Class 09

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1. Introduction to the RCSB Protein Data Bank

```
pdbStats <- read.csv("DataExportSummary.csv")
pdbStats</pre>
```

	Molecular.Type	X rav	FM	NMR	Multiple.methods	Neutron	Other
	V 1	•			-		
1	Protein (only)	152,809	9,421	12,117	191	72	32
2	Protein/Oligosaccharide	9,008	1,654	32	7	1	0
3	Protein/NA	8,061	2,944	281	6	0	0
4	Nucleic acid (only)	2,602	77	1,433	12	2	1
5	Other	163	9	31	0	0	0
6	Oligosaccharide (only)	11	0	6	1	0	4
	Total						

- 1 174,642
- 2 10,702
- 3 11,292
- 4 4,127
- 5 203
- 6 22

Q1: What percentage of structures in the PDB are solved by X-Ray and Electron Microscopy.

```
pdbStats$X.ray
[1] "152,809" "9,008" "8,061" "2,602" "163" "11"
```

These values are returned with quotations and must be coded as characters. This means 'sum(pdbStats[,1])' will not work because. We must change the values from characters to

numerals before any analysis can be done. The function 'as.numeric()' can make the column readable as numeric values rather than characters.

```
as.numeric(pdbStats$X.ray)
```

Warning: NAs introduced by coercion

```
[1] NA NA NA NA 163 11
```

'as.numeric()' cannot process the commas that are included in the larger values (ex. the amount of 'protein-only' imaged by method of X ray is '152,809') We need to remove these commas to work with the data.

We can use 'gsub()' to remove the commas. The 'gsub()' function requires "pattern", "replacement" and "x". x is our data.frame, the pattern we would like to remove is the commas. and the replacement is nothing.

```
gsub(",","", pdbStats$X.ray)
[1] "152809" "9008" "8061" "2602" "163" "11"
```

After removing the commas and changing the values to numeric, we can sum values of each column and figure out what proportion of structures were solved by EM and X ray diffraction.

```
n.xray <- (sum(as.numeric(gsub(",","", pdbStats$X.ray))))
n.xray</pre>
```

[1] 172654

```
n.em <- (sum(as.numeric(gsub(",","", pdbStats$EM))))
n.em</pre>
```

[1] 14105

```
n.total <- (sum(as.numeric(gsub(",","", pdbStats$Total))))
n.total</pre>
```

[1] 200988

```
p.em <- (n.em/ n.total) *100
p.em

[1] 7.017832

p.xray <- (n.xray/n.total) *100
p.xray</pre>
```

[1] 85.90264

7% of the structures were solved by EM and 85.9% of the structures were solved by X-Ray diffraction. Together, 92.9% of the structures were solved by these two methods.

Q2: What proportion of structures in the PDB are protein?

Similarly, we need to remove the commas and change the values from characters. If we were going to be doing a longer analysis, we would write a function to make the code more readable.

```
n.protein <- (sum(as.numeric(gsub(",","", pdbStats[1,8]))))
(n.protein/n.total)*100</pre>
```

[1] 86.89175

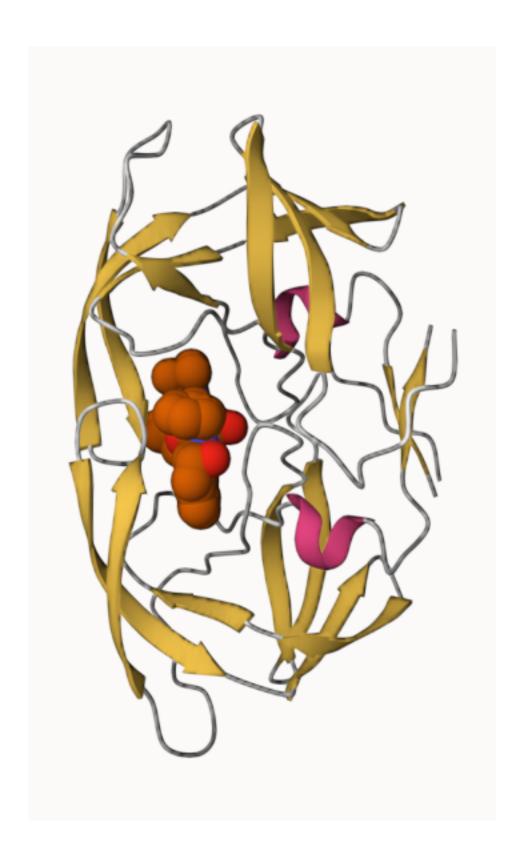
Approximately 86.9% of the structures are proteins.

