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Problem 3

Problem Set due Jun 25, 2020 20:30 -03 Completo

Problem 3 - Using Bisection Search to Make the Program Faster

20.0/20.0 points (graded)

You'll notice that in Problem 2, your monthly payment had to be a multiple of \$10. Why did we make it that way? You can try running your code locally so that the payment can be any dollar and cent amount (in other words, the monthly payment is a multiple of \$0.01). Does your code still work? It should, but you may notice that your code runs more slowly, especially in cases with very large balances and interest rates. (Note: when your code is running on our servers, there are limits on the amount of computing time each submission is allowed, so your observations from running this experiment on the grading system might be limited to an error message complaining about too much time taken.)

Well then, how can we calculate a more accurate fixed monthly payment than we did in Problem 2 without running into the problem of slow code? We can make this program run faster using a technique introduced in lecture - bisection search!

The following variables contain values as described below:

- 1. balance the outstanding balance on the credit card
- 2. annualInterestRate annual interest rate as a decimal

To recap the problem: we are searching for the smallest monthly payment such that we can pay off the entire balance within a year. What is a reasonable **lower bound** for this payment value? \$0 is the obvious answer, but you can do better than that. If there



was no interest, the debt can be paid off by monthly payments of one-twelfth of the original balance, so we must pay at least this much every month. One-twelfth of the original balance is a good lower bound.

What is a good **upper bound**? Imagine that instead of paying monthly, we paid off the entire balance at the end of the year. What we ultimately pay must be greater than what we would've paid in monthly installments, because the interest was compounded on the balance we didn't pay off each month. So a good upper bound for the monthly payment would be one-twelfth of the balance, *after* having its interest compounded monthly for an entire year.

In short:

```
Monthly interest rate = (Annual interest rate) / 12.0
Monthly payment lower bound = Balance / 12
Monthly payment upper bound = (Balance x (1 + Monthly interest rate)<sup>12</sup>) / 12.0
```

Write a program that uses these bounds and bisection search (for more info check out the Wikipedia page on bisection search) to find the smallest monthly payment to the cent (no more multiples of \$10) such that we can pay off the debt within a year. Try it out with large inputs, and notice how fast it is (try the same large inputs in your solution to Problem 2 to compare!). Produce the same return value as you did in Problem 2.

Note that if you do not use bisection search, your code will not run - your code only has 30 seconds to run on our servers.

Test Cases to Test Your Code With. Be sure to test these on your own machine - and that you get the same output! - before running your code on this webpage!

Click to See Problem 3 Test Cases

Note: The automated tests are leinient - if your answers are off by a few cents in either direction, your code is OK.

Be sure to test these on your own machine - and that you get the same output! - before running your code on this webpage!

Test Cases:

```
1 # Paste your code into this box
 2 def sinal(n):
      if n > 0:
 3
 4
          return 1
 5
      else:
 6
          return -1
 7
 8
9 def pagando_bi(saldo, juros_anuais, valor_minimo, tempo=12):
10
      taxa_mensal = juros_anuais / 12
11
      saldo_mes_sem_pagar = saldo - valor_minimo
12
      novo_saldo = saldo_mes_sem_pagar + (taxa_mensal * saldo_mes_sem_pagar)
13
14
      if tempo == 1:
15
           return round(novo_saldo, 2)
```

Press ESC then TAB or click outside of the code editor to exit

Correta

Test results

| | Problem 3 Problem Set 2 Material didatico 6.00.1x edX | |
|---------|--|---------------------|
| CORRECT | | <u> Hide output</u> |
| | Test Case 1 | |
| | balance = 320000; annualInterestRate = 0.2 | |
| | Output: | |
| | Lowest Payment: 29157.09 | |
| | Test Case 2 | |
| | balance = 999999; annualInterestRate = 0.18 | |
| | Output: | |
| | Lowest Payment: 90325.02 | |
| | Randomized Test Case 1 balance = 65390; annualInterestRate = 0.18 | |
| | Output: | |
| | Lowest Payment: 5906.36 | |
| | Randomized Test Case 2 | |
| | balance = 129413; annualInterestRate = 0.22 | |
| | Output: | |
| | Lowest Payment: 11894.27 | |
| | Randomized Test Case 3 | |

balance = 229117; annualInterestRate = 0.22

Output:

Lowest Payment: 21058.0

Randomized Test Case 4

balance = 491597; annualInterestRate = 0.18

Output:

Lowest Payment: 44403.56

Randomized Test Case 5

balance = 424216; annualInterestRate = 0.2

Output:

Lowest Payment: 38652.83

Randomized Test Case 6

balance = 243971; annualInterestRate = 0.2

Output:

Lowest Payment: 22229.64

Randomized Test Case 7

balance = 494616; annualInterestRate = 0.2

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Problem 3 | Problem Set 2 | Material didático 6.00.1x | edX Lowest Payment: 45067.39 Randomized Test Case 8 balance = 59243; annualInterestRate = 0.18 Output: Lowest Payment: 5351.13 Randomized Test Case 9 balance = 442440; annualInterestRate = 0.2 Output: Lowest Payment: 40313.32 Randomized Test Case 10 balance = 302024; annualInterestRate = 0.22 Output: Lowest Payment: 27758.84

Note:

Depending on where, and how frequently, you round during this function, your answers may be off a few cents in either direction. Try rounding as few times as possible in order to increase the accuracy of your result.

Important

Only hit "Check" once per submission. You only get 30 checks per problem.



Hide output

- ** Our automatic grader may take a few minutes to respond with feedback. If you hit "Check" multiple times, you will lose a check for every press of the button.
- ** If you're unfamiliar with how our autograder works, first try out one of the infinite check problems in the Functions lecture sequence.
- ** Please be judicious with your checks, as we are unable to give you more than 30 checks. However this should be more than sufficient: if you do your code development in your local environment, and ensure you can pass our test cases, you should not require more than a few checks once you paste your working, tested code into our code box.

If you believe you have correct code but it is marked incorrect after clicking "Check"...

** After you submit your code, you can see every test case the graders runs on your code. They compare what your code outputs with what our answer code is supposed to output. Click the small link titled "See Full Output" below the Test Results header.

"Staff Debug: L397 Error" means your code has an infinite loop...

** Clicking Check may give you the error:

There was a problem running your solution (Staff debug: L379).

We couldn't run your solution (Staff debug: L397). .

This means your code is taking too long or has an infinite loop. Test your code with more unique test cases, such as very large or very small values.

Do not define your own values

** For problems such as these, do not include <code>input</code> statements or define variables we told you would be given. Our automated testing will provide values for you - so write your code in the following box assuming those variables are already defined. The code you paste into the following box **should not** specify the values for the variables <code>balance</code> or <code>annualInterestRate</code>

Enviar

You have used 2 of 30 attempts

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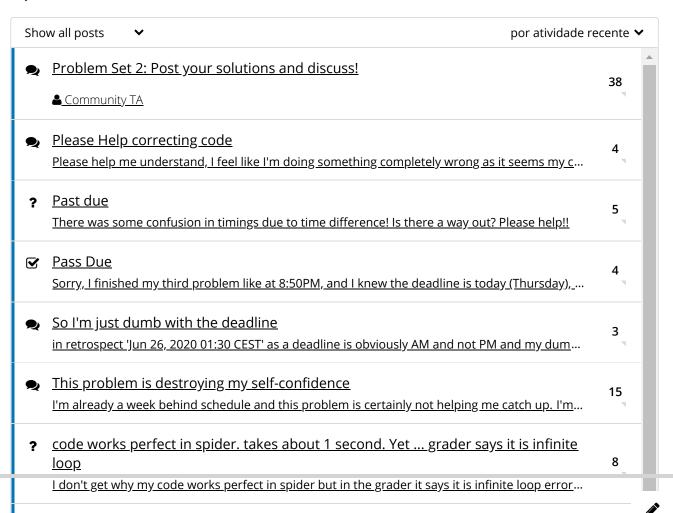
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Problem 3 - Using Bisection Search to Make the Program Faster

Ocultar discussão

Topic: Problem Set 2 / Problem 3



| ? | For loop float condition Hello. I am trying to set a condition for for loop, for x in range(0,epsilon). When I set epsilon=0 | 4 | |
|---|--|---|---|
| 2 | PSET 2.3: How many steps (on pythontutor.com) did it take your code to get the answer? How many steps (on pythontutor.com) did it take your code to get the answer? | 1 | |
| 2 | Problem set 2 question 3 trouble I was never able to figure out the answer to this problem. Here is my code. balance = 320000 | 2 | |
| ? | I tried to submit for the last hour and half and I was not able to submit Hi are there any issues with submissions please? for part 3? I could not submit my solution pl | 6 | |
| Q | I developed the algorithm but I did not notice the deadline. Is there a way to verify my algorithm? I developed the algorithm but I did not notice the deadline. Is there a way to verify my algorith | 2 | • |

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