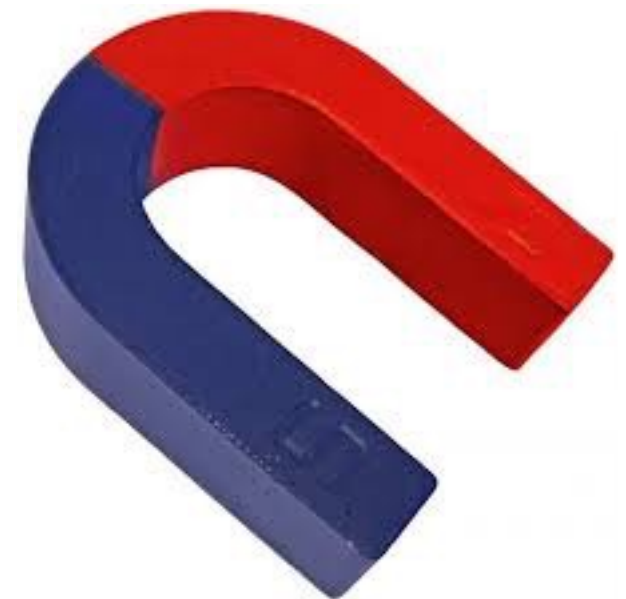
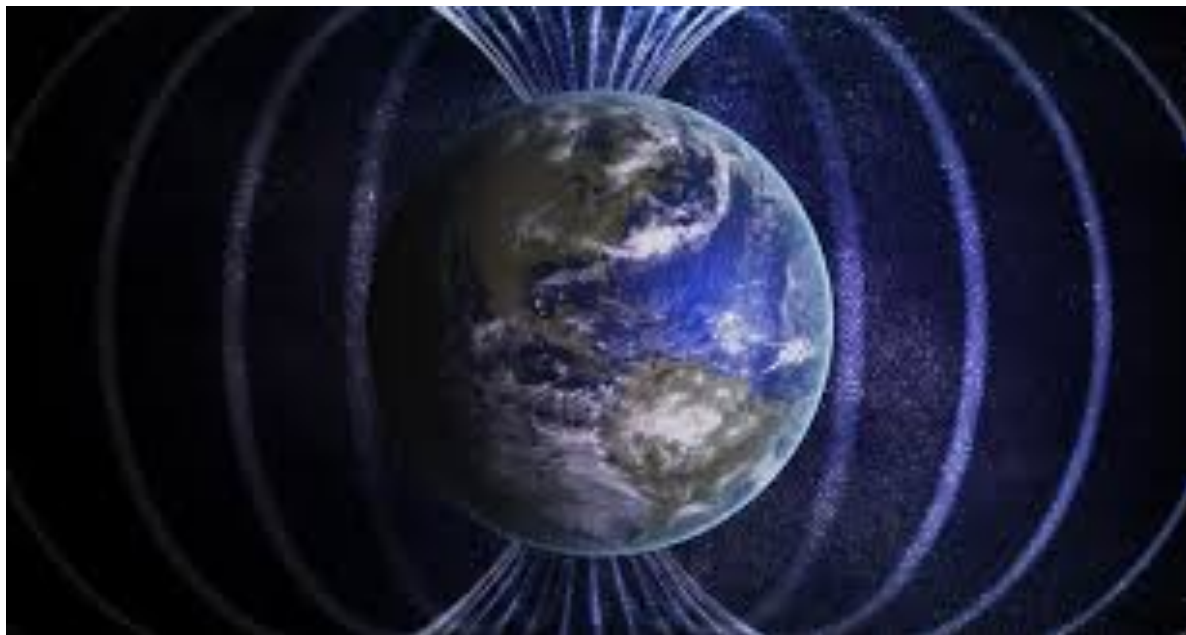


# Fun Physics Fact of the Day

Magnetic field strength is measured in Tesla (T) or gauss (G).

The strength of the earth's magnetic field is 0.5 G.

The strength of a horseshoe magnet is 200 G.



# Another projectile motion problem

An artillery shell is launched with an initial speed of 130 m/s at an angle of  $35^\circ$  above the horizontal. Ten seconds later, the shell hits its target on an elevated bluff.

How tall is the bluff?

What is the impact speed?

What is the angle of impact? (measured from the vertical)

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**746 m**

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**109 m/s**

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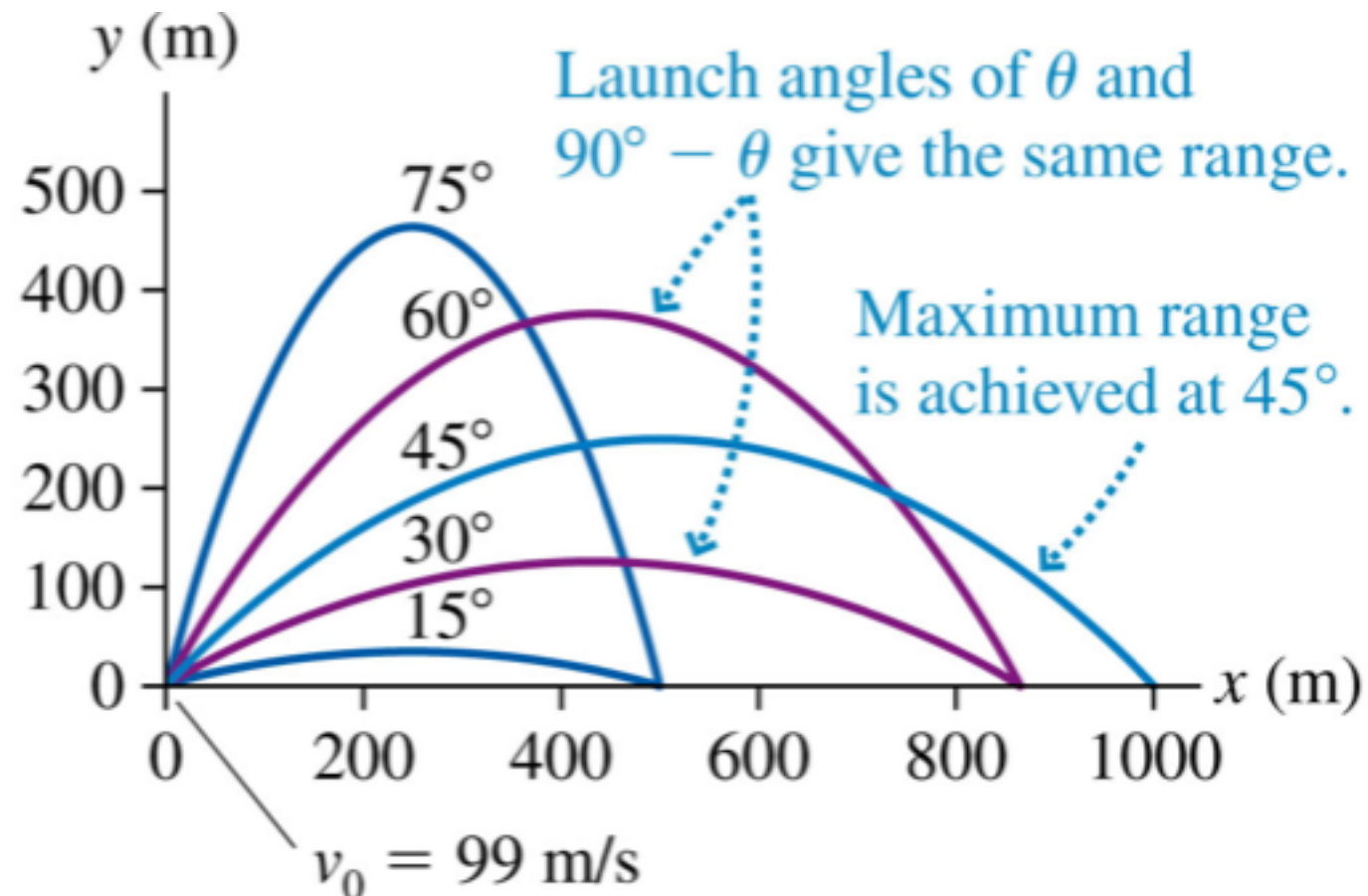
What is the angle of impact? (measured from the vertical)

