

present

# Line Search Stepsize Control and Trust-Region Methods

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- Mathe 3 (CES)
- WS24/25
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## Stepsize Control Algorithm

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backtracking\_linesearch (generic function with 1 method)

```

1 function backtracking_linesearch(f, x, d, αmax, cond, β)
2     @assert 0 < β < 1
3     α = αmax
4     while !cond(f, d, x, α)
5         α *= β
6     end
7     @show α
8     return α
9 end

```

## Wolfe Stepsize Conditon

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- We need to specify a conditon for the backtracking algorithm
- Use Wolfe conditions

$$\text{i)} \quad f(\mathbf{x}_k + \alpha_k \mathbf{p}_k) \leq f(\mathbf{x}_k) + c_1 \alpha_k \mathbf{p}_k^T \nabla f(\mathbf{x}_k),$$

$$\text{ii)} \quad -\mathbf{p}_k^T \nabla f(\mathbf{x}_k + \alpha_k \mathbf{p}_k) \leq -c_2 \mathbf{p}_k^T \nabla f(\mathbf{x}_k),$$

armijo (generic function with 1 method)

```

1 armijo(f, d, x, α) = f(x + α*d) <= f(x) + 1E-4 * α * derivative(f, x)' * d

```

curvature (generic function with 1 method)

```
1 curvature(f, d, x, α) = derivative(f, x + α*d)' * d >= 0.9 * derivative(f, x)' * d
```

backtracking\_linesearch\_wolfe (generic function with 1 method)

```
1 function backtracking_linesearch_wolfe(f, x, d, αmax, β) #TODO
2     return backtracking_linesearch(f, x, d, αmax, (f, d, x, α)->(armijo(f, d, x,
   α)&&curvature(f, d, x, α)), β)
3 end
```

## Use Backtracking Algorithm in Gradient Descent

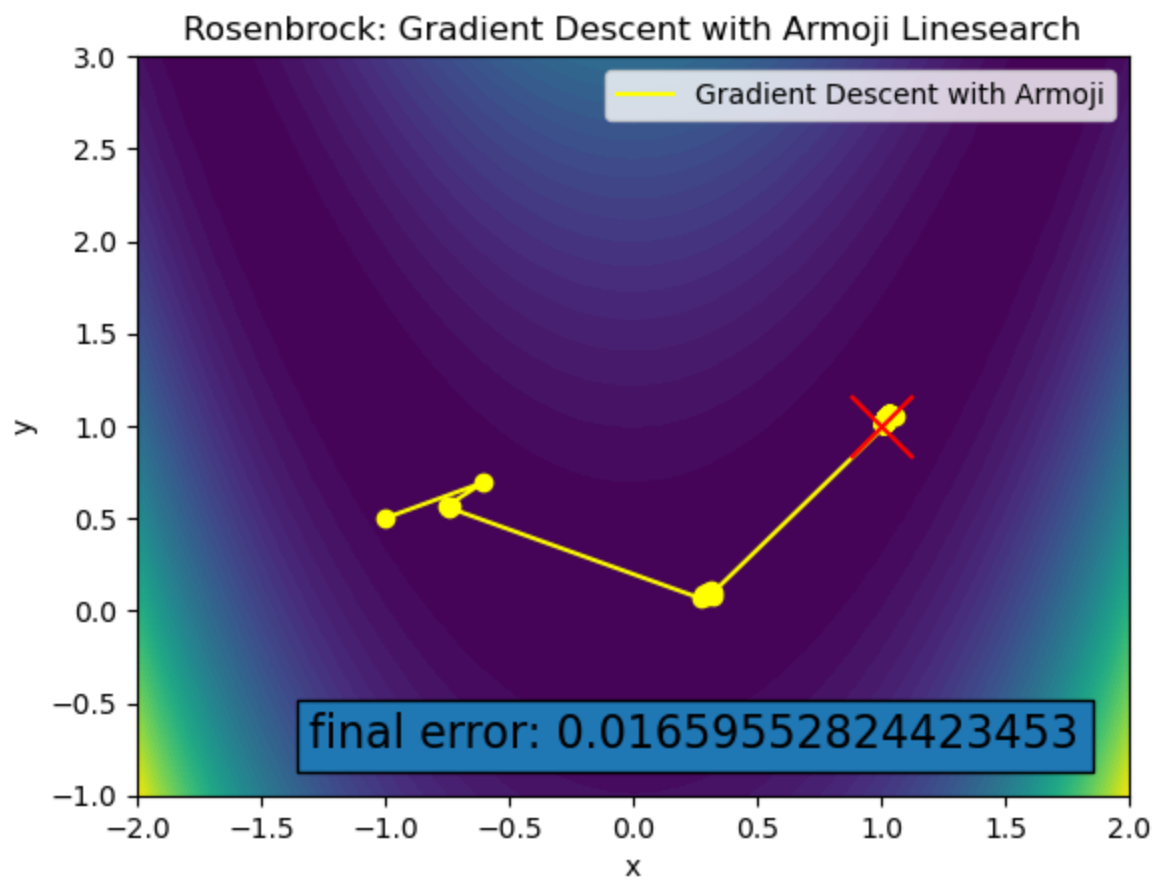
- Same as last week, but with adaptive step size

