CSE 1007 LAB 9 -AISHWARYA S 19BCE1709

1. Lambda function

}

```
CODE:
```

```
import java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
class lab91
@FunctionalInterface
interface funcparam<p1, p2>
   public void param(p1 pone,p2 ptwo);
public static void main(String args[])
    System.out.print("Aishwarya S 19BCE1709\n");
  Map<Object,ArrayList<String>> personlist = new HashMap<>();
   String name, age, weight;
   ArrayList<String>[] arr = new ArrayList[2];
   Scanner s= new Scanner(System.in);
   for(int i=1;i<=2;i++)</pre>
         arr[i-1] = new ArrayList<String>();
       System.out.print("Person "+ i+"\n");
         System.out.print("Name: ");
         name=s.nextLine();
          arr[i-1].add(name);
         System.out.print("Age: ");
         age=s.nextLine();
         arr[i-1].add(age);
          System.out.print("Weight: ");
          weight= s.nextLine();
          arr[i-1].add(weight);
```

```
funcparam<ArrayList<String>, ArrayList<String>> m = ( a, b) -> {
   if(a.get(0).compareTo(b.get(0))<0&&
   Integer.parseInt(a.get(1))>Integer.parseInt(b.get(1)) &&
   Float.parseFloat(a.get(2))>Float.parseFloat(b.get(2)))
        System.out.print("Person 1 is greater than person 2\n");
        else if(a.get(0).compareTo(b.get(0))>0&&
   Integer.parseInt(a.get(1))<Integer.parseInt(b.get(1)) &&
   Float.parseFloat(a.get(2))<Float.parseFloat(b.get(2)))
        System.out.print("Person 2 is greater than person 1\n");
        else
            System.out.print("Neither person is greater thean the other\n");
};

m.param(arr[0],arr[1]);
}
</pre>
```

TEST CASE 1:

```
📴 Desktop — -zsh — 80×24
Last login: Fri Apr 9 10:07:08 on ttys000
[(base) aishwarya@Aishwaryas—MacBook—Pro ~ % cd Desktop
[(base) aishwarya@Aishwaryas—MacBook—Pro Desktop % javac lab91.java
Note: lab91.java uses unchecked or unsafe operations.
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:unchecked for details.
(base) aishwarya@Aishwaryas-MacBook-Pro Desktop % java lab91
Aishwarya S 19BCE1709
Person 1
Name: Alan
Age: 40
Weight: 70
Person 2
Name: Bob
Age: 30
Weight: 60
Person 1 is greater than person 2
(base) aishwarya@Aishwaryas-MacBook-Pro Desktop %
```

TEST CASE 2:

```
[(base) aishwarya@Aishwaryas-MacBook-Pro Desktop % java lab91
Aishwarya S 19BCE1709
Person 1
Name: Barry
Age: 25
Weight: 70
Person 2
Name: Astrid
Age: 30
Weight: 80
Person 2 is greater than person 1
(base) aishwarya@Aishwaryas-MacBook-Pro Desktop %
```

TEST CASE 3:

```
Desktop — -zsh — 80×24

[(base) aishwarya@Aishwaryas-MacBook-Pro Desktop % java lab91

Aishwarya S 19BCE1709
Person 1

Name: Alan
Age: 35

Weight: 65
Person 2

Name: Bob
Age: 40

Weight: 55

Neither person is greater thean the other
(base) aishwarya@Aishwaryas-MacBook-Pro Desktop %
```

2. - Add or remove a student from h1

- Iterate over the maps and display the key-value pairs stored in them
- Given a student name, fetch the names of all those who teach him/her.

CODE:

}

```
import java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
class java92
  static void removestu(Map<String,ArrayList<String>> students)
 { System.out.print("\nEnter the name of the student to be removed\n");
  System.out.println(students+"\n");
  Scanner s= new Scanner(System.in);
   String st= s.nextLine();
      students.remove(st);
   System.out.print("\nStudent has been removed\n");
}
static void addstu(Map<String,ArrayList<String>> students)
   { System.out.println("\n"+students);
     Scanner s= new Scanner(System.in);
    ArrayList<String> subjs= new ArrayList();
     System.out.print("\nEnter the details of the student to be added\n");
     System.out.print("\nName: ");
           String name=s.nextLine();
           System.out.print("Enter the subjects: ");
          String m=s.nextLine();
           String sub[]=m.split("\\s+");
           while(sub.length>3)
                  System.out.print("Max 3; enter again: ");
                  m=s.nextLine();
                  sub=m.split("\\s+");
           for(String str: sub)
           { subjs.add(str);
           students.put(name, subjs);
```

```
static void dispmaps(Map<String, ArrayList<String>> m1)
    for (Map.Entry<String, ArrayList<String>> entry : ml.entrySet())
                 System.out.print("\nName: "+ entry.getKey()+"\nSubjects:
"+entry.getValue());
      }
 }
          static
                          void
                                       findf(Map<String,ArrayList<String>>
m1, Map<String, ArrayList<String>> m2 ) throws NullPointerException
 System.out.print("\n\nEnter the name of the student whose faculties you
want to find: ");
 Scanner s= new Scanner(System.in);
   String st= s.nextLine();
    ArrayList<String> sub l = sub l= m1.get(st);
    try{
   for(String ss: sub_1)
         for(Map.Entry<String, ArrayList<String>> entry : m2.entrySet())
           {
               if (entry.getValue().contains(ss))
                   teachers.add(entry.getKey());
     }
 }
     catch(Exception n)
        System.out.print("Student does not exist\n");
     System.out.print("The faculties are: ");
    for(String hs:teachers )
      {
          System.out.print(hs+" ");
      }
```

```
System.out.print("\n");
}
  public static void main(String args[]) throws NullPointerException
        Map<String,ArrayList<String>> students = new HashMap<>();
     Map<String, ArrayList<String>> teacher course = new HashMap<>();
         ArrayList<String> subjs= new ArrayList();
        System.out.print("AISHWARYA S 19BCE1709\n");
        Scanner s= new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of students: ");
        int n=s.nextInt();
        s.nextLine();
        String m;
        String name;
        for (int i=0;i<n;i++)</pre>
          { subjs= new ArrayList();
              boolean f=false;
              System.out.print("\nName: ");
          name=s.nextLine();
          System.out.print("Enter the subjects: ");
          m=s.nextLine();
          String sub[]=m.split("\\s+");
          while(sub.length>3)
                 System.out.print("Max 3; enter again: ");
                  m=s.nextLine();
                 sub=m.split("\\s+");
            }
          for(String str: sub)
          { subjs.add(str);
          students.put(name, subjs);
          }
          System.out.print("\nEnter the number of faculties: ");
          int n1=s.nextInt();
           s.nextLine();
           for(int i=0;i<n1;i++)</pre>
```

```
{ subjs= new ArrayList();
         boolean f=false;
          System.out.print("\nName: ");
      name=s.nextLine();
      System.out.print("Enter the subjects: ");
     m=s.nextLine();
      String sub[]=m.split("\\s+");
      for(String str: sub)
      { subjs.add(str);
    teacher_course.put(name, subjs);
 removestu(students);
 addstu(students);
 System.out.print("\nStudent List\n");
 dispmaps(students);
 System.out.print("\n\nFaculty List\n");
 dispmaps(teacher_course);
 findf(students, teacher_course);
}
```

OUTPUT.

```
[(base) aishwarya@Aishwaryas-MacBook-Pro Desktop % javac java92.java
Note: java92.java uses unchecked or unsafe operations.
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:unchecked for details.
[(base) aishwarya@Aishwaryas-MacBook-Pro Desktop % java java92
AISHWARYA S 19BCE1709
Enter the number of students: 3
Name: Arthur
Enter the subjects: STS English C++ Maths
Max 3; enter again: STS English C++
Name: Sadie
Enter the subjects: STS C++
Name: Marston
Enter the subjects: English
Enter the number of faculties: 3
Name: Dutch
Enter the subjects: Java C++
Name: Hosea
Enter the subjects: Maths
Name: Pearson
Enter the subjects: STS English
Enter the name of the student to be removed
{Arthur=[STS, English, C++], Marston=[English], Sadie=[STS, C++]}
Sadie
Student has been removed
{Arthur=[STS, English, C++], Marston=[English]}
Enter the details of the student to be added
Name: Molly
Enter the subjects: Java STS
Student List
Name: Arthur
Subjects: [STS, English, C++]
Name: Molly
Subjects: [Java, STS]
Name: Marston
Subjects: [English]
Faculty List
Name: Hosea
Subjects: [Maths]
Name: Pearson
Subjects: [STS, English]
Name: Dutch
Subjects: [Java, C++]
Enter the name of the student whose faculties you want to find: Molly
The faculties are: Pearson Dutch
(base) aishwarya@Aishwaryas-MacBook-Pro Desktop %
```