Q3: Type HIV in the PDB website search box on the home page and determine how many HIV-1 protease structures are in the current PDB?

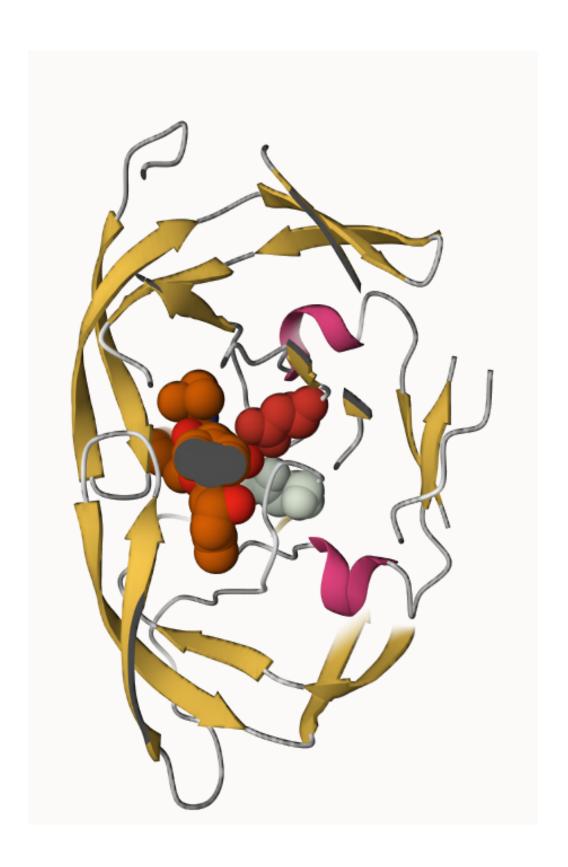
4,791 structures are in the current PDB

Visualizing the HIV-1 Protease Structure

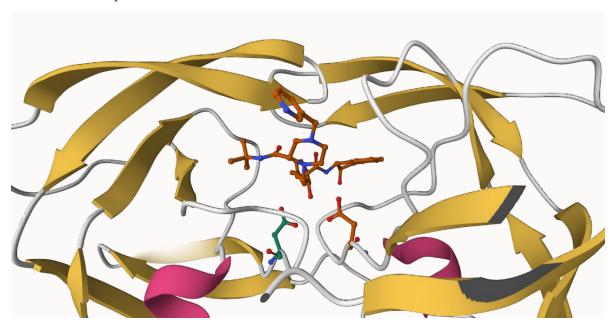
Here is the 3D image of HIV-1:



Here are 3D images of Asp-25 on each subunit of HIV-1: spacefill representation:



ball and stick representation:



Q4: Water molecules normally have 3 atoms. Why do we see just one atom per water molecule in this structure?

HIV-1 is overall positively charged and so any interactions between the polymer and water is through oxygen(which has a partial negative charge), so they only show one atom per water molecule for simplicity's sake.

Q5: There is a critical "conserved" water molecule in the binding site. Can you identify this water molecule? What residue number does this water molecule have

HOH 308

Q6: Generate and save a figure clearly showing the two distinct chains of HIV-protease along with the ligand. You might also consider showing the catalytic residues ASP 25 in each chain and the critical water (we recommend "Ball & Stick" for these side-chains). Add this figure to your Quarto document.



