

Social Media Sentiment Analysis

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Reddit

- Identify the sentiment for **Windows** and **Mac OS** subreddits

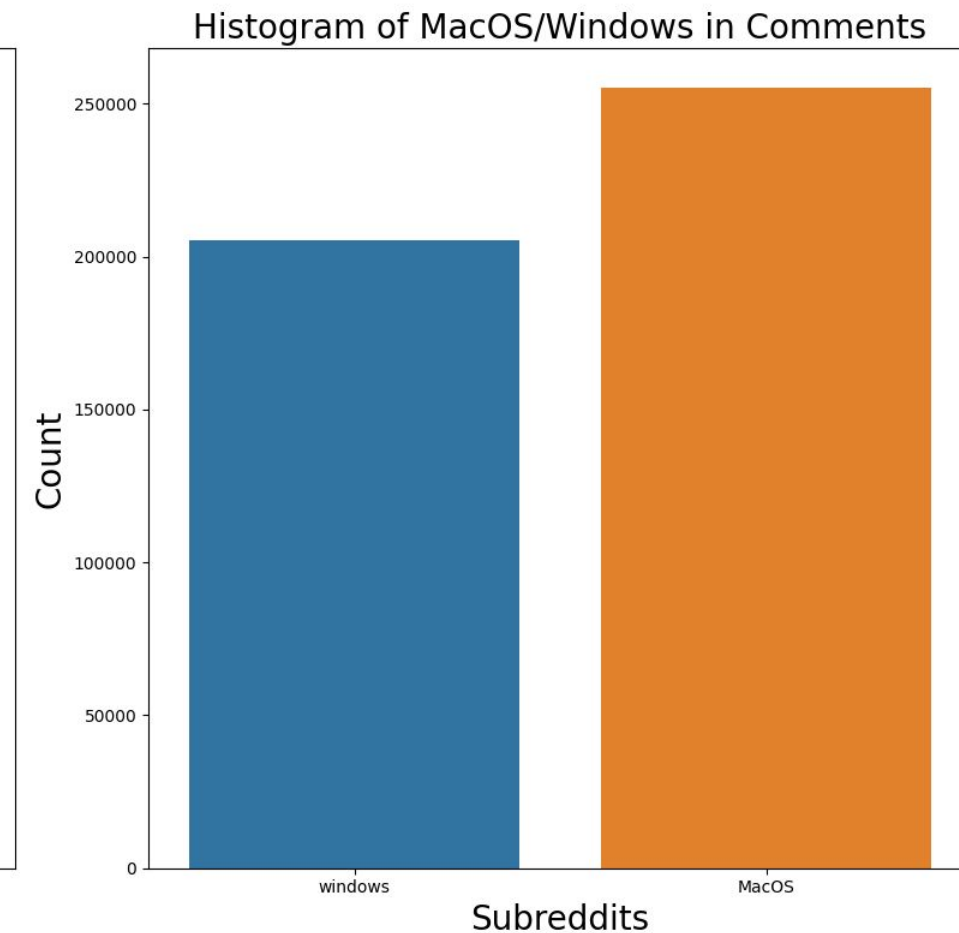
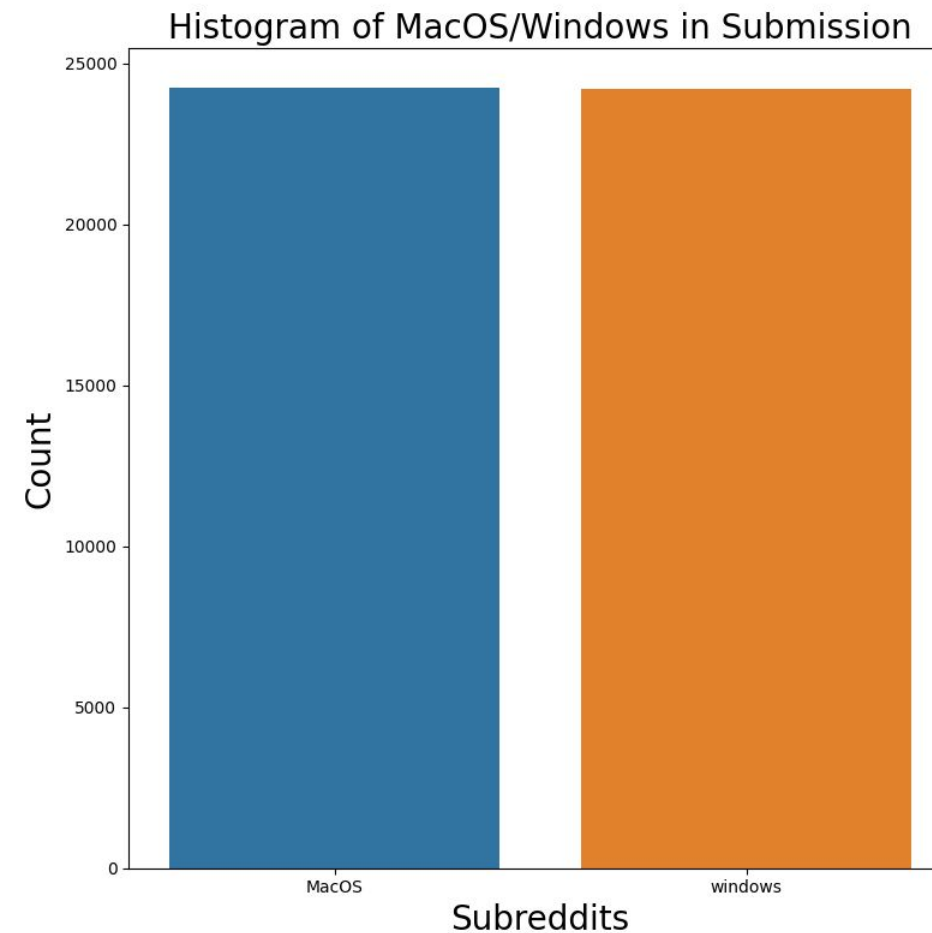
To help Microsoft and Apple get sentiments of public opinions on Reddit platform