gradient\_descent\_wolfe (generic function with 1 method)

```
1 function gradient_descent_wolfe(f, x0, kmax)
2     x = x0
3     hist = []
4     push!(hist, x)
5     for k=1:kmax
6         x = x + backtracking_linesearch_wolfe(
7             f, x, -derivative(f, x), 2, 0.5
8         ) * -derivative(f, x)
9         push!(hist, x)
10    end
11    return x, hist
12 end
```

## Rosenbrock: GD with Armijo

- Remember from last week: GD was very sensitive to step width
  - Even divergence for most stepsizes
- Now: Line search automatically choose a valid step size and we have an easy life



```

1 begin
2   # Rosenbrock function with  $x^* = [a, a^2]$ ,  $f(x^*)=0$ 
3   a = 1
4   b = 100
5   h = (x -> (a-x[1])^2 + b*(x[2]-x[1]^2)^2)
6
7   x0 = [-1., 0.5]
8
9   # Gradient Descent with Armijo1
10  res_gd_2d_rb_arm1 = gradient_descent_wolfe(h, x0, 1000)
11  res_gd_2d_rb_arm1_x = [
12    res_gd_2d_rb_arm1[2][i][1] for i=1:length(res_gd_2d_rb_arm1[2])
13  ]
14  res_gd_2d_rb_arm1_y = [
15    res_gd_2d_rb_arm1[2][i][2] for i=1:length(res_gd_2d_rb_arm1[2])
16  ]
17
18  clf()
19  Δ = 0.1
20  X=collect(-2:Δ:2)
21  Y=collect(-1:Δ:3)
22  F=[h([X[j], Y[i]]) for i=1:length(Y), j=1:length(X)]
23  contourf(X, Y, F, levels=50)
24  PyPlot.title("Rosenbrock: Gradient Descent with Armijo Line search")
25
26  # res_gd_2d_rb
27  PyPlot.plot(res_gd_2d_rb_arm1_x, res_gd_2d_rb_arm1_y, color="yellow")
28  scatter(res_gd_2d_rb_arm1_x, res_gd_2d_rb_arm1_y, color="yellow")
29  # for i=1:length(res_gd_2d_rb_arm1_x)
30  #   annotate(string(i), [res_gd_2d_rb_arm1_x[i], res_gd_2d_rb_arm1_y[i]],
31  #             color="w", zorder=2)
32  # end
33
34  legend(["Gradient Descent with Armijo"])
35
36  PyPlot.text(2-0.2, -1+0.2, "final error: $(norm(res_gd_2d_rb_arm1[2][end]-
37    [1,1]))", size=16,
38    ha="right", va="bottom",
39    bbox=Dict("boxstyle"=>"square")
40  )
41
42  xlabel("x")
43  ylabel("y")
44
45  # Mark minimum
46  scatter(a, a^2, color="r", s=500, zorder=3, marker="x")
47
48  gcf()
49 end

```

```

α = 0.001953125
α = 0.001953125
α = 0.00390625

```



[illegible]

## Works but still not the best convergence...

$$\square([1.0074, 1.01485], [-1.0, 0.5], [-0.601562, 0.695312], [-0.752011, 0.565064], [-0.737787,$$

```
1 res_gd_2d_rb_arm1 # still not very fast (x*=[1,1]) 🥵 (but robust!)
```



































































































































































































































































































































































































































