**$78^\circ$**

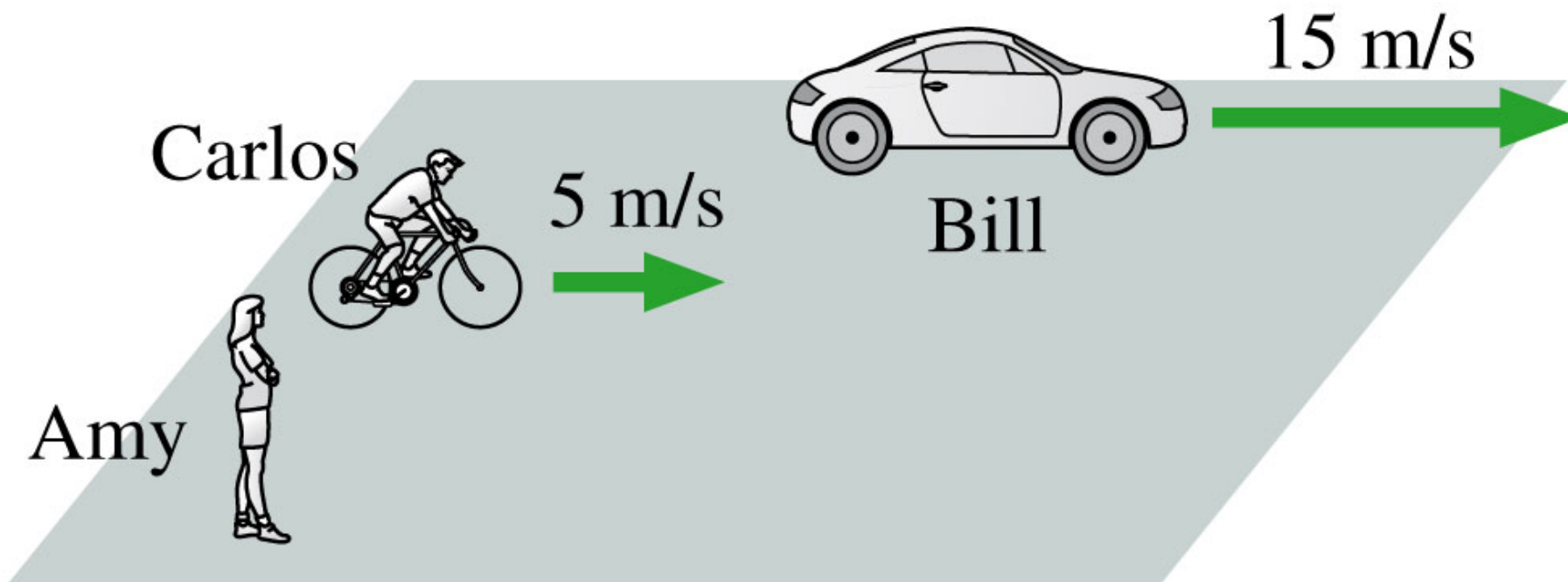
# Range of projectile

$$R = \frac{v_0^2 \sin(2\theta)}{g}$$

When the initial height is the same as the final height.



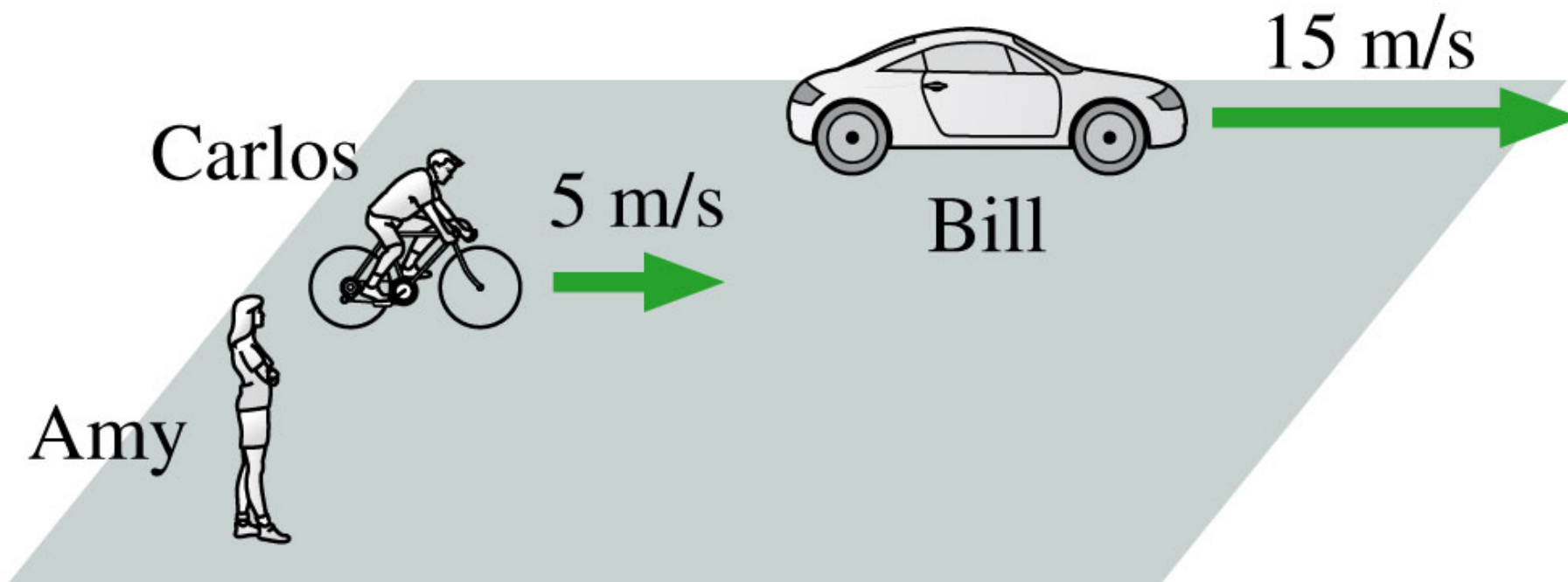
# Relative Motion Question #10



What is Carlos's speed as measured by Bill (  $v_{CB}$  )?

- a) +15 m/s
- b) - 15 m/s
- c) +10 m/s
- d) +5 m/s
- e) -10 m/s

# Relative Motion Question #11



What is Amy's speed as measured by Bill (  $v_{AB}$  )?