- Sentiment Analysis: **RoBERTa-base** model trained on ~58M Tweets & **Distilling BERT** base trained on IMDB
- Interpretability or Explainability: Integrated Gradient to determine the **importance** of word by word or sequence by sequence on the predicted sentiments

Description of Dataset

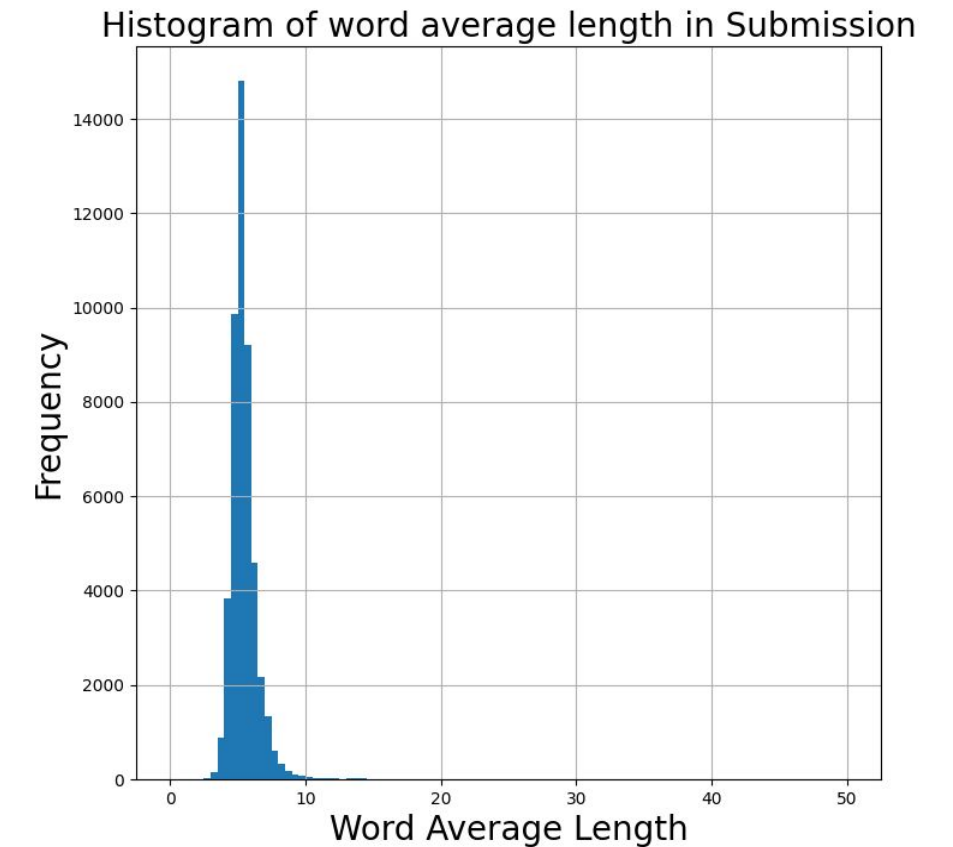
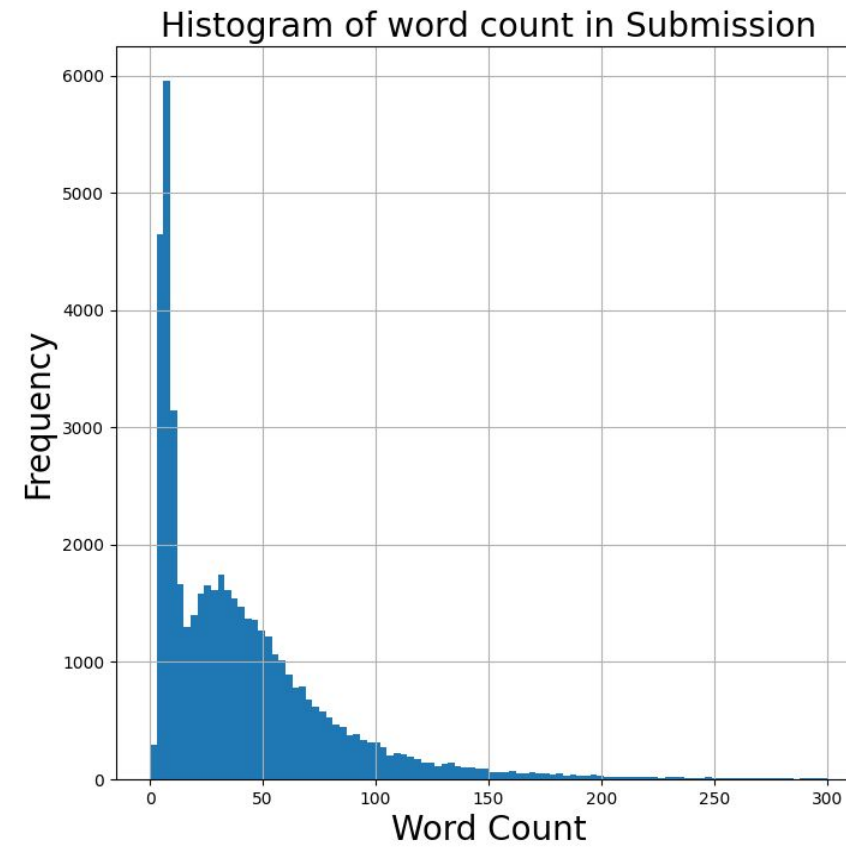
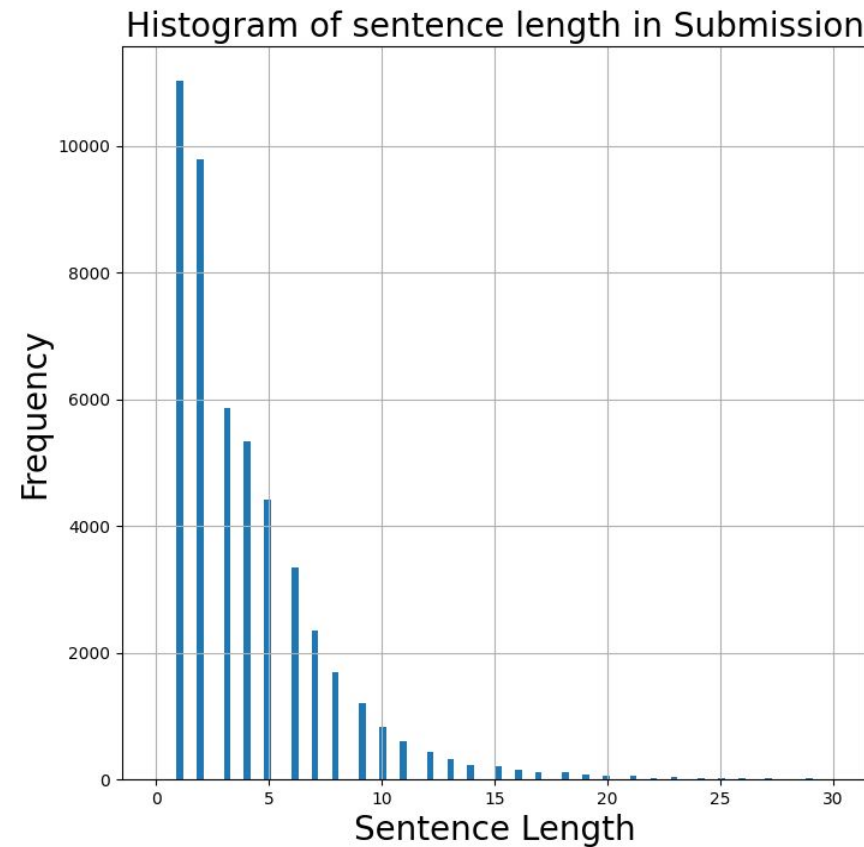
Subreddits: Windows & MacOS

