

PROJECT : ONLINE MOVIE TICKET BOOKING SYSTEM

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATION:

Project Code:	
Project Name:	Online Movie Ticket Booking System

FUNCTIONAL SPECIFICATION:

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1. INTRODUCTION:

In this project movie ticket is booked using movie Ticket booking system. We enter into Web page by logging with User Name and Password. Then we select the Movie and later in which Theatre movie is running. Later choose Show Timings and enter no of tickets you want . Finally it displays the details of the procedure and print the form to show at respective ticket counter to get ticket.

The main purpose of our online ticket booking system is to provide an alternate and convenient way for a customer to buy cinema tickets. It is an automatic system. After the data has been fed into the database, the staff does not need to do anything with the order once it is received through the system.

Movie Ticket Booking System has been developed to override the problems of existing manual system.

Every organization, whether is it big or small has challenges to overcome and maintaining the information of Customer, Movie, Payment, Shows, Seats etc.

This website is supported to eliminate and in some cases reduce the hardships faced by existing offline system. Moreover this system is designed to carry out the particular operation in smooth and effective manner.

No former or prior knowledge is needed for the user to use this system. Thus by this all it proves it is user-friendly.

Scope and Overview:

The scope of the “Online Movie Ticket Booking System” project is to provide hassle free movie ticket booking experience to the end users. The system will be developed on a Windows operating system using Spring Boot, JPA, Hibernate and Angular framework.

In this project we book ticket using online movie Ticket reservation system. We enter into Web page by logging with User Name and Password.

Then we select the Movie and later in which Theatre movie is running. Later choose Show Timings and enter no of tickets you want .Finally it displays the details of the procedure and print the form to show at respective ticket counter to get ticket.

2. SYSTEM OVERVIEW

The “Online movie ticket booking” should support basic for all below listed users.

- Administrator (A)
- Customer (C)

2.1 Authentication & Authorization

2.1.1 Authentication:

Any end-user should be authenticated using a unique userid and password. We enter into Web page by logging with User Name and Password.

2.1.2 Authorization :

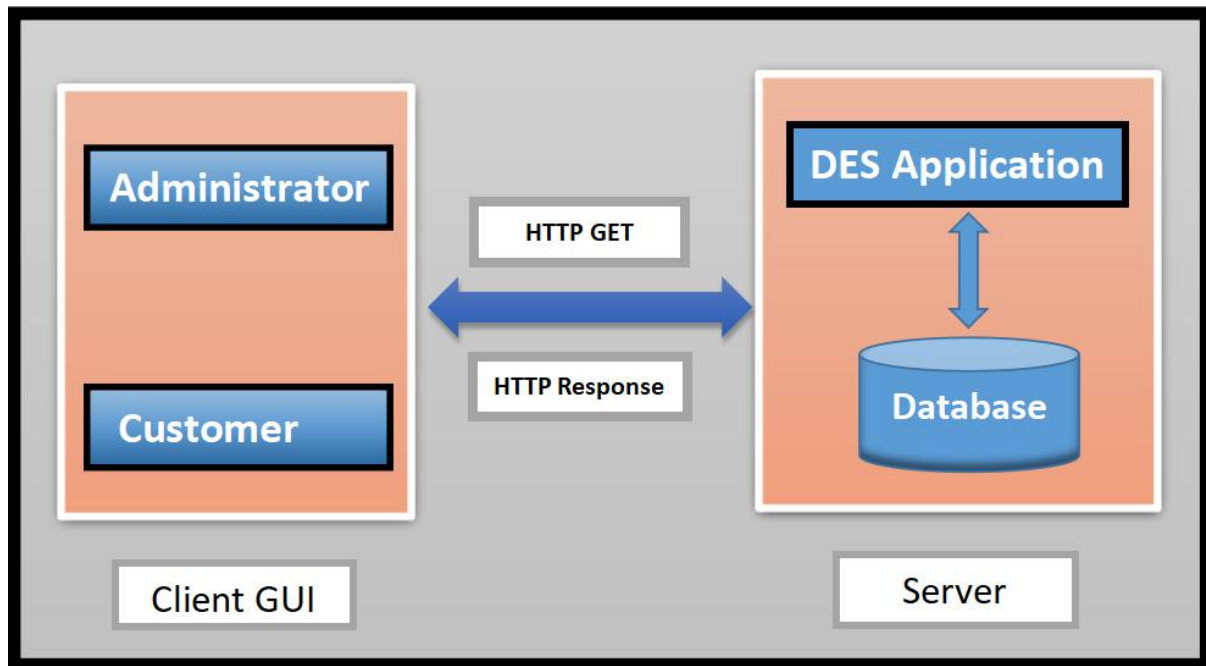
The operations supported and allowed would be based on the user type. For example, Administrator has the rights to add or remove different genres to or from the application to build rich product line. Edit movie details like name, ticket price language, description, and show timings, Enable or disable movie shows, delete the movies. He can also view movie ticket booking details.

Whereas Customer has a right to change password, Search movie ticket based on keyword. Add all the selected movie tickets to a cart and customize the purchase at the end, Experience payment process, Remove and Clear all the products from cart, Receive a booking summary page once a payment is complete.

2.2 FUNCTIONAL FLOW

The functional flow of the messages across different application components is shown below.

Ex. - Web Application



2.3 ENVIRONMENT:

The system will be developed on any Windows OS machine using Hibernate, Spring Boot and Angular Framework.

- Intel hardware machine (PC P4-2.26 GHz, 512 MB RAM, 40 GB HDD)
- Server – Apache Tomcat 8 or higher
- Database –MySQL
- JRE 8
- Eclipse IDE or Spring Tool Suite

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3 SUB-SYSTEM DETAILS:

In this project we book ticket using online movie Ticket reservation system. We enter into Web page by logging with User Name and Password. Then we select the Movie and later in which Theatre movie is running. Later choose Show Timings and enter no of tickets you want .Finally it displays the details of the procedure and print the form to show at respective ticket counter to get ticket.

Mainly there are two Roles of application **1) User/Customer 2) Admin**. Everyone can perform different operations according to their role and responsibilities.

Admin:

- **Admin** is the root user of the application. Admin can handle all the customers and listed movies like booking, payment details.
- Admin Can Add/Delete/Update movie records.
- Admin Can Add/Delete/Update User/Customers.
- Admin can check the booking status and history of the user.
- Admin can check the payment details.

User/Customers

- Customers are the front end-user of the application. So customers can view all the listed movies in a grid view and book tickets for those movies.
- Users can register and login to the application and check the booking history after login.
- Users can make online payments and book any movie according to dates.

3.1 Administrator

The administrator as a user is defined to perform below listed operations after successful login.

ID	Objects	Operations	Data to include	Remarks
	Customer	View	Username, email, phone number, password	
	Theatres	Add View Delete Modify	Manager contact, manager name, theatre city, theatre name.	
	Movie	Add View Delete Modify	Movie id, movie date, movie description, movie genre, language, name, ratings.	
	Shows	Add View Delete Modify	Show date, show end time, show name, show start time.	
	Seat	Add View Delete Modify	Seat id, price, seat number, status, type.	
	Booking Details	View	Ticket id, no of seats, ticket status, booking transaction id.	

3.2 Customer

The customer as a user is defined to perform below listed operations after successful login.

