Dagaare-English Dictionary

with a grammatical sketch by Adams Bodomo

Mark Ali Scott Grimm

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Preface

With this work, we present a more expansive dictionary of the Dagaare language than previously available. We have had to make some choices in putting together this dictionary, and the dictionary should not be seen as representing the whole of the Dagaare language in all its variation. Language is always changing, and this dictionary presents the vocabulary of a particular variety of Dagaare at a particular time.

Dagaare is spoken by a large number of people (one million speakers according to Simons & Fennig 2017, although this may be conservative, see section 1.1) and throughout a large area. More properly speaking, Dagaare is not a single language, but constitutes a dialect continuum which traverses the Upper-West and Northern regions of Ghana into Southern Burkina Faso, where it is named Dagara. The Dagaare Language Commission (Dagaare Language Committee 1982) established orthographical conventions and made broad dialect divisions into Northern, Central and Southern Dagaare. Although these dialects are mutually intelligible to varying degrees, there is a high degree of variation, even from village to village (Bodomo 1997: 2-5).

This dictionary is primarily concerned with the vocabulary of Central Dagaare, spoken around the area of the town Jirapa and Ullo. This dialect has served as the standard dialect for educational materials in Ghana, church literature and radio broadcasts, and we follow that tradition here. Central Dagaare is also the basis for most linguistic analysis on Dagaare, including the early work of Wilson (1962), Kennedy (1966) and Hall (1977). Southern Dagaare (also known as Waale) is centered around the towns of Wa and Kaleo and widely used as a trade language throughout the region (Bodomo 1997). While the Central and Southern dialects overlap to a substantial degree, there are certainly many differences, some of which are noted in this dictionary. Two other relevant dialects lying to the West are Southern Birifor, which is mutually intelligible with Southern Dagaare, and Safaliba (population 4000) near Bole in the Northern Region, which, according to Simons & Fennig (2017), has a large lexical similarity to Southern Dagaare. It is our hope that the publication of this dictionary serve as a first step to documenting the diversity of the Dagaare language, and will bring to light lexical and

Preface

grammatical variation across the varieties of Dagaare.

To illustrate, we list several concepts which are expressed by different lexical items in different dialect zones in Table 1.

| Table 1: Lexical | Variation Across | Four Dialect Zones |
|------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| | | |

| Word/Concept | Northern | Central | Southern | Western |
|------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--------------------|---------|
| dance | yag | see | SE0 | SEO |
| footwear | nafag | noote $arepsilon$ | nagete $arepsilon$ | nataba |
| grandfather | Saangkom | Saangkoma | nabaale | nabaale |
| groundnuts | simmie | seŋkãa | gyɛnee | gyεnee |
| horse | wir | wiri | weo | ycho |
| man | $d \varepsilon b$ | dzz | dao | dao |
| rat | derebaa | dayuu | gbunno | gbinti |
| run | $z_{\mathcal{I}}$ | 20 | $z\mathfrak{I}$ | gyэ |
| salt | nyaaro | nyenoŋ/ nyenoo | yaaroŋ | yaaroŋ |
| talk/speak | εr | yeli | yεle | yεle |
| tree squirrel | telocra | lənnə/lanna | lanta | anta |
| uncle (maternal) | madeb | areba | aheba | areba |

Further variation is found in the other direction: One lexical item may have different meanings in different dialects. We illustrate with the term *nabaale* which has two different meanings in two different Southern dialects, Waale and Manlaale:

• *nabaale*: "grandfather" (Walee), "paternal uncle (older than one's father)" (Manlaale)

We also note that some entries retain earlier orthographical forms, even though in modern pronunciation a reduced form is current. This is particularly present for weak vowels following η , as in $b\varepsilon\eta e$ 'to sift' which is pronounced [bɛŋ].

We would like to acknowledge the prior lexicographic work on Dagaare, most notably Durand (1953) and Bodomo (2004), both being works which we have consulted and have attempted to build upon.

The Structure of the Entries

The entries in the dictionary are structured as follows. Each entry is followed by (i) its phonetic transcription, including tones, (ii) its part of speech, (iii) its

definition in English, (iv) one or more examples in Dagaare illustrating the use of the word and the corresponding translation(s), and (iv) any further inflectional or derivational forms.

Due to the nature of this work, the grammatical information contained in the entries is limited. Several grammars on Dagaare exist which describe the grammatical features of the language and other selected topics. We encourage readers to consult Bodomo (1997), Bodomo (2000), Bodomo (2004), and Kropp Dakubu (2005) for further information on the grammar of Dagaare.

Nouns For nouns, the following number inflections are given:

- pl. plural
- *2pl.* second plural (also known as a distributive plural)
- sg. singulative

Adjectives Adjectives inflect for number in Dagaare, thus plural and second plural forms are listed when present.

Pronouns Pronouns list plural forms, although due to their common occurrence, the plural forms of pronouns are also given their own main entry.

Verbs The verbal entries specify the following six forms at the end of the entry in this order:

- Perfect
- Imperfect
- · Agentive Singular
- · Agentive Plural
- Agentive Derivation -aa Singular
- Agentive Derivation -aa Plural

These forms do not exhaust the derived verbal forms available in Dagaare, such as various nominalizations or derived adjectives, which we plan to incorporate in a future edition of this dictionary.

Other Parts of Speech Adverbs, conjunctions, and interjections are indeclinable in Dagaare, so only the single form is listed along with its gloss.

Preface

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Scott Grimm would like to thank two outstanding students who aided with the preparation of the manuscript. First, Kathryn Fulton lent us her editorial skills in correcting the entire dictionary, leading to far greater consistency. Second, Rebbeca Everson aided in the conversion from the dictionary's original format, a Toolbox file, into LATEX. Further details on this process can be found in Everson & Grimm (2017).

This work developed out of work carried out during the second author's field trip to Ghana in 2011, for which funding from NSF Grant # 1023289 is gratefully acknowledged.

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Dictionary orthography and corresponding IPA symbols

| A a | [a] | ŋŋ | [ŋ] |
|-------|------------|-------|--------------|
| Вb | [b] | ŋm ŋm | [ŋm] |
| D d | [d] | Ny ny | [ɲ] |
| Еe | [e] or [1] | Оо | [o] or [ʊ] |
| з 3 | [ε] | СС | [c] |
| F f | [f] | Pр | [p] |
| Gg | [g] | Rr | [r] |
| Gb gb | [gb] | Ss | [s] |
| Gy gy | [dz] | T t | [t] |
| Ηh | [h] | U u | [u] |
| Ιi | [i] | V v | [v] |
| Κk | [k] | W w | [w] |
| Kp kp | [kp] | Yу | [j] |
| KY ky | [ʧ] | Ζz | [z] |
| Ll | [1] | , | high tone |
| M m | [m] | • | low tone |
| Nn | [n] | ~ | nasalization |
| | | | |

NB: This differs from the orthography of Dagaare Language Committee (1982) in representing η as a single character rather than ng.

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List of abbreviations

adjective ADJ adverb ADV ART article assertive ASSERT conjunction CONJ definite DEF human HUMAN ideophone IDPH IMP imperative indefinite INDF intensifier INTENS interjection INTERJ locative LOC N noun nonhuman NONHUMAN particle PART perfect PRF past tense PST PLplural pronoun PRON reciprocal RECP singulative SG verb v variant VAR second plural 2pl

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Part I Foreword and grammar sketch

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One of the best resources for the development of literacy and literary practices in a language is a comprehensive dictionary of the language informed by sound linguistic analysis. Dagaare has quite a lot of resources including grammars (Bodomo 1997a; 2000; Kropp Dakubu 2005), many word lists and specialized dictionaries (Durand 1953; Bodomo 2004), readers (Zakpaa 1978) and numerous linguistic analyses in the form of theses, monographs and journal articles. However, there does not exist a comprehensive dictionary that is general and substantial enough for everyday use by native speakers and learners of the language.

The present dictionary therefore fills a major void in Dagaare studies. In this foreword, I provide some background information about the Dagaare language and Dagaare studies. I also present a sketch of the grammar of the language, based largely on my grammar sketch in Bodomo (2000). All this is intended to assist the user to understand some basic aspects of the grammar towards understanding the various entries, including grammatical categories, and nominal and verbal categories and groupings.

1.1 The Dagaare language and Dagaare studies

In terms of demographic and socio-political importance, Dagaare (also written variously as Dagaari, Dagara, and Birifor) is one the prominent languages of West Africa, spoken in northwestern Ghana and adjacent areas of Burkina Faso and Cote d'Ivoire. It is broken down into various variants across these three countries: in Ghana it is mainly called Dagaare, in Burkina Faso, it is mainly called Dagara and in Cote d' Ivoire it is mainly called Birifor. It is spoken by between two and three million people in all these countries, with far more speakers in Ghana than in the other two countries. In terms of genetic relationship, it belongs to the Mabia (also known as Gur, although this term is dispreferred by many Dagaare-speaking linguists) group of languages of the Niger – Congo language family,

¹I thank Lincom Europe for permission to use parts of that work in this foreword.

along with other languages such as Dagbane, Waale, Gurenne, Mampruli, Kusaal, Buli, Kasem, Sisaali and and Moore.

Dagaare is being vigorously studied and used both as a language of education at lower levels of the educational ladder and as a school subject at higher levels of the ladder. Indeed, in universities and colleges of higher education in Ghana and Burkina Faso Dagaare programs have some of the highest enrolments. We can indeed talk of an emerging field of Dagaare Studies in the sense that, not only is there vibrancy at all these levels of education in teaching programs, Dagaare is also the subject of vigorous research by linguists and other scholars in West Africa (Ghana, Burkina Faso and Cote d'Ivoire) and many other parts of the world. Dagaare books and articles have appeared in some of the best linguistics journals (such, Natural Language and Linguistic Theory, Lingua, and Studia Linguistica) and some of the most prominent book publishing houses such as Stanford University CSLI Press, and Oxford University Press. There is even an existing (but currently dormant) Journal of Dagaare Studies. What all this indicates is that a comprehensive user-friendly dictionary is long overdue in this area of study. A Daagare - English Dictionary is therefore a most welcome resource. In the next section, I will introduce some of the major features of the structure of Dagaare towards understanding the dictionary entries in the book.

1.2 Phonology

1.2.1 Orthography and sound system of Dagaare

A note on the orthography of the language is necessary for an understanding of the written forms of the entries. The standard orthography developed by the Catholic Church in Ghana and now widely used in educational institutions, is based on the Central dialect but there are several alternative orthographies (e.g. Nakuma 1999; 2002). All of these are basically phonemic. Dagaare is a two-tone language, but tone is not marked in the standard orthography. Here is the standard Dagaare alphabet, which has 31 graphemes, comprising 24 monographs (representing 19 consonants and 7 vowels, 6 diagraphs and 1 triagraph):

1.2.2 Consonants

Dàgááré has twenty-five consonants and two glides (semi-consonants) in underlying representation. This is shown in Table 1.2.

The glottal counterparts of /h/, /l/ and /m/ are attested only in the Northern dialect of the language (spoken mostly in Burkina Faso and called Dagara); the

1.2 Phonology

Table 1.1: Please provide a caption

| A, a | as in | bàná lá wààná | 'It is they who are coming' |
|----------|-------|----------------|--|
| B, b | as in | bàà | 'dog' |
| D, d | as in | dúní | 'knee' |
| E, e | as in | kpéré | 'to cut up'; also as in féntéré 'ring' |
| ε, ε | as in | gèré | 'going' |
| F, f | as in | fànfánè | 'soap' |
| G, g | as in | gánè | 'book' |
| GB, gb | as in | g <i>bér</i> è | ʻleg' |
| GY, gy | as in | gyìlé | ʻxylophones' |
| H, h | as in | húólí | 'to mock at someone' |
| I, I | as in | bìbììrí | ʻchildren' |
| K, k | as in | kànnè | 'to read' |
| KP, kp | as in | kpááré | 'occiput' |
| KY, ky | as in | kyéngé | ʻto walk' |
| L, l | as in | láá | 'bowl' |
| M, m | as in | má | 'mother' |
| N, n | as in | néè | ʻperson' |
| NG, ng | as in | bòngó | 'donkey' |
| NY, ny | as in | nyé | 'to see' |
| NGM, ngm | as in | ngmén | 'God' |
| O, o | as in | zòró | 'running'; also as in tólóng 'heat' |
| Э, э | as in | sówóló | 'kind of dish' |
| P, p | as in | pènnè | 'to rest' |
| R, r | as in | pùrì | 'to burst' |
| S, s | as in | sénsé | 'cakes' |
| T, t | as in | tùòrì | 'to meet' |
| U, u | as in | dùndúló | 'worms' |
| V, v | as in | vóóróng | 'breath', 'life' |
| W, w | as in | wááó | 'snake' |
| Y, y | as in | yánngáá | 'grand child' |
| Z, z | as in | zàgá | ʻpen' |
| | | | |

| | bi- labial | labio- dental | dental | alveolar | alveo- palatal | palatal | velar | labial- velar | glottal |
|--|---------------|------------------|--------|--------------|-------------------|---------|--------|------------------|---------|
| Stops voiceless voiced Affricates | p b | | t d | | | | k g | kp gb | ? |
| voiceless voiced Fricatives | | | | | ky gy | | | | |
| voiceless voiced | | f v | | S Z | | | | h | |
| Lateral nasal Implosive Glide | m ṁ | | | l n ʻl | | n y | | ŋm w | ŋ ĥ |

Table 1.2: Consonants

Southern and Central dialects do not have them. Two additional consonants [r] and $[\gamma]$ are found at surface level, occurring as allophones to d and g at initial positions and intervocalically, respectively. Consider the following words:

In these examples /d/ and /g/ are at primary word/syllable initial position. The sounds, [r] and [γ], on the other hand, occur intervocalically or at secondary syllable initial position. Voiceless plosives are usually aspirated when they occur in primary syllable initial position. The phonetic transcriptions: [tʰàllì] 'to walk fast' and [pʰàllì] 'to weave' illustrate aspiration. As can be seen on the chart, some of the consonant phonemes such as /kp/, /gb/, and /ŋm/ have a dual place of articulation. What the term "labial-velar" means is that the sound involved is produced simultaneously with the velum and the lips as active organs of sound production. These sounds are known as double articulations or co-articulations. Examples are /ŋmámá/ 'calabashes' and /gbérí/ 'cripple'.

1.2.3 Vowels

Nine oral vowel phonemes may be established for Dàgááré and these are shown the Table 1.3.

The + and - signs in the chart show that the relevant distinctive features, High,

1.2 Phonology

Table 1.3: Vowels

| Front | | | | | | | | | Back |
|------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|------|
| High +ATR | i | | | | | | | | u |
| -ATR | | I | | | | | | υ | |
| Mid-High +ATR | | | e | | | | 0 | | |
| Mid-Low | | | | | | | | | |
| -ATR | | | | 3 | | Э | | | |
| Low | | | | | a | | | | |

Low, Round and ATR (Advanced Tongue Root), are present or absent, respectively. These are then the basic vowel phonemes of Dàgáárè, but processes such as vowel lengthening, nasality, harmony and sequencing make the system a bit more complex. Each of the above shown nine short vowels has a long counterpart, and the opposition of short and long vowels of the same quality brings about differences in meaning, as is manifest in the following minimal pairs:

```
(2) /tɔ̃r/ '-self' : /tɔ̀ɔ́r/ 'far'
/kǔr/ 'tortoise' : /ku̇úr/ 'hoe'
/bà/ 'fix to the ground' : /bàà/ 'grow up'
```

On the basis of this evidence then, we may say that vowel length is phonemic in Dàgáárè. Each of the nine oral vowels may be nasalized. An interesting type of co-occurrence restriction in Dàgáárè involves the distinctive feature [±ATR]. In a Dàgáàrè phonological word, only vowels of the same ATR value must occur. The following will briefly illustrate the point:

```
(3) /dìré/ 'eating' : +ATR vowels
/díré/ 'taking' : -ATR vowels
/púò/ 'farmland' : +ATR vowels
/póɔ/ 'stomach' : -ATR vowels
```

This co-occurrence restriction involving both contiguous and non-contiguous vowels is called vowel harmony.

1.2.4 Tone

Dàgáárè is a register tone language with two levels of tone, high and low, and a downstepped high unit. Downstep is said to occur when in a given phonological unit the second of two high tones (with relatively low tone in between them) happens not to be as equally high as the first high tone (Kennedy 1966). However, downstep can also occur with two successive high tones. The data in (4) are words showing high and low tonal contrasts:

```
    tú 'to dig'
    dá 'to push (many items)'
    Nóŋ 'to massage'
    nòŋ 'to like, love'
```

1.2.5 Phonological processes

Various types of phonological processes occur in the language. I shall outline three types here. These are vowel harmony, vowel assimilation, and vowel elision.

1.2.5.1 Vowel harmony

One of the most pervasive phonological processes is vowel harmony, as has been described above. Besides vowel co-occurrence restriction based on [±ATR], as in (3), there is also a minor vowel co-occurrence restriction based on roundness, [±round]. This happens mainly with the imperfective suffix with mid vowels, /rɔ/, which must be in total harmony with root vowels, in Central Dàgáárè. The following examples in (5) illustrate this phonological process.

```
(5) zò 'run' → zòró 'running'
Ngmè 'beat, kick' → ngmèèré 'beating, kicking'
gbè 'grind roughly' → gbìèré 'grinding roughly'
dòò 'squat' → dòòró 'squatting'
```

1.2.5.2 Vowel assimilation

While vowel harmony may involve both contiguous and non-contiguous vowels, vowel assimilation occurs only with contiguous vowels, that is, vowels without any intervening consonants, though they may belong within different syllable or word boundaries. I illustrate this phonological process with the following quantifier NPs, involving a noun and a numeral, as shown in (6).

1.2 Phonology

```
(6) a. wàà-ré áyì → wààrááyì yam-PL two
'two (tubers of) yam'
b. bóóré átà → bóóráátà goat-PL three
'three goats'
c. kyúú-rì ànáárè → kyúúràànáárè month-PL four
'four months'
```

1.2.5.3 Final vowel elision/apocope

Final vowel elision is a pervasive phonological process in Dàgáárè and other Gur languages (see Kennedy 1966, Anttila & Bodomo 1996, Bodomo 1997a for Dàgáárè; Rialland 1985 for Mòbá; Hyman 1993 for Dàgbáné; and Cahill 1999 for Konni). In Dàgáárè, there is the tendency for the final vowel that is often not a distinctive functional morpheme to be dropped in various speech situations, such as fast speech, recitations and songs. In (7a), the final high and mid vowels are elided, thus giving us reduced forms of the words in which they are found. The examples show broad phonemic transcriptions, not orthography.

```
(7)
          /mírì/
                           /míŕ/
                                       'rope'
     a.
                                       'horse'
          /wiri /
                           /wir/
          /bíírí/
                       ~ /bíír/
                                       'children'
          /píírì /
                           /píír/
                                       'sheep'
          /bóórí/
                       ~ /bóór/
                                       'goats'
          /bírì/
                       ~ /bîr/
                                       'seed'
          /dàgáárì/
                           /dàgáàr/
                                       'Dàgáárè'
          /zùmmú/
                           /zům/
                                       'fish'
          /lágá/
                           /láŋ/
                                       'toad'
                                       'wood carrier'
          /sɔ́ŋɔ́/
                           /sɔ́ŋ/
                                       'woman'
          /pág-á/
                           /póg/
          /tègέ/
                           /těg/
                                       'only'
                                     women'
     b.
          /pág-bá/
                          */págb/
```

Sometimes, even vowels representing a distinctive functional morpheme, such as the singular suffix marker in the word for 'woman' in (7b) can be elided, with the understanding that the root word also stands for the singular form of the

noun. The final vowel of the item $p \acute{s}g-b\acute{s}$ cannot be elided probably because the consonant segment alone cannot indicate the plural form of the word, and such syllable structure in coda position is forbidden in Dàgáárè.

1.3 Morphology

This chapter comprises two main sections on nominal and verbal morphology. Under nominal morphology, I shall outline the main systems in the Dàgáárè noun phrase, including number, definiteness/referentiality, and possession. I shall also outline other categories in the noun phrase, including pronouns, adjectives, numerals. Under verbal morphology, I describe parts of the verb, including its root, various inflectional and derivational affixes, adverbs, ideophones, and some morphological processes such as pluraction, reduplication, and compounding.

1.3.1 Nominal morphology

1.3.1.1 The noun

1.3.1.1.1 Number/class/gender Dàgáárè is a noun class language. An intricate system of number suffixes divides Dàgáárè nouns into about ten classes. Each of the following Dàgáárè nouns in Table 1.4 represents a noun class.

| Class | Stem | Singular | Gloss | Plural |
|-------|-----------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1: | póg- | /pág-á/ | 'woman' | /pógíbó/ |
| 2: | zí- | /zí-é/ | 'place' | /zíí-rí/ |
| 3: | gyí- | /gyì-lì/ | 'xylophone' | /gyí-lé/ |
| 4: | pí- | /pí-rڻڻ/ | 'sheep' | /píí-rí/ |
| 5: | zú- | /zû-Ø/ | 'head' | /zú-rí/ |
| 6: | bí- | /bí!-rì/ | 'seed' | /bí-é/ |
| 7: | gán- | /gánì/ | 'book' | /gá-má/ |
| 8: | gbíngbíl- | /gbíngbí-áà/ | 'drying spot' | /gbíngbíl-lí/ |
| 9: | dí- | /dí-íú/ | 'food' | (no plural) |
| 10: | búúl- | (no singular) | 'porridge' | /búúl-úńg/ |

Table 1.4: Noun Classes Based on Singular-Plural Pairings

The basic noun class system in Dàgáárè then is number. One may be able to predict the singular and plural suffixes of a noun depending on its class. Unlike

1.3 Morphology

in Bantu languages where linguists have developed a labeled system of noun classes, there is no recognized system of labeled noun classes in the Mabia languages. In Bodomo (1997a), an attempt is made to group Dàgáárè nouns into a labeled system of noun classes. Table 1.4 is based on that classification. There is the need for a large-scale investigation of Mabia languages from a comparative perspective, with a view to establishing a system of labeled noun classes for the whole language sub-group that covers quite a substantial landmass of the West Africa sub-continent (see also recent work in Miehe & Winkelmann 2007). Nouns are not inflected for gender such as masculine, neuter, and feminine.

1.3.1.1.2 Definiteness/Referentiality Definite singular and plural forms of nouns are expressed in Dàgáárè by placing the article 'à' before the noun. Hence:

- (8) a. à bié / à biírí 'the child' / 'the children'
 - b. à pógó / à pógóbó 'the woman' / 'the women'
 - c. à sàkúúrì / à sàkúè'the school' / 'the schools'

These are illustrated in (9).

- (9) a. à bié dé lá a áiskèrìim dì DET child take.PRF FOC DET icecream eat.PRF 'The child has eaten up the ice cream.'
 - b. à bíírí gàá lá sàkúúrì zénè
 DET child.PL go.PRF FOC school today
 'The children have gone to school today'

Indefiniteness is marked by a bare noun, as shown in (10), or by placing the article 'kàngá' after the bare noun, as in (11):

- (10) bíé káá-ó wáá lá túó child look-noм be ғос bitter 'It is difficult to look after a child.' or 'Taking care of a child is difficult.'
- (11) pógó kàngá dà wá lá kyé woman certain PST come FOC here 'A certain woman came here'

When we make reference to a specific item, the prenominal definite article, \dot{a} , as seen above and a postnominal demonstrative article, $n\dot{a}$, are employed alongside the bare noun. The referentiality is illustrated in (12).

- (12) à bié ná dà wá lá kyế DET child that PST come FOC here 'That child came here'
- **1.3.1.1.3** Case Lexical nouns are not overtly marked for case in Dàgáárè. Even with pronouns, it is only in the first person singular that there is a morphological distinction between the nominative and accusative case forms of the pronoun in the language as shown in the list of pronouns in section 1.3.1.2.
- **1.3.1.1.4 Possession** The genitive case or the associative is not overtly marked in Dàgáárè by any affixes. Instead, this is signaled by word order. In an associative construction (genitive/possessive) involving a pronoun, the pronoun occurs before the head noun. Where there are two nouns or noun phrases, the first one is the genitive (modifier) and the second the head. These are illustrated in (13).
- (13) a. fò gánè 2.sg book 'Your book'
 - b. nààná gánè naana book

'Naana's book'

c. à dòò-fáá ná gàn-vìlàà
 DET man-bad that book-good
 'That bad man's good book'

In (13a), the pronoun occurs before the head noun; in (13b) the first noun, $N\dot{a}\dot{a}$ - $n\dot{a}$, is the genitive and the second is the head noun. In (13c) we have two noun phrases within the constellation of the genitive construction. The first phrase serves as the genitive to the second phrase that is the head of the construction.

1.3.1.2 Pronouns

Under pronouns, I will briefly discuss personal, demonstrative, reflexive, reciprocal, relative, possessive, interrogative, and indefinite pronouns.

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1.3.1.2.1 Personal pronouns In the Dàgáárè pronominal system, personal pronouns do not indicate gender differences, as does English with he and she, and there is hardly any case marking. Only in the first person singular pronominal paradigm is there a distinction between nominative and accusative forms, \vec{n} and $m\hat{a}$, respectively. One salient feature in the Dàgáárè system of pronouns is that, for subject pronouns, we have a distinction between weak and strong forms, quite like the French, je 'I' - moi 'me', tu 'you' - toi 'you' paradigm. Another important feature in this system is the distinction between human and non-human forms for third person plural pronouns. The table in 1.5 shows a list of Dàgáárè personal pronouns.

| | Subject (Nom) | | Object (Acc) |
|--------------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| | Weak form | Strong form | |
| 1st pers. sg | 'n | màá | mà |
| 2nd pers. sg | fò | fòó | fò |
| 3rd pers. sG | ò | ónó | ò |
| 1st pers. PL | tè | tènéè | tè |
| 2nd pers. PL | yè | yènéè | yὲ |
| 3rd pers. PL (human) | bà | báná | bà |
| 3rd pers. PL (non-human) | à | áná | à |

Table 1.5: Dàgáárè personal pronouns

1.3.1.2.2 Demonstrative pronouns The pronouns in (14) are a few of the demonstrative pronouns in Dàgáárè. As with personal pronouns, there is a distinction between human and non-human forms for the third person plural pronouns.

```
(14) nyš 'this (one)'
ónóng 'that (one)'
bánàng 'those (ones) - humans'
ánáng 'those (ones) - non humans'
lš 'like that (one)'
nyéè 'like this (one)'
```

1.3.1.2.3 Reflexives The word $m \grave{e} n g \acute{e}$ or $m \grave{e} n g \acute{e}$ (singular) and $m \grave{e} n n \acute{e}$ or $m \grave{e} n \acute{e}$ (plural), used after any of the personal pronouns above expresses reflexivity in Dàgáárè . This is tabulated in Table 1.6.

Table 1.6: Reflexives Pronouns

| Weak reflexive pronouns | Strong reflexive pronouns |
|---|--|
| nù mèngé (tɔr) 'myself' fò mèngé 'yourself' ò mèngé 'him/herself' tèmènné (tɔr) 'ourselves' yè mènné 'yourselves' | màá mèngé 'me, myself' fò ó mèngé 'you, yourself' ónó mèngé 's/he, him/herself' tè né!è mè nné! 'we, ourselves' yè néè mènné 'you, yourselves' |
| bà mènné 'themselves' à mènné 'themselves' | báná mènné 'they, themselves' áná mènné 'they, themselves' |

The constructions in (11) illustrate how they are used.

- (15) a. n tòng lá à tómó n mèngé tŏr 1.sg work foc det work 1.sg self self 'I did the work by myself.'
- **1.3.1.2.4 Reciprocal pronouns** Reciprocal pronouns in Dàgáárè include *tɔ̃*, *tɔ́* sòbá, táá and táábá. However, the most commonly used is táá. The following sentence illustrates its syntactic position:
- (16) tè nònó lá táá
 1.PL love FOC RECP.PRON

 'We love each other / one another.'
- **1.3.1.2.5 Relative pronoun** Dàgáárè does not distinguish between the human and non-human form of relative pronouns as the English 'who' (for humans) and 'which' (for non-humans). For both of these the relative pronoun is n ang. The following are example constructions illustrating the use of the relative pronoun:
- (17) a. à d55 ná náng wà
 DET man COMP REL.PRON come
 'The man who came.'

1.3 Morphology

- b. à gánè ná náng lè DET book COMP REL.PRON fall
 'The book that fell.'
- **1.3.1.2.6 Possessive pronouns** The words $t\acute{s}\acute{s}r$ and $d\grave{e}\acute{n}$ (sg) $d\grave{e}m\acute{e}$ (PL) meaning, 'own', combined with any of the personal subject pronouns, express possession in Dàgáárè. This is illustrated below:
- (18) n tóśr, děn, dèmé 'mine, my own'
 fò tóśr, děn, dèmé 'yours, your own'
 ò tóśr, děn, dèmé 'his/hers, his/her own'
 tè tóśr, děn, dèmé 'ours, our own'
 yè tóśr, děn, dèmé 'yours , your own'
 bà tóśr, děn, dèmé 'theirs, their own (humans)'
 à tóśr, děn, dèmé 'theirs, their own (non-humans)'
- (19) a. tè dèn lá
 1.PL own FOC
 'It is ours.'
 b. tè dèmé lá
 1.PL own.PL FOC
 'They are ours.'
- **1.3.1.2.7 Interrogative pronouns** The following is a list of interrogative pronouns in the language. Some appear in example sentences to show how they would be used in the language.
- (20) bòńg, bòlúù 'what'
 bóò 'which one, which of them'
 bábóò, bábóbò 'which of them (humans)'
 ábóò, ábòbò 'which of them (non-humans)'
 àńg 'who (singular, humans)'
 àńg mìné 'who (plural, human)'
- (21) a. bòng lá ká ó dĕ wà nè ? what FOC COMP s/he take come with 'What did s/he bring?'

- b. bóó lá zèng à bè ?which one FOC sit DET there'Which of you/ which of them is sitting there?'
- c. bábóbò lá zèng à bè ?
 which (of them, humans) FOC sit DET there
 'Which of them are sitting there?'
- d. àńg lá àrè à bè who FOC stand DET there 'Who is standing there?'
- e. àng mìné lá àrè à bè? who PL FOC stand DET there 'Who are standing there?'
- **1.3.1.2.8 Indefinite pronouns** Strictly speaking, Dàgáárè does not seem to have indefinite pronouns as, for instance, the French *quelqu'un*, 'someone'. The situation is more like the English *somebody*, *someone*, etc., where a noun like 'body' combines with the item *kàngá*:
- (22) a. néè kàngá wà-è lá person INDF come-PRF FOC 'Someone has come.'
 - kàngá sóbó bé lá kyč another person be FOC here 'Someone is here.'

