Universidad Nacional Autónoma De México Facultad de Ciencias

SEMANAL 3

Lenguajes de programacion

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August 28, 2024

1 Introduction

- 1. (-(+203)(-18(+5020)))
 - $(a) \ sub(add(Num(20),Num(3)),sub(Num(-18),add(Num(50),Num(20))))$

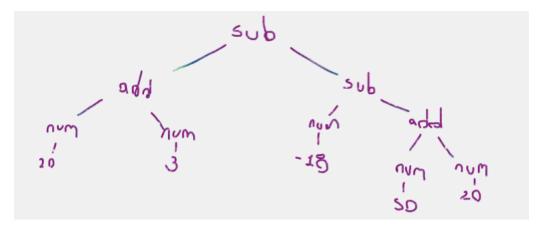


Figure 1: Sintaxis abstracta

(b)

(c) Semantica estructural $sub(add(Num(20),Num(3)),sub(Num(-18),add(Num(50),Num(20))))\\ sub(Num(23)),sub(Num(-18),add(Num(50),Num(20))))\\ sub(Num(23)),sub(Num(-18),Num(70))))\\ sub(Num(23),Num(-88))\\ Num(111)$

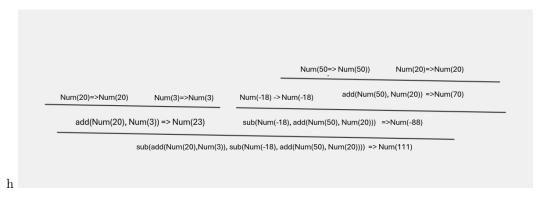


Figure 2: Natural

2. (not(+1(-3(+-81))))

(a) Not(Add(Num(1), Sub(Num(3), Add(Num(-8), Num(1)))))

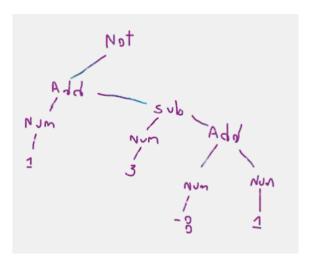


Figure 3: Enter Caption



Figure 4: Enter Caption

(b)

- $\begin{array}{ll} (c) & Not(Add(Num(1),Sub(Num(3),Add(Num(-8),Num(1))))) -> \\ & Not(Add(Num(1),Sub(Num(3),Num(7)))) -> \\ & Not(Add(Num(1),Num(-4))) -> \\ & Not(Num(-3)) -> False \end{array}$
- 3. (not(not(+35)))
 - (a) Not(Not(Add(Num(3), Num(5))))
 - (b)

Ejercicio 2.

Gramatica Libre de Contexto < S > := < E > < E > := < Int > | < Bool > | < Float > |(+ < E > < E >)| |(- < E > < E >)|(* < E > < E >)| (/ < E > < E >)|(Not < E >)|(add1 < E >)

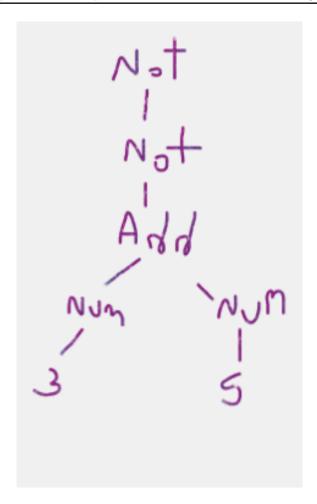


Figure 5: Enter Caption

```
Num(3) => Num(3) Num(5) => Num(5)

Add(Num(3), Num(5)) -> Num(8)

Not(Add(Num(3), Num(5))) => Boolean(False)

Not(Not(Add(Num(3), Num(5)))) => Boolean(True)
```

Figure 6: Enter Caption

```
\begin{split} |(sub1 < E >)|(sqrt < E >) < Int > ::= < N > |- < M > \\ < Bool > ::= \#t|\#f \\ < Float > ::= < Int > . < N > \\ < D > ::= 1|2|3|4|5|6|7|8|9 \\ < N > ::= 0| < D > \{ < N > \} \\ < M > ::= < D > \{ < N > \} \end{split}
```

