

Pasapalabra:

(Uprising in Hungary, Czechoslovakia & Poland)

Instructions:

Time: 2 minutes

2 players

You have two minutes to guess all the words beginning with or containing each letter of the alphabet based on the clues you're given. The answer may contain the letter or begin with the letter. You may 'pass' if you don't know an answer - this will allow the other player to begin their turn. The winner is whoever guesses more words.



A:

Starts with an A

Albania - An Eastern European state ruled by Communism from 1946 to 1992

B:

Starts with a B

Balkan states - A peninsula of Europe stretching into the Black Sea next to Italy; often ruled by Communist governments

C:

Starts with a C

Communism - The state-controlled economic and political system that fought against capitalism in the US

D:

Starts with a D

Democracy - The system of government by voting that many uprisings tried to introduce

E:

Starts with an E

Eisenhower - The 34th President of the US from 1953-1961

F:

Starts with an F

Freedom - The ideal any fighters in anti-Communist uprisings fought for

G:

Starts with a G

Gottwald - A Czechoslovakian Communist politician that later became President under Communist influence

H:

Starts with an H

Hungary - A Communist European nation; the USSR crushed their uprising in November 1956

I:

Starts with an I

Imre - The first name of a moderate Hungarian leader who tried to pull Hungary out of the Warsaw Pact

J:

Starts with a J

Janos Kadar - The successor of Nagy as Hungarian Prime Minister. Appointed by Khrushchev as a puppet

K:

Starts with a K

Kremlin - The home of the Russian Government, where many decisions about the USSR were made

L:

Starts with an L

Lech Walesa - The leader of the Solidarity trade union in Poland, who led strikes in Gdansk in 1980

M:

Starts with an M

Mindszenty, Jozsef - A Catholic leader who resisted both Communism and Fascism in Hungary during WW2 and the Cold War. Imprisoned by Communist government

N:

Starts with the N

Nikita Khrushchev - Who was the USSR President who pulled Russian troops out of Budapest?

O:

Starts with an O

October - The month in which many Hungarian citizens attacked the AVH and Russian soldiers, and smashed a statue of Stalin

P:

Starts with a P

Poznan - City in Poland, where there was the big strike among workers and 80 people were killed

R:

Starts with an R.

Roosevelt - The US President at the time of the Yalta Conference

S:

Starts with an S

Stalin - Soviet politician who was the successor of Lenin as the leader of the USSR

T:

Ends with a T

Soviet Union - It sustained a communist political system and its first president was Lenin

U:

Starts with a U

United Kingdom - English-speaking country which supported the USA to defeat the Soviet Union

V:

Starts with a V

Velvet Revolution. Bloodless event which helped to remove the Communist regime in Czechoslovakia

W:

Starts with a W

Warsaw Pact - An organization formed in Poland, comprising Bulgaria, Czechoslovakia, East Germany, Hungary, Poland, Romania and the USSR for collective defense under a joint military command

X:

Contains an X

Alexander Dubček - The first secretary of the communist party in Czechoslovakia in 1968 during the period of liberalization

Y:

Contains a Y

Egypt - The country which opposed Israel and the United Kingdom during the Suez Canal Crisis

Z:

Contains a Z

Mazowiecki, Tadeusz - Either the first name or surname of the person who was elected as the first non-Communist Prime Minister in any Soviet bloc country