- a) +15 m/s
- b) - 10 m/s
- c) +10 m/s
- d) -15 m/s
- e) +5 m/s

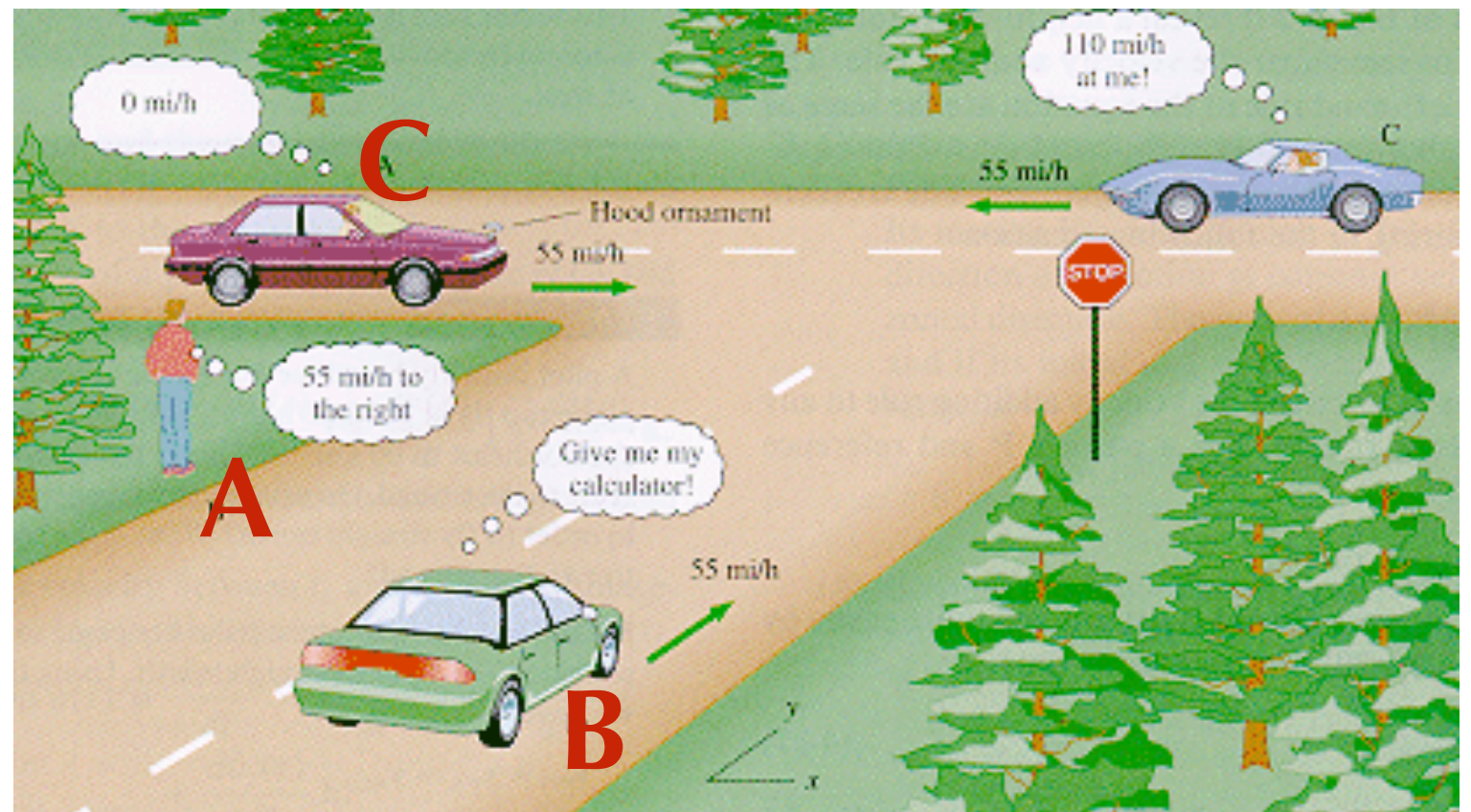


# Reference Frames Question #12

$$\vec{v}_{CB} = \vec{v}_{CA} + \vec{v}_{AB}$$

What is C's velocity (red car) as measured by B (green car)?

- a)  $(-55 \hat{i} - 55 \hat{j})$  mph
- b)  $(-55 \hat{i} + 55 \hat{j})$  mph
- c)
- d)  $(55 \hat{i} + 55 \hat{j})$  mph
- e)  $(55 \hat{i} - 55 \hat{j})$  mph





# Circular Motion Question #13

**What is the meaning of the word period (T)?**



- a) The time it takes for an object to turn through one full radian.
- b) The time it takes for an object to make one full revolution.
- c) .
- d) The time it takes to travel through 90 degrees.
- e) The distance a particle travels during one full revolution.





**b)**

$$\omega = \frac{1}{T} \text{ revs/min}$$

**a)**

$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} \text{ rads/min}$$

**c)**

$$\omega = \frac{T}{2\pi} \text{ revs/min}$$

**d)** a) and b) are both correct

**e)** a) and c) are both correct.



If the ferris wheel makes one full revolution in  $T$  minutes, which expression below is a correct?

**b)**

$$\omega = \frac{1}{T} \text{ revs/min}$$

**a)**

$$\omega = \frac{2\pi}{T} \text{ rads/min}$$

**c)**

$$\omega = \frac{T}{2\pi} \text{ revs/min}$$

**d)** a) and b) are both correct

**e)** a) and c) are both correct.

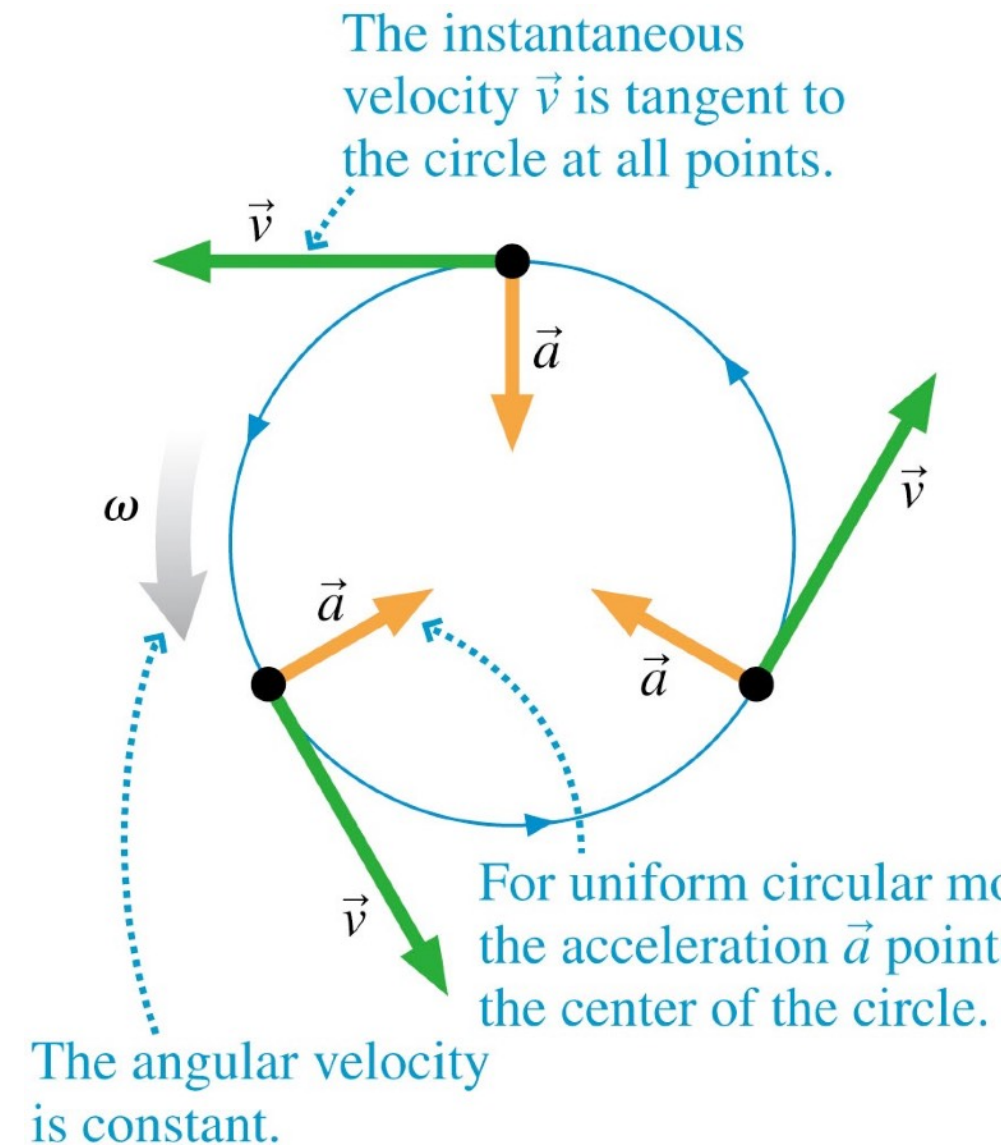




# Tangential Velocity

## Question #15

- a) 0.0628 meters/min
- b) 6.28 meters/sec
- c) 62.8 meters/sec
- d) 0.0628 meters/ sec
- e) a) and b) are both correct.

