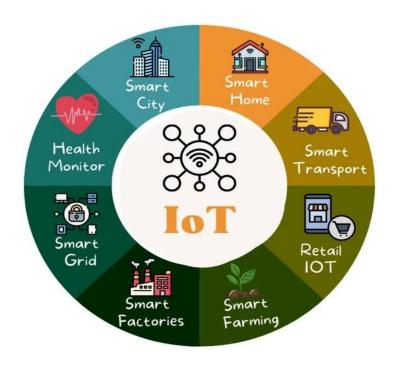


Royal University of Bhutan College of Science and Technology Rinchending: Chhukha



In pursuit of preparing tomorrow's technologist



Lab Exercise 04: Building a home automation system.

Module: Internet of Things (NWC202)

Tutor : Parshu Ram Dungyel

Submitted by:

Group 13

Laki Kishor Subba (02220155)

Robin Dungyel (02220164)

Sangay Chodup (02220178)

1. Aim:

To design and build a simple home automation system using an Arduino Uno board. The system will monitor the room temperature and humidity using a DHT11 sensor and activate a fan when the temperature exceeds a set threshold (35°C).

2. Procedure:

a. Gather materials:

- 1. Arduino Uno board
- 2. LCD display (16x2 character display recommended)
- 3. DHT11 temperature and humidity sensor
- 4. Breadboard and jumper wires
- 5. DC motor
- 6. 5V SPDT Relay Module

b. Connect the components:

- 1. Follow the circuit diagram below to connect the LCD display, DHT11 sensor and DC motor to the Arduino Uno board.
- 2. Ensure proper power and ground connections for all components.

c. Upload the code:

- 1. Open the provided code in the Arduino IDE (Integrated Development Environment).
- 2. Connect the Arduino Uno board to your computer.
- 3. Select the appropriate board and serial port from the Tools menu.
- 4. Upload the code to the Arduino board.

d. Observe the output:

- 1. The LCD display should show the current temperature reading in Celsius.
- 2. If the temperature exceeds 20°C, the DC motor will rotate continuously.

e. Record observations and measurements:

1. Note the displayed temperature and any observations about the DC motor behavior.

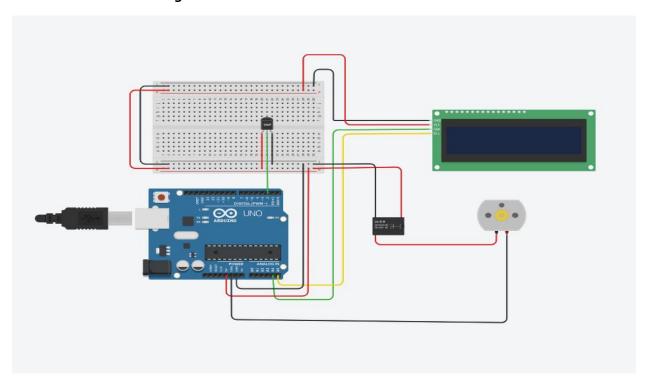
3. Materials Required:

- 1. Arduino Uno board
- 2. LCD display (16x2 character display)

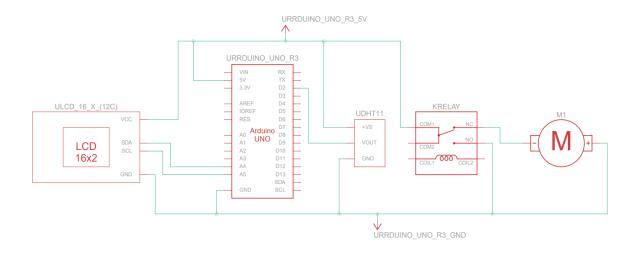
- 3. DHT11 temperature and humidity sensor
- 4. Breadboard and jumper wires
- 5. DC motor

4. Circuit Diagram:

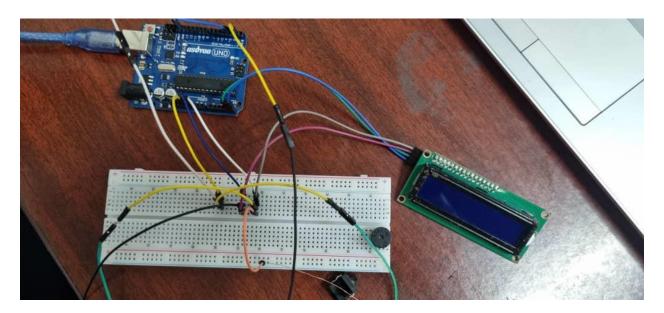
a. Circuit diagram:



b. Schematic Diagram:



c. Breadboard diagram (Picture capture)



5. Code:

```
6. #include <dht.h>
8. #define DHTPIN 5v // Pin where the DHT11 is connected
9. #define MOTORPIN 8 // Pin where the motor is connected
10.
11.dht DHT;
12.
13.void setup() {
14. pinMode(MOTORPIN, OUTPUT);
    Serial.begin(9600);
16.}
17.
18.void loop() {
19. // Read temperature from the DHT11 sensor
20. int chk = DHT.read11(DHTPIN);
21. float temp_c = DHT.temperature;
22.
23. if (temp_c > 20.0) {
     // If temperature exceeds 20 degrees Celsius, rotate the motor
24.
25.
     digitalWrite(MOTORPIN, HIGH);
     Serial.println("Room temperature exceeds 20°C. Turning on motor.");
26.
27. } else {
     // If temperature is below or equal to 20 degrees Celsius, stop the motor
28.
      digitalWrite(MOTORPIN, LOW);
29.
      Serial.println("Room temperature is below or equal to 20°C. Stopping
   motor.");
```

```
31. }
32.
33. delay(1000); // Delay for stability
34.}
35. Output:
36. Conclusion:
```

37. References: