

Quiz 2 (CLO 1)

Total Marks 10

1. What does the following fragment of code do with a linked list?

```
current = first;
```

```
while(current!=null){current=current.next;}
```

Ans: traversal

2. Consider the following operation performed on a stack of size 5.

```
Push(20);
```

```
Pop();
```

```
Push(50);
```

```
Push(10);
```

```
Pop();
```

```
Push(70);
```

```
Pop();
```

```
Push(60);
```

After the completion of all operation, the number of elements present in stack is?

Ans: 2

3. In a stack, if a user tries to remove an element from empty stack it is called _____.

Ans: Underflow condition

4. Disks piled up one above the other represent a

Ans: Stack

5. Stacks can be used by an operating system to perform a function call.

Ans: Yes

6. _____ linked list is a two way list.

Ans: Doubly

7. How many pointers are necessarily changed for the insertion at middle point in a singly Linked List?

Ans: 2

8. Which linked list has no null pointer?

Ans: Circular linked list

9. Linked list is best suited for?

Ans: for the size of the structure and the data in the structure are constantly changing.

10. What is the time complexity to count the number of elements in the linked list?

Ans: The time complexity for the given operation is $O(n)$.