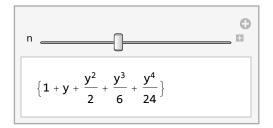
Fractional Taylor Series of exp, sin, cos

We demonstrate the fractional Taylor series approximation of three fundamental functions and demonstrate that our series expansion need not be initiated at an integer number for k.

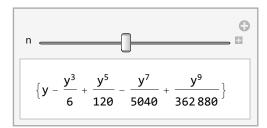
Exp

$$\begin{split} & \text{Manipulate} \big[\text{Expand} \big[\left\{ D[\text{E}^x, \{x, \theta\}] \ /. \ \{x \to \theta\} \right\} + \\ & \sum_{k=1}^n \left(\frac{1}{\text{Gamma}[k]} \star \int_{\theta}^y \left\{ D[\text{E}^x, \{x, k\}] \ /. \ \{x \to \theta\} \right\} \star \left(y - t \right)^{k-1} \, \text{d}t \right) \big], \ \{n, \theta, 10, 1\} \big] \end{split}$$



Sin

$$\begin{split} & \text{Manipulate} \big[\text{Expand} \big[\left\{ D[\text{Sin}[x], \left\{ x, \, \theta \right\} \right] \, /. \, \left\{ x \to \theta \right\} \right\} \, + \\ & \sum_{k=1}^{n} \left(\frac{1}{\text{Gamma}[k]} \, * \int_{\theta}^{y} \left\{ D[\text{Sin}[x], \left\{ x, \, k \right\} \right] \, /. \, \left\{ x \to \theta \right\} \right\} \, * \left(y - t \right)^{k-1} \, \mathrm{d}t \right) \Big], \, \left\{ n, \, \theta, \, 2\theta, \, 1 \right\} \Big] \end{split}$$



COS

$$\sum_{k=1}^{n} \left(\frac{1}{\text{Gamma}[k]} * \int_{0}^{y} \{D[\cos[x], \{x, k\}] /. \{x \to 0\}\} * (y - t)^{k-1} dt \right) \right], \{n, 0, 20, 1\} \right]$$

$$\left\{1 - \frac{y^2}{2} + \frac{y^4}{24} - \frac{y^6}{720} + \frac{y^8}{40320} - \frac{y^{10}}{3628800} + \frac{y^{12}}{479001600}\right\}$$

Non-integer Summation

Up to now, k was an integer number and we expanded the terms in integer steps. We demonstrate the semi-series expansion of $\cos(x)$

This means that the series expansion of $\cos(x)$ will be initiated at $k = \frac{1}{2}$ and each new term will be obtained by counting in $\frac{1}{2}$ steps

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Manipulate} \big[\text{Expand} \big[\left(D [\text{Cos} [x], \{ x, \theta \}] \ /. \ \{ x \to \theta \} \right) + \\ & \sum_{k=\frac{1}{2}}^{n} \left(\frac{1}{\text{Gamma} [k]} \star \int_{\theta}^{x} \left(\text{Cos} \big[x + \frac{\text{Pi} \, k}{2} \ \big] \ /. \ \{ x \to \theta \} \right) \star \left(x - t \right)^{k-1} \, \text{dl} t \right) \big], \left\{ n, \theta, 2\theta, \frac{1}{2} \right\} \big] \end{aligned}$$

n
$$\frac{8}{105} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \sqrt{x} - \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x^{3/2} - \frac{4}{15} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x^{5/2} + \frac{8}{105} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x^{7/2} + \frac{16}{945} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x^{9/2} - \frac{32\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x^{11/2}}{10395} - \frac{64\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x^{13/2}}{135135} + \frac{128\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x^{15/2}}{2027025} + \frac{256\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x^{17/2}}{34459425} - \frac{512\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x^{19/2}}{654729075} - \frac{1024\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} x^{21/2}}{13749310575}$$

