

Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

P2121

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5803]-101

First Year B.B.A. (Computer Application)
CA-101 : BUSINESS COMMUNICATION SKILLS
(2019 CBCS Pattern) (Semester -I)

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*

Q1) A) Fill in the blanks (Attempt any five out of Six):

[5]

- a) The term “communis” derived from_____word.
 - i) Greek
 - ii) Latin
 - iii) Chinese
 - iv) English
- b) Communication means _____ information, feeling and thoughts, with others.
 - i) To receive
 - ii) Exchange of
 - iii) Conveying
 - iv) All of the above
- c) _____ should not be included in the physical appearance of the Business letter.
 - i) Margin
 - ii) Date
 - iii) Folding
 - iv) Typing
- d) The purpose of interview is to assess the_____.
 - i) Candidate
 - ii) External personality.
 - iii) Background
 - iv) Status
- e) Video conferencing makes it easier to access expert in_____.
 - i) Medical Environment
 - ii) Medical storage
 - iii) Medical stock
 - iv) Relevant
- f) Voicemail is also known as_____.
 - i) Voice male
 - ii) Voice bank
 - iii) Voice tank
 - iv) Voice communication

P.T.O.

- B) Match the following: [5]
- | | |
|---------------------------|--|
| 1) External Communication | a) Direct Communication |
| 2) Presentation requires | b) Official communication |
| 3) Memo | c) Inward or outward communication |
| 4) Gesture | d) The media through which message is conveyed |
| 5) Channel | e) Right attitude |
- C) True or False (Attempt any four out of five) [4]
- a) Grapevine communication is associated with Horizontal communication.
 - b) Voice mail is a computer based system.
 - c) Orders and directives are the example of downward communication.
 - d) Warren Buffet invented the WhatsApp.
 - e) When business letter is written in brief it is said that it has followed the principle of consciousness.

- Q2) Short Answer (Attempt any three out of four) [3×8=24]**
- a) Explain in detail the Need for effective communication.
 - b) Write is Non-Verbal communication. State importance & Merits Non-Verbal communication.
 - c) Explain Need of Business correspondence in detail.
 - d) Write short note on tele conferencing with merits and demerits.

- Q3) Long answer (Attempt any two out of four) [2×16=32]**
- a) Define communication. Explain barriers of communication and suggest the remedies to overcome the barriers.
 - b) What is Oral communication? Differentiate between oral and written communication.
 - c) Explain written communication? Explain types of written communication in detail with their merits.
 - d) State and explain different media of communication in detail.



Total No. of Questions : 3]

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

P2122

[5803]-102

First Year B.B.A.

CA-102 : PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT

(CBCS 2019 Pattern) (Semester -I)

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figure to the right indicate full marks.*

Q1) a) Fill in the blanks (any 5).

[5 × 1 = 5]

- i) _____ is concerned with study of movement of workers, Parts, materials and eliminates unnecessary movements.
- ii) _____ refers to centralised control in decentralised structure
- iii) _____ referes to issuing orders & instructions to subordinates
- iv) The achievement motivation theory was given by _____
- v) _____ means diffusion of Authority
- vi) _____ is a sequence of suddenly disturbing events which have negative impact on organisation.

b) Match the following.

[5×1=5]

A

B

- | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| i) Change | a) Hierachy of needs |
| ii) Evolution of management | b) Art of getting things done |
| iii) Motivation | c) results from stimuli |
| iv) Planning | d) Schools of thought |
| v) Management | e) countinuous in Nature |

P.T.O.

- c) State True or False. **[4×1=4]**
- i) Problem solving teams are temporary in nature.
 - ii) The third function of management is directing.
 - iii) Scientific management is based on the principles of direction.
 - iv) Forecasting is subset of planning.
 - v) Simulation refers to how a company with limited resources make optimum use of resources.

Q2) Answer any 3. **[3×8=24]**

- a) Explain principles of direction.
- b) Elaborate on role of managers in management.
- c) What are the various causes of Workstress?
- d) Explain relation between planning and decision making.

Q3) Answer any 2. **[2×16=32]**

- a) Explain & define forecasting. Explain techniques of forecasting with diagram.
- b) Explain 14 principles of management by Henry Fayol.
- c) What is management? Explain various functions of management.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

P2123

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5803]-103

First Year B.B.A. (C.A.)

CA-103 : C LANGUAGE

(CBCS 2019 Pattern) (Semester -I)

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 3) *Questions : Total Number of Questions are : 5*

Q1) Attempt any Eight of the following (Out of Ten)

[8×2=16]

- a) Define identifier.
- b) Explain continue statement.
- c) Define for loop.
- d) What is C character set?
- e) Define Associativity.
- f) Define if-else statement?
- g) Define printf()
- h) What do you mean by static variable?
- i) Define pointer in C.
- j) Give the syntax of malloc()

Q2) Attempt any four of the following (Out of Five)

[4×4=16]

- a) Differentiate between entry control and exit control loop.
- b) Define structure. Give suitable example.
- c) What is a 1-D Array? How to represent 1 D array in memory.
- d) Write an algorithm and draw flow chart to find minimum of two numbers.
- e) Write a program to find the sum of digits of a number using function.

