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# HEALTH MONITORING SYSTEM

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# OUR TEAM

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# 1. PROJECT OVERVIEW

Our project is a Health Monitoring System that utilizes the ESP32 microcontroller to measure and monitor vital health parameters such as body temperature and heart rate (ECG signals). The system sends real-time data to the Blynk IoT platform, allowing users to monitor their health remotely via a smartphone. Additionally, the system includes an alert mechanism (buzzer) to notify users of critical conditions such as flatline (no heartbeat).





## 2. COMPONENTS USED

- ESP32 Microcontroller (Main processing unit)
- MLX90614 Infrared Temperature Sensor (Non-contact body temperature measurement)
- ECG Sensor (Analog Input) (Heart rate monitoring)
- Buzzer (Alerts for abnormal conditions)
- Blynk IoT Platform (Remote monitoring and notifications)
- WiFi Module (Internet connectivity for data transmission)





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# IMPLEMENTATION DETAILS



1. Real-Time Temperature Monitoring
  - The MLX90614 sensor measures body temperature in Celsius (°C) and sends data to Blynk.
2. Heart Rate Detection via ECG
  - The ECG sensor reads analog signals to detect heartbeats and calculates Beats Per Minute (BPM).
  - A threshold-based algorithm identifies pulse detection and flatline conditions.
3. Emergency Alerts
  - A buzzer activates if:
    - No heartbeat is detected for 3 seconds (flatline condition).
    - A pulse is detected (short beep for each heartbeat).
4. Cloud Integration (Blynk)
  - Real-time data is displayed on a Blynk dashboard with graphs for temperature, BPM, and ECG signals.



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# OUR CODE ➔



```
#define BLYNK_TEMPLATE_ID "TMPL266nrqJeN"
#define BLYNK_TEMPLATE_NAME "Health monitor"
#define BLYNK_AUTH_TOKEN "bsBLCHnLtBEeOMtzAgOLlZytdG8PLmQ4"

#include <WiFi.h>
#include <Wire.h>
#include <Adafruit_MLX90614.h>
#include <BlynkSimpleEsp32.h>

char ssid[] = "Zeiad";
char pass[] = "zeezoo1234";

const int BUZZER_PIN = 25;
const int ECG_PIN = 36;

Adafruit_MLX90614 mlx = Adafruit_MLX90614();

bool pulseDetected = false;
bool flatline = false;
int threshold = 2200;
int bpm = 0;
unsigned long lastBeatTime = 0;

void setup() {
    Serial.begin(115200);
    pinMode(ECG_PIN, INPUT);
    pinMode(BUZZER_PIN, OUTPUT);
    digitalWrite(BUZZER_PIN, LOW);
    Wire.begin(21, 22);
    mlx.begin();
    Blynk.begin(BLYNK_AUTH_TOKEN, ssid, pass);
```

### healthMonitor.ino

```
--  
33     long sum = 0;  
34     for (int i = 0; i < 100; i++) {  
35         sum += analogRead(ECG_PIN);  
36         delay(10);  
37     }  
38     threshold = sum / 100 + 100;  
39     Serial.println("Threshold: " + String(threshold));  
40 }  
41  
42 void loop() {  
43     Blynk.run();  
44  
45     float temperature = mlx.readObjectTempC();  
46     int ecg = analogRead(ECG_PIN);  
47     unsigned long now = millis();  
48  
49     if (!pulseDetected && ecg > threshold) {  
50         pulseDetected = true;  
51         unsigned long interval = now - lastBeatTime;  
52         lastBeatTime = now;  
53         if (interval > 0 && interval < 2000) {  
54             bpm = 60000 / interval;  
55         }  
56         flatline = false;  
57         tone(BUZZER_PIN, 2000, 20);  
58     }  
59  
60     if (pulseDetected && ecg < threshold - 50) {  
61         pulseDetected = false;  
62     }  
63 }
```

HealthMonitor.ino

```
47     unsigned long now = millis();
48
49     if (!pulseDetected && ecg > threshold) {
50         pulseDetected = true;
51         unsigned long interval = now - lastBeatTime;
52         lastBeatTime = now;
53         if (interval > 0 && interval < 2000) {
54             bpm = 60000 / interval;
55         }
56         flatline = false;
57         tone(BUZZER_PIN, 2000, 20);
58     }
59
60     if (pulseDetected && ecg < threshold - 50) {
61         pulseDetected = false;
62     }
63
64     if (now - lastBeatTime > 3000) {
65         bpm = 0;
66         flatline = true;
67         digitalWrite(BUZZER_PIN, HIGH);
68     } else if (!flatline) {
69         digitalWrite(BUZZER_PIN, LOW);
70     }
71
72     Blynk.virtualWrite(V0, temperature);
73     Blynk.virtualWrite(V1, bpm);
74     Blynk.virtualWrite(V2, ecg);
75
76     Serial.println("Temp: " + String(temperature) + "  BPM: " + String(bpm) + "  ECG: " + String(ecg));
77     delay(100);
78 }
```