3. Identify the students who had took all breakfast, lunch, dinner and none of these in the mess

CODE:

```
import java.util.*;
class java93<T>
 Set<T> s = new HashSet<T>();
 Set<T> b = new HashSet<T>();
Set<T> 1 = new HashSet<T>();
  Set<T> d = new HashSet<T>();
 public void addtostu(T t)
  {
       s.add(t);
   }
public void addtob(T t)
      b.add(t);
  public void addtol(T t)
       l.add(t);
  public void addtod(T t)
       d.add(t);
  public void find_a()
     { Set<T> as = new HashSet<T>(s);
         System.out.print("Students who took breakfast, dinner, and
lunch\n");
        as.retainAll(b);
         as.retainAll(1);
         as.retainAll(d);
         System.out.println(as);
     public void find_n()
     { Set<T> ns = new HashSet<T>(s);
```

```
System.out.print("Students who did not take anything\n");
         ns.removeAll(b);
          ns.removeAll(1);
          ns.removeAll(d);
         System.out.println(ns);
     }
public static void main(String[] args)
{ java93 obj= new java93();
   System.out.print("Aishwarya S 19BCE1709\n");
Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
String c;
int ch;
{\tt System.out.print("Enter the data type you want to use\\ {\tt n(String 1, Character}
2, Integer: 3, Float 4): ");
ch=sc.nextInt();
sc.nextLine();
//String[] arr=new String[] {"Integer", "String", "Character", "Double",
"Long"};
System.out.print("Enter the students: ");
c= sc.nextLine();
String arr[] = c.split("\\s+");
for(String st: arr)
  {
     if (ch==1)
        obj.addtostu(st);
       else if(ch==2)
          obj.addtostu(st.charAt(0));
       else if(ch==3)
          obj.addtostu(Integer.parseInt(st));
       else
           obj.addtostu(Float.parseFloat(st));
  }
System.out.print("Enter the students who took breakfast: ");
c= sc.nextLine();
arr= c.split("\\s+");
for(String st: arr)
```

```
{ if (ch==1)
        obj.addtob(st);
       else if(ch==2)
          obj.addtob(st.charAt(0));
       else if(ch==3)
          obj.addtob(Integer.parseInt(st));
       else
           obj.addtob(Float.parseFloat(st));
    }
System.out.print("Enter the students who took lunch: ");
c= sc.nextLine();
arr= c.split("\\s+");
for(String st: arr)
     if (ch==1)
        obj.addtol(st);
       else if(ch==2)
          obj.addtol(st.charAt(0));
       else if(ch==3)
          obj.addtol(Integer.parseInt(st));
       else
           obj.addtol(Float.parseFloat(st));
 }
System.out.print("Enter the students who took dinner: ");
c= sc.nextLine();
arr= c.split("\\s+");
for(String st: arr)
{if(ch==1)
    obj.addtod(st);
       else if(ch==2)
          obj.addtod(st.charAt(0));
       else if(ch==3)
          obj.addtod(Integer.parseInt(st));
       else
           obj.addtod(Float.parseFloat(st));
```

```
obj.find_a();
obj.find_n();
}
```

OUTPUTS:

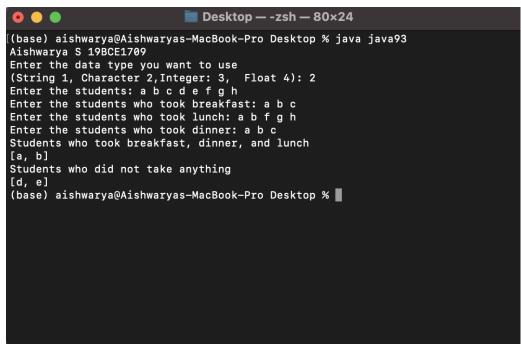
TEST CASE 1:

```
[(base) aishwarya@Aishwaryas-MacBook-Pro Desktop % javac java93.java
Note: java93.java uses unchecked or unsafe operations.
Note: Recompile with -Xlint:unchecked for details.
[(base) aishwarya@Aishwaryas-MacBook-Pro Desktop % java java93
Aishwarya S 19BCE1709
Enter the data type you want to use
(String 1, Character 2,Integer: 3, Float 4): 1
Enter the students: Dutch Arthur Sadie Javier Micah Marston
Enter the students who took breakfast: Marston Arthur
Enter the students who took lunch: Arthur Sadie Dutch
Enter the students who took dinner: Javier Arthur
Students who took breakfast, dinner, and lunch
[Arthur]
Students who did not take anything
[Micah]
(base) aishwarya@Aishwaryas-MacBook-Pro Desktop %
```

TEST CASE 2:

```
[(base) aishwarya@Aishwaryas-MacBook-Pro Desktop % java java93
Aishwarya S 19BCE1709
Enter the data type you want to use
(String 1, Character 2,Integer: 3, Float 4): 3
Enter the students: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15
Enter the students who took breakfast: 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11
Enter the students who took lunch: 11 12 13 9 8 14 6 5 4
Enter the students who took dinner: 5 10 11 12 7 4 3 8 6
Students who took breakfast, dinner, and lunch
[4, 5, 6, 8, 11]
Students who did not take anything
[1, 2, 15]
(base) aishwarya@Aishwaryas-MacBook-Pro Desktop %
```

TEST CASE 3:



TEST CASE 4:

