

**EX.2.4.3, Sauer3**

Solve the system by finding the  $PA = LU$  factorization and then carrying out the two-step back substitution.

$$\text{a. } \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 7 \\ 6 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -11 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \text{b. } \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 6 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

**Hint:** The two  $PA = LU$  factorization (with partial pivoting) are:

a.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 7 \\ 6 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 1 \\ 0 & 13/2 \end{pmatrix}$$

b.

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 2 \\ 6 & 3 & 4 \\ 3 & 1 & 5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 1 & 0 \\ 1/2 & 1/2 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 6 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & -1/2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$