SÃO TOMÉ AND PRÍNCIPE

Southern Africa

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

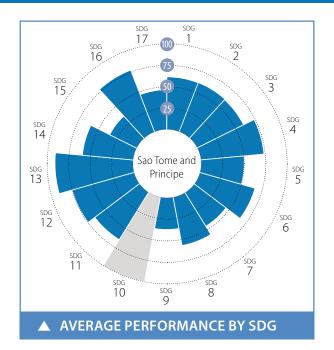
Regional average score





Africa Index Rank

10 (OF 51)



COMPARISON WITH OTHER AFRICAN INDICES

| | RANK | SCORE |
|--|------------|-------------|
| Africa Gender Equality Index (2015) | 32 (of 52) | 50.0 / 100 |
| Africa Infrastructure Development Index (2016) | 15 (of 54) | 27.14 / 100 |
| Africa Regional Integration Index (2016) | 52 (of 52) | 0.24 / 1 |
| Ibrahim Index on African Governance (2017) | 11 (of 54) | 61.0 / 100 |

CURRENT ASSESSMENT - SDG DASHBOARD



































7 AFFORDABLE AND CLEAN ENERGY





SDG TRENDS



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Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals



SÃO TOMÉ AND PRÍNCIPE Performance by Indicator

| DG1 – End Poverty | Value 1 | - | | SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth | Value | | |
|--|--------------|---|---------------|---|-------------|---|---|
| overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population) | 23.7 | | 7 | 5-year average GDP growth per capita (%) | 2.2 | | |
| rojected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population) | 6.6 | | • • | Employment-to-population ratio | 52.1 | | |
| roportion of population living below the national poverty line opulation covered by Social Protection (%) | 61.7 NA | | • • | Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial | NA NA | | |
| | INA | | | institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%) | INA | | |
| DG2 – Zero Hunger | | | | Starting a Business score | 77.3 | • | , |
| revalence of undernourishment (% population) | 13.5 | • | • • | | | | |
| revalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years | 17.2 | • | 1 | SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure | 45.0 | | |
| of age (%) | 4.0 | | | Infrastructure score (0-100) | 45.0 | • | , |
| revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% adult population) | | • | 1 | Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high) | 2.1 | • | |
| ereal yield (t/ha) | 2.1 | | * | Research and development expenditure (% GDP) | NA | • | , |
| ertilizer consumption (kg per hectare of arable land) | NA | | • • | Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000) | 0.0 | • | |
| | | | | Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants) | 87.7 | • | , |
| DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being | | | | Proportion of the population using the internet (%) | 28.0 | • | , |
| Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births) | 150.0 | • | \rightarrow | SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities | | | |
| irths attended by skilled health personnel (%) | 72.0 | • | • • | Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) | NA | • |) |
| leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) | 15.0 | | 1 | diffi coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100) | INA | | |
| Aortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births) | | • | ↑ | SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities | | | |
| IIV prevalence (per 1,000) eople living with HIV receiving antiretroviral therapy (%) | 0.1 NA | | ~ | Proportion of urban population living in slums | 86.6 | • | • |
| ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 people) | | • | 1 | Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access) | 95.9 | | |
| roportion of children under 5 with fever who are treated with | 8.0 | • | • • | Satisfaction with public transport (%) | 0.0 | | |
| appropriate anti-malarial drugs (%) | | | | Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5 microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m³) | 13.9 | • | |
| Malaria mortality rate | 0.0 | • | 1 | microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (µg/m²) | | | |
| overage of Preventive Chemotherapy for Neglected Tropical Diseases (%) | 14.6 | • | • • | SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production | | | |
| ge-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, | 18.0 | • | 4 | Municipal Solid Waste (kg/year/capita) | 0.5 | • | |
| diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70 | | | | E-waste generated (kg/capita) | 1.2 | | 1 |
| years (per 100,000 population) | 22.1 | | | Natural Resource Value Realization Score | NA | | |
| affic deaths rate (per 100,000 people) | 33.1 | • | Ť | Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) | 0.9 | • | |
| dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19) | 96.3 55.5 | | → | Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%) | NA | • | |
| niversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100) ge-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and | | | 7 | Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita) | 0.7 | • | - |
| ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) | 134.3 | | | SDG13 – Climate Action | | | |
| ercentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended | 93.0 | • | → | Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst) | NA | • | 1 |
| vaccines (%) | | | | Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita) | 0.6 | • | |
| lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years) | 67.5 | • | → | Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita) | 0.9 | • | 1 |
| ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10) | NA | | • • | CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita) | 0.0 | |) |
| DG4 – Quality Education | | | | SDG14 – Life Below Water | | | |
| let primary enrolment rate (%) | 96.1 | • | 1 | Percentage of inadequately managed plastic waste | 81.1 | • |) |
| Mean years of schooling (years) | 5.3 | • | \rightarrow | Ocean Health Index Goal - Clean Waters (0-100) | 65.0 | • | 1 |
| iteracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%) | 96.7 | • | • • | Ocean Health Index Goal - Biodiversity (0-100) | 96.0 | • | |
| DG5 – Gender Equality | | | | Ocean Health Index Goal - Fisheries (0-100) | 28.0 | • | , |
| roportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union | 35.4 | • | • • | Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%) | 63.6 | | |
| before age 18 | 33 | • | | Percentage of Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%) | 7.5 | • | |
| roportion of girls and women aged 15-49 years who have undergone | 0.0 | • | • • | Fish caught by trawling (%) | 2.1 | • | 1 |
| female genital mutilation/cutting, by age | | | | SDG15 – Life on Land | | | |
| eats held by women in national parliaments (%) | 18.2 | | → | Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) | 54.4 | • | , |
| /omen in ministerial positions (%) | 18.2 | | • • | Percentage change in forest area (2010-2015) | 0.0 | • |) |
| stimated demand for contraception that is unmet (% women married or in union, ages 15-49) | 42.8 | • | 7 | Red List Index of species survival (0-1) | 0.8 | • | , |
| atio of female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25 | 78.3 | | • • | Imported biodiversity threats (threats/capita) | 8.2 | • | |
| and above | 7 0.5 | | | CDC16 Peace Justice and Strong Institutions | | | |
| atio of female to male labour force participation rate | 54.8 | • | \rightarrow | SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions | 2.4 | | |
| DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation | | | | Homicides (per 100,000 people) Conflict-related deaths per 100,000 | 3.4 0.0 | | |
| | 70.7 | | 7 | Proportion of the population who feel safe walking alone at night in the | NA | | |
| pulation using at least basic drinking water services (%) | 79.7 40.1 | | 7 → | city or area where they live (%) | 11/7 | | |
| opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%) eshwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources | 40.1 0.5 | | • • | Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) | 26.0 | • | , |
| nported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita) | NA | • | • • | Property Rights (0-100) | 54.1 | • | , |
| | 14/7 | | | Access to justice (0-100) | 83.8 | • | 1 |
| DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy | | | | Corruption Perception Index (0-100) | 46 | | |
| ccess to electricity (% population) | | • | 7 | Public Sector Accountability & Transparency (0-100) | 72.2 | | |
| ccess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population) | 30.4 | • | \rightarrow | Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%) | 95.2 | • | |
| enewable energy share in the total final energy consumption | 41.6 | • | 4 | SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals | | | |
| onsumer affordability of electricity | NA | • | • • | Tax revenue (% GDP) | 16.2 | |) |
| | | | | Government Health and Education spending (% GDP) | 12.1 | | |
| | | | | penang (/o oo. / | | | |
| | | | | Level of customs duties on imports | NA | |) |
| | | | | Level of customs duties on imports Visa Requirement score | NA 132.0 | • | |