$$\begin{split} & \text{Manipulate} \big[\text{Expand} \big[\left(D [\text{Sin}[x] \,,\, \{x \,,\, \theta \} \right) \,/ \, \cdot \, \{x \,\to\, \theta \} \right) \,+ \\ & \qquad \qquad \sum_{k=\frac{1}{-}}^n \left(\frac{1}{\text{Gamma}[\,k\,]} \,\star \, \int_0^x \left(\text{Sin} \big[x \,+\, \frac{\text{Pi}\,k}{2} \,\big] \,\, / \, \cdot \, \, \{x \,\to\, \theta \} \right) \,\star \, \left(x \,-\, t \,\right)^{k-1} \, \text{dlt} \right) \big] \,, \, \left\{ n \,,\, \theta \,,\, 2\theta \,,\, \frac{1}{2} \right\} \big] \end{split}$$

Graphs

COS

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Plot} \Big[1 + \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ \sqrt{x} \ - \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{3/2} - \frac{4}{15} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{5/2} + \frac{8}{105} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{7/2} + \frac{16}{945} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{9/2} - \frac{32 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{11/2}}{10\,395} - \frac{64 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{13/2}}{135\,135} + \frac{128 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{15/2}}{2\,027\,025} + \frac{256 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{17/2}}{34\,459\,425} - \frac{512 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{19/2}}{654\,729\,075} - \frac{1024 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{21/2}}{13\,749\,310\,575} + \frac{2048 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{23/2}}{316\,234\,143\,225} + \frac{4096 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{25/2}}{7\,905\,853\,580\,625} - \frac{8192 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{27/2}}{213\,458\,046\,676\,875} - \frac{16\,384 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{29/2}}{6\,190\,283\,353\,629\,375} + \frac{32\,768 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{31/2}}{191\,898\,783\,962\,510\,625} + \frac{65\,536 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{33/2}}{6\,332\,659\,870\,762\,850\,625} - \frac{131\,072 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{35/2}}{221\,643\,095\,476\,699\,771\,875} - \frac{262\,144 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{37/2}}{8\,200\,794\,532\,637\,891\,559\,375} + \frac{524\,288 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{39/2}}{319\,830\,986\,772\,877\,770\,815\,625}, \left\{ x, \, \theta, \, 10 \right\} \Big]$$

sin

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Plot} \Big[\sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ \sqrt{x} \ + \frac{2}{3} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{3/2} - \frac{4}{15} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{5/2} - \frac{8}{105} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{7/2} + \frac{16}{945} \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{9/2} + \frac{32 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{11/2}}{10 \ 395} \\ & - \frac{64 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{13/2}}{135 \ 135} - \frac{128 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{15/2}}{2027 \ 025} + \frac{256 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{17/2}}{34459 \ 425} + \frac{512 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{19/2}}{654729 \ 075} - \frac{1024 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{21/2}}{13 \ 749 \ 310 \ 575} - \frac{2048 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{23/2}}{316 \ 234 \ 143 \ 225} + \frac{4096 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{25/2}}{7905 \ 853 \ 580 \ 625} + \frac{8192 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{27/2}}{213 \ 458 \ 046 \ 676 \ 875} - \frac{16 \ 384 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{29/2}}{6190 \ 283 \ 353 \ 629 \ 375} - \frac{32 \ 768 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{31/2}}{6190 \ 283 \ 362 \ 510 \ 625} + \frac{65 \ 536 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{33/2}}{6191 \ 898 \ 783 \ 962 \ 510 \ 625} + \frac{131072 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{35/2}}{221 \ 643 \ 095 \ 476 \ 699 \ 771 \ 875} - \frac{262 \ 144 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{37/2}}{8 \ 200 \ 794 \ 532 \ 637 \ 891 \ 559 \ 375} - \frac{524 \ 288 \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi}} \ x^{39/2}}{319 \ 830 \ 986 \ 772 \ 877 \ 770 \ 815 \ 625}, \ \{x, 0, 10\} \Big] \\ \frac{1}{10} - \frac{1$$