1.3.1.3 Honorific system

Dàgáárè does not have a system of high and low 2nd person pronouns to deploy respectful address, as we find in some western European languages like French and German, or as we find in Cantonese and some South-east Asian languages by the choice of classifiers. However, like Cantonese (Killingley 1993), one way of deploying honour is to bestow real or fictitious relationship on people, rather than addressing them by their bare names. So words like \hat{n} $b\check{a}$ 'my father, friend', \hat{n} $b\acute{e}\acute{e}r\grave{e}$ 'my big brother' may be used to address people, even if they are complete strangers, as a sign of respect or honour for them.

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1.3.1.4 Numerals

The Dàgáárè numeral system is a mixed system of decimals and multiples of twenty, so that 15 is 'ten and five', while 40 is 'two twenties'. Both cardinal and ordinal numerals exist in the language. Table 1.7 shows a list of cardinal numbers from 1 to 10.

| Table 1.7: Numer | als: |
|------------------|------|
|------------------|------|

| Numerals (+human count) | Root (-human count) | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|--------|------------|
| 1 | nényéni | -yeni | bónyéní |
| 2 | báyì | -yi | áyì |
| 3 | bátà | -ta | átà |
| 4 | bànáárè | -naare | ànáárè |
| 5 | bànúú | -nuu | ànúú |
| 6 | bàyòòó | -yooo | àyòòó |
| 7 | bàyòpòî | -yəpoi | àyòpòî |
| 8 | bànîî | -nii | ànîî |
| 9 | bàwáé | -wae | àwáé |
| 10 | (nóbá) píé | | (bómá) píé |

The table shows numeral roots and depending on whether the noun is human or non-human a prefix or element precedes the root. Ordinal numbers follow the above regulation as for cardinal number but the element bo- is added to the root of the numeral (from 1 to 9), as shown in (23a) or the element $s\grave{o}b\acute{a}$ follows the numeral, as shown below in (23b). From 10 onwards, people tend to prefer the expression: $gb\acute{e}\acute{e}$ $p\acute{l}\acute{e}$, 'ten times', etc. to the element bo-.

| (23) | a. | bóyì | 'two times' |
|------|----|-------------|---------------------|
| | | bótà | 'three times' |
| | | gbéè píé | 'ten times' |
| | | gbéè lèzárè | 'twenty times' |
| | b. | dóbó bànúú | 'five men' |
| | | bóóré ànúú | 'five goats' |
| | | bátà sòbó | 'the third person' |
| | | átà sòbó | 'the third (thing)' |

1.3.1.5 Adjectives

Adjectives may be used as a verbal predicate (24a) or a predicative with a copular verb (24b) or in combination with a root of the noun they qualify to form a compound (24c). Not all adjectives can be used in these three different ways.

- (24) a. à pɔ́g-ɔ́ vèɛlɛ́ lá

 DET woman-sg be-beautiful Foc

 'The woman is beautiful.'
 - b. à póg-ó é lá vèlàà
 DET woman-sg be foc beautiful
 'The woman is beautiful.'
 - c. pòg-vèlàà lá
 Woman-beautiful FOC
 'That is a beautiful woman.'

The comparative forms of adjectives are deployed by the use of verbs of surpass such as $g\grave{a}ng\grave{e}$, and $z\grave{u}\grave{o}$, as in (25).

- (25) a. à pэ́g-э́ nýє vèèĺє lá gàngè à pэ́g-э́ ná

 DET woman-sg deм be-beautiful foc surpass deт woman-sg deм

 'This woman is more beautiful than that woman.'
 - b. à pɔ́g-ɔ́ nyɛ́ é lá vèlàá zùò à pɔ̀g-ɔ̀ ná

 DET woman-sg dem be foc beautiful surpass det woman-sg dem

 'This woman is more beautiful than that woman.'

The superlative form is expressed in Dàgáárè using the adjective, the surpass verb and the intensifier \grave{a} $z\grave{a}\acute{a}$ or ba $z\grave{a}\acute{a}$ as in (26).

- (26) a. à móngó nyế lá nòmó gàngè à zàá

 DET mango DEM FOC sweet surpass 3.PL.NONHUMAN INTENS

 'This mango is the sweetest (of all)'
 - à dóó nyế lá è béróng gàngè bà zàá
 DET man DEM FOC be fat surpass 3.PL.HUMAN INTENS
 'This man is the fattest (of all).'

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1.3.2 Verbal morphology

In this section we shall outline the verbal morphology of Dàgáárè, including the main verb, inflectional and derivational affixes, adverbs and ideophones. Some phenomena associated with the verb, such as pluraction, reduplication, and compounding will also be outlined.

1.3.2.1 The verb

1.3.2.1.1 Main verb Dàgáárè does not have what may be called an 'infinitive verb', as is commonly found in many Indo-European languages; so it is often better to talk of a dictionary entry or citation form. In a sentence like: ' \hat{N} yèlí ká "kúlí" \hat{N} bá yèlì ká "à zèngè" 'I say "go home", I did not say "sit down", the citation forms are à kúlí or kúlí and à zèngè or zèng. These full forms may also have incomplete forms: kúlí \sim kúl, zèngè \sim zèng. It is these full forms that would be featured as the key entry in any Dàgáárè dictionary. In its conjugated form the main verb has three other forms marking perfective and imperfective aspect. The following forms of the verb in the above sentence illustrates the point being made:

- (27) a. tèènè dictionary form
 - b. *tèènè* perfective aspectual form
 - c. $t \hat{e} \hat{\epsilon} n \hat{\epsilon} \hat{\epsilon}$ perfective intransitive aspectual form
 - d. $t \grave{e} \hat{e} n n \acute{e}$ imperfective aspectual form

There are basically two aspectual forms in Dàgáárè: the perfective (completive) and the imperfective (progressive). These are often lexicalized by suffixes. They respond to phonological rules such as vowel harmony and assimilation, taking on the features of the root of the verb. The perfective aspect, in turn, has two types. The usual type is normally not morphologically realized. The second type normally occurs when there is no object element immediately after the verb, hence the term 'perfective intransitive' aspectual form. These aspectual suffixes function in conjunction with the preverbal particles to express temporal, aspectual, and polarity features. Basically then, the morphology of the main verb is one of a root followed by a suffix. The basic system of the Mabia verb is often labeled as aspect — the perfective and imperfective aspect. It may also be called, according to (Bendor-Samuel 1971), event and process, punctiliar and linear, etc. In this basic system, the speaker sees the action as either completed or not yet completed. This is irrespective of whether the action is viewed as being in the past or not, as is shown in the following sentences:

```
dà kúl-éé
(28)
      a.
           Ò
                                     lá
           3.sg pst go.home-prfintr foc
           'S/he went home.'
      b.
               dà kúl-ó
                                lá
           3.sg pst go.home-imp foc
           'S/he was going home.'
               kúl-ó
      c.
           3.sg go.home-IMP FOC
           'S/he is going home.'
```

In languages like Dagbane and Mampruli there is, in addition to this basic inflectional system, another inflectional positive imperative suffix -ma which is added to the verb. This is illustrated below in Dagbane and Mampruli:

```
(29) ìsì-má
Get.up-IMP
'Get up!'
```

Further still, there are other verbal suffixes, -ya in Dagbane and Mampruli and -ng in Dàgáárè, which serve to affirm or emphasize the verbal action. The term focus/factitive, as has been used throughout for Dàgáárè, is still valid here. This is also shown in (30):

```
(30) a. Dagbane/Mampruli
ò ìsìyà
3.sg get up-foc
'S/he has gotten up.'
b. Dagbane/Mampruli
ò kyàm-yá
3.sg walk-foc
'S/he has gone.'
c. Dàgáárè
ò kyéng-éé-ńg
3.sg walk-prfintr.-foc
'S/he has walked.'
```

In Dàgáárè and, possibly, in Mampruli and Dagbane, these focus/factitive/affirmative affixes are in complementary distribution with the so-called postverbal *lá*.

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1.3.2.1.2 Verb root The most basic part of the verb is of course, the root or stem. Most verb roots in Dàgááré are monosyllabic. An understanding of the relationship between verb roots and their affixes is important for categorizing Dàgáárè verbs into classes. The following are examples of Dàgáárè verb roots:

```
(31) nyu- drink
zo- run
vɔg- turn up, open
```

In addition to these there is a dictionary form, the equivalent of infinitive verbs in other languages. This may be called also the citation form. So, in specifying any of the above verbs, designated by their roots, we would cite them as:

```
(32) à nyú to drinkà zó to runà vògè to turn up, open
```

These forms, excluding the \dot{a} , are the ones that would appear in dictionary entries.

1.3.2.1.3 Inflectional affixes As has been discussed, the main inflectional affixes of Dàgáárè express aspect. There are three forms, one imperfective or progressive affix and two perfective or completive affixes. In addition to this is the affixal counterpart of the factitive or affirmative particle. I shall use two of the verb roots above to illustrate the various inflectional affixes:

```
(33)
                     verb root
      a.
           ZO-
           à zò
                     dictionary form
           zò-Ø
                     PRF
           zò-e
                     PRFINT
           zò-ró
                     IMP
           zò-é-ńg
                     FOC particle on PRF
                       verb root
      b.
           vog-
           à vògè
                       dictionary form
           vàgè-Ø
                       PRF
           3ά-gćv
                       PRFINT
           vàg-èè-ńg
                       FOC particle on PRF
```

Imperative forms are homophonous with the perfective transitive forms.

1.3.2.1.4 Derivational affixes and changes Derivational affixes, unlike their inflectional counterparts, are not easily separable from the verb root: their forms are not easily discernible, so we will discuss them under their functions in the next section.

1.3.2.1.5 Functional systems of the verb An interesting aspect of Dàgáárè and other Mabia verbal systems is that verbs can be classified into pairs or even several classes of oppositions depending on derivational processes such as causativity, transitivity, reversivity and many others. Table 1.8 is an attempt to illustrate this with a number of Dàgáárè verbs.

| 1 | kó | ʻkill' | kpì | 'die' |
|----|--------|-------------------|-------|------------------------|
| 2 | lśś | 'make fall' | lè | 'fall' |
| 3 | gáálè | 'put to sleep' | gángè | 'put oneself to sleep' |
| 4 | zèglè | 'seat' | zèng | 'sit' |
| 5 | túúlí | 'make drink' | nyú | 'drink' |
| 6 | sù | 'feed' | dì | 'eat' |
| 7 | séng | 'wake one up' | ìrì | 'wake up (from sleep)' |
| 8 | yàglè | 'hang' | yàgè | 'take off' |
| 9 | vòglè | 'put on (hat)' | vògè | 'remove (hat)' |
| 10 | ùù | 'bury' | ùnnì | 'exhume' |
| 11 | léng | 'tie' | lórì | 'untie' |
| 12 | nyòglì | 'hold loosely' | nyógè | 'hold' |
| 13 | sóglè | 'to hide' | sóò | 'to be black' |
| 14 | yíélì | 'sing, say iter.' | yèlì | 'say, speak' |

Table 1.8: Oppositions in Verbal Forms

The pairs of oppositions from 1 to 7 seem to illustrate causativity oppositions, with the members to the left being the causatives. While illustrating causativity the pairs from 1 to 4 also illustrate transitivity, with the pairs to the left being the transitive verbs while those to the right are the intransitives.

Pairs from 8 to 11 illustrate the reversivity oppositions, while pair 12 may illustrate what may be called the releasive opposition. Pair 14 seems to illustrate the repetitive or iterative opposition between the two members. In addition to these oppositions one may also find other oppositions. One good example is the polarity opposition between the following Mampruli verbs: mi 'to know'; zi 'to not know'. This is illustrated in the following sentences where zi is an inherent

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negative verb:

- (34) a. 'n mí 1.sg know 'I know.'
 - b. n pá mí 1.sg neg know 'I don't know.'
 - c. n zì 1.sg neg+know 'I don't know.'
 - d. *n pá zí 1.sg neg neg+know 'I don't know.'

Now, a glance at the table of oppositions shows that derivational affixation is not a very developed phenomenon in Dàgáárè and other Mabia languages, certainly not as developed as the derivational systems of Bantu. From Table 1.8, there is only one consistent suffix -li between the pairs of oppositions. One cannot, however, say that it is any particular derivational suffix, as the pairs of words in which it occurs cut across several derivational classes. In this regard, there are no regular sequences of derivational affixes. As can be seen, the rest of the morphological changes in these oppositions do not involve affixation but rather internal vowel changes as in pairs 1 and 2 on the table. This near lack of derivational morphology with respect to the verb is not surprising in such languages where verb serialization is very productive. Within African languages there seems to be an interesting relation between verb serialization and verbal extensions; the two possibly have complementary functions. It seems that languages with a rich verb serialization system will necessarily have a poor verb derivational system and vice versa. This is an interesting comparative research agenda, at least, within African linguistics.

1.3.2.2 Adverbs

The most recurrent morphophonological structure of adverbs in Dàgáárè reduplicated structure, as shown in (35a), though there are some others deviating from this recurrent structure (35b). Example sentences are provided in (36) to show how this main group of adverbs are used.

- (35) a. lígílígí 'quietly, silently' wíèú wíèú 'quickly, fast' lémé lémé / lèmèlèmè 'very sweet'
 - b. gyòs 'in an unrefined way'yòs 'in an unrefined way'bàràtàtà 'in a huge way'
- (36) a. à dɔ́ɔ́ zing-èè lá líglíg lé

 DET man seat-PRF FOC quiet PART

 'The man is sitting quietly/in a quiet way.'
 - b. à bié zò-ró lá wiéwié
 DET child run-IMP FOC quickly/fast
 'The child is running fast.'
 - c. à ànkàá é lá nòó lémélémé lé
 DET orange be FOC sweet very sweet PART
 'The orange is very sweet.'

1.3.2.3 Ideophones

Trask (1993: 131–132) defines an ideophone as "[O]ne of a grammatically distinct class of words, occuring in certain languages, which typically express either distinctive sounds or visually distinctive types of action." Ideophones have a specific morphophonological structure in Dàgáárè that no other word class consistently exhibits. First, it generally has a three-syllable structure. Second, the vowels of the first syllable are copied on to the subsequent syllables. Third, and quite importantly, there is usually only one tonal quality, either low or high, on the entire stretch of the three-syllable word. Fourth, each ideophone can be produced either as a uniquely low tone lexeme or as a uniquely high tone one, with a slight variation in meaning. The low-toned ones refer to heavier, longer, or fatter entities, while the high-toned ones refer to lighter, shorter and thinner entities. These are shown in (37), with example sentences in (38).

(37) gbànggbàlàng / gbángbáláng 'of a long pole or thing falling down' vàrkpàrà / várkpárá 'in a messy way' gàrmànà / gármáná 'spread across a surface' bònggòlòng / bónggóng 'of a fat and unwieldy mass' bìlbàlàà / bílbáláá 'of a huge item lying down'

1.3 Morphology

- (38) a. à lánggbáráà lá ká ó dé lóó, gbàngbàràng DET hook тор сомр 3.sg take throw-down, іррн.
 - 'It is the hook s/he has thrown down.'
 - b. bíní lá ká ó nyè bìng, vàrkpàrà excreta тор сомр 3.sg shit put down, пррн
 - 'It is excreta s/he has shit.' c. à bíé bàlèè lá , à páà lè gàngè, gàrmànà рет child tire-ряг гос рет then fall lie down, гррн 'The child is tired and then is lying there.'
 - d. nyế ò nàng páà zèng bònggòlòng lế see 3.5G when then sit \mbox{idph} part
 - 'Just see how s/he is seated!'
 e. ò dé lá à dàngmáá lóó, bìlbàlà
 3.sg take ғос рет log throw.down іррн
 'He threw down the log.'

Another aspect of ideophones is that, besides having their unique morphophonology, which is quite different from those of comparative word classes like adverbs, adjectives and verbs, they, again unlike these other word classes, do not seem to have independent semantics. As can be seen from the above glosses and transliterations, it is hard to pin them down and assign denotational, dictionary meanings to them. They depend on adjacent words and other contexts for their meaning. This again makes this class of words unique in the language. It seems that there are compelling reasons for assigning a word class of ideophones in Dàgáárè. From a comparative point of view these facts of ideophones lend important empirical issues for discussing linguistic categorization.

1.3.2.4 Some morphological processes

In this section, I discuss some morphological processes, including verbal phenomena such as pluraction, and a mix of nominal and verbal processes such as suffixation, reduplication and compounding.

1.3.2.4.1 Pluractional verbal constructions In Dàgáárè and some other languages number is not exclusively a nominal system of singular and plural nouns. Plurality of action can also be expressed in the verbal system. Plurality here can mean that the action is repeated several times or that the same action affects several entities. Pluraction is a quite complex morphological process in Dàgáárè that cannot be discussed at length here, and I will simply provide some constructions

in (39) that illustrate the syntactic restrictions involved in the expression of the phenomenon. In (39a), we have an action, cutting, that affects a couple of entities, the hands. As such this plurality is expressed inside the verbal predicate. In (39b), the action affects only one entity, and as such, the plurality expressed within the verbal predicate is ungrammatical. In (39c), we have a normal case of the action affecting only one entity with no marked plurality inside the predicate.

- (39) a. n núú-rì ngmàà-r-èè lá 1.sg hand-pl cut-pl-prf foc 'My hands are cut.' = 'I am broke.'
 - b. * à nǔ ngmàà-r-èè lá
 1.sg hand cut-PL-PRF FOC
 'My hand is cut.'
 - c. à mí-rì ngmàà-è lá

 DET rope-SG cut-PRF FOC

 'The rope is cut.'
 - d. * à mí-rì ngmàà-r-èè lá
 DET rope-SG cut-PL-PRF FOC
 'The rope is cut.'
 - e. à mí-è ngmàà-r-èè lá

 DET rope-PL cut-PL-PRF FOC

 'The ropes are cut.'
 - f. à mí-rì ngmààré ngmàà-r-èè lá

 DET rope-SG cut cut-PL-PRF FOC

 'The rope is cut at several places.'

In (39d)-(39e), we expect a normal case of an unacceptable plural affix within the predicate and an acceptable case of the same expressed plurality, respectively. However, in (39f), we are faced with a case in which even though the entity is single, we still have an acceptable plural affix within the verbal predicate. This needs explanation. One important observation is that the action is repeated, reduplicated. Reduplication is the next issue to explain in this grammatical sketch. Pluraction seems to be definable, not just in terms of the number of entities the predicate action affects, nor on the number of occurrences on the same entity in the same place, but also on various parts it occurs on the same entity.

1.3 Morphology

1.3.2.4.2 Reduplication Reduplication is a pervasive morphological process across languages of the world. It involves repetition or multiple occurrence of a morphological entity within a larger unit. Formally, two types are recognized, partial and full reduplication. In the (40), I illustrate full reduplication involving verbs, adjectives, adverbs, and partial reduplication involving an ideophone.

```
(40) zò zò (v.) 'run, run'
wóg wóg (adj.) 'tall, tall; long, long'
vèlvèlvèl (adv.) 'very long'
vènvèlvèng (ideo.) 'description of a position
occupied by a long entity'
```

In a partial reduplication, not all the material of the segment being repeated are carried over, hence we have $v \grave{e} n g$ becoming $v \grave{e}$ in the case of the partial reduplication. The notion of reduplicative compounds exists in Dàgáárè. In this morphological process, a compound is formed by repeating or bringing together certain segments if even they belong to different word classes to form agentive nouns. This is illustrated in (41).

```
    (41) góngé gónnè → gónggónò 'to make noise' 'noise' 'noise-maker'
    dì bóndìríì → bòndìdíre 'to eat' 'food' 'food eater, glutton'
```

This kind of phenomenon occurs in South-east Asian languages like Tagalog and Malay and should constitute a useful area of comparison between African and Asian languages. While the forms of reduplication are interesting in themselves, the way the morphological process functions across languages is also interesting. In Dàgáárè, as may be seen in (40), it involves intensity and also a constant repitition of the action. But this is by no means universal, as reduplication can also express less of something in some languages. In some languages like Cantonese, it can express the diminutive. Again this should provide the framework of useful comparisons between Asian and African languages.

1.3.2.4.3 Compounding Compounding has already been discussed in some of the above morphological processes. It is a very productive process in the language. Many new words and expressions are formed through compounding of several entities including noun+affix (42a), noun+adjective (42b), noun + noun

(42c), verb + verb (42d), verb + noun (+ affix) (42e), and even elements of a phrase (42f).

| (42) | a. | dóó + | -léé | | \rightarrow | dòòléé |
|------|----|--------|-------|------------|---------------|----------------------|
| | | man | small | | | 'boy' |
| | b. | néè + | fáá | | \rightarrow | néngfáá |
| | | person | bad | | | 'bad fellow' |
| | c. | dìé + | págá | | \rightarrow | dìépógó |
| | | room | woman | | | 'wife, housewife, |
| | | | | | | homemaker' |
| | d. | yó + | tá | | \rightarrow | yótá |
| | | roam | reach | | | personal name (one |
| | | | | | | who gets to destina- |
| | | | | | | tion) |
| | e. | bòng + | gánè | | \rightarrow | gánbógnó |
| | | know | book | | | 'literate' |
| | f. | kà + | á + | pógè | \rightarrow | kààpógè |
| | | COMP | DET | get.target | | 'maybe' |
| | | | | | | |

1.4 Syntax

In this part of the grammatical sketch, I provide brief comments about the structure of the simple sentence including word order, voice, polarity, adpositions, and comparison. I also provide illustrations of more complex sentence formation involving relativization, question formation, small clause constructions, serialization, and serial verb nominalization. I end the chapter with a survey of discourse particles, involving especially topic and focus in the language.

1.4.1 Sentence types

Dàgááré is basically an SVO language although there are some complications when we deal with much more complex sentences than the basic ones. It therefore means that verbal elements in the most unmarked cases come after the subject NP and before the object NP if there is any. There are three basic types of sentences in Dàgááré: the verbless sentence, the simple declarative sentence, and complex sentences. Verbless sentences do not have an overt verb in the structure. Here are two examples:

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- (43) nààná lá Naana FOC 'That is Naana.'
- (44) á sákúúri lá nyé DET school FOC this 'This is the school.'

I now discuss the other two types of sentences in the following sections.

1.4.2 The simple sentence

One of the most distinctive aspects of general Gur syntax is the presence of particles between the subject NP at the beginning of a canonical declarative sentence and the main verb. These particles, traditionally termed preverbal particles, express most of the temporal and modal aspects of the sentence. Another distinctive aspect is the presence of a postverbal particle that expresses polarity and focus phenomena. The following schema characterizes the Dàgááré simple declarative sentence involving transitive verb.

(45) Subject NP |preverbal particles - main verb - postverbal particle| Object NP

I now describe each of these parts of the simple sentence, illustrating with (46).

(46) Dàkóráá dà nyúú-ró lá à kòó à diè póó Dakoraa pst drink-imp foc det water det room POSTP 'Dakoraa was drinking the water in the room.'

In (46), $D\grave{a}k\acute{o}r\acute{a}\acute{a}$ is the subject NP. No special affixes and particles mark the subject NP in Dàgááré, hence it is not an ergative language. Grammatical functions are marked mainly by positional distribution in the sentence, with the subject occurring before the verb in a canonical declarative sentence, as is the case with the sentence above. This is followed by the preverbal particle, $d\grave{a}$, which expresses the temporal features of the construction. We then have the main verb, $ny\acute{u}\acute{u}$ -rò. The suffixal parts of the main verb express the aspectual features of the construction. The postverbal particle is $l\acute{a}$; it functions as a focus particle. It may also mark features of polarity. Finally \grave{a} $k\grave{o}\acute{o}$ is the object NP of the sentence. This is followed by an adverbial phrase comprising an NP, \grave{a} $d\acute{i}\acute{e}$ and a locative postposition, $p\acute{o}\acute{o}$. The pervasive use of body part postpositions, rather than prepositions,

is another distinctive aspect of Dàgááré and Gur syntax. This basic declarative sentence provides the basis for a number of syntactic alternations expressing aspect (perfective/imperfective), mood (imperative), polarity (negation/positivity), voice (unaccusative) and for encoding more complex thought with constructions such as relativization, serialization, and serial verb nominalization. In the following, I shall briefly illustrate these various syntactic alternations.

1.4.2.1 Imperative

This syntactic structure functions to compel (47) or exhort (48) an interlocutor or other participant in a speech situation. A special feature of the exhortative or the hortative is that it imposes an inherent high tone on any preceding pronoun (48).

- (47) nyú drink 'Drink!'
- (48) ó nyú 3.sg.hortative drink 'S/he should drink.'

1.4.2.2 Negation

Negation is expressed in Dàgááré by preverbal particles. Negation has a relationship to voice in the language. We may distinguish between a negative declarative particle as in (49) and negative imperative particle as in (50).

- (49) Dàkóráá dà bà nyú à kòó Dakoraa PST NEG drink DET water 'Dakoraa did not drink the water.'
- (50) Tá nyú! NEG drink 'Don't drink!'

The postverbal particle is mutually exclusive in such negation constructions, as shown in (51).

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- (51) a. tè dà gáá lá dàá
 1.PL PST go FOC market
 'We did go to the market.'
 - b. tè dà bá gàà dàá1.PL PST NEG go market'We did not go to the market.'
 - c. * tè dà bá gáá lá dàá 1.PL PST NEG go FOC market 'We did not go to the market.'

1.4.2.3 Comparative constructions

Verbs/adjectives like $g\grave{a}ng\grave{e}$, 'more than', $s\grave{e}\grave{e}$, 'better than', $z\grave{u}\grave{o}$ 'more than' which mean 'over', 'pass', etc. are used to express the comparison of different items within the Dàgáárè sentence. Here are examples:

- (52) Bádéré é lá kpóng gàngè Àyúó Badere be Foc big pass Ayuo 'Badere is bigger than Ayuo.'
- (53) ò dà zó gàngé má lá 3.sg pst run pass 3.sg.obj foc 'He ran faster than me.'
- (54) fò dèmé zùó lá n dèmé 2.sg own.PL pass FOC 1.sg own.PL 'Yours are more than mine.'

1.4.3 Complex sentences

Complex sentences serve to encode the relationship between two or more ideas, entities and events. The relationship may be one conjunction, relational, sequential, or the quest for information about another idea, entity or event.

1.4.3.1 Conjunction

Several ways of conjoining sentences exist in Dàgáárè. For a more extensive presentation, see Bodomo (1997a). There are about seven coordinating conjunctions and four subordinating conjunctions in the language. These are \grave{a} , $\grave{a}n\acute{e}$, $ky\acute{e}$, $ky\acute{e}$ $k\grave{a}$, $b\acute{e}\acute{e}$ and $ky\acute{e}$ $b\acute{e}\acute{e}$ and $k\acute{a}$, $k\acute{a}$ $k\grave{a}$ and $n\grave{a}ng$ respectively. The two sentences below in (55) and (56) illustrate one case each of coordinating and subordinating conjunctions respectively.

- (55) nààná dà yí lá sàkúúrì kúlí à tè zéng dì-ré bó-má Naana PST get.out FOC school go.home CONJ go sit eat-IMP thing-PL 'Naana went home from school and sat down eating food.'
- (56) à tè téngé nàá yèlì ká té kóó-ró yágà DET 1.PL country king say CONJ 1.PL farm-IMP INTENS 'The king of our country says that we should farm a lot.'

1.4.3.2 Relativization

Relativization in Dàgáárè involves embedding one construction into another, usually rendered by an overt relativizing element which occurs after the noun in question.

(57) à d55 ná náng záà wà kyê nyú lá à kò5 DET man REL REL yesterday come here drink FOC DET water 'The man who came here yesterday drank the water.'

The usual relativizing element is a complex, $(n\acute{a})$ $n\acute{a}ng$, involving an optional first element. The relativizing complex is neutral for human and non-human nouns.

1.4.3.3 Question formation

Dàgá
árè presents some challenges to the so-called wh-parameter, which determines whether wh-expressions, in the case of Dàgá
arè $b \grave{o} \acute{n} g$ -expressions Bodomo (1997a), can or cannot be moved to the front of the sentence. Consider the following sentences:

(58) a. ò bóó-ró lá dííú 3.sg want-imp foc food 'S/he wants food.'

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- b. bòng lá ká ó bóó-rò
 WH FOC that 3.sg want-IMP
 'What does s/he want?'
- c. ò bóó-rò lá bóng 3.sg want-IMP FOC WH 'What does he want?'
- (59) a. ò gè-ré lá hóng kóng 3.sg go-IMP FOC Hong Kong 'S/he is going to Hong Kong.'
 - b. yèng lá ká fó gè-ré WH- Foc that 2.sg go-IMP 'Where are you going?'
- (60) a. n yúórí lá bònglàkyérè 1.sg name Foc Bonlacher 'My name is Bonlacher.'
 - b. fò yúórí lá bóng2.sg name Foc WH'What is your name?'
 - c. ?? bóng lá fò yúór WH Foc 2.sg name 'What is your name?'

In each of the above sentences, the b. and c. are questions inquiring about the second NP of the a. sentences. The question word is freely found both at the beginning and at the end of the question constructions. This seems to contravene the wh-parameter pervasive in the principles and parameters approach to grammar. Such analyses claim that languages may be parametrized to be wh-fronting or in situ languages. The above data shows that Dàgáárè seems to be at both sides of the parameter. It must however be observed the c. question construction is unnatural in the language.

1.4.3.4 Small clause constructions

Small clause constructions involve a complex of at least two clauses. While the first set of clauses may have overt verbal predicate elements, the second or subsequent clause may not have an overtly expressed verbal predicate. This second

or subsequent part is termed a reduced clause or a small clause. Small clause constructions are possible in Dàgáárè. Here are two examples.

- (61) tè bìng'ó lá nàá 1.PL put.3.sG FOC king 'We made him King.'
- (62) a. ò tú lá à bògí żlùńg 3.sg dig.PRF FOC DET hole deep 'S/he dug the hole deep.'
 - b. ò tú lá à bògí sígí3.sc dig.PRF FOC DET hole go.down'S/he dug the hole deep.'

Such small clause constructions, in the form of object depictive resultative predicates as we have in (61) and (62a), can, however, be expressed as a serial verbal construction (62b). Serialization is the next typical syntactic construction to be discussed.

1.4.3.5 Verb serialization

Verb serialization or the serial verb construction is a productive syntactic process in Dàgáárè and many other West African languages. Hardly any analysis of these languages can be successfully undertaken without an understanding of the basic tenets of this pervasive grammatical construction. The following example illustrates a serial verb construction, involving as many as four verbs within the construction.

(63) Dàkóráá nà dé lá à kúúrí zá lóó èng à kòò póó Dakoraa fut take foc det stone throw cause-fall put det water inside 'Dakoraa will throw the stone into the water.'

