

Assignment 2

Due: 11:59pm Oct. 2 (Tuesday)

This assignment is done individually or by a group of 2 students.

-Each group should submit only ONE copy of the assignment

- Please include the name, the section #, and the email of all group members in readme

1. [10 points] Consider the following two languages:
L1: strings over $\{0,1\}$ such that they contain even number of 1's
L2: the set of all bit strings (i.e. strings over alphabet $\{0,1\}$) that are divisible by 4
(1) Write a regular expression corresponding to L1
(2) Write a regular expression corresponding to L2
2. [10 points] Draw an automaton that accepts the regular expression $b?a(c^+b)^*$
3. [20 points] Question 5.8 (a) Draw the symbol table for the following C program at the three points (point 1, point 2, and point 3) using static scope. (b) What does the program print using static scope rule ? (c) What does the program print using dynamic scope rule ?

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int a, b ;
```

```
int p(void)
{ int a, p ;
  /* point 1 */
  a = 0 ; b = 1 ; p = 2 ;
  return p ;
}
```

```
void print(void)
{ print("%d\n%d\n", a,b) ;
}
```

```
void q(void)
{ int b ;
  /* point 2 */
  a = 3 ; b = 4 ;
  print() ;
}
```

```
main()
{ /* point 3 */
  a = p() ;
  q() ;
}
```

4. [15 points] Question 5.26

5.26 Given the following C program, draw box-and-circle diagrams of the variables after each of the two assignments to `**x` (lines 11 and 15). Which variables are aliases of each other at each of those points? What does the program print?

```
(1) #include <stdio.h>
(2) main()
(3) { int **x;
(4)   int *y;
(5)   int z;
(6)   x = (int**) malloc(sizeof(int*));
(7)   y = (int*) malloc(sizeof(int));
(8)   z = 1;
(9)   *y = 2;
(10)  *x = y;
(11)  **x = z;
(12)  printf("%d\n", *y);
(13)  z = 3;
(14)  printf("%d\n", *y);
(15)  **x = 4;
(16)  printf("%d\n", z);
(17)  return 0;
(18) }
```

5. [15 points] Question 8.9 Give the output of the following program using call-by-value, call-by-reference, and call-by-name.

```
int i;
int a[3];

void swap( int x, int y)
{ x = x + y;
  y = x - y;
  x = x - y;
}

main()
{ i = 1;
  a[0] = 2;
  a[1] = 1;
  a[2] = 0;
  swap(i, a[i]);
  printf("%d %d %d\n", i, a[0], a[1], a[2]);
  swap(a[i], a[i]);
  printf("%d %d %d\n", a[0], a[1], a[2]);
  return 0;
}
```

6. [20 points] Let **input.txt** be a file containing a sequence of strings. The strings are separated using new lines. Write a Perl program **match.pl** which reads a file **input.txt** and print (1) strings that contain “hi”, (2) strings that contain exact one vowel characters (i.e. a, e, i, o, u), and (3) strings that contain two or more `l`, and (4) strings that begin with the letter “h” and end with the letter “t”. Assume that **input.txt** contains only characters a-z.

For example, assume that **input.txt** is:

day
thill
helolol
hot
hotu

Output:

day contains one vowel characters
thill contains hi
thill contains one vowel characters
thill contains two or more l
helolol contains two or more l
hot contains one vowel characters
hot begins with h and ends with t

[Submission guideline](#)

You need to hand in your assignment electronically using the blackboard, which contains:

- readme, which contains the name, the session #, and the email address of all group members
- assignment2.pdf, which contains solution to the problems 1-6.
- match.pl

Please place the above files under one directory with a unique name (such as p2-[userid] for assignment 2, e.g. p2-pyang).

Tar the contents of this directory using the following command.

tar -cvf [directory_name].tar [directory_name]

E.g. tar -cvf p2-pyang.tar p2-pyang/

Use the Blackboard to upload the tared file you created above.