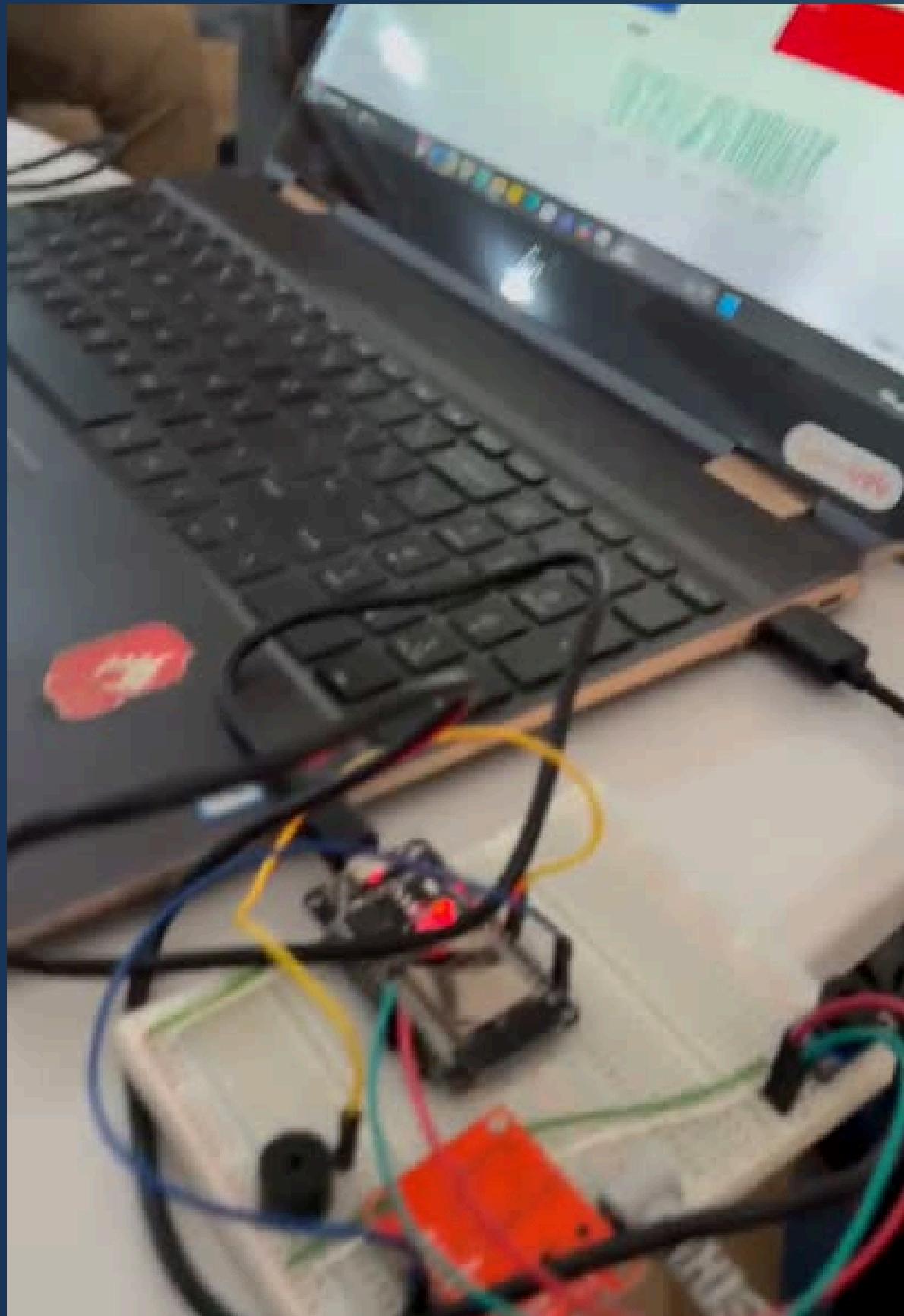
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# SIMPLE DOCUMENTATION VIDEO SCRIPT FOR HEALTH MONITORING SYSTEM



[www.reallygreatsite.com](http://www.reallygreatsite.com)





# CHALLENGES FACED:

1. ECG Signal Noise
  - Initial readings were unstable due to electrical noise.
  - Solution: Implemented threshold calibration during setup to improve accuracy.
2. WiFi Connectivity Issues
  - Sometimes, the ESP32 failed to connect to Blynk.
  - Solution: Added error handling and auto-reconnect in the code.
3. False Flatline Detection
  - The buzzer sometimes triggered incorrectly.
  - Solution: Adjusted the delay and threshold values to reduce false alarms.



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## 5. FUTURE IMPROVEMENTS (FUTURE WORK)



1. Integration with AI for Predictive Analysis
  - Implement machine learning (TensorFlow Lite) to predict potential health issues based on trends in temperature and heart rate.
2. Mobile App Notifications
  - Enhance Blynk with push notifications for critical alerts.
3. Multi-Patient Monitoring
  - Expand the system to support multiple sensors for hospital or family use.
4. Data Logging & Cloud Storage
  - Store historical data in Google Sheets or Firebase for long-term analysis.
5. Portable Wearable Design
  - Convert the prototype into a compact wearable device with a battery-powered design.



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# THANK YOU!