- ▶ Data Source: **Reddit** dataset collected from Pushshift API
- ▶ Dataset: Submission & Comments on **Windows & MacOS** ~100k observations [Download **via PMAW**]
- ▶ Class of emotion: **Positive, Negative, Neutral**



Description of Dataset

Sentences & Words

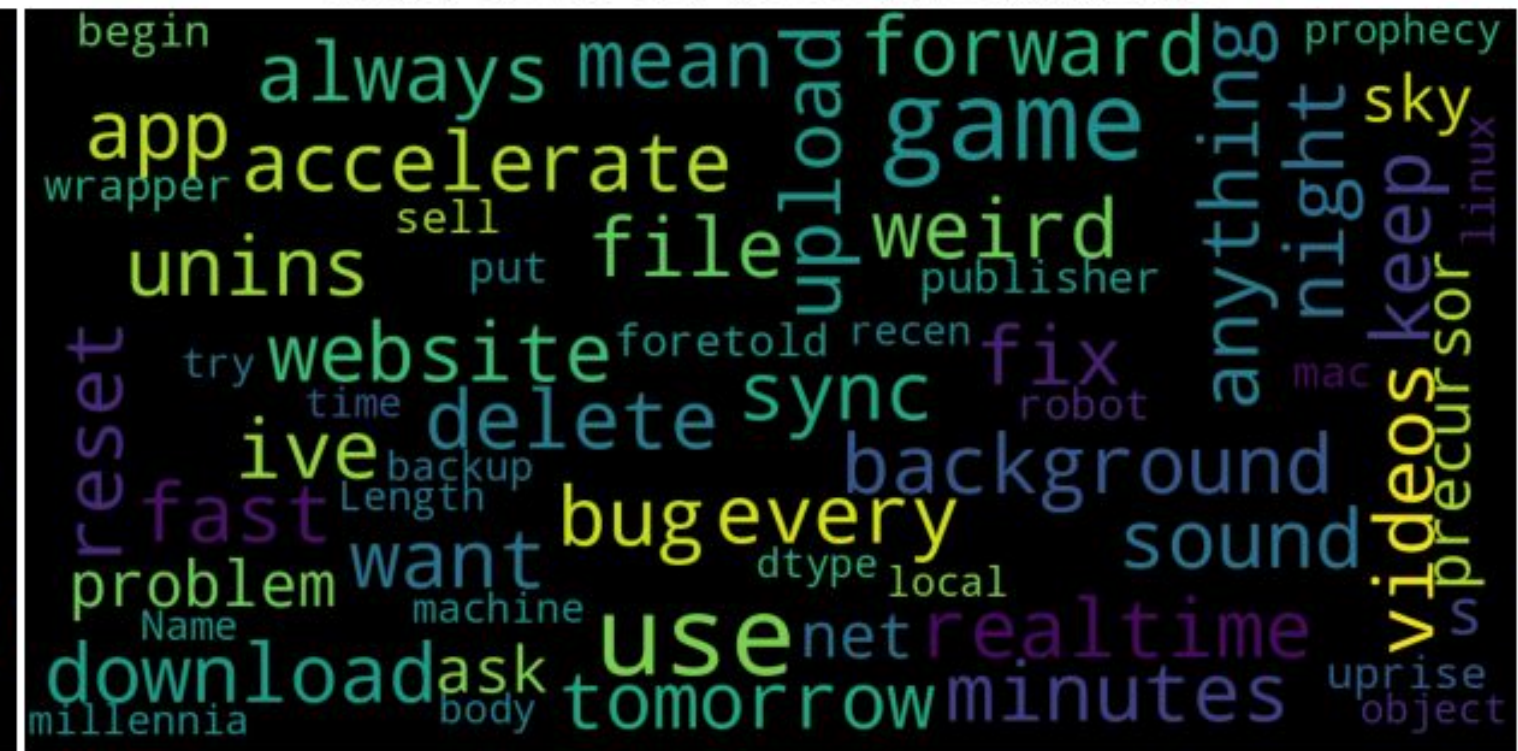
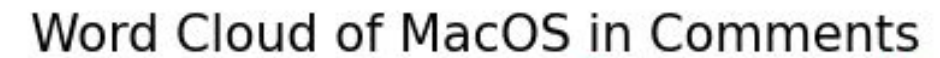