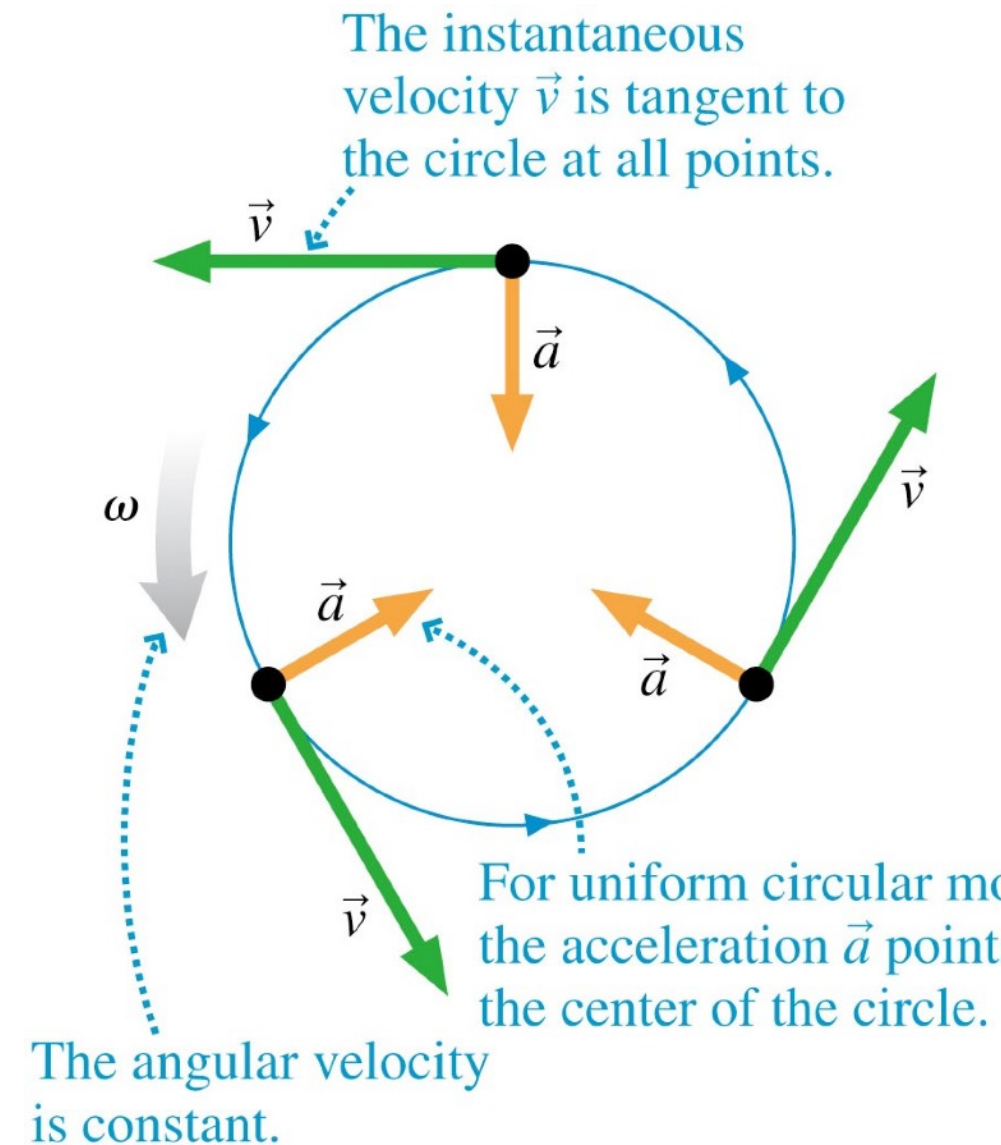


# Tangential Velocity

## Question #15

A wheel is spinning with a period of 10 sec. What is the speed of point on the wheel, 10 cm away?

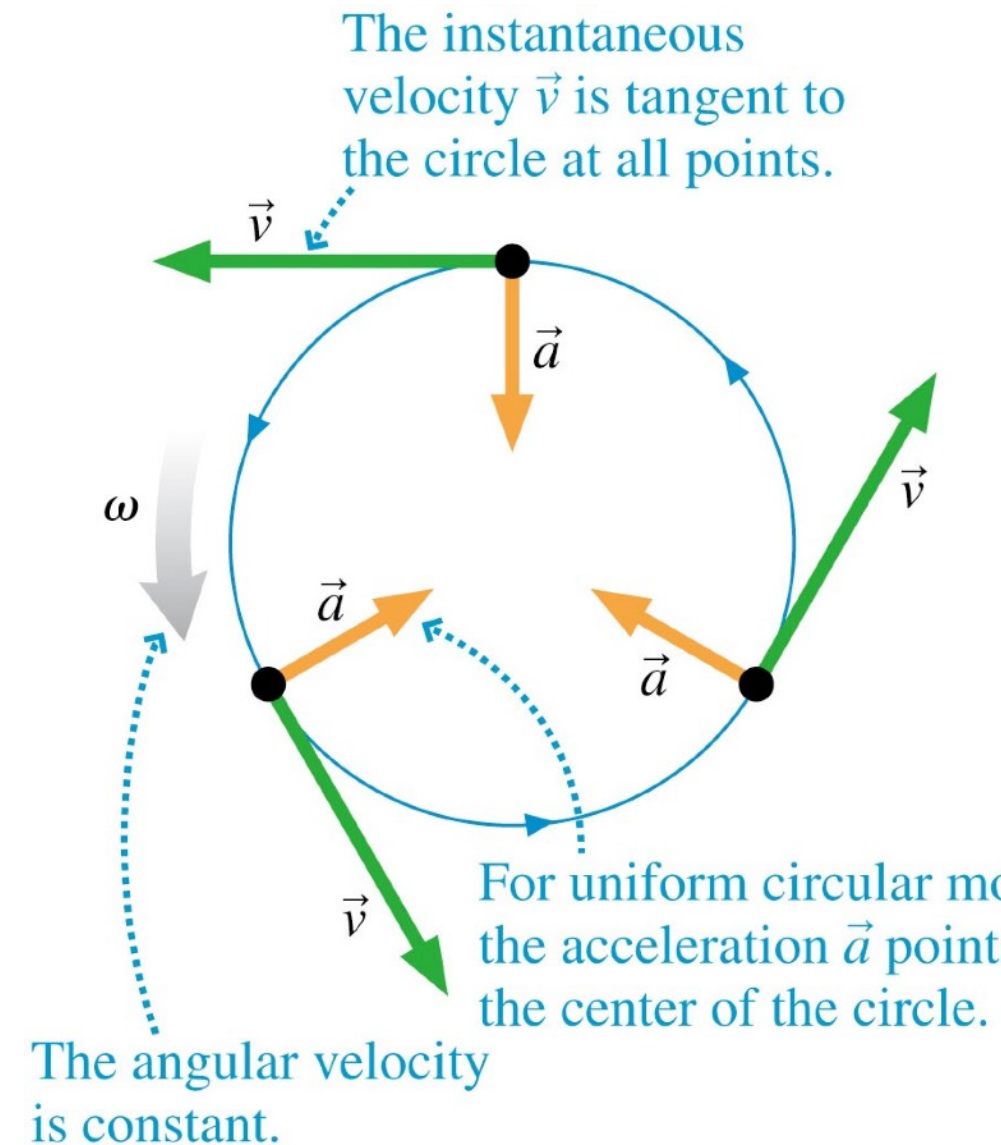
- a) 0.0628 meters/min
- b) 6.28 meters/sec
- c) 62.8 meters/sec
- d) 0.0628 meters/ sec
- e) a) and b) are both correct.



