

# Statistical Inference - Project, Part 2

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```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
## Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 3.4.3
```

## Synopsis

This report is part of the Coursera project on Statistical Inference. It provides Basic inferential analysis using *ToothGrowth* data. The data is explored for impact of 2 different supplements and dosage on tooth growth length. A hypothesis test is conducted to explore if the difference in mean growth is statistically different given the 2 supplements and their dosage

## Analyze ToothGrowth

This section does an analysis of toothgrowth data providing

- A basic summary of data
- Use of hypothesis testing to compare tooth growth by supplement of 'OJ' - Orange Juice or 'VC' - Ascorbic acid and by 'dose'.

I use a null hypothesis: stating that there is no difference (at a .05 - alpha significance level) of the mean tooth growth between the supplement methods at various doses

## Assumption

I have assumed that the difference in growths between the 2 supplements is normal, the variance are equal, the data is not paired and the observations are independent

## Basic analysis of data

The code below extracts the basis structure of the data file and statistics of the tooth growth data for each of the 2 supplement methods.

- There are 30 data points for each of the 2 supplement methods
- The mean growth of the 'OJ' supplement is 20.66, median at 22.70
- The mean growth of the 'VC' supplement is 18.81 with median at 19.25

From the boxplot below by supplement & dose, it does appear that the means & median of the growth between the 2 methods seem different across different doses. The ranges also appear to be different. As an example for 0.5 dose the mean for Orange juice is about 12.5 vs 8 for Ascorbic acid.

I use a hypothesis test to explore if the mean growth corresponding to the 2 supplement methods are statistically different for the 3 different dose levels

```
str(ToothGrowth)
```

```
## 'data.frame':   60 obs. of  3 variables:
## $ len : num  4.2 11.5 7.3 5.8 6.4 10 11.2 11.2 5.2 7 ...
## $ supp: Factor w/ 2 levels "OJ","VC": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ dose: num  0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 ...
```

```
summary(ToothGrowth[ToothGrowth$supp == 'OJ',])
```

```
##      len      supp      dose
## Min.   : 8.20   OJ:30   Min.    :0.500
## 1st Qu.:15.53   VC: 0    1st Qu.:0.500
## Median :22.70           Median :1.000
## Mean   :20.66           Mean   :1.167
## 3rd Qu.:25.73           3rd Qu.:2.000
## Max.   :30.90           Max.    :2.000
```

```
summary(ToothGrowth[ToothGrowth$supp == 'VC',])
```

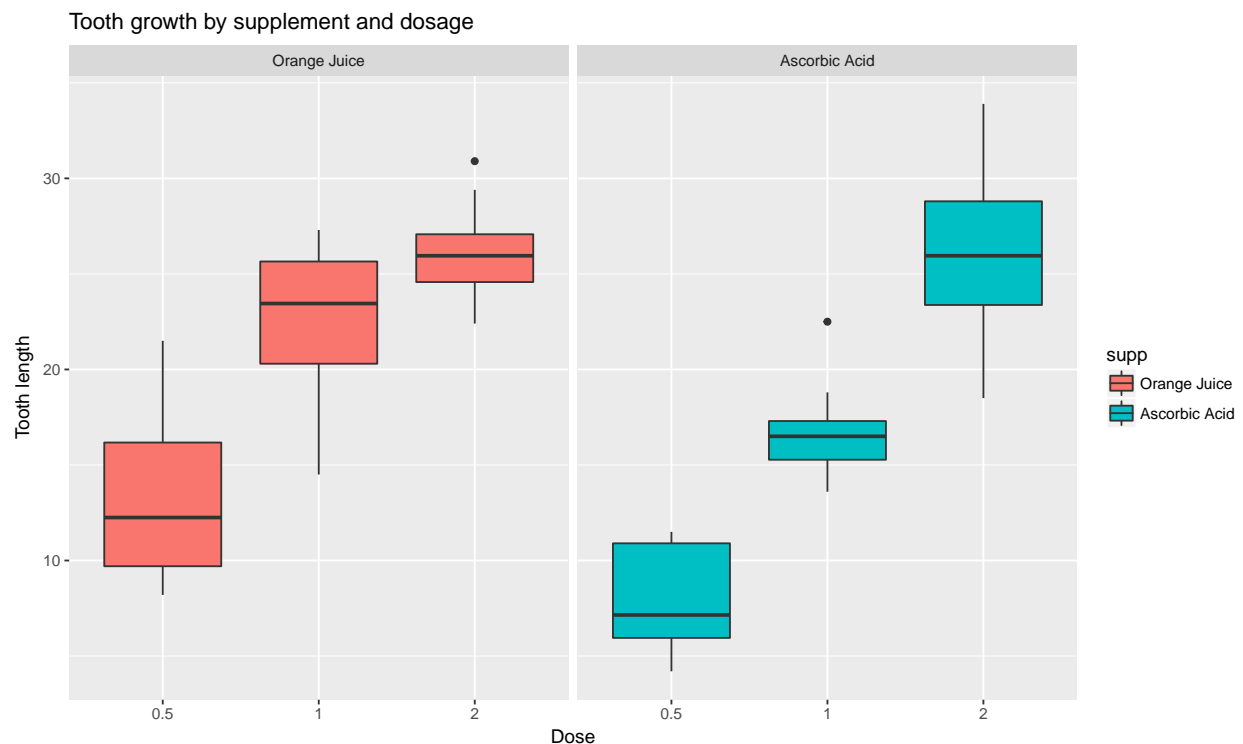
```
##      len      supp      dose
## Min.   : 4.20   OJ: 0    Min.    :0.500
## 1st Qu.:11.20   VC:30    1st Qu.:0.500
## Median :16.50           Median :1.000
## Mean   :16.96           Mean   :1.167
## 3rd Qu.:23.10           3rd Qu.:2.000
## Max.   :33.90           Max.    :2.000
```

