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FTP Traffic Analysis and Security Assessment

Objectives of the lab- The objectives of this lab were to practice command-line packet tracing on a Windows machine using Wireshark to analyze network traffic, and capture FTP packets to see the security vulnerabilities of an unencrypted FTP session.

Background- Packet analysis is a technique in networking and cybersecurity that allows professionals to monitor, troubleshoot, and secure network communications. FTP is an early internet protocol used for transferring files between a client and a server. It is insecure as it transmits credentials and data in plaintext rather than it being encrypted.

Procedures

Part 1: Environment Setup and Initial Packet Capture

Task 1:

First i opened Wireshark and started a packet capture on the ens33 traffic, i then used the second VM to ping amazon to generate ICMP packets with the following command.

```
ping www.amazon.com -t
```

After 10 seconds I stopped the capture and took a screenshot of the network interface information as seen in **Figure 1**.


```

> Frame 414: 94 bytes on wire (752 bits), 94 bytes captured (752 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_{A90A4E61-7C18-46C6-A160-9D3DC5AB997D}, id 0
> Ethernet II, Src: GigaByteTech_b5:24:64 (74:56:3c:b5:24:64), Dst: Arcadyan_5a:31:22 (b8:f8:53:5a:31:22)
> Internet Protocol Version 6, Src: 2600:4040:b034:e800:29bc:9f6a:378:c721, Dst: 2600:4040:b034:e800::1
> User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 49572, Dst Port: 53
  ▾ Domain Name System (query)
    Transaction ID: 0x7cae
    > Flags: 0x0100 Standard query
    Questions: 1
    Answer RRs: 0
    Authority RRs: 0
    Additional RRs: 0
  ▾ Queries
    > www.amazon.com: type A, class IN
    [Response In: 417]

```

Figure 3: Source and Destination IP

```

Connection-specific DNS Suffix  : mynetworksettings.com
IPv6 Address. . . . .           : 2600:4040:b034:e800:88d5:232b:d563:49c5
Temporary IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2600:4040:b034:e800:183:f5c:a38:ceed
Temporary IPv6 Address. . . . . : 2600:4040:b034:e800:29bc:9f6a:378:c721
Link-local IPv6 Address . . . . . : fe80::ca95:3f1:5055:e42d%15
IPv4 Address. . . . .           : 192.168.1.200

```

Figure 4: My Machine's IP

390	7.466502	2600:4040:b034:e800::	2600:4040:b034:e800::	DNS	148	Standard query response 0xf002 A meta.graph.meta.com CNAME star.c10r.facebook.com A 157.240.229.17
391	7.466591	2600:4040:b034:e800::	2600:4040:b034:e800::	DNS	160	Standard query response 0xf20 AAAA meta.graph.meta.com CNAME star.c10r.facebook.com AAAA 2a03:2880:f003:c07:face:b00c:0:2
414	7.640257	2600:4040:b034:e800::	2600:4040:b034:e800::	DNS	94	Standard query 0x7cae A www.amazon.com
415	7.640287	2600:4040:b034:e800::	2600:4040:b034:e800::	DNS	94	Standard query 0xd311 AAAA www.amazon.com
417	7.681622	2600:4040:b034:e800::	2600:4040:b034:e800::	DNS	189	Standard query response 0x7cae A www.amazon.com CNAME tp.47cf2c8c9-frontier.amazon.com CNAME d3ag4hukh62yn.cloudfront.net A 18.154.236.231
418	7.681718	2600:4040:b034:e800::	2600:4040:b034:e800::	DNS	397	Standard query response 0xd311 AAAA www.amazon.com CNAME tp.47cf2c8c9-frontier.amazon.com CNAME d3ag4hukh62yn.cloudfront.net AAAA 2600:9000:2501:c400:7:
787	17.419818	192.168.1.200	192.168.1.1	DNS	92	Standard query 0x20ed AAAA extension.femetrics.grammarly.io
788	17.419897	192.168.1.200	192.168.1.1	DNS	92	Standard query 0xf11a A extension.femetrics.grammarly.io
789	17.419960	192.168.1.200	192.168.1.1	DNS	92	Standard query 0xfb04 HTTPS extension.femetrics.grammarly.io
792	17.604425	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.200	DNS	220	Standard query response 0xf11a A extension.femetrics.grammarly.io A 23.23.254.40 A 3.230.164.52 A 54.162.197.105 A 54.161.34.85 A 54.163.141.145 A 52.205
793	17.604449	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.200	DNS	179	Standard query response 0xfb04 HTTPS extension.femetrics.grammarly.io SOA ns-1688.awsdns-19.co.uk
794	17.604552	192.168.1.1	192.168.1.200	DNS	179	Standard query response 0x20ed AAAA extension.femetrics.grammarly.io SOA ns-1688.awsdns-19.co.uk

Figure 5: DNS Reply Packet

Part 2: Virtualized Environment and FTP Analysis

Task 3: Install and Configure an Insecure FTP Server on Ubuntu

1. First, I Installed vsftpd since I didn't have it installed then I checked to see if the program was running using the command:

```
ps -ef | grep "ftp"
```

I then edited the vsftpd.conf file to enable write permissions by uncommenting the following line: write_enable=YES.

