Project 2
Blackjacks
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INTRODUCTION:

Blackjack, also known as twenty-one it is thought that it origins started in France back in the 1700s. Blackjack is widely known and popular game in the United States, mostly



common in Casinos. Nowadays, blackjack can be played right from home or on the go either on a smartphone or on a personal computer. Finally I get my chance of creating my own version of blackjack.

Game Rule:

- 1. Winning
 - a. Player(s) hit Blackjack (21) on first deal.
 - b. Player sum is greater than dealer sum after additional cards are dealt.
 - c. Player(s) hit Blackjack (21) after additional cards are dealt.
 - d. Dealer bust (dealer sum is >21)
- 2. Losing
 - a. Dealer hit Blackjack.
 - b. Player(s) Bust during additional card dealing
 - c. Player(s) sum less than dealer card sums.
 - d. dealer cheats.
- 3. Push
 - a. Player(s) sum equal dealer sum (pSum[] == dSum)

```
loui total: 15
hit(1) or stay(2): 2

rich total: 5
hit(1) or stay(2): 1

New Card: 9 new total: 14
enter 1 for hit or 2 for stay 1
New Card: 1 new total: 15
enter 1 for hit or 2 for stay 2
hanes total: 20
hit(1) or stay(2): 2

loui Total: 15
rich Total: 15
hanes Total: 20
```

Game Play:

- 1. Enter number of players.
 - a. Players input name
 - b. Players input chips buy in
 - c. Players place bets
- 2. Dealer First two cards are dealt.
 - a. Dealer card 1 is reveal.
 - b. Dealer card 2 is hidden
- 3. Players First two cards are dealt.
 - a. Players cards are added up making sure player do not bust on first dealt or if player hit blackjack for an automatic win.
 - b. If player(s) sum is less than 21 player decides to hit or stay.
 - c. Hit ->to deal a 3rd card and beyond or stay with current cards.
- 4. Hit
 - a. Player(s) sum is greater than 21, player(s) lose.
 - b. Player(s) sum is smaller than dealer player(s) lose
 - c. Player(s) sum is equal to 21, player wins .
 - d. Player(s) sum is greater than dealer, players win
- 5. Stay -> stay with current cards.
- 6. Dealer:
 - a. Checking dealer sum to make sure dealer doesn't bust on first dealt.
 - b. Dealer sum is equal to 21 player(s) lose
 - c. Dealer hit if sum of first two cards are less than 17.

- d. Dealer stay when sum is equal to or greater than 17.
- e. Player(s) win if dealer sum is greater than 21 during dealer hit.
- 7. Dealer sum and Player(s) sum are being compare the greater value wins.
- 8. Game prompt player(s) to play again y/n.
- 9. Yes: game starts over again, No: game ends, thank you for playing message displays.
- 10. Players name, remaining chips and last place bets are stored in "BJK.txt" file.

DEVELOPMENT AND LOGIC

System Libraries used: Line(10-15)

- Iostream -> C++ library deals with namespace std
- cstdlib -> C++ standard library
- fstream -> file i/o, write to file and read from file
- ctime -> ctime library helps generate the random values.
- Vector -> Vector library
- String -> string library

User libraries: line(23-28)

- Struct pData line(23-28, 58-61, 228-236):
 - 1. name
 - 2. bet
 - 3. chip

Function Prototypes: line(33-51)

- Error1-> check for player first hand bust, blackjack, two aces drawn
- Error2 -> check for bets, and chips error
- Error3 -> check for aces during player hit's
- dDeal -> dealer deal 3rd card
- dError1-> check for dealer blackjack, bust, and two aces drawn after second card
- dError2 -> check for dealer hit for aces drawn
- hitStay -> Player chooses to hit or stay
- dDeal -> Dealer cards are reveal and third card is dealt
- win-> Player(s) wins
- lose -> Player(s) loses
- pJack -> Player(s) or dealer hit blackjacks
- pBust -> Player(s) bust sum is over 21

- dBust -> Dealer bust sum is over 21
- push -> Game push dealer sum equals player sum
- rFile-> reading from file
- srt1 -> sort chips ascending order
- srt2 -> sort bets descending order

Dynamic Arrays line(56-58)

- Name
- Chips
- Bets

Variables Declared: line(62-77)

- card1[] ->Players card 2
- card2[] ->Players card 2
- dCard1 -> Dealer card 1
- dCard2 -> Dealer card 2
- dSum -> Dealer sum
- SIZE-> number of players
- pSum[] ->Players sum
- count -> Game counter
- name []-> Players name
- chips[] -> user chips
- bets[] -> user bets
- 2. user prompt to enter number of players
 - input SIZE
- 3. while (SIZE < 0) prompt use to enter a number greater than zero.
- 4. Getting player Names and Chips. Also error check for negative numbers for chips
- 5. User place bets
- 6. Dealer card 1 and card 2: hidden not reveal
- 7. Card error checks
 - dError1
 - dSum=22?