- ▶ Most submission within 10 sentences and 50 words
- ▶ Average word length is around 5, mostly within 10 characters.

**THE GEORGE
WASHINGTON
UNIVERSITY**

WASHINGTON, DC

The most occurrences of word in Comments related to Windows



Attribution

- ▶ The problem of **attributing** the prediction of a deep network to its input features

Example:

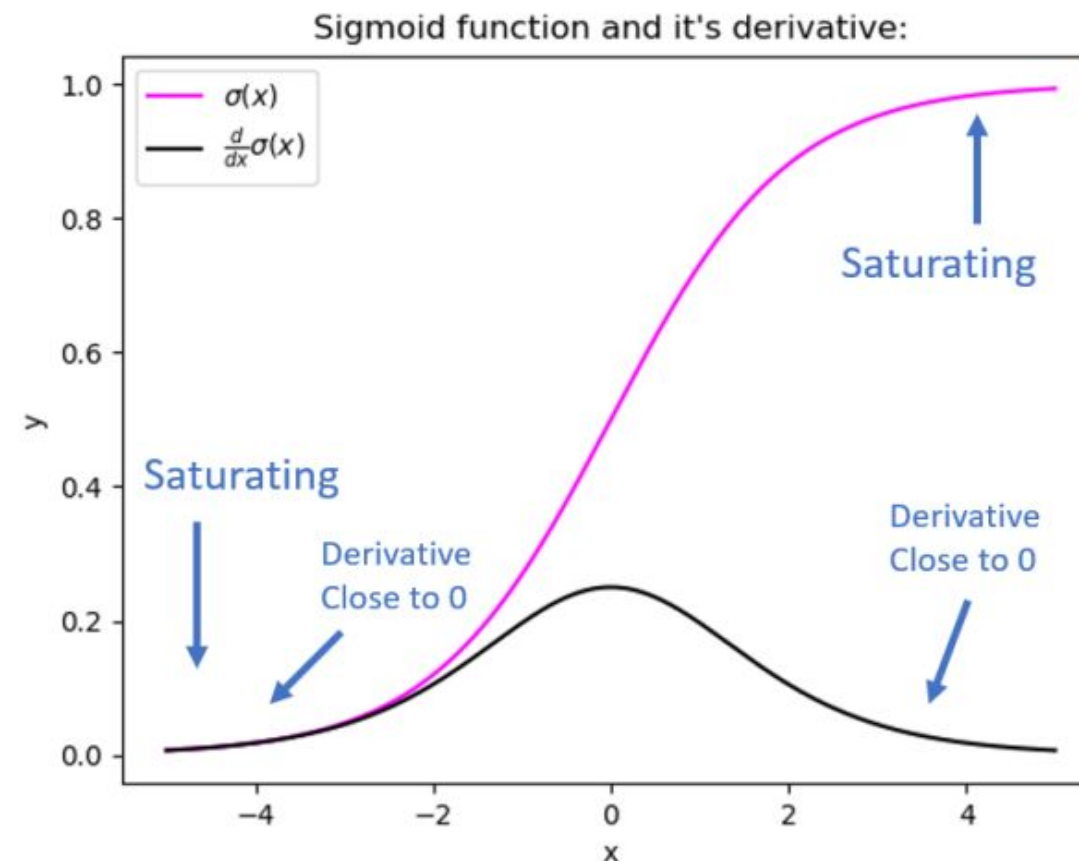
- ▶ Attribute a linear model's prediction to its features
- ▶ Attribute an object recognition network's prediction to its pixels
- ▶ Attribute a text sentiment network's prediction to individual words

A **reductive formulation** of 'why this prediction' but surprisingly useful.

Gradient

- ▶ Gradients (of the output with respect to the input) can be approximated as the coefficient of the input feature for a deep network.
- ▶ Therefore the product of the gradient and feature values is a reasonable starting point for an attribution method.

- ▶ **Gradient Saturation:**



Integrated Gradient

- ▶ **Two fundamental axioms:** Sensitivity and Implementation Invariance
- ▶ **Sensitivity:** If for every input and baseline that differ in one feature but have different predictions, then the differing feature should be given a non-zero attribution.

- ▶ **Implementation Invariance :**
Two networks are functionally equivalent if their outputs are equal for all inputs, despite having very different implementations.

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial g} = \frac{\partial f}{\partial h} \cdot \frac{\partial h}{\partial g}$$

Axiomatic Attribution for Deep Networks

Mukund Sundararajan^{*1} Ankur Taly^{*1} Qiqi Yan^{*1}

Abstract

We study the problem of attributing the prediction of a deep network to its input features, a problem previously studied by several other works. We identify two fundamental axioms—*Sensitivity* and *Implementation Invariance* that attribution methods ought to satisfy. We show that they are not satisfied by most known attribution methods, which we consider to be a fundamental weakness of those methods. We use the axioms to guide the design of a new attribution method called *Integrated Gradients*. Our method requires no modification to the original network and is extremely simple to implement; it just needs a few calls to the standard gradient operator. We apply this method to a couple of image models, a couple of text models and a chemistry model, demonstrating its ability to debug networks, to extract rules from a network, and to enable users to engage with models better.

[Shrikumar et al., 2016](#); [Binder et al., 2016](#); [Springenberg et al., 2014](#)).

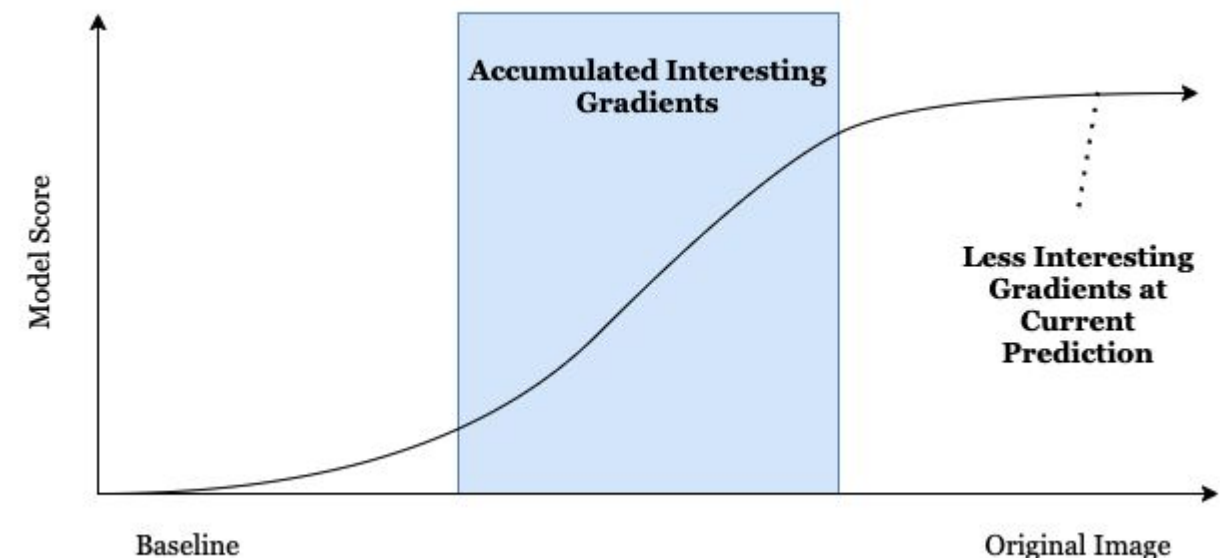
The intention of these works is to understand the input-output behavior of the deep network, which gives us the ability to improve it. Such understandability is critical to all computer programs, including machine learning models. There are also other applications of attribution. They could be used within a product driven by machine learning to provide a rationale for the recommendation. For instance, a deep network that predicts a condition based on imaging could help inform the doctor of the part of the image that resulted in the recommendation. This could help the doctor understand the strengths and weaknesses of a model and compensate for it. We give such an example in Section 6.2. Attributions could also be used by developers in an exploratory sense. For instance, we could use a deep network to extract insights that could be then used in a rule-based system. In Section 6.3, we give such an example.