Many issues have been raised within the literature about these constructions and they continue to be discussed (e.g. Bodomo 1993; Bodomo 1997a; Bodomo 1997b). Some of these are whether the serial verb construction consists of one clause or a series of clauses; whether we can arrive at a definitive typology of serial verbs; whether the complex of verbs expresses a single event or not; and how we can account for the fact that many of the verbs in the series share grammatical functions such as subject and object. This syntactic process can be alternated in several ways, one being the serial verb nominalization.

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1.4.3.6 Serial verb nominalization

In the serial verb nominalization, the object of a declarative serial verbal sentence (64a) gets 'moved' to the beginning of the construction, and the second gets a nominal affix attached to it (64b). The whole construction is a nominalized phrase.

- (64) a. ò dà dé lá à kòò nyú 3.sg pst take foc det water drink 'He drank the water./He took the water and drank it./ He drank up the water.'
 - b. à kòò dé nyú-ù
 DET water take drink-NOM

 'The drinking of the water.'
 - c. à kòò dé nyú-ù bá è yèl-sòng

 DET water take drink-NOM NEG be deed-good

 'The drinking of the water is not a good thing (to do).'

This nominalized construction can form part of a sentence, and is indeed mostly the subject of a more complete sentential construction (64c). This construction is very unique in Dàgáárè and a few other Gur languages, but largely absent in the Kwa languages of West Africa, such as Akan. This construction has not been widely examined in the linguistic literature, especially in the light of nominalization across languages. van Ostendorp & Bodomo (1993) and Bodomo (1997a); Bodomo (1997b); Bodomo (2004) provide a useful point of departure for such a cross linguistic study.

1.4.4 Discourse phenomena

In this section, I will first list and briefly comment on some particles that seem to express various types of feeling on the part of the speaker during a discourse situation. The various types of emotive feelings and the particles that encode them include the following:

I. nàng: expression of politeness, as in (24).

(65) nàng dé à gánè nyè kó má PART take DET book DEM. give 1.sG 'Please, give me this book.'

II. $w\dot{\epsilon}$, $y\dot{a}\dot{a}$: pleading tone, as in (66) and softening particle, as in (67), in the sense of extenuating a command or a potentially harsh tone:

- (66) dé kò má wè
 Take give 1.sg part
 'Give it to me' = 'Why not give it to me?'
- (67) dé kò má yàà
 Take give 1.sg part
 'Give it to me, eh.'

III. $\dot{a}f$, $w\dot{\varepsilon}$: exasperation, as shown in (68).

(68) àí wè, ìrì à kyě
PART PART get.up DET here
'Oh please, get up from here!'

IV. $m \dot{\rho} \dot{\rho}$, $b \dot{e} \dot{e}$, $m \dot{\rho} \dot{\rho}$ $b \dot{e} \dot{e}$: question/interrogation in (69a) and (69b); exclamation in (69c):

- (69) a. fò kú-lò lá béé
 2.sg go.home-IMP FOC PART
 'Are you going home?'
 - b. fò mòó kòng gángè bèè2.SG PART NEG lie.down PART'Won't you lie down /sleep overnight?'
 - c. yélé mòò bééMatter PART PART'Oh, what matter = Oh, my God!'

V. $w\acute{o}\acute{o}w\acute{o}\acute{o}\ifmmode{i}\ifm$

- (70) a. n sàà wóóí, n sàà wóóí 1.sg father part 1.sg father part 'Oh my father, oh my father.'
 - b. wóó, bòng lá ká ó déè gángè lĕ PART why FOC COMP 3.SG just lie.down that.way 'Oh, why is s/he just lying down that way?'

1.4 Syntax

This list is not exhaustive but only just indicative of the particles and the feelings they encode in discourse situations. This aspect of Dàgáárè still awaits a detailed study. It is interesting both with respect to language internal considerations and to typological considerations. A second aspect of discourse phenomena that I will briefly address involves two particles and their variants which tend to express topic and focus phenomena in the language.

i. Topic

The topic of a sentence or enunciation is that element on which the rest of the sentence (the comment) refers to. Dàgáárè is much like English and many other languages in which the topic is normally realized by the unmarked grammatical subject (71a).

- (71) a. à d55 kú-ló lá

 DET man go.home-IMP FOC

 'The man is going home.'
 - b. à d55 nyế éng (ò) kú-ló lá

 DET man this TOP (3.SG) go.home-IMP FOC

 'As for this man, he is going home.'
- (72) a. nà nyú lá kòó
 1.sg fut drink foc water
 'I will drink water.'
 - b. màà éng (n) nà nyú lá kóó 1.sg.str. top (1.sg) fut drink foc water 'As for me, I will drink water.'

However, there are instances in which the grammatical subject is associated with an element, TOP, that topicalizes the whole NP entity. This NP entity is coreferential with an optional resumptive subject pronoun, as indicated in (71b). This is the case of a marked topic construction in Dàgááré. Dàgááré has two types of alternate pronominal subjects in its pronominal system - known as weak and strong pronouns Bodomo (1997a). Unmarked grammatical subjects use the weak subject pronouns, as in (72a). When pronominal subjects are topicalized, it is the strong pronouns that are used, as exemplified in (72b).

ii. Focus

The particle, $l\acute{a}$, and its variants, among many other functions expresses focus. Trask (1993: 105) defines focus as "[S]pecial prominence given to some element in a sentence which represents the most important new information in that sentence or which is explicitly contrasted with something else." Virtually any part of the sentence can be focused in Dàgááré. The sentence in (73a) may be focused in various ways, or rather parts of it may be emphasized in various ways. First, the sentence as a whole, in its neutral form, is marked with the particle, $l\acute{a}$, which acts as a default focus or assertive/factitive marker. It has sometimes been glossed variously as Foc, ASS, or FACT. This is only just a set of the many ways the particle $l\acute{a}$ may be used in Dàgááré (Bodomo 1997a; Bodomo 1997b; Kropp Dakubu & Saanchi 1998) and other Mabia languages. Having illustrated the use of the focus particle with respect to the whole sentence, we now illustrate argument focus, predicate focus and adjunct focus in the Dàgááré sentence.

- (73) a. Dàkóráá dà dì lá sááó à bágúó nyế Dakoraa PST eat FOC/ASSERT saao DET morning DEM 'Dakoraa ate saao this morning.'
 - b. Dàkóráá là dà dì sááó à bágúó nyế Dakoraa foc PST eat saao DET morning DEM 'It is DAKORAA that ate saao this morning.'
 - c. sááó lá kà Dàkóráá dà dì à bágúó nyé
 Saao Foc сомр Dakoraa рsт eat DET morning DEM
 'It is SAAO that Dakoraa ate this morning.'
 - d. bágúó nyé lá kà Dàkóráá dà dì sááó Morning DEM FOC COMP Dakoraa PST eat saao 'It was THIS MORNING that Dakoraa ate saao.'
 - e. Díí-ú lá kà Dàkóráá dà dì à sááó
 Eat-NOM FOC COMP Dakoraa PST eat DET saao
 'Dakoraa ATE the saao.' (What he did was eat the saao.)

Any argument position may be focused in Dàgáarè. The structure in (73b) illustrates subject focus. The subject NP, Dàkóráá, is being emphasized as the actor and not any other entity. To focus the subject, the subject NP is preposed, the focus marker, FOC, comes right after it. Unlike other languages like Yoruba where a pronominal clitic may occupy the position from which the NP subject is preposed, this does not happen in Dàgáarè. The structure in (73c) illustrates object focus. In this type of focus, a complementizer, COMP, is introduced in the

1.4 Syntax

structure. It comes right after the focus marker and before the subject/actor of the sentence. The structure in (73d) illustrates adjunct focus. The adverbial, \dot{a} $b\acute{a}g\acute{u}\acute{o}$ $ny\acute{e}$, is focused. The following features of focus obtain. First, the adverbial is preposed. Next, it is immediately succeeded by the focus particle, and, finally, a complementizer, comp, follows the focus marker. Predicates may be also focused. First, the verbal predicate is nominalized and preposed, as shown in (73e). However, unlike the situation with argument focus, the preposed predicate still has a verbal copy in situ. As with object focus, however, the focus particle and the complementizer occur after the focused predicate item.

From the above, a rule for focusing elements in a Dàgáarè sentence seems to emerge. In each instance, the focus element $l\acute{a}$ comes immediately after the focused element, which is preposed. However, depending on the type of focus in question, we may or may not have a copy of the focused (preposed) item in situ. Also, we may or may not have a complementizer element right after the focus marker.

iii. Focus and Negation

The above illustrates focus with respect to declarative, assertive constructions in the language. However, sentences with overtly expressed negation may also be focused. I shall illustrate this with the structure in (74a), which is the negative version of (73a). As can be seen in (74b), the focus element in the form of lá cannot co-occur with the negative particle, $d\hat{a}$ in the same sentence.

- (74) a. Dàkóráá dà bá dì à sááó bágúó sángà Dakoraa PST NEG eat DET saao morning period 'Dakoraa did not eat the saao this morning.'
 - b. * Dàkóráá dà bá dì là à sááó bágúó sángà Dakoraa PST NEG eat FOC DET saao morning period 'Dakoraa did not eat the saao this morning.'
 - c. Dàkóráá náá dà dì à sááó bágúó sángà
 Dakoraa foc.neg pst eat det saao morning period
 'DAKORAA did not eat the saao this morning.' (It was not him.)
 - d. à sááó náá kà Dàkóráá dà dì bágúó sángà DET saao FOC.NEG COMP Dakoraa PST eat morning DEM 'It is not the SAAO that Dakoraa ate this morning.'
 - e. Bágúó sángà náá kà Dàkóráá dà dì à sááó morning period foc.neg comp Dakoraa pst eat det saao 'It was this morning that Dakoraa ate the saao.'

- 1 Introduction: Major grammatical features of Dagaare
 - f. Dííú náá kà Dàkóráá dà dì à sááó bágúó sángà Eat-NOM FOC.NEG COMP Dakoraa PST eat DET saao morning period 'Dakoraa did not EAT the saao in the morning.'

From the above it may be noticed that the negative focus particle, FOC.NEG, $n\acute{a}\acute{a}$ has identical distributivity with its positive element, $l\acute{a}$, regarding the syntax of focus constructions in Dàgáárè. Argument and predicate focus are deployed in the same way as for positive focus in the language.

1.5 Conclusion

This foreword has introduced the Dàgáárè language and Dàgáárè studies as a discipline, before providing a quite detailed sketch of the grammatical structure of the language.

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Part II Dagaare-English dictionary

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a abaa

a

- a [à] conj. (1) and O waε la a wa gaŋ. S/he came and left. (2) in order to O waε la a na nyε te. S/he has come in order to visit us.
- a [á] *conj.* but *A wola ka o ba wa?*But why didn't s/he come? *Var.* ana
- a [à] pron. they, them (3rd person plural weak form nonhuman) •
 Veŋ ka a kpe a zage. Let them go into the pen. De a mos eŋ a. Give them the grass.
- a [à] *def. art.* the *A bie kpε la a die.*The child has gone into the room.
- a [á] ν. to hate *Te a ba la*. We hate them. aε, aara, aara, aareba, aaraa, aareba
- aa [áà] *interj*. expression of surprise and regret A ηmane ηmarεε la,
 aa. The calabash is broken; what a pity! Aa, ka N da baŋ ka lɛ N gaaɛ. Oh, if I had known, I would have gone.
- aa [áá] interj. expression of regret
- aa [àà] *interj.* expression expressing"I told you so"
- aae [ááí] interj. expression of pain
- a-a [á-à] *interj.* (1) expression of disapproval A-a, ta de ona. Oh no, don't go that way. (2) why; expression of doubt A-a, fo naŋ ba gaa? Well, you haven't gone yet?
- âa [àá] adv. (1) yes (answer to a call)
 N boole la a bie ka o sage ka

- "ãa." I called the child and he answered, "Yes." (2) what? (exclamation of disbelief) Ka Naa boole fo ka fo zagere, ãa. You refuse to answere the chief's call, what?
- ãaa [ããã] interj. is that so? (expression of uncertain surprise) Bayuo: A pogebil-pεεre na taa la poo. Ayuo: Ãaa? Bayuo: That teenage girl is pregnant. Ayuo: Is that true?
- âaa [ããã] part. answer in agreement
 Fo na gaa la? âaa. Will you go?
 Yes. I will.
- aa-ee [áá-if] interj. expression of lack of confidence in someone's ability to perform a task Aa-ee, fo koŋ daŋ ma ta. I don't think you can get there before me.
- aa-hii [áá-hii] *interj.* expression of total despair
- aane [áánì] *adj.* infertile (woman) *pl:* aama 2*pl:* aanεε
- aan [aan] interj. well then
- aba [ábà] interj. (1) expression of despair over a repeated mishap A bie la lee la, aba. The child has fallen again, oh no! (2) expression of satisfaction or agreement Aba, le ka N boərə. Good, that is what I want. (3) expression of empathy Aba, mɔ kyɛ so a bie kõɔ Try and bathe the child.
- abaa [ábàà] *interj.* (1) exclamation of satisfaction or commendation •

aku

- Abaa, fo waa bie. Well done, you are a good child. (2) exclamation of despair or being distraught Abaa, veŋ a zɔɔre lε. Oh, stop the fight.
- **abε** [àbέ] n. (1) palm tree (2) palm fruit
- abebiri [àbèbírì] *n.* palm fruit *sg:* abebiruu *pl:* abebie *2pl:* abebiree
- abεdãã [àbédẫã] *n.* palm wine sg: abεdããõ 2pl: abεdaanεε
- abεkãã [àbέkẫã] *n.* palm oil *2pl:* abεkaanεε
- abesaare [ábésáárì] *n.* palm-frond broom *pl:* abesaε 2*pl:* abesaareε
- abεteε [àbètiè] n. palm tree pl: abεteere 2pl: abεteerεε
- abuobo [ábúóbò] adv. which ones (nonhuman) Abuobo ka fo boərə? Which ones do you want?
- Afereka [áfíríkà] n. Africa pl: Aferekare 2pl: Aferekarεε
- **Aferekaneε** [áfíríkàníέ] *n.* African *pl:* **Aferekanoba**
- afu [àfú] *n.* preface (of a book) *pl:* afuri *2pl:* afuree
- age [ágí] ν. (1) to dance (2) to jump up and down agεε, agra, agra, agreba, agraa, agreba
- age [ágì] v. (1) to fly (2) erect, ejaculate (penis) (3) to jump over (4) to be frightened; to miss a heartbeat agεε, agra, agreba, agraa, agreba polaa age to be frightened

- **agoo** [àgòò] *v.* to ask for permission to join someone (knock door)
- agoo [àgòò] n. a type of silky, colourful fabric pl: agoori 2pl: agooree
- agye [ádzé] *n.* bad luck *pl:* agyeri *2pl:* agyeree
- ahâa [àhãã] interj. that's right (expression of agreement) Ahaa, o binzie la be. That's right, that is its position.
- ahaŋ [àháŋ] *interj.* an expression that denotes "well?" *Ahaŋ a polisi la waana*. All is well, as the police are coming.
- ai [àí] part. no
- aii [áìì] *interj.* an expression of despair *Aii, a nogyele ηmarεε*. Oh no; the egg is broken!
- akaase [àkáásì] interj. expression of boastful challenge Akaase, nee kyebe na daŋ ma kənoəre. I dare anyone to finish his portion of the weeding before me.
- akaasemanakei [ákáásìmànà] interj. expression of disappointment at failure A bie ba too tuo daga, akaasemanakei. The child has failed to carry the box, what a pity. Var. akaase
- akai [àkài] *interj.* expression of disgust and disagreement *Akai*, *fo deme kyebe*. Too bad, you have no case.
- aku [ákú] interj. expression of despair, loss, empathy A nannyigri la maaleŋ fa la n zəmeŋɛ

akuroku ammine

na, *aku*. The thieves have robbed my friend again, how awful! *Var*. akuroku

- akuroku [àkúrókú] *interj.* emphatic form of aku *Var.* akuraku; aku
- akuu [àkúú] *interj.* expression indicating one's inability to do a task •
 Akuu, ta ko ma, N koŋ toô a tuori tuo. Ei, don't kill me; I can't carry the load.

Ala [álà] n. God

- ala [álà] *interj*. I swear *Ala, a dɔɔ ŋa naane so a woɔ*. I swear, the bag does not belong to this man.
- alaakosebaroo [àláákosíbáróó] *interj.* in the name of God
- ale [álì] ν. to open (ring), to stretch out Ka fooŋ ba ale a fenetere, o koŋ kpε a fo nubiri. If you don't open up the ring you can't put it on your finger. alεε, alla, alla, aleba, allaa
- alee [àléé] v. expression ordering one to get out; away with you A bibiiri naŋ di a bondirii baare la ka ba ba yeli ka alee, ka ba wa yi gaa sakuuri. When the children had finished eating, their father ordered them to go to school at once.
- ale ϵ ma [àlí ϵ mà] n. metaphor (literature)
- ale [álè] interj. expression of surprise mixed with fear Ale, fentel diglii ka fo deene ne? Whoa, you're playing with electricity?

aloo [álòó] interj. hello

- aloopelee [álóópèléè] *n.* aeroplane *pl:* aloopelli *2pl:* aloopellee *Var.* ayɔɔmapelee
- aloopeleeduoraa [álóópèléédúóráà] n. airport pl: aloopeleeduori
- ama [àmá] conj. but, however A
 bɔlŋmeɛrebɛ mɔɛ la ama ba ba
 di. The football players played well, but they did not win.
- ama [ámà] pron. these (3rd person plural demonstrative nonhuman) •
 A dogere ama daaron tuo. These pots are expensive.
- ambaŋenaa [ámbáŋínáá] *n.* a type of small tree with large leaves and pink fruit *pl:* ambaŋene *2pl:* ambaŋenεε
- Ameleka [ámílíkà] n. America pl: amelekare 2pl: amelekarεε Var. Hameleka
- aminekaŋa [àmínékàŋá] adv. (1) perhaps, maybe Aminekaŋa o koŋ wa pampana. Perhaps s/he will not come now. (2) sometimes Var. minekaŋa
- amma [ámmá] conj. much more than (exaggeration) A bie zoro to, amma sooŋaa. The boy runs really fast, much faster than the hare.
- ammeseετε [ámmìsíέτὲ] n. thanks Fo taa la ammeseετε ne fo naŋ toŋ a toma. I am thankful to you for doing the work. 2pl: ammeseετεε
- **ammine** [ámmìné] *pron.* which people (3rd person plural human interrogative pronoun)

ampe annoo

- ampe [ámpé] n. a game traditionally
 played by women pl: amperi 2pl:
 amperee
- ana [áná] pron. those (3rd person plural strong form nonhuman)
 Ana ka te na wuo. We'll collect those.
- anaare [ànáári] *adj.* four *pl:* anaare 2*pl:* anaarεε Var. naare
- ananso [ánánsó] conj. because O
 naŋ taa libie ananso ka o ba
 mɛ yiri. S/he built a house because
 s/he has money. Var. ana la so
- ananso [ánánsó] n. reason A fo toma zagere gaabo ananso la wola? What is your reason for refusing to go to work?
- anaŋ [ánăŋ] pron. those ones (3rd person plural demonstrative) Te na iri la anaŋ naŋ sãa te wuli a boŋkoɔrɔ. We'll select the ones that are bad and show them to the seller.
- anaŋ [ánáŋ] pron. it (a problem, a situation) Ka anaŋ waa lɛ, ta di a seemaa. If that is the case, don't eat the food.
- andonεε [ándónέε] n. (1) world •
 Andonεε waa la yeloŋ. The world is large. (2) people of the world Andonεε ba baŋ ka a wono ba mine. People of the world do not know that some people are suffering.
- ane [ànì] conj. (1) and Dere ane Daŋyi maŋ daŋ la saku-uri gaabo. Dere and Daŋyi al-

- ways go to school early. (2) although, despite Ane ka zie e la kpeɛŋaa kyɛ noba mine naŋ ba sage dɔge seŋ lɛ puori tuubu. Although times are hard, some people do not want to practise family planning. (3) with O pɔge daa la a dɔɔ ane o faŋa zaa ka o te le. The woman pushed the man with all her strength and he fell over.
- aneazaa [áníázàá] conj. despite, even though, in spite of Aneazaa ka saa ba miire kyɛ kõɔ naŋ be la a baa poɔ. Even though it has not been raining, there is still water in the pond.
- aneε [áníὲ] n. effort, attempt A tontonema da ere la aneε na baare a toma kye ka saa ba sage.
 The workers tried to finish the job but the rain would not allow them.
- anesε [ánísὲ] v. welcome; (an expression of goodwill to a stranger who has just arrived) Anesε, kpeere waana. Welcome, come in!
- angyosso [ándzờsờ] n. gratitude, thanks Fo taa la angyosso ne a kyostaa fo naŋ ko ma. Accept my thanks for the gift. pl: angyossere 2pl: angyosserε
- anii [àníi] *adj.* eight *pl:* aniini *2pl:* aniinee
- anlee [ánléé] *n.* (1) a traditional women's dance (2) music for such a dance *pl:* anleeri *2pl:* anlerri/anleree *Var.* an-yee
- annoo [ánnớơ] pron. who; which

ansaŋ apa

- person (interrogative pronoun) *Var.* aŋ la o
- ansaŋ [ánsáŋ] conj. before Vɛŋ ka saa mi ansaŋ ka fo bore a kamaana. Let it rain before you sow the maize.
- ansiŋinee [ánsíŋínéé] n. (1) a type of edible berry that turns violet when ripe (2) the tree of this fruit sg: ansiŋinuu pl: ansiŋini Var. ansiinee
- ansoonee [ánsថóníí] *n.* a woman who has recently given birth *pl:* ansoone/ansoomo *2pl:* ansooneε
- antere [ántèré] v. good afternoon (Southern Dagaare dialect)
- anuu [ànúú] *adj.* five *pl:* anuuri *2pl:* anuuree
- anwoŋ [ánwóŋ] n. one who is great or strong (physically or spiritually) pl: annwonni 2pl: anwonnee
- an [ăn] v. to be alerted; used to caution or persuade Ka fo wa gere a libidaana na yiri, an ban ne baare. If you are going to that rich man's house you'd better beware of the dogs.
- aŋ [áŋ] *pron*. who (interrogative pronoun) *Aŋ la ba nɔŋ bompaala?* Who does not like new things?
- aŋa [áŋá] n. no one (retort; implies the matter is none of the asker's business) Aŋ la wa a kyɛ? Aŋa la wa. Who came here? No one. (Why do you care?).
- aŋa [àŋá] adv. like O kono la aŋa bibile na. S/he cries like a baby. Var. ŋa

- angaara [ángáárá] adj. having the blades burnt away, leaving the stalks (used for grass) A kyeε zo kpε la a mɔ-angaara poɔ. The squirrel has escaped into the stalky bush. pl: angaare 2pl: angaarεε
- angeli [ángélí] n. a type of long grass used to weave sleeping mats pl: angelli 2pl: angelee
- angoole [ángớɔll] ν. to adorn, to decorate Ba angoole la a naa wiri. They have decorated the chief's horse. angooleε, angoolo, angoolo, angooleba, angoolaa
- aŋguoŋaa [áŋgúóŋáà] n. a type of tree with round, pink fruit pl: aŋguoni/aŋguomo 2pl: aŋguonee Var. pl.var. aŋguôaa
- aŋkaa [àŋkàá] n. orange (fruit) sg: aŋkaaroo pl: aŋkaare/aŋkaε 2pl: aŋkarεε
- Aŋkara [àŋkàrà] n. Accra pl: Aŋkarre 2pl: Aŋkarrεε
- aŋko [áŋkò] *n.* river blindness *pl:* aŋkori *2pl:* aŋkoree
- aŋkorɔ [áŋkờrɔ́] n. barrel, drum pl: aŋkorre 2pl: aŋkorɛε/aŋkorrɛε Var. aŋkora
- âo [ãờ] *interj.* of course (expression of certainty) *A. Fo na kuli la be? B. âo.* A.Will you go home? B. Of course I willl.
- apa [ápà] interj. expression of unpleasant surprise A soɔŋaa muri la a baa bare kyε zo, apa. The rabbit dodged the dog and escaped, what a pity. Var. aparapa

aparapa awola

aparapa [ápárápà] interj. emphatic expression of despair • Aparapa, a sooŋaa ŋa meŋ la zoe? Oh no, this hare too has escaped? Var. apa

ara [àra] ν. to gather up one's courage • A pɔge ara kyε daa la a dɔɔlee eŋ tambɔgeŋ. The woman gathered up her courage and pushed the man into a ditch.

arambiri [árámbírí] n. kidney • A dɔɔta yeli ka a baala arambiri kaŋa sa⊠a⊠ɛ la. The doctor said one of the patient's kidneys had failed. sg: arambiruu pl: arembie 2pl: arambiree

are [árí] v. pl. to cut, harvest (maize)
are [árí] v. to be related through the mother's line • N are la Kusielee.
I am maternally related to the Kusielee clan. arεε, ara, ara, areba, araa

are [àrì] v. (1) to stand (2) to wait
• N baŋ ka o na are la ka N gaa
te pɔge o. I know s/he will wait so
that I go to meet him/her. (3) to
stop • A wɔɔkye kyɛŋεε la tasoga
tasoga leɛ are. The watch worked
for a while and then stopped. arεε,
ara, ara, areba, araa

are [árì] v. to tear off from the main body (branch or limb of an animal)
A maŋgo wəŋ zue la ka a ulee kaŋa are le. The mango tree has borne so many fruits that one of the branches tore off. arεε, ara, ara, areba, araa, areba

areba [áríbá] n. maternal uncle pl:

aremine 2pl: arrεε

arekpoŋ [áríkpóŋ] n. eldest niece pl: arekponni 2pl: arekponnee

arelee [árílèé] *n.* nephew or niece *pl:* arebilii *2pl:* arebilee/arebillee

aremateke [àrímátíkì] *n.* arithmetic *pl:* arematekere *Var.* kuntaŋ (Akan)

arezie [àrìzíé] n. (1) standing place, spot (2) post, position, rank • O arezie kpoŋ. S/he holds a high position. (3) position, stand (for or against an idea) • O ba wuli o arezie a nɔkpeɛne poɔ. She has not indicated her position with regard to the argument.. pl: areziiri 2pl: areziiree

aroozie [árớớzíé] *n.* (1) standing place; position (2) adverb of place (on, under) *pl:* arooziiri *2pl:* arooziiree

aseŋ [àsíŋ] adv. for instance, like asibiti [ásíbítì] n. hospital, clinic pl: asibitiri 2pl: asibitiree Var. asiiti, [ásí:tì], asimeti, [ásímétì], asebore

ata [átà] adj. three pl: atare 2pl: atarεε ata ata in threes

awae [àwái] adj. nine pl: awarre 2pl: awarεε/awarrεε Var. wae awae awae nine each

awola [àwólà] adv. (1) how much (price) • Awola ka fo da a kparoo? How much did the shirt cost you? (2) how many (nonhuman) • Teere

awommu ba

awola ka yɛ sɛle? How many trees did you plant?

awommu [àwómmú] n. hardship, suffering • Ka kəŋeŋ le awommu maŋ pəge la noba yaga. When there is a famine, many people experience a lot of suffering. 2pl: awonnee Var. awonaa [awona:]

awulo [áwúló] n. continuous, loud, sharp cry of pain • A pɔge na bie naŋ kpi la lɔɔrɔ awulo. The woman who lost her son is crying hysterically. 2pl: awulee

ayi [áyì] *adj.* two *pl:* ayiri *2pl:* ayiree

ayi ayi in twos

ayililii [ayililii] *interj.* joyous, shrill shouting in commendation (usually by women) • *A pɔgeba*

ημε la kulinni, ayililili, eŋ a bawaseεrebε. The women made shrill noises of commendation for the dancers. *Var.* ayiyiyiyi

ayoɔbo [àyờòb] *adj.* six *pl:* ayoɔre 2*pl:* ayoɔrɛε

Ayoree [áyóréé] *n.* name of a clan *pl:* **Ayoruu**

Ayɔɔ [áyòò] *n.* name traditionallly given to a female child born on a market day *pl:* Ayɔɔmine *2pl:* Ayɔɔrεε

ayəpõi [àyòòpõi] adj. seven pl: ayoponni 2pl: ayoponnee

Ayuo [áyúó] *n*. name traditionally given to a female child born on a funeral day *pl*: Ayumine *2pl*: Ayuuree

Azaasoba [àzàásóbá] n. almighty

b

ba [bá] adv. not (negative particle) •
N ba nyε o zenε. I have not seen him today.

ba [bà] pron. (1) they, them (3rd person plural weak form human) • Ba na wa la. They will come. (2) their (3rd person possessive human) • Te de la ba bondirii biŋ. We have reserved their food. (3) them (human) • Te de la a bondirii ko ba. We have given them the food.

ba [bà] v. to fix a pointed object

firmly in the ground • Ba ba la daare golle a dabogo zaa. They have put up planks around the whole garden. baɛ, baara, baara, bareba, baaraa

ba [bà] v. to take a long drink from a container • A saana de la a kõo ba lee ka a ŋmane wa te kyere. The stranger drank deeply until the calabash was empty. bae, baara, baara, bareba, baaraa

ba [bá] v. to gallop baε, baara, baara,

ba baalombiri

bareba, baaraa

ba [bâ] *n.* (1) father (2) friend (between males) (3) Mr *pl*: bamine 2*pl*: barεε

baa [báà] conj. or; (normally used in question tag) • Te na gaa la, baa wolo? We'll go, won't we? Var. bee

baa [báá] n. dog pl: baare 2pl: baareε

baa [báá] n. a small black ground antlike creature which burrows into the ground with the tip of its abdomen pl: baare 2pl: baarεε

baa [báá] *n*. a type of children's game *pl*: baare 2*pl*: baarεε

baa [bàá] *n.* body of water *pl:* bare 2*pl:* barεε

baa [bàà] v. (1) to grow up, to flourish • Sêɛ saŋa, moɔ maŋ baa la wogri lɛ. During the rainy season, grass normally grows tall. (2) to mature • A pɔgelee naŋ ba baa azuiŋ o ba ta serɛ kuluu. The girl has not yet matured enough, so she is not marriageable. (3) to survive, to live • A baala naŋ ba kpi zenɛ o na baa la. Since the patient has not died today, s/he will survive.

baabaa [bààbáá] *n*. father (familiar term of address used by toddlers) *pl*: baabaamine 2*pl*: baabaarεε

