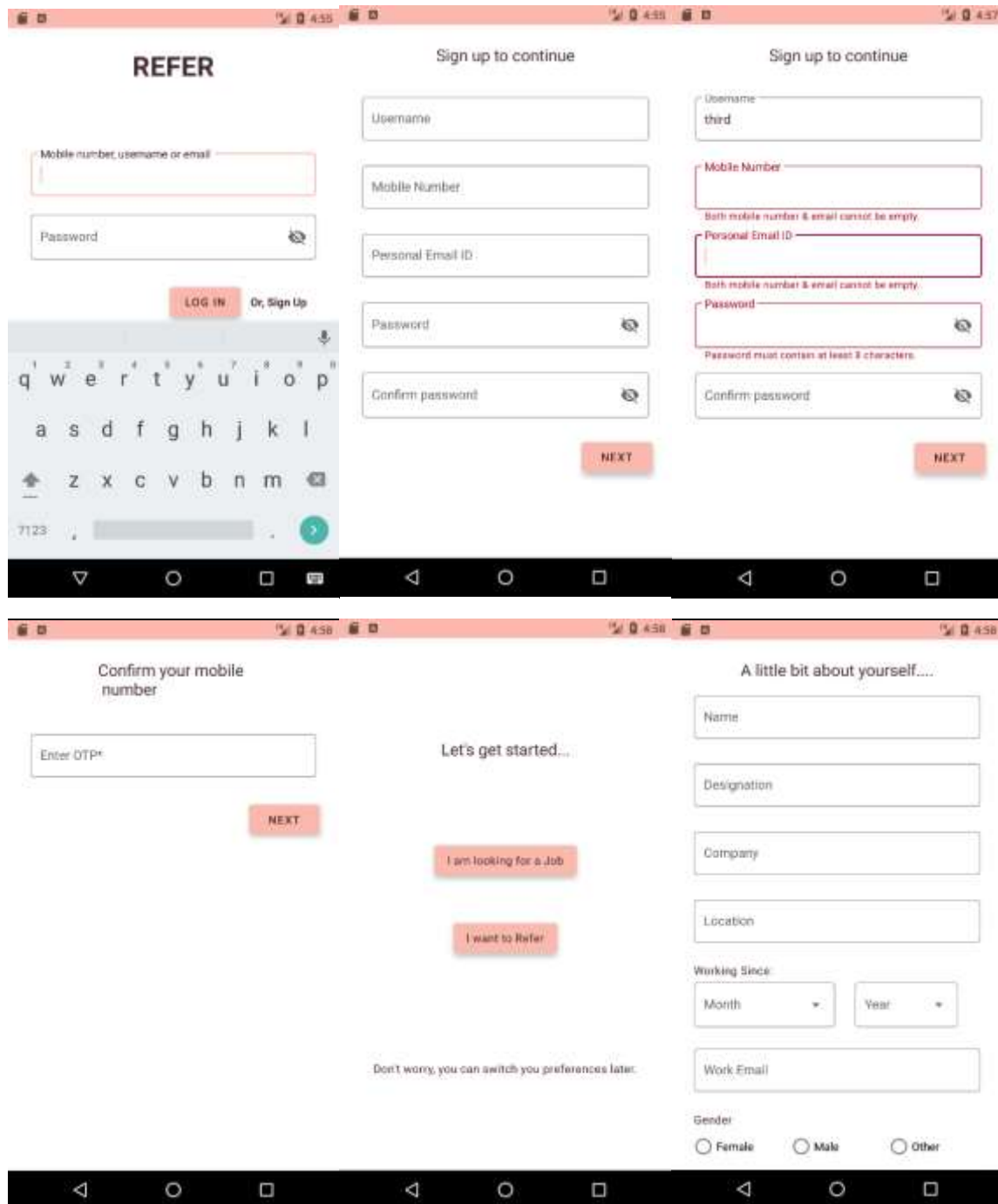