```
levels(ToothGrowth$supp) <- c('Orange Juice','Ascorbic Acid')
```

```
xtabs(ToothGrowth$len ~ ToothGrowth$dose + ToothGrowth$supp)/c(10,10,10)
```

```
##           ToothGrowth$supp
## ToothGrowth$dose Orange Juice Ascorbic Acid
##           0.5          13.23          7.98
##           1           22.70          16.77
##           2           26.06          26.14
```

```
ggplot(ToothGrowth,aes(x=factor(dose),y=len)) + geom_boxplot(aes(fill=supp)) + labs(title = 'Tooth growth by supplement and dosage')
```



We will use hypothesis test to test the difference in mean growth between the 2 supplements.

- The null hypothesis  $H_0: \mu_1 - \mu_2 = 0$ , that is growths for both supplements at same dosage level is identical at a 0.05 significance level
- The alternative hypothesis  $H_a: \mu_1 - \mu_2 < \text{or} > 0$ , that is the growths are not identical. We use a 2-sided test.

The hypothesis test is conducted using a `t.test` using R below. Four tests are conducted for a) all dose combined and b) each of the 3 doses, resulting in **p-values** for each test as below:

```
t.test(data=ToothGrowth,len ~ supp,alternative='two.sided',conf.int=.95)

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: len by supp
## t = 1.9153, df = 55.309, p-value = 0.06063
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.1710156 7.5710156
## sample estimates:
## mean in group Orange Juice mean in group Ascorbic Acid
## 20.66333 16.96333

t.test(len ~ supp,data=subset(ToothGrowth,dose==0.5),alternative='two.sided')

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: len by supp
## t = 3.1697, df = 14.969, p-value = 0.006359
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 1.719057 8.780943
## sample estimates:
## mean in group Orange Juice mean in group Ascorbic Acid
## 13.23 7.98

t.test(len ~ supp,data=subset(ToothGrowth,dose==1),alternative='two.sided')

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: len by supp
## t = 4.0328, df = 15.358, p-value = 0.001038
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 2.802148 9.057852
## sample estimates:
## mean in group Orange Juice mean in group Ascorbic Acid
## 22.70 16.77

t.test(len ~ supp,data=subset(ToothGrowth,dose==2),alternative='two.sided')

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: len by supp
## t = -0.046136, df = 14.04, p-value = 0.9639
```

```
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  -3.79807  3.63807
## sample estimates:
##  mean in group Orange Juice mean in group Ascorbic Acid
##                26.06                26.14
```

\*\*The t-test results show\*:

- for all doses combined, the p value is 0.06 ( $> 0.05$ ), hence we cannot reject the null hypothesis, the conclusion is that the supplement across doses do not make a difference in growth. The mean growth for orange juice is 20.66 vs 16.96 for Ascorbic acid.
- for dose of 0.5, p value is 0.006 ( $< 0.05$ ), hence we reject the null hypothesis; the conclusion is that the supplement across dose of 0.5 makes a difference and the mean growth for orange juice is 13.23 vs 7.98 for Ascorbic acid
- for dose of 1, p value is 0.001 ( $< 0.05$ ), hence we reject the null hypothesis; the conclusion is that the supplement across dose of 1 makes a difference and the mean growth for orange juice is 22.7 vs 16.77 for Ascorbic acid
- for dose of 2, p value is 0.96 ( $> 0.05$ ), hence we cannot reject the null hypothesis, the conclusion is that the supplement at dose of 2 makes no difference and the mean growth for orange juice is 26.06 vs 26.147 for Ascorbic acid. The CI for difference in means is  $[-3.97, 3.63]$

## Conclusion

Conducted hypothesis tests to examine if the growth supplement made an impact on tooth growth across various doses. The tests show that a difference in growth is statistically valid at dose of 0.5 and 1.0, but does not hold at dose of 2, for a significance level of 0.5