Language index

73

Bulgarian	Germanic languages
compounds in psycholinguistic study, 33, 42–43, 54	productivity of compounding, 50
study, 55, 42-45, 54	30
Chinese	Italian
Li on semantic relations, 87	compounds in psycholinguistic study, 47–50, 54
Dutch, 37	35000), 17 00, 01
compounds in psycholinguistic study, 30, 31, 37–39, 54 illustrating the	Modern Hebrew semantic relations in, 92
Schroeder/Baayen model, 11–12	
transparency and productivity, 73	
Finnish, 33	
compounds in psycholinguistic study, 43–44, 54	
French	
compounds in psycholinguistic study, 33, 42–43, 54	
German	
Fanselow on German compounds, 100–117	
Motsch on semantic relations, 87	
anaphoric islands, 61, 63	
distributional measures for PP- NP-VP, 140	
transparency and productivity,	

adjective	experiment on, 99		
color, 83–85	anaphoric island, 59–60		
intersective modification, 78–79, 83	basic relations		
lexical blocking, 85 non-predicating, 96	Fanselow's system, 107–110, 112–115		
non-subsective modification, 81–82 pragmatic anomaly, 86 predicative, 79	BiasC, <i>see</i> compound measures BNC, 21, 219, 220, 222, 223, 226–229, 231, 232, 263 characterization of, 226		
privative, 82, 83 subsective modification, 79–81 technical and scientific, 79 see also adjective noun constructions	CARIN model, 24–28, 142, 217, 219 CELEX, 21, 31, 34, 50, 149, 157, 222, 223, 226–229, 236, 263, 264 and lexicalized compounds, 35–		
adjective noun constructions Pustejovsky's examples, 117– 119 distributional semantics model,	36, 222 characterization of, 227 centering, 47, 240 effect on collinearity measures,		
140 formal semantic analysis, 78–86 in the Reddy et al. dataset, 163– 164	choice rule, 26 collinearity, 178, 240 centering and, 240		
qualia structure, 121 ambiguity, 164	common noun, 103 complex nominals case relations, 88–89		
habitual vs. instantaneous read- ings, 111 in Fanselow's system, 115 vs. analytic indeterminacy, 93 vs. promiscuity, 163, 164 analytic indeterminacy, 92–93, 163	conjunction behavior, 88 nondegreeness, 88 compositionality, 66–68, 157 Fanselow on, 107 Lahav on, 84 conventionality vs., 71–72		

correspondence of formal and	vs. other constructions, 3–5	
semantic, 62	with deverbal head, 100-101,	
in computational linguistics, 34	103	
of idioms, 71	in the Reddy et al. dataset,	
underspecification and, 67	164–165	
via entailments, 64	with relational head, 101	
compound	with relational modifier, 101–	
ambiguity	103	
habitual vs. instantaneous	see also compound mea-	
readings, 111	sures	
vs. promiscuity, 163, 164	compound measures	
ascriptive vs. associative inter-	BiasC, 157–159, 177	
pretation, 65	compound entropy, 143-144	
classification via literal con-	familiarity and concreteness, 34	
stituent usage, 134	family size ratio, 235	
common nouns in, 103–107	family size, 148, 248	
constituent family, 24, 148	generalized strength measure	
assessing distribution of se-	gC, 152, 153, 222	
mantic relations, 216–223	relative entropy measure reC,	
semantic relations in, 24–25	144, 145, 152, 222	
constituent meanings	sense/nonsense judgment, 25	
distribution of, 224	spelling ratio, 177, 235	
relation to compound mean-	meaning shifts and, 224	
ing and semantic trans-	remarks on its nature, 206	
parency, 1–3	strength measure C, 151, 222	
context sensitivity, 115-116	strength ratio, 25–28, 218, 220	
copulative, 79	compound triplets, 66	
determinative, 103–116	compound vs. phrase debate, 88	
distributional models for solid	conceptual combination, 24–29	
and open forms, 156, 157	concreteness, 34	
entropy based measures, 143	constituent family, see compound	
informativity based measures,	constituent meaning, see compound	
143	constituent priming, 41	
left-headed, 42	context sensitivity, 80-81, 85, 115-	
linear position and headedness,	116	
42	conventionality, 71	
pseudocompound, 30, 37, 38, 73	•	
types vs. tokens, 220	distributional semantics, 127–133	