Baabol [báábờl] *n.* Bible *pl:* baabola 2*pl:* baabolεε/baabollεε

bãabõo [bããb&ðð] n. bustard pl:
bãaboomo/bãaboone 2pl: bãaboomεe/bãaboonee

baaebaae [bááfbááf] *interj.* goodbye baage [báágì] *n.* bag *pl:* baagere *2pl:* bagerεε *Var.* baagye

baala [bààlá] *n.* patient, sick person *pl:* baalba *2pl:* baalbεε

baalaa [bààlàà] adj. (1) slim, slender, thin • N da nyε la pɔgebil baalaa kaŋa a seɛre zie. I saw a slender girl at the dance. (2) narrow • A sori waa la baalaa lɛ. The road is very narrow. pl: baale 2pl: baalɛɛ

baale [báálì] ν to ache slightly (disconfort of the stomach) • Ka maaŋ iri ba gaa bangyeraa n poɔ maŋ baala la. If I don't go to toilet for the day I normally have a slight stomach ache. baalεε, baala, baala, baaleba, baalaa

baale [báálì] v. to separate (grains from unwanted material) • A poge baale iri la a seŋkãabie yi a pegere poo. The woman separated the groundnuts from the shells. baalεε, baala, baala, baaleba, baalaa

baalebayiri [bààlbáyírì] *n*. hospital *pl*: baalebayire *2pl*: baalebayiree

baalimbo [bààlímbò] *n.* the act of supporting someone by holding them by the midsection • *Ba kpɛ la a baala baalimbo gaa ne a asibiti.* They supported the patient by the midsection and took him to the hospital. *pl:* baalimbori *2pl:* baalimboree *Var.* boolimbo

baalombiri [bààlớmbírì] *n.* germ, bacterium *pl:* baalombie *2pl:*

baalomboolaa baataŋaa

baalombiiree

baalomboolaa [báálòmbòòlàá] n. feast organised for a friend • Te daare gaa la baalomboolaa Loraa poo. We attended a friendship feast in Lawra. • baalomboole.

baalonlənnaa [bààlờnlónnáá] n. contagious disease pl: baalonlənnə 2pl: baalonlənnɛɛ

baalonnooraa [bààlónnòòráà] n. recurring illness • baalonnoore

baalon [báálón] *n.* friendship • *Ba nyoge la baalon sana zaa*. They have been friends for a long time. *pl:* baalondeme

baaloŋ [bààlóŋ] n. illness, sickness
A baala baaloŋ seε o la zenε.
The patient's illness has improved today.

baalon [bààlòn] adj. (1) calm • Zene, a mane kõõ e la baalon. Today, the sea is calm. (2) gentle, gently • A doo baalon na wa la kye. That gentle man came here. • A doo wa la baalon. The man is gentle. • De a bilee baalon. Take the baby gently. (3) soft (objects, sounds) • A kapuro na e la baalon yelmene. This pillow is really soft. (4) smooth (powdery substances) • Benzon man waa la baalon. Bean flour is usually smooth.

baalugiri [bààlùgìrí] *n.* armpit *sg:* baalugiruu *pl:* baalugo *2pl:* baalugiree *Var.* bagelugri

baaluu [bààlúú] n. (1) gallon measure (2) balloon sg: baaluuruu pl: baaluuri 2pl: baaluuree

baa-ne-ŋmaaŋa [bàá-ní-ŋmááŋà] n. Ursa Major (constellation); also known as Big Dipper, Plough, Great Bear

baapempele [bàápèmpélè] n. lily pads (pl.) sg: baapempeloo pl: baapempele 2pl: baapempelee/baapempellee

baaraa [bááráá] n. end, last • A baaraa zaa te na nyɛ la a nan-nyige. At the end of it all, we will find the thief.

baaraakyi [bááráátʃî] *n.* bridge *pl:* baaraakyiri *2pl:* baaraakyiree

baare [báárì] v. (1) to finish, to end, to complete • A tontonema baare la a toma. The workers have finished the work. (2) to be used up • A baaloŋ veŋεε la ka a dɔɔ beroŋ na baare la o zaa. Sickness has caused that man to lose weight. baareɛ, baara, baara, baaraba, baaraa

baasaabiri [bààsààbírí] *n.* (1) a seed from a type of tree (2) a type of large bead made from this seed *sg:* baasaabiruu *pl:* baasaabie *2pl:* baasaabiiree

Baasaale [bàásààlt] *n.* Baasare (ethnic group) *sg*: **baasaaloo**

baasakuuri [báásàkúúrì] *n.* bicycle *pl:* baasakue *2pl:* baasakuuree

baataŋaa [báátáŋáá] n. a type of tree that resembles the shea

babammo baganaa

nut tree *pl:* baataŋema *2pl:* baataŋemεε/baataanεε

babammo [bábámmớ] *n.* ignorance

babaŋena [bábáŋíná] *n.* one who is innocent *pl:* babaŋenema *2pl:* babaŋenemεε

babaŋyeli [bábàŋyélí] *n.* innocence *Var.* dakumo

babẽe [bàbí̃í] *n.* broth from dog meat *2pl:* babeenεε

babeε [bábíε] n. a friend that cannot be trusted pl: babeere 2pl: babeerεε

babeεraa [bàbìéráà] *n.* bridge *pl:* babeεre *2pl:* babeεrεε *Var.* baaraakyi, takoriko.

babere [bàbìrí] *n*. the breast of a dog *pl*: **baberε** 2*pl*: **baberεε**

babini [bàbíní] *n.* dog faeces *pl:* babinee *2pl:* babinnee

babin [bábín] n. a type of tree pl: babinni 2pl: babinnee

babiri [bábírì] *n.* bosom friend *pl:* babie *2pl:* babiiree *Var.* batuo

babogi [bàbógí] n. the deepest part
 of a body of water pl: babogri 2pl:
 babogree

babullaa [bàbùlláà] *n.* spring, pond where water is drawn in small amounts (usually during dry season) *pl:* babulli

badaa [bàdáá] *n.* male dog *pl:* badaare 2*pl:* badaarεε

badaa-de-nyoɔre [bàdáádíɲεᡠɔ́rí] *n.* the last day of a festival *2pl:*

badaadenyoɔrεε Var. baraadenyoɔre

badalane [bàdàlání] n. uncastrated male dog pl: badalama 2pl: badalamεε

badalee [bàdàléé] *n.* male puppy *pl:* badabilii *2pl:* badabilee/badabillee

badavaraa [bàdàváràà] n. castrated dog pl: badavarre 2pl: badavarεε/badavarrεε

badere [bádérí] n. (1) spider (2) cunning person (fig.) pl: baderre 2pl: baderεε

badie [bàdìé] n. the deepest part of
 a body of water pl: baderi 2pl:
 baderee

badoge [bàdògì] *n.* a plant with a sweet smell, used to season sauce *pl:* badogre *2pl:* badogrεε

badɔgerɔ [bàdògrɔ́] *n.* female dog that has recently given birth *pl:* badɔgere *2pl:* badɔgerεε *Var.* badɔgera

bafoɔlaa [bàfʊ́ɔ́láá] n. (1) valley (2) creek pl: bafoɔle 2pl: baroɔlɛε

baga [bágà] n. a triangular garment worn by men as underwear pl: bagere 2pl: bagerεε Var. lere, para

baga [bàgà] *n.* not caring, unconcerned • *Ka onaŋ ba wa a pɔge-beɛloŋ kyɛ n baga kyebe.* I don't care if she doesn't attend the wedding.

baganaa [bàgànàà] n. dog leash pl: baganne 2pl: baganεε/bagannεε bagane bakpon

bagane [bàgánì] *n.* dog skin, dog hide *pl:* bagama *2pl:* bagannεε

bagaŋ [bágáŋ] n. a mad dog pl: baganne 2pl: baganεε/bagannεε Var. bagao

bagao [bàgáờ] n. mad dog pl: bagagre 2pl: bagagrεε Var. bagaŋ

bageba [bágíbá] *n.* a type of sacred cult which initiates boys and girls into adulthood *2pl:* bagebεε *Var.* bɔgebɔ

bageboge [bàgìbògì] *n*. the act of divining • *Kiritabiiri kyiiruŋ la bageboge*. It is a taboo for Christians to participate in divining. *Var.* bɔgeboge

bageboge-dagoli [bàgìbòg-dàgólí] n. divining stick pl: bagebogedagolo 2pl: bageboge-dagolee Var. bogeboge-dagoli

bageboge-karaa [bàgìbòg-kàràá] n. chief diviner pl: bagebogekarre 2pl: bagebogekarεε Var. bɔgeboge-karaa

bageboge-woo [bàgìbờgì-wớó] n. divining bag pl: bageboge-woore 2pl: bageboge-woorεε Var. bɔgebogewoɔ

bagere [bàgrí] *n.* sacrifice for gods *pl:* baga 2*pl:* bagεε Var. bɔgere

bagukyɔfeɛle [bágùʧðnfíélí] *n.* very early morning (usually cold)

baguo [bágúó] n. morning pl: baguuri 2pl: baguuree Var. beguo

bagupi [bàgùpí] *n.* early morning *pl:* baguipiri *2pl:* bagupiree *Var.* bebipi

bagupipi [bágùpípí] *n.* very early morning *pl:* bagupipiri *2pl:* bagupipiree *Var.* bagupi

bagbεre [bàgbέrì] n. leg of a dog pl: bagbεε 2pl: bagbεετεε

bagbere [bàgbéri] *n.* valley *pl:* bagbeε 2*pl:* bagbeεreε

bagbon [bágbòn] *n.* fool *pl:* bagbonni *2pl:* bagbonnee

bagbori [bàgbòrí] *n.* trough for a dog *pl:* **bagboe** *2pl:* **bagbore**

bagyeεnε [bàdzìènέ] *n.* a type of children's dance *2pl:* **bagye**εnεε

bagyoɔ [bàdzóɔ́] *n.* (1) squirrel-like rodent (believed to be very sexually active) (2) sex maniac (male) *Var.* bagyoa, bazoɔ

bagyɔroo [bàdzòrớó] *n.* a thick, fleshy, poisonous creeping plant

ba-irime [bá-írímé] *n.* a type of wild mouse found along river valleys which has tender skin *pl:* ba-irri *2pl:* ba-iree

bakana [bàkáná] *n.* broth from dog meat, made with flour *2pl:* **bakanεε**

bakore [bákớrí] *n.* trusted friend *pl:* bakorɔ/bakoremine *2pl:* bakorεε/bakorrεε

bakɔ [bàkò] *n.* a type of yam (early maturing) *pl:* bakɔε *2pl:* bakɔrεε

bakpon [bàkpón] n. (1) large stream, river (2) (capitalized) the name of a tributary of the Black Volta River in the Upper West Region pl: bakponni 2pl: bakponnee

balaa bama

balaa [báláà] *n.* waistband (pair of shorts) *pl:* balle *2pl:* balεε

balambaaraa [bálámbááráá] n. peg used for tethering animals pl: balambaare 2pl: balambaarεε Var. balambiri

balambiri [bálámbírí] *n.* peg used for tethering animals *pl:* balambie *2pl:* balambiree *Var.* balambaaraa

balantamm [bàlàntàmm] adv. large and heavy • Woo waa la kponi balantamm. The elephant is enormously large.

balante [bálántí] n. belt sg: balanteerεε pl: balantere 2pl: balantere Var. bεlεnte

bale [bàlì] v. (1) to be tired • O ton la a toma te zuo lenso ka o bale. He has overworked himself; that's why he is tired. (2) to be fed up • Bebiri zaa ka o man wa sore libie, maa en bale la o yele. He comes to beg for money every day; I'm fed up with him. (3) to be weak • Ka neen kore o man bale la. One becomes weak when one is old. (4) to be soft • A gane koe la, ye mere kõo ka o bale. The animal skin is dry and hard, so sprinkle water on it to make it soft. balee, balla, balla, baleba, balaa, baleba

bale [bálí] *n.* tribe, ethnic group

• Dagaaba bale kaŋa yuori la
Koweree. Koweree is one of the
tribes among the Dagaaba. pl:
balmine 2pl: balee

bale [bálí] v. (1) avoid, evade • O

daare to ma lenso ka o maŋ wa nye ma bale. She insulted me the last time, and that's why she avoids me when she sees me. (2) divert • Ba naŋ da beere a baa ba bale la a sori. When they were constucting the bridge, they diverted the road. balee, bala, bala, baleba, balaa, baleba

bale [bálf] *adj*. of a kind • *A toma ŋa bale ba kye kyε*. We do not have his kind of work here.

balee [bàléé] *n.* brook, stream *pl:* babilii *2pl:* babillee

balee [bàléé] *n.* puppy *pl:* babilii *2pl:* babillee

balee [bàlìì] *adj.* of a dubious and dangerous nature • *Poge koŋ sage toŋ tombalee ŋa tɔ*. A woman will not do this sort of shady thing.

baleŋkpɔgre [bàlfŋkpògrì] *n.* tick *pl:* baleŋkpɔgrɔ *2pl:* baleŋkpɔgrεε

baləre [bálɔ́rí] *n.* (1) ugly person or thing (2) one without strength *pl:* baləε 2*pl:* balərεε

balərroŋ [bálərrʊ́ŋ] *n.* not being strong

balɔrroŋ [bálòrrʊ́ŋ] *n.* act of being ugly

bam [băm] *n.* a type of large yam *pl:* bama 2*pl:* bamεε

bama [bámà] *pron.* these (3rd person plural demonstrative human)

• A noba bama la man ton a toma wieu. These are the people who normally do the work quickly.

bambaala bandazeeraa

• *Bibiiri bama la ka ba iri*. These are the children that have been chosen.

bambaala [bàmbààlá] *n.* unassuming person; poor person *pl:* bambaaleba *2pl:* bambaalebεε

bambaalaa [bámbááláá] *n.* small fish, fingerling *pl:* bambaale *2pl:* bambaalεε

bambalaaraa [bámbálááráá] n. swallow (bird) pl: bambalaare 2pl: bambalaarεε

bambaŋ [bámbáŋ] adv. hot, steamy
A zee, re ba taa diibu, a toloŋ bambaŋ. The soup is too hot; it can't be eaten.
Tentoloŋ saŋa a ŋmenaa maŋ toloŋ bambaŋ.
During the hot season, the sun is always extremely hot.

bambiŋi [bàmbìŋ] *n.* an arrangement made in advance by two parties

bambugo [bámbúgó] *n.* confused person; fool *pl:* bambugri *2pl:* bambugree

bambuŋi [bàmbúŋ] *n.* salp (fish of the class Thaliacea) *pl:* babunni *2pl:* bambunnee

bambuŋi [bàmbúŋ] n. locally made gunpowder pl: babunni 2pl: bambunnee

bamm [bàmm] adv. big and heavy
A nannyige zu mɔrεε bamm lε.
The thief's head is badly swollen.

bammo [bàmmó] n. intelligence, wit
Kɔkɔlaa taa la bammo gaŋ baa.

The cat is more intelligent than the dog.

bamoɔ [bàmʊś] *n.* a type of tall, strong grass found around bodies of water, whose dry stalks are used for weaving *sg:* bamoɔnoo *pl:* bamoore *2pl:* bamoorεε

bandaa [bándáá] n. lizard (male) pl: bandaare 2pl: bandarεε/bandaarεε Var. baŋa, bɔndaa

bandaakpogilo [bàndáákpóglò] *n.* the act of hitting the opponent's armpits with one's knees to weaken the opponent (a wrestling move) • *Bayuo to la Dere ka Dere nyoge o loo to bandaakpogilo.* Bayuo insulted Dere, and Dere threw Bayuo down and used his knees to hit his armpits. *2pl:* bandaakpogilee

bandakarekpele [bàndàkárkpílí] *n.* Agama agama; also known as red-headed rock agama *pl:* bandakarekpelε 2*pl:* bandakarekpelεε *Var.* karekpele

bandakarema [bàndàkàrìmà] *n.* large male lizard *2pl:* bandakaremεε

bandanyene [bàndànεíní] *n.* tooth of a lizard *pl:* **bandanyemε** *2pl:* **bandanyenεε**

bandapoleεne [bàndàpólíɛ́ní] n. female lizard pl: bandapoleεmε 2pl: bandapoleεmεε/bandapoleεnεε Var. poleεne

bandazeεraa [bàndàzìéráá] *n.* kite; small bird of prey (family Accip-

bandazoore baŋe

itridae) pl: bandazeεre 2pl: bandazeεrεε

bandazoore [bàndàzớớrí] *n.* tail of a lizard *pl:* bandazoε *2pl:* bandazoorεε

banfane [bànfání] *n.* a bangle that is believed to have medicinal value and may be worn to cure a disease *pl:* banfama 2*pl:* banfanεε

bangye [bándzí] *n.* bank *pl:* bangyere 2*pl:* bangyerεε

bangyeraa [bándzíráá] n. (1) latrine; washroom • Pampana ka fooŋ mɛ yiri a seŋ ka bagyeraa bebe. Modern houses are supposed to have built-in washrooms. (2) feces • A bie nyɛ la bini meele a sɛŋ. The child has soiled the mat with feces. pl: bangyerre 2pl: bangyereɛ/bangyerreɛ

ba-nimie-anaare [bà-nímíè-ànàárì] *n*. a dog, usually with big spots above the eyes that look like a second pair of eyes, believed to have supernatural powers *pl*: ba-nimie-anaare 2*pl*: ba-nimie-anaareε

bantakperee [bàntákpérèé] *n.* a type of spotted lizard (believed to be poisonous) *pl:* bantakperri *2pl:* bantakperree

bantoo [bántớó] *n.* rectal bulb syringe *pl:* bantooreε *Var.* bontoo

banweebaa [bànwífbáá] *n.* carnivorous bird (bigger than a kite but strong and fast) *pl:* banweere 2*pl:* banweerεε

banzeε [bànziὲ] *n.* copper bangle *pl:* banzeere *2pl:* banzeerεε

banzeεraa [bănzíéráá] n. bird that eats lizards pl: banzeεre 2pl: banzeεrεε

banzələ [bànzələ] *n.* chain *pl:* banzəlle *2pl:* banzəlleε *Var.* banzələ

banyaa [bànáà] *n.* chest of a dog *pl:* banyae/banyaane 2*pl:* banyaanεε

banyagere [bànágrí] *n.* intestine of a dog *pl:* banyaga *2pl:* banyagεε/banyagerεε

banyaŋaa [bànáŋáá] n. female dog pl: banyaŋene /banyanne 2pl: banyaŋenεε/banyannεε

Banyene [bàpìnì] *n.* homeland of the Banyenεε clan

Banyenεε [bàpínέε] *n.* name of a clan sg: banyenoo

banyetəgle [bánetáglí] n. imitation • Bibiiri taa la banyetəgle, azuiŋ neŋkponni seŋ ka ba taa ba menne velaa. Children like to immitate, so adults should behave well.

baŋa [báŋá] *n.* bangle *pl:* banne 2*pl:* bannεε Var. bɔŋɔ

baŋa [bàŋá] *n.* lizard *pl:* banne 2*pl:* bannεε Var. bandaa

baŋe [bàŋ] ν. (1) to know (something or someone) • N baŋe la a pɔge ŋa serε, o yuori la Dabuo. I know this woman's husband; he is called Dabuo. (2) to be aware of • N baŋe ne la o waabo. I know he's coming. baŋεε, banna,

baŋena bare

banna, banema, bannaa, banema *Var.* boŋe

baŋena [bàŋíná] n. (1) area between the shoulder and neck (2) trickster pl: baŋema/banema 2pl: baŋemεε/banemεε Var. bɔŋenɔ

baŋenaa [báŋínáá] *n.* a type of tree that has medicinal properties *pl:* baŋene 2*pl:* baŋeneε Var. boŋenaa

baŋene [bàŋìní] n. cleverness • Nannyige maŋ taa la baŋene, ka o nyɔgebo maŋ e tuo. A thief usually has such cleverness that it is difficult to catch him. Var. boŋene

baŋgori [báŋgórí] *n.* high-heeled shoes *sg:* baŋgoruu *pl:* baŋgorri *2pl:* baŋgoree/baŋgorree.

baŋkaroŋ [bàŋkàrớŋ] *n*. a type of brown bird with long, thin legs *pl:* baŋkarre 2*pl:* baŋkareɛ/baŋkarreɛ baŋkoroŋ [bàŋkớrớŋ] *n*. foreknowledge

baŋŋmeele [bàŋŋmíélí] *n.* twisted bangle, often with a spiritual or medicinal significance *pl:* baŋŋmeele 2*pl:* baŋŋmeeleε

ba-ɔge [bà-ògí] *n.* a dog's nest, usually for a female that has recently given birth *pl:* ba-ɔgre 2*pl:* ba-ɔgεε/ba-ɔgrεε

bapare [bápárí] *n.* close friend *pl:* baparemine *2pl:* baparεε *Var.* batuo bapare [bàpárí] *n.* end of a valley *pl:* baparεε

bapiiraa [bàpííráá] *n.* a puppy earmarked for someone *pl:* bapiiri *2pl:* bapiiree

bapimbaare [bápímbáárt] *n.* a small part of the stomach of a ruminant that has many compartments *pl:* bapimbaare 2*pl:* bapimbaareε

bara [bárá] n. boastful threat, often considered inappropriate or rude • Dakoraa naŋ baŋ ka dɔɔ zaa kye a yiri poɔ la so ka o wa fare a bara ama taaba. Knowing that all the men had left the house, Dakoraa went to make boastful threats. 2pl: barεε

baraa [báráá] *n*. not making any effort; helpless

bare [bàrì] v. (1) to leave, to release, to let go • Ba bare la sakubiiri. They have let the schoolchildren go for vacation. (2) to discontinue, to abstain, to cease, to stop • A baala bare la a dɔɔta gaabo. The patient has stayed away from the hospital. (3) to divorce (initiated by husband) • A dɔɔ gaa bare la o pɔge. The man has divorced his wife. (4) not having power • A dɔɔ ŋa eŋ barɛɛ la te zuo, o koŋ tõɔ a dere do. This man is so useless that he cannot climb the ladder. barɛɛ, bara, bara, bareba, baraa, bareba

bare [bàrì] v. (1) to cultivate seeds • A page bare la kommie a dabage poo. The woman has cultivated tomato seeds in the garden. (2) to offer firstfruits to the gods • Bage-bogereba man bare la bompaala kyε baŋ di. Diviners normally offer firstfruits to their gods before eating. barεε, bara, bara, bareba,

bare gyɛle be

baraa, bareba

bare gyele [] v. to be careless; to not pay attention baree gyele, bara gyele, gyele bara

barekanneεbaa [bàrìkánníébáá] n. local spirits (alcohol) pl: barekanneεbaare 2pl: barekanneεbaarεε

bare yεŋe [bàrì yέŋ] ν. to feel free, to relax

barre [bárrí] ν. to haggle barree, barra, barra, bareba, barraa

ba-sakəre [bà-sakərí] *n.* lazy and useless dog

basasale [bàsàsàlí] *n.* slippery waterway *2pl:* basasalεε

ba-soomee [bà-sớɔ́mff] *n.* weak and sickly dog *Var.* **ba-sakəre**

bataabo [bátáábố] *n*. the state of not having anything

batara [bátárá] *n.* poor or needy person *pl:* batareba *2pl:* batarebεε

batuo [bátúó] n. bosom friend pl: batuuri 2pl: batuuree Var. bakore bapare, bameŋε, babiri

bavilime [bàvílímé] *n.* lake *pl:* bavilimeri *2pl:* bavilimee

bawaa [báwáá] *n.* a type of dance *pl:* bawaare 2*pl:* bawaarεε

Bayaayiree [báyààyíréé] *n.* people of Bayaayiri sg: bayaayiruu

Bayaayiri [báyààyírí] *n.* (1) a settlement in the Upper West Region (2) ancestors' dwelling; next world

Bayuo [báyúó] *n*. name traditionally given to a male child born on a funeral day *2pl*: bayumine

bazẽe [bàzfi] *n.* blood of a dog 2*pl:* bazeenεε

bazele [bàzìlí] *n.* tongue of a dog *pl:* **bazelε** *2pl:* **bazelεε**

bazoo [bàzớɔ] *n.* a type of wild fox *2pl:* bazoorεε *Var.* bazoa, bagyoɔ

bazoraa [bàzóráà] n. fast dog pl: bazorri 2pl: bazorree

bazugiri [bázúgrí] *n.* a type of wild mouse that has thick fur *pl:* bazugo *2pl:* bazugee/bazugiree

be [bě] v. to exist, to be there • A baala be la asibiti poɔ. The patient is in the hospital. bee, bere, bere, beribe, beraa, beribe be nimiri to be awake, to be alert

be [bě] *loc.* there (place) • N ba $ny\varepsilon$ fo be. I did not see you there.

be [bì] v. (1) to become boiled or cooked • A nene ba be, o varema. The meat is not well boiled, it is hard. (2) to be smooth (flour) • A mansinni ere la a benzon ka a be. The machine has ground the bean flour very smooth. (3) to mature, to ripen (fruit, millet) • Ka tanaan wa be o man pore le la. A ripe shea fruit normally falls off the tree. (4) to ferment (alcohol) • A dãa naŋ ba be azuiŋ a ba bugiro. The pito is not yet fermented, so it is not alcholic. (5) to fortify (spiritually) • Polebilii yaga man booro ka ba tegere ba menne a be. Today, most young men want to fortify themselves through spritual

be beene beene

powers. beε, berε, beerε, berebε, beraa, berebε

be [bí] conj. or • Fo na gaa la be? Will you go or not? Var. bee

bebe [bèbé] adj. present, available

bebelaa [bíbíláá] *n.* termite hill *pl:* bebelle 2*pl:* bebellεε *Var.* belaa

bebelebiri [bíbìlìbírì] *n.* white ant *sg:* bebelebiru *pl:* bebelebie *2pl:* bebelebiree

beberaa [bébéráà] *n.* a pessimist *pl:* beberri *Var.* beberee

beberee [bébéréè] *n.* one who is malicious *pl:* beberrie *2pl:* beberree *Var.* bebberaa

beberiyεlε [bébèrìyέlέ] *n.* malicious talk *sg:* **beberiyeli**

beberun [bébérún] *n.* the act of causing trouble

bebibaaraa [bèbíbááráá] *n.* last day *pl:* bebibaare *2pl:* bebibaarεε

bebibalaa [bèbíbàlàà] *n.* particular day

bebideŋe [bèbídéŋ] *n.* first day *pl:* bebidenne *2pl:* bebidennee *Var.* bebidendeŋ

bebifaa [bèbífáá] *n.* sabbath; sacred day *pl:* bebifaare *2pl:* bebifaarεε

bebigbuli [bèbígbùlì] *n.* whole day *pl:* bebigbulo *2pl:* bebigbulee

bebikore [bèbíkớrí] *n.* a former day, a day in the past *pl:* bebikorə/bebikora *2pl:* bebikorεε

bebipaalaa [bèbípááláá] n. new day; different day pl: bebipaala 2pl: bebipaalεε

bebiri [bèbírì] *n.* date, day *pl:* bebie *2pl:* bebiiri/bebiiree

bebisaana [bèbísááná] *n.* strange day *pl:* bebisaama

bebison [bèbísốn] *n.* good day, holy day *pl:* bebisonne *2pl:* bebisonnεε

bebitəəre [bèbítə̇ərí] *n.* distant date *pl:* bebitəbə *2pl:* bebitəərεε

bebivuo [bèbívúó] *n.* free day *pl:* bebivori *2pl:* bebivoree

bebiyeni [bèbíyéní] *n.* one day, a single day *pl:* bebiyaga *Var.* bebiyenaa

bee [bèé] v. to exist; to be present • O bee be. S/he is there. -, -, -, -, -, Var. be; be la

bee [bíí] conj. or • O gaaε la bee o ba gaa? Has s/he gone or not? Var. beε, baa

bee [bii] n. (1) concentrated extraction from something (tasty, interesting) (2) broth from meat 2pl: beenεε

beele [bíílì] ν. to envy (with evil intent) beelεε, beelε, beelε, beelebε, beelaa, beelebε

beele [bíílì] ν. to move slightly away from a spot beelεε, beelε, beelε, beelebε, beelaa, beelebε

beene [bífní] *n*. (1) strong person (2) one with supernatural power *pl*: beemε 2*pl*: beemε

beene [bííní] *adj.* (1) well cooked, boiled (2) ripe (fruit) *pl:* beemε 2*pl:* beenεε

beene bele

beene [bììnì] *v.* (1) to move majestically (2) to roam round leisurely beenεε, beenε, beenemε, beenaa

beere [bìrri] ν. (1) to kill, to finish off, to beat mercilessly (2) to boil pito in the final stage of production beerεε, beerε, beerebε, beeraa

beε [bìὲ] ν. (1) to move out of the way (allowing another to pass)
(2) to divert (3) to pass someone by, to overtake beεε, beεrε, beεrε, beεrεβε

bee [bìè] v. to slice (meat) • A nennmaara bee la a nene en a doge poo. The butcher sliced the meat and put it into the pot. beee, beere, beere, beerebe, beeraa, - Var. beele

beε [bíέ] *adj.* funny; strange *pl:* beere 2*pl:* beerεε *Var.* beεbeε

bẽε [bí̃ε̃] n. beer sg: beεnoo 2pl:

beεbeε [bíέbíέ] *adj.* strange *Var.* beε beεlaa [bíéláá] *adj.* small, little (quantity, time) *pl:* beεlε

beele [bìèlì] ν. to accompany beelee, beele, beele, beelebe, beelaa, beelebe Var. beere

beele [bìèlì] ν to cut in strips (meat, hide) beelee, beele, beele, beelebe, beelea, beelebe Var. beere

beεlεbeεlε [bíέlέbíélέ] *adv.* slowly; bit by bit

bēεo [bĩε̃õ] n. multitude, crowd pl: beeneε

beεre [bíέrì] *n.* older brother *pl:* beεremine *2pl:* beεrεε

beere [bíérí] ν. to follow up beeree, beere, beere, beerebe, beeraa, beerebe

beere [bìèrì] ν. to cut into strips beeree, beere, beere, beerebe, beeraa, beerebeeraa Var. beele

bege [bìgì] ν. to stop up, to close a passage begεε, begerε, begeraa, begerebε, begeraa, begerebε

bege [bìgí] n. law pl: begε 2pl: begεε Var. merε (Akan)

begebinne [bìgìbínné] *n.* (1) law-maker (2) member of parliament *pl:* begebinime *2pl:* begebinimee

begebiŋi-duoraa [bìgìbíŋ-duoraa] n. parliament house pl: begebiŋi-duori 2pl: begebiŋi-duoree

begere [bìgìrí] *n.* wing *pl:* begε 2*pl:* begerεε

belaa [bíláá] *n.* anthill *pl:* belle 2*pl:* bellεε Var. bebelaa

belaa [bìláà] adv. interog. what • Belaa ka fo erε? What are you doing?

