Assignment 4: Data Wrangling

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OVERVIEW

This exercise accompanies the lessons in Environmental Data Analytics on Data Wrangling

Directions

- 1. Change "Student Name" on line 3 (above) with your name.
- 2. Work through the steps, **creating code and output** that fulfill each instruction.
- 3. Be sure to **answer the questions** in this assignment document.
- 4. When you have completed the assignment, **Knit** the text and code into a single PDF file.
- 5. After Knitting, submit the completed exercise (PDF file) to the dropbox in Sakai. Add your last name into the file name (e.g., "Fay_A04_DataWrangling.Rmd") prior to submission.

The completed exercise is due on Monday, Feb 7 @ 7:00pm.

Set up your session

1. Check your working directory, load the tidyverse and lubridate packages, and upload all four raw data files associated with the EPA Air dataset. See the README file for the EPA air datasets for more information (especially if you have not worked with air quality data previously).

```
getwd()
## [1] "C:/Users/ln113/Documents/EDA R/Environmental Data Analytics 2022/Assignments"
library(tidyverse)
## -- Attaching packages ------ tidyverse 1.3.1 --
## v ggplot2 3.3.5
                     v purrr
                              0.3.4
## v tibble 3.1.6
                     v dplyr
                              1.0.7
## v tidyr
           1.1.4
                     v stringr 1.4.0
## v readr
           2.1.1
                     v forcats 0.5.1
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                   masks stats::lag()
library(lubridate)
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
      date, intersect, setdiff, union
# uploading all 4 csv data files
EPAair_PM25_NC2019 <- read.csv("../Data/Raw/EpAair_PM25_NC2019_raw.csv",
```

```
stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
EPAair_PM25_NC2018 <- read.csv("../Data/Raw/EpAair_PM25_NC2018_raw.csv",
                             stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
EPAair_03_NC2019 <- read.csv("../Data/Raw/EpAair_o3_NC2019_raw.csv",
                             stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
EPAair_03_NC2018 <- read.csv("../Data/Raw/EpAair_o3_NC2018_raw.csv",
                             stringsAsFactors = TRUE)
  2. Explore the dimensions, column names, and structure of the datasets.
# For Oznone 3 in 2018
dim(EPAair_03_NC2018)
## [1] 9737
colnames(EPAair_03_NC2018)
  [1] "Date"
##
## [2] "Source"
## [3] "Site.ID"
## [4] "POC"
## [5] "Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration"
## [6] "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
## [8] "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
## [10] "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
## [12] "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
## [14] "CBSA_NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
## [16] "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
## [18] "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
## [20] "SITE_LONGITUDE"
str(EPAair_03_NC2018)
## 'data.frame':
                   9737 obs. of 20 variables:
## $ Date
                                          : Factor w/ 364 levels "01/01/2018","01/02/2018",...: 60 61 62
## $ Source
                                          : Factor w/ 1 level "AQS": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Site.ID
                                          : int 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 3700
                                          : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ POC
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration: num 0.043 0.046 0.047 0.049 0.047 0.03 0.036 0.044 0.049 0
## $ UNITS
                                          : Factor w/ 1 level "ppm": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                          : int 40 43 44 45 44 28 33 41 45 40 ...
                                          : Factor w/ 40 levels "", "Beaufort", ...: 35 35 35 35 35 35 35
## $ Site.Name
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                          : int 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 ...
                                         : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                          : int 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 -
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                          : Factor w/ 1 level "Ozone": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                          : int 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 :
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                          : Factor w/ 17 levels "", "Asheville, NC", ...: 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
## $ CBSA_NAME
                                          : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
```