A significant challenge in designing an attribution technique is that they are hard to evaluate empirically. As we discuss in Section 4, it is hard to tease apart errors that stem





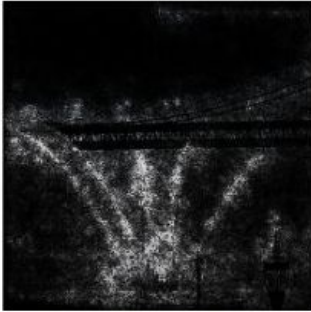
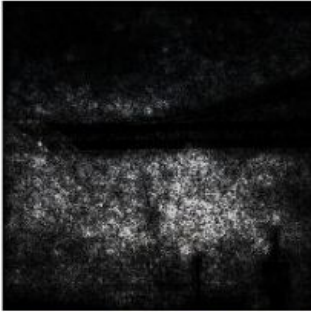






Integrated Gradient

- ▶ **Baseline is an informationless input for the model**
 - ▶ *A person wants to sleep because he is sleepy, then he does not want to sleep when he is not sleepy.*
 - ▶ E.g., Black image for image models
 - ▶ E.g., Empty text or zero embedding vector for text model
- ▶ **Integrated Gradients explain $F(\text{input}) - F(\text{Baseline})$ in terms of input features**

$$\begin{aligned}\phi_i^{\text{IG}}(f, \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{x}') &= \int_0^1 \frac{\delta f(\mathbf{x}' + \alpha(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}'))}{\delta x_i} d\alpha (x_i - x'_i) \\ &= (x_i - x'_i) \int_0^1 \frac{\delta f(\mathbf{x}' + \alpha(\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{x}'))}{\delta x_i} d\alpha\end{aligned}$$



Results

Original image	Top label and score	Integrated gradients	Gradients at image
	Top label: reflex camera Score: 0.993755		
	Top label: fireboat Score: 0.999961		
	Top label: school bus Score: 0.997033		
	Top label: mosque Score: 0.999127		

how many townships have a population above 50 ? [prediction: NUMERIC]
what is the difference in population between fora and masilo [prediction: NUMERIC]
how many athletes are not ranked ? [prediction: NUMERIC]
what is the total number of points scored ? [prediction: NUMERIC]
which film was before the audacity of democracy ? [prediction: STRING]
which year did she work on the most films ? [prediction: DATETIME]
what year was the last school established ? [prediction: DATETIME]
when did ed sheeran get his first number one of the year ? [prediction: DATETIME]
did charles oakley play more minutes than robert parish ? [prediction: YESNO]

Base model Comparison

	BERT	RoBERTa	DistilBERT	XLNet
Size (millions)	Base: 110 Large: 340	Base: 110 Large: 340	Base: 66	Base: ~110 Large: ~340
Training Time	Base: 8 x V100 x 12 days* Large: 64 TPU Chips x 4 days (or 280 x V100 x 1 days*)	Large: 1024 x V100 x 1 day; 4-5 times more than BERT.	Base: 8 x V100 x 3.5 days; 4 times less than BERT.	Large: 512 TPU Chips x 2.5 days; 5 times more than BERT.
Performance	Outperforms state-of-the-art in Oct 2018	2-20% improvement over BERT	3% degradation from BERT	2-15% improvement over BERT
Data	16 GB BERT data (Books Corpus + Wikipedia). 3.3 Billion words.	160 GB (16 GB BERT data + 144 GB additional)	16 GB BERT data. 3.3 Billion words.	Base: 16 GB BERT data Large: 113 GB (16 GB BERT data + 97 GB additional). 33 Billion words.
Method	BERT (Bidirectional Transformer with MLM and NSP)	BERT without NSP**	BERT Distillation	Bidirectional Transformer with Permutation based modeling

