# Fine-Tuning TrOCR for Malayalam Handwritten Text Recognition

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Objective: Convert the given Malayalam handwritten documents to text.

Solution: Create a robust OCR model, identify and fine-tune the model with the given dataset.

**Dataset:** IIIT-INDIC-HW-WORDS: A Dataset for Indic Handwritten Text Recognition [Link]

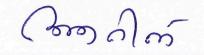
#### **Dataset Folder Structure**

```
DatasetFolder/
- train/
  — image1.jpg
  - image2.jpg
  └─ ... (total: 85,270 files)
- test/
  image1.jpg
    - image2.jpg
  └─ ... (total: 19,635 files)
- val/
  image1.jpg
    - image2.jpg
  └─ ... (total: 11,878 files)
- train.txt
 └─ (entries: train/1.jpg, 1551)
- test.txt
 └─ (entries: test/1.jpg, 11512)
- val.txt
  └─ (entries: val/1.jpg, 8489)
- vocab.txt
   — അംഗ
    – അംഗങ്ങളായ
   — അംഗങ്ങളുമായ
    – അംഗങ്ങളേ
    – അംഗത്തെ
```

# Data sample

34 (monos 2) 13 20 21 21 102 m3

on 3 27 cm



### Fine-tuning approach

**Model selection: TrOCR**, used the *trocr-base-handwritten* pretrained model.

*Trocr-base-handwritten* is trained on handwritten text in English.

Since it is trained on English, we needed a tokenizer capable of handling Malayalam script efficiently. So, the custom tokenizer is created using SentencePiece on the Malayalam corpus and converted to HuggingFace format.

Malayalam corpus: Used public domain data and Wikipedia Malayalam data Corpus info:

Total characters: 248443889 Total words: 24188460

# Fine-tuning key steps:

## **Data Preparation:**

Images were preprocessed and loaded using a Dataset class compatible with Hugging Face Trainer.

#### Model Setup:

Utilized TrOCRProcessor (which includes a VisionEncoderDecoder architecture).

Processor was initialized with a pretrained vision encoder and custom tokenizer.

# Training:

Hugging Face Seq2SeqTrainer was used for training.

Metrics such as Character Error Rate (CER) were computed during evaluation.

Checkpoints were saved, and the final model was stored locally.

#### **Evaluation:**

The model was reloaded from disk and tested on a few sample images.

Decoded output was compared to the ground truth to assess accuracy.

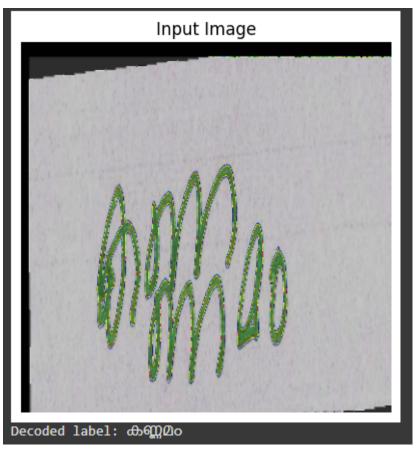
# Visualization:

Training and evaluation losses were plotted.

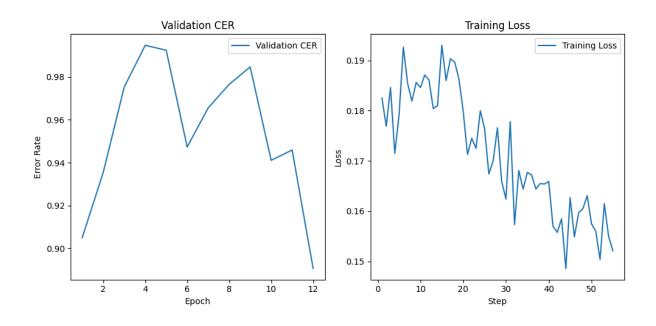
Curve plots indicate convergence and model stability across epochs.

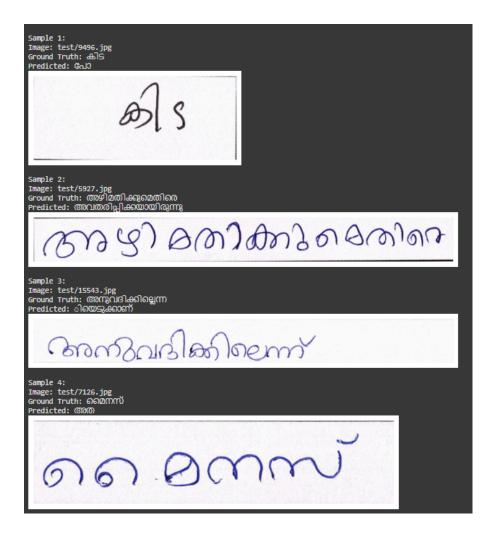
Github Links: Custom Tokenizer

TrOCR Fine-tuning



TrocrProcessor will automatically process the image to the expected image input size,  $384 \times 384$  pixels.





## **Full Document Processing Step:**

The current model accuracy is relatively low; we need to fine-tune the model with a larger dataset that includes more handwritten samples

For full document reading, the following steps are recommended:

#### **Text Line Detection:**

Process the document image using a line segmentation algorithm to identify and extract the coordinates of each text line.

## Line Cropping:

Crop the image based on detected line coordinates. Each cropped line becomes an input to the recognition model.

## **Text Recognition:**

Feed each cropped line into the fine-tuned TrOCR model for line-level recognition. The TrOCRProcessor will automatically handle resizing and normalization.

#### **Text Reconstruction:**

Concatenate the recognized lines in sequence to reconstruct the full document text.