\$ STATE_CODE

```
## $ STATE
                                        : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                        : int 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ COUNTY_CODE
## $ COUNTY
                                        : Factor w/ 32 levels "Alexander", "Avery", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                        : num 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 ...
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                         : num -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 ...
#For ozone 03 in 2019
dim(EPAair_03_NC2019)
## [1] 10592
               20
colnames(EPAair_03_NC2019)
   [1] "Date"
   [2] "Source"
##
## [3] "Site.ID"
## [4] "POC"
## [5] "Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration"
## [6] "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
## [8] "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
## [10] "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS_PARAMETER_CODE"
## [12] "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
## [14] "CBSA_NAME"
## [15] "STATE_CODE"
## [16] "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
## [18] "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
## [20] "SITE_LONGITUDE"
str(EPAair_03_NC2019)
                   10592 obs. of 20 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## $ Date
                                         : Factor w/ 365 levels "01/01/2019", "01/02/2019", ...: 1 2 3 4
## $ Source
                                         : Factor w/ 2 levels "AirNow", "AQS": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                         : int 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 370030005 3700
## $ Site.ID
                                        : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Daily.Max.8.hour.Ozone.Concentration: num 0.029 0.018 0.016 0.022 0.037 0.037 0.029 0.038 0.038
                                        : Factor w/ 1 level "ppm": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ UNITS
                                        : int 27 17 15 20 34 34 27 35 35 28 ...
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
## $ Site.Name
                                        : Factor w/ 38 levels "", "Beaufort", ...: 33 33 33 33 33 33 33
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                        : int 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 24 ...
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
                                        : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
                                        : int 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 44201 -
## $ AQS PARAMETER CODE
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                        : Factor w/ 1 level "Ozone": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                        : int 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 25860 2
                                        : Factor w/ 15 levels "", "Asheville, NC",..: 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
## $ CBSA_NAME
## $ STATE_CODE
                                        ## $ STATE
                                        : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                        : int 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ COUNTY
                                        : Factor w/ 30 levels "Alexander", "Avery", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
```

: num 35.9 35.9 35.9 35.9 ...

\$ SITE_LATITUDE

```
## $ SITE_LONGITUDE
                                         : num -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 -81.2 ...
# For Pm2.5 in 2018
dim(EPAair_PM25_NC2018)
## [1] 8983 20
colnames(EPAair_PM25_NC2018)
  [1] "Date"
                                        "Source"
   [3] "Site.ID"
                                        "POC"
##
## [5] "Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration" "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
                                        "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
                                        "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS PARAMETER CODE"
                                        "AQS_PARAMETER_DESC"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
                                       "CBSA NAME"
## [15] "STATE CODE"
                                       "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
                                       "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
                                       "SITE_LONGITUDE"
str(EPAair_PM25_NC2018)
                   8983 obs. of 20 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## $ Date
                                   : Factor w/ 365 levels "01/01/2018", "01/02/2018", ...: 2 5 8 11 14 17
                                   : Factor w/ 1 level "AQS": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Source
## $ Site.ID
                                   : int 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002
                                   : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ POC
## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration: num 2.9 3.7 5.3 0.8 2.5 4.5 1.8 2.5 4.2 1.7 ...
## $ UNITS
                                  : Factor w/ 1 level "ug/m3 LC": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                  : int 12 15 22 3 10 19 8 10 18 7 ...
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
## $ Site.Name
                                 : Factor w/ 25 levels "", "Blackstone", ...: 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1
## $ DAILY_OBS_COUNT
                                  : int 111111111...
                                  : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
## $ PERCENT_COMPLETE
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                  : int 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                 : Factor w/ 2 levels "Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass",..: 1
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                  : int NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
## $ CBSA_NAME
                                  : Factor w/ 14 levels "", "Asheville, NC",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ STATE_CODE
                                 : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
## $ STATE
                                  : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                  : int 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 ...
## $ COUNTY
                                  : Factor w/ 21 levels "Avery", "Buncombe", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                  : num 36 36 36 36 36 ...
## $ SITE LONGITUDE
                                   : num -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 ...
#For PM2.5 in 2019
dim(EPAair_PM25_NC2019)
## [1] 8581
             20
colnames(EPAair_PM25_NC2019)
## [1] "Date"
                                        "Source"
## [3] "Site.ID"
                                        "POC"
## [5] "Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration" "UNITS"
## [7] "DAILY_AQI_VALUE"
                                        "Site.Name"
## [9] "DAILY_OBS_COUNT"
                                       "PERCENT_COMPLETE"
## [11] "AQS PARAMETER CODE"
                                       "AQS PARAMETER DESC"
                                       "CBSA NAME"
## [13] "CBSA_CODE"
```

```
## [15] "STATE CODE"
                                        "STATE"
## [17] "COUNTY_CODE"
                                        "COUNTY"
## [19] "SITE_LATITUDE"
                                        "SITE LONGITUDE"
str(EPAair_PM25_NC2019)
  'data.frame':
                   8581 obs. of 20 variables:
##
   $ Date
                                   : Factor w/ 365 levels "01/01/2019", "01/02/2019", ...: 3 6 9 12 15 18
                                   : Factor w/ 2 levels "AirNow", "AQS": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
##
   $ Source
                                   : int 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002 370110002
## $ Site.ID
                                   : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ POC
## $ Daily.Mean.PM2.5.Concentration: num 1.6 1 1.3 6.3 2.6 1.2 1.5 1.5 3.7 1.6 ...
## $ UNITS
                                   : Factor w/ 1 level "ug/m3 LC": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ DAILY_AQI_VALUE
                                   : int 7 4 5 26 11 5 6 6 15 7 ...
                                   : Factor w/ 25 levels "", "Board Of Ed. Bldg.",..: 14 14 14 14 14 14
## $ Site.Name
## $ DAILY OBS COUNT
                                   : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
                                   : num 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 ...
## $ PERCENT COMPLETE
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_CODE
                                   : int 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502 88502
## $ AQS_PARAMETER_DESC
                                   : Factor w/ 2 levels "Acceptable PM2.5 AQI & Speciation Mass",..: 1
## $ CBSA_CODE
                                   : int NA ...
                                   : Factor w/ 14 levels "", "Asheville, NC",..: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ CBSA_NAME
## $ STATE_CODE
                                   : int 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 ...
## $ STATE
                                   : Factor w/ 1 level "North Carolina": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ COUNTY_CODE
                                   : int 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 ...
## $ COUNTY
                                   : Factor w/ 21 levels "Avery", "Buncombe", ...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ SITE_LATITUDE
                                   : num
                                          36 36 36 36 ...
                                   : num -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 -81.9 ...
   $ SITE_LONGITUDE
```