Call up bio3d and access online PDB file:

```
library(bio3d)
pdb <- read.pdb("1hsg")

Note: Accessing on-line PDB file

pdb

Call: read.pdb(file = "1hsg")

Total Models#: 1
   Total Atoms#: 1686, XYZs#: 5058 Chains#: 2 (values: A B)

Protein Atoms#: 1514 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 198)
   Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)

Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 172 (residues: 128)
   Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ HOH (127), MK1 (1) ]</pre>
```

Protein sequence:

PQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKEALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYDQILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTPVNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNFPQITLWQRPLVTIKIGGQLKEALLDTGADDTVLEEMSLPGRWKPKMIGGIGGFIKVRQYDQILIEICGHKAIGTVLVGPTPVNIIGRNLLTQIGCTLNF

```
+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet, calpha, remark, call
```

Q7: How many amino acid residues are there in this pdb object?

198

Q8: Name one of the two non-protein residues?

HOH (or MK1)

Q9: How many protein chains are in this structure?

2

Learn about the attributes of this object:

```
attributes(pdb)
```

```
$names
```

```
[1] "atom" "xyz" "seqres" "helix" "sheet" "calpha" "remark" "call"
```

\$class

```
[1] "pdb" "sse"
```

Access the 'atom' attribute:

```
head(pdb$atom)
```

	twne	eleno	eletv	alt	resid	chain	resno	insert	х	V	7	0	h
	оурс	OTOHO	Giog	ar o	IODIG	OHGIH	TODIIO	THEOT	21	J	_	•	D
1	MOTA	1	N	<NA $>$	PRO	Α	1	<na></na>	29.361	39.686	5.862	1	38.10
2	MOTA	2	CA	<na></na>	PRO	Α	1	<na></na>	30.307	38.663	5.319	1	40.62
3	MOTA	3	C	<na></na>	PRO	Α	1	<na></na>	29.760	38.071	4.022	1	42.64
4	MOTA	4	0	<na></na>	PRO	Α	1	<na></na>	28.600	38.302	3.676	1	43.40
5	ATOM	5	CB	<na></na>	PRO	Α	1	<na></na>	30.508	37.541	6.342	1	37.87
6	ATOM	6	CG	<na></na>	PRO	Α	1	<na></na>	29.296	37.591	7.162	1	38.40

```
1 <NA>
                <NA>
           N
2 <NA>
           C
               <NA>
3 <NA>
           C <NA>
           O <NA>
4 <NA>
5 <NA>
           C <NA>
6 <NA>
           C <NA>
#Predicting functional motions of a single structure
Access new online pdb file:
  adk <- read.pdb("6s36")
 Note: Accessing on-line PDB file
  PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
  adk
Call: read.pdb(file = "6s36")
   Total Models#: 1
     Total Atoms#: 1898, XYZs#: 5694 Chains#: 1 (values: A)
    Protein Atoms#: 1654 (residues/Calpha atoms#: 214)
     Nucleic acid Atoms#: 0 (residues/phosphate atoms#: 0)
     Non-protein/nucleic Atoms#: 244 (residues: 244)
     Non-protein/nucleic resid values: [ CL (3), HOH (238), MG (2), NA (1) ]
   Protein sequence:
     \tt MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQISTGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVT
     DELVIALVKERIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFDVPDELIVDKI
      VGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTGEELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIG
      YYSKEAEAGNTKYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG
+ attr: atom, xyz, seqres, helix, sheet,
        calpha, remark, call
```

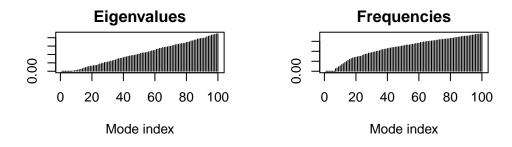
segid elesy charge

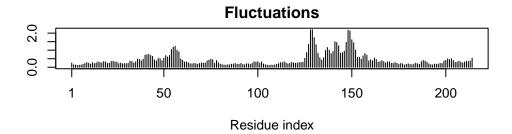
'nma()' stands for "normal mode analysis" and predicts protein flexibility and potential conformational changes

```
m <- nma(adk)
```

Building Hessian... Done in 0.099 seconds. Diagonalizing Hessian... Done in 0.556 seconds.

plot(m)





Now we will view the predicted motions and conformational changes of the protein using 'mktrj()'. It shows the predicted trajectories and therefore enables us to watch a "movie" of the predicted motions.

```
mktrj(m, file = "adk_m7.pdb")
```

This file can be uploaded into mol to view the movement of the protein.