TF-IDF-weight approaches, 131
composition function based
models, 140
constituent based models, 139
design decisions, 131
distributional hypothesis, 127
introduction to, 128–131
models for solid and open compound forms, 156, 157
Hyperspace Analogue to Language, 133
Latent Semantic Analysis, 132
similarity measures, 131

endocentric, 96, 163 entropy based measures, 143–147 eye tracking, 43–45, 48–50, 268 literal/non-literal idiom interpretation, 72 vs. lexical decision, 52

familiarity, 34 family, *see* compound family resemblance, 19 family size, *see* compound measures frequency

based variables in Bell &
Schäfer (2013), 176–177
based variables in Bell &
Schäfer (2016), 235–236
distribution of semantic relations, 25, 218–223
effects in the Schroeder/Baayen model, 11
effects of constituents
in eye tracking, 43, 45
in lexical decision, 46
in Bybee's network model, 18

of shifts in the Reddy et al. dataset, 176

Hyperspace Analogue to Language, see distributional semantics

idiomatic meaning, 97
idioms, 71–72
immediate partial repetition, 38
indeterminacy, 81

see also analytic indeterminacy
informativity based measures, 143–

Latent Semantic Analysis, *see* distributional semantics

lexical decision, 19, 21, 37, 38, 41, 42, 46–48, 50, 52, 157

vs. eye tracking, 52 lexicalized compounds, 35–36, 222, 223

vs. idiomatic, 97

149

Likert scale

as ordinal or continuous data, 178

linear mixed effects modeling, 193–194

literal meaning, 68–71, 207, 209–213 compositionality and, 68 idioms and, 72 in compound classification, 134 loose talk, 123 meaning shifts and, 171 vs. idiomatic meaning, 97 vs. lexicalized meaning, 97

meaning differentiation, 171

meaning predictability, 1-2, 34	relational, 100
meaning shifts, 171-173, 206-213	
spelling ratio and, 224	orthographic transparency, 74
coding, 174	outbound anaphora, 60–63
metaphor, 171	proper names and, 61, 63
coding metaphoric shifts, 174,	phonological transparency, 73 phrase-like semantics, 64, 77 pointwise mutual information, 146 pragmatics, 124 normal interpretation, 116 see also context sensitivity priming constituent, 37, 41, 42 response to stimulus intervals vs. stimulus onset asynchronies, 39 semantic, 38, 50 productivity, 50, 72 promiscuity, 93, 163 proper name, 61, 63, 96 pseudocompound, 30, 37, 38, 73 r-packages Hmisc, 178 MuMIn, 194 effects, 178 languageR, 178, 240 lmerTest, 241 rms, 192 relation verification task, 28 RICE theory, 28–29, 240
nominalization, 93-96	semantic overlap, 66
noun	semantic relations
mass, 79	CARIN model, 24–28
material, 79, 122–123, 164	RICE theory, 28–29
proper, 96	analytic indeterminacy, 92–93,
common, 103	99, 163
deverbal, 93	

constituent specific, 216	idioms and, 71–72
measuring the distribution, 24-	in Baayen et al.'s (2011) model,
28, 218–223	22-23
pre-1978 approaches, 87	in Ward et al., 62
productivity, 92	in terms of meaning predictabil-
promiscuity, 163	ity, 1-2, 34, 134
recoverably deletable predi-	in terms of relatedness to con-
cates, 89	stituent meanings, 1–3
semantic class of the head and,	in the Schroeder/Baayen model,
98	11–12
set used in Bell & Schäfer (2016),	independent variable in psy-
230	cholinguistic studies, 37-
set used in Gagné & Shoben, 26	56
set used in Pham & Baayen, 151	measuring, 29-36
verification task, 28	overview, 35
analytic indeterminacy, 93	modifier transparency re-
based on stereotypes, see stereo-	gressed on head trans-
types	parency, 158
basic relations, 109, see basic re-	of constituents in Libben's
lations	model, 13–16
entailment criterion, 64, 113	overview of experimental
inferred relations, 109	traces, 52
recoverably deletable predi-	paraphrase-based categoriza-
cates, 172	tion, 63, 64
strength ratio, see compound	productivity and, 72
measures	stress pattern and, 64–65
underspecified locative relation,	set-theoretic approaches, 78–86
114	spelling ratio, see compound mea-
semantic transparency	sures
a first notion of, 1–3	stereotypes, 107–112
anaphora, 59–63	strength ratio, 152, see compound
as semantic compositionality,	measures
34, 64, 134	stress pattern
dependent variable	compound status and, 4
in distributional semantics	semantic transparency and, 64–
models, 138–142, 157–159	65
in regression model, 153–154	Supertee, xi
human judgements, 136–137	transparency

orthographic, 74 phonological, 73 semantic, *see* semantic transparency

underspecification
analysis of complex nominals,
124–125
compositionality and, 67
in scheme for compound combinatorics, 171
locative relation and, 114
radical, 171
USENET, 228–229
characterization of, 228

vagueness, 80–81 vs. indeterminacy, 81

word recognition task, 40 WordNet, 224, 229, 231, 232, 236, 263 general organization, 224–226 selecting compound classes based on, 135 semantic specifity and, 148