# Tangential Velocity

## Question #16

- a) 50 meters/min
- b) 314 meters/min
- c) d) and e) are both correct.
- d) 0.0524 meters/ s
- e) 3.14 meters/min

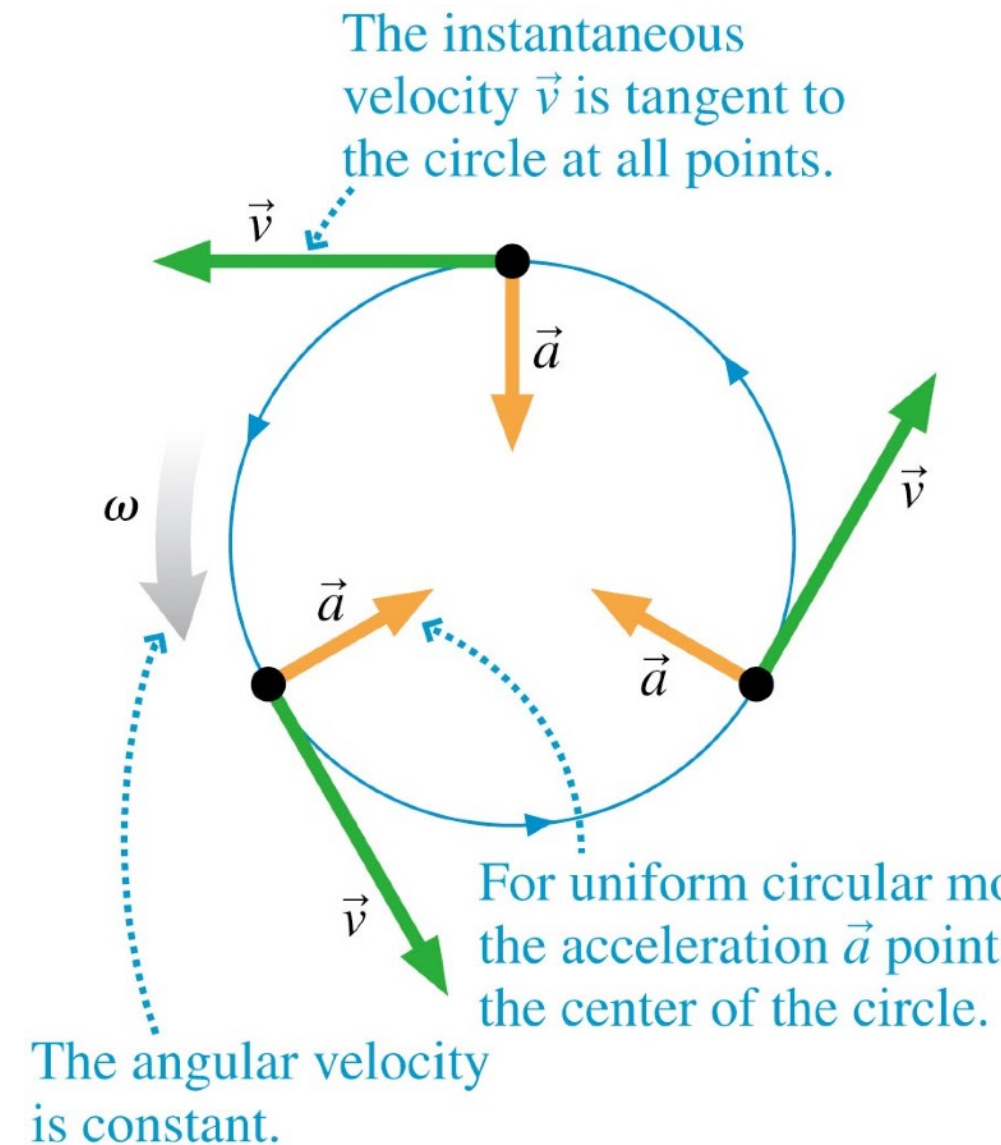


# Tangential Velocity

## Question #16

A wheel is spinning at a rate of 5 rpm. What is the speed of a point on the wheel, 10 cm away?

- a) 50 meters/min
- b) 314 meters/min
- c) d) and e) are both correct.
- d) 0.0524 meters/ s
- e) 3.14 meters/min





After setting this wheel in motion you measure that it takes 10 s to make 15 revolutions. Find the tangential velocity  $v_t$  of a point on the rim, the angular velocity  $\omega$  and the period  $T$ .

### Question #17

$v_t$

- a) 1.89 meters/sec
- b) 0.13 meters/sec
- c) 1.89 meters/min
- d) 0.13 meters/ sec
- e) b) and c) are both correct.

### Question #18

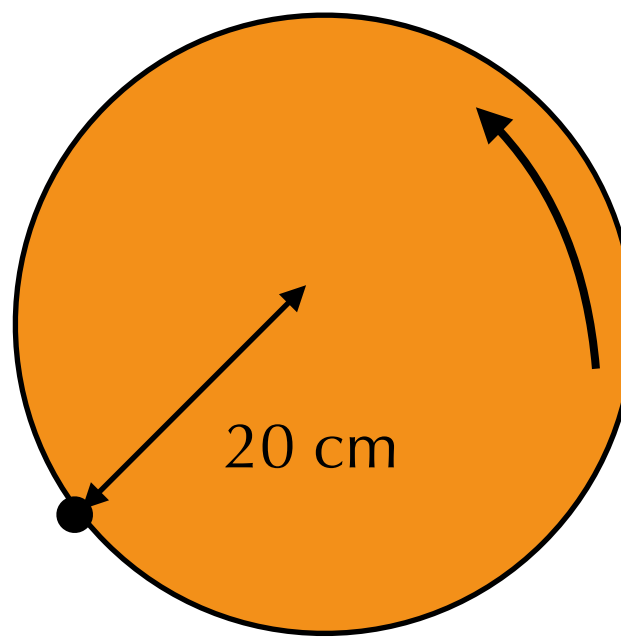
$\omega$

- a) 0.63 rads/min
- b) 0.63 rads/sec
- c) 9.42 rads/sec
- d) 9.42 rads/ min
- e) a) and d) are both correct.

### Question #19

$T$

- a) 0.667 min
- b) 0.667 s
- c) 1.5 s
- d) 1.5 min
- e) a) and b) are both correct





Angular

$\theta$

$\omega$

$\alpha$

Tangential

$s$

$v_t$

$a_t$

Angular

$\theta$    rads   revs   degrees

$\omega$

$\alpha$

Tangential

$s$

$v_t$

$a_t$

Angular

$\theta$    rads   revs   degrees

$\omega$     $\frac{\text{rads}}{\text{s}}$     $\frac{\text{revs}}{\text{s}}$     $\frac{\text{degrees}}{\text{s}}$

$\alpha$

Tangential

$s$

$v_t$

$a_t$

Angular

$\theta$    rads   revs   degrees

$\omega$     $\frac{\text{rads}}{\text{s}}$     $\frac{\text{revs}}{\text{s}}$     $\frac{\text{degrees}}{\text{s}}$

$\alpha$     $\frac{\text{rads}}{\text{s}^2}$     $\frac{\text{revs}}{\text{s}^2}$     $\frac{\text{degrees}}{\text{s}^2}$

Tangential

$s$

$v_t$

$a_t$

Angular

$\theta$    rads   revs   degrees

$\omega$     $\frac{\text{rads}}{\text{s}}$     $\frac{\text{revs}}{\text{s}}$     $\frac{\text{degrees}}{\text{s}}$

$\alpha$     $\frac{\text{rads}}{\text{s}^2}$     $\frac{\text{revs}}{\text{s}^2}$     $\frac{\text{degrees}}{\text{s}^2}$

Tangential

$s$    m   cm   km

$v_t$

$a_t$

## Angular

$\theta$    rads   revs   degrees

$\omega$     $\frac{\text{rads}}{\text{s}}$     $\frac{\text{revs}}{\text{s}}$     $\frac{\text{degrees}}{\text{s}}$

$\alpha$     $\frac{\text{rads}}{\text{s}^2}$     $\frac{\text{revs}}{\text{s}^2}$     $\frac{\text{degrees}}{\text{s}^2}$

## Tangential

$s$    m   cm   km

$v_t$    m/s   cm/s   km/s

$a_t$

## Angular

$\theta$    rads   revs   degrees

$\omega$     $\frac{\text{rads}}{\text{s}}$     $\frac{\text{revs}}{\text{s}}$     $\frac{\text{degrees}}{\text{s}}$

$\alpha$     $\frac{\text{rads}}{\text{s}^2}$     $\frac{\text{revs}}{\text{s}^2}$     $\frac{\text{degrees}}{\text{s}^2}$

## Tangential

$s$    m   cm   km

$v_t$    m/s   cm/s   km/s

$a_t$    m/s<sup>2</sup>   km/s<sup>2</sup>   cm/s<sup>2</sup>



## Angular

$\theta$    rads   revs   degrees

$\omega$     $\frac{\text{rads}}{\text{s}}$     $\frac{\text{revs}}{\text{s}}$     $\frac{\text{degrees}}{\text{s}}$

$\alpha$     $\frac{\text{rads}}{\text{s}^2}$     $\frac{\text{revs}}{\text{s}^2}$     $\frac{\text{degrees}}{\text{s}^2}$

## Tangential

$s$    m   cm   km

$v_t$    m/s   cm/s   km/s

$a_t$    m/s<sup>2</sup>   km/s<sup>2</sup>   cm/s<sup>2</sup>

How would you convert degrees/s<sup>2</sup> to m/s<sup>2</sup>?