- dCards 1&1?
- dCards 10& 1?
- dCards 11&1?
- 8. players card are dealt
 - error1
 - pSum=22?
 - Cards 1&1?
 - Cards 11&1?
 - Cards 10&1?
- 9. players hit or stay
 - hitStay
 - card 3
 - error2
- 1. sum<11 & card 1?
- 2. Sum>=11 & card =11?

```
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364
                                   * Purpose: checks for user third card draw for aces
365
366
                                   * (sum > 11 && card == 11) -> sum +=1
367
                                                (sum[x] < 11 && card == 1) -> sum+=11
368
369
                               void error2(int card, int sum[], int SZ)
 370
 371 □ {
                                                   for (int x = 0; x < SZ; x++)
372
373
                                                                    if (sum[x] > 11 && card == 11)
374
375
                                                                                       sum[x] += 1;
376
377
                                                                    else if (sum[x] < 11 && card == 1)
378
379
                                                                                       sum[x] += 11;
380
381
382
383
```

- 10. dDeal
 - Dealer sum less than 17 dealer deals third card

- If dealer sum is greater or equal to seventeen and less than 21 then dealer sum get pass back to main.
- 11. Win, lose, push, dBjk, pJack, dBust, pBust

```
void pBust(string name[], int chips[], int bets[], int pSum[], int dSum, int SZ)
           for (int x = 0; x < SZ; x++)
588
589
590
               if (pSum[x] > 21)
                    cout << "BUST!!! YOU LOSE\n";
                   chips[x]-=bets[x];
                   cout <<name[x]<<" chips total: $"<<chips[x]<<endl;</pre>
597
598
599
       * purpose: Player push when ((pSum == dSum))
       void push(string name[], int chips[], int bets[], int pSum[], int dSum, int SZ)
605
606
607
           for (int x=0; x<SZ; x++)
608
               if(pSum[x]==dSum && dSum!=21)
                  cout <<"Push\n";</pre>
                  cout <<name[x]<<" chips total: $"<<chips[x]<<endl;</pre>
                    cout<<endl:
```

- 12. Player is prompt to play again or to quit.
 - · Play again process starts all over.
 - Quit thank message is displayed
 - Game ends
 - Players name, remaining chips and last best are written to "struct.txt" files
 - Srt1()
 - 1. Sorts bets from largest to smallest
 - 2. Vector usage is implemented
 - Srt2()
 - 1. Sorts chips from smallest to largest
 - 2. Vector usage is implemented
 - 3. Vector numbers from smallest to largest

```
for (unsigned int i = 0; i < SZ; i++)
750
751
              cout <<"bets "<<bets[i]<<endl<<endl;</pre>
752
              vBets.reserve(vBets.size() + SZ);
753
              vBets.push_back(bets[i]);
754
              copy(&bets[i], &bets[SZ], back_inserter(vBets));
755
756
              //result output to both file and console output
757
              file << "$" << vBets[i] << endl;
758
759
          file.close();
```

```
for (unsigned int i = 0; i < SZ; i++)
793
794
795
796
              vChips.reserve(vChips.size() + SZ);
              vChips.push_back(chips[i]);
797
 0
              copy(&chips[i], &chips[SZ], back_inserter(vChips));
799
800
              //result output to both file and console output
              file << "$" << vChips[i] << endl;
801
802
              cout << "$" << vChips[i] << endl;</pre>
803
          file.close();
804
```

HIGHLIGHTS

Struct pData usage (line(23-28, 58-61, 228-236))

```
//struct
   58
   59
              pData* Name= new pData[50];
              pData* Chips = new pData[50];
   60
              pData* Bets = new pData[50];
227
           for (int x = 0; x < SIZE; x++)
228
229
               Name[x].NAME = name[x];
230
               file << "\n" << Name[x].NAME << endl;
231
232
               Chips[x].chip = chips[x];
233
               file << "Chips " << ": $" << Chips[x].chip << endl;
234
               Bets[x].chip = bets[x];
               file << "Bets " << ": $" << Bets[x].chip << endl;
235
236
```

Dynamic Array usage(line(59-61, 238-240))

```
58
         //struct
                                          237
                                                      //delete dynamic arrays
59
          pData* Name= new pData[50];
                                          238
                                                      delete [] Name;
          pData* Chips = new pData[50];
60
                                          239
                                                      delete [] Chips;
          pData* Bets = new pData[50];
61
                                          240
                                                      delete [] Bets;
```

Vectors usage srt1() & srt2() lines(710-806)

```
769 ofstream file;
770 file.open("vChips.txt");
771 vector<int> vChips(0);
772 vector<int> vChips(0);
773 file.open("vBets.txt");
774 vector<int> vBets;
775 for (int i = 0; i < SZ; i++)
776 {
```

Read From Files

```
ifstream file;
812
           string bets;
813
           file.open("vBets.txt");
814
           cout << "largest to smallest\nLast Placed ";</pre>
815
           while (getline(file, bets))
816
817
           {
               file>>bets;
818
               cout << bets << "\n";
819
820
          file.close();
821
```

Summary

Blackjack 2, has many different concepts added on to it. The game was rebuilt from ground up to make it easier in implementing new concepts and logics. Before, Blackjack was one player and was consists of mainly if and else statements. In blackjack 2 new concepts such as parallel arrays and dynamic arrays were implemented to store user data. Therefore giving the program the ability to handle multiplayers at a time. There are no set limits on the size of players that can play blackjack 2 at a time. Player data were also stored in structure data type name pData. It stores users name, remaining chips and last bet place and exported it to a .txt file for records. Functions were implemented as a way to make the code look neater and easier to debug. Approximately about 20 functions were created to handle the logic behind blackjack 2. Sorting function was created to sort users bet from highest to lowest. Reading from file, vector implementations, passing arrays to functions, error checking players individually were all new logics that was implemented to get blackjack 2 up and running. Furthermore there are lots more potentials that can be done with developing blackjack 2 into 3. For instance, developing a bank account for dealer and store the data in a separate private file. When players purchase credits for chips from dealers those credits will get be added to dealers bank account. Also, give the user the ability to exit the game if they wish for. Blackjack 2 was a great final project because of how tedious it was and paying very close attention to smallest of details.

Reference

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