Section 4. Comparative Structure Analysis

Today we are continuing where we left off last day, building towards completing the loop from biomolecular structural data to our new analysis methods like PCA and clustering.

Q10. Which of the packages above is found only on BioConductor and not CRAN? msa package

Which of the above packages is not found on BioConductor or CRAN?

bio3d-view

Q12. True or False? Functions from the devtools package can be used to install packages from GitHub and BitBucket?

TRUE

```
library(bio3d)
  aa <- get.seq("1ake_A")</pre>
Warning in get.seq("lake_A"): Removing existing file: seqs.fasta
Fetching... Please wait. Done.
  aa
                                                                            60
pdb | 1AKE | A
             MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQISTGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVT
                                                                            120
             DELVIALVKERIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFDVPDELIVDRI
pdb | 1AKE | A
           121
                                                                            180
             VGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTGEELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIG
pdb|1AKE|A
           121
                                                                            180
                                                 214
           181
pdb|1AKE|A
             YYSKEAEAGNTKYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG
```

181 . . . 214

Call:

read.fasta(file = outfile)

Class:

fasta

Alignment dimensions:

1 sequence rows; 214 position columns (214 non-gap, 0 gap)

+ attr: id, ali, call

Q13. How many amino acids are in this sequence, i.e. how long is this sequence?

214 amino acids

Now we can use this sequence as a query to BLAST search. the PDB to find similar sequences and structures

```
#blast search
#b <- blast.pdb(aa)</pre>
```

I could save and load my blast results next time so I don't need to run the search every time and this work stays reproducible.

```
#saveRDS(b, file = "blast_results.RDS")
b <- readRDS("blast_results.RDS")</pre>
```

A summary plot of search results:

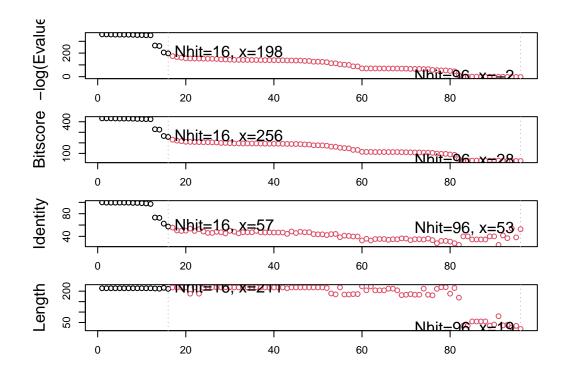
```
hits <- plot(b)
```

* Possible cutoff values: 197 -3

Yielding Nhits: 16 96

* Chosen cutoff value of: 197

Yielding Nhits: 16



List out some 'top hits':

```
hits$pdb.id
```

```
[1] "1AKE_A" "4X8M_A" "6S36_A" "6RZE_A" "4X8H_A" "3HPR_A" "1E4V_A" "5EJE_A" [9] "1E4Y_A" "3X2S_A" "6HAP_A" "6HAM_A" "4K46_A" "4NP6_A" "3GMT_A" "4PZL_A" #downlaod related PDB files
```

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/1AKE.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

files <- get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path="pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip=TRUE)

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/4X8M.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/6S36.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/6RZE.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/4X8H.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/3HPR.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/1E4V.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/5EJE.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/1E4Y.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/3X2S.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/6HAP.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/6HAM.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/4K46.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/4NP6.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE): pdbs/3GMT.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

Warning in get.pdb(hits\$pdb.id, path = "pdbs", split = TRUE, gzip = TRUE):
pdbs/4PZL.pdb.gz exists. Skipping download

```
0%
                                   6%
                                  12%
                                  19%
                                  25%
                                  31%
                                 | 38%
                                  44%
                                 50%
_____
                                 56%
                                 62%
                                 I 69%
                                 75%
                                 | 81%
                                  88%
                                 | 94%
______
```