## Angular

$\theta$    rads   revs   degrees

$\omega$     $\frac{\text{rads}}{\text{s}}$     $\frac{\text{revs}}{\text{s}}$     $\frac{\text{degrees}}{\text{s}}$

$\alpha$     $\frac{\text{rads}}{\text{s}^2}$     $\frac{\text{revs}}{\text{s}^2}$     $\frac{\text{degrees}}{\text{s}^2}$

## Tangential

$s$    m   cm   km

$v_t$    m/s   cm/s   km/s

$a_t$    m/s<sup>2</sup>   km/s<sup>2</sup>   cm/s<sup>2</sup>

How would you convert degrees/s<sup>2</sup> to m/s<sup>2</sup>?

How would you convert revs/s to m/s?

## Angular

$\theta$    rads   revs   degrees

$\omega$     $\frac{\text{rads}}{\text{s}}$     $\frac{\text{revs}}{\text{s}}$     $\frac{\text{degrees}}{\text{s}}$

$\alpha$     $\frac{\text{rads}}{\text{s}^2}$     $\frac{\text{revs}}{\text{s}^2}$     $\frac{\text{degrees}}{\text{s}^2}$

## Tangential

$s$    m   cm   km

$v_t$    m/s   cm/s   km/s

$a_t$    m/s<sup>2</sup>   km/s<sup>2</sup>   cm/s<sup>2</sup>

$$s = \theta r$$

How would you convert degrees/s<sup>2</sup> to m/s<sup>2</sup>?

$$v_t = \omega r$$

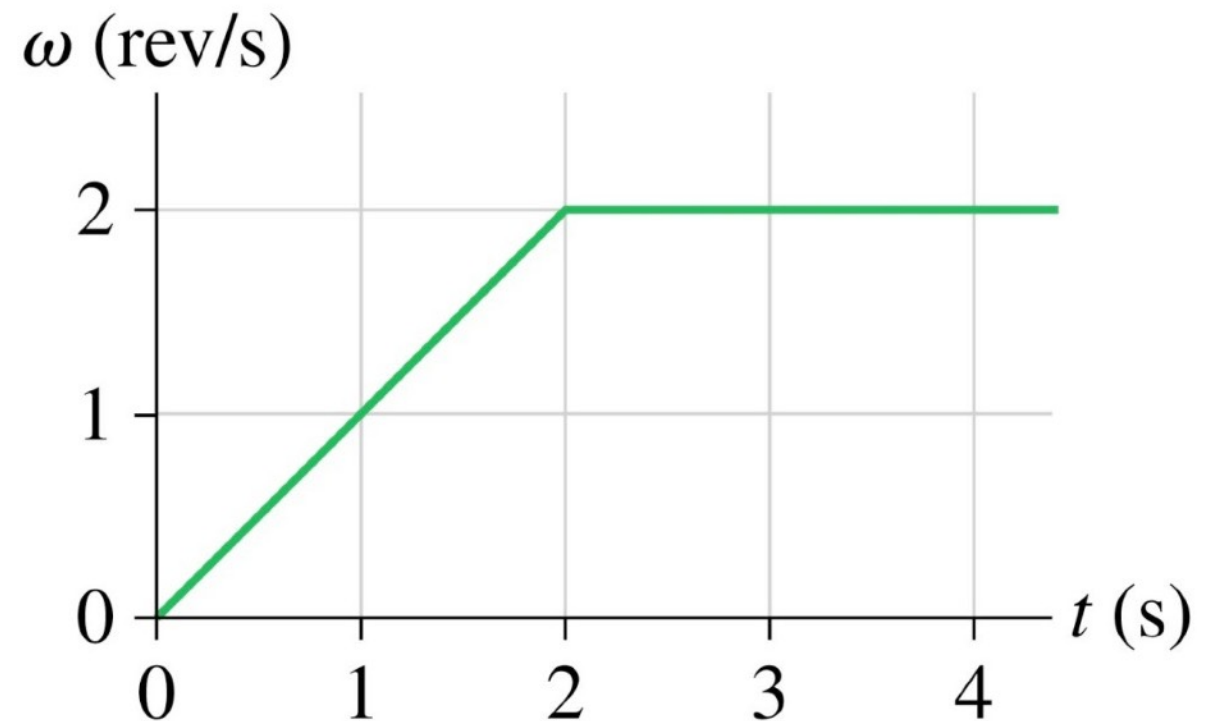
How would you convert revs/s to m/s?

$$a_t = \alpha r$$

## Question #20

This is the angular velocity graph of a wheel. How many revolutions does the wheel make in 4s?