ID	Object	Operations	Data to include	
	Sign up	Add View Delete Modify	Username, email, phone number, password.	
	Login	Add View Delete Modify	Username, password	
	Theatres	View Delete Modify	Manager contact, manager name, theatre city, theatre name.	
	Movie	View Delete Modify	Movie id, movie date, movie description, movie genre, language, name, ratings.	
	Shows	Add View Delete Modify	Show date, show end time, show name, show start time.	

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3.3 Login | Logout

[Web Application – Spring , Hibernate, Angular framework]

- Go to Registration screen when you click on Register link.
- Go to Success screen when you login successfully after entering valid username & password fetched from the database.
- Redirect back to same login screen if username & password are not matching.
- Implement Session tracking for all logged in users before allowing access to application features. Anonymous users should be checked, unless explicitly mentioned.

4 Data Organization

This section explains the data storage requirements of the Product Order Entry System and indicative data description along with suggested table (database) structure. The following section explains few of the tables (fields) with description. However, in similar approach need to be considered for all other tables.

4.1 Table: User

The user specific details such as username, email, role etc. Authentication, and authorization / privileges should be kept in one or more tables, as necessary and applicable.

Field Name	Descriptions
UserID	UserID is auto generated after registration and it is used as loginID. Here userID will be primary key
password	User Password
role	Role of the user customer or admin
username	Username of the customer
Customer_ID	CustomerID used as foreign key from user register as customer.

Table: Customer

This table contains information related to customer details.

Field Name	Description
Customer_ID	Customer ID is auto generated and here customer_ID is a primary key.
Address	User address
Customer_name	Username of the Customer
email	Customer Email Id
mobile_number	10-digit contact number of users
Password	User Password

Table: booking

This table contains information related to booking details.

Field Name	Descriptions
transaction_ID	Transaction id is auto generated and here used as a primary key.
booking_date	Date of movie ticket boking
total_cost	Cost of ticket
transaction_mode	Mode of payment
transaction_status	Status of payment
customer_customer_ID	CustomerID used as foreign key from user register as a customer.

Table: Ticket

This table contains information related to ticket details.

Field Name	Descriptions
ticket_ID	ticketid is auto generated after booking ticket and here ticketid is a primary key.
no of seats	Number of seats to be booking.
Ticket_status	Status of ticket.
booking_transaction_ID	TransactionID used as foreign key from the booking.

Table: seat

This table contains information related to seat.

Field Name	Descriptions
seat_id	Seatid is primary key
price	Price of seat
seat_number	Enter the seat number
status	Check status of seat empty or full
type	Type of the seat we needed
ticket_ticket_id	Ticket id used as foreign key it is MUL its repeatedly used

Table: show

This table contains information related to show details.

Field Name	Descriptions
show_id	Seattid is auto generated and here ticketid is a primary key.
show_date	Enter show date
show_end_time	Show ending time
show_name	Show name like morning show evening show like that
show_start_time	Show starting time
booking_transaction_id	It is a MUL .
screen_screen_id	It is a MUL .
theatre_theatre_id	It is a MUL .

Table: movie

This table contains information related to movie details.

Field Name	Descriptions
movie_id	Movieid is auto generated and here movieid is a primary key
movie_date	Movie date
movie_description	About movie
movie_genere	Genre of movies
movie_hours	Number of hours
movie_language	Movie language
movie_name	Name of the movie
movie_rating	Ratings of the movie
show_show_id	It is a MUL .

Table: theatre

This table contains information related to theatre details.

Field Name	Descriptions
theatre_id	Theatreid is auto generated and here movieid is a primary key
manager_contact	Manager address
manager_name	Manager name
theatre_city	City of the theatre
theatre_name	Name of the theatre

Table: screen

Field Name	Descriptions
screen_id	screenid is auto generated and here movieid is a primary key
columnss	Number of columns in a screen
rowss	Number of rows in a screen
screen_name	Name of the screen first, second like that.
theatre_theatre_id	Theatreid is a foreign key

5 REST APIs to be Built

Create following REST resources which are required in the application,

1. Creating User Entity: Create Spring Boot with Micro services Application with Spring Data JPA Technology stack:

- Spring Boot
- Spring REST
- Spring Data JPA

Here will have multiple layers into the application:

1. Create an Entity: User
2. Create a UserRepository interface and will make use of Spring Data JPA
 - a) Will have findByUserName method.
 - b) Add the User details
3. Create a UserService class and will expose all these services.
4. Finally, create a UserRestController will have the following Uri's:

URI	METHODS	Description	Format
/user/adduser	POST	Add the user details	JSON
/user/removeuser	DELETE	Delete user	JSON

2. Creating Customer Entity:

Build a RESTful resource for Customer manipulations, where following operations to be carried out. Here will have multiple layers into the application:

5. Create an Entity: Customer
6. Create a CustomerRepository interface and will make use of Spring Data JPA
 - a. Add the Customer details.
 - b. Update Customer details.
 - c. Delete Customer details.

7. Create a Customer Service class and will expose all these services.

8. Finally, create a CustomerRestController will have the following Uri's:

URI	METHODS	Description	Format
Customer/add	POST	Add the customer details	JSON
Customer/update	PUT	Update customer details	JSON
Customer/remove	DELETE	Delete customer	JSON

3. Creating theatre Entity:

Build a RESTful resource for theatre manipulations, where following operations to be carried out. Here will have multiple layers into the application:

5. Create an Entity: theatre

6. Create a CustomerRepository interface and will make use of Spring Data JPA

- a. Add the theatre details.
- b. Update theatre details.
- c. Delete theatre details.
- d. Get theatre details .

7. Create a theatre Service class and will expose all these services.

8. Finally, create a theatreRestController will have the following Uri's:

URI	METHOD	Description	Format
theatre/insert	POST	Add theatre details	JSON
theatre/update	PUT	Update theatre details	JSON
theatre/all	GET	View the theatre details	JSON
theatre/remove	DELETE	Delete theatre	JSON

4. Creating show Entity:

Build a RESTful resource for show manipulations, where following operations to be carried out. Here will have multiple layers into the application:

5. Create an Entity: show
6. Create a CustomerRepository interface and will make use of Spring Data JPA
 - a. Add the show details.
 - b. Update show details.
 - c. Delete show by show id details.
 - d. View show details by using showid .
7. Create a showService class and will expose all these services.
8. Finally, create a showRestController will have the following Uri's:

URI	METHOD	Description	Format
show/add	POST	Add show details	JSON
show/update	PUT	Update show details	JSON
show/all	GET	View the show details	JSON
show/remove	DELETE	Delete shows.	JSON
showtheatre/theatre_id	GET	View list of shows with theatreid	JSON

5. Creating movie Entity:

Build a RESTful resource for theatre manipulations, where following operations to be carried out. Here will have multiple layers into the application:

5. Create an Entity: theatre
6. Create a adminRepository interface and will make use of Spring Data JPA
 - a. Add the Movie details.
 - b. Update Movie details.
 - c. Delete Movie details.
 - d. View Movie details by thatreid
 - e. View movies with date.