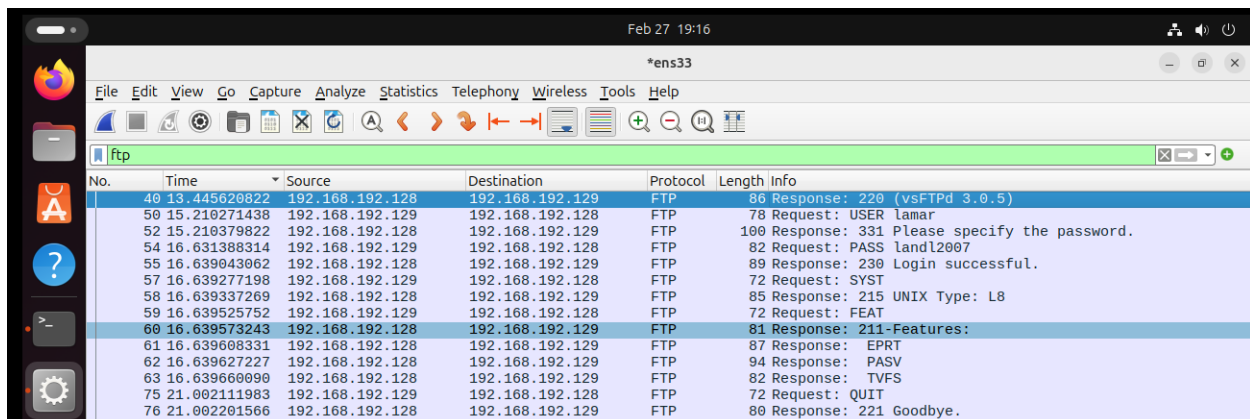
Task 4: Capture FTP Traffic

I then started Wireshark on the FTP server machine and began capturing packets and used the second Linux VM to connect to the FTP server using the command

ftp 192.168.192.128

After that i got a prompt to login to the server and logged in with the same username and password as the host machine. I then executed the help command to see available FTP commands and then exited the session.

I stopped the Wireshark capture and located the FTP login packets by filtering for FTP on the top search. As seen in **Figure 6** the username and password are seen in Wireshark in plaintext.



No.	Time	Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
40	13.445620822	192.168.192.128	192.168.192.129	FTP	86	Response: 220 (vsFTPd 3.0.5)
50	15.210271438	192.168.192.129	192.168.192.128	FTP	78	Request: USER lamar
52	15.210379822	192.168.192.128	192.168.192.129	FTP	100	Response: 331 Please specify the password.
54	16.631388314	192.168.192.129	192.168.192.128	FTP	82	Request: PASS landl2007
55	16.639043062	192.168.192.128	192.168.192.129	FTP	89	Response: 230 Login successful.
57	16.639277198	192.168.192.129	192.168.192.128	FTP	72	Request: SYST
58	16.639337269	192.168.192.128	192.168.192.129	FTP	85	Response: 215 UNIX Type: L8
59	16.639525752	192.168.192.129	192.168.192.128	FTP	72	Request: FEAT
60	16.639573243	192.168.192.128	192.168.192.129	FTP	81	Response: 211-Features:
61	16.639608331	192.168.192.128	192.168.192.129	FTP	87	Response: EPRT
62	16.639627227	192.168.192.128	192.168.192.129	FTP	94	Response: PASV
63	16.639660090	192.168.192.128	192.168.192.129	FTP	82	Response: TVFS
75	21.002111983	192.168.192.129	192.168.192.128	FTP	72	Request: QUIT
76	21.002201566	192.168.192.128	192.168.192.129	FTP	80	Response: 221 Goodbye.

Figure 6: FTP Traffic

Analysis Questions

1. **Observations About Password Capture:** The FTP login information was sent in plaintext, which is dangerous because it can lead to a malicious person taking advantage of that vulnerability.
2. **Securing FTP:** To reduce the security risks of FTP some solutions are:
 - a. Using SFTP or FTPS instead of the standard FTP. It's like using http rather than using https.
 - b. Added firewall rules to limit access to trusted IP addresses.
 - c. Using encryption, such as VPNs, to secure data in transit.

In conclusion this lab shows us the security risks that come with FTP by capturing unencrypted credentials using Wireshark. Also, showing why encryption is important in network communications. Without encryption we risk vulnerability in our systems.