Next we are going to align and superpose all these structures:

```
#align related PDBs
pdbs <- pdbaln(files, fit = TRUE, exefile="msa")</pre>
```

Reading PDB files:

```
pdbs/split_chain/1AKE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4X8M_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6S36_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6RZE_A.pdb
pdbs/split chain/4X8H A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3HPR_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/1E4V_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/5EJE_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/1E4Y_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3X2S_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6HAP_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/6HAM_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4K46_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4NP6_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/3GMT_A.pdb
pdbs/split_chain/4PZL_A.pdb
```

PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE

.. PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE

.. PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE

.. PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE

.. PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE

... PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE

... PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE

Extracting sequences

```
pdb/seq: 1
             name: pdbs/split_chain/1AKE_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 2
             name: pdbs/split_chain/4X8M_A.pdb
             name: pdbs/split_chain/6S36_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 3
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 4
             name: pdbs/split_chain/6RZE_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
             name: pdbs/split chain/4X8H A.pdb
pdb/seq: 5
pdb/seq: 6
             name: pdbs/split_chain/3HPR_A.pdb
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 7
             name: pdbs/split_chain/1E4V_A.pdb
             name: pdbs/split_chain/5EJE_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 8
   PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 9
             name: pdbs/split_chain/1E4Y_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 10
              name: pdbs/split_chain/3X2S_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 11
              name: pdbs/split_chain/6HAP_A.pdb
```

```
pdb/seq: 12    name: pdbs/split_chain/6HAM_A.pdb
    PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 13    name: pdbs/split_chain/4K46_A.pdb
    PDB has ALT records, taking A only, rm.alt=TRUE
pdb/seq: 14    name: pdbs/split_chain/4NP6_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 15    name: pdbs/split_chain/3GMT_A.pdb
pdb/seq: 16    name: pdbs/split_chain/4PZL_A.pdb
```

pdbs

[Truncated_Name:1]1AKE_A.pdb [Truncated Name:2]4X8M A.pdb [Truncated Name:3]6S36 A.pdb [Truncated_Name:4]6RZE_A.pdb [Truncated Name:5]4X8H A.pdb [Truncated_Name: 6] 3HPR_A.pdb [Truncated Name:7]1E4V A.pdb [Truncated_Name:8]5EJE_A.pdb [Truncated Name:9]1E4Y A.pdb [Truncated_Name:10]3X2S_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:11]6HAP_A.pdb [Truncated_Name: 12] 6HAM_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:13]4K46_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:14]4NP6_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:15]3GMT_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:16]4PZL_A.pdb

40 -----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS -----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS -----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS -----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS -----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS -----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS -----MRIILLGAPVAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS ----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS -----MRIILLGALVAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS -----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS -----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS -----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKYGIPQIS -----MRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMAKFGIPQIS ----NAMRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAQFIMEKFGIPQIS -----MRLILLGAPGAGKGTQANFIKEKFGIPQIS TENLYFQSNAMRIILLGAPGAGKGTQAKIIEQKYNIAHIS

[Truncated_Name:1]1AKE_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:2]4X8M_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:3]6S36_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:4]6RZE_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:5]4X8H_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:6]3HPR_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:7]1E4V_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:8]5EJE_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:9]1E4Y_A.pdb [Truncated_Name:9]3X2S_A.pdb TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE
TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE
TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE
TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE
TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE
TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE
TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE
TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE
TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDACKLVTDELVIALVKE
TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVKE

40

1

[Truncated_Name:11]6HAP_A.pdb TGDMLRAAVKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDELVIALVRE [Truncated_Name: 12] 6HAM_A.pdb TGDMLRAAIKSGSELGKQAKDIMDAGKLVTDEIIIALVKE [Truncated_Name: 13] 4K46_A.pdb TGDMLRAAIKAGTELGKQAKSVIDAGQLVSDDIILGLVKE [Truncated_Name:14]4NP6_A.pdb TGDMLRAAIKAGTELGKQAKAVIDAGQLVSDDIILGLIKE [Truncated Name: 15] 3GMT A.pdb TGDMLRAAVKAGTPLGVEAKTYMDEGKLVPDSLIIGLVKE [Truncated_Name:16]4PZL_A.pdb TGDMIRETIKSGSALGQELKKVLDAGELVSDEFIIKIVKD 41 80 81 120 [Truncated_Name:1]1AKE_A.pdb RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD [Truncated_Name:2]4X8M_A.pdb RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD [Truncated_Name:3]6S36_A.pdb RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD [Truncated_Name: 4] 6RZE_A.pdb RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD [Truncated_Name:5]4X8H_A.pdb RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD [Truncated_Name: 6] 3HPR_A.pdb RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD [Truncated_Name:7]1E4V_A.pdb RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD [Truncated_Name:8]5EJE_A.pdb RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD [Truncated_Name:9]1E4Y_A.pdb RIAQEDCRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD [Truncated Name:10]3X2S A.pdb RIAQEDSRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD [Truncated Name:11]6HAP A.pdb RICQEDSRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD [Truncated Name: 12] 6HAM A.pdb RICQEDSRNGFLLDGFPRTIPQADAMKEAGINVDYVLEFD [Truncated_Name:13]4K46_A.pdb RIAQDDCAKGFLLDGFPRTIPQADGLKEVGVVVDYVIEFD [Truncated_Name:14]4NP6_A.pdb RIAQADCEKGFLLDGFPRTIPQADGLKEMGINVDYVIEFD [Truncated_Name:15]3GMT_A.pdb RLKEADCANGYLFDGFPRTIAQADAMKEAGVAIDYVLEID [Truncated_Name:16]4PZL_A.pdb RISKNDCNNGFLLDGVPRTIPQAQELDKLGVNIDYIVEVD 81 120 121 160 [Truncated_Name:1]1AKE_A.pdb **VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG** [Truncated_Name:2]4X8M_A.pdb **VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG** [Truncated_Name:3]6S36_A.pdb VPDELIVDKIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG [Truncated Name: 4] 6RZE A.pdb VPDELIVDAIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG [Truncated Name:5]4X8H A.pdb VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG

[Truncated_Name:1]1AKE_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:2]4X8M_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:3]6S36_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:4]6RZE_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:5]4X8H_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:6]3HPR_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:7]1E4V_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:8]5EJE_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:9]1E4Y_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:10]3X2S_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:11]6HAP_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:12]6HAM_A.pdb
[Truncated_Name:12]6HAM_A.pdb

VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG
VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG
VPDELIVDKIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG
VPDELIVDAIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG
VPDELIVDRIVGRRVHAPSGRVYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG

