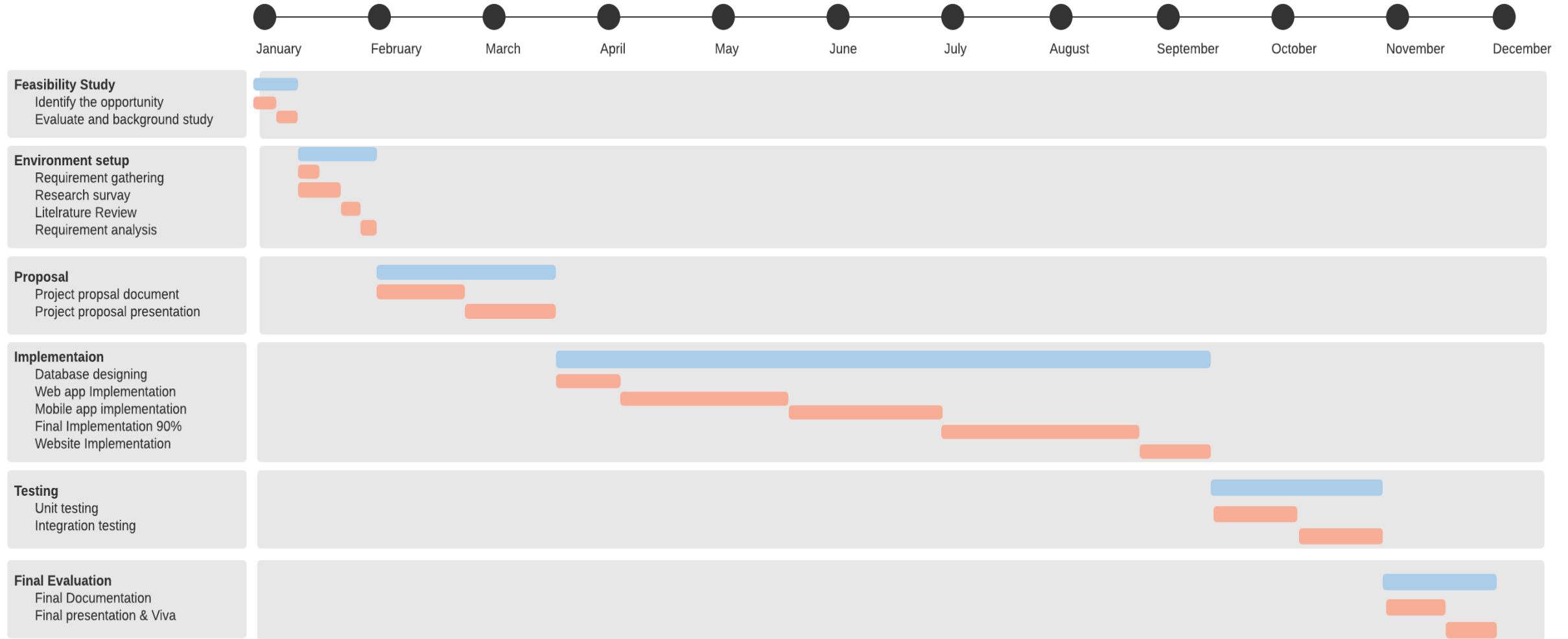
- Image Preprocessing
 1. improving its contrast
 2. removing errors (ex: scratches, lapping tracks, etc)
- Feature Extraction and Feature Selection
 1. Features are extracted for detection of soil type (Ex: texture, color, intensity, saturation, hue, etc)
 2. good representative dataset for each class can be obtained



- **Classification technic (Support Vector Machine)**
 1. Design a decision boundaries that classifies the training vector in to two class
 2. Reduce misclassification in new data
- **Artificial Neural Network**
 1. problem critical thinking gives new way by extracting relevant features from the provided data
 2. performs a pattern recognition
- **K- Nearest Neighbors' Algorithm (k-NN)**
 1. object is classified based on the labels of its k nearest neighbors by majority vote



GANTT CHART



COMMERCIALIZATION

- "Pay as you park" has a huge business opportunity for the people who have lands and garages.
- An automated fast land verification process reduces the time-wasting of our new users.
- Verified standardized parking places always keep our customer satisfied and safe.
- Owning more parking spots in the system is a good sign of having a more customer base.

REFERENCES

- [1]. M. M. Forrest, Z. Chen, S. Hassan, I. O. Raymond and K. Alinani, "Cost Effective Surface Disruption Detection System for Paved and Unpaved Roads," in IEEE Access, vol. 6, pp. 48634-48644, 2018, doi: 10.1109/ACCESS.2018.2867207.
- [2]. Nienaber, S & Booysen, M.J. (Thinus) & Kroon, Rs. (2015). Detecting Potholes Using Simple Image Processing Techniques and Real-World Footage. 10.13140/RG.2.1.3121.8408.
- [3]. Taluja, Chandan & Thakur, Ritula. (2018). An Intelligent Model for Indian Soil Classification using various Machine Learning Techniques. 2250-3005.
- [4]. Mahmoodi-Eshkaftaki, M., Haghighi, A., & Houshyar, E. (2019). Land Suitability Evaluation using Image Processing based on Determination of Soil Texture-Structure and Soil Features. Soil Use and Management. doi:10.1111/sum.12572
- [5]. Bennett, Jordan. (2019). Smart (Ai) Pothole Detector (Powered by "Tensorflow/TensorRT" on "Google Colab" and or "Jetson Nano" via a Convolutional Artificial Neural Network).

BUDGET

\$1.00 = Rs. 185.00

Component	Amount(USD/Year)	Amount(LKR/Year)
Azure Machine Learning (Free Credits : \$100) <small>B1S: 1 vCPU(s), 1GB RAM</small>	\$100 - \$53.00 ~ \$0	Rs. 0
Domain Name Registration	\$8.00	Rs. 1,480.00
Hosting	\$60.00	Rs. 11,100.00
Per Beacon	\$10.00	Rs. 1,850.00
Map API (Free Credits : \$200)	\$ 0	Rs. 0
Total	\$78.00	Rs. 14,430.00

Thank You !

Q & A