7. Create a Movie Service class and will expose all these services.

8. Finally, create a movieRestController will have the following Uri's:

URI	METHOD	Description	Format
movie/add	POST	Add movies details	JSON
movie /map	PUT	Update movie details	JSON
movie /findall	GET	View Movie details	JSON
movie/remove	DELETE	Delete Movies	JSON
viewmovie/movieid	GET	Movie with movieid fetched	JSON

6. Creating admin Entity:

Build a RESTful resource for admin manipulations, where following operations to be carried out. Here will have multiple layers into the application:

5. Create an Entity: admin

6. Create a AdminRepository interface and will make use of Spring Data JPA

a. Add admin details

7. Create a adminService class and will expose all these services.

8. Finally, create a adminRestController will have the following Uri's:

URI	METHOD	Description	Format
/admin	POST	Add admin details (admin created)	JSON

7. Creating booking Entity:

Build a RESTful resource for booking manipulations, where following operations to be carried out. Here will have multiple layers into the application:

5. Create an Entity: booking

6. Create a bookingRepository interface and will make use of Spring Data JPA

a. Add Customer details and book a ticket.

b. Book ticket by movie id.

- c. View total cost of booking.
- d. View booking details.
- e. Update booking details.
- f. Delete booking.

7. Create bookingService class and will expose all these services.

8. Finally, create bookingRestController will have the following Uri's:

URI	METHOD	Description	Format
insert/	POST	Booking for customer with customer id	JSON
findall/	GET	Booking list is fetched	JSON
ticket/bookingid	DELETE	Booking deleted successfully	JSON
/cost/bookingid	GET	Total cost of the booking is displayed	JSON
/update	PUT	Update the booking details	JSON
/Bydate/date	POST	Booking with date	JSON
/Bymovie/movieid	POST	Booking with movieid	JSON
/viewbooking/	GET	Screen is visible with booking details	JSON

8. Creating seat Entity:

Build a RESTful resource for seat manipulations, where following operations to be carried out. Here will have multiple layers into the application:

5. Create an Entity: seat

6. Create a s seat Repository interface and will make use of Spring Data JPA

- a. Add seat details and book a ticket.
- b. View list of seats.
- c. Update seat details.
- d. Delete the seat.
- e. Block the seat.

7. Create screen Service class and will expose all these services.

8. Finally, create screenRestController will have the following Uri's:

URI	METHOD	Description	Format
add/	POST	Add the seat details	JSON
findall/	GET	List of seat is fetched	JSON
update/	PUT	Seat is updated	JSON
book/	POST	Book a seat	JSON
cancel/	DELETE	Seat is cancelled	JSON

9. Creating screen Entity:

Build a RESTful resource for screen manipulations, where following operations to be carried out. Here will have multiple layers into the application:

5. Create an Entity: screen

6. Create a screenRepository interface and will make use of Spring Data JPA

- a. Add screen to the theatre.
- b. Update screen details.
- c. View list of screen details.

7. Create screenService class and will expose all these services.

8. Finally, create screenRestController will have the following Uri's:

URI	METHOD	Description	Format
add/	POST	Screen added successfully to the theatre	JSON
findall/	GET	List of screen is fetched	JSON
viwscreen/screenid	GET	Screen is found	JSON
update/	PUT	Screen updated	JSON

10. Creating ticket Entity:

Build a RESTful resource for ticket manipulations, where following operations to be carried out. Here will have multiple layers into the application:

5. Create an Entity: ticket

6. Create a ticketRepository interface and will make use of Spring Data JPA

- a. Add a ticket.
- b. View list of ticket
- c. View ticket with ticket id.

7. Create ticketService class and will expose all these services.

8. Finally, create ticketRestController will have the following Uri's:

URI	METHOD	Description	Format
Add/	POST	Ticket added successfully	JSON
/findall	GET	List of ticket fetched	JSON
/ticketid	GET	Ticket with ticket id fetched	JSON

6 .ASSUMPTIONS

- User Interface: The type of client interface (front-end) to be supported - Angular based
- The administrator can add and remove Movie, theatre, shows into the database.
- You must not allow user to book same movie ticket twice.
- When you add product into cart the No. of Products selected will be incremented.
- If you cancel the booking ticket, the ticket booking list will be decremented.
- The total amount will be calculated based on the movie, accordingly, change the booking counter & total amount.

7.General Expectations

- Participants must create the Class Diagram, Sequence Diagram and ER Diagram.
- Participants must do Unit testing and Functional Testing using POSTMAN tool.
- Integration of Angular and Spring Boot with Microservices should be done, referring Project 2 -Front End Development Project.
- The server should be a concurrent server servicing multiple clients.
- Database can be implemented using Mysql or above.
- To begin with, the application should support at least 1 admin and 2 customers.
- Compilation and Build should be done using Eclipse IDE or STS
- Source-code and all documents must be maintained (checked-in) in configuration management system (subversion)
- Coding standards (for Java) should be followed.

