

Program to perform addition of 8-bit data.

```
org 100h
num1 db 24h
num2 db 29h
```

start:

```
mov al, num1 ;moving number1 value to AL Register
add al, num2 ;adding number2 value with existing value in AL register
mov bl,al
```

```
;to covert upper nibble(4 bits) of AL to a character
mov ah,al
and ah,0F0h ;mask the lower nibble(all lower bits become 0's)
shr ah,4 ;shift right by 4 to get upper nibble
add ah,30h ;convert to ASCII digits(0-9)
cmp ah,39h ;compare ah value if ah is less than 39h
jle print_first_digit
add ah,7 ;covert to ASCII letter(A-F) if ah>39h
```

print_first_digit:

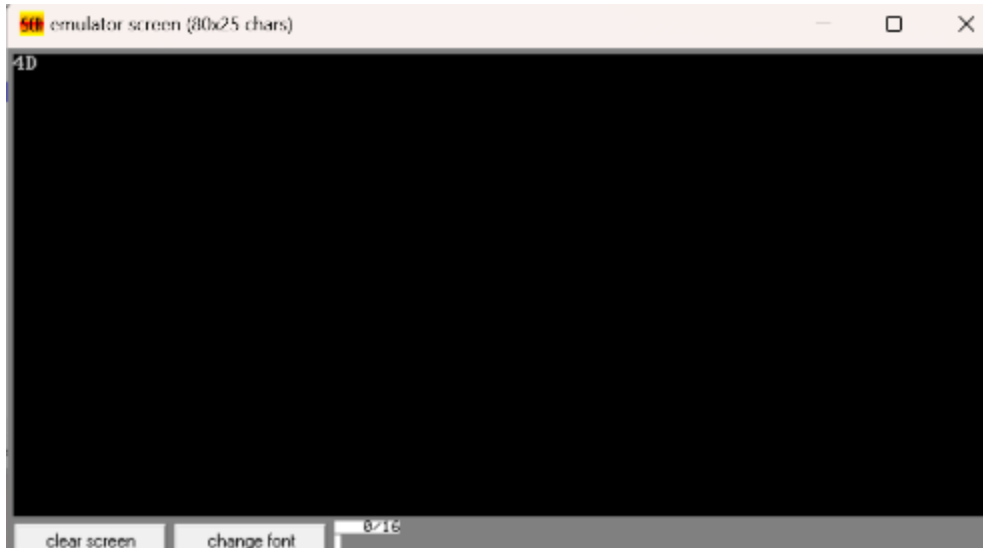
```
mov dl,ah ;move first digit to DL for printing
mov ah,02h ;BIOS interrupt to display character
int 21h
```

```
;to convert lower nibble(4 bits) of AL to a character
mov ah,bl
and ah,0Fh ;mask the upper nibble(all upper nibbles become 0's)
add ah,30h
cmp ah,39h
jle print_second_digit
add ah,7
```

print_second_digit:

```
mov dl,ah ;move second digit to DL for printing
mov ah,02h ;BIOS interrupt to display character
int 21h
```

```
;End the program
mov ah,4Ch ;Terminate the program
int 21h
```



Program to perform addition of 16-bit data.

```
org 100h
num1 dw 1234h ; First 16-bit number
num2 dw 5678h ; Second 16-bit number

start:
    mov ax, num1 ; Load num1 into AX register (16-bit register)
    add ax, num2 ; Add num2 to AX

    ; Store the result in BX so we can convert it to hexadecimal
    mov bx, ax

    ; Convert and print the upper byte (higher 8 bits)
    mov ah, bh ; Move upper byte of BX to AH
    call convert_to_hex ; Convert upper nibble to hex
    mov dl, ah ; Move first character to DL for printing
    mov ah, 02h ; BIOS interrupt to display character
    int 21h

    mov ah, bh ; Move upper byte of BX to AH again
    call convert_lower_nibble ; Convert lower nibble to hex
    mov dl, ah ; Move second character to DL for printing
    mov ah, 02h ; BIOS interrupt to display character
    int 21h
```

```
; Convert and print the lower byte (lower 8 bits)
mov ah, bl ; Move lower byte of BX to AH
call convert_to_hex ; Convert upper nibble to hex
mov dl, ah ; Move third character to DL for printing
mov ah, 02h ; BIOS interrupt to display character
int 21h
```

```
mov ah, bl ; Move lower byte of BX to AH again
call convert_lower_nibble ; Convert lower nibble to hex
mov dl, ah ; Move fourth character to DL for printing
mov ah, 02h ; BIOS interrupt to display character
int 21h
```

```
; End the program
mov ah, 4Ch ; Terminate the program
int 21h
```

convert_to_hex:

```
; Mask the upper nibble and convert it to a character
and ah, 0F0h
shr ah, 4 ; Shift the upper nibble to the lower nibble
add ah, 30h ; Convert to ASCII digit
cmp ah, 39h ; Compare if the value is less than or equal to '9'
jle skip_conversion
add ah, 7 ; Convert to ASCII letter (A-F)
```

skip_conversion:

```
ret ; Return from the procedure
```

convert_lower_nibble:

```
; Mask the lower nibble and convert it to a character
and ah, 0Fh ; Mask upper nibble, keep lower nibble
add ah, 30h ; Convert to ASCII digit
cmp ah, 39h ; Compare if the value is less than or equal to '9'
jle skip_lower_conversion
add ah, 7 ; Convert to ASCII letter (A-F)
```

skip_lower_conversion:

```
ret ; Return from the procedure
```

