# **Constrained Optimziation: KKT & LICQ**

- Mathe 3 (CES)
- WS24
- Lambert Theisen (theisen@acom.rwth-aachen.de)

### Use SymPy symbolic library

Is a wrapper to Python's SymPy

1  $f1(x) = (x[1]-1)^2 + (x[2]-2)^2$ 

2 # f1(x) = x' \* A \* x

- Using Python directly would be (probably) better
- But we don't want to loose the luxury of Pluto.jl

```
1 using PlutoUI, SymPy, PyPlot, LinearAlgebra
```

## Define Variables and Lagrange Multipliers

```
 \begin{array}{l} \textbf{x} = \boxed{[x_1, x_2]} \\ \textbf{1} \quad \textbf{x} = [\\ \textbf{2} \quad \text{symbols}(\texttt{"x1", real=true}), \\ \textbf{3} \quad \text{symbols}(\texttt{"x2", real=true}), \\ \textbf{4} \ ] \end{array}
```

## **Define Objective and Constraints**

```
A = 2×2 Matrix{Int64}:
    1    5
    5    1

[-4.0, 6.0]

1 eigen(A).values

f1 (generic function with 1 method)
```

$$(x_1-1)^2+(x_2-2)^2$$

1  $\underline{\mathbf{f1}}(\underline{\mathbf{x}})$ 

 $lambdas = (\lambda_0, \lambda_1)$ 

```
1 lambdas =
2    symbols("lambda:$(length(g))", real=true, nonnegative=true)
3    # for i=1:length(g)
4 # ]
```

 $\mathsf{mus} = [\mu_1, \, \mu_2]$ 

## **Define Lagrangian**

$$\mathcal{L}(x,\lambda,\mu) = f(x) - \sum_{i=1}^m \lambda_i g_i(x) - \sum_{j=1}^q \mu_j h_j(x)$$

lagrangian (generic function with 1 method)

$$-\lambda_{0}\left(x_{2}+1
ight)-\lambda_{1}\left(x_{1}+x_{2}
ight)-\mu_{1}\left(-5x_{2}+\left(x_{1}-1
ight)^{2}
ight)-\mu_{2}\left(-10x_{2}-\left(x_{1}-1
ight)^{2}+2
ight)+\left(-2x_{2}+\left(x_{1}-1
ight)^{2}
ight)$$

1 lagrangian(x, f1, g, h, lambdas, mus, [])

### **KKT Points**

KKT points  $(x^*, \lambda^*, \mu^*)$  fulfill:

1.  $\nabla_x \mathcal{L}(x,\lambda,\mu) = 0$ 

2.  $h_j(x)=0 \quad orall j=1,\ldots,q$ 

```
3. g_i(x) \geq 0 \quad orall i = 1, \ldots, m
```

4. 
$$\lambda_i \geq 0 \quad orall i = 1, \ldots, m$$

5. 
$$g_i(x)\lambda_i=0 \quad \forall i=1,\ldots,m$$

kktpoints (generic function with 1 method)

```
1 function kktpoints(x, f, g, h, \lambdas, \mus, Ig)
       lag = lagrangian(x, f, g, h, \lambdas, \mus, Ig)
3
       eqs = [
4
           diff(lag, x[1]),
5
           diff(lag, x[2]),
           [diff(lag, mus[i]) for i=1:length(h)]..., # \leftarrow h_i(x) = 0
           [diff(lag, lambdas[i])*lambdas[i] for i=1:length(g)]..., # use active g's
8
           [g[i](x)*lambdas[i] for i=1:length(g)]...,
9
       sols = solve(eqs, [x...,mus...,lambdas...])
10
       # filter for "gi > 0" solutions since sympy cannot really solve ineqs...
11
12
       return filter(sol->all([gi(sol[1:2])>=0 for gi in g]),sols)
13 end
```

#### **Test KKT Points**

Inequality Constraints:  $g_i(x) \geq 0$ 

```
[x_2+1, x_1+x_2]
```

Equality Constraints:  $h_i(x) = 0$ 

```
[-5x_2 + (x_1 - 1)^2, -10x_2 - (x_1 - 1)^2 + 2]
```

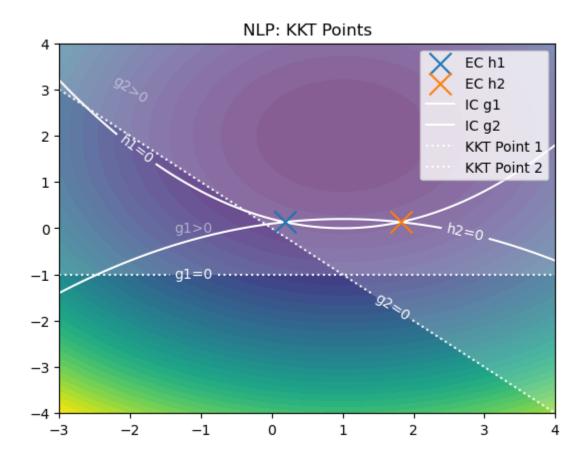
$$\lfloor \lfloor (1 - \frac{\sqrt{6}}{3}, \frac{2}{15}, \frac{206}{225}, -\frac{19}{225}, 0, 0), (\frac{\sqrt{6}}{3} + 1, \frac{2}{15}, \frac{206}{225}, -\frac{19}{225}, 0, 0) \rfloor$$

1 kktpoints(x,f1,g,h,lambdas,mus,[])

2×2 Matrix{Float64}: -0.707107 0.707107

0.707107 0.707107 1 eigen(<u>A</u>).vectors

# **Visualize KKT Points**



## Linear Independence Constraint Quality (LICQ)

Point  $x \in \chi$  satisfies LICQ if:

$$\{
abla h_j(x)\}_{j=1}^q, \{
abla g_i(x)\}_{i\in I_g(x)}$$

are linearly independent. The set of active inequality constraints at point x is labelled with  $I_g(x)$ .

#### **Index Set of Active Constraints:**

#### Ig (generic function with 1 method)

```
1 function Ig(x,g)
      return [i for i=1:size(g)[1] if g[i](x)==0]
3 end
```

#### LICQ (generic function with 1 method)

```
1 function LICQ(\xi, g, Ig, h)
       set = sympy.Matrix([
            Matrix([diff(g[i](x), x).subs(x[1], \xi[1]).subs(x[2], \xi[2]) \text{ for } i \in \mathbb{R}^{n}
            Ig(\xi,g)]')\ldots,
            Matrix([diff(h[i](x), x).subs(x[1], \xi[1]).subs(x[2], \xi[2]) \text{ for } i \in 1:size(h)
       ])'
5
       return set
7 end
```

## Test LICQ in potential KKT Point

set =

$$\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} & \frac{2\sqrt{6}}{3} \\ -5 & -10 \end{bmatrix}$$

```
1 set = LICO(kktpts[1], g, Ig, h) # check first pt
```

```
1 set.rank() # full rank <=> linearly independent
```

[true, true]

```
1 [LICQ([kktpts[i][1], kktpts[i][2]], g, Ig, h).rank() == findmin(size(LICQ([kktpts[i]
  [1], kktpts[i][2]], g, Ig, h)))[1] for i=1:length(kktpts)]
```

## See you next week 🤞



• Questions?