belaa [bíláá] adv. (1) small (quantity), few • A laa poo bondirii waa la belaa lε. The amount of food is very small. • Zenε a tontonema waa la belaa. Today the workers are few. (2) short while (time) • Vεŋ ka belaa ka fo gaa. Wait for a short while before you go.

bele [bílí] *ν*. to do extraneous work belεε, belε, belε, belε, bela

bele beroŋka⊠a

bele [bílí] *n.* yeast *pl:* belε *2pl:* belεε belefele [bìlìfilì] *adv.* big and fat (person)

benee [bènéé] adv. that place

benne [bìnnì] ν. to intrude bennee, benne, bennee, bennee, bennea, beneme

bennε [bínnέ] *n*. intruder (especially to meals) *pl:* **benemε** *2pl:* **benemεε**

benni [benni] v. to doubt bennee, benne, benne, benime, bennaa

bentere [bìntírì] *n.* a large gourd drum *pl:* benteε 2*pl:* benterεε *Var.* bontere

beo [bìò] adv. big and stagnant

bere [bírí] *n*. (1) a type of small plant whose leaves and flowers are used as vegetables (2) the leaves of this plant *2pl:* berrεε *Var.* berenεmε

bere [bìrí] *n.* (1) breast *pl*: berε 2*pl*: berε

bere [bìrì] ν. protect by supernatural means berεε, berε, berε, berebε, beraa, beremε

bere [bìrì] *adj.* powerful (supernaturally)

berebaaraa [bìrìbááráá] *n.* last born (of humans and other mammals) *pl:* berebaare

berekaroo [bìrìkàrớớ] *n.* (1) a type of disease of the breast (2) a type of charm believed to inflict this disease *pl:* berekare *2pl:* berekarεε

berekuuri [bìrìkúúrí] *n.* thick centre of the breast *sg:* berekuuree *pl:* berekubo

berekpulo [bìrìkpúló] *n.* hard, firm breasts (of a young woman) *2pl:* berkpulee

beremε [bírímέ] *n.* one who possesses supernatural powers *2pl:* beremεε

berenεmε [bìrìnémé] n. the flower of the bere plant sg: berenεnoo 2pl: berenεmεε Var. bere

berenoo [bìrìnớɔ] *n.* a bird used in rituals to induce breast milk in a nursing mother *pl:* berenoore *2pl:* berenoorεε

berenoɔre [bìrìnʊ́ɔ́ri] *n*. nipple (of a breast) *pl:* **berenɔε** *2pl:* **berenɔɛε**

berese [bìrìsì] *adv.* extremely large and fat

berewoo [bìrìwớó] n. slang term for female breast pl: berewoore 2pl: berewooreε

bereyεre [bìrìyérí] *n.* a type of wild plant that is used as a vegetable *2pl*: bereyεrεε

berε [bìrέ] ν. (1) to wish • O berε ηα zie da koŋ nyaa. S/he wished day would never come. • O berε ona la da na gaa a tigiri. S/he wished s/he would be the one to attend the feast. (2) Before he realized it, a stranger arrived

berondəndəre [bìrớndòndòrí] *n.* curdled milk *2pl:* **berondəndərε**ε

beroŋ [bìrớŋ] n. milk

beroŋka\[A] [bíróŋká\[A]\[A]] n. fat from fresh milk; butter sg: beroŋkaamo 2pl: beroŋkaaneɛ

berroη bεndaa

berron [bìrrón] *n*. the state of being supernaturally powerful

bε [bὲ] v. to be sick, to be ill • Ka saaŋ poɔ a bie o na bɛ la. If the child is out in the downpour he will get sick. beɛ, beɛrɛ, beɛrɛ, beɛrebɛ, beɛraa, beɛrebɛ

bε [bὲ] v. to seal, to close a hole with a muddy substance • Ka foon ba bε a peε voore ka saaŋ wa miire a die na kyire la. If you do not patch the hole in the roof, the room will leak when there is rain. bεε, beεrε, beεrε, beεrebε, beεraa, beεrebε

be [bé] *pron.* where (interrogative pronoun) • *A libie be?* Where is the money? *Var.* bee

bebegere [bèběgrì] n. mud pl: bebege 2pl: bebegereε

bεε [bέὲ] adv. where (emphatic) • A libie bεε? Where the hell is the money? Var. bε

bεε [bὲέὲ] n. sheep

bεεne [bέέní] n. hemp seeds

bege [bègì] ν. (1) to embank
(2) to block with a dam begee,
begere, begere, begerebe, begeraa,
begerebe

begelaa [bègìlàá] *n.* a shell of a particular type of seed, used to scrape inside of cooking utensils *pl:* begele 2*pl:* begeleε

bεlεmbεgere [bὲlèmbέgrí] n. nightengale pl: bεlεmbεgε 2pl: bεlεmbegereε Var. bεlembegre

belente [béléntì] *n.* belt *pl:* belentere 2*pl:* belenteerεε

belle [bèllì] ν. to deceive belleε, belle, belle, belbe, bellaa

belle [bèllì] ν. to coax (a baby) belleε, belle, belle, belbe, bellaa

belle [béllì] ν. to look at closely, to inspect bellεε, bellε, bellε, bellε, bella

bellebelle [bèlbelle] *n.* bean flour shaped into slabs and steamed *2pl:* bellebellee *Var.* tumpanne

bemben [bémbén] adv. extremely black • A peroo e la sogelaa bemben. The sheep is extremely black.

bembeŋ [bèmbĕŋ] ν. to move in a shaky manner bembeŋeɛ, bembene, bembenaa

bembiri [bémbírì] *n.* bean seed *pl:* bembie *2pl:* bembiiree

bɛmbugo [bɛmbùgó] n. barn for storing beans pl: bɛmbugri 2pl: bɛmbugree

bɛmbuli [bɛ́mbúlí] *n.* bean sprout *pl:* bɛmbulo *2pl:* bɛmbullee

bεmpaala [bέmpáálà] *n.* new, fresh beans *2pl:* **bεmpaalεε**

bεmpelaa [bέmpíláá] n. white beans pl: bεmpeεle 2pl: bεmpeεleε

bempεεre [bémpèèrí] *n.* unripened bean seed *pl:* bempεbε *2pl:* bempεbεε

bεmpεge [bέmpέgí] *n.* bean husk *pl:* **bεmpεgre/bεmpεgε** *2pl:* **bεmpεgre**

bendaa [béndàà] n. bean stalk pl: bendaare 2pl: bendareε/bendaareε bεndaa bibilpəə

bendaa [béndáá] n. a cooked bean dish (usually not seasoned) pl: bendaare 2pl: bendaree/bendaaree

bεnwone [bέnwóní] *n.* the fruit of a bean plant *pl:* **bεnwomo** *2pl:* **bεnwonnε**

benzone [bénzón] *n.* bean flour *pl:* benzonne 2*pl:* benzonneε

benzoore [bénzòòrí] n. tender (seedless) fruit of a bean plant pl: benzobo 2pl: benzoreε

beŋe [bêŋ] ν. (1) to sift, to separate grains from unwanted material (2) to skim (usually by tapping water with the back of the hand or a container to push away debris) (3) to move unsteadily, to sway beŋee, benne, bennee, bennee, bennea, beneme Var. peŋe

beŋe [bèŋ] ν. to pretend to invite someone to share something (but not whole-heartedly) beŋeɛ, benne, benne, bennaa, beneme

beŋε [béŋè] n. beans sg: bemmo 2pl: benneε

bengbere [bèngbèrí] *n.* a variety of beans *pl:* **bengberre** 2*pl:* **bengberee**

beŋkorə [béŋkớró] *n.* old beans *2pl:* beŋkoreɛ *Var.* beŋkora

bεŋkuoŋaa [béŋkúóŋáá] n. dry bean pl: bεŋkuoni 2pl: bεŋkuone

beraa [béráá] n. (1) trap, snare (2) bait (fishhook) (3) poison pl: berre 2pl: berεε

beraa [bèràá] n. razor pl: berre 2pl: berreε

bere [bèri] v. (1) to set (a trap)
(2) to poison • Dabēe deme man
booro ka ba bere ba dendomo ko.
Cowards always try to kill their
enemies by poisoning them. beree,
bere, bere, berebe, beraa, berebe

bere [bèrì] v. to ponder, to wonder • O da di la a bondirii tasoga lee zene bere. After eating for some time, she sat back and thought. beree, bere, bere, berebe, beraa, berebe

bere [béri] v. (1) to exclude, to separate from the herd • A naakyeene bere la naadogero na bare. The cattle herder has separated the cow that had recently calved from the herd. (2) to detach or cut off (a large piece) • A naŋkpaana bere la a naabo gbere koore. The butcher has cut off and sold the thigh of the cow. beree, bere, bere, bere, berea, berebe

beren-uri [bèrìn-ùrí] *n.* pollen from the kenaf plant (a fibre-producing plant similar to hibiscus cannabinus) which causes itching *2pl:* beren-uree *Var.* beren-uri

beron [bérτη] adj. fat, thick pl: bere 2pl: beree/berree

bibile [bìbílé] *n.* small child *pl:* bibilii

bibile-deεnaa [bìbílédíénáá] *n.* toy *pl:* bibiledeεneε

bibilpɔɔ [bibìlpɔɔ́] *n.* young child *pl:* bibilpɔɔre *2pl:* bibilpɔɔrεε

bibore bikaa

bibore [bíbòrì] *n.* the act of playing chess

bidɛndɛŋe [bìdɛ̀ndɛ́ŋ] n. firstborn (human) pl: bidɛndɛnne 2pl: bidɛndɛnneɛ Var. bidɛŋ

bideŋe [bìdéŋ] *n.* firstborn (human) *pl:* bidenne *2pl:* bidenneε *Var.* bidendeŋ

bidɔŋe [bidɔ̂ŋ] *n.* sibling (clan level) *pl:* bidɔnne 2*pl:* bidɔnnεε

bidəə [bìdə́ə́] n. son pl: bidəbə 2pl: bidəərεε

bie [bíé] n. child pl: biiri 2pl: biiree

bie [bíé] *n.* day, date • Fo sori na yiibu bie la dabuo? What date have you set for your journey? pl: biiri 2pl: biiree

bie [bíè] *n*. a type of game played using marbles *pl*: **biree/biiree**

bie [bíé] adv. tomorrow Var. bieo

bie [bìè] v. to come to pass • A polbile na de la poge, a bebiri la naŋ ba bie. The young man will marry, it just has not happened yet. -, biere, biere, bieribe, bieraa, bieribe

biebie [bíébíé] adv. daily; every day
bieo [bíèó] adv. tomorrow • Bieo,
ba na wa la. Tomorrow, they will come. Var. bie

bieri [bíérí] *n.* stinginess, unwillingness to share or open up

bifaa [bìfáá] *n.* bad child *pl:* bifaare 2*pl:* bifaarεε

bifaa [bífáá] *n.* bad pebble *pl:* bifaare 2*pl:* bifaarεε

bifee [bifff] *n.* small quantity of pebbles *pl:* **bifeene** *2pl:* **bifeenε**ε

bifõoo [bífõõõ] *n.* light pebble *pl:* bifoɔne 2*pl:* bifoɔneε

bigaalaa [bìgáálàá] *n.* any bedding for a child *pl:* **bigaale**

bigaale [bìgààlì] *n.* postnatal care *pl:* bigaale [bìgáálí]

bigane [bìgánì] *n.* leather spread for a baby cot *pl:* **bigama** *2pl:* **bigamεε**

bigen [bìgèn] adv. all over (area)

bigeŋ [bìgèŋ] adv. big heavy sound (fall of a big wall, gunshot)

bigileŋ [bìgìlèŋ] adj. large and heavy
A kuuri waa la bigileŋ lε. The stone is large and heavy.

bigiri [bígírí] n. (1) fibre (2) kenaf; a plant that produces fibre pl: bige 2pl: bigee

bigiri [bígírí] adj. fibre-like • A maŋgo deε waa la bigiri. The mango is fibrous.

bigiri [bìgìri] v. to describe bigiree, bigire, bigire, bigiribe, bigiraa, bigiribe

biiree [bììréé] *n.* sand *pl:* biiri *2pl:* biiree

biiridalempoo [biiridàlimpòò] *n.* desert *pl:* biiridalempoore *2pl:* biiridalemporeε *Var.* biirikpoŋ

biirikpon
i [bíírìkpôŋ] n. desert pl: biirikponni 2pl: biirikponnee Var. biiridalempoo

bikaa [bìkáà] *n*. the act of caring for children

bikaale bimm

- **bikaale** [bíkààlì] *n*. the act of gathering pebbles
- bikaara [bìkáárá] *n.* caretaker of a child *pl:* bikaareba *2pl:* bikarebεε
- **biko** [bìkớ] *n.* the act of killing children
- **bikoŋkonaa** [bìkóŋkónáá] *n*. a child that cries a lot *pl:* **bikoŋkonni** *2pl:* **bikoŋkonnee**
- **bikoɔraa** [bìkơɔ́ráá] *n.* industrious person *pl:* **bikoɔre**
- bikore [bìkớrí] *n.* old chap, child *pl:* bikorə/bikoreba *2pl:* bikorεε
- bikũu₁ [bìkũũ] n. baby cot pl: bikuuni 2pl: bikuunee
- bikũu $_2$ [bìkũũ] n. dead child pl: bikuuni 2pl: bikuunee
- bikpeebε [bìkpííbέ] *n.* orphan *pl:* bikpeere/bikpeemine *2pl:* bikpeerεε
- bikyelaa [bìʧíláà] *n.* smart child *pl:* bikelle *2pl:* bikyelεε
- bikyεnaa [bìʧénáá] *n.* toddler *pl:* bikyεnne/bikyεnemε 2*pl:* bikyεnemεε
- bildεŋe [bìldɛ́ŋ] n. firstborn (nonhuman) pl: bildɛnne 2pl: bildɛnneε
- bile [bile] adj. (1) small A kparoo waa la bile; o koŋ kpε a bie. The shirt is small; it won't fit the child.
 (2) younger pl: bilii
- bile [bílé] *n.* offspring (nonhuman) *pl:* bilii *2pl:* bilee
- bileε [bìlfé] *n.* young baby *pl:* bileεre 2*pl:* bileεreε Var. bilεε

- bilembilen [bílémbílén] *adj.* round and smooth
- bilembilen [bìlèmbílén] *n.* caterpillar track, continous track *pl:* bilembilenni *2pl:* bilembilennee
- **bilembileŋ** [bìlèmbíléŋ] *adj.* large and heavy, with weight distributed unevenly
- **bilentimm** [bìlèntìmm] *adj.* bloated and large
- bilεε [bìlìè] *n.* baby (newly born) *pl:* bilεεre 2*pl:* bilεεrεε *Var.* bileε
- bilibala [bìlìbálá] adv. grabbing on to a huge object by throwing both arms around it O le nyɔge la a bomberoŋ na le bilibala. S/he firmly grabbed the fat one.
- billi [bìlli] v. to roll (a heavy object along the ground) billee, bille, bille, billea
- billi [bíllí] v. to roll between the palms; to mould billee, bille, bille, billie, billaa
- bimaraa [bìmáráá] *n.* baby sling *pl:* bimarre *Var.* maraa
- bimbin [bímbín] adv. extremely dark (rain clouds) A saa koe la bimbin $l\varepsilon$. The rain clouds have gotten awfully thick.
- bimbine [bìmbìné] *n.* pen, poultry shed *pl:* bimbinni *2pl:* bimbinnee *Var.* nɔzage
- bimeŋε [bìmíŋέ] *n.* good child *pl:* bimenne *2pl:* bimennεε
- bimm [bimm] adv large and solid A bugo e la kpon bimm $l\varepsilon$. The

bimm biri

granary is big and solid.

bimm [bimm] *adj.* solid • *A taabo daa waa la bimm lε*. The timber log is solid.

bimpeεle [bìmpíélí] n. (1) white faeces (2) fear (used with nyε...) • Ba toŋ yeli ka n pɔge ma beɛrɛ la ka o deɛ yɔ nyeɛrɛ bimpeɛle. A message was sent to inform my wife that her mother was sick and she is in utter distress and fear. 2pl: bimpeɛlɛɛ

bimporo [bìmpóró] *n.* flatulence *pl:* bimporre *2pl:* bimporεε/bimporreε *Var.* bimpora

bin-eεraa [bìn-íέráá] *n.* cloth used for cleaning faeces (of a baby) *pl:* bin-eεre 2*pl:* bin-eεrεε

bini [bíní] *n.* excrement *pl:* n/a *2pl:* binee

binkyoo [bìntʃóó] n. open place full of defecation pl: binkyoori 2pl: binkyooree

binnyeεbo [bìnnείεθό] *n.* act of misbehavior

binonaa [bìnònáá] *n.* beloved child; favorite *pl:* binonne

binəŋe [bìnəŋ] *n*. the act of loving children; the act of pampering *pl:* binənema

bintanyeετε [bìntàniéré] n. a type of diarrhoea pl: bintanyeετε 2pl: bintanyeετεε

binzẽe [bìnzἷíf] *n.* dysentery *2pl:* **binzeenε**ε

biŋi [bìŋ] v. (1) to put down, to place, to set out (2) to store (up) biŋee, binne, binne, binime, binnaa, binime

biŋibiŋi [biŋibiŋi] v. to shift unsteadily, teeter • A tanzuŋ waa la bile, ka a doge biŋibiŋine. The pot holder is small and so the pot is moving unsteadily. biŋibiŋee, biŋibiŋine, biŋibiŋine, biŋibiŋinime, biŋibiŋinime

biŋkõɔ [bǐŋkኞɔ̃] *n.* watery faeces, diarrhoea *2pl:* **biŋkoɔnɛ**ε

biŋkənnyeετε [bìŋkɨnniéré] n. one suffering from diarrhoea pl: biŋkənnyeετebε 2pl: biŋkənnyeετebεε

bipeε [bìpíέ] *n.* baby cot *pl:* bipεre 2*pl:* bipεrεε Var. bikũu

bipoɔnaa [bìpʊʻɔnáá] *n.* pampered child *pl:* **bipoɔne** 2*pl:* **bipoɔne**ε

bipɔlbile [bìpɔ́lbilé] *n.* a lad; young man

bipolee [bìpólíf] *n.* young man, lad *pl:* bipolo *2pl:* bipoleε/bipolleε *Var.* bipolee, bipolbile

bipollee [bìpólléé] *n.* young man *pl:* bipolo *2pl:* bipoleε *Var.* bipolee, bipolbile

bipuulee [bìpúúléé] *n.* young woman *pl:* **bipuuli**

biraa [bíráá] *n.* one who stammers *pl:* biribe *2pl:* biribee

biri [bírí] v. cause debris to drop (down from a height) • Gyang-bonni biri la tene a daseree poo

biri biweeraa

eŋe a kõɔ poɔ. The mice broke debris from the ceiling into the water. biree, bire, bire, biribe, biraa, biribe

biri [bírì] v. to stutter, to stammer biree, bire, bire, biribe, biraa

biri [bìrì] ν. to pass by narrowly, to slip past • O deε biri la a taŋa kyε
le. S/he just passed the hill a little and fell. biree, bire, bire, biribe, biraa, biribe

biri₁ [bírì] n. chaff from malt pl: **biree**

biri₂ [bírì] *n.* seed, nut *pl:* bie *2pl:* biiree

biri₃ [bírì] n. something of worth • Te zene toma ŋa eŋ yi la biri. Our work today has been fruitful.

biribiri [bìrìbìrì] *adv.* rushing in large numbers e.g. in a stampede

biribiri [bíríbírí] adv. (1) completely, totally • O zagerεε biribiri ka o koŋ gaa. He has completely refused to go. (2) completely black

biribiri [bìrìbírí] ν. to slip, to not fit in (joint) • A sori na taa la kusiwara te zuo ka fo maŋ kyɛnɛ ka fo gbεε bibire. That road has too much gravel, so your feet slip around as you walk on it. biribiree, biribire, biribire, biribiribe, biribiraa

birikyi [bìrítʃi] n. (1) brake (2) brick pl: birikyiri 2pl: birikyiree Var. birisi

birikyilaa [bìrítʃìláá] n. mould (for

bricks) *pl:* birikyilaa 2pl: birikyilaarεε

birikyisaabo [bìríʧîsáábʊ́] *n.* brake pad *2pl:* **birikyisaarεε**

birisi [bìrísì] n. brick sg: birisiruu pl: birisiri 2pl: birisiree Var. birikyi

biriyokpekperaa [bìríyŏkpíkpìráà]
n. wild duck-like water bird
pl: biriyokpekperre 2pl:
biriyokpekperεε

biriyonaameεο [bíríyònààmìέʊ] n. very large duck pl: biriyonaameεne 2pl: biriyonaameεnεε

biriyuo [bìríyúó] *n.* duck *sg:* biriyoruu *pl:* biriyori/biriyoe *2pl:* biriyoree *Var.* biriyori

bisaa [bìsàá] *n.* father (human) *pl:* bisaamine *2pl:* bisaarεε

bison [bìsថŋ] *n.* good child, wellbehaved child *pl:* bisonne *2pl:* bisonne

bitoroo [bìtòróò] *n.* virgin *pl:* **bitorri** *2pl:* **bitoree**

bitəgelə [bìtə́glə] n. midwife pl: bitəgelebə/bitəgeleba 2pl: bitəgelebεε Var. bitəgela

bituuro [bìtúúró] *n.* baby adopter, nanny *pl:* bituuribo *2pl:* bituuribee

biweεmε [bìwíɛ́mɛ́] *n.* strayed or wayward child *pl:* **biweɛne** *2pl:* **biweɛne**

biweεraa [bìwíéráá] *n.* spoilt child *pl:* biweεre

biwolaa bogi

biwolaa [bìwóláá] *n.* (1) problem child (2) beloved child *pl:* biwolle *2pl:* biwolεε

biyaalaa [bìyááláá] *n.* babysitter *pl:* biyaalba *2pl:* biyaalbεε

biyaale [bìyáálí] *n*. the act of babysitting

biyaaleyieluŋ [bìyáálìyíélúŋ] n. lullaby pl: biyaaleyiele Var. biyagleyieluŋ

biyoʻsraa [bìyoʻsraa] n. well travelled person; one who roams a lot pl: biyoʻsre 2pl: biyoʻsre

biyopore [bìyópờrì] *n.* naming ceremony (baby)

biyuori [bìyúórí] *n.* popular person *pl:* biyoe *2pl:* biyoree

bizεgε [bìzègέ] *n.* young baby *pl:* **bizεgre** 2*pl:* **bizεgεε**

bizɔnzɔɔ [bìzɔnzɔśɔ] *n.* young baby *pl:* bizɔnzɔɔbɔ *2pl:* bizɔnzɔɔrεε

bo [bʊ́] ν. to gather momentum (rain seen coming from afar in full scale) boε, boorɔ, boorɔ, booreba, booraa, booreba

bo [bờ] ν. (1) to confer, to deliberate, to plan together • Ba na bo la sere kye gaa a kɔɔto. They will confer before they go to court. (2) to suppose • Fo bo ka boŋ ka a saana na taa wa ne? What do you suppose the stranger will bring along? boɛ, boorɔ, boorɔ, booreba, booraa, booreba

bobɛllɛ [bờbéllé] *n*. a type of carnivorous bird *pl:* **bobɛlle**

boboo [bờbớớ] *adj.* extremely voluminous

boboruu [bóbórúú] *n*. a type of termite *pl*: boborri/boboree *2pl*: boborree

bobɔge [bʊ̀bɔ̀gí] *n.* huge carnivorous bird *pl:* **bobɔgre** *2pl:* **bobɔgre**ε

bodaa [bờdáá] n. male goat pl: bodaare 2pl: bodaarεε/bodaε

bodaa-ansiinee [bòdáá-ánsíínéé] *n.* a type of tree with edible fruit *pl:* bodaa-ansiini *Var.* boraa-ansiinee

bodaanonnoonaa [bờdáánớnnớớnáá] n. a type of tree with edible fruit pl: bodaanonnoone 2pl: bodaanonnoonεε Var. bononnoonaa

bodaasensoore [bờdáásǐnsóórí] *n.* wild tigernut (not edible) *pl:* bodaasensooreε

bodalane [bódàlání] n. male goat (uncastrated) pl: bodalama 2pl: bodalamεε

bodalee [bòdàléé] *n.* young male goat *pl:* bodabilii . *2pl:* bodabilee

bodateεne [bờdàtíéní] *n.* male goat with long hair on the chin; bearded male goat

bodavaraa [bờdàváràà] n. castrated male goat pl: bodavarre 2pl: bodavarεε/bodavarrεε

bogere [bógri] ν. to break into little bits or pulp bogerεε, bogerə, bogerəbə, bogeraa, bogerebə

bogi [bògí] *n.* (1) hole (2) grave, tomb (3) pit (4) ditch (5) limit *pl*:

bogigbere-katakye

bolaare

bogiri 2pl: bogree

bogigbere-katakye [bògìgbere-kátákyè] *n.* subway, underground train *pl:* bogigbere-katakyeri *2pl:* bogigbere-katakyeree

bogikantoo [bògíkántóó] *n.* a type of rodent (not edible) *pl:* bogikantori *2pl:* bogikantoree

bogisulee [bògsùlèè] *n.* round, deep tomb (like a well) *pl*: bogisulli *2pl*: bogisullee

bogiti [bógíti] *n.* bucket *pl:* bogitiri *2pl:* bogitiree

bogi-ũ [bògì- $\tilde{\mathbf{u}}$ $\tilde{\mathbf{u}}$] n. the act of burying a human corpse

bogi-ũu-faare [bògì-ũũ-fáárí] *n.* xy-lophone music signaling the completion of the burial of the dead *2pl:* bogi-ũu-faarεε

bogi-ũũ-libie [bògì-ũũ-libíè] *n.* fee for those who bury the dead *2pl:* bogi-ũũ-libiiree

bogi-ũu-naazoo [bògì-ũũ-náázớɔ́] n. chief undertaker (one who buries the dead) pl: bogi-ũu-naazoore 2pl: bogi-ũu-naazoorεε

bogi-uuno [bògì-ũunó] n. one who buries the dead pl: bogi-uunimo 2pl: bogi-uunimee

bogi-ũu-saabo [bògì-ũũ-sáábớ] *n.* ritual TZ for those who bury the dead *2pl:* bogi-ũu-saarεε

bogi-ũu-sawələ [bògì-ũũ-sáwələ] *n.* ritual dish for those who bury the dead *2pl:* bogi-ũu-sawəlεε

bogi-ũu-zanna [bògì-ũũ-zànná] *n.* amateur undertaker *pl:* bogi-ũu-zanema *2pl:* bogi-ũu-zanemεε

bogivuo [bògìvùò] *n.* uncovered tomb *pl:* bogivori *2pl:* bogivoree

bogiwεraa [bògwέráà] *n.* oblong tomb *pl:* **bogiwεrre**

bogizeε [bògzìὲ] *n.* grave, deep pit *pl:* **bogizeere** *2pl:* **bogizeer**εε

bogəbogə [bʊ́gɔ́bʊ́gɔ́] *adv.* ground into pulp *Var.* bogaboga

boguolo [bờgúóló] *n.* goats given to one to raise in return for some *2pl:* **boguolee**

bog-uuno [bòg-úúnó] *n.* one who buries the dead; undertaker *pl:* **bog-uunimo** *2pl:* **bog-uunimee**

bokolə [bờkờlà] *n.* tasteless powdered stuff, tobacco *pl:* bokolle *2pl:* bokolεε *Var.* bokola

bokontawε [bờkòntáwέ] n. a daily marketplace pl: bokontawere 2pl: bokontawereε

bokon [bờkón] *n.* lean or thin goat *pl:* bokonni *2pl:* bokonnee

bokore [bờkớrí] *n.* old goat *pl:* bokora 2*pl:* bokorεε

bokpε [bờkpὲ] ν. to sympathise with bokpεε, boorokpeεrε, bokpeεrε, bokpeεres,

bolaakaatoo [bʊ̀làakàatʊʊ̀] adv. talking continuously, noisy

 ${\bf bolaare}$ [bờ
láárí] v to burst strongly

• A loore kobo da bolaarεε la. The lorry tyre blasted with a loud noise. bolaarε, bolaara, bolaara,

bole bombile

bolaareba, bolaaraa, bolaareba Var. belaare

bole [bólí] *v.* to smear all over bolεε, bola, bola, bolba, bolaa

bolebole [bölbőlí] *ν*. to speak unintelligibly, to mumble bolebolεε, bolebolə, bolebolə, bolebolebə, bolebolaa, bolebolebə

bolee [bòléé] *n.* kid (young goat) *pl:* bobili *2pl:* bobillee

bolenaa [bòlénáá] *n.* (1) tethered goat (2) one restricted from moving *pl:* bolenni *2pl:* bolennee

bo-leŋi [bờ-léŋ] *n.* the act of tethering goats

boli [bólí] v. to be foolish bolee, bolo, bolo, bolibo, bolaa, bolibo

boli ['bòlí] adj. pure (honey)

bolle [bòllɪ] ν. to murmur; to talk inaudibly bollεε, bolla, bolla, boleba, bollaa, boleba

bolo [bòló] *n.* a type of vegetable *Var.* **bola**

boləbolə [bʊ́lɔ́bʊ́lɔ́] adv. lukewarm (water) Var. bolabola

boluu [bòlúú] *pron*. what (interrogative pronoun)

bombaala [bứmbààlá] *n.* a sick thing *pl:* bombaaleba *2pl:* bombaalεε

bombaalaa [bớmbààlàà] *n.* a slim or narrow thing *pl:* **bombaale**

bombaaraa [bómbààráà] *n.* something that can grow *pl:* bombaare

bombaaraa [bómbááráá] *n*. the last one *pl*: **bombaare**

bombalaa [bớmbáláá] *n.* something which is avoided *pl:* **bomballe**

bombalaa [bómbàlàà] n. kind of thing (referring to something huge or strange) • Yeŋ ka fo ta pɔge a bombalaa ŋa? Where did you get this kind of thing?