8 Acceptance Criteria

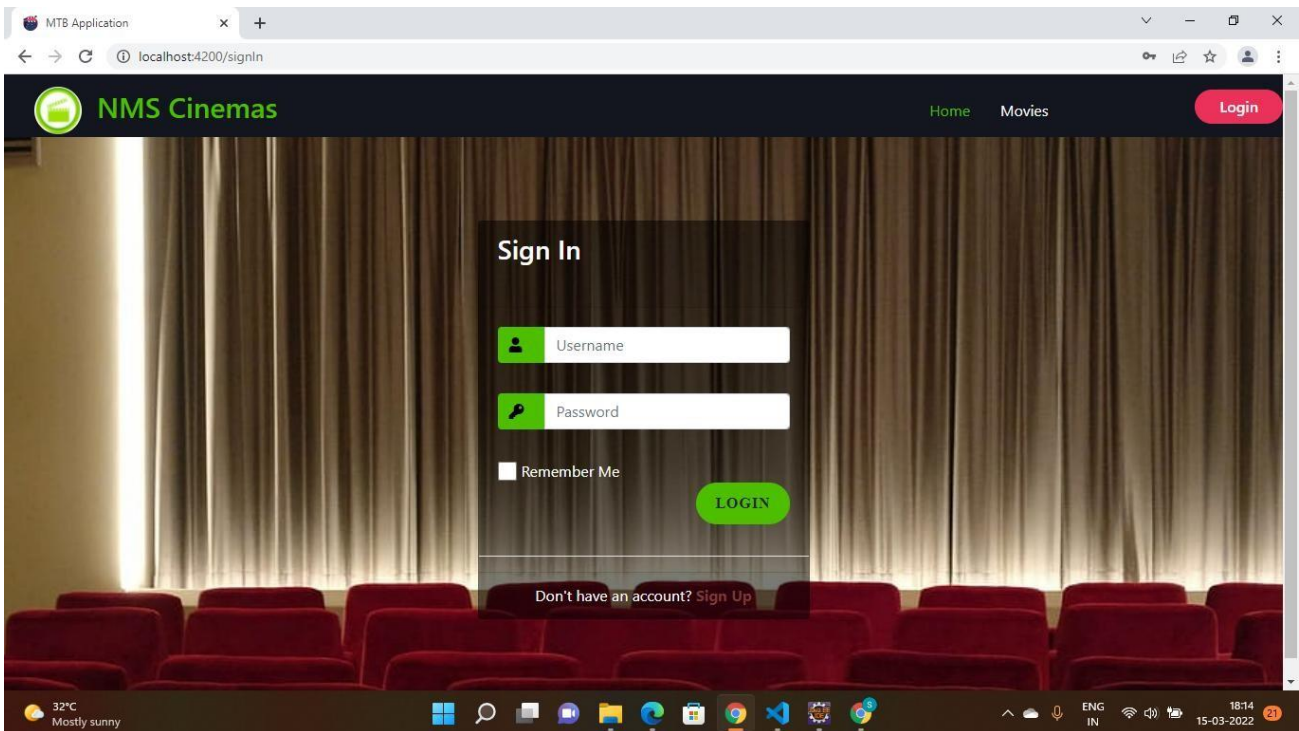
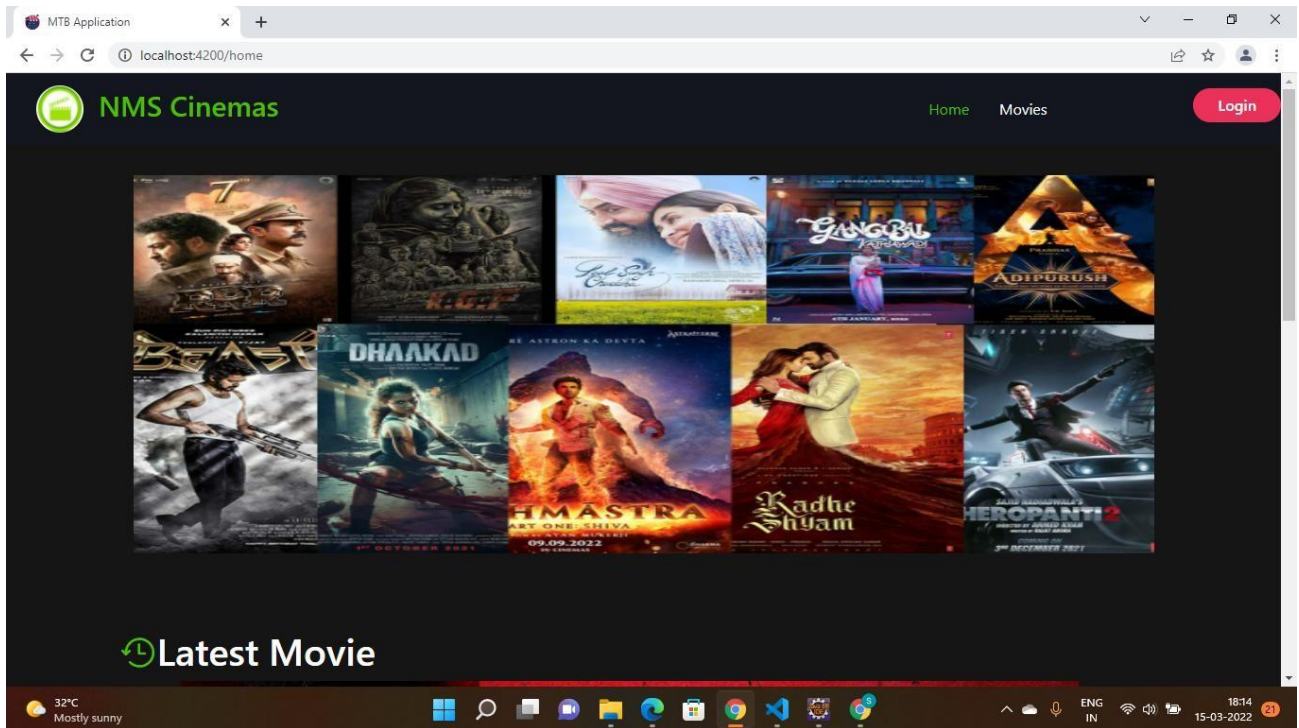
All P1 requirements must be mandatorily implemented.

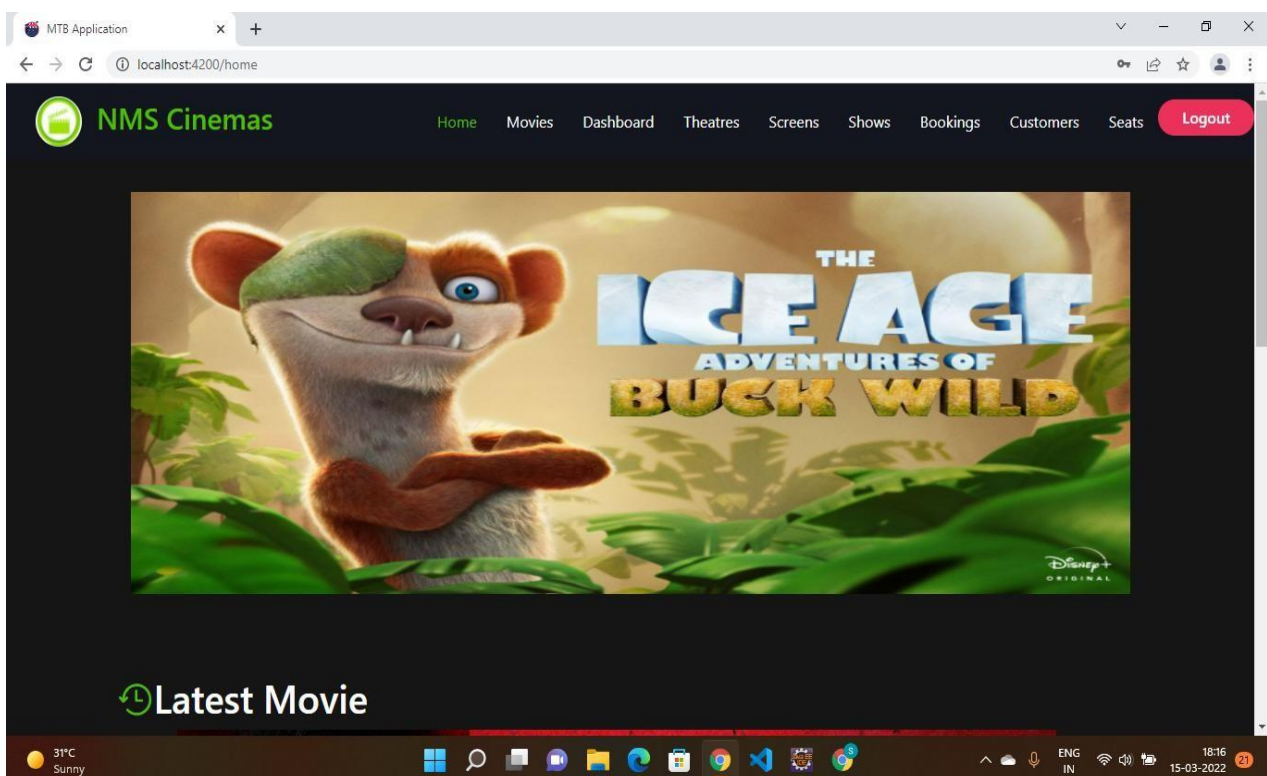
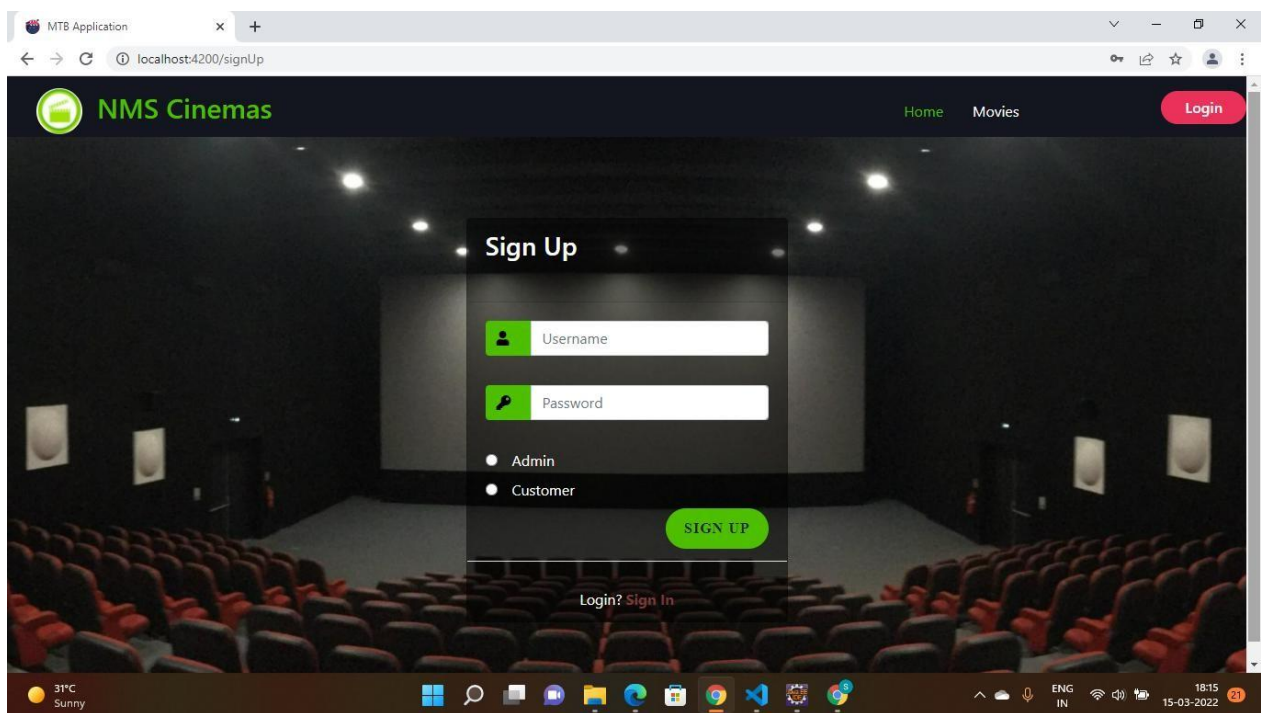
9 Traceability to Requirements

