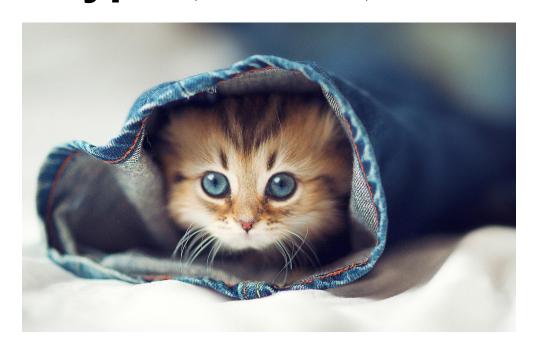


MEET 2017 - Y1 - Module 2 Data Types, Errors, Variables





Module 1 Review

In the **terminal**, we use **Linux**

- 1s
- cd Day1
- idle3 &

In IDLE3, we use Python

- print()
- \bullet 4 + 3
- x = 5



Data Types



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IDLE3 can do math for you!

Who needs a calculator anyways?

```
>>> 1234 + 567
1801
>>> 3.14*3*3
28.26
```

One important difference between IDLE3 and a calculator:

```
IDLE3 thinks about 5 and 5.0 differently. Why?
```

```
5 is an integer (int)
5.0 is a floating point integer
(float)
```



Data Types

Туре	Name	Example
int	Integer	5
float	Decimal	1.0



int and float Operations

Symbol	Meaning	Example	Answer
+	Addition	>>> 5 + 3	8
-	Subtraction	>>> 10 - 4	6
*	Multiplication	>>> 2 * 5	10
1	Division	>>> 5 / 2	2.5
//	Integer Division	>>> 5 // 2	2
%	Modulo (Remainder)	>>> 12 % 7	5
**	Exponentiation	>>> 3**2	9

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Command: type()

How to find out the type of something?

```
>>> type(2)
<class 'int'>
>>> type(2.5)
<class 'float'>
```



Strings (str)

Strings are any sequence of characters, written inside quotation marks.

```
>>> "hello world"
>>> "Hi I am secretly a cat"
```



Data Types

Туре	Name	Example
int	Integer	5
float	Decimal	1.0
str	String	'abc'



Booleans (bool)

Booleans only have two values: True and False



Data Types

Туре	Name	Example
int	Integer	5
float	Decimal	1.0
str	String	'abc'
bool	Boolean	True, False

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You Cannot Mix Data Types

If you try:

```
>>> 'orange' + 4
You get an error:
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
TypeError: must be str, not int
Why?
```

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You Cannot Mix Data Types

If you try:

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You get an error:
Traceback (most recent call last):
  File "<stdin>", line 1, in <module>
TypeError: must be str, not int
Why?
```

You cannot add a string to an integer. They need to be both strings or both integers.



Lab 1: Data Types











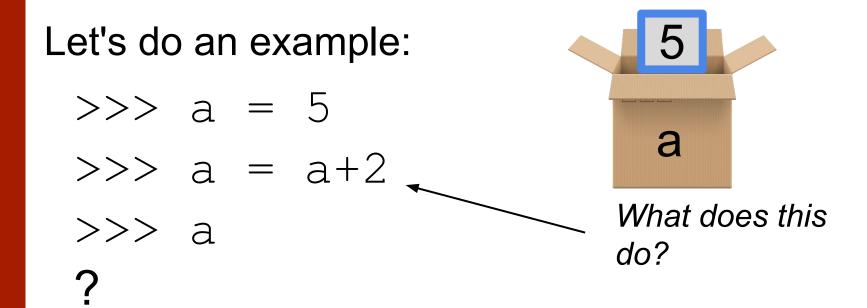
Variables (var)

A variable is a box!

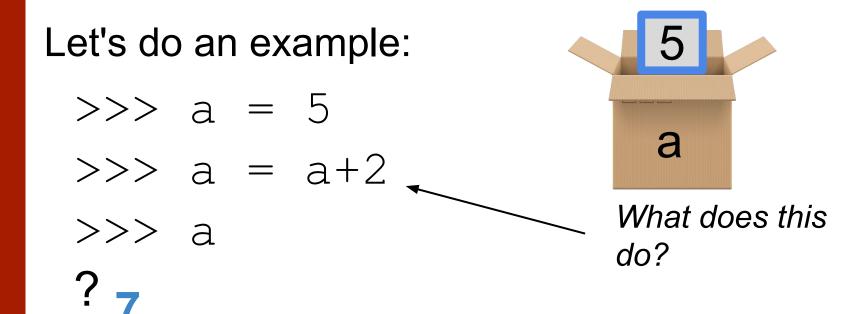
<class 'int'>

It has a name a and a value 5.



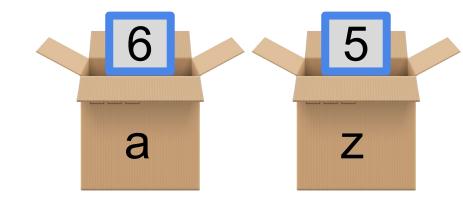








Here's a tricky one:





Here's a tricky one:





Variable Names

Bad Variable Name	Better Variable Name	Why
xxxxxxxxxx = 'Kat'	first_name = 'Kat'	More descriptive
9counter = 1	count = 1	Cannot start with a number

It's important to name variables using a short but descriptive name.

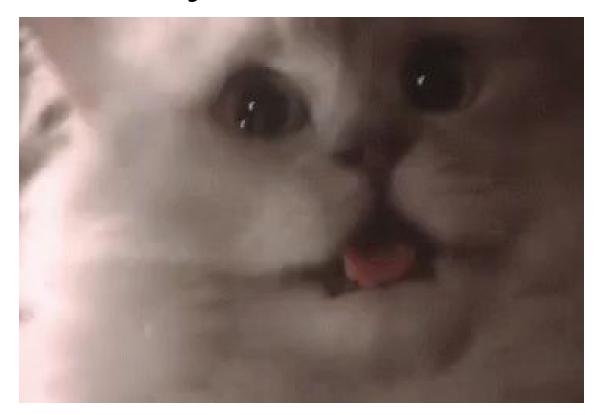
(By a MEET Student in 2010)



Debugging



AHHHH my code isn't working





Demo: Ctrl + C

 To terminate a program in Python, you press these two buttons at the same time:





Common Errors

Error Name	Meaning	Example
TypeError	Combining two different data types when you are not supposed to	>>> 'bananas' + 100
NameError	Forgetting to define variable names	>>> name
IndentationError	Not having the correct indentation and blocks in code	>>> if i < 5: print(i)
Infinite Loops	Code that never stops running	>>> while True: print('help')



Debugging Steps

- 1. Read the error
- 2. Think about what is causing the error
- 3. If you can't figure out what is causing the error, google it
- 4. Finally, ask a TA

```
>>> 'kat' + 3
Traceback (most recent
  call last):
  File "<stdin>", line 1,
  in <module>
TypeError: must be str,
  not int
```

You can't add a string to an integer, it'll be like adding a letter to a number



Lab 2: Variables + Errors





Reminder to run bash endlab



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Daily survey





Sunny

I fully understand and am ready to move on.



Partly cloudy

I mostly understand but wouldn't mind a bit more practice.



Cloudy

I'd like the instructors to give more explanation and/or practice on this concept.

