

MTL Versus Free: Deathmatch!

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- Composable Effects
- Contestant #1: MTL
- Contestant #2: Free
- Round 1: Free
- Round 2: MTL
- Round 3: ?
- The Judges Pick a Winner!
- Conclusion

Composable Effects

With as much modularity and reuse as possible, how can we represent and compose effectful computations in a purely-functional programming language?

Contestant #1: MTL

History

1989: *An Abstract View of Programming Languages* — Moggi

...

1995: *Monad Transformers and Modular Interpreters* — Liang, Hudak, Jones

1995: *Functional Programming with Overloading and Higher-Order Polymorphism* — Jones

```
class MonadTrans t where  
  lift :: (Monad m) => m a -> t m a
```

Contestant #2: Free

History (1/3)

2007: Beauty in the Beast: A Functional Semantics for the Awkward Squad — Swierstra, Altenkirch

We demonstrate how to construct pure functional programs that precisely specify the behaviour of effects.

Contestant #2: Free

History (2/3)

2008: *Data Types `A La Carte* — Swiestra

An additional advantage of this two-step approach is that the terms we write are pure Haskell values—information we can exploit if we are interested in debugging or reasoning about effectful functions.

```
data Term f a
  = Pure a
  | Impure (f (Term f a))
```

Contestant #2: Free

History (3/3)

2008: *Asymptotic Improvement of Computations over Free Monads* — Voigtlander

...

2015: *Freer Monads, More Extensible Effects* — Oleg Kiselyov

Round 1: Free

FP Nastiness

```
saveFile :: forall r. Path -> File -> Eff (ModuleEff r) Unit
saveFile dir file = do
  log ("Saving file" <> show (name dir) <> " to " <> show (parentDir dir))
  bytes <- serialize file
  rez <- httpPost ("http://cloudfiles.fooservice.com/" <> (show dir)) bytes
  if (httpOK rez) then log ("Successfully saved file " <> show dir)
  else let msg = "Failed to save file " <> show dir
  in log msg *> throwException (error msg)
```


Round 1: Free

Modern Architecture for FP

Round 1: Free

Free to the Rescue

```
type FreeInterpreter f g = forall a. f a -> Free g a
```

```
data CloudFilesF a  
  = SaveFile Path File a | ListFiles Path (List Path -> a) | ...
```

```
data HttpF a = GET Path (Bytes -> a) | ...
```

```
data LogF a = Log Level String a
```

```
data SocketF a = ...
```

```
data FileIO a = ...
```

Round 1: Free

Composition of Interpreters

Round 2: MTL

MTL Strikes Back

<https://gist.github.com/ocharles/6b1b9440b3513a5e225e>



Round 3: ?

Free(Ap) Analysis: Making Core Algebras Fast

```
type FreeSeqPar a = Free (FreeAp f) a
```

```
type FreeInterpreter f g = forall a. FreeAp f a -> Free (FreeAp g) a
```

Allows a tiny sufficient algebra to achieve high performance.

Statically-Typed, Purely-Functional, Composable Mock Testing Combinators

Why? KILL ALL THE INTEGRATION / SYSTEM TESTS!

<https://github.com/slamdata/purescript-mockfree>

Round 3: ?

Mocking: Abstracting Operations

```
data Op a b c = Op a (b -> c)

type OpPrism f a b = forall c. PrismP (f c) (Op a b c)

-- | A helper function to create a read-only operation.
readOp :: forall f b. OpPrism f Unit b -> Free f b
readOp p = op p unit

-- | A helper function to create a write-and-read operation.
op :: forall f a b. OpPrism f a b -> a -> Free f b
op p a = liftF $ review p (Op a id)

-- | A helper function to create a write-only operation.
writeOp :: forall f a. OpPrism f a Unit -> a -> Free f Unit
writeOp p a = op p a
```

Round 3: ?

Mocking: Mocked Operations

```
data MockOp f = MockOp (  
  forall z. (  
    forall a b.  
      OpPrism f a b -> Assertion a -> (a -> b) -> z) -> z)  
  
type MockSpec f = State (List (MockOp f)) Unit
```


Round 3: ?