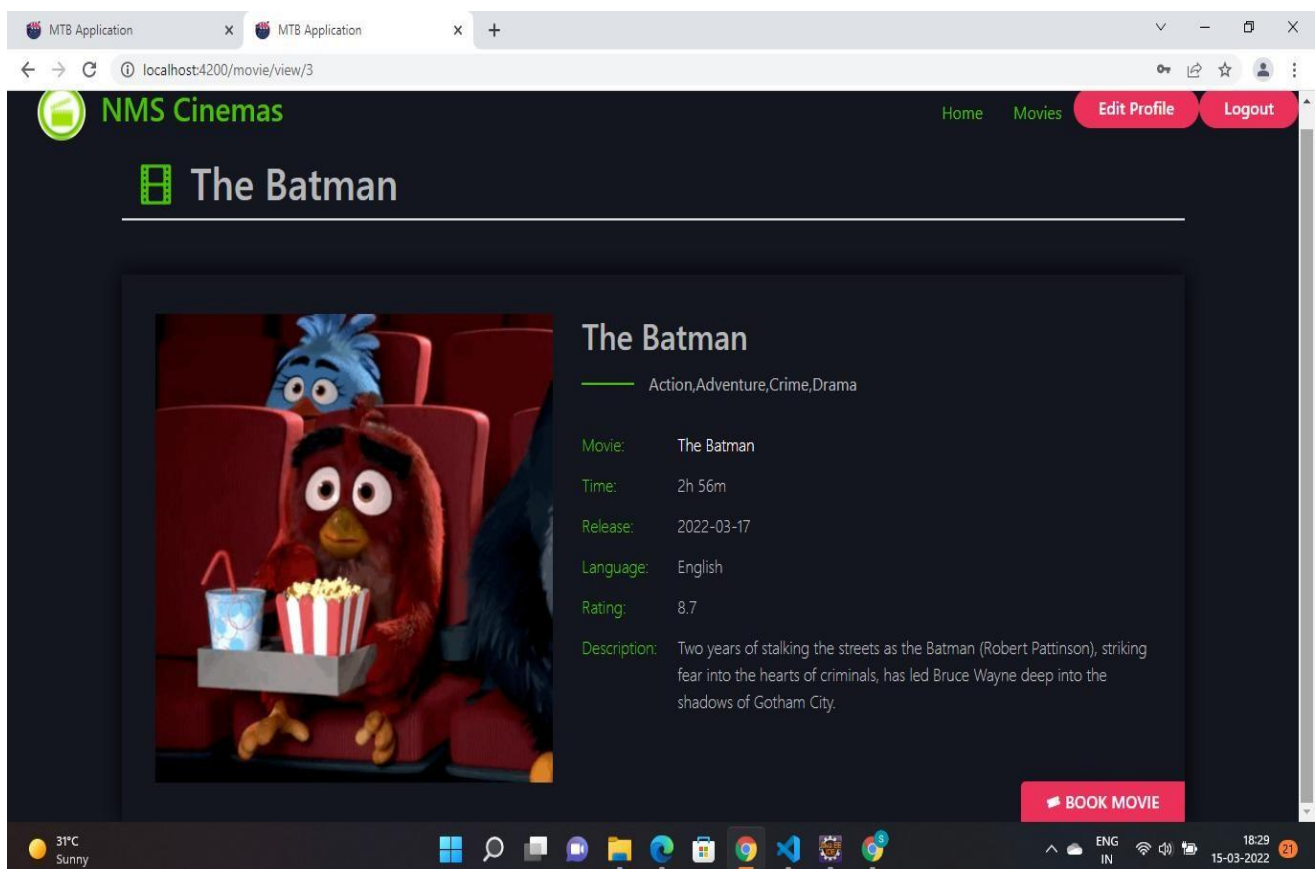
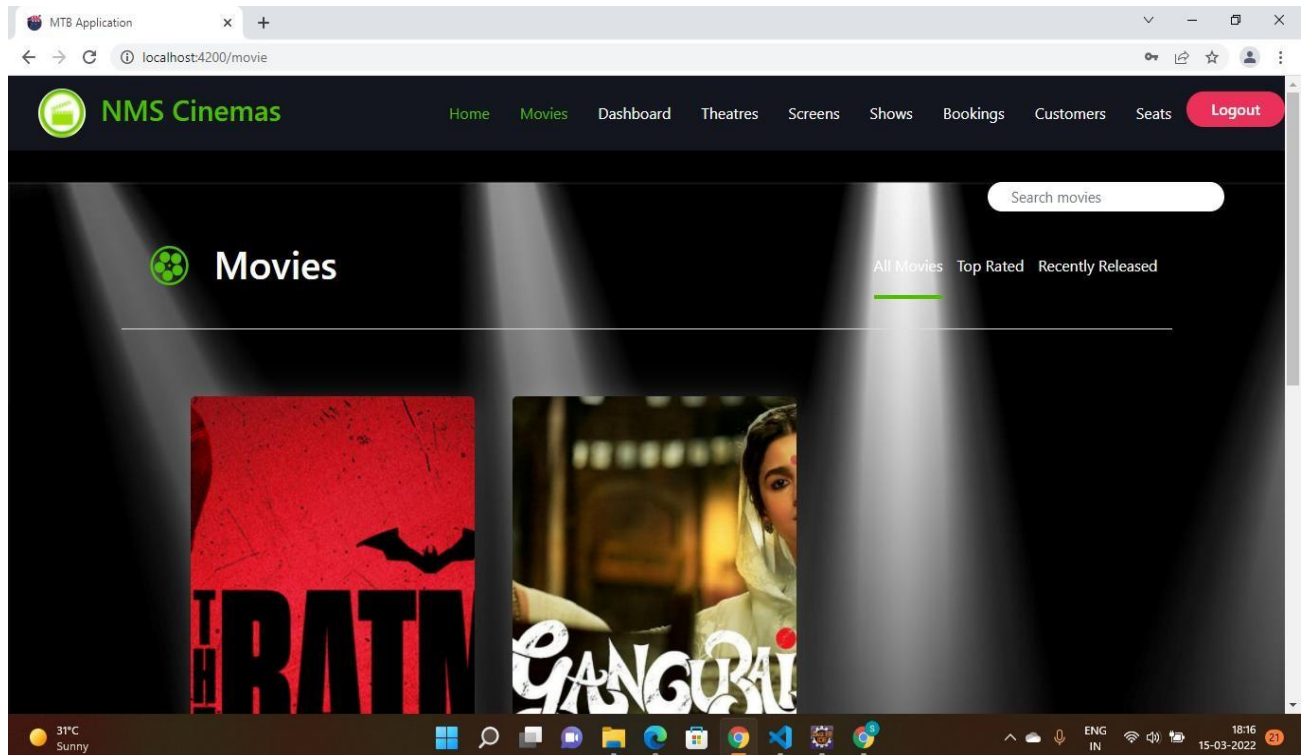
Appropriate requirements from RS and FS are mapped here.

