



CHRIST
(DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)
BANGALORE | DELHI NCR | PUNE

**DEPARTMENT OF AIML & DS
MINI PROJECT REPORT**

on

**Movie Recommendations System Using User based
Collaborative Filtering**

**Course Name:
Honours In Artificial Intelligence and Machine
Learning
Course Code: CSHO432AIP**

**School of Engineering and Technology,
CHRIST (Deemed to be University),
Kumbalagodu, Bengaluru-560 074**

March 2026



CHRIST
(DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)
BANGALORE | DELHI NCR | PUNE

Certificate

This is to certify that Lakshmi Prakash, Kasturi S, Vismaya G (2460396, 2460390, 2460473) has successfully completed the Mini Project work for the course Honours In Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning in partial fulfilment for the award of Bachelor of Technology during the year 2025-2026.

FACULTY- IN CHARGE

NAME: Lakshmi Prakash, Kasturi S, Vismaya G

REGISTER NO: 2460396, 2460390, 2460473

INDEX

SL.NO	CONTENT	PG. NO
1.	ABSTRACT	4
2.	INTRODUCTION	4
3.	OBJECTIVES	5
4.	DATASET DESCIRPTION	5
5.	METHODOLOGY	6
6.	SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE	7
7.	TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGIES	7
8.	RESULTS	9
9.	APPLICATIONS	10
10.	ADVANTAGES	10
11.	LIMITATIONS	10
12.	FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS	11
13.	CONCLUSION	11

1. ABSTRACT

With the rapid expansion of online streaming platforms, users are exposed to thousands of movies, making content selection challenging. Recommendation systems help users discover relevant content by analyzing their preferences and behavior.

This project presents a **Movie Recommendation System using User-Based Collaborative Filtering**. The system analyzes user rating patterns and identifies users with similar preferences. Movies liked by similar users are then recommended to the target user.

Cosine similarity is used to measure similarity between users based on their rating vectors. The system is implemented using Python, Pandas, Scikit-learn, and Flask to provide a web-based interface for user interaction.

The developed system demonstrates how user-based collaborative filtering can effectively generate personalized movie recommendations.

2. INTRODUCTION

Recommendation systems are intelligent systems designed to predict user preferences and suggest relevant items. They are widely used in platforms such as:

- Netflix
- Amazon
- Spotify
- YouTube

Collaborative Filtering is one of the most popular recommendation techniques. It works based on the assumption that:

Users who had similar interests in the past will likely have similar interests in the future.

There are two types of collaborative filtering:

- User-Based Collaborative Filtering
- Item-Based Collaborative Filtering

This project focuses specifically on **User-Based Collaborative Filtering**, where recommendations are generated by finding users with similar rating behavior

3. OBJECTIVES

The main objectives of this project are:

1. To design and implement a movie recommendation system using user-based collaborative filtering.
2. To compute similarity between users using cosine similarity.
3. To generate personalized movie recommendations for a selected user.
4. To build a simple web interface using Flask for user interaction.
5. To evaluate the effectiveness of the recommendation approach.

4. DATASET DESCRIPTION

This project uses the **MovieLens dataset**, which contains user ratings for movies.

Dataset attributes include:

- userId – Unique ID of user
- movieId – Unique ID of movie
- rating – Rating given by user (1–5 scale)
- timestamp – Time of rating

The dataset used for the mini project contains approximately 1000+ rating records.

The ratings dataset is used to build the user-item interaction matrix required for collaborative filtering

5. METHODOLOGY

The system is developed using the following steps:

5.1 Data Preprocessing

- Load dataset using Pandas
- Remove duplicates
- Handle missing values
- Convert ratings into numerical format

5.2 Creating User-Item Matrix

A pivot table is created:

- Rows → Users
- Columns → Movies
- Values → Ratings

Missing ratings are filled with 0.

This matrix represents user preferences.

5.3 User Similarity Calculation

Cosine similarity is used to compute similarity between users.

Similarity Formula:

$$\text{Similarity}(U_1, U_2) = (U_1 \cdot U_2) / (\|U_1\| \times \|U_2\|)$$

Users with higher similarity scores are considered similar.

5.4 Generating Recommendations

Steps:

1. Select target user.
2. Find top N similar users.
3. Identify movies liked by similar users but not watched by target user.

4. Rank movies based on weighted average ratings.
5. Recommend top movies.

5.5 Web Interface

A user-friendly interface is built using Streamlit.

- Select user ID
- Fetch recommendations
- Display recommended movies

6. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

The system follows this pipeline:

1. Load dataset
2. Preprocess data
3. Create user-item matrix
4. Compute user similarity matrix
5. Select target user
6. Identify similar users
7. Generate recommendations
8. Display results via Flask interface

7. TOOLS AND TECHNOLOGIES

Programming Language:

- Python

Libraries:

- Pandas (data handling)
- NumPy (numerical computing)
- Scikit-learn (machine learning)
- Matplotlib (visualization)

- Streamlit (GUI development)

Development Environment:

- Visual Studio Code

The image displays three vertically stacked screenshots of the CineMatch AI application, showing different features of the hybrid recommendation system.

