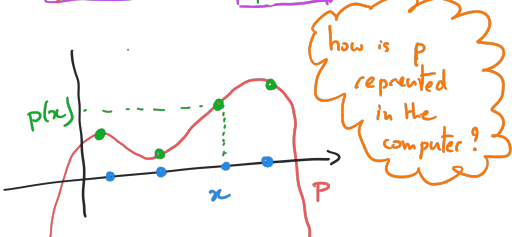
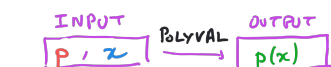


0.1 Evaluating a Polynomial

$$p(x) = -2x^4 + 9x^3 + 2x^2 - 7x + 4$$



BASIC POLYVAL

```

def polyval(c, x):
    px = c[0]
    for i in range(1, np.size(c)):
        px = px + c[i] * (x)**i
    return px
  
```

$$\begin{aligned}
 p(x) &= -2x^4 + 9x^3 + 2x^2 - 7x + 4 \\
 &= (-2x^3 + 9x + 2x - 7)x + 4 \\
 &= ((-2x^2 + 9x + 2)x - 7)x + 4 \\
 &= (((-2x + 9)x + 2)x - 7)x + 4
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 y &= -2 \\
 y &= y * x + 9 \\
 y &= y * x + 2 \\
 y &= y * x - 7 \\
 y &= y * x + 4
 \end{aligned}$$

```

def polyval_nested(c, x):
    d = np.size(c)
    px = c[d-1]
    for i in range(d-2, -1, -1):
        px = px * x + c[i]
    return px
  
```

NESTED POLYVAL

for a polynomial of degree d
 NESTED POLYVAL performs
 d multiplications
 and d additions

for a polynomial of degree d
 BASIC POLYVAL performs
 d multiplications
 and d additions
 and d "power to the i ", $i = 1$ to d

Note: to compute 7^{100} → "cheating"
 a good algorithm is NOT

NOT GOOD → $7 * 7 * 7 * 7 \dots$
 ↳ impossible to write

NOT GOOD → $x=7$
 for i in range(1, 100):
 $x = x * 7$ → COST
 99 multiplications
 to compute x^{100}

$$100 = 64 + 32 + 4$$

$$x1 = 7$$

$$x2 = x1 * x1 = 7^2$$

$$x4 = x2 * x2 = 7^4$$

$$x8 = x4 * x4 = 7^8$$

$$x16 = x8 * x8 = 7^{16}$$

$$x32 = x16 * x16 = 7^{32}$$

$$x64 = x32 * x32 = 7^{64}$$

$$x100 = x64 * x32 * x4$$

8 multiplications to compute x^{100}