

# sycam@re lab

SYSTEMS CONTROL AND MULTIAGENT OPTIMIZATION RESEARCH

SEMESTER PROJECT
FINAL PRESENTATION

COORDINATION AND CONTROL OF A GROUP OF GROUND ROBOTS

Pierre Chassagne

# COORDINATION AND CONTROL OF A GROUP OF GROUND ROBOTS

# **Motivation**

#### What?

Create a practical testing environment:

- Flexible
- Modulable
- Easy to use / Easy to setup

#### Why?

- No existing open-source projects with JetBots and multi-agent control
- Enable real life conditions testing

#### How?

- ROS2
- Jetbots
- Optitrack

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# **Background**

- ROS2
  - Robotic Operating System
  - Set of software libraries and tools for building robot applications
  - Real-time control
  - Added support for multi-robot system

- Jetbot
  - Open-source ground robots
  - NVIDIA Jetson Nano
  - GPU
  - Camera



# **Challenges**

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- ROS2
  - Network connection
  - Architecture
  - Real time position tracking
  - Flexibility
  - Easy to use / to setup

Jetbots

- OS configuration
- Control
- Task Assignment [TA]
- System compatibility

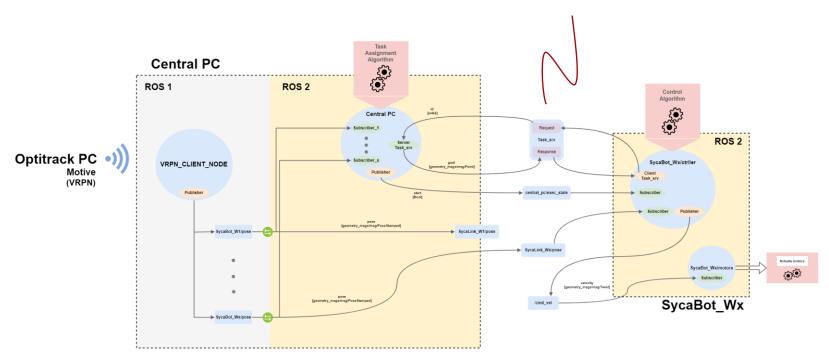
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## **General architecture**

#### Wireless Communication



COORDINATION AND CONTROL OF A GROUP OF GROUND ROBOTS

### **C-CAPT** with N robots and M goals & LQR

#### **C-CAPT** with N robots and M goals

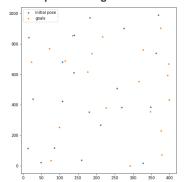
 $\mathbf{Do}$ : generate M>N goals spaced by  $\Delta$ 

While M>N: Remove one goal randomly

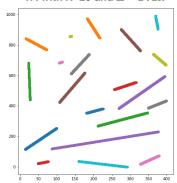
**Compute** :  $D_{i,j} = ||x_i(t_0) - g_j||^2 \quad \forall i \in \mathcal{I}_N, \forall j \in \mathcal{I}_M$ 

**Solve**:  $\phi^* = argmin \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sum_{j=1}^{M} \phi_{i,j} D_{i,j}$ 

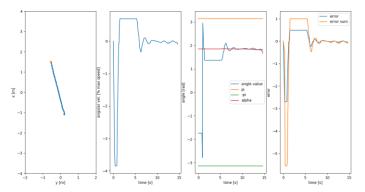
#### Initial poses and goal locations



# TA with N=20 and $\Delta = 2\sqrt{2R}$



#### **Discrete LQR**



$$\min \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} J_k = \mathbf{x}_{\mathbf{k}}^{\mathsf{T}} Q \mathbf{x}_{\mathbf{k}} + u_k^2 R$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} e_{k+1}^{\theta} \\ e_{k+1}^{\theta_i} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ T_s & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} e_k^{\theta} \\ e_k^{\theta_i} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} T_s \\ T_s^{\theta_i} \end{bmatrix} u_k$$

$$u_{k+1} = c_k^{\theta} e_k^{\theta} + c_k^{\theta_i} e_k^{\theta_i}$$





# **Demonstration**



# **Open issues – Future work**

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- Open Issues
  - Wireless communication
  - Docker

- Future work
  - MPC
  - Safe learning
  - Cameras
  - Performance analysis



# Thank you for your attention