Screenshot 1: Genre Preferences

This screenshot shows the "Genre Preferences" section of the application. It features a title "Genre Preferences" with a movie camera icon. Below it is a horizontal slider labeled "Action" with a value of 82. Underneath are four more sliders: "Adventure" (value 31), "Comedy" (value 55), "Drama" (value 45), and "Romance" (value 10). On the left side of the main content area, there is a sidebar titled "CineMatch Dashboard" with sections for "Dataset Overview" and "Analytics".

Screenshot 2: Rate Movies (New User Mode)

This screenshot shows the "Rate Movies (New User Mode)" section. It has a title with a star icon. A dropdown menu is set to "Til There Was You (1997)". Below it is a rating slider set to 2. A button labeled "Add Rating" is visible. The sidebar on the left is identical to the one in the first screenshot.

Screenshot 3: Hybrid Recommendations

This screenshot shows the "Hybrid Recommendations" section. It lists four movie cards with their titles, ratings, and genres. The cards are: "True Lies (1994)" (Rating: 10.0/10, Genres: Action, Adventure, Comedy, Romance), "Escape from New York (1981)" (Rating: 10.0/10, Genres: Action, Adventure, Sci-Fi, Thriller), "Clear and Present Danger (1994)" (Rating: 10.0/10, Genres: Action, Adventure, Thriller), and "Stand by Me (1986)". The sidebar on the left is identical to the previous screenshots.

8. RESULTS

The system successfully:

Identifies similar users

- Computes similarity scores
- Generates personalized movie recommendations
- Displays output through web interface

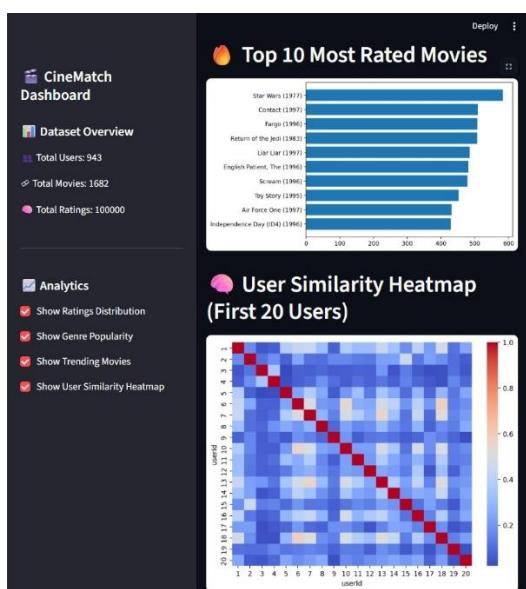
Example:

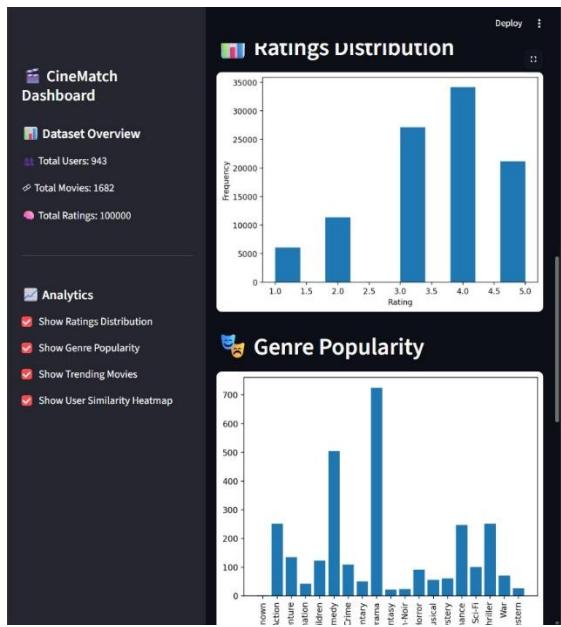
Target User: User 5

Recommended Movies:

- Movie A
- Movie B
- Movie C
- Movie D
- Movie E

The recommendations are based on ratings from users with similar preferences.





9. APPLICATIONS

This system can be applied in:

- Online movie streaming platforms
 - E-commerce websites
 - Music recommendation systems
 - Online learning platforms
 - News recommendation systems

10. ADVANTAGES

- Provides personalized recommendations
 - Easy to implement
 - Improves user satisfaction
 - Scalable to large datasets
 - Industry-relevant approach

11. LIMITATIONS

- Cold start problem (new users)
 - Requires sufficient rating data

- Scalability issues with very large datasets
- Does not consider movie content features

12. FUTURE ENHANCEMENTS

The system can be improved by:

- Adding item-based filtering
- Building hybrid recommendation system
- Using deep learning models
- Deploying on cloud platform
- Adding real-time recommendation updates

13. CONCLUSION

The Movie Recommendation System using User-Based Collaborative Filtering demonstrates how machine learning techniques can be applied to generate personalized recommendations.

By identifying similar users and analyzing their preferences, the system effectively suggests relevant movies to target users. The integration of collaborative filtering with a Flask-based web interface provides a practical implementation of real-world recommendation systems.

This project highlights the importance of personalized recommendation technologies in modern digital platforms.