DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO

Central Africa

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Index score

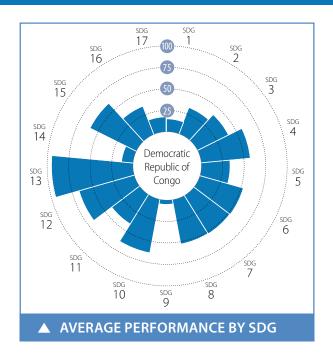
Regional average score





Africa Index Rank

47 (OF 51)



▼ COMPARISON WITH OTHER AFRICAN INDICES

	RANK	SCORE
Africa Gender Equality Index (2015)	36 (of 52)	49.2 / 100
Africa Infrastructure Development Index (2016)	50 (of 54)	8.15 /100
Africa Regional Integration Index (2016)	37 (of 52)	0.42 / 1
Ibrahim Index on African Governance (2017)	48 (of 54)	35.0 / 100

▼ CURRENT ASSESSMENT – SDG DASHBOARD





































SDGTRENDS



















10 REDUCED INEQUALITIES

















Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture".

The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentqoals



DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF CONGO

Performance by Indicator

DG1 – End Poverty	Value R	-		SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	Value 1		
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (% population)	70.5		→	5-year average GDP growth per capita (%)	3.4		
rojected poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day in 2030 (% population)	59.8		• •	Employment-to-population ratio	68.9 0.0		
roportion of population living below the national poverty line opulation covered by Social Protection (%)	63.6 5.5		• •	Slavery score (0-100) Adults (15 years and older) with an account at a bank or other financial	25.8		
Spulation covered by Social Protection (%)	3.3			institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (%)	23.0		
DG2 – Zero Hunger				Starting a Business score	89.8	•	
revalence of undernourishment (% population)	NA	•	• •				
revalence of stunting (low height-for-age) in children under 5 years	42.6	• ;	7	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure			
of age (%)	0.4		_	Infrastructure score (0-100)	15.4	•	
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		•	7 →	Logistics performance index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (1=low to 5=high)	NA		
revalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% adult population)			Ĭ	Research and development expenditure (% GDP)	0.1	•	
ereal yield (t/ha) ertilizer consumption (kg per hectare of arable land)			♥	Number of scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000)	0.0	•	
ertilizer consumption (kg per nectale of allable land)	3.0			Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 inhabitants)	13.2	•	
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being				Proportion of the population using the internet (%)	6.2		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	693.0	• ;	7				
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	80.1	•	• •	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	28.8		7	Gini Coefficient adjusted for top income (1-100)	42.1	•	
lortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)			7	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
IV prevalence (per 1,000)			→	Proportion of urban population living in slums	74.8	•	
eople living with HIV receiving antiretroviral therapy (%)		_	• •	Improved water source, piped (% urban population with access)	62.7	•	
icidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 people)	323.0		→	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	41.0		
oportion of children under 5 with fever who are treated with appropriate anti-malarial drugs (%)	29.2	•	•	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than 2.5	46.3		
alaria mortality rate	76.8	•	1	microns of diameter (PM2.5) in urban areas (μg/m³)			
overage of Preventive Chemotherapy for Neglected Tropical Diseases (%)			• •	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
ge-standardised death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,		•	→	Municipal Solid Waste (kg/year/capita)	0.5	•	
diabetes, and chronic respiratory disease in populations age 30–70	20.5			E-waste generated (kg/capita)	0.2		
/ears (per 100,000 population)				Natural Resource Value Realization Score	47.9		
affic deaths rate (per 100,000 people)	33.5	• -	→	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.8		
lolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 women ages 15-19)	125.2		÷	Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0		
iversal Health Coverage Tracer Index (0-100)			→	Net imported SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	0.3		
e-standardised death rate attributable to household air pollution and	196.5		• •		0.5		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)				SDG13 – Climate Action			
rcentage of surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended	77.0	• *	个	Climate Change Vulnerability Monitor (best 0-1 worst)	0.1	•	
vaccines (%)				Energy-related CO ₂ emissions per capita (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1	•	
lealthy Life Expectancy at birth (years)			Ť	Imported CO ₂ emissions, technology-adjusted (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1		
ubjective Wellbeing (average ladder score, 0-10)	4.3	• •	Ψ.	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	NA		
DG4 – Quality Education				SDG14 – Life Below Water			
let primary enrolment rate (%)		_	• •	Percentage of inadequately managed plastic waste	84.5	•	
lean years of schooling (years)			→	Ocean Health Index Goal - Clean Waters (0-100)	39.7	•	
teracy rate of 15-24 year olds, both sexes (%)	85.0	•	• •	Ocean Health Index Goal - Biodiversity (0-100)	74.7	•	
DG5 – Gender Equality				Ocean Health Index Goal - Fisheries (0-100)	32.9	•	
roportion of women aged 20-24 years who were married or in a union	37.3	•		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA		
before age 18	37.3	_		Percentage of Fish Stocks overexploited or collapsed by EEZ (%)	NA	•	
oportion of girls and women aged 15-49 years who have undergone	NA	•	• •	Fish caught by trawling (%)	NA		
female genital mutilation/cutting, by age				SDG15 – Life on Land			
eats held by women in national parliaments (%)	8.9	• -	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	36.7		
omen in ministerial positions (%)	11.6	•	• •	Percentage change in forest area (2010-2015)	-0.7		
timated demand for contraception that is unmet (% women married	54.0	• -	→	Red List Index of species survival (0-1)	0.9		
or in union, ages 15-49)	40.4			Imported biodiversity threats (threats/capita)	0.3		
atio of female to male mean years of schooling of population age 25	49.4	•	- 0		0.5		
tio of female to male labour force participation rate	97.1	• -	→	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
' '	27.1			Homicides (per 100,000 people)	13.4		
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation				Conflict-related deaths per 100,000	0.4		
pulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)		-)	Proportion of the population who feel safe walking alone at night in the	45.0		
pulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	19.7		Ψ.	city or area where they live (%) Children 5–14 years old involved in child Jahour (%)	38.4		
shwater withdrawal as % total renewable water resources	0.1	•	• •	Children 5–14 years old involved in child labour (%) Property Rights (0-100)	39.0		
ported groundwater depletion (m³/year/capita)	0.5	•	• •	Access to justice (0-100)	16.9		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy				Corruption Perception Index (0-100)	21	•	
ccess to electricity (% population)	13.5	• -	→	Public Sector Accountability & Transparency (0-100)	25.8	•	
cess to electricity (76 population) cess to clean fuels & technology for cooking (% population)	5.9		÷	Birth registrations with civil authority, children under 5 years of age (%)	24.6		
enewable energy share in the total final energy consumption	92.9		→	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2-1.0		
onsumer affordability of electricity	100.0	_	•	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
sistence and dubinly of electricity	100.0			Tax revenue (% GDP)	8.9	•	
				Government Health and Education spending (% GDP)	6.1	•	
				Level of customs duties on imports	NA		
				Vica Paguirament score	147.0		
				Visa Requirement score	1-17.0	_	





