

Curso > Week 1... > 1. Intro... > Exercis...

### Audit Access Expires 5 de ago de 2020

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### **Exercise 8**

Finger Exercises due Aug 5, 2020 20:30 -03 Completo

Exercise 8

12/12 points (graded)

### **ESTIMATED TIME TO COMPLETE: 6 minutes**

Note that you will have to answer all questions before you can click the Check button.

For each of the following expressions, indicate the value returned, or if the evaluation would lead to an error, write the word 'error' (note this is a word, not a string, no quotes). While you could simply type these expressions into your IDE, we encourage you to answer them directly since this will help reinforce your understanding of basic Python expressions.

### Hint: Python boolean types

Remember that in Python words are case-sensitive. The word True is a Python keyword (it is the value of the Boolean type) and is not the same as the word true. Refer to the <u>Python documentation on Boolean values</u>.

Hint: Priority order of Boolean operations

For these problems, it's important to understand the priority of Boolean operations. The order of operations is as follows:

- 1. Parentheses. Before operating on anything else, Python must evaluate all parentheticals starting at the innermost level.
- 2. not statements.
- 3. and statements.

4. or statements.

What this means is that an expression like

not True and False

evaluates to False, because the not is evaluated first (not True is False), then the and is evaluated, yielding False and False which is False.

However the expression

not (True and False)

evaluates to True, because the expression inside the parentheses must be evaluated first - True and False is False. Next the not can be evaluated, yielding not False which is True.

Overall, you should always use parenthesis when writing expressions to make it clear what order you wish to have Python evaluate your expression. As we've seen here, not (True and False) is different from (not True) and False - but it's easy to see how Python will evaluate it when you use parentheses. A statement like not True and False can bring confusion!

• 3 > 4

4.0 > 3.999

True 

✓ Answer: True

4 > 4

False **✓ Answer:** False

• 4 > + 4

False 

✓ Answer: False

• 2 + 2 == 4

✓ Answer: True True True or False ✓ Answer: True True False or False ✓ Answer: False False not False ✓ Answer: True True 3.0 - 1.0 != 5.0 - 3.0 **✓ Answer:** False False 3 > 4 or (2 < 3 and 9 > 10) ✓ Answer: False **False** 4 > 5 or 3 < 4 and 9 > 8✓ Answer: True True not(4 > 3 and 100 > 6) ✓ Answer: False False Enviar

# **1** Answers are displayed within the problem

# Exercise 8

Ocultar discussão

**Topic:** Lecture 1 / Exercise 8

| Show all posts   ✓ por atividade re   | cente <b>\</b> |
|---|----------------|
| I answered all of these in lowercase, and got them wrong. Apparently the first letter has to be capital. I think it should say at the top that answers must be capitalised. | 2              |
| PEDMAS for Booleans I never realized that "not" "or" "and" statements all had a specific order!! Learned something cool   | 3              |
| ? Why True or False is True?  I am confused that why True or False is True?   | 15             |
| ? <u>last question</u><br>?can anyone explain the last question   | 2              |
| ? 4 > + 4 not an error?  Helo, isnt 4 > + 4 supposed to be an error or is the + kind of the same as negative or positive num  | 2              |
| ? <u>laptop</u> How do I do the programming interactive learning on my laptop on windows until now I'm only u   | 3              |
| good resources<br>check out JetBrain for good python resources and w3school   | 1              |
| did anybody else get "True" on this problem? 3 > 4 or (2 < 3 and 9 > 10) hello everybody, I ran this problem on my Python IDE and I got a true st                           | 2              |
| ? can someone explain why (False or False) is true?  i went into a mental maze thinking about this can anyone try to explain it in a simple way for me                      | 7              |
| It is real that I had zero only beacause of a cae letter<br>even if you are recommending, we are not programming - this is discouraging                                     | 1              |
| Here i share the simpleTruth Table for programming you must know:   | 1              |
| ? Exercise 8 Post-Reflection + Sandbox (for course coordinators)  Hi there, I seem to be unable to access the exercise 8 post-reflection and the sandbox at the end         | 16             |
| Compound Propositions in Programming In programming these not and or operators are called compound propositions. A proposition is   | 1              |

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