In this project we are going to visualize on the dataset i.e "flight\_price.xlsx".

```
In [11]: #importing importent Libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
In [4]: #importing the data set
df = pd.read_excel("flight_price.xlsx")
df
```

Out[4]:		Airline	Date_of_Journey	Source	Destination	Route	Dep_Time	Arrival_Time	D
	0	IndiGo	24/03/2019	Banglore	New Delhi	BLR → DEL	22:20	01:10 22 Mar	
	1	Air India	1/05/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU → IXR → BBI → BLR	05:50	13:15	
	2	Jet Airways	9/06/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL  → LKO → BOM → COK	09:25	04:25 10 Jun	
	3	IndiGo	12/05/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU → NAG → BLR	18:05	23:30	
	4	IndiGo	01/03/2019	Banglore	New Delhi	BLR → NAG → DEL	16:50	21:35	
	•••								
	10678	Air Asia	9/04/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU → BLR	19:55	22:25	
	10679	Air India	27/04/2019	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU → BLR	20:45	23:20	
	10680	Jet Airways	27/04/2019	Banglore	Delhi	BLR → DEL	08:20	11:20	
	10681	Vistara	01/03/2019	Banglore	New Delhi	BLR → DEL	11:30	14:10	
	10682	Air India	9/05/2019	Delhi	Cochin	DEL  → GOI  → BOM  → COK	10:55	19:15	

10683 rows × 11 columns

Step 1: Data Cleaning & Preprocessing

```
In [9]: #Converting 'Date_of_journey' to datetime formate
         df['Date of Journey'] = pd.to datetime(df['Date of Journey'], dayfirst = True)
         #Convert 'Duration' into total-minutes
         def convert duration to totalminutes(duration):
             duration = duration.strip().lower().replace(" ", "")
             h, m = 0, 0
             if 'h' in duration:
                 h split = duration.split('h')
                 h = int(h_split[0])
                 duration = h split[1] if len(h split) > 1 else ""
             if 'm' in duration:
                 m = int(duration.replace('m', ""))
             return h * 60 + m
         df['Duration_mins'] = df['Duration'].apply(convert_duration_to_totalminutes)
         #Drop the rows with missing route or total Stops
         df.dropna(subset= ['Route', 'Total Stops'], inplace= True)
         #Extract the departure and arrival hour and minutes
         # Define time parsing format
         time format = "%H:%M"
         df['Dep_Hour'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Dep_Time'], format=time_format).dt.hour
         df['Dep_Minute'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Dep_Time'], format=time_format).dt.minute
         df['Arrival_Hour'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Arrival_Time'], format=time_format, errors=
         df['Arrival_Minute'] = pd.to_datetime(df['Arrival_Time'], format=time_format, error
         #Map the stop types to integer counts
         stop mapping = {
             'non-stop' : 0,
             '1 stop' : 1,
             '2 stop' : 2,
             '3 stop' : 3,
             '4 stop' : 4
         df['Stop_count'] = df['Total_Stops'].map(stop_mapping)
         #Extract the Monthe and Day of journey
         df['Journey_month'] = df['Date_of Journey'].dt.month
         df['Journey day'] = df['Date of Journey'].dt.day
In [10]: df.head()
```

Out[10]:		Airline	Date_of_Journey	Source	Destination	Route	Dep_Time	Arrival_Time	Duratio
	0	IndiGo	2019-03-24	Banglore	New Delhi	BLR → DEL	22:20	01:10 22 Mar	2h 50
	1	Air India	2019-05-01	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU → IXR → BBI → BLR	05:50	13:15	7h 25
	2	Jet Airways	2019-06-09	Delhi	Cochin	DEL  → LKO  → BOM  → COK	09:25	04:25 10 Jun	1'
	3	IndiGo	2019-05-12	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU → NAG → BLR	18:05	23:30	5h 25
	4	IndiGo	2019-03-01	Banglore	New Delhi	BLR → NAG → DEL	16:50	21:35	4h 45