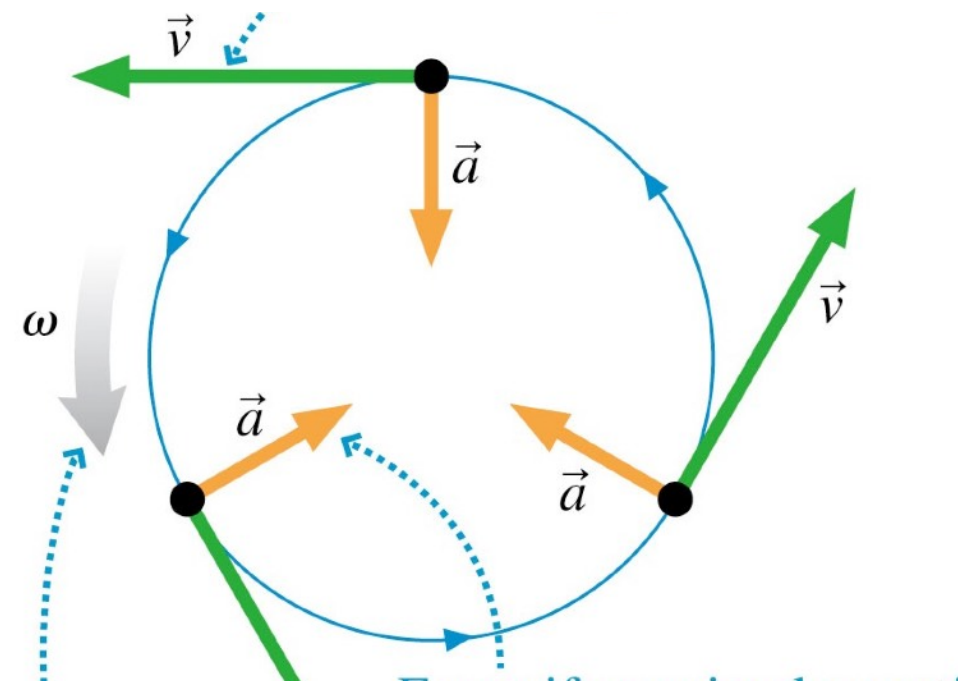
- a) 1
- b) 8
- c) 2
- d) 4
- e) 6



# Centripetal Acceleration



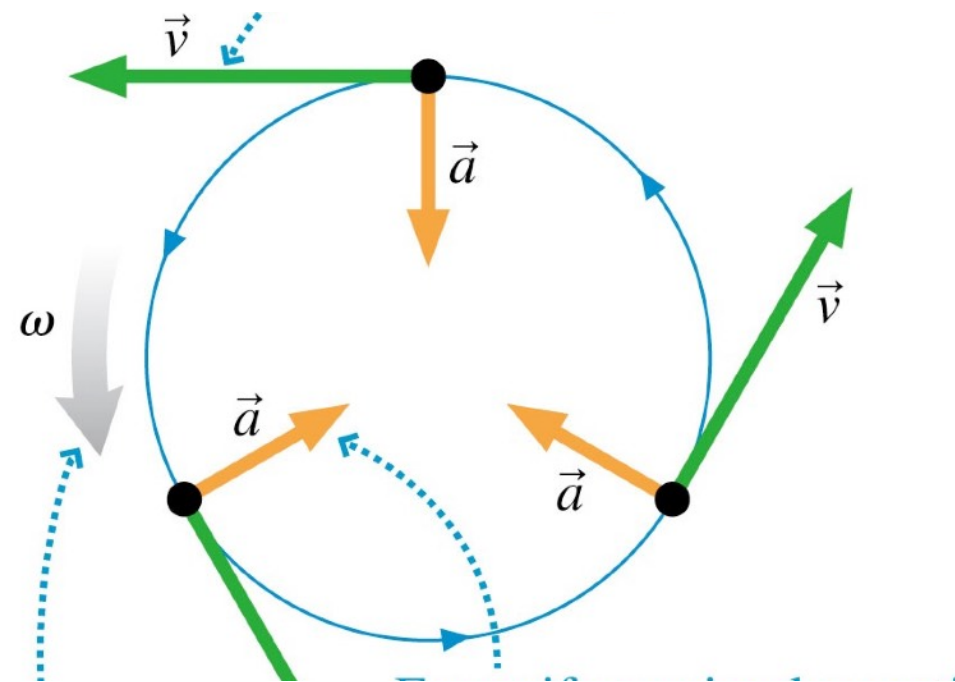
Human centrifuge



# Centripetal Acceleration



Human centrifuge

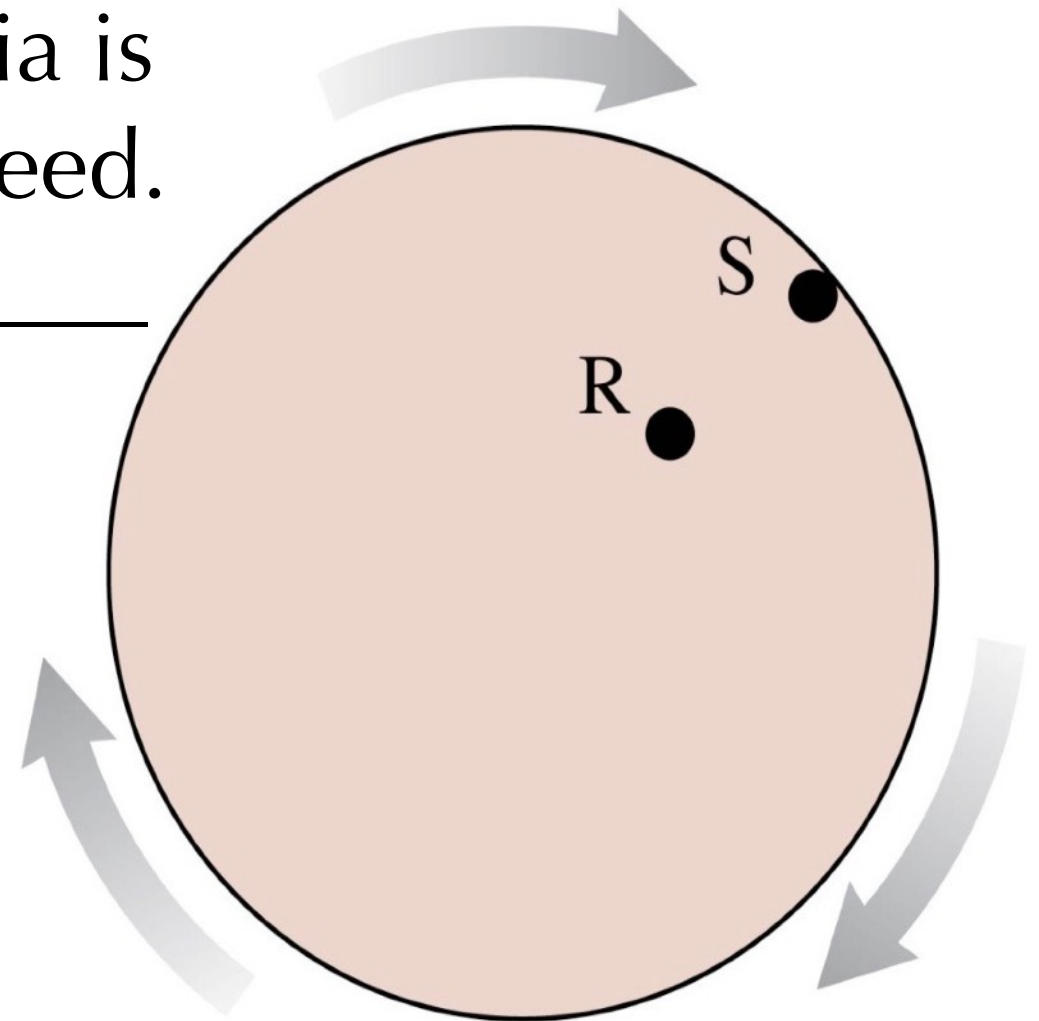


$$\vec{a} = \frac{v^2}{r} \text{ toward center of circle}$$

## Question #21

Rasheed and Sofia are riding a merry-go-round that is spinning steadily. Sofia is twice as far from the axis as is Rasheed. Sofia's angular velocity is \_\_\_\_\_ that of Rasheed.

- a) the same as
- b) four times
- c) twice
- d) half
- e) We can't say



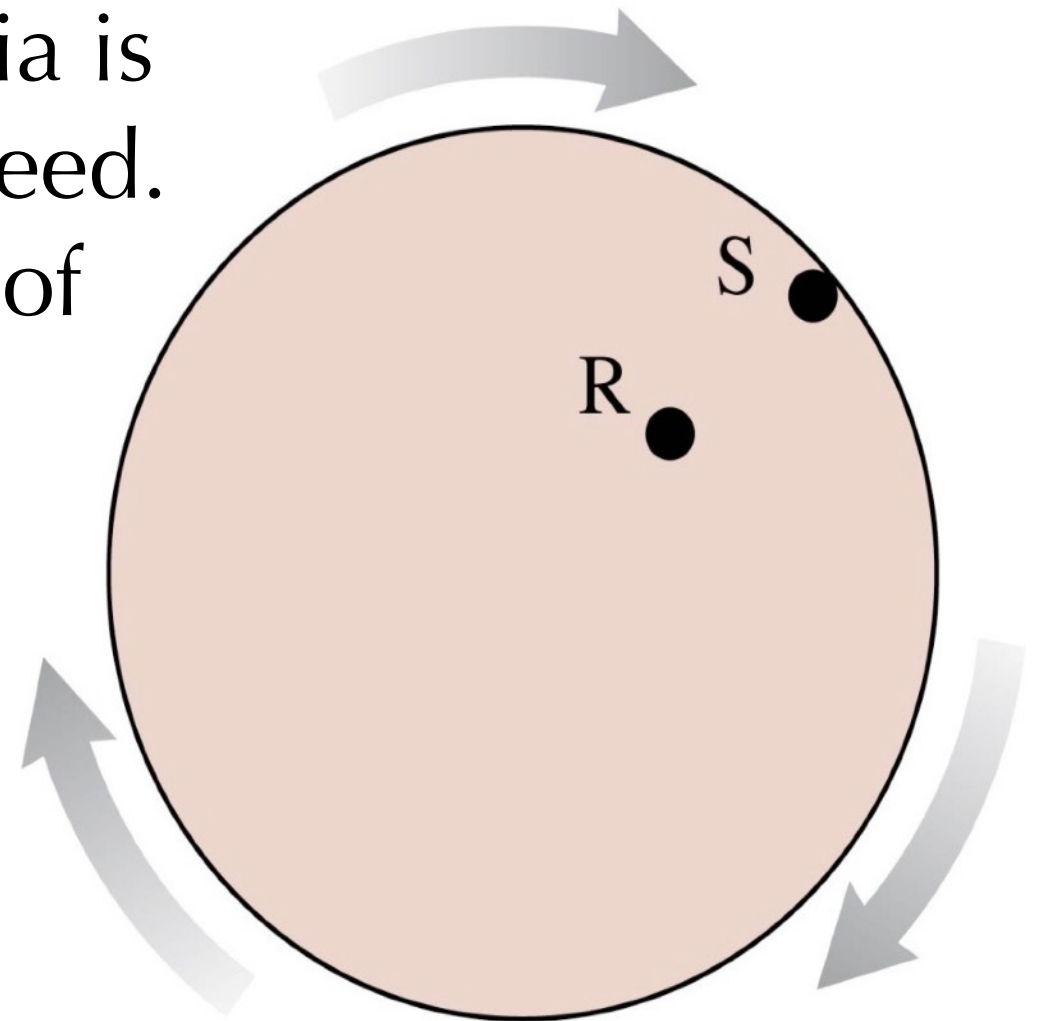


## Question #22

Rasheed and Sofia are riding a merry-go-round that is spinning steadily. Sofia is twice as far from the axis as is Rasheed.