Wrangle individual datasets to create processed files.

- 3. Change date to a date object
- 4. Select the following columns: Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE
- 5. For the PM2.5 datasets, fill all cells in AQS_PARAMETER_DESC with "PM2.5" (all cells in this column should be identical).
- 6. Save all four processed datasets in the Processed folder. Use the same file names as the raw files but replace "raw" with "processed".

```
#3 Changing date from factor into date format for 4 datasets

EPAair_03_NC2018$Date <- as.Date(EPAair_03_NC2018$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")

class(EPAair_03_NC2018$Date)

## [1] "Date"

EPAair_03_NC2019$Date <- as.Date(EPAair_03_NC2019$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")

class(EPAair_03_NC2019$Date)

## [1] "Date"

EPAair_PM25_NC2018$Date <- as.Date(EPAair_PM25_NC2018$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")

class(EPAair_PM25_NC2018$Date)

## [1] "Date"

EPAair_PM25_NC2019$Date <- as.Date(EPAair_PM25_NC2019$Date, format = "%m/%d/%Y")

class(EPAair_PM25_NC2019$Date)
```

```
## [1] "Date"
```

```
#4 Selecting specific columns in each dataset
EPAair 03 NC2018 Selected <- select(EPAair 03 NC2018, Date, DAILY AQI VALUE,
          Site.Name, AQS PARAMETER DESC, COUNTY, SITE LATITUDE, SITE LONGITUDE)
EPAair_03_NC2019_Selected <- select(EPAair_03_NC2019, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE,
          Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE)
EPAair_PM25_NC2018_Selected <- select(EPAair_PM25_NC2018, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE,
          Site.Name, AQS PARAMETER DESC, COUNTY, SITE LATITUDE, SITE LONGITUDE)
EPAair_PM25_NC2019_Selected <- select(EPAair_PM25_NC2019, Date, DAILY_AQI_VALUE,
          Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY, SITE_LATITUDE, SITE_LONGITUDE)
#5 Filling AQS with PM2.5 using mutate function
EPAair_PM25_NC2018_Slt_PM2.5 <-mutate(EPAair_PM25_NC2018_Selected,
                                     AQS PARAMETER DESC = "PM2.5")
EPAair_PM25_NC2019_Slt_PM2.5 <-mutate(EPAair_PM25_NC2019_Selected,
                                     AQS_PARAMETER_DESC = "PM2.5")
#6 Saving the four datasets in my local computer
write.csv(EPAair 03 NC2018 Selected, row.names = FALSE,
          file = "../Data/Processed/EPAair 03 NC2018 Processed.csv")
write.csv(EPAair_03_NC2019_Selected, row.names = FALSE,
          file = "../Data/Processed/EPAair_03_NC2019_Processed.csv")
write.csv(EPAair_PM25_NC2018_Slt_PM2.5, row.names = FALSE,
          file = "../Data/Processed/EPAair PM25 NC2018 Processed.csv")
write.csv(EPAair_PM25_NC2019_Slt_PM2.5, row.names = FALSE,
          file = "../Data/Processed/EPAair_PM25_NC2019_Processed.csv")
```

