PRIORITY SCHEDULING

Date: 19.3.2025

Ex. No.: 6c

Aim:

To implement the Priority Scheduling technique in C.

Algorithm:

- 1. Start the program.
- 2. Get the number of processes from the user.
- 3. Read the process name (or ID), burst time, and priority of each process.
- 4. Sort the processes based on their priority (lower number = higher priority).
- 5. Set the waiting time of the first process to 0.
- 6. For each remaining process: waiting_time[i] = waiting_time[i-1] + burst_time[i-1]
- Calculate turnaround time: turnaround_time[i] = waiting_time[i] + burst_time[i]
- 8. Compute the total and average waiting time and turnaround time.
- 9. Display the details.
- 10. End the program.

Program Code (in C):

#include <stdio.h>

```
int main() {
  int bt[20], p[20], wt[20], tat[20], prio[20];
  int i, j, n, temp;
  float total_wt = 0, total_tat = 0;
  printf("Enter the number of processes:\n");
  scanf("%d", &n);
```

```
printf("Enter Burst Time and Priority of each process:\n");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
  printf("Process %d - Burst Time: ", i + 1);
  scanf("%d", &bt[i]);
  printf("Process %d - Priority (lower number = higher priority): ", i + 1);
  scanf("%d", &prio[i]);
  p[i] = i + 1;
}
// Sort processes based on priority
for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
  for (j = i + 1; j < n; j++) {
     if (prio[i] > prio[j]) {
       // Swap priority
       temp = prio[i];
       prio[i] = prio[j];
       prio[j] = temp;
       // Swap burst time
       temp = bt[i];
       bt[i] = bt[j];
       bt[j] = temp;
       // Swap process ID
       temp = p[i];
       p[i] = p[j];
       p[j] = temp;
     }
  }
```

```
}
  wt[0] = 0;
  for (i = 1; i < n; i++) {
    wt[i] = wt[i - 1] + bt[i - 1];
    total_wt += wt[i];
  }
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    tat[i] = wt[i] + bt[i];
    total_tat += tat[i];
  }
  printf("\nProcess\tBurst Time\tPriority\tWaiting Time\tTurnaround Time\n");
  for (i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    printf("%d\t%d\t\t%d\t), p[i], bt[i], prio[i], wt[i], tat[i]);
  }
  printf("\nAverage Waiting Time: %.2f", total_wt / n);
  printf("\nAverage Turnaround Time: %.2f\n", total tat / n);
  return 0;
}
```

Sample Output:

Enter the number of processes:

4

Enter Burst Time and Priority of each process:

Process 1 - Burst Time: 10

Process 1 - Priority: 3

Process 2 - Burst Time: 1

Process 2 - Priority: 1

Process 3 - Burst Time: 2

Process 3 - Priority: 4

Process 4 - Burst Time: 1

Process 4 - Priority: 2

Process		Burst Time	PriorityWaiting Time	Turnaround Time
2	1	1	0	1
4	1	2	1	2
1	10	3	2	12
3	2	4	12	14

Average Waiting Time: 3.75

Average Turnaround Time: 7.25

Result:

The Priority Scheduling algorithm was successfully implemented and tested. The program displayed correct waiting and turnaround times based on priority.