

Instructions:

There are two participants. They have to guess the word which the definition hides. This word will begin with the letter that the definition belongs to. They have to guess all the words in two minutes. Once the word is answered correctly, it skips to the next one. On the other hand, if it's wrong you will have a fail and it will be the another participant's turn. If a contestant doesn't know the answer he can say "Next" and then it's another participant's turn.



Definitions:

A:

It starts with the letter A.

US Pilot and astronaut, who became the first man to successfully land and walk on the Moon.

B:

It starts with the letter B.

Barrier that physically and ideologically divided Berlin from 1961 to 1989.

C:

It starts with the letter C.

One of the first leaders to warn Western population about the Iron Curtain, after leading GB in the WW2.

D:

It starts with the letter D.

Cold War policy that suggested a communist government in one nation would quickly lead to communist takeovers in neighboring states.

E:

It starts with the letter E.

The countries where there were communist regimes.

F:

It starts with the letter F.

A country which was part of the Western Block and have many benefits from the Marshall Plan.

G:

It starts with the letter G.

The country which was divided in East and West because of the two global blocks confrontation

H:

It starts with the letter H.

Japanese city where the American bomber Enola Gay dropped the atomic bomb nicknamed "Little Boy".

I:

It starts with the letter I.

Name of the song written and performed by the British musician John Lennon in which he encourages the listeners to build peace in the world with no barriers nor borders.

J:

It starts with the letter J.

First name of the Soviet Communist Party leader whose surname was Stalin.

K:

It starts with the letter K.

The president of US who helped to defuse the Cuban Missile Crisis and ordered the expanse of the Space Race programme.

L:

It starts with the letter L.

Russian communist and politician, under whose administration Russia and then the wider Soviet Union became one-party communist state governed by the Russian Communist Party.

M:

It starts with the letter M.

Philosopher, social theorist and economist famous for his theories about capitalism and communism.

N:

It starts with the letter N.

An organisation formed in Washington, D.C. in 1949, consisting of the 12 nations of the Atlantic Pact together with Greece, Turkey, and the Federal Republic of Germany, with the purpose of collective defense against aggression.

Ñ:

It contains the letter Ñ

In Spanish, a Western country that spent most of the Cold War under a fascist dictatorship.

O:

It starts with the letter O.

This happens when one or more countries refuse to send athletes to the Olympic Games, as a political protest. Countries like China, US or Soviet Union did it during the Cold War.

P:

It starts with the letter P.

He lead the improvement of the relationships between the Soviet Union and the Vatican.

Q:

It starts with the letter Q

A researcher and technician that helps James Bond in his missions

R:

It starts with the letter R.

He was a US president. He proposed the SDI (Strategic Defense Initiative) , which was a missile defense system.

S:

It starts with the letter S.

It was a socialist state in Eurasia that existed from 22 December 1922 to 26 December 1991.

T:

It contains the letter T.

It was an anti-establishment movement, especially during Vietnam War

U:

It starts with the letter U.

It is an organization whose purpose is to bring all nations of the world together to work for peace and development.

V:

It starts with the letter V.

It was a conflict that took place from 1965 to 1975 in Southern Asia.

W:

It starts with the letter W.

It was an Alliance of European communist nations formed in 1955.

X:

It starts with the letter X.

It is a feeling of rejection, fear and dislike of people from other countries.

Y:

It starts with the letter Y.

It was a meeting between Churchill, Stalin and Roosevelt.

Z:

It starts with the letter Z.

Leader of the Communist Revolution in China in 1949.

Answers

A: Armstrong, Neil
B: Berlin Wall
C: Churchill, Winston
D: Domino Theory
E: Eastern countries
F: France
G: Germany
H: Hiroshima
I: Imagine
J: Joseph
K: Kennedy, John
L: Lenin, Vladimir
M: Marx, Karl
N: NATO
Ñ: España
O: Olympic Boycott
P: Pope John Paul II
Q: Q
R: Reagan, Ronald
S: Soviet Union
T: Counterculture
U: United Nations
V: Vietnam War
W: Warsaw Pact
X: Xenophobia
Y: Yalta conference
Z: Mao Zedong