bombaltakyelmε [bòmbàltáʧímέ] *n.* things of all sorts *2pl:* bombaltakyelmεε

bombannaa [bómbànnáà] *n.* something which is known *pl:* bombanne *Var.* bombanenaa

bombaŋe [bứmbàŋ] *n.* (1) the act of knowing (2) knowledge

bombare [bŏmbàrì] *n.* (1) the act of releasing; the act of setting animals free (2) the act of offering first-fruits to gods *pl:* bombarre

bombeene [bốmbííní] *n.* something that is cooked or ripe *pl:* **bombeemε** *2pl:* **bombeenεε**

bombeε [bớmbíέ] *n.* something strange or mysterious *pl:* bombeere 2*pl:* bombeerεε

bombeεraa [bómbìéráà] *n.* (1) sliced strips (of leather) (2) that which is patched or to be patched (as in car tyre) *pl:* bombeεre *2pl:* bomberεε

bombeere [bứmbìèrí] n. boils pl: bombebe 2pl: bomberee

bombiiri [bómbíírí] *n.* very young ones; unhatched embryos in eggs *2pl:* bombiiree

bombile [bòmbílé] *n.* young donkey; foal *pl:* **bombilii** *2pl:* **bombillee**

bombile bommaaron

- bombile [bómbílé] *n.* small thing *pl:* bombilii
- bombiri [bómbírì] n. seed; cereal sg: bombiruu pl: bombie 2pl: bombiiree
- bombo [bŏmbò] *n.* (1) a small plant with a jellylike tuber (2) the tuber or flour made from the tuber of this plant (3) fried dish made from the flour of this plant *sg:* bomboruu (for plant or tuber) *pl:* bombori *2pl:* bomboree
- **bombolaa** [bómbóláá] *n*. a thing that is not of the same species; a strange thing *pl*: **bombolle** *2pl*: **bombolle**ε
- bombone [bómbóni] n. a useless thing pl: bombona 2pl: bombonnεε
- **bombonoone** [bŏmbònòònì] *n*. a type of tree *pl*: **bombonooma** 2*pl*: **bombonoone**ε.
- **bomboŋɔ** [bứmbừŋó] *n.* something that cannot be classified *pl:* **bombonne** *2pl:* **bombonne**ε
- bombooree [bứmbứớrí] *n.* (1) something that is kept for posterity (2) seed for sowing *pl:* bomboora *2pl:* bomboorεε
- bombooro [bứmbứứró] *n.* seed for planting *sg:* bombooroo *2pl:* bomboorεε *Var.* bomboora
- bomboɔraa [bứmbứóráá] *n.* something that is sought; something that is wanted or liked *pl:* bomboɔre 2*pl:* bomboɔreε.
- **bomboore** [bứmbứớrí] *n.* **(1)** things one wishes to have **(2)** wealth

- bomboraa [bómbòráà] *n.* something that is sown; a crop *pl:* bomborre *2pl:* bomborrεε.
- **bombore** [bómbòrì] *n*. the act of sowing
- bombo sawələ [bòmbò sáwələ́] n. fried duff from bombo (flour) 2pl: bombo sawəlɛε Var. bombo sawala
- bombɔ [bớmbɔ́] n. quest for wealth
- bombɔge [bómbɔ́gf] *n*. the act of grinding into fine pulp *pl*: bombɔ-gre *2pl*: bombɔgrεε
- bombɔgɔ [] *n.* the forearm or leg of an animal *pl:* bombɔgerɔ *2pl:* bom-bɔgerɛε *Var.* bombɔge
- bombugilaa [bómbúglàá] *n.* something that is nursed *pl:* bombugili
- bombulaa [bombulaa] *n.* something that can sprout from a seed *pl:* bombulli
- **bombuli** [bốmbúlí] *n.* shoot of a new plant *pl:* **bombulo** *2pl:* **bombullee**
- bombuuraa [bómbúúràá] *n*. (1) a measure (2) something that is respected *pl:* bombuuri
- **bommaalaa** [bớmmààláà] *n.* something that is made *pl:* **bommaale**
- **bommaale** [bốmmààlì] *n.* the act of making *pl:* **bommaaleba**
- bommaane [bứmmààní] *n*. (1) an egg that is immature (2) something that is tiny *pl*: bommaama
- bommaaron [bứmmáárứn] *n.* a wet, cold, or fresh thing *pl:* bommaara

bommannaa bompigiraa

bommannaa [bớmmánnáà] *n.* a measure; something that is measured

bompaala [bómpáálà] n. (1) new or fresh things (2) firstfruits of crops pl: bompaala 2pl: bompalεε

bompaare [bómpáári] *n*. the vulva of any animal *pl*: **bompεεrεε**

bompaare [bŏmpáárì] *n.* the vulva of a donkey *pl:* bompaε *2pl:* bompεετεε

bompaare [bŏmpáárì] *n.* foot rot *pl:* bompaε 2*pl:* bompεετεε

bompare [bómpári] *n.* (1) residue (2) bottom *pl:* **bomparεε**

bompeelaa [bớmpíſláá] *n.* a very young animal *pl:* bompeele 2*pl:* bompeelεε

bompeelaa [bómpííláá] *n.* a piece torn from a piece of cloth *pl:* bompeele *2pl:* bompeelεε

bompege [bómpìgì] *n*. the act of decorating, improving or adding worth to something

bompegelaa [bómpígláà] *n.* something that is moving and must be intercepted *pl:* bompegele *2pl:* bompegelεε

bompegeraa [bómpígráà] *n.* something that is adorned *pl:* bompegere *2pl:* bompegerεε

bompegε [bómpígέ] *n*. a piece of a broken container (calabash) *pl*: bompegerre 2*pl*: bompegerεε.

bompelaa [bốmpìlàá] *n*. a white thing *pl:* **bompeεle** *2pl:* **bompeεleε**

bompere [bómpìrì] *n.* the act of dehusking (removing the dry outer cover of a grain)

bompere [bʊ́pŕrí] *n.* the act of scratching (as by fowl)

bompεεre [bómpèèrí] *n.* an immature thing *pl:* **bompεbε**

bompεge [bốmpέgt] *n*. the act of washing the shell or bark of something

bompεgelaa [bứmpégláà] *n.* something that is carried by holding it to one's side *pl:* bompεgele *2pl:* bompεgelεε

bompεgeraa [bứpέgráá] *n*. (1) something that has been washed (2) something for washing *pl*: bompεgere *2pl*: bompεgerεε

bompεlaa [bớmpέláá] *n.* something that can be peeled *pl:* **bompεlle** *2pl:* **bompεlle**ε

bompεle [bốmpélí] *n*. the act of peeling

bompεle [bʊḿpɛ̀li] n. peel pl: bompɛle 2pl: bompɛllεε

bompεnnaa [bứmpὲnnáá] *n.* something that is carved *pl:* bompεnne *2pl:* bompεnnεε

bompεnne [bómpènnì] *n.* the act of carving

bompi [bómpí] *n.* (1) the process of becoming distended or bloated (2) forerunning for something

bompigiraa [bứmpǐgráà] *n.* something that is to be watched or ought to be watched *pl:* **bompigiri**

bompiiraa bondaa

bompiiraa [bómpììráà] *n.* (1) a lost thing that is found; an unexpected find (2) an easy find *pl:* bompiiri

bompiiraa [bómpííráá] *n.* a distended thing *pl:* bompiiri

bompiiraa [bómpííráá] *n.* something that has been earmarked for someone *pl:* **bompiiri**

bompiire [bứmpííré] *n.* one who finds a lost item *pl:* **bompiiribe** *2pl:* **bompiiribee**

bompollaa [bómpólláá] *n.* something on which an oath is taken *pl:* bompolle

bompoɔ [bʊmpʊɔ́] *n*. a pregnant thing (non human) *pl:* bompoore *2pl:* bompoorεε.

bompoɔraa [bʊ́mpʊ́ɔ́ráá] *n.* something by which one swears *pl:* bompoɔre *2pl:* bompoɔreε

bomporaa [bứmpứráá] *n.* something that is poured *pl:* **bomporre** *2pl:* **bomporre**ε

bompore [bómpòrì] *n.* plentiful things *pl:* **bomporre**

bompore [bốmpốrí] *n.* something that is small and short; a little thing *pl:* bompora *2pl:* bomporeε

bompore [bốmpốrì] *n*. the act of pouring

bompɔ [bʊ́mpɔ́] *n.* the act of swearing or taking an oath on something

bompəge [bớmpə́gí] *n.* a female thing *pl:* bompəgeba *2pl:* bompəgrεε

bompɔge [bómpògì] *n*. the act of confining animals in enclosures

bompɔgeraa [bʊ́mpɔgráa] *n.* something that is confined in an enclosure *pl:* **bompɔgere**

bompəle [bómpóli] n. a young thing pl: bompələ 2pl: bompəllεε

bompore [bốmpórí] *n.* the act of plucking something; (fruits or groundnuts)

bompɔrɔ [bʊ́mpɔ́rɔ̀] *n.* harvester *pl:* bompɔreba *2pl:* bompɔrebεε

bompugo [bớmpúgó] *n*. an ashcoloured thing *pl:* bompugri *2pl:* bompugree

bompulonpulon [bốmpùlònpúlón] *n.* various things mixed up

bompuuraa [bómpùùráà] *n.* something that has flowered *pl:* bompuuri *2pl:* bompuuree.

bompuuraa [bớmpùùráà] *n.* something that is or can be praised *pl:* bompuuri *2pl:* bompuuree.

bompuuri [bớmpúúrí] *n.* flowers of things *2pl:* **bompuuree**

bonaare [bònáárì] adj. four times

bon-agraa [bʊ́ŋágráà] *n.* (1) winged creature (2) insect *pl:* boŋ-agre

bonda [bóndà] n. the act of buying

bondaa [bòndáá] *n.* male donkey *pl:* bondaare 2*pl:* bondarεε

bondaa [bóndáá] *n.* a male thing *pl:* bondaare *2pl:* bondarεε

bondaa [bốndáà] *n.* the act of pushing *pl:* **bonda**

bondaana bonfaara

bondaana [bóndááná] n. rich person; one who has wealth • . pl: bondaanema/bondaama 2pl: bondaamεε/bondaaneε

bondaaraa [bóndààráà] *n.* something that is bought; something that is meant for sale *pl:* bondaare

bondaga [bòndàgà] *n.* carefree *pl:* bondagre *2pl:* bondagreε.

bonde [bốndí] *n.* (1) the act of taking (2) the act of harvesting

bondegere [bốndìgrɪ] *n.* a dwarflike thing *pl:* **bondegε**

bondemannewullaa [bóndímánníwúlláá] *n.* example *pl:* bondemannewulli

bondεgere [bốndẽgrì] *n.* a dirty thing *pl:* **bondεgε**

bondi [bóndì] n. the act of eating

bondikaama [bờndìkáámá] *n.* delicious and assorted food; luncheon *2pl:* bondikaanεε

bondikaraa [bóndìkáráá] *n.* raw food; food that is not well cooked *pl:* bondikare *2pl:* bondikarεε

bondi-kpaa [bondi-kpaa] *n.* leftover food *pl:* **bondi-kpaare**

bondimaala [bốndímáálá] *n.* cook, one who prepares food

bondiraa [bóndìráà] *n.* (1) food; something that is edible (2) a sharp thing (blade) *pl:* bondirri *2pl:* bondirree

bondire [bóndíré] *n.* (1) one who eats (2) rightful owner *pl:* bondiribe *2pl:* bondiribee

bondirii [bốndìrîi] *n.* food, things to eat *2pl:* **bondirree**

bondi-sãã [bốndì-sẫà] *n*. the act of wasting food

bondizie [bóndìzíé] *n.* restaurant *pl:* bondiziiri *2pl:* bondiziiree

bondogelaa [bóndógláá] *n.* something that is used for cooking *pl:* bondogele

bondogera [bốndốgráá] *n.* a boiled thing *pl:* **bondogere**

bondonaa [bóndònáà] *n.* (1) something that bites (2) insect, bug *pl:* bondonne *2pl:* bondonneε *Var.* kyibe

bondori [bóndórí] *n.* heap *pl:* bondoree *2pl:* bondorree

bondɔgelaa [bóndɔ́gláá] *n.* an extra thing *pl:* **bondɔɡele**

bondəgerə [böndəgerə] *n.* an animal that has recently littered *pl:* bondəgere 2*pl:* bondəgereε

bone [bốnì] *n.* thing *pl:* boma 2*pl:* bonnεε

bone [bóní] *adj.* worthless or useless *pl:* boma

bon-ennaa [bốn-ínnáà] *n.* container *pl:* bon-enne *2pl:* bon-ennεε

bonfa [b \circ nfá] n. the act of robbing

bonfaa [bốnfáá] *n.* a bad or evil thing *pl:* bonfaare *2pl:* bonfaarεε

bonfaa [bónfáà] n. robbery

bonfaara [bʊ́nfáará] *n.* robber, thief *pl:* bonfareba *2pl:* bonfabarεε.

bonfaaraa bonnee

- bonfaaraa [bónfááráá] n. something that is robbed pl: bonfaare 2pl: bonfaarεε
- bonfane [bónfàní] *n.* a rough thing *pl:* bonfama *2pl:* bonfannεε.
- **bonfarafara** [bốnfàràfàrà] *n.* a rough, scaly thing
- **bonfē**ê [bʊ́nfff] *n.* a small quantity *pl:* **bonfeene** 2*pl:* **bonfeene**ε
- bonfeeloo [bʊ́ffilʊ́ʊ́] *n.* an opening that is small and tight *pl:* bonfeelε *2pl:* bonfeelεε.
- **bonfegε** [bốnfigé] *n.* narrow space *Var.* **bonfogeloo**
- **bonfogeloo** [bʊ́nfʊ́glʊ́ʊ́] *n.* a narrow thing *pl:* **bofogela** *2pl:* **bonfogelε**ε
- bonfogiluu [bónfóglúú] *n.* a seedless pod *pl:* bonfogilo *2pl:* bonfogilee
- bonfole [bónfòlí] *n.* an immature thing *pl:* bonfola *2pl:* bonfolεε.
- bonfolo [bónfòló] *n.* powerful spiritual beings *pl:* bonfolo *2pl:* bonfolee.
- bonfoɔo [bơnfʊ̃ɔ̃o] n. a light thing pl: bonfoɔne 2pl: bonfoɔneε
- bonfəraa [bʊ́nfə́ráá] *n.* a narrow thing *pl:* bonfəree *2pl:* bonfəreε
- bonfuraa [bốnfùráà] *n.* something that is used to plug an opening *pl:* bonfurri *2pl:* bonfurree.
- bonfuuraa [bónfùùráá] *n.* (1) something that is cool (2) something that threatens *pl:* bonfuuri *2pl:* bonfuuree.

- bonii [bòníi] adj. eight times
- bonkyaaraa [bớntʃááráá] *n.* gift *pl:* bonkyaare 2*pl:* bonkyaarεε
- bonkyê $\tilde{\epsilon}$ [bónt $\tilde{t}\tilde{\epsilon}$] n. a torn thing pl: bonkye ϵ ne/bonkye ϵ ne 2pl: bonkye ϵ ne
- bonkyeεraa [bóntʃiɛ́ráá] n. (1) something that is contributed (2) something that is cut (3) something used for cutting pl: bonkyeere 2pl: bonkyeereε
- **bonkyεlee** [bốnʧélíí] *n*. a half thing *pl*: **bonkyεlle**
- bonlaane [bứnláání] *n.* a worthless thing *pl:* bonlaama *2pl:* bonlaanεε.
- bonlane [bốnlání] *n.* uncastrated animal *pl:* bonlama *2pl:* bonlamεε
- **bonlee** [bốnléé] *n.* a small thing e.g. object/non human *Var.* **bombile**
- **bonlee** [bònléé] *n.* colt, young donkey *pl:* **bombilii**
- bonnaakale [bŏnnààkálí] *n.* the act of rolling over and over. (donkey having a sun bath) *2pl:* bonnakalεε
- bonnaŋ [bứnnáŋ] n. scarcity pl: bonnanne 2pl: bonnannnɛε.
- bonne [bờnnì, bớnní] ν. to doubt; to speculate, to guess bonnεε, bonnɔ, bonnɔ, bonema, bonnaa, bonema
- bonneε [bónníέ] *n.* (1) the act of trampling on things (2) the act of ironing clothes *pl:* bonneεne *2pl:* bonneεneε

bonni bonseeraa

- bonni [bónní] v. (1) to burn (pain)(2) to burn witth fire bonnee,bonno, bonno, bonnaa, bonimo
- bonnimiri [bónnímírì] *n.* something that is very valuable *pl:* bonnimie *2pl:* bonimiree.
- **bonnoo** [bốnnờɔ̀] *n.* a sweet thing *pl:* **bonnoore** *2pl:* **bonnoore**ε
- bonnyaa [bónpáà] n. (1) chest of;(2) most important part of pl: bonnyaane 2pl: bonnyaanεε
- bonnyaanaa [bʊ́nnáànáà] n. a clever or wise animal pl: bonnyaane
- **bonnyaara** [bốnpàárì] *n.* coarseness (flour) *2pl:* **bonnyaarεε**
- bonnyagere [bónnágá] n. intestines of nonhuman creatures pl: bonnyaga 2pl: bonnyagerεε
- bonnyaŋaa [bứnṇáŋáá] n. female pl: bonnyaŋene/bonnyaane 2pl: bonnyaanεε
- bonnyaŋaa [bònnàŋáà] *n.* female donkey *pl:* boŋnyaŋene *2pl:* boŋnyaŋenεε.
- bonnyuu [bónnúú] *n.* (1) something that smells (2) smelling medicinal lotion *pl:* bonnyuuri *2pl:* bonyuuree
- bonnyuu [bốnpúú] *n.* the neck of something *pl:* bonnyuuri *2pl:* bonyuuree
- bonnyuuraa [bónnúúráá] *n.* (1) something that is drunk; a drink (2) something that is used for drinking *pl:* bonnyuuri

- bononnoonaa [bờnớnnớớnáá] *n.* a type of tree with juicy fruits *Var.* bodaanonnoonaa
- **bonoone** [bờnờờnì] *n.* a type of tree with fleshy edible fruits; medicinal *pl:* bonoona *2pl:* bonoonε
- bonɔbonɔ [bònòbònò] adv. oilylooking • A zeɛre zu deɛ e la bonɔbonɔ lɛ. The surface of the soup looks oily. Var. bonabona
- **bonsâa** [bốnsâã] *n.* the act of being wasteful, destructive
- bonsaalaa [bónsààlàà] *n.* something that is smooth *pl:* bonsaale 2*pl:* bonsaalεε.
- bonsaaloŋ [bứnsààlứŋ] *n.* a slippery thing *pl:* bonsaale *2pl:* bonsaalεε
- bonsaana [bʊ́nsáanà] n. a new or strange thing pl: bonsaama 2pl: bonsaanss
- **bonsaana** [bốnsááná] *n.* one who destroys *pl*: **bonsaanema**
- bonsaanaa [bốnsáánáá] *n.* a spoilt thing *pl:* bonsaane *2pl:* bonsaanεε
- **bonsammo** [bốnsàmmʊ] *n.* unshelled nut *pl:* **bonsama** *2pl:* **bonsame**ε
- bonsaraa [bónsáràà] *n.* a young female *pl:* bonsareε
- bonseenaa [bứnsífnáà] n. something that is touched pl: boseene 2pl: bonseenεε.
- bonseεraa₁ [bónsíéráá] n. (1) something that is worn on the waist
 (2) something that is sewn pl: bonseere 2pl: bonseere

bonseeraa bontara

- bonseεraa₁ [bónsíéráá] *n.* that which is better than *pl:* bonseεre 2*pl:* bonseεrεε
- bonseεraa₂ [bónsíέráá] *n.* something that is roasted *pl:* bonseεre 2*pl:* bonseεrεε
- bonsennaa [bờnsínnáà] *n.* something that is the right size *pl:* bonsenne 2*pl:* bonsennεε
- bonserε [bʊ́nsìrɛ́] *n.* a valuable thing *pl:* bonserre *2pl:* bonserεε/bonserreε
- **bonsegeraa** [bʊ́nségráá] *n.* something that is written *pl:* **bonsegere** *2pl:* **bonsegere**ε
- **bonsegeraa** [bốnsègráà] *n.* something that is used to make another thing sturdy *pl:* **bonsegere**
- bonsigiraa [bónsìgráà] *n.* (1) something whose price is reduced (2) something that is lowered (height) *pl:* bonsigiri *2pl:* bonsigiree
- bonso [bốnsố] *n*. the act of owning bonso [bốnsố] *adv*. why? *Bonso ka fo ba gaa a daa?* Why have you not gone to the market?
- bonso [bónsó] conj. because Ba ba gaa a sori bonso a ləəre sãaɛ la. They could not go on the trip because the car broke down.
- bonson [bốnsớn] *n.* a good or blessed thing *pl:* bonsonne 2*pl:* bonsonnεε
- bonsooraa [bứnsứ ráá] *n.* a thing that is owned; a belonging *pl*: bonsoore *2pl*: bonsoorεε

- **bonsoor**aa [bốnsốốráà] *n.* something that is asked for or wanted
- bonsəgelaa [bónsə́gláà] n. (1) a black thing (2) a hidden thing pl: bonsəgelə 2pl: bonsəgelεε
- **bonsɔgele** [bʊ́nsɔ́glɪ́] *n.* the act of hiding things
- bonsəraa [bónsòráà] *n.* something that is begged for *pl:* bonsərre 2*pl:* bonsərεε
- bonsəraa [bʊ́sɔ́ráá] n. something that has been counted A pɔge iri la a bonsəraa kaŋa. The woman took one of the already counted ones. pl: bonsərre
- **bonsu** [bốnsù] *n.* the act of wearing (clothes)
- **bonsu** [bốnsù] *n.* the act of pushing things into an opening
- bonsugo [bónsúgò] *n.* things in great numbers; *pl:* bonsugri *2pl:* bonsugree
- bonsuuraa [bơnsuuraa] n. garment pl: bonsuuri 2pl: bonsuuree
- bontaa [bóntáà] *n*. the act of owning bontage [bóntàgí] *n*. a thick thing *pl*: bontagre 2*pl*: bontagreε
- **bontage** [bốntágì] *n*. the act of pulling things
- bontale [bứntálì] *n.* a lobe of (kola) *pl:* bontala *2pl:* bontalεε
- bontaŋa [bòtáŋá] *n.* camel *pl:* bontanne 2*pl:* bontannεε
- bontara [bốntárá] *n.* rich man; one who owns many things *pl:* bontareba *2pl:* bontarebεε.

bontee bonveraa

- bonteε [bốntìὲ] *n.* (1) the act of shooting (2) the act of supporting things
- bonteεraa [bóntiὲráà] n. something that supports something else pl: bonteεre 2pl: bonteεrεε
- bonteεraa [bóntìὲráà] n. a boil pl: bonteεre 2pl: bonteεrεε
- **bonteεraa** [bốntiὲráà] *n.* something that is shot at *pl:* **bonteεre** *2pl:* **bonteεre**
- bonteεrε [bớntíέrέ] *n.* shooter *pl:* bonteεrebε *2pl:* bonteεrebεε
- **bontegeron** [bʊ́ntígrʊ́n] *n.* a heavy thing *pl:* **bontegerε** *2pl:* **bontegerε**
- **bonteraa** [bốntíráà] *n.* something that is given out or offered *pl:* **bonterre**
- **bontere** [bốntírí] *n*. the act of giving out things
- **bontere** [bờntírɪ] *n*. a big drum made of animal skin and a gourd *Var.* bentere
- **bontege** [bốtégì] *n.* the act of exchanging
- bontegeraa [bóntègráà] *n.* something that is traded for *pl:* bontegere 2*pl:* bontegerεε
- **bontegere** [bʊ́ntégré] *n.* one who exchanges *pl:* **bontegerebe**
- **bonto** [bʊ́ntʊ́] *n.* act of insaulting of things
- **bonto** [bòntó] *n.* type of cigar made be the Dagaabe *pl:* **bontori** *2pl:* **bontoree**

- bontobo [bóntòbó] *n.* (1) a type of plant; medicinal (2) the immediate tender leaves of a plant (bean leaves as vegetable for soup) (3) thing with prominent ears
- bontoolaa [bứntứóláá] *n.* that which is sent by a messenger *pl:* bontoole/bontoolo *2pl:* bontooleε
- **bontɔraa** [bʊ́ntɔ̀ráà] *n.* something that is shared *pl:* **bontɔrre**
- bontəre [bóntòrí] *n.* a worthy thing *pl:* bontəε *2pl:* bontərεε
- **bontɔre** [bʊ́ntɔ̀ri] *n*. the act of giving out or sharing to as many as possible
- bontuo [bóntúó] n. (1) a bitter thing(2) a poisonous or dangerous thing pl: bontuuri 2pl: bonturee.
- bonuu [bònúú] *adj.* five times *pl:* bonuuri *2pl:* bonuuree
- bonvaane [bứnvààní] *n.* a shrivelled thing *pl:* bonvaama *2pl:* bonvaaneε.
- bonvaraa [bónváràà] *n.* castrated animal *pl:* bonvarre *2pl:* bonvarreε.
- **bonvelaa** [bʊ́nvìlàá] *n.* a good thing *pl:* **bonveɛle** *2pl:* **bonveɛle**ε
- bonveraa [bốnvìráà] *n.* (1) an implement used in throwing stones (catapult) (2) something that has been shot at by means of a catapult *pl:* bonverre
- **bonveraa** [bốnvìráà] *n.* a shift of a bone *pl:* **bonverre**

bonvere bonye

bonvere [bốnvìri] *n*. the act of spraining (body part)

bonvere [bʊ́nvìrì] *n*. the act of shooting with a catapult

bonvooraa [bứnvớứráá] *n.* something that breathes *pl:* bonvoore *2pl:* bonvoorεε.

bonvoɔloŋ [bʊ́nvʊ̀ɔlʊ̆ŋ] *n.* a slimy thing *pl:* **bonvoɔle** *2pl:* **bonvoɔle**ε.

bonvore [bứnvớri] *n.* a living thing *pl:* **bonvoε/bonvoba** *2pl:* **bonvorεε**

bonvuo [bốnvùó] *n.* an open thing; an uncovered enclosure or container *pl:* **bonvori** *2pl:* **bonvoree**

bonvuuraa [bónvúúráá] *n*. (1) a thing that crawls (e.g. creature without legs) (2) a thing that is dragged along the ground *pl*: bonvuuri *2pl*: bonvuuree.

bonweε [bónwíέ] *n.* a common thing *pl:* bonweere 2*pl:* bonweereε.

bon-yaga [bớŋ-yágà] *n.* many things *2pl:* bon-yagrεε *Var.* boŋyaga

bon-yeɛle [bʊ́n-yíɛ́lf] *n.* winnowed thing

bon-yεε [bon-yεε] n. (1) unimportant things (2) wild crops sg: bon-yeroo 2pl: bon-yeree Var. boŋyεε

bon-yεraa [bón-yὲráà] n. (1) something that is hung around the neck
(2) garment pl: bon-yεrre 2pl: bon-yεrrεε

bon-yoʻraa [bʻon-yʻoʻʻraaa] n. (1) something that roams or wanders

about (2) rheumatism *pl*: bon-yoɔrε 2*pl*: bon-yoɔrεε

bon-yɔmɔ [bʊ́n-yɔmɔ́] *n.* plentiful and free thing(s) *2pl:* **bon-yɔmɛ**ε.

bon-yuo [bón-yúó] n. different one
A bie yage la a kparoo na bare kyε de bonyuo. The boy took of that shirt and took a different one. pl: bon-yuobo Var. boŋyuo

bon-yuori [bún-yúórì] *n.* a popular or prominent thing *pl*: **bon-yoe** *2pl*: **bon-yore**.

bonzaa [bônzàá] n. (1) anything, everything • Fo na nyε la bonzaa fo naŋ boɔrɔ. You will get anything that you want. (2) everyone • Bonzaa naŋ wa kyε taa la puoraa. Thanks to everyone who has come here.

bonzagelaa [bốnzágláá] *n*. an empty thing *pl:* **bonzagele**

bonzeε [bốnzìὲ] *n*. a red thing *pl:* bonzeere 2*pl:* bonzeerεε

bonzoolɔ [bónzóóló] n. a thing with hairy ends (corncob) 2pl: bonzoolɛɛ Var. bonzoola

bonyanlori [bòṇánlórí] *n.* very large female goat *2pl:* bonyanloree

bonyaŋaa [bờnpáŋáá] *n.* female mother goat *pl:* bonyaŋene *2pl:* bonyaŋenɛε

bonyε [bờnέ] *n.* wicked ideas • *A* dɔɔ suuri da iri ne la o pɔge kyɛ o da ba de bonyɛ tuuro ne o. The man was annoyed with his wife but he did not have any wicked ideas towards her.

bonyε boŋkorabinzie

bonyε [bờŋέ] *adj.* having wicked ideas

boŋ [bóŋ] pron. what (interrogative pronoun) • Boŋ ka fo na e zenε?What will you do today?

boneman [bónìmán] adj. hazy

bonganaa [bonganaa] *n.* bed, something that is slept on *pl:* **bonganne** *2pl:* **bonganeε**.

bongora [bóŋgờráà] *n.* something that is abundant *pl:* **bongore** *2pl:* **bongore**ε

boŋgori [bóŋgòrí] *n.* half-ripe fruit *pl:* boŋgoe *2pl:* boŋgoree.

bongori [bóngórí] *n.* shoes (pl.) *2pl:* **bongoree**

bongu [bốŋgù] *n.* the act of watching over something (crops from animals)

bonguolaa [bóngúóláá] *n.* (1) something that is raised or reared (2) an animal given to someone to be raised *pl:* bonguoli *2pl:* bonguolee

boŋguoli [bʊ́ŋgúolí] *n.* domestic animals and birds (poultry and animal husbandry) *pl:* **boŋguolo**

bonguoli [bŏngúólì] *n*. the rearing of animals

bonguolo [bốngúólò] n. (1) Var. donguolo

boŋguraa [bʊ́ŋgùráà] *n.* something jumped upon *pl:* boŋgurri

bonguuro [bóngúúro] *n.* one who watches over things *pl:* bonguuribo *2pl:* bonguuribee

boŋgbuli [bóŋgbùlí] *n.* (1) a whole thing (2) tumour *pl:* boŋgbulo *2pl:* boŋgbulee

boŋkaa [bʊ́ŋkáá] *n.* invocation of spirits *pl:* boŋkaareba *2pl:* boŋkaarebεε *Var.* boŋkaale

boŋkaa [bóŋkàà] *n*. (1) the act of taking care of something (2) the act of staring at something

boŋkâa [bóŋkãã] n. (1) oil or fat from an animal (2) something oily or full of fat sg: boŋkaanoo 2pl: boŋkaanɛε

boŋkaara [bóŋkáára] *n.* one who watches over something *pl:* boŋkaareba *2pl:* boŋkaarebεε

boŋkaŋa [bʊ́ŋkáŋ] *n.* something *pl:* bommine *Var.* boŋkaŋa

boŋkapala [boŋkapala] *n.* a type of plant *2pl*: **boŋkapalε**ε

boŋkaraa [bᡠŋkáráá] n. a raw, uncooked, or unripe thing pl: boŋkare 2pl: boŋkareε.