Q3) Attempt any Four of the following (Out of Five).

[4×4=16]

- a) Define operator. List and explain any four categories of operators in C.
- b) What is string? Explain any four functions of string.
- c) Explain call by value and call by reference with example.
- d) Write a program to find the given number is armstrong or not.
- e) Write a C program to add two matrices.

P.T.O.

Q4) Attempt any Four of the following (Out of Five)

[4×4=16]

- a) What is function? Explain types of function.
- b) What is storage class? Explain types of storage classes.
- c) Explain switch statement with example.
- d) Write a program to print Fibonacci series up to n numbers.
- e) Trace the output

- i)

```
int main()
{
    char str 1[]="Hello";
    chr str2[]="Hello";
    if(str1==str2)
        printf("string are equal");
    else
        printf("string are not equal");
    getch();
}
```
- ii)

```
int main()
{
    float a[]={ 12.4,2.3,5.6,7.8};
    printf("%d',sizeof(a)/sizeof(a[0]));
    getch();
}
```

Q5) Write a short note on any two of the following (Out of Three)

[2×3=6]

- a) strcat()
- b) *Data type*
- c) break statement



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

P2124

[Total No. of Pages : 4

[5803]-104

First Year B.B.A. (CA)

CA-104 : DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

(CBCS 2019 Pattern) (Semester -I)

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to right indicate marks.*

Q1) Attempt any Eight of the following:

[16]

- a) Enlist four basic file operations.
- b) Define Data and Information.
- c) Define the term Cardinality.
- d) Explain the use of COUNT () with example.
- e) What is Insertion Anomaly?
- f) Write two categories of Data Models.
- g) Explain character data type of SQL.
- h) Define Candidate key.
- i) Write two advantages of Sequential file organization.
- j) Define Functional Dependency.

Q2) Attempt any Four of the following:

[16]

- a) Explain sequential file organization.
- b) Write a note on Data Dictionary
- c) Explain object oriented model.
- d) Explain aggregate function in SQL with example.
- e) List various DDL command. Explain any one with example.

P.T.O.

Q3) Attempt any Four of the following:

[16]

a) Consider the following Entities and Relationships & solve the queries:

Department (dept_no, dept_name, location)

Employee (emp_no, emp_name, address, salary, designation)

Relation between Department and Employee is **One to Many**

Constraint: Primary key, salary should be > 0

- Find total salary of all computer department employees.
- Find the name of department whose salary is above 10000.

b) Consider the following Entities and Relationships & solve the queries:

Book (Book_no, title, author, price, year_published)

Customer (cid, cname, addr)

Relation between Book and Customer is **Many to Many**.

Constraint: Primary key, price should be >0.

- Display author wise details of book.
- Display customer name that has purchased more than 3 books.

c) Consider the following Entities and Relationships & solve the queries:

Musician (mno, mname, addr, phno)

Album (title, copy_right_date, format)

Relation between Musicians and Album is **One to Many**.

Constraint: Primary key.

- Display all albums composed by 'A R Rehman'.
- Display musician details who have composed Audio album.

d) Consider the following Entities and Relationships & solve the queries:

Sailor (sid, sname, age)

Boats (bid, bname, color)

Relation between Sailer and Boats is **Many to Many**

Constraint: Primary key, age should be > 0 .

- Display details of all boats sailed by sailor 'Ram'.
- Display Sailor names working on blue boat.

e) Consider the following Entities and Relationships & solve the queries:

Account (ano, branchname, balance)

Customer (cust_no, cust name, street, city)

Relation between Account and Customer is **Many to Many**.

Constraint: Primary key, balance should be > 500 .

- Display customer details with balance between 100000 and 200000.
- Display customers having more than two accounts in Chinchwad branch.

Q4) Attempt any Four of the following:

[16]

- Explain dense index and sparse index.
- Explain with example the Degree of Relationship Set
- Explain the following aggregate functions:
 - SUM()
 - MIN()
- Consider the following Entities and Relationships & solve the queries:

Property (pno, desc, area, rate)

Owner (owner_name, addr, phno)

Relation between owner and Property is **One to Many**.

- Display property owned by Mr.Patil'.
- Display all properties with owner name that located in Chinchwad area.

e) Consider the following Entities and Relationships & solve the queries:

Branch (bname, bcity, assets)

Loan (loan no, amount)

Relation between Branch and Loan is **One to Many**

- Display total loan amount given by ABC branch.
- Find the name of branch that have assets located in Mumbai.

Q5) Write short notes on any Two of the following:

[6]

- a) Advantages and Disadvantages of RDBMS.
- b) Normalization
- c) Generalization in ER Modelling.



Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

P3012

[Total No. of Pages : 4

[5803]-105

F.Y. B.B.A.(CA)

CA 105 : BUSINESS STATISTICS

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - I)

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 3) Notations and abbreviations have their usual meaning.
- 4) Simple calculator is allowed.

Q1) A) Fill in the blanks :

[10]

- i) _____ makes clear presentation of data.
- ii) _____ is a value which is typical or representative of a set of data.
- iii) _____ is a statistical tool used to measure the relationship between two sets of variables.
- iv) _____ is the simplest absolute measure of dispersion which shows the difference between the highest and the lowest value in a series.
- v) $\frac{\sigma}{\bar{X}} \times 100 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

B) True or false :

[6]

- i) The sum of all the observation divided by Number of observation is mean.
- ii) The value of correlation coefficient in perfect degree lies between +1 and -1.
- iii) Cumulative frequency polygon is also called absicca.

P.T.O.

Q2) Attempt any 4 out of 6 :

[16]

- a) Write meaning and definition of statistics. Explain the importance of statistics.
- b) Calculate combined mean for the following data :
 $N_1 = 50$ $N_2 = 40$
 $\bar{X}_1 = 63$ $\bar{X}_2 = 54$
- c) Find standard deviation : 8, 10, 15, 24, 28.
- d) Prepare Histogram from the following data :
 $X: 5 \quad 10 \quad 15 \quad 20 \quad 25$
 $f: 10 \quad 20 \quad 30 \quad 10 \quad 05$
- e) The coefficient of correlation between two variable X, Y is 0.6. Their covariance is 18. The variance of X is 25. Find variance of Y series.
- f) From the following data calculate Quartile Deviation X = 4, 9, 14, 19, 24, 29, 34, 39, 44, 49 and 54.

Q3) Attempt any 4 :

[16]

- a) Explain the properties of Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation.
- b) Calculate Mean, Median and Mode for :
12, 13, 15, 12, 17, 12, 13
- c) The following is the distribution of height of students in a class of secondary school.
Height in cm : 130-134 135-139 140-144 145-149 150-154 155-159
No. of students : 5 15 28 24 17 11
- i) State the type of classification.
- ii) Find the class mark of 3rd class.
- iii) How many students have height less than 145 cm?
- iv) How many students have more than 150 cm height?

- d) What is the meaning of classification? Define its various types.
- e) Construct the frequency distribution table for the data on weights (in kg) of 20 students of a class using intervals 30-35, 35-40, and so on
40, 38, 33, 48, 60, 53, 31, 46, 34, 36, 49, 41, 55, 49, 65, 42, 44, 47, 48, 39.
- f) Find average wages of 10 workers :
- | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|---|----|----|----|-------|
| Daily wage : | 4 | 6 | 10 | 11 | 14 | Total |
| (in ₹) | | | | | | |
| No. of workers : | 2 | 1 | 4 | 2 | 1 | 10 |

Q4) Attempt any four :

[16]

- a) Find median for average life of a particular brand of T.V. sets from the following data :
- | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-----|------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Life in years : | 0-5 | 5-10 | 10-15 | 15-20 | 20-25 | 25-30 | 30-35 | 35-40 |
| No. of sets : | 2 | 16 | 26 | 39 | 43 | 21 | 8 | 4 |
- b) Calculate coefficient of variation of the following data :
- | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| Weekly Rent : | 400 | 700 | 800 | 950 | 1000 | 1200 | 1450 |
| (in ₹) | | | | | | | |
| No. of Persons | | | | | | | |
| Paying the Rent : | 11 | 13 | 34 | 39 | 18 | 8 | 2 |
- c) Find combined standard deviation :
- Group I - $\bar{X}_1 = 2100$ $n_1 = 100$ $\sigma_1 = 10$
- Group II - $\bar{X}_2 = 1500$ $n_2 = 200$ $\sigma_2 = 12$
- d) Explain the methods of calculation of Arithmetic mean.
- e) The following information is given to find the two regression lines
- i) Y on X
- ii) X on Y
- $\bar{X} = 10, \bar{Y} = 90, \sigma_x = 3, \sigma_y = 12$ and $\gamma = 0.8$.
- f) Calculate Karl Pearson's coefficient of correlation for the following data :
- | | | | | | | |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| X: | 4 | 7 | 11 | 14 | 19 | 15 |
| Y: | 18 | 16 | 17 | 19 | 19 | 21 |

Q5) Attempt any one :

[6]

- a) Draw the less than and greater than Ogives for the following data :

Class Interval	Frequency
20-30	04
30-40	06
40-50	13
50-60	25
60-70	32
70-80	19
80-90	08
90-100	03

- b) From the data given below, find the regression equations :

Marks : 25 28 35 32 31 36 29 38 34 32

(Economics)

Marks : 43 46 49 41 36 32 31 30 33 39

(Statistics)