[Truncated_Name:14]4NP6_A.pdb VADDVIVERMAGRRAHLPSGRTYHVVYNPPKVEGKDDVTG [Truncated_Name:15]3GMT_A.pdb **VPFSEIIERMSGRRTHPASGRTYHVKFNPPKVEGKDDVTG** [Truncated_Name:16]4PZL_A.pdb VADNLLIERITGRRIHPASGRTYHTKFNPPKVADKDDVTG ^^^ ^ *** * *** ** ^**** 121 160 161 200 [Truncated_Name:1]1AKE_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated Name:2]4X8M A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEWHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated_Name:3]6S36_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated_Name:4]6RZE_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated_Name:5]4X8H_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAALIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated_Name:6]3HPR_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated_Name:7]1E4V_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated_Name:8]5EJE_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEECVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated_Name:9]1E4Y_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated_Name:10]3X2S_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLCEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated_Name:11]6HAP_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated_Name: 12] 6HAM_A.pdb EELTTRKDDQEETVRKRLVEYHQMTAPLIGYYSKEAEAGN [Truncated Name: 13] 4K46 A.pdb EDLVIREDDKEETVLARLGVYHNQTAPLIAYYGKEAEAGN [Truncated Name:14]4NP6 A.pdb EDLVIREDDKEETVRARLNVYHTQTAPLIEYYGKEAAAGK [Truncated Name:15]3GMT A.pdb EPLVQRDDDKEETVKKRLDVYEAQTKPLITYYGDWARRGA [Truncated_Name:16]4PZL_A.pdb EPLITRTDDNEDTVKQRLSVYHAQTAKLIDFYRNFSSTNT * * * ** *^ * ** ^ * ** ^* 161 200 201 227 [Truncated_Name:1]1AKE_A.pdb T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-[Truncated_Name:2]4X8M_A.pdb T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-[Truncated_Name:3]6S36_A.pdb T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-[Truncated_Name: 4] 6RZE_A.pdb T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-[Truncated_Name:5]4X8H_A.pdb T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-[Truncated_Name: 6] 3HPR_A.pdb T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-[Truncated_Name:7]1E4V_A.pdb T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-[Truncated Name:8]5EJE A.pdb T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-[Truncated Name:9]1E4Y A.pdb T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-[Truncated Name:10]3X2S A.pdb T--KYAKVDGTKPVAEVRADLEKILG-[Truncated_Name:11]6HAP_A.pdb T--KYAKVDGTKPVCEVRADLEKILG-[Truncated_Name: 12] 6HAM_A.pdb T--KYAKVDGTKPVCEVRADLEKILG-[Truncated_Name:13]4K46_A.pdb T--QYLKFDGTKAVAEVSAELEKALA-[Truncated_Name:14]4NP6_A.pdb T--QYLKFDGTKQVSEVSADIAKALA-[Truncated_Name: 15] 3GMT_A.pdb E----YRKISG-[Truncated_Name:16]4PZL_A.pdb KIPKYIKINGDQAVEKVSQDIFDQLNK

201 227 Call: pdbaln(files = files, fit = TRUE, exefile = "msa") Class: pdbs, fasta Alignment dimensions: 16 sequence rows; 227 position columns (204 non-gap, 23 gap) + attr: xyz, resno, b, chain, id, ali, resid, sse, call pdbs\$xyz Total Frames#: 16 Total XYZs#: 681, (Atoms#: 227) [1] NA NA NA <...> 15.818 46.771 47.7 [10896] + attr: Matrix DIM = 16 x 681 #vector containing. PDB codes for figure axis ids <- basename.pdb(pdbs\$id)</pre> #draw schematic alignment #plot(pdbs, labels=ids) #R Error Avoided: figure margins too large to render in pdf. Still reproducible in code.

[1] "Escherichia coli"

unique(anno\$source)

[2] "Escherichia coli K-12"

anno <- pdb.annotate(ids)</pre>

- [3] "Escherichia coli 0139:H28 str. E24377A"
- [4] "Escherichia coli str. K-12 substr. MDS42"

- [5] "Photobacterium profundum"
- [6] "Vibrio cholerae O1 biovar El Tor str. N16961"
- [7] "Burkholderia pseudomallei 1710b"
- [8] "Francisella tularensis subsp. tularensis SCHU S4"

head(anno)