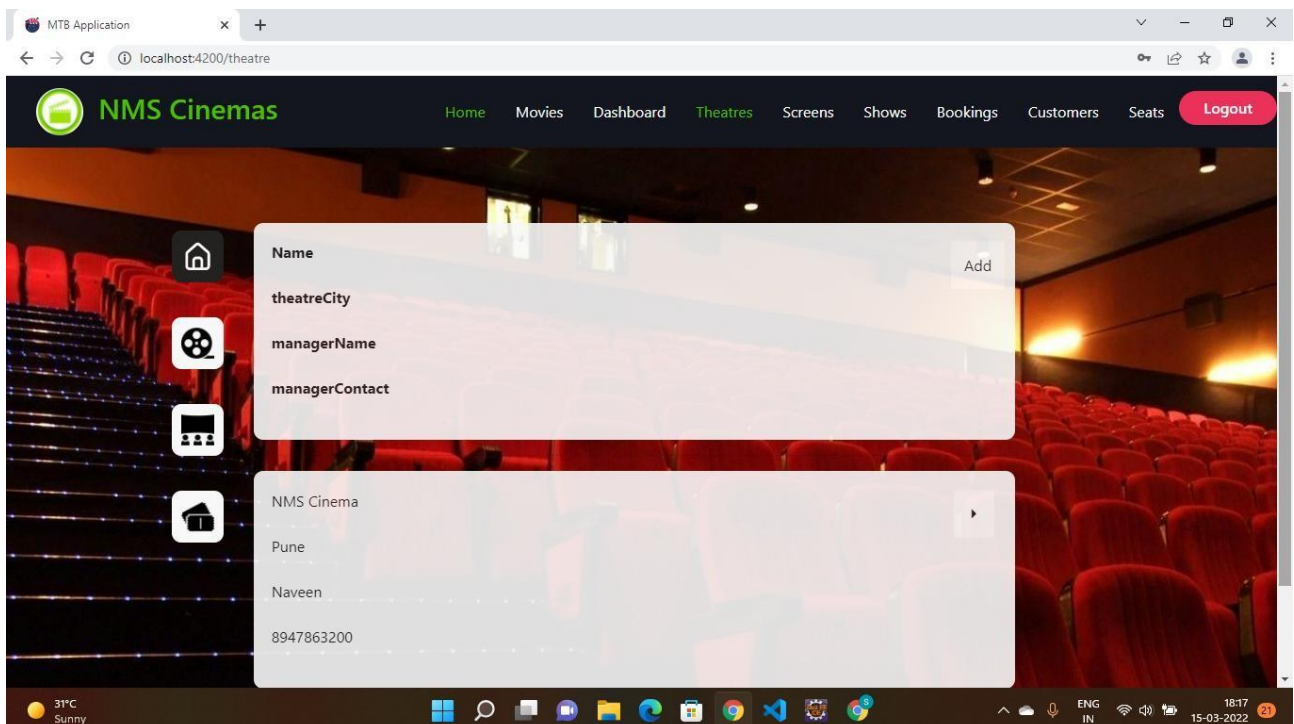
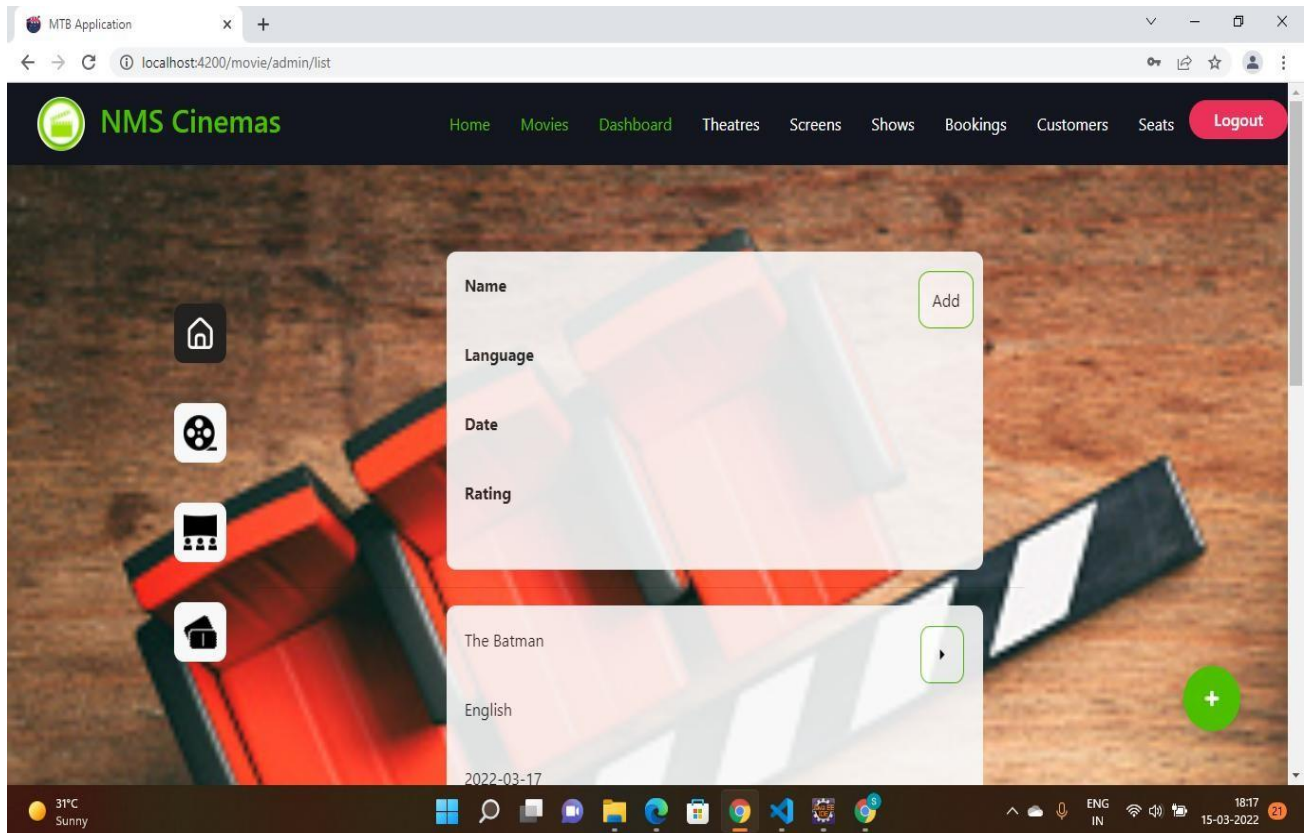
Document Reference ID & Description: (Doc ID from which this document is derived)			
Sl. No.	Reference document: Requirement/Feature (Section ID/Name)	RS	Current document: FS Location (Section ID/Name)
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2			