89% accuracy
IMDB test

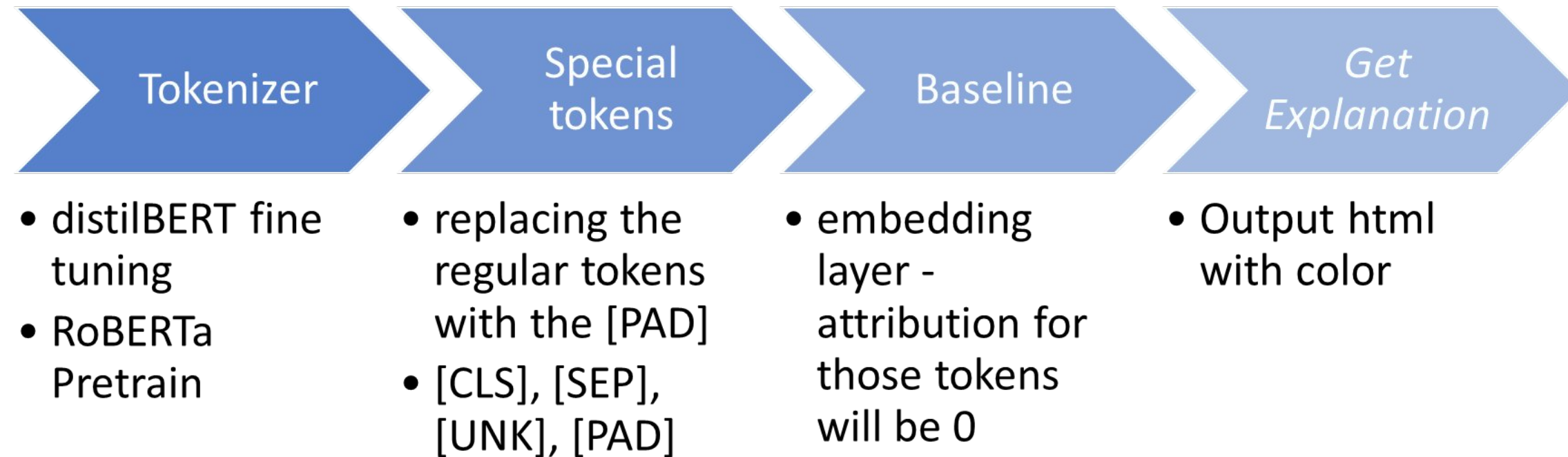
Input:
Twitter comment
/IMDB review

Transformer Model

Predicted label:
0: 'Negative'
1: 'Neutral'
2: 'Positive'

Comparison of BERT and recent improvements over it

Process



Results

- Based model: distilbert-base-uncased. Fine tuning on IMDB dataset

MacOS

Predicted Negative down ##grade ##d to catalina , so satisfied about it .

Predicted Neutral safari v ##14 . 1 . 2 , for older mac ##oses (catalina and mac ##os mo ##ja ##ve) , released .

Predicted Negative mac os command line scanner software ?

Predicted Negative is anyone else having an issue with norton 360 not opening ?

Predicted Negative reins ##tal ##l mac ##os on a mac ##book air with a broken screen

Predicted Negative requesting help getting a much needed feature update to the people section of the photos app

Windows

Predicted Negative why do i have 2 host files ? ! and why do they block ins ##tagram . com and bit ##co ##in . com ? !

Predicted Negative apple does not have any rights to bash windows . i constantly get harassed about safari endless ##ly .

Predicted Neutral how do i connect co ##rta ##na to spot ##ify ?

Predicted Negative how to force legacy boot menu ?

Predicted Negative where do i post questions to get detailed , technical answers about windows registry ?

Predicted Negative why doesn't the audio switch automatically when i plug in head ##phones ?

Results

- Twitter-RoBERTa-base for Sentiment Analysis.

MacOS

Predicted Positive Down graded to Catal ina , so satisfied about it .

Predicted Neutral S af ari v 14 . 1 . 2 , for older macOS es (Catal ina and macOS Moj ave), released .

Predicted Neutral Mac OS command line scanner software ?

Predicted Negative Is anyone else having an issue with Norton 360 not opening ?

Predicted Negative Re install macOS on a MacBook Air with a broken screen

Predicted Positive Request ing Help Getting a much needed feature update to the people section of the photos app

Windows

Predicted Negative Why do I have 2 host files ?! And why do they block Instagram . com and bitcoin . com ?!

Predicted Negative Apple does not have any rights to bash Windows . I constantly get harassed about Safari endlessly .

Predicted Neutral How do I connect Cortana to Spotify ?

Predicted Neutral How to force legacy boot menu ?

Predicted Neutral Where do I post questions to get detailed , technical answers about Windows Registry ?

Predicted Negative Why doesnt the audio switch automatically when i plug in headphones ?

- ▶ Tokenization method did not match
- ▶ Training for DistilBert issue: only 1 epoch
- ▶ Different training set
- ▶ Methods for the integral approximation: riemann_left, riemann_right, riemann_middle, riemann_trapezoid, gausslegendre.
- ▶ A deeper study of the integrated gradient results.

Q&A?