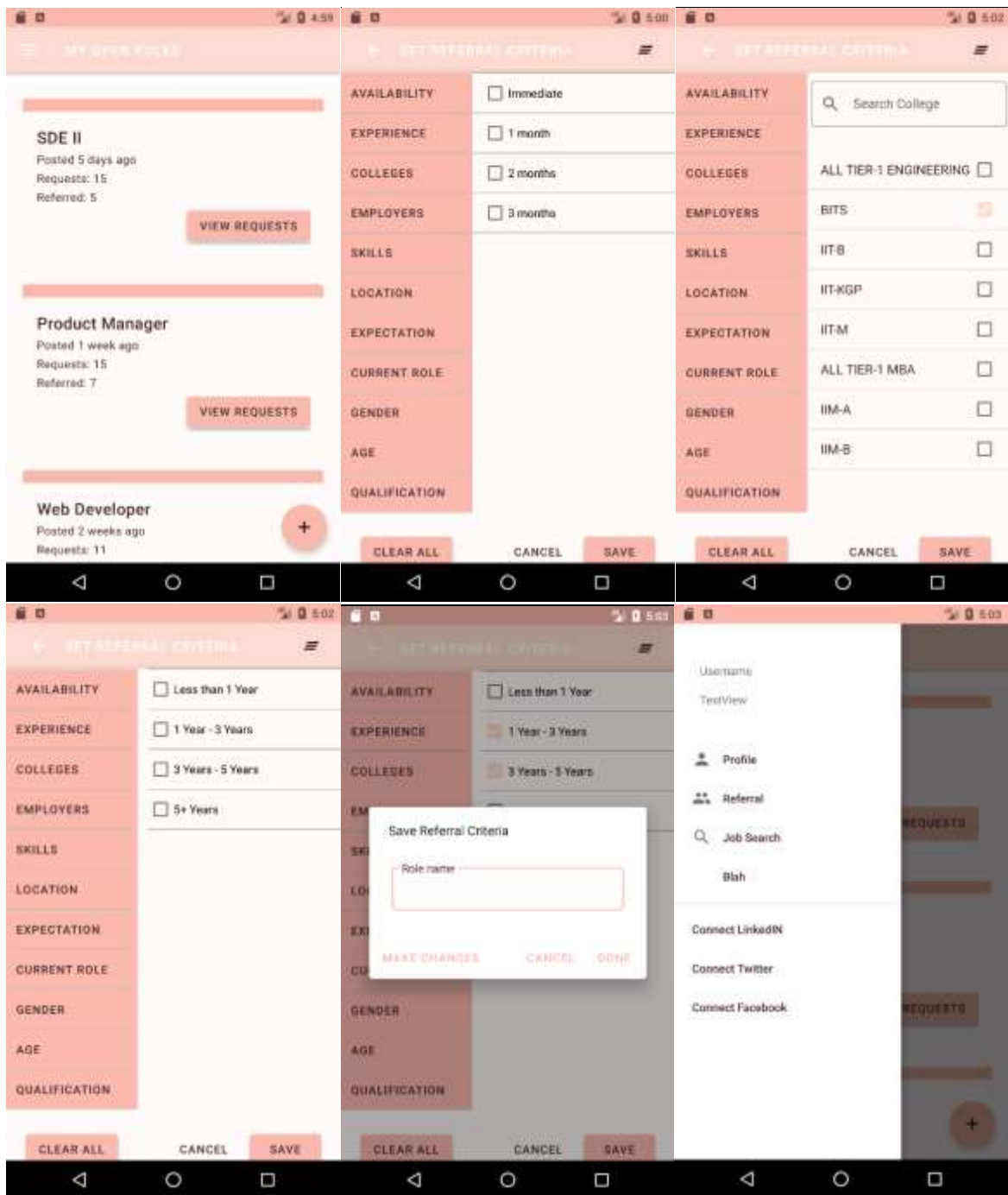