Combine datasets

- 7. Combine the four datasets with rbind. Make sure your column names are identical prior to running this code.
- 8. Wrangle your new dataset with a pipe function (%>%) so that it fills the following conditions:
- Filter records to include just the sites that the four data frames have in common: "Linville Falls", "Durham Armory", "Leggett", "Hattie Avenue", "Clemmons Middle", "Mendenhall School", "Frying Pan Mountain", "West Johnston Co.", "Garinger High School", "Castle Hayne", "Pitt Agri. Center", "Bryson City", "Millbrook School". (The intersect function can figure out common factor levels if we didn't give you this list...)
- Some sites have multiple measurements per day. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate daily means: group by date, site, aqs parameter, and county. Take the mean of the AQI value, latitude, and longitude.
- Add columns for "Month" and "Year" by parsing your "Date" column (hint: lubridate package)
- Hint: the dimensions of this dataset should be $14,752 \times 9$.
- 9. Spread your datasets such that AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 are in separate columns. Each location on a specific date should now occupy only one row.
- 10. Call up the dimensions of your new tidy dataset.
- 11. Save your processed dataset with the following file name: "EPAair O3 PM25 NC2122 Processed.csv"

```
#8 Organizing the combined dataset in 7
NC_Air_Pol_Epa <- NC_Air_Pol %>%
 filter(Site.Name %in% c("Linville Falls", "Durham Armory",
"Leggett", "Hattie Avenue", "Clemmons Middle", "Mendenhall School",
"Frying Pan Mountain", "West Johnston Co.", "Garinger High School",
"Castle Hayne", "Pitt Agri. Center", "Bryson City", "Millbrook School")) %>%
   group_by(Date, Site.Name, AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, COUNTY) %>%
  summarise(MeanAQI = mean(DAILY_AQI_VALUE),
           MeanLAT = mean(SITE LATITUDE),
            MeanLONG = mean(SITE_LONGITUDE), .groups = "drop") %>%
         mutate(Month = month(Date),
                Year = year(Date))
dim(NC_Air_Pol_Epa)
## [1] 14752
#9 Spreading previous dataset
Air_Pol_Spread <- pivot_wider(NC_Air_Pol_Epa, names_from = AQS_PARAMETER_DESC, values_from = MeanAQI)
#10 checking the dimension of the created spreaded dataset
dim(Air Pol Spread)
## [1] 8976
#11 saving the csv in my local computer
write.csv(Air Pol Spread, row.names = FALSE,
          file = "../Data/Processed/EPAair_03_PM25_NC2122_Processed.csv")
```

Generate summary tables

12a. Use the split-apply-combine strategy to generate a summary data frame from your results from Step 9 above. Data should be grouped by site, month, and year. Generate the mean AQI values for ozone and PM2.5 for each group.

12b. BONUS: Add a piped statement to 12a that removes rows where both mean ozone and mean PM2.5 have missing values.

13. Call up the dimensions of the summary dataset.

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Site.Name', 'Month'. You can override using the `.groups` argum
#13 Finding values of the previous dataset
dim(Air_Pol_Spread_summary)
```

[1] 292 5