# Chinese Whispers - An Efficient Graph Clustering Algorithm

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The article was written by (Biemann 2006). It was was cited 303 times according to Google Scholar. The task performed was graph-clustering. They used x metric over x.

#### Hypothesis

A randomized graph-clustering algorithm would perform well of small worlds.

#### **Evidence and Results**

# Dataset

The dataset used are all from the natural language processing world.

# Results

### Contribution

The authors propose

#### Algorithm 1 Chinese Whispers

**Input:** An initial graph G of V multidimensional vectors to be clustered; A maximum number of iterations maxiterations

**Output:** An assignment of the clusters for each vertex  $\in G.V$ 

```
1: procedure ChineseWhispers(G)
         for each vertex (i, v) \in enum(G.V) do
2:
              class(v_i) \leftarrow i
 3:
         end for
4:
         while maxite rations > 0 do
5:
              vertexlist \leftarrow shuffle(G.V)
6:
              for each v \in vertexlist do
 7:
                   \operatorname{class}(v) \leftarrow \operatorname{argmax}_{\theta}[\Sigma_{c \in Neighbors(v)} \mathbb{I}(c, \theta)] > \operatorname{Highest count class among } v's neighbors
8:
9:
10:
               maxiterationsp \leftarrow maxiterations - 1
11:
          end while
12:
          return class
13: end procedure
```

Small world graphs

#### Controversial Ideas

Weaknesses

#### Future Work

# References

Biemann, Chris (June 2006). "Chinese Whispers - an Efficient Graph Clustering Algorithm and its Application to Natural Language Processing Problems". In: Proceedings of TextGraphs: the First Workshop on Graph Based Methods for Natural Language Processing. New York City: Association for Computational Linguistics, pp. 73–80. URL: https://www.aclweb.org/anthology/W06-3812.