Reglas de Sintaxis Abstracta Numeros

$$\frac{n\epsilon R}{\text{Num(n) ASA}}$$

Multiplicacion

$$\frac{i \ ASA}{Mult(i,d)} \frac{d \ ASA}{ASA}$$

Division

$$\frac{\text{i ASA}}{\text{Div(i,d) ASA}} \frac{\text{d ASA}}{\text{ASA}}$$

Sumar uno

Restar uno

Raiz cuadrada

Reglas de semántica natural y estructural

Natural

$$\frac{\underset{\text{i} \to Num(n_1)}{\text{Mult(i,d)}} \text{d Num}(n_2)}{\text{Mult(i,d)} \to Num(n1*n2)}$$

Division

$$i \to Num(n_1)$$
 d Num(0)
div(i,d) \to error: División entre cero

$$\frac{\mathrm{i} \to Num(n_1) \qquad \mathrm{d} \to Num(n_2)}{\mathrm{div}(\mathrm{i},\mathrm{d}) \to \mathrm{Num}(\mathrm{n}1/\mathrm{n}2)}$$

SumarUno

$$i \to Num(n_1)$$

$$add1(i) \to Num(n_1 + 1)$$

RestarUno

$$\frac{\mathrm{i} \to Num(n_1)}{\mathrm{sub1(i)} \to Num(n_1 - 1)}$$

RaizCuadrada

$$i \to Num(n)$$
 $n \in (R^-)$
Sqrt(i) \to error: Raiz negativa

$$\frac{\mathrm{i} \to Num(n_1)}{\mathrm{Sqrt}(\mathrm{i}) \to Num(\sqrt{n_1})}$$

Estructural Multiplicacion

Caso 1:

$$\frac{i \to i'}{Mult(i,d) \to Mult(i',d)}$$

Caso 2:

$$\frac{d \to d'}{Mult(Num(n),d) \to Mult(Num(n),d')}$$

Caso 3:

$$\overline{\text{Mult}(\text{Num}(\text{n1}),\text{Num}(\text{n2})) \rightarrow \text{Num}(\text{n1 * n2})}$$

Division

$$\frac{{\rm Caso}\ 1:}{{\rm Div}(i,d)\ \to\ {\rm Div}(i',d)}$$

Caso 2:

$$\frac{d \to d'}{\operatorname{Div}(\operatorname{Num}(n1),d) \to \operatorname{Div}(\operatorname{Num}(n1),d')}$$

Caso 3:

 $\overline{\text{Div}(\text{Num}(n),\text{Num}(0))} \rightarrow \text{'error: Division entre cero'}$

Caso 4:

$$\frac{n2 \ \epsilon \ R - \{0\}}{Div(Num(n1),Num(n2)) \rightarrow Num(n1/n2)}$$

Sumar uno

Caso 1:

$$\frac{i \to i'}{Add1(i) \to Add1(i')}$$

Caso 2:

$$Add1(Num(n1)) \rightarrow Num(n1+1)$$

Restar uno

Caso 1:

$$\frac{i \to i'}{Sub1(i) \to Sub1(i')}$$

 ${\bf Caso\ 2:}$

$$Sub1(Num(n1)) \rightarrow Num(n1 - 1)$$

Raiz cuadrada

Caso 1:

$$\frac{i \to i'}{Sqrt(i) \to Sqrt(i')}$$

Caso3:

$$n_1 \in R^-$$

 $\frac{n_1 \in R^-}{\operatorname{Srqt}(\operatorname{Num}(n_1) \to \operatorname{`error: Raiz negativa'})}$

Caso3:

$$\frac{n_1 \in R^+ \cup 0}{\operatorname{Srqt}(\operatorname{Num}(n_1) \to \operatorname{Num}(\sqrt{n_1})}$$