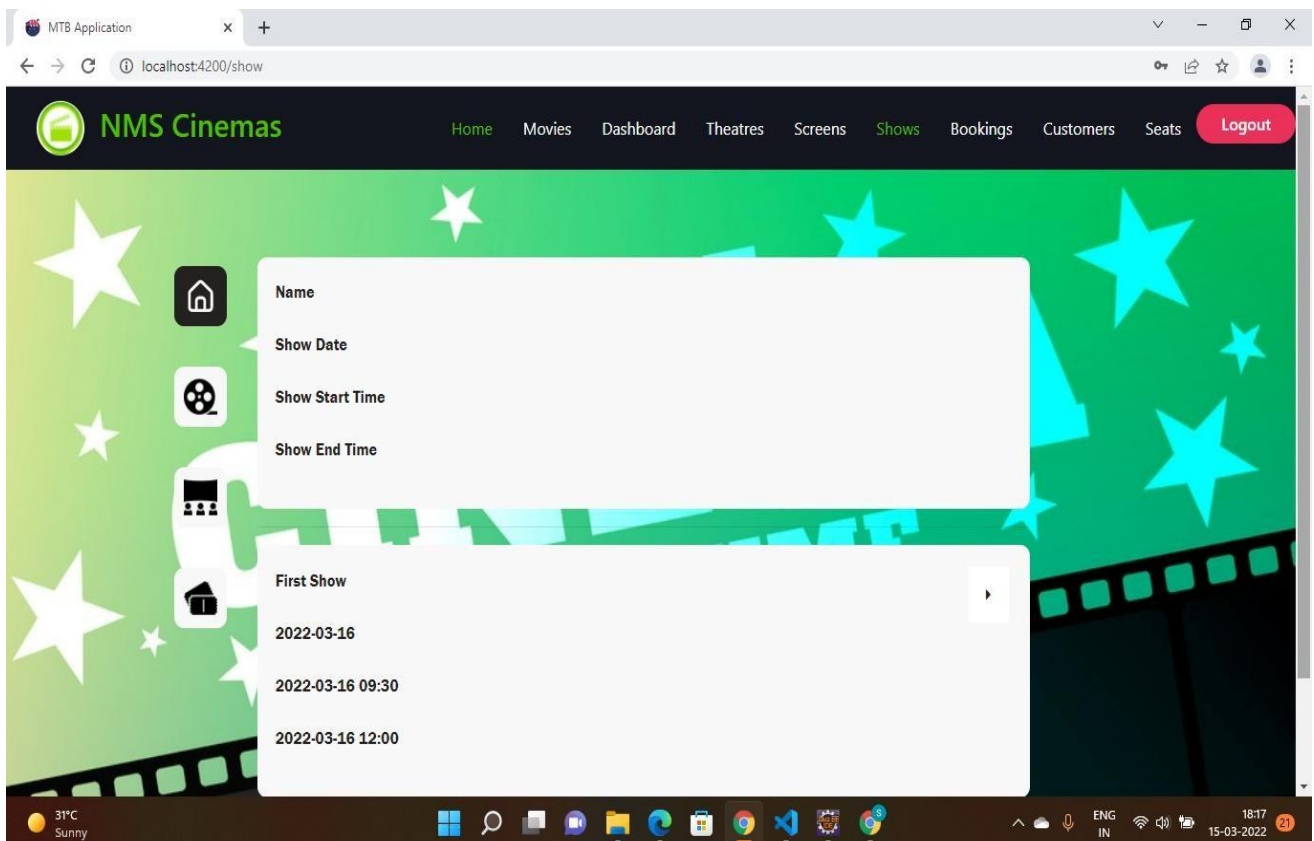
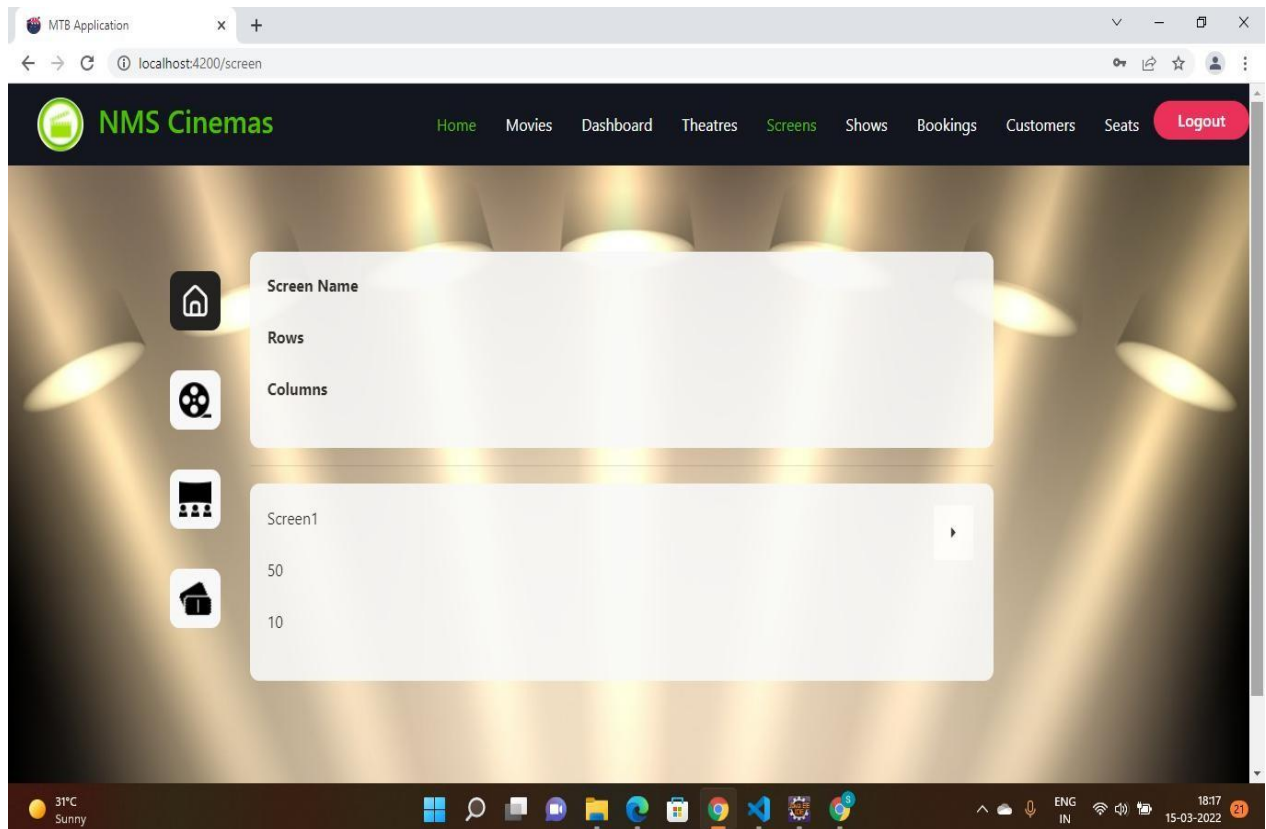
10. Output Screenshots for the Project