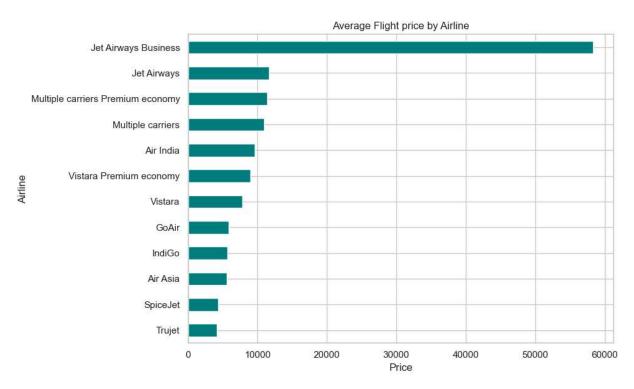
5 rows × 22 columns



Step 2: Visualization

```
In [12]: sns.set(style= "whitegrid")
  plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (10,6)

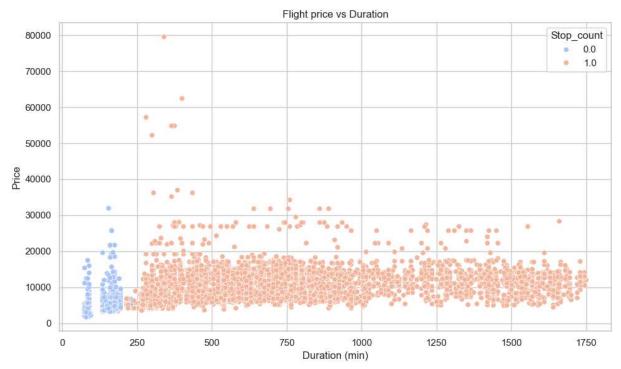
#Average price by Airline
  airline_avg_price = df.groupby('Airline')['Price'].mean().sort_values()
  airline_avg_price.plot(kind = 'barh', color = 'teal')
  plt.title('Average Flight price by Airline')
  plt.xlabel('Price')
  plt.ylabel('Airline')
  plt.tight_layout()
  plt.show()
```



```
In []: #Moat comman route taken by the Airline
    route_counts = df.groupby(['Source', 'Destination']).size().unstack(fill_value=0)
    sns.heatmap(route_counts, annot=True, fmt = 'd', cmap = 'YlGnBu')
    plt.title("Most Frequent City Pairs")
    plt.xlabel("Destination")
    plt.ylabel("Source")
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```

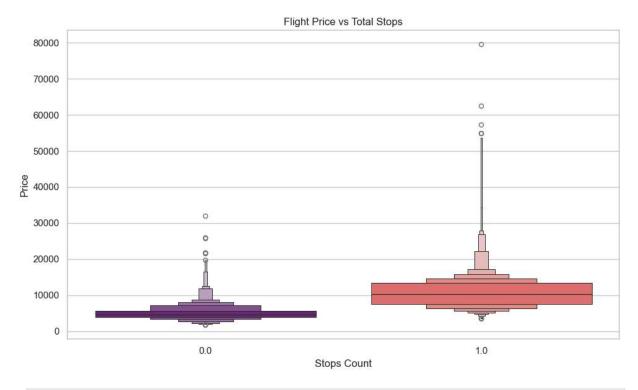


```
In [17]: #Duration Vs Price
sns.scatterplot(data = df, x = "Duration_mins", y = "Price", hue= 'Stop_count', pal
plt.title("Flight price vs Duration")
plt.xlabel("Duration (min)")
plt.ylabel("Price")
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

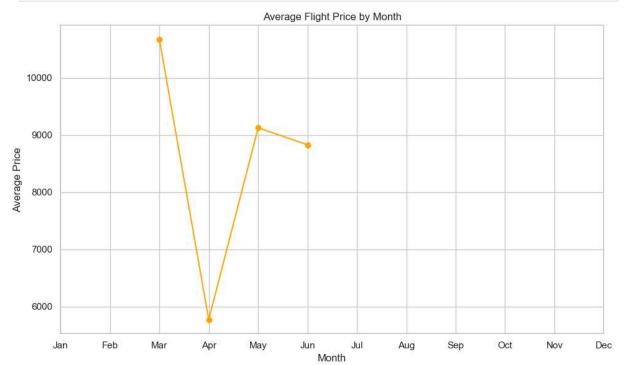


```
In [19]: # Stops vs price
sns.boxenplot(data = df, x = "Stop_count", y = 'Price', palette= 'magma')
plt.title('Flight Price vs Total Stops')
plt.xlabel('Stops Count')
plt.ylabel('Price')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

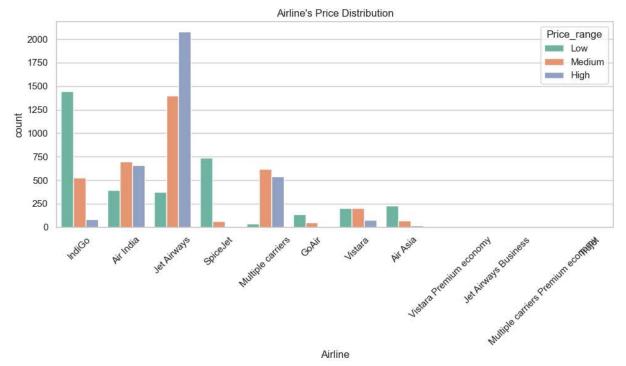
C:\Users\91946\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_1964\2419665557.py:2: FutureWarning:
Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.1
4.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `legend=False` for the same effect.
sns.boxenplot(data = df, x = "Stop\_count", y = 'Price', palette= 'magma')







```
In [26]: #Classify flights into prices range
    df['Price_range'] = pd.qcut(df['Price'], q = 3, labels = ['Low', 'Medium', "High"])
    sns.countplot(data=df, x='Airline', hue='Price_range', palette='Set2')
    plt.title("Airline's Price Distribution")
    plt.xticks(rotation=45)
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.show()
```



In [27]: df.head()

Out[27]:		Airline	Date_of_Journey	Source	Destination	Route	Dep_Time	Arrival_Time	Duratio
	0	IndiGo	2019-03-24	Banglore	New Delhi	BLR → DEL	22:20	01:10 22 Mar	2h 50
	1	Air India	2019-05-01	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU → IXR → BBI → BLR	05:50	13:15	7h 25
	2	Jet Airways	2019-06-09	Delhi	Cochin	DEL  → LKO → BOM → COK	09:25	04:25 10 Jun	1'
	3	IndiGo	2019-05-12	Kolkata	Banglore	CCU → NAG → BLR	18:05	23:30	5h 25
	4	IndiGo	2019-03-01	Banglore	New Delhi	BLR → NAG → DEL	16:50	21:35	4h 45
	5 rc	ows × 23	columns						