## Exercise 02 Molecular Dynamics 2019

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## Problem 02.1 Energy minimisation of force fields

a Gradient and Hessian are defined as

$$\nabla f_i = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_i}$$
$$\mathbf{H}_{i,j}(f) = \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x_i \partial x_j}$$

respectively. Given our function U(x,y), the function, gradient, and hessian matrix are defined

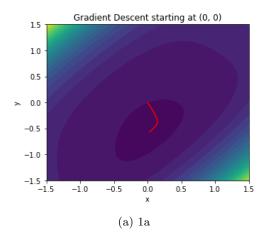
$$U(x,y) = (x-y)^4 + 2x^2 + y^2 - x + 2y$$
(1)

$$\nabla U(x,y) = (4(x-y)^3 + 4x - 1 - 4(x-y)^3 + 2y + 2)^T$$
 (2)

$$\nabla U(x,y) = (4(x-y)^3 + 4x - 1 - 4(x-y)^3 + 2y + 2)^T$$

$$\mathbf{H}(U(x,y)) = \begin{pmatrix} 12(x-y)^2 + 4 & -12(x-y)^2 \\ -12(x-y)^2 & 12(x-y)^2 + 2 \end{pmatrix}.$$
(2)

b	Col1	Col2	Col2	Col3
	1	6	87837	787
	2	7	78	5415
	3	545	778	7507
	4	545	18744	7560
Ī	5	88	788	6344



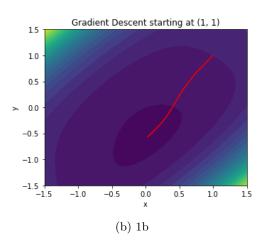


Figure 1: plots of....