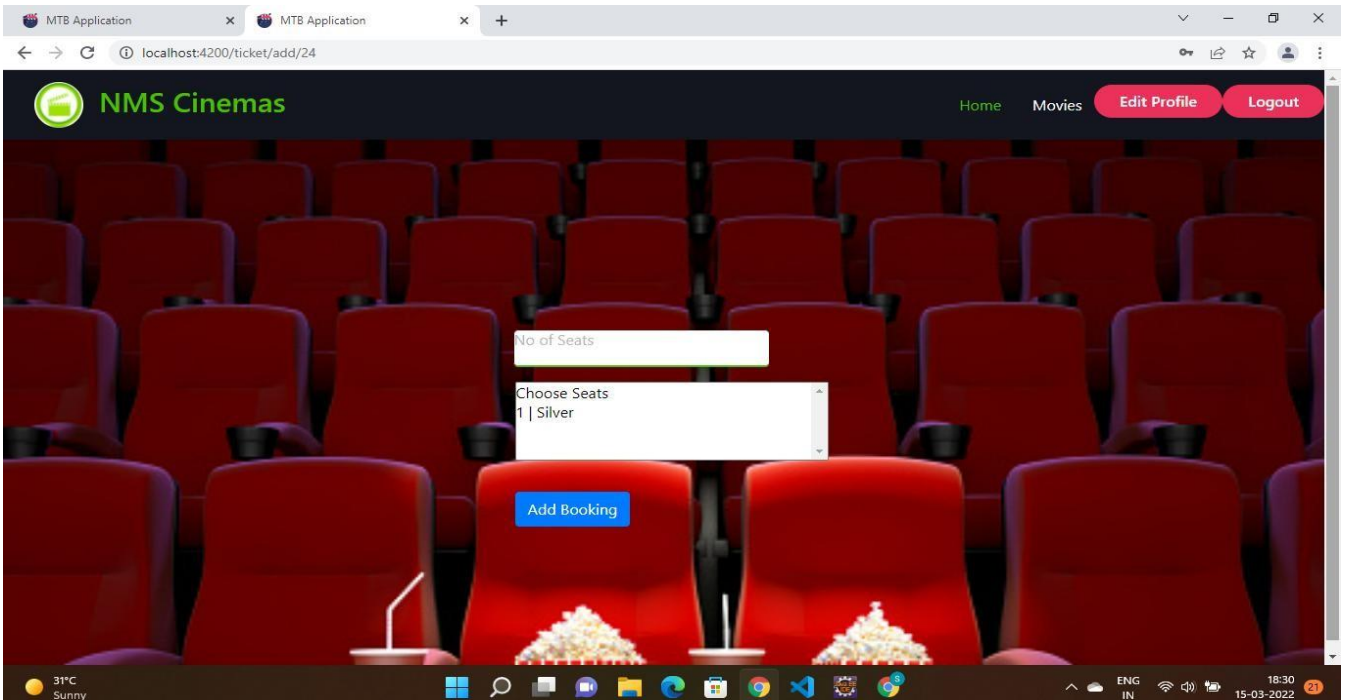
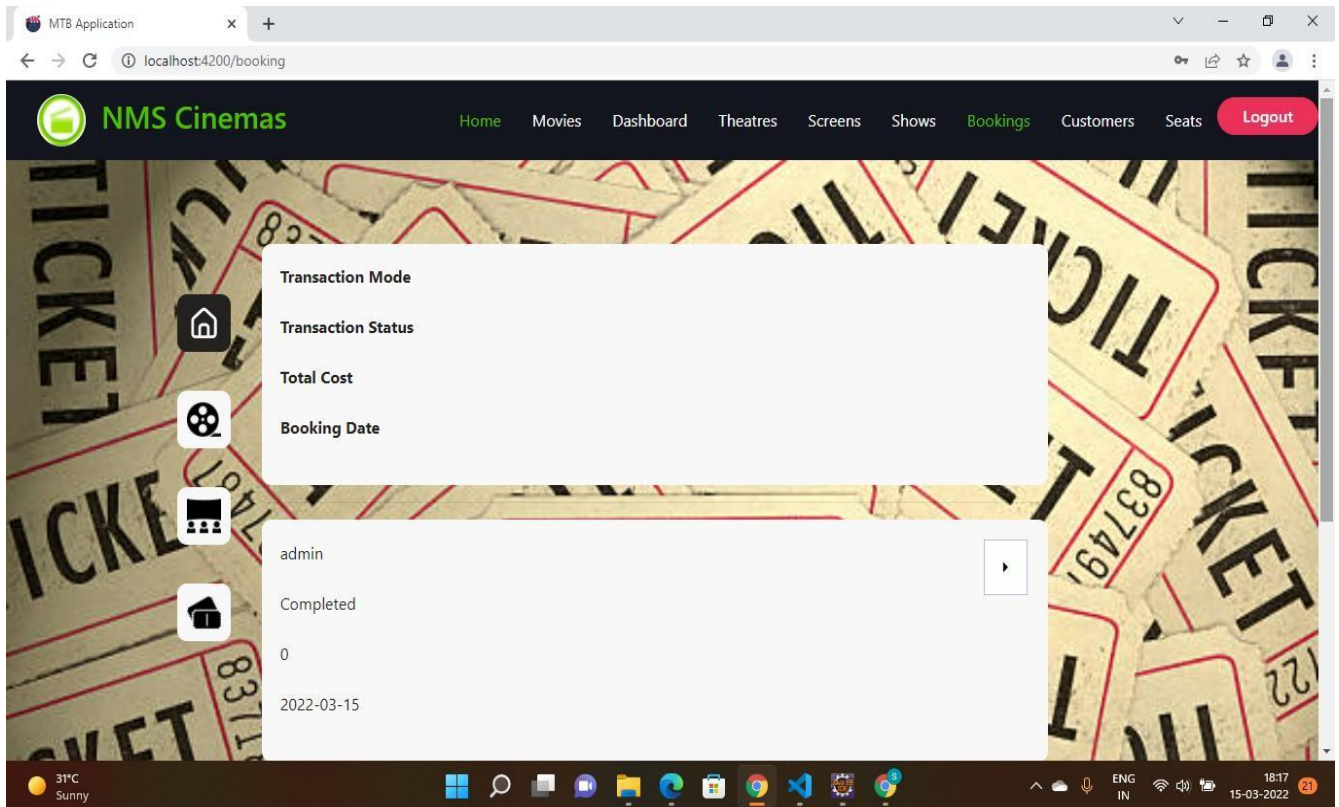












MTB Application

localhost:4200/booking/view/53

NMS Cinemas

Home Movies Edit Profile Logout

Booking Summary

Booking Details

Movie: The Batman

Show Date: 2022-03-16

Show Start Time: 09:30

Transaction Mode: admin

Transaction Status: Complete

Total Cost: 0

Back to MOVIES

31°C Sunny

ENG IN 18:56 15-03-2022