## **Streams**

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## I/O

- Input stream
  - istream cin
  - Defaults to keyboard / stdin
- Output stream
  - ostream cout
  - Defaults to console / stdout
- Uses header <iostream>
- cin and cout are objects.
  - >> and << are overloaded.

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
    std::string name;
    std::cout << "Enter your name: ";
    std::cin >> name;
    std::cout << "Hello " << name << "!\n";
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

## cin

- By default, reads whitespace-separated formatted tokens.
  - But be careful with char and string.
- Example stream: 12 17.3 -19

```
int A, B;
double X;
cin >> A; 12
cin >> X; 17.3
cin >> B; -19
```

```
int A, B;
char X;
cin >> A; 12
cin >> B; 17
cin >> X; '.'
cin >> A; 3
```

```
int A;
char B, C, D;
cin >> A; 12
cin >> B; '1'
cin >> C; '7'
```

```
string A, B, C;
cin >> A; "12"
cin >> B; "17.3"
cin >> C; "-19"
```

# ignore

- cin ignores the leading whitespace.
- One can ignore input until a character of relevance is seen.
  - cin.ignore(N, ch); // skip upto N or till ch is seen.
  - Useful for ignoring a line (ch = '\n')

```
cout << "Enter your name: ";
cin.ignore(2, 'A');

cin >> name;  // ABCD
cout << name;  // BCD</pre>
```

```
cout << "Enter your name: ";
cin.ignore(2, 'Z');

cin >> name;  // ABCD
cout << name;  // CD</pre>
```

#### cout

- Uses buffered output
  - − \n can be printed with endl.
  - May not print to screen.
  - To force, use cout << flush.</li>
  - endl involves flush.

```
#include <iostream>
int main() {
    std::string name;
    std::cout << "Enter your name: ";
    std::cin >> name;
    std::cout << "Hello " << name << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

## File streams

- #include <fstream>
  - ifstream and ofstream

What is the output?

stream4.cpp

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
     ifstream file("stream4.cpp");
     string word;
     while (!file.eof()) {
          file >> word;
          cout << word;</pre>
     file.close(); // optional
     return 0;
```

#include<iostream>#include<fstream>usingnamespacestd;intmain() {ifstreamfile("stream4.cpp");stringword;while(!file.eof()) {file>>word;cout<<word;}file.close();//optionalreturn0;}}

## ifstream

stream4.cpp

- Issue: Last line is read twice.
- Solution: read precedes eof.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
     ifstream file("stream4.cpp");
     string word;
     file >> word;
     while (!file.eof()) {
          cout << word;
          file >> word;
     file.close(); // optional
     return 0;
```

#include<iostream>#include<fstream>usingnamespacestd;intmain() {ifstreamfile("stream4.cpp");stringword;while(!file.eof()) {file>>word;cout<<word;}file.close();//optionalreturn0;}

#### cat

What is the output?

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
     ifstream file("stream4.cpp");
     string line;
     getline(file, line);
     while (!file.eof()) {
          cout << line;</pre>
          getline(file, line);
     file.close(); // optional
     return 0;
```

#### cat

### What is the output?

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
    ifstream file("stream4.cpp");
    string word;
    while (!file.eof()) {
         file >> word;
         cout << word;
    file.close();
                  // optional
    return 0;
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
     ifstream file("stream4.cpp");
     string line;
     getline(file, line);
     while (!file.eof()) {
          cout << line << endl;</pre>
          getline(file, line);
     file.close(); // optional
     return 0;
```

## cp

./a.out <inputfile> <outputfile>

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <stdlib.h>
using namespace std;
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
     ifstream iifile(argv[1]);
     ofstream oofile(argv[2]);
     string line;
     getline(iifile, line);
     while (!iifile.eof()) {
          oofile << line << endl;
          getline(iifile, line);
     return 0;
```

## cp

./a.out <inputfile> <outputfile>

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <stdlib.h>
using namespace std;
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
     if (argc != 3) {
          cerr << "Usage: " << argv[0] << " <inputfile> <outputfile>" << endl;
          exit(1);
     ifstream iifile(argv[1]);
     ofstream oofile(argv[2]);
     string line;
     getline(iifile, line);
     while (!iifile.eof()) {
          oofile << line << endl;
          getline(iifile, line);
     return 0;
```

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <stdlib.h>
using namespace std;
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
     if (argc != 3) {
          cerr << "Usage: " << argv[0] << " <inputfile> <outputfile>" << endl;
          exit(1);
     ifstream iifile(argv[1]);
     if (iifile.fail()) {
          cerr << "File " << argv[1] << " could not be opened." << endl;</pre>
          exit(2);
     ofstream oofile(argv[2]);
     string line;
     getline(iifile, line);
     while (!iifile.eof()) {
          oofile << line << endl;
          getline(iifile, line);
     return 0;
```

## Formatted I/O

#### data.txt

Name: Roll Number: Marks

John Augustine: CS12D001: 88 Madhu Mutyam: CS11D111: 89

Rupesh Nasre: CS13B000: 25

Name::: Roll Number::: Marks

John Augustine CS12D001::: 88

Madhu Mutyam::: CS11D111

89

Rupesh Nasre::: CS13B000::: 25

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
     ifstream file("data.txt");
     string name, roll, marks;
     getline(file, name, ':');
     while (!file.eof()) {
          getline(file, roll, ':');
          getline(file, marks, ':');
          cout << name << ":::" << roll << ":::" << marks << endl:
          getline(file, name, ':');
     return 0;
```

## Formatted I/O

#### data.txt

Name: Roll Number: Marks

John Augustine: CS12D001: 88 Madhu Mutyam: CS11D111: 89

Rupesh Nasre: CS13B000: 25

**Note:** getline does not ignore leading whitespace.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
using namespace std;
int main() {
     ifstream file("data.txt");
     string name, roll, marks;
     getline(file, name, ':');
     while (!file.eof()) {
          getline(file, roll, ':');
          getline(file, marks);
          cout << name << ":::" << roll << ":::" << marks << endl:
          getline(file, name, ':');
     return 0;
```

Name::: Roll Number::: Marks John Augustine::: CS12D001::: 88 Madhu Mutyam::: CS11D111::: 89 Rupesh Nasre::: CS13B000::: 25

## Formatted I/O

Name	Roll Number	Marks
John Augustine	CS12D001	88
Madhu Mutyam	CS11D111	89
Rupesh Nasre	CS13B000	25

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <iomanip>
using namespace std;
int main() {
     ifstream file("data.txt");
     string name, roll, marks;
     getline(file, name, ':');
     while (!file.eof()) {
          getline(file, roll, ':');
          getline(file, marks);
          cout << setw(20) << name;
          cout << setw(10) << roll;</pre>
          cout << setw(10) << marks;</pre>
          cout << endl;</pre>
          getline(file, name, ':');
     return 0;
```

## Other functions

- setprecision: for floating point values.
- get: to read a single character.
- peek: to examine a character without removing it from the stream.
- putback: add to the stream.

# Acknowledgment

https://courses.cs.vt.edu/cs1044/Notes/C04.IO.pdf