# die() & exit()

- die() and exit() both are used to stop the execution of php code.
- When we have to stop the execution of program at that time we have to use die() and exit().
- It will stop the program's execution
- Example :

```
<?php
    echo "Hello ";
    die();
    echo "World";
?>
```

# PHP regular expression

- Regular expressions allow you to search for and replace patterns in strings.
- Here is the list of all the regular expression functions.
- 1. preg\_match()
  - It returns true if match is found in the string and false if match Is not found in the string.
  - Syntax : preg\_match (pattern , input)
  - o Example:

```
<?php

$str = "this is the string";

If(preg_match($str)) {
      echo "match found";
}

else {
      echo "match not found";
}</pre>
```

#### Functions

- When we want to perform some task again and again at that time we can create a function and put all that repeated code into a block called function
- We can create a function using function keyword.
- Example :

```
<?php
function displayMessage () {
            echo "hello , good morning";
}
displayMessage ();
?>
```

- We can also take arguments and perform functionality on those arguments as well.
- Arguments can be of any types as we want and we can also pass as many numbers of arguments as we want.
- Example :

```
Function battingAverage ($name,$runs,$innings,$notouts) {
    $totaldismisals = $innings - $notouts;
    $average = $runs / $total_dismisals;
    echo "player name : " . $name . "<br>    batting average : "
        . $average ;
}
battingAverage("Rohit sharma" , 9115 , 217 , 32);
?>
```

- We can also return the value or return the result of function. It is not necessary to echo or print the result.
- If we just want to return the value then we can do that by return keyword.
- Example :

```
<?php
Function bowlingAverage($name , $runs, $wickets) {
    $average = $runs / $wickets;</pre>
```

```
echo " <br><br><b>" . $name . "</b> <br> Average : ";
return average;
}
echo bowlingAverage("jasprit bumrah" , 2736 , 108);
?>
```

### Global variables and functions

- We can not use variables inside the function which are declared outside of function
- To use these kind of variables, we have to use global keyword.
- Example :

```
<?php
    $pi = 3.14;
    function circleArea($r) {
        global $pi;
        $area = $pi * (r*r);
        return $area;
    }
    echo "the area of circle is : " . $area;
?>
```

### String functions

- String functions are used to perform operations on strings.
- We can get different outputs related to strings using these functions.
- There are so many functions are available but here are some which are as follows:

## 1) addslashes()

- Addslashes() adds forward slashes near some pre-defined characters like, ", '
  , null, spaces, tabs etc...
- o Example:

```
<?php
```

```
$str = 'my name is "Rohit Sharma" ';
                      echo addslashes($str);
               ?>
2) htmlentities()
       Htmlentities() converts characters to html entities.
       Example:
               <?php
                      $str = '<a href="https://www.php.net/">php.net</a>';
                      echo htmlentities($str);
               ?>
3) similar_text()

    Similar_text() return the percentage of similarity between two strings.

       It takes 3 arguments first two are strings and third result variable.
      Example:
               <?php
                      $str1 = "php is not a framework";
                      $str2 = "Laravel is a framework of php";
                      echo similar_text($str1, str2, $result);
               ?>

    str_shuffle() function shuffle the string.
```

## 4) str\_shuffle()

- The whole string will be shuffled.
- o Example:

```
<?php
       $str = "this is simple string";
        echo str_shuffle($str);
?>
```

### 5) strlen()

- o strlen() function return the length of string
- o it returns the number of characters available in the string.
- Example:

?>

## 6) strrev()

- Strrev() function print the string in reverse order
- o Example:

```
<?php
$str = "this is simple text";
echo strrev($str);
?>
```

## 7) substr()

- o Substr() function return the part of given string.
- We have to pass three argument. First is string, second is starting point and third is length.
- o Example:

```
<?php
$str = "I am Rohit Sharma. I am an opener for Indian team":
    echo substr($str , 0 , 8);
?>
```

## 8) trim()

- o Trim() function is used to trim the string from both the sides
- o If we want to trim from left side then we can use ltrim()
- If we want to trim from right side then we can use rtrim()
- o Example:

<?php

```
$str = " string with spaces and tabs ";
echo trim($str);
```

# 9) str\_word\_count()

- str\_word\_count() function is used to get the number of words available in the string.
- We can also get the words in an array also.
- o Example :

```
<?php
```

?>

```
$string = "hello everyone. Thank you for your attention";
echo str_word_count($string) . "<br>";
print_r(str_word_count($string , 1)) . "<br>";
print_r(str_word_count($string , 2)) . "<br>";
```