## Screenshots for Android application created





Let's get started...

I am looking for a Job

I want to Refer

Don't worry, you can switch you preferences later.

Are you a fresher or not?

Fresher

Not a fresher

Don't worry, you can switch you preferences later.

A little bit about yourself....

Last College\*

Degree Completed\*

Specialisation\*

Degree Completed:

Month\*

Year\*

Work Email\*

CONFIRM

Are you a fresher or not?

Fresher

Not a fresher

Don't worry, you can switch you preferences later.

A little bit about yourself....

Current/Last Employer\*

Designation\*

Location\*

Worked till/Working:

Month\*

Year\*

Work Email\*

CONFIRM

# Database Design

1. USER\_LOGIN\_INFO: This table gets created whenever user signs up for the first time and stores his/her login credentials.

user_id
password
login_type

Notes:

- Password is the encrypted field
- login\_type is enum (mobile, facebook, gmail or linkedin)
- This table is same for all the candidates or referrers

2. USER\_PROFILES: This stores all the singular data about the user, and gets updated as and when we get details during the onboarding process.

user_id
name
referrer/candidate
company_id
email_id
mobile
current_location
gender
age
current_role
total_experience
minimum_pay
availability

Note:

- This table is same for all the users (both the candidates and referrers)

### 3. USER\_PREFERRED\_LOCATIONS

user_id
location

### 4. USER\_SKILLS

user_id
skill

5. LOCATIONS: This is a hardcoded table of all the locations that we provide our service in.

location_id
location

6. ROLES: Hardcoded table of all the roles that we are aware of. Role is the same thing as position or work profile in the company and is specific. For example, DevOps Engineer, Backend Engineer-1, Backend Engineer-2 are separate roles.

role
------

7. ROLES\_BY\_ROLE\_CLASS: Hardcoded roles to role class mapping

role
role_class

Note: There is no need to provide 'id' instead of strings in the map tables. These are hardcoded values and we want tables to be readable as well. Using foreign integer keys instead of string foreign

keys provide no additional value and make the entire db look encrypted for no reason. That is why I keep 'location' string in the USER\_PROFILE table instead of location and so on There are only finite set of locations and roles anyway.

#### 10: SKILL\_BY\_SKILL\_CLASS

skill
role_class

#### 11. USER\_WORK\_EXP:

user_id
company_id
from_date
to_date
role

#### 12. USER\_EDU\_EXP

user_id
college_name
from_date
to_date
degree

#### 13. COLLEGES

college_id
college_name
tier_class

#### 14. DEGREES

degree_id
degree

15. COMPANIES: To be prefilled and hardcoded.

company_id
company_name
location
website
logo
founded_date
business_model
company_size
company_type
industry

16. COMPANY\_COMPETITORS

company_id
competitor_id

17. JOBS

job_id
referrer_id
company_id
min_experience
max_experience

max_expectation
current_role
gender
availability
skills
location
qualification

Note: referrer\_id is same as the user\_id in the USER\_PROFILES table

18. JOBS\_ACCEPTED\_COLLEGES: This is created when the filter explicitly mentions the colleges.

job_id
college_id

19. JOBS\_ACCEPTED\_PREVIOUS\_EMPLOYERS: This is created when the filter explicitly mentions the previous employers.

job_id
company_id

20. JOBS\_ACCEPTED\_SKILLS: What are the skills that this job or referral requires?

job_id
skill

21. JOBS\_ACCEPTED\_LOCATIONS: A job could be applicable for multiple locations.

job_id
location_id



22. JOBS\_ACCEPTED\_QUALIFICATIONS. As again, degree value must match from the DEGREES table.

job_id
degree_id

### 23. JOBS\_ACCEPTED\_AVAILABILITY

job_id
availability

### 24. MATCHES: This indicates what companies and then referrers are shown to the candidate:

candidate_id
job_id
referrer_id
company_id
match_score
location

25. MATCHES\_PER\_COMPANY: This is derived from the above table. Could be a VIEW for quick access. (select candidate\_id, company\_id, sum(match\_score) from MATCHES group by candidate\_id, company\_id order by sum(match\_score) desc). Score is something which will be from job\_id and user\_id on the basis of availability, experience, college, skills and all other criteria. Score will be more if referrer is the alumni.

candidate_id
company_id
total_score

### 26. REFERRAL\_REQUESTS:

referrer_id
candidate_id
job_id
applied_date
company_id

role
current_status

## 27. REFERRAL\_STATUS\_LOG

referral_id
date
status

## 28. REFERRAL\_STATUSES: Hardcoded value of what can be the value for referralstatus

referral_status_id
referral_status

## 29. REFERRER\_SCORE: How good is a referrer for a particular role class? Starrating.

referrer_id
role_class
score

## 30. USER\_SEARCH\_PARAMS: This describes what kind of matches we have been looking for the candidate.

user_id
role_class
location

## ER Diagram