boŋkoŋi [bóŋkŏŋ] n. a lean thing pl: boŋkonni 2pl: boŋkonnee

boŋkôɔ [bʊŋkʊ̃ɔ̃] *n.* a watery thing *2pl:* **boŋkoɔnε**ε

boŋkoɔraa [bứŋkứóráá] *n.* (1) crop; something that is cultivated (2) something used for ploughing or farming *pl:* boŋkoɔre, boŋkoɔreɛ

boŋkoɔraa [bʊ́ŋkʊ́ɔ́ráà] *n.* something meant for sale (goods) *pl:* boŋkoɔre 2*pl:* boŋkoɔreε

boŋkorabinzie [bʊ́ŋkʊ́rábinzíé] *n.* museum *pl:* **boŋkorabinziiri**

boŋkore bõɔ

boŋkore [bớŋkớrí] *n.* old thing *pl:* boŋkorɔ *2pl:* boŋkorɛε

boŋkuoŋaa [bʊ́ŋkúoŋáá] n. a dry thing pl: boŋkuoni 2pl: boŋkuone

boŋkũu [bóŋkũũ] *n.* a dead thing *pl:* **bokuuni** *2pl:* **boŋkuunee**

boŋkpɔgɔ [böŋkpɔ́gɔ̀] n. (1) lumps (2) a type of disease whose symptoms are swellings and boils 2pl: boŋkpɔgerεε Var. boŋkpɔga/boŋkpaga

Βοηηο [bóŋŋò] *n.* a traditional festival of Jirapa traditional area

boŋŋmaa [bᡠŋŋmáá] *n.* a piece of something *pl:* **boŋŋmaara** *2pl:* **boŋŋmaarε**ε

boŋŋmaa [bʊ́ŋŋmàà] *n.* the practice of cutting things

boŋŋmaa [bóŋŋmàà] *n.* confining of domestic animals that have been ranging freely (usually at the beginning of the farming season)

boŋŋmare [bʊ́ŋŋmarí] *n.* the act of breaking things *pl:* **boŋŋmarre** *2pl:* **boŋŋmare**.

boŋŋmare [bʊ́ŋŋmàrí] *n.* something that is spoilt (food) *2pl:* **boŋŋmareε**

boŋŋmeɛraa [bóŋŋmféráà] *n.* musical instrument *pl:* **boŋŋmeɛre**

boŋo [bòŋó] *n.* donkey *pl:* **bonni** *2pl:* **bonnee**.

boŋɔ [bờŋɔ́] *adv.* done anyhow *Var.* **boŋa**

boo [bóò] *pron.* which one; which of them (interrogative pronoun) *Var.* **buori**

boo [bහිහි] *adj.* voluminous (dress)

bõo [bỗỗ] *adv.* oily-looking (top of sauce)

boolimbo [bòòlímbò] *n.* taking one by the shoulders and chest (patient) (typically used with kpɛ̞) *pl:* boolimbori *2pl:* boolimboree

boore [bờờrì] ν. to attack suddenly and fiercely, to rush on boorεε, booro, booro, boorebo, booraa, boorebo

boore [bˇv´ori] *n.* of same stalk, species, descendant *pl:* boora *2pl:* boorεε *Var.* booree

boore [bờờrí] *n.* aggrement, plan *2pl:* **boorε**ε

booro [bớớró] *n.* (1) off same type, family (2) seed for planting *sg:* booroo *Var.* boora

boo [bớɔ́] n. goat pl: boore 2pl: booreε

bõo [bỗo] v. to scoop up a large amount of something • O bõo la a kãa poli o eŋε zaa. She scooped up a large amount of lotion and rubbed it all over her body. bõoε, boono, boono, boonema, boonaa

bõo [bõõ] v. snub • A doo suuri iree la ka o man dee bõo nee te loo. The man is so annoyed that he snubs anybody he comes across. bõoe, boono, boono, boonema, boonaa

boobo bosaraa

boɔbo [bʊ́ɔ́bʊ̀] *n.* (1) something that is preferred (2) the act of liking or searching for something

boolaa [bờòlàá] n. (1) call (2) invitation

boole [bờɔli] ν. (1) to call (2) to invite booleε, boolo, boolo, booleba, boolaa, booleba

booraa [bờðráà] n. (1) sack (2) one hundred pounds pl: boore 2pl: boorεε

boore [bờðrí] ν. to smear with thick paste booreε, booro, booro, boorebo, boorebo

booro [bốórò] ν. (1) to like, to love; to desire, to want (2) to need boε, booro, booro, booreba, booraa

booso [bʊ́ɔ́sʊ́] n. bus pl: boosere 2pl: booserεε

bopeε [bờpíέ] *n.* traditional storey building *pl:* bopeereε *2pl:* bopeerεε *Var.* peɛzudie

boraa [bốráá] *n.* a stick used in sowing grains *pl:* borre 2*pl:* borrεε *Var.* boredaa

bore [bờrì] ν. to break part of a lump off in big chunks borεε, bora, boreba, boraa

bore [bòri] ν. to sow, to plant borεε, bora, bora, boreba, boraa, boreba

boredaa [bòrìdàá] *n.* a stick for sowing *pl*: boredaare 2*pl*: boredarεε/boredaarεε.

borenyε [bʊ́ríɲɛ̀] *n.* Christmas *pl:* borenyεre 2*pl:* borenyεrεε

borenmaakpantoli [bòrìnmàáakpántólí] n. a type of large, beautiful bird with a sweet voice pl: borenmaakpantolo 2pl: borenmaakpantolee

boreŋmaao [bờrɨŋmààớ] *n.* a large bird with a strong sweet voice *pl:* boreŋmaane.

borenmanlee [bòrìnmánléé] n. calabash for sowing pl: borenmambili 2pl: borenmambilee

boribara [bòrìbàrà] *adv.* done poorly

boribori [bòrìbórí] v. to carry out poorly (cleaning, talk) boriboree, boriboro, boriboro, boriboribo, boriboraa

boroboro [bòròbòrò] *n.* bread *pl:* boroborri *2pl:* boroboree

boroborozɔŋ [bòròbòròzɔ̂ŋ] *n.* bread flour *2pl:* **boroborozɔnnεε**

boroto [bòròtò] adj. big and round

boroto [bòròtỏ] adv. fall flat • A bie zoro gere te ŋme gbere a gaa te boroto o naŋ le. As the boy ran along he stumbled on a stone and crashed to the ground.

borɔbɛ [bờròbɛ́] *n.* pineapple fruit or plant *pl:* **borɔbɛre** *2pl:* **borɔbɛrɛ**ε

borəborə [bʊrəbʊrə] adj. multicoloured

boroso [bờrósờ] *n.* brush *pl:* borosore 2*pl:* borosorεε

bosaraa [bờsáràà] *n.* young female goat *pl:* bosarre 2*pl:* bosarrεε

bosere bogele

gently.

bosere [bờsíri] *n.* a necklace made of huge beads *pl*: boseε/boserre 2*pl*: boseεε

bovammo [bờvàmmớ] *n.* a type of bow, usually not made from bamboo *pl:* **bovama** *2pl:* **bovannεε**.

bovaraa [bờváràá] *n.* castrated goat *pl:* **bovarre** *2pl:* **bovarre**ε

bowola [bówólá] adv. how many times

boyaa [bóyáá] *interj.* expression of surprise *Var.* boyaaŋ

boyaaŋ [bòyááŋ] *interj.* expression of surprise

boyoɔbo [bờyờɔ́bʊ́] adj. six times boyɔpôi [bờyòpôí] adj. seven times bozeɛ [bờzíɛ́] n. dog pl: bozeere 2pl: bozeerɛε

bo [bo] ν. (1) to search; to look for
N bie boree la soŋ ma ka N
bo. My child is lost; help me look for her. (2) to court, to woo • Dagaaba maŋ bo la poge kye de. The Dagaaba usally court a woman before marriage. (3) to engage in sexual intercourse, to make love

• Ka foon bo nee poge ba na ηme fo la sane yaga. If you make love to a married woman, you will be heavily fined. boε, booro, booro, boorob, booraa, boorebo

bɔ [bɔ] ν. to clean a very dirty place or thing bɔε, boɔrɔ, boɔrɔ, boɔrebɔ, boɔraa, boɔrebɔ

boboe [bóbói] *n.* duck *pl:* boboε 2*pl:* boborεε

bɔbɔlaa [bɔ́bɔ́láá] n. a wild animal like a dog pl: bɔbɔlle 2pl: bɔbɔlɛε bɔe [bɔ́f] n. servant pl: bɔemine bõee [bɔ̃i̇̃i] adv. calmly, slowly • O yeli la ayɛlɛ bõee lɛ. She spoke

boge [bógí] ν. to grind into smooth flour bogεε, bogero, bogero, bogerebo, bogerebo Var. bage

boge [bógí] *v.* (1) to hit with many arrows; to sting or bite many times (insects) (2) to apply poisonous lotion to arrows bogeεε, bogero, bogero, bogerebo, bogeraa, bogerebo *Var.* bage

boge [bógí] ν. to put a fence around something bogεε, bogero, bogero, bogerebo, bogerebo Var. bage

boge [bógí] *n.* (1) shoulder (2) fore limb of an animal *pl:* bogere 2*pl:* bogerεε *Var.* boga/baga

bogebie [bògìbíé] *n.* misfortune *pl:* bogebiiri *2pl:* bogebiiree *Var.* boobie/bagebie

bogebiesoba [bògìbíésóbá] *n.* unfortunate person; unlucky person *pl:* bogebiedeme *Var.* bagebiesoba

bogebogerə [bògìbógró] n. sorcerer, soothsayer pl: bogebogerebo 2pl: bogebogerebεε Var. bagebogera

bogedie [bògìdìè] *n.* room for divining *pl:* bogederi *2pl:* bogederee

bogele [bòglì] v. (1) to stalk (hunting) • Naŋkpaana zaa maŋ

bogemaale bondaa bondaa

bogele la wedoŋɔ a pɔge o ŋmɛ. A hunter will normally stalk a wild animal to get close enough to shoot. (2) to feel, to move one's hand over • A zɔŋɔ bɔgele la a gado zu te nyɛ a o kparoo. The blind man felt along the bed and found his shirt. bɔgelɛɛ, bɔgelɔ, bɔgeleba, bɔgelaa

bogemaale [bògìmààlì] *n.* the act of making sacrifice *pl:* bogemaaleba 2*pl:* bogemaalbεε *Var.* bagemaale

bɔgeŋmampegere [bɔ̀giŋmǎmpígírí] *n.* shoulder *Var.* bageŋmampere

bogeŋmampere [bògìŋmàmpírí] *n.* shoulder blade *pl:* bogeŋmamperre *2pl:* bogeŋmamperεε *Var.* bogeŋmampegere

bogeŋmane [bògìŋmání] n. forearm pl: bogeŋmama 2pl: bogeŋmamεε Var. bageŋmane

bogere [bŏgrí] *n.* part, portion of a whole *2pl:* **bogerεε** *Var.* **bogre**

bogere [bògìrí] *n.* (1) fetish, object believed to embody a spirit (2) sacrifice, offering to a divinity *pl:* bogo/boga *2pl:* bogerεε/bogεε *Var.* bagere

bogesaa [bògsàà] *n.* counsellor for a person being initiated into the bagre cult *pl:* bogesaamine *2pl:* bogesaarεε *Var.* bagesaa

bogeson [bògìsôŋ] n. luck pl: bogesonne 2pl: bogesonnεε Var. bagesoŋ bogetaŋkpolo [bògìtáŋkpóló] n. cult members, those who have gone through the initiation process for a cult pl: bogetaŋkpolli 2pl: bogetaŋkpolee Var. bagetaŋkpolo

bogo [bógò] *n.* track, path (usually left by passing through grassy bush) *pl:* bogere 2*pl:* bogerεε *Var.* boga

bɔgɔ [bɔ́gɔ́] n. shoulder pl: bɔgere 2pl: bɔgerɛε Var. bɔge/bɔga/bage bɔlaa [bɔ̀làà] adv. long, round and smooth

bole [bólí] *n.* ball *pl:* bolo 2*pl:* bolɛε/bollɛε

bole [bòlt] *n.* field rat sg: boloo *pl:* bolo 2*pl:* bollεε

bolembo [bòlìmbó] *n.* bottle *sg:* bolemboroo *pl:* bolembore *2pl:* bolemborεε *Var.* pilintoo

bəll [bàll] adj. long and oblong

bolle [bòlli] ν. (1) to move all over an object (insects) (2) to smear liquid on a surface in an untidy way bollεε, bollo, bollo, bollo, bollaa

bolomboloŋ [bólómbólóŋ] *adj.* smooth and shiny

bomborezeε [bòmbòrzìέ] *n.* a type of snake *pl:* bomborezeere *2pl:* bomborezeerε

bomboroŋ [bŏmbòróŋ] *n.* a type of snake *pl:* bomborre *2pl:* bomborεε

bomporo [bòmpóró] *n.* mumps • . *pl:* bomporre 2*pl:* bomporεε.

bondaa [bòndáá] *n.* lizard (variation of 'bandaa'(individual) and

boŋenaa bugi

'baŋa'(dialectal)) pl: bondaare 2pl: bondarεε Var. bandaa

boŋenaa [bóŋínáá] *n.* type of tree, medicinal *pl:* boŋene *2pl:* boŋenεε

boŋeno [bòŋínó] *n.* witty person *pl:* boŋenema *2pl:* boŋenemεε

bɔŋɔ [bòŋó] *n.* lizard *pl:* bɔnne 2*pl:* bɔnnεε Var. baŋa/bɔŋa

boŋɔ [bóŋó] *n.* bangle *pl:* bonne *2pl:* bonneε *Var.* baŋa

bɔɔ [bɔò] ν. to dress very well bɔɔɛ, bɔɔrə, bɔɔrə, bɔɔrə, bɔɔrebɔ, bɔɔraa, bɔɔrebɔ

bɔɔderoo [bɔ̀ɔdírʊ́ʊ́] *n.* plantain sg: bɔɔderoo pl: bɔɔdeε 2pl: bɔɔdeerεε

boodoa [bòòdóáá] *n.* towel *pl:* boodoore *2pl:* boodooreε

boore [bòòrí] *n.* sacrifice, deity *pl:* bobo *Var.* bogre

bore [bóri] ν. to break off a large chunk (from a bigger mass) borεε, boro, boroba, boraa, boreba

bore [bòrì] ν. to blossom, to flourish (plants) borεε, boro, boro, borebo, boraa

bore [bòrì] *v.* to get lost, to go astray; to make a mistake borεε, boro, borebo, boraa

bore [bɔrí] *n.* puff adder; a thick large poisonous snake *pl:* borre *2pl:* boreε *Var.* bosere

boreferoo [bòrífírថថ] *n.* pawpaw *pl:* boreferre 2*pl:* boreferreε

Borefo [bòrìfó] n. English pl: borefore 2pl: boreforεε Var. boro/naasaaleŋ

bu [bù] v. (1) to get wet • Saa poo la a tontonema ka ba bonsuuri zaa bu. The rain beat down on the workers and soaked all their clothes. (2) to mix dry powder with liquid or oil (mortar) • A demeere bu la tene na me a dankyini. The mason has prepared mortar to build the wall with. bue, buuro, buuro, buuribo, buuraa, buuribo

bu [bú] v. to measure (liquid), to calculate • Ba bu la kãã bəlembəre ata eŋ a doge poɔ. The have measured out three bottles of oil into the pot. bue, buuro, buuro, buuribo, buuraa, buuribo

bu [bú] v. (1) to ponder, to reflect • N bu la a yele n zu poo lee kye N naŋ ba baŋ a pare. I've pondered over the issue for some time now, but I can't seem to come to terms with it. (2) to respect, to value • Ka fooŋ ba bu ma N meŋ koŋ bu fo. If you don't respect me, I wont respect you either. bue, buuro, buuro, buuro, buuribo, buuraa, buuribo

bufuli [bùfúlí] *n.* a blood-sucking maggot-like worm, usually found under floors *pl:* bufulo *2pl:* bufulee

bugagu [bùgàgú] n. a type of
tree, medicinal pl: bugaguri 2pl:
bugaguree

bugi [bùgì] v. (1) to be confused,

bugi buluuri

to be perplexed (2) to be drunk • O yãã nyu la dãã bugi. As usual, he has been drinking and is drunk. bugee., bugiro, bugiro, bugiribo, bugiraa

bugi [búgí] v. to pound into powder
Ba bugi a kyooma na to kãã.
The shea nuts have been pounded into powder in order to prepare shea butter. bugee, bugro, bugro, bugribo, bugraa

bugi [búgí] v to make fresh mounds (farming) • A koɔraa bugi la o weɛ yuoni ŋa azuiŋ o bɛŋɛ wɔŋɛɛ la soŋ. The farmer made fresh mounds; consequently, he had a good yield of beans. bugee, bugro, bugro, bugribo, bugraa

bugikpara [bùgìkpárá] *n.* a moulded granary with two apartments *pl:* bugkparre *2pl:* bugkparεε

bugili [búgílì] v. to tend (seed) bugilee, bugilo, bugilo, bugilo, bugiloo, bugilaa, - *Var.* buuli/buoli

bugiliŋe [bùglíŋé] n. lid for a barn or granary pl: bugilinni 2pl: bugilinnee

bugimoo [bùgìmớɔ] *n.* a type of grass, the straw of which is mixed with clay to build a granary *sg:* bugimoɔnoo *2pl:* bugimoɔnɛε

bugipelaa [bùgìpìlàá] n. a small granary pl: bugipeεle 2pl: bugipeεlεε bugita [búgítà] n. kettle pl: bugitare 2pl: bugitareε

bugo [bùgó] *n.* granary *pl:* bugri *2pl:* bugree

bukulo₁ [búkúló] adv. perish completely • A vũũ di la yiri zaa bukulo. Fire has burnt the house completely.

bulee [búléé] *n.* well *pl:* bulli *2pl:* bullee

buli [búlí] v. (1) to germinate, to sprout, to grow out from • Ba bore la kyi kyɛ a naŋ ba buli sɛre. They have sown millet, but it has not germinated yet. (2) to spring up, to ooze (water) • Te tu la a bulee ka o sigi kyɛ o naŋ ba buli kõɔ. We have dug the well quite deep, but water has not started to flow. bulee, bulo, bulo, bulibo, bulaa, bulibo

buli [búlí] n. sprout pl: bulo

buliba [búlíbà] ν. to run fast bulibaε, bulobaara, bulibaara, bulibaareba, bulibaaraa

bulinimiri [bùlnímírì] *n*. the point in a well from which water flows out *pl*: **bulinimie** *2pl*: **bulinimiree**

bulli [bùllì] v. to collect bits of water flowing from a well or hole (e.g. during draught) bullee, bullo, bullo, bullo, bullo, bullo, bullo

bulo [bùlò] *n.* soup from seed or nuts (beans, groundnuts) *2pl:* bulee/bullee

bulugiri [bùlùgrí] n. a container made from a gourd pl: bulugo 2pl: bulugiree Var. buluuri

buluuri [bùlùùrí] *n.* a fat goat *2pl:* buluuree. *Var.* bulugiri

bumbunturi buuli

bumbunturi [bùmbùntùrì] *n.* a type of tree with edible fruits *pl:* **bumbunturri** *2pl:* **bumbunturee**

buŋi [búŋ] v. to get mouldy (seed) buŋee, buŋino, buŋino, buŋinimo, buŋinaa, buŋinimo

buo [búò] *pron.* which one (interrogative pronoun) *Var.* **buori**

buoli [búólì] v. to nurse (a seedling) buolee, buolo, buolo, buolibo, buolaa, buolibo *Var.* buuli/bugili

buori [bùòrì] v. to hurt buoree, buoro, buoro, buoribo, buoraa, buoribo

buori [bùórì] *pron.* which (interrogative pronoun) *Var.* buo/boo: abuo/abobo

buri [bùrì] v. to soften by moistening • O buri la a gane a na tõõsse a woo. He softened the leather so he could sew the bag. buree, buro, buro, buribo, buraa, buribo

buri [bùrì] ν. to gain weight • Beri ayi ŋa a dɔɔ ŋmeene na leε buri la o zaa. Lately, that lean man has been putting on weght. buree, buro, buro, buribo, buraa, buribo

buri [búrí] v. to immerse a container in liquid or powder to fill it buree, buro, buro, buribo, buraa, buro

buriburi [bùrìbúrí] v. to be confused buriburee, buriburo, buriburo, buriburibo, buriburaa, buriburibo

buriburi [búríbúrí] *n.* state of confusion

burimo [bùrìmó] *n.* a type of wild animal the size of a zebra *pl*: **burri** *2pl*: **burree**

buro [bùró] adj. in dry powdered form (flour) • O noŋ la zomburo mogebo. He likes eating unsoaked flour. pl: burri 2pl: burree

buroni [bùròní] *n.* white man *pl:* buroniri *2pl:* buroniree

buroŋ-buroŋ [búróŋ-búróŋ] adv. done haphazardly (without order) • A yɛlɛ deɛ waa la buromburoŋ lɛ. The case is just in a confused state. Var. buromburoŋ

burri [búrri] v. to fool, to outwit
imperf. .perf. . agent: burree, burro, burro, buribo, burraa, burro

buseli [búsélí] *n.* very heavy object *pl:* busele *2pl:* buselee

buulaa [bùùláá] *n.* playground *pl:* buuli *2pl:* buulee

buuli [bùùlí] *n.* an insect that makes honey in the ground *pl:* buulo *2pl:* buulee *Var.* wirikuoluŋ

buuli [búúlí] *n.* bells worn on the wrist to play xylophone *pl:* buulo *2pl:* buulee

buuli [búúlì] v. nurse (seed) • O buuli la kommie a dabɔge poɔ. She has nursed tomoto seed in the garden. buulee, buulo, buulo, buulibo, buulaa, buulibo Var. buoli/bugili

buuli [bùùlì] v. to boil (first stage in making porridge paste; saabo) buulee, buulo, buulo, buulibo, buulaa, buulo

buuli daa

buuli [bùùlì] v. to murmur, to grumble • Ka o poɔŋ sãã o maŋ buuli la yɛlɛ yaga. When she is sad, she grumbles a lot. buulee, buulo, buulo, buulibo, buulaa, buulo

buulo [búúló] *n*. something that complements or adorns another thing • *Nɔtoro e la dɔɔ noɔre buulo*. A mustache complements a man's mouth.

buulunwala [bùùlùnwálá] *n.* light porridge *2pl:* buulunwalεε

buulunwoolo [bùùlùnwớóló] *n.* porridge used in the preparation of TZ 2pl: buulunwoolεε Var. buulunwoola

buulun [búúlún] *n.* porridge *2pl:* buulunee

buuluŋ [bùúlúŋ] n. fleshy portion (meat) pl: buulo 2pl: buulee

d

da [dà] part. past tense marker • Bada wa la kyε. They came here.

da [dà] *n.* time in the past; olden days

da [dá] v. (1) to push (pl) (2) to blow (wind) (3) to wander (in the bush)
• A naŋkpaana da la moɔ yaga kyɛ ba nyɛ nɛne. The hunter wandered all day but did not get any game. daɛ, daara, daareba, daaraa, daareba da lɔɔ to push or blow down

da [dà] ν. to buy daε, daara, daara, dareba, daaraa, daareba

daa [dàá] *n.* stick, piece of wood *pl:* daare 2*pl:* darεε

daa [dàá] *n.* market; place for buying and selling • *Ba maŋ ti la sampare daa poɔ*. Sheds are often put up at the marketplace. (1) day or occasion for buying and selling • *Wa*

daa ane Kaane daa la maŋ laŋ kpε. The Wa market day and Kaane market day fall on the same day. pl: daare 2pl: darεε

daa [dàá] *n.* week (six-day) • *O naŋ wa kyɛ, o daare ayi la.* It is two weeks since he came here. *pl:* daare 2*pl:* darεε

daa [dàá] n. cost, price • Sẽẽ saŋa bondirii daa maŋ do la. The cost of food rises during the middle of the farming season. pl: daare 2pl: darεε Var. daaroŋ

daa [dàá] n. gun pl: daare 2pl: darεε

daa [dáá] adv. last time • O daa wa la kyε? Did s/he come here last time? Var. daare

daa [dáà] ν. to push daaε, daara, dareba, daaraa, dareba

daa [dáá] *adj.* male (nonhuman) *pl:* daare/daε 2*pl:* darεε/daarεε

dãa daama

- dãa [dẫã] n. (1) brewed drink, alcoholic beverage (pito) (2) container of drink sg: daamo pl: daanεε
- dâabeene [dããbííní] *n.* fermented pito *pl:* dâabeemε
- **dâabeerε** [dẫãbììré] *n.* second stage in brewing pito *2pl:* **dâabeerεε**
- dâabele [dẫábílí] *n.* pito yeast *pl:* dâabelε 2*pl:* dâabelεε
- dâabinnaa [dãábìnnáà] *n.* pito reserved for a regular customer *pl:* dâabinni *2pl:* dâabinnee
- **dãabiri** [dẫabírí] *n.* residue from pito (local beer) *2pl:* **dãabiree**
- dâabiri [dẫabírì] *n.* chaff of pito malt *2pl:* dâabiree/dâabirree.
- daadaa [dáádáá] adv. straight ahead
- dâada $[d\tilde{a}\tilde{a}d\tilde{a}]$ *n*. the act of buying alcohol
- daa-daa [dàá-dàá] adv. weekly; from time to time • Daa-daa ka a doota maŋ wa. The doctor comes every week.
- dâadaara [dããdáárá] *n.* one who buys alcohol *pl:* dâadareba *2pl:* dâadarebεε
- dâadagoli [dããdàgólí] *n.* one who loves drinking alcholic beverages *pl:* dâadagolo *2pl:* dâadagolee
- dâadie [dẫẩdìè] *n.* pito shop *pl:* dâaderi *2pl:* dâaderee
- dâadoge [dẫádógí] n. pito pot or pot of pito pl: dâadoggre 2pl: dâadogreε

- dâadogerə [dẫadớgró] *n.* brewer, one who brews alcohol *pl:* dâadogerebə 2*pl:* dâadogerebεε
- **dãafaare** [dẫáfáárí] *n.* bad alcoholic beverage *2pl:* **dããfaarεε**
- da\(\text{Mafaraa}\) [d\(\text{Mafaraá}\)] n. wellfermented pito pl: d\(\text{a\text{a\text{farare}}}\) 2pl: d\(\text{a\text{a\text{farare}}}\)
- dãagyemε [dẫágyímέ] n. pito soda
- dâagyemε [dãâgyìmè] *n.* soda from pito brewing 2*pl*: dâagyemεε/dâagyennεε
- dâakaraa [dãá⊠káráá] *n.* unfermented pito *pl:* dâakare *2pl:* dâakare.
- **dâakonni** [dẫakònnì] *n.* pito that is fermenting
- **dãakoɔre** [dãákớɔ́rí] *n.* residue of pito from the last brewing stage *2pl:* **dãakoɔrɛ**ε
- dâakəgere [dẫâkógrf] *n.* the first stage of pito brewing *2pl:* dâakəgerεε
- **dãakuoli** [dããkúólì] *n.* drunkenness, condition of being drunk
- da\(\text{akuolo}\) [d\(\text{aM\(\text{akuolo}\)}\) [d\(\text{aM\(\text{akuolibo}}\)] \(n.\) drunk \(pl:\) da\(\text{Makuolibe}\) akuolibee
- daale [dààlt] v. to float; to be suspended (on liquid) Ka fooŋ kyiri kãã eŋ kõɔ poɔ a maŋ iri daale la. If oil is poured into water it will float on the top. daalεε, daala, daaleba, daalaa, daaleba
- daama [dáámá] n. state of ease; freedom Ka a toma ŋaŋ wa baare Nna nyɛ la daama fẽẽ. When this

Daana dâatuo

work is over I shall be free a bit. 2pl: daamεε

Daana [dááná] n. God

daana [dááná] *n.* owner, lord, master *pl:* daanema *2pl:* daanemεε *Var.* daŋena

daane [dàànì] v. (1) to change, to make different • O naŋ gaa o sori na te waana la ka o daane (la) o zaa. Returning from his trip he had changed completely. (2) to steer, to redirect, to turn away • O poɔ sãaɛ la ka o daane o niŋe bare ziyuo. She was sad and turned her face away. daanɛɛ, daana, daana, daanema, daanaa, daanema

daanyu [dã \hat{a} nú] n. the act of drinking alcohol

daanyuuro [daanyuuro] n. (1) an alcoholic, a habitual drinker of alcohol (2) a person who is drinking alcohol pl: daanyuuribo 2pl: daanyuribee

dãaŋmane [dãáŋmání] n. (1) calabash used for drinking pito (2) a calabash of pito pl: dãaŋmama 2pl: dãaŋmamæε

dãapare [dẫãpárí] *n.* residue of pito from the pot *2pl:* **dãaparεε**

da⊠apelaa [dá⊠á⊠pìlàá] *n.* palm wine *pl:* da⊠apeεle *2pl:* da⊠apeεlεε

dâapɔge [dẫapɔgf] n. pito brewer or seller pl: dâapɔgeba 2pl: dâapɔgebεε/dâapɔgrεε

daare [dààrì] v. to get out of control. (bad behaviour) • Ka

bibileŋ ba nyɛ wuluu velaa o bile saŋa, o maŋ daare la. If a child does not get good guidance during his early life, he gets out of hand. daarɛɛ, daara, daareba, daaraa, daareba

daare [dààrí] *n.* firewood (collective) 2*pl:* daarεε

daare [dáárí] *adv.* (1) day before yesterday; (2) last time *Var.* daa

daaroŋ [dààróŋ] n. cost of • Uoni saŋa kommie daaroŋ maŋ e la kpeɛŋaa. During the dry season the cost of tomatoes goes high.

dâasenyoəle [dẫásípóślí] n. (1) sugar ant (2) one who likes drinking alcohol pl: dâasenyoolo/dãasenyoola 2pl: dâasenyoole

dâa-so [dãã-sò] *n*. a ritual that involves bathing a corpse with pito before burial

dãasunni [dãásúnní] *n.* sticky substance from pito sg: dãasunnuu 2pl: dãasunnee

dãasuoro [dãasúóró] n. a corpse that is to be bathed with pito before burial pl: dãasuoribo 2pl: dãasuoribee

dãatambalaaraa [dẫãtámbálááráá] *n.* sweet pito *2pl:* **dãatambalaarεε**

da\(da\) da\(da\) da\(da\) da\(da\) da\(da\) da deere 2pl: da\(da\) da deere 2pl: da\(da\) da deere ε

dâatuo [dãátúó] *n.* pito meant for a ritual *pl:* dâatuuri *2pl:* dâatuuree

daayi dabolore

- daayi [dááyí] v. to stand out daa yiee, daara yire, daayire, daayiribe, daayiraa
- dãazeε [dããzìέ] *n.* locally brewed beer (pito) *2pl:* dãazerεε/dãazeerεε
- dâazu [dããzú] *n*. the first pito to be poured from the pot *pl*: dâazuri *2pl*: dâazuree
- dãazukpala [dẫázúkpálá] *n.* pito without yeast froth *2pl:* dãazukpalεε *Var.* dãazukpoli
- dabaala [dàbáálà] *n.* effort, struggle *2pl:* dabaalɛɛ *Var.* dabagla
- dabaaraa [dàbááráá] *n.* a threeforked stick on which pots or calabashes are placed *pl*: dabaare 2*pl*: dabaarεε.
- dabagelakala [dàbáglàkálà] interj. an expression of surprise at something great A poge tõo loo la a doo, dabagelakala. The woman was able to throw the man down; that's great!
- dabaŋkalɛ [dàbàŋkálɛ́] n. looking back with dissatisfaction; had I known, regret, remorse Selaa de zeɛ la a nɔlee kaŋa, ka N da baŋ ka lɛ N pɔge a. A hawk has snatched one of the chickens; if I had known, I would have put them in a pen.
- dabaŋkoroŋ [dàbàŋkóróŋ] n. prior knowledge A seŋ ka karemamine maŋ de karembiiri dabaŋkoroŋ wuli ba. Teachers should base their teaching on pupils' prior knowledge.