Sofia's speed is \_\_\_\_\_ that of Rasheed.

- a) half
- b) the same as
- c) twice
- d) four times
- e) We can't say

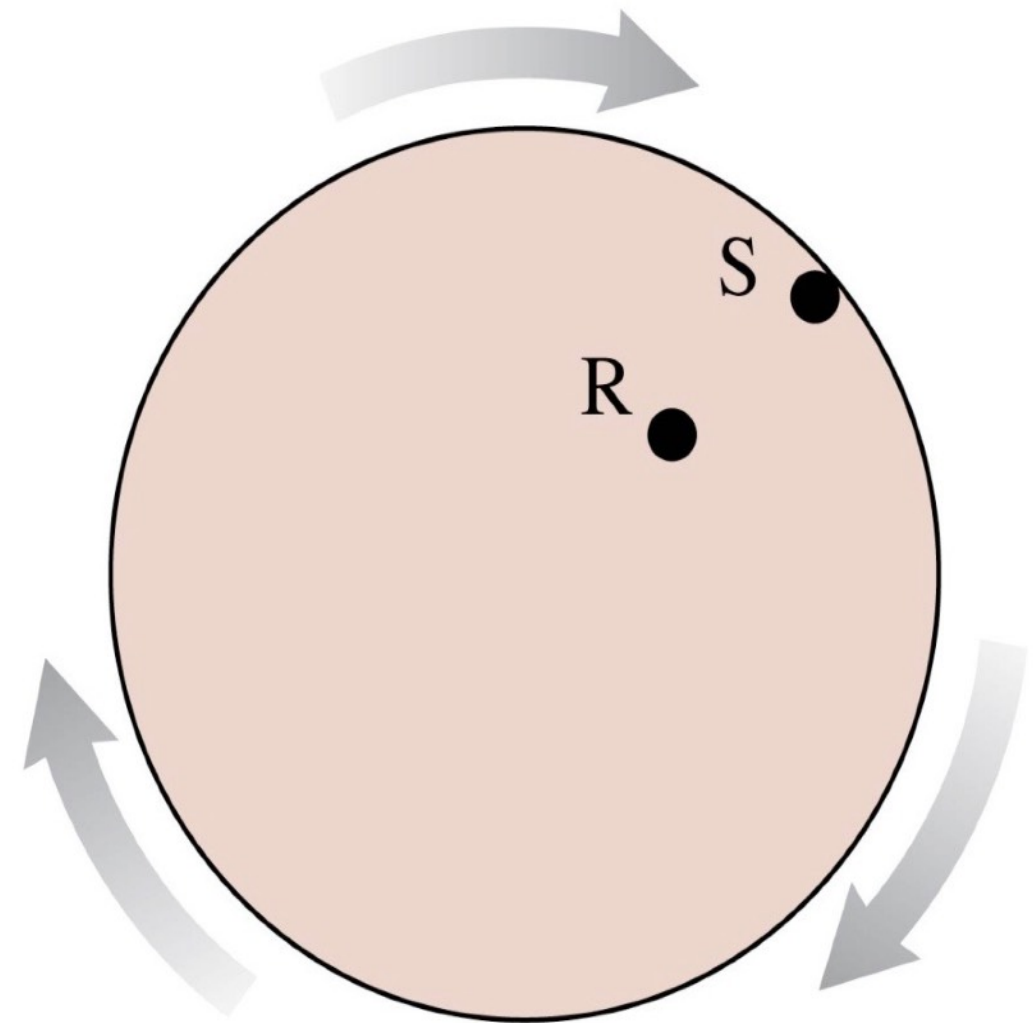




## Question #23

Rasheed and Sofia are riding a merry-go-round that is spinning steadily. Sofia is twice as far from the axis as is Rasheed. Sofia's acceleration is \_\_\_\_\_ that of Rasheed.

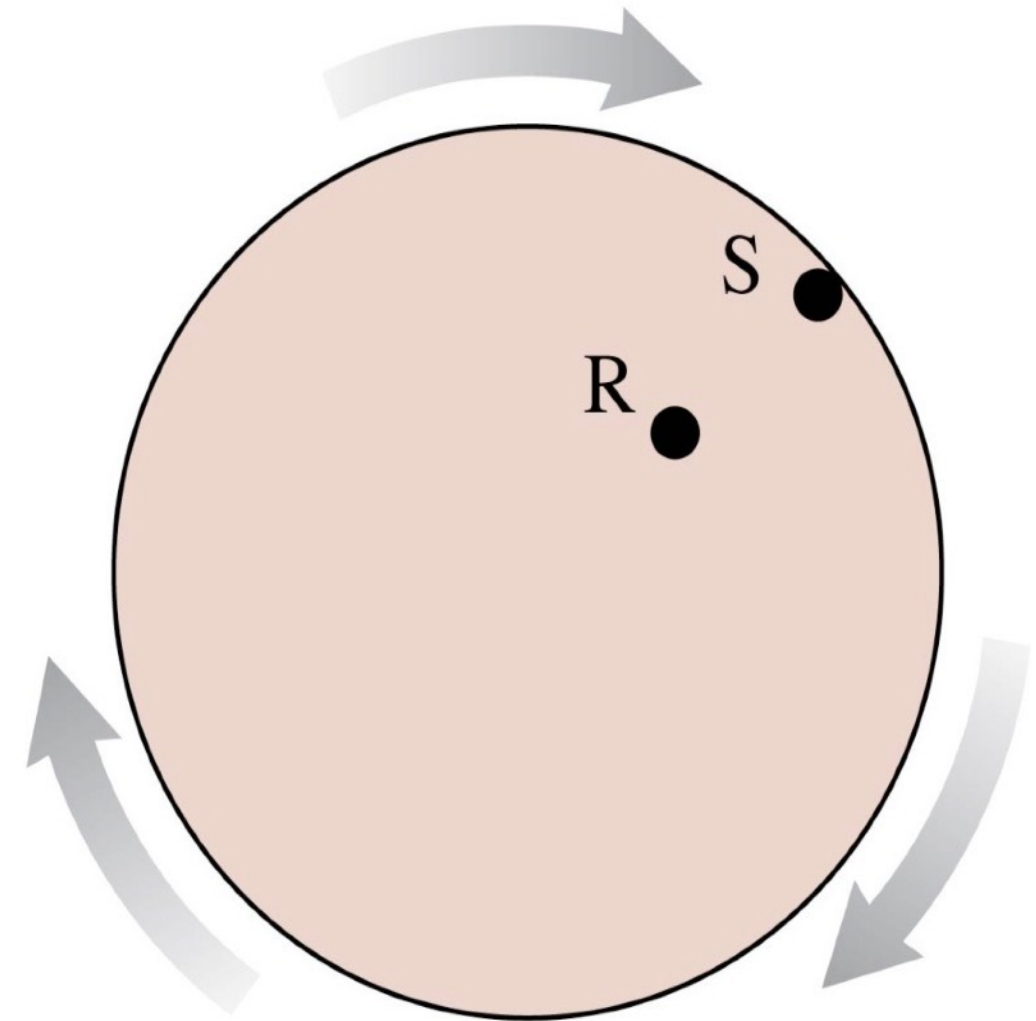
- a) half
- b) the same as
- c) We can't say
- d) four times
- e) twice



# Quiz

Rasheed and Sofia are riding a merry-go-round that is spinning steadily. Sofia is twice as far from the axis as is Rasheed. Sofia's acceleration is \_\_\_\_\_ that of Rasheed.

- a) half
- b) the same as
- c) We can't say
- d) four times
- e) twice



Centripetal acceleration  $a = \frac{v^2}{r} = \omega^2 r$