	structureId	chainId	macromo.	leculeType	chainLe	ength	experimentalTechniq	ue
1AKE_A	1AKE	Α		Protein		214	X-r	ay
4X8M_A	4X8M	Α		Protein		214	X-r	ay
6S36_A	6S36	Α		Protein		214	X-r	ay
6RZE_A	6RZE	Α		Protein		214	X-r	ay
4X8H_A	4X8H	Α		Protein		214	X-r	ay
3HPR_A	3HPR	Α		Protein		214	X-r	ay
	resolution	sco	pDomain			pfam	ligandId	
1AKE_A	2.00 A	Adenylate	kinase	${\tt Adenylate}$	kinase	(ADK)	AP5	
4X8M_A	2.60			Adenylate				
6S36_A	1.60		<na></na>	Adenylate	kinase	(ADK)	CL (3),NA,MG (2)	
6RZE_A	1.69		<na></na>	${\tt Adenylate}$	kinase	(ADK)	NA (3),CL (2)	
4X8H_A	2.50		<na></na>	Adenylate	kinase	(ADK)	<na></na>	
3HPR_A	2.00		<na></na>	Adenylate	kinase	(ADK)	AP5	
				liį	gandName)	source	
1AKE_A		BIS(ADE	NOSINE)	-5'-PENTAPI	HOSPHATE	Į.	Escherichia coli	
4X8M_A					<na></na>		Escherichia coli	
6S36_A	CHLORIDE ION						Escherichia coli	
6RZE_A		SODIUM	I ION (3)	,CHLORIDE	ION (2)		Escherichia coli	
4X8H_A					<na></na>	•	Escherichia coli	
3HPR_A		BIS(ADE	NOSINE)	-5'-PENTAPI	HOSPHATE	E Esch	erichia coli K-12	
1AKE_A	STRUCTURE OF	F THE COM	IPLEX BE	rween adeny	YLATE KI	NASE	FROM ESCHERICHIA CO	LI AND THE INHIB
4X8M_A								
6S36_A								
6RZE_A								
4X8H_A								
3HPR_A								
						citat	ion rObserved rFre	е
1AKE_A		Mulle	er, C.W.	, et al. J	Mol Bio	1 (19	92) 0.1960 N	A
4X8M_A		Koverm	ann, M.	, et al. Na	at Commu	ın (20	0.2491 0.308	9
6S36_A		Rogn	e, P.,	et al. Bio	chemistr	y (20	0.1632 0.235	6
6RZE_A		Rogn	e, P.,	et al. Bio	chemistr	y (20	0.1865 0.235	0
4X8H_A		Koverm	ann, M.	, et al. Na	at Commu	ın (20	0.1961 0.289	5

```
3HPR_A Schrank, T.P., et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A (2009) 0.2100 0.2432 rWork spaceGroup

1AKE_A 0.1960 P 21 2 21

4X8M_A 0.2463 C 1 2 1

6S36_A 0.1594 C 1 2 1

6RZE_A 0.1819 C 1 2 1

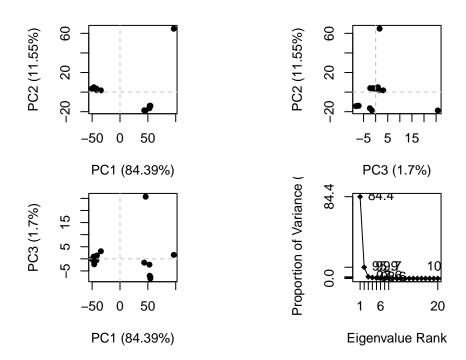
4X8H_A 0.1914 C 1 2 1

3HPR_A 0.2062 P 21 21 2
```

#Principal Component Analysis

Time for PCA. We will not use the 'prcomp()' function from base R but the 'pca()' function from the 'bio3d' package as this one is designed to work nicely with biomolecular data.

```
pc.xray <- pca(pdbs)
plot(pc.xray)</pre>
```

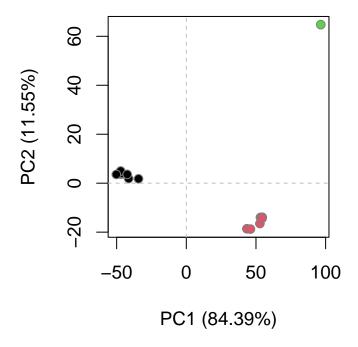


```
#calculate RMSD
rd <- rmsd(pdbs)</pre>
```

Warning in rmsd(pdbs): No indices provided, using the 204 non NA positions

```
#strucutre based clustering
hc.rd <- hclust(dist(rd))
grps.rd <- cutree(hc.rd, k=3)

plot(pc.xray, 1:2, col="grey50", bg=grps.rd, pch=21,cex=1)</pre>
```



Further Visualization

To visualize the major structural variations in the ensemble the function mktrj() can be used to generate a trajectory PDB file by interpolating along a give PC (eigenvector):

```
#visualize first principal component
pc1 <- mktrj(pc.xray, pc=1, file ="pc_1.pdb")</pre>
```

We can now open this trajectory file in Molstar ("pc_1.pdb") to view a movie of the major differences (i.e. displacements) in the structure set as we move along PC1.