Question 2.

All rank is ordered from lowest growth to highest

a)
1, logn, 4<sup>lgn</sup>, lgn!, e<sup>n</sup>, 2<sup>2</sup>

b) (1gm), ((gn)!, n.2", (n+1)!

c)  $\left( h \ln n \right)$ ,  $\left( \frac{3}{2} \right)^n$