Mocking: Expectations

```
type Assertion a = a -> Either String Unit

-- | Creates an assertion that asserts values are equal to the specified
-- | reference value.
assertEquals :: forall a. (Show a, Eq a) => a -> Assertion a
assertEquals e a = if e == a then Right unit else Left $ "Expected " <> show e <> " but found " <> show a

-- | Creates an expectation for an arbitrary `f` operation.
expect :: forall f a b. OpPrism f a b -> Assertion a -> (a -> b) -> MockSpec f
expect p a f = modify (Cons (MockOp (\f' -> f' p a f)))

-- | Creates an expectation for a read-only `f` operation.
expectRead :: forall f b. OpPrism f Unit b -> b -> MockSpec f
expectRead p b = expect p (const $ pure unit) (const b)

-- | Creates an expectation for a write-only `f` operation.
expectWrite :: forall f a. OpPrism f a Unit -> Assertion a -> MockSpec f
expectWrite p a = expect p a (const unit)
```

Round 3: ?

Mocking: Mocked Operations

```
runMock :: forall f a0. MockSpec f -> Free f a0 -> Either String a0
```

Round 3: ?

Mocking: Example DSL

```
data ConsoleF a
  = WriteLine (Op String Unit    a)
  | ReadLine  (Op Unit    String a)

_WriteLine :: OpPrism ConsoleF String Unit
_WriteLine = prism' WriteLine deconstruct
  where
    deconstruct (WriteLine op) = Just op
    deconstruct _              = Nothing

_ReadLine :: OpPrism ConsoleF Unit String
_ReadLine = prism' ReadLine deconstruct
  where
    deconstruct (ReadLine op) = Just op
    deconstruct _              = Nothing
```

Round 3: ?

Mocking: Example DSL

```
readLine :: Free ConsoleF String
```

```
readLine = readOp _ReadLine
```

```
writeLine :: String -> Free ConsoleF Unit
```

```
writeLine s = writeOp _WriteLine s
```

Round 3: ?

Mocking: Example Spec

```
mockSpec :: MockSpec ConsoleF
mockSpec = do
  expectWrite _WriteLine (assertEquals "What is your name?")
  expectRead  _ReadLine  "World"
  expectWrite _WriteLine (assertEquals "Hello, World!")
```

Round 3: ?

Mocking: Example Good Program

```
goodProgram :: Free ConsoleF Unit
goodProgram = do
  writeLine "What is your name?"
  name <- readLine
  writeLine ("Hello, " <> name <> "!" )
```

Success!

Round 3: ?

Mocking: Example Bad Program 1

```
informalProgram :: Free ConsoleF Unit
informalProgram = do
  writeLine "What is your first name?"
  name <- readLine
  writeLine ("Hello, " <> name <> "!" )
```

Failure: Expected "What is your name?" but found "What is your first name?"

Round 3: ?

Mocking: Example Bad Program 2

```
rudeProgram :: Free ConsoleF Unit
rudeProgram = do
  writeLine "What is your name?"
  writeLine ("I don't care!")
```

Failure: Unexpected operation

Round 3: ?

Mocking: Example Bad Program 3

```
dismissiveProgram :: Free ConsoleF Unit
dismissiveProgram = do
  writeLine "What is your name?"
  name <- readLine
  writeLine ("Goodbye, " <> name <> "!" )
```

Failure: Expected "Hello, World!" but found "Goodbye, World!"

Round 3: ?

Mocking: Example Bad Program 4

```
emptyProgram :: Free ConsoleF Unit  
emptyProgram = pure unit
```

Failure: Unexpected early termination (3 operation(s) remaining)

The Judges Pick a Winner

Winner: MTL

- Enterprise-grade
- Highest-performance
- Thoroughly explored

The Judges Pick a Winner

Runner Up: Free

- Early days for "Free" (type-safe reification of computational model)
- Points toward a denotational future
- Algebraic programming language?

THANK YOU

Heckle me on Twitter: @jdegoes