- dabe⊠e [dàbff] n. (1) juice (2) semen pl: dabeene 2pl: dabeenεε/dabeenεε
- dabe [dàb f Δ ε] n. (1) fear (2) danger, fearsome A vũuzele taa la dabē ε. The burning flame is looking dangerous. pl: dabe εmε 2pl: dabe εnε ε
- dabeεmε [dàbìέmὲ] n. coward Nyε, a dɔɔŋ leɛ zoro, dabeɛmɛ la. Look, the man is running away, he is a coward. 2pl: dabeεmεε
- dabegere [dábígírí] *n.* (1) piece of, portion (2) paragraph *pl:* dabegε 2*pl:* dabegerεε
- dabegere [dábígírí] *n*. (1) a type of white ant (2) the nest of such ants *pl*: dabegε 2*pl*: dabegerεε
- dabilikpeo [dàbìlkpíó] *n*. a type of tree with medicinal properties and edible fruits
- dabilkaŋkanyogelə [dàbìlka- ΄ŋkáŋớgló] n. small twigs used as firewood, kindling 2pl: dabilkaŋkanyoglεε Var. dabilkaŋkanyogla
- dabiltuo [dàbìltúó] *n.* a bitter herb used to treat abdominal problems *pl:* dabiltuuri *2pl:* dabiltuuree.
- dabodabo [dábốdábố] n. duck pl: dabodabore 2pl: dabodaboreε.
- dabogi [dàbògí] *n.* hole in a tree *pl:* dabogri *2pl:* dabogree.
- dabolore [dàbólòrì] *n.* a type of tree with medicinal properties and edible fruits *2pl:* dabolorεε

daboorabəge daguo

- daboorabɔge [dàbòòrábɔ́gí] n. praying mantis pl: daboorabɔgere 2pl: daboorabɔgerεε
- daboze⊠e [dàbòzĩi] n. a type of small brown bird pl: dobazeene 2pl: dobazeeneε
- **dabɔge** [dàbɔ̀gí] *n.* a type of large bird (carnivorous) *pl:* **dabɔgere** *2pl:* **dabɔgerɛ**ε
- dabɔgɔ [dàbɔ́gɔ] n. fenced enclosure; garden pl: dabɔgre 2pl: dabɔgrεε Var. dabɔga/dabɔge
- dabəle [dàbəlí] *n.* round smooth stick, club *pl:* dabələ *2pl:* dabəlεε
- dabəlmakasogi [dábəlmákásògí] n. a type of tall straw hat pl: dabəlmakasogiri 2pl: dabəlmakasogiree Var. dabəlkasogi/dabəlkosogi
- **Dabuo** [dàbúó] *n*. name traditionally given to one born after the death of the father *pl*: **Dabumine** *2pl*: **Dabuuree**
- dabuo [dàbúó] *n.* abandoned house *pl:* dabori *2pl:* daboree
- `dabuori [dàbúóri] *pron.* when (interrogative pronoun) *Dabuori ka fo tu fo sori na?* When will you make your trip?
- **dadagere** [dàdàgírí] *n.* a kind of fish *pl:* **dadaga** *2pl:* **dadagerεε**
- daduni [dàdúní] n. wood weevil pl: dadunni 2pl: dadunnee
- daga [dágà] n. box pl: dagere 2pl: dagerεε
- **Dagaare** [dàgàárì] *n.* Dagaare; a language of the Moore-Gurma family

- 2pl: dagaarεε Var. Dagara
- dagaaren [dàgààrìn] adj. done according to the practices of the Dagaaba Ziyuo νεηεε la ka Dagaaren deε bərə. Civilisation is killing most of the traditional practices of the Dagaaba.
- dagalaa [dàgàláà] *n.* a large, long plank used to support weak structures *pl:* dagalle 2*pl:* dagallεε
- dagaŋgaanaa [dàgàŋgàànáà] n. large vine of a creeping or climbing plant pl: dagaŋgaane 2pl: dagaŋgaanæ Var. gaŋgaanaa
- dagaŋgaŋ [dàgàŋgáŋ] n. wit A bie taa la dagaŋgaŋ, fo na yeli ka sõɔ. The child is so full of wit that it might be attributed to witchraft. pl: dagaŋganne 2pl: dagaŋganneε
- Dagao [dàgáờ] *n.* (1) native speaker of Dagaare (2) the homeland of the speakers of Dagaare *pl:* Dagaaba 2*pl:* Dagaabεε *Var.* Dagara
- Dagara [dàgàrà] *n.* the Dagaare language (North Dagaare variant) *Var.* Dagao
- dagaraa [dàgàráà] *n.* (1) cross; symbol of Christianity (2) crossbeam *pl:* dagarre *2pl:* dagarrεε
- dageline [dágelíné] *n.* lid of a box *pl:* dagelinni *2pl:* daglinnee.
- dagoli [dagoli] *n.* cudgel; a throwing stick (usually hook-shaped at one end) *pl:* dagolo *2pl:* dagolee/dagollee
- daguo [dàgùó] *n.* club with a knobbed end; a short, large-headed

Dagbεmmo dakpele

- piece of wood used for breaking mud-built walls and lumps of earth pl: dagori 2pl: dagoree/dagorree. Var. guo
- Dagbemmo [dàgbémmớ] *n.* a native speaker of the Dagbaane language *pl:* Dagbenne *2pl:* Dagbenneε
- **Dagbenne** [Dàgbénní] *n.* Dagbaane language *2pl:* **dagbennεε**
- Dagbennoo [dàgbénnóó] n. a native speaker of the Dagbaane language pl: Dagbenne 2pl: Daggbennee. Var. Dagbemmo
- dagboli [dàgbólí] *n.* large piece of wood (firewood) *pl:* dagbolo *2pl:* dagbolee
- dagbollo [dàgbólló] *n.* the fifth day from now *pl:* dagbolli *2pl:* dagbollee
- dagbuli [dàgbùlí] *n.* the act of buying as a whole *pl:* dagbulo *2pl:* dagbulee
- **dagbulo** [dàgbùló] *n.* appellation of a kinship group
- dagyu [dàdzú] *n*. a type of large, hairy spider; believed to be poisonous *pl*: dagyuri *2pl*: dagyuree.
- daha [dáhá] *n.* a type of game similar to chess *pl:* dahare *Var.* dara
- dakala [dàkálá] *n.* dried sperm *2pl:* dakallεε
- dakogi [dàkógí] *n.* chair, stool *pl:* dakogiri *2pl:* dakogiree
- dakogidellaa [dàkògìdélláá] *n.* chair with a back *pl:* dakogidelle

- dakogilee [dàkògìléé] *n.* small stool *pl:* dakogibilii *2pl:* dakogibilee
- dakoəre [dàkờərí] *n.* bachelor *pl:* dakoəre *2pl:* dakoəre .
- **dakoɔroŋ** [dàkớɔ́rʊ́ŋ] *n.* celibacy
- Dakoraa [dàkóráá] *n.* name traditionally given to a reincarnated male child *pl:* dakormine *2pl:* dakorεε/dakorrεε.
- dakoraa [dàkòràá] *n.* walking stick with a curved top *pl:* dakorri *2pl:* dakoree/dakorree
- dakoron [dàkờrờn] *n.* former times; olden days *Var.* dasana
- dakɔɔre [dàkɔ́ɔrí] n. armlet made from enamel pl: dakɔbɔ 2pl: dakɔɔrεε
- dakɔɔre [dàkɔ́ɔrí] n. cob (maize) pl: dakɔbɔ 2pl: dakɔɔrεε
- dakuoŋaa [dàkúóŋáá] n. dry or dead wood pl: dakuoni/dakuomo 2pl: dakuonee
- Dakpaa [dàkpàá] *n.* (1) name of a village (2) a kinship group
- **dakpaa** [dàkpáà] *n.* a type of wasp *pl:* **dakpaare** *2pl:* **dakpaarε**ε
- **Dakpaaloo** [dàkpáálốố] *n.* member of the Dakpaa kinship group *pl:* **Dakpaalεε**
- dakpalori₁ [dàkpàlórí] *n.* a type of small bug that sucks blood (usually found in crevices of walls) *sg:* dakpaloruu *pl:* dakpaloree *2pl:* dakpaloree
- dakpele [dàkpílí] *n.* hard wood *pl:* dakpelε 2*pl:* dakpelεε

dakpiri dalogi

- dakpiri [dàkpíri] *n.* stump *sg:* dakpirruu *pl:* dakpirri *2pl:* dakpiree/dakpirree *Var.* dakpaa, daŋmaparekpiri
- Dakpəge [dàkpə́gí] n. a kinship group pl: dakpəgə
- dakyage [dàʧàgí] *n.* lazy chair (for men), deckchair or sun lounger *pl:* dakyagre 2*pl:* dakyagreε
- dakyara [dàtʃárà] n. forked piece of wood pl: dakyɛrre 2pl: dakyɛrreɛ
- **Dakyeeloo** [dàʧíɪlʊʊ́] *n.* member of some type of kinship (Dakyeɛ) group *pl*: dakyeelεε
- dakyeerekpaglaga [dàʧ)trìkpàglágá] n. a type of tree pl: dakyeerekpaglagre 2pl: dakyeerekpaglagrεε
- dakyeε [dàtʃíε] *n.* brother- or sisterin-law *pl:* dakyeere/dakyemine 2*pl:* dakyeerεε
- **dakyeεraa** [dàʧîὲráà] *n.* tree meant to be felled *pl:* **dakyeεre**
- dakyeεraa [dàʧíέráá] *n.* something used for cutting wood *pl:* dakyeεre
- dakyeεreko [dàʧíέrékò] *n.* woodpecker *pl:* dakyeεrekori *2pl:* dakyeεrekoree *Var.* tekoliŋkuoraa
- dakye-nəguu [dàtʃì-nɔ́gùu]] *n.* parrot *pl:* dakye-nəguuri *2pl:* dakye-nəguuree
- dakyeraa [dàtʃîráa] *n.* (1) canary (2) parrot (3) weaver (bird) or weaverbird *pl:* dakyerre 2*pl:* dakyerrεε *Var.* dakyeε
- dakyε [dàʧέ] n. carelessness N nεεse dakyε la so ka a bie kpi.

- The child died because of the nurse's carelessness.
- dala [dàlà] *n*. conceited talk; arrogance, self-importance *A pogelee zagere la a toma kyε yele o dala*. The girl refused to do the work and put on airs.
- dalaa [dàlàá] *n.* small drum, made with hide and the rim of a pot *pl:* dalle 2*pl:* dalleε Var. dalaraa
- dalaraa [dàláràà] n. small drum, made with hide and the rim of a pot (Northern Dagaare pl: dalarre 2pl: dalarεε Var. dalaa
- dalee [dàléé] *n.* dry twig *pl:* dabili *2pl:* dabilee *Var.* delee
- daleerε [dàlíírέ] *n.* total knowledge of *A nannyige daleerε zaa ka a polisri baŋ*. The police have gotten to know all the thief's tricks.
- dalege [dàlígí] n. stampede pl: dalegre 2pl: dalegrεε
- dalempoo [dàlímpóó] *n.* an area without vegetation cover *pl:* dalempoore *2pl:* dalempoorεε *Var.* dampoo
- dalendeεloo [dàlíndíέlờớ] *n.* leech; a blood-sucking aquatic worm *pl:* dalendeεlε *2pl:* dalendeεlεε
- daliiri [dàlíírì] *n.* substance *O yelε na o naŋ yeli ba taa daliiri.* There is no substance in his/her speech.(is useless). *2pl:* daliiree
- dalogeraa [dàlógráá] n. wood bug pl: dalogere 2pl: dalogerεε
- dalogi [dàlógì] *n.* an area where woman pile up firewood for use in

daloraa dankyinsegeraa

the kitchen *pl:* dalogri *2pl:* dalogree

- daloraa [dàlòràá] *n.* neat stack of firewood *pl:* dalorri *2pl:* daloree
- dalugiri [dàlúgrí] *n*. Y-shaped plank that supports roof beams *pl*: dalugo *2pl*: dalugiree
- daluri [dàlúri] *n.* a type of calabash *pl:* dalurri *2pl:* daluree
- damadama [dàmàdàmà] *adj.* big, large, extensive
- damagara [dàmàgàrà] *n.* act of showing wit; adeptness *pl:* damagarre 2*pl:* damagarεε.
- damannaa [dàmánnáá] n. (1) measuring stick (2) example, comparison (3) simile (lit.) pl: damanne 2pl: damanneε
- dambo [dàmbó] n. ($z\varepsilon$ —) of soup not spiced pl: dambori 2pl: damboree
- damboli [dàmbólì] *n.* stupid or foolish person *pl:* dambolo *2pl:* dambolee
- **damɔlɔ** [dàmɔ́l] *n.* cheap price (be inexpensive)
- dampoo [dàmpóó] *n.* short form of dalempoo *pl:* dampoore 2*pl:* dampoorεε
- **dampuori** [dàmpúórí] *n.* the back of a house *pl:* **dampoe** *2pl:* **damporee**
- **damui** [dàmùí] *n.* a type of tree with medicinal properties
- dandamiine [dàndàmiíné] *n.* a type of red ant (found in

- trees) pl: dandamiime 2pl: dandamiimee/dandamiinee Var. gyangyamiime
- dandayieni₁ [dándáyíéní] *n.* a type of small toad *pl:* dandayieme *2pl:* dandayiemee/dandayienee *Var.* dayieni
- dandɔɔ [dàndɔ́ɔ] n. owner (male) pl: dandɔbɔ 2pl: dandɔbεε
- danduli [dàndúlí] *n.* caterpillar, worm *pl:* dandulo *2pl:* dandulee *Var.* dunduli
- daneenε [dàníínέ] n. the fifth day from today pl: daneene 2pl: daneenεε Var. daneŋenε
- danegere [dànígrí] *n.* a type of honeycomb where bees store their food *pl:* danegε 2*pl:* danegerεε *Var.* sedanegre
- daneŋenε [dàníŋínέ] n. the sixth day from today pl: daneŋene 2pl: daneŋenεε
- danfaraŋ [dànfàràŋ] adj. numb
- dankyimmiri [dàntʃimmíri] n. layer of a wall; horizontal layer of plaster pl: dankyimmie 2pl: dankyimmiree
- dankyini [dànʧíní] *n.* wall *pl:* dankyime *2pl:* dankyimee/dankyinnee. *Var.* daŋkyini
- dankyin-ŋmaa [dǎntʃĭn-ŋmáá] *n.* broken wall (reduced in height) *pl:* dankyin-ŋmaara *2pl:* dankyin-ŋmaarεε
- dankyinsegeraa [dǎntʃīnségráá] n. chalkboard (writing wall) pl: dankyinsegre 2pl: dankyinsegree

dankyinsəglaa daŋgbale

- dankyinsəglaa [dăntʃinsɔ́gláá]

 n. blackboard (black wall) pl:
 dankyinsəgle
- dankyinsəəraa [dǎntʃǐnsɔʻɔ́ráá] n. blackboard (blackened wall) pl: dankyinsəəre 2pl: dankyinsəərεε
- dankyiŋkogilaa [dànʧînkógláá] *n.* inner corner of a wall e.g. a room *pl:* dankyiŋkogli/dankyiŋkoglo *2pl:* dankyiŋkoglee
- dankyo [dántʃó] *n.* single-barreled gun *pl:* dankyori *2pl:* dankyoree
- danne [dánnì] ν. to praise danneε, danna, danna, danema, dannaa, danema Var. denne
- dannoŋ [dànnóŋ] n. praise
- danooraa [dànớớráá] n. a type of wood bug pl: danoore 2pl: danoores
- danse [dánsi] *n.* a paid dance session *pl:* dansere *2pl:* danserεε
- danse ϵ [dánsí ϵ] n. witness pl: danseere 2pl: danseer ϵ
- danseεsoba [dánsíésóbá] *n.* witness *pl:* danseεdeme
- **Danteε** [dàntíέ] *n.* a town in the Upper West Region
- **Danteεloo** [dàntfέlớớ] *n.* a member of the Danteε clan *pl*: **Danteεlε**ε
- dantin [dàtín] *n.* a type of tree *pl:* dantinni *2pl:* dantinnee
- danwẽε [dànwė̃ε̃] adj. first, ahead Bayuo la a zoobu danwẽε soba. Bayuo is the first in the race.

- danyagela [dàpáglá] *n.* the sixth day coming *pl:* danyaegle 2*pl:* danyagelεε
- danyagere [dàpágrɪ] *n.* root *pl:* danyaga *2pl:* danyagerεε
- danyane [dànán] adj. quickly, fast
- daŋ [dàŋ] *adj.* before *O daŋ kpε la aloopelee*. S/he has travelled by plane before.
- daŋaa [dàŋàá] *n.* hearth; fireplace for cooking *pl*: danne 2*pl*: dannεε
- daŋaa [dàŋàà] *adj.* big and heavy
- daŋe [dáŋ] v. to be ahead of; to beat, to be the first to do something N na daŋ fo la ta. I will get there before you. daŋεε, danna, danna, danema, dannaa, danema
- daŋe [dàŋ] v. (1) be early Zenε, o daŋe la toma waabo. Today s/he came to work early. (2) come earlier Zenε, o daŋe la toma waabo gaŋe bebiri zaa. Today s/he came to work earlier than all other days. daŋεε, danna, danna, danema, dannaa, danema
- daŋena [dáŋíná] *n.* stack of pots on top of one another *pl:* daŋene 2*pl:* daŋenεε
- dangoone [dàngớóní] n. cliff pl: dangoomo 2pl: dangoonεε
- daŋgbala [dáŋgbála] n. bare and open place pl: daŋgballe 2pl: daŋgbalɛε
- dangbale [dàngbàlí] n. walking stick pl: dangbala 2pl: dangbalεε/dangballεε

daŋkasaŋ dare

- daŋkasaŋ [dáŋkásáŋ] *adj.* bloated-looking
- daŋkuuri [dàŋkúúrí] n. stone used to support a cooking pot in the hearth pl: daŋkubo/daŋkurri 2pl: daŋkuree/daŋkuuree
- daŋŋa [dáŋŋá] n. mischief
- Daŋyi [dàŋyí] n. name traditionally given to the firstborn of a set of twins Var. Zeεmε
- daŋmaa [dàŋmáá] n. log pl: daŋmaara 2pl: daŋmaarεε
- daŋmeɛlε [dàŋmíɛ́lɛ́] n. the sixth day from today pl: daŋmeɛlε 2pl: daŋmeɛlεε
- daŋmeɛraa [dàŋmíéráà] *n.* stick used to beat someone *pl:* daŋmeɛre
- **daŋmeɛraa** [dàŋmíɛ́ráà] *n.* solution, answer to a problem *pl:* **daŋmeɛre**
- daoo [dàờờ] *adv.* large and firm-looking
- da-ɔɔraa [dà-ɔ́ɔráá] n. chewing stick (tooth cleaner) pl: da-ɔɔre
- dapaaloŋ [dàpáálʊŋ] *n.* (1) vanity (2) splendour, glory
- **dapare** [dàpàrí] *n.* dwelling place of the dead; heaven, eternity
- daparedaa [dàpárídàá] *n.* death, next world
- daparekpeεŋaa [dàpàrìkpíéŋáá] n. strong spirit pl: daparekpeεne 2pl: daparekpeεneε
- daparenuulee [dàpàrìnúúléé] *n.* cockalo *pl:* daparenuuli

- daparoo [dàpárớớ] n. soul or spirit of the dead sg: daparrεε 2pl: daparεε
- **dapeεlkammo** [dàpíélkámmố] *n.* a type of bean *2pl:* **dapeεlkamεε**
- daperaa [dàpíràa] *n.* small dove or pigeon (grey and red) *pl:* daperre 2*pl:* daperεε/daperrεε
- daperekalonni [dàpíríkálónnì] *n.* a type of trap for birds (usually made of bamboo and twine) *2pl:* daperekalonnee
- daperenyaa [dàpìrìnáà] *n.* the breast of a type of dove
- dapεεre [dàpὲὲrí] *n.* immature tree or wood *pl:* dapεbε *2pl:* dapεbεε
- dapεge [dàpέgí] n. bark (of tree) pl: dapεgre/dapεgε 2pl: dapεgrεε
- dapɛle [dàpɛ́lf] n. splinter of wood pl: dapɛlɛ 2pl: dapɛlɛɛ/dapɛllɛε
- **dapɛlemɛ** [dàpɛ́lmɛ́] *n.* splinters of wood *2pl:* **dapɛlmɛɛ**
- dapɛlɛŋe [dàpɛlɛŋ] n. a type of tiny wild bat pl: dapɛlɛnne 2pl: dapɛlɛnneε
- **dapεloo** [dàpέlớó] *n.* splinter of wood
- dara [dárá] *n*. a game played by moving small pins into marked-out holes *pl*: darre 2*pl*: darεε/darreε
- daransaŋ [dàránsáŋ] n. heavy, cast-aluminium cooking pot pl: daransanne 2pl: daransanneε
- dare [dárí] ν. to be hysterical darεε, dara, dareba, daraa, dareba

dare dayere

- dare [dàrt] ν. (1) to harden (2) to get acustomed to; to be used to something unpleasant darεε, dara, dara, dareba, dara, dareba
- Dasãã [dàsãã] *n.* name traditionally given to a child born on a rainy day *pl:* dasaamine *2pl:* dasaanεε
- dasaŋa [dàsáŋà] *n.* olden times *2pl:* dasaŋεε *Var.* dakoroŋ
- dasaraa [dàsáràà] *n.* plank *pl:* dasarre 2*pl:* dasarreε
- daseelε [dàsììlὲ] *n.* suicide *2pl:* daseelεε
- dasεgeraa [dàsέgráà] n. wood for filling in gaps (especially in mud roofing) pl: dasεgere 2pl: dasεεgerεε
- dasegeraa [dàségíráá] n. piece of wood used to cover gaps between bigger plunks of wood in an earth-constructed roof 2pl: dasegere, dasegereε
- dasεrεε [dàsέréέ] n. small sticks that are used to close a gap in a thatch earth-made roof of a building sg: dasεroo 2pl: dasεrrεε Var. dasεgeraa
- daseroo [dàsérớớ] *n.* small stick that is used to close a gap in a thatch earth-made roof of a building *pl:* daseree 2*pl:* daseree
- dasugo [dàsúgò] *n.* many kinds of trees *pl:* dasugiri *2pl:* dasugree
- dasuoluŋ [dàsùólúŋ] n. shadow pl: dasuolo 2pl: dasuolee Var. salinsuuri

- dataa [dàtáá] n. (1) rival (between males) (2) antagonist (lit.) pl: dataare 2pl: dataarεε
- datara [dàtárá] *n.* third day from now *pl:* datarre 2*pl:* datarrεε
- datuo₁ [dàtúó] *n.* a type of tree with medicinal properties and edible fruits *pl*: datuuri *2pl*: datuuree
- datuo₂ [dàtúó] *n.* being expensive *pl:* datuuri *2pl:* datuuree
- dave [dàví] *n.* spoke *pl:* davere 2*pl:* daverεε
- daveene [dàviìni] *n.* a type of small bird with very thin legs *pl:* daveemε 2*pl:* daveenεε Var. veene
- daveraŋkantoll [dàvìràŋkántóll] *n.* last warning, last chance
- davoro [dàvòró] *n.* courtyard *pl:* davorri *2pl:* davorree
- davuo [dàvùó] *n.* a hollowed out log *pl:* davori *2pl:* davoree
- dawεge [dàwέgí] n. a big plunk of wood used in the construction of earth-made roof pl: dawεgre 2pl: dawεgreε Var. wege
- dawεrε [dàwèrì] n. person who saws or splits wood pl: dawεrebε 2pl: dawεrebεε
- **daworo** [dáwóró] *n.* a type of bell used in music and to call for attention *pl:* **dawoe** *2pl:* **daworee**.
- dayeni [dàyénì] *adj.* once *pl:* dayeme *2pl:* dayennee
- dayere [dàyéré] *n.* the day after tomorrow *2pl:* dayeree

dayieni deemekonləŋ

- dayieni [dáyíéní] *n.* a type of small toad *pl:* dayieme *2pl:* dayienee *Var.* dandayieni
- dayuu [dàyúú] n. giant rat pl: dayuuri dayuuree
- dazellaa [dàzélláá] n. swing pl: dazelle 2pl: dazelleε
- dazugiri [dàzùgrí] *n. pl:* dazugo *2pl:* dazugiree *Var.* kəndazugri
- dazugivũu [dàzùgvũù] *n.* intense fire; hell; inferno *2pl:* dazugvu-unee
- de [dĭ] v. (1) to take (2) to accept (3) to believe deεε, derε, derε, derebε, deraa, derebε
- **dedee** [dèdéé] *adv.* see textbf{dedeekɔɔ}
- dedeekəə [dèdéékə́ə́] *n.* act of standing steadily e.g. a child beginning to walk *Var.* dedeekporo, zazaakəə
- dêe [dii] adv. unlimited
- **deedee** [déédéé] *adj.* straight, upright
- deε [díὲ] *adv.* just *N deε ba baŋ a pare.* I just don't understand it.
- deε [díè] v. to remain somewhere O gaa la a tigiri te deε. S/he went to the feast and never returned. deεε, deεre, deεrebe, deeraa, deεrebe
- dẽε [dĩε] v. to play, to joke dẽεε, deεnε, deεnε, deεneme, deεnaa dẽεbaŋ [dĩεbàŋ] n. drama, play
- dẽedẽekaraa [dı̃èdı̃èkàràà] n. (1) lead player (2) protagonist (lit.) pl: dẽedẽekaree 2pl: dẽedẽekareε

- deedeene [dièdiéné] n. (1) one who plays e.g. of a child (2) a character in a story, drama pl: deedeeme 2pl: deedeeme Var. deene
- dêɛkakalle [dîɛkákàllí] n. rough, dangerous play e.g. throwing hard objects at each other 2pl: dêɛkakalɛɛ/dêɛkakallɛɛ.
- **dẽεkoɔbo** [dἷὲkớɔ́bớ] *n.* farmwork done for one's in-law *2pl:* **dẽεkɔrεε**
- **dẽεkuori** [d̃ĩekúórí] *n.* funeral of an in-law *pl:* **dẽεkoe** *2pl:* **dẽεkoree**
- dẽεkpãao [dìèkpẫáớ] *n.* guineafowl meant for one's in-law *pl:* dẽεkpinni *2pl:* dẽεkpinnee
- deεlaa [dìèláá] n. nightjar pl: deεle/deεlε/deεlεε.
- deele [díélí] ν. (1) to glide away from the target, to deviate (2) to deflect, to dodge deelee, deele, deele, deelebe, deelaa, deelebe
- deɛle [diɛli] ν. (1) to spread out (to dry) (2) to expose completely (3) to float on liquid deɛlɛɛ, deɛlɛ, deɛlɛ, deɛle, deɛle, deɛlebɛ
- deεlεερ
õυ [dí
έlέ
έρ
ỗύ] n. drizzle
- deεlεερο \boxtimes o \boxtimes [díέlέερ $\acute{\boxtimes}$ O \boxtimes] n. drizzle pl: deεlεεροοne 2pl: deεlεεροοnεε
- dẽεmakoma [dĩèmàkớmá] n. grandmother-in-law pl: dẽε-makommine
- deεmε [dìèmέ] n. (1) in-law (father or mother) (2) son-in-law pl: deεmine 2pl: deεmεε
- **deεmεkonlɔŋ** [díśmśkónlɔ́ŋ] *n.* the first layer of TZ in a bowl *pl*:

deempoge dendeni

- deεmεkonlonne 2pl: deεmεkonlonneε
- deεmpɔge [dı̃èpɔ́gɪ́] n. mother-inlaw pl: deεmpɔgeba/deεmpɔgemine 2pl: deεmpɔgrεε
- deεnaa [díénáá] *n.* plaything, toy *pl:* deεne 2*pl:* deεnεε
- deεndoo [dẽεdóo] n. father-in-law pl: deɛndobo/deɛndoomine 2pl: deɛ̃doorɛɛ
- deene [dìèní] n. (1) play Bibiiri nɔŋe la deɛne yaga. Children love play. A bibiiri ba nɔŋe a deɛne ŋa. The children do not like this play. (2) joke Bonso ka fo de a yelnimize ŋa eŋe deɛne? Why do you take this serious matter for a joke? (3) drama Zenɛ te na kaa la karembiiri deɛne na naŋ kyaare 'bibiiri emmaaroŋ yɛlɛ'. Today we shall watch a drama piece by pupils on the title 'children's health'. 2pl: deɛnɛɛ Var. dēɛdeɛnɛ
- dêεne [dìὲní] *n.* play, joke *2pl:* deεnεε
- **deεraa** [díɛ́ráá] *n.* an instrument for scraping and smoothing the edge of objects *pl:* **deεre** 2*pl:* **deεre**ε
- deere [dìèri] ν. to trim, to cut to make even (mouth of calabash) deeree, deere, deerebe, deeraa, deerebe
- dẽesãakoma [dĩẽsããkomá] n. grandfather-in-law pl: dẽesãakommine

- **dẽεyiri** [dἷε̃yirí] *n.* house of an inlaw *pl:* **dẽεyie** *2pl:* **dẽεyiree**
- **degedaga** [dìgìdàgà] *adv.* thick, heavy, and immovable
- **degere** [dìgrí] *n.* dwarf, one stunted in growth *pl:* **degε** *2pl:* **degerεε**
- degili [dèglì] v. not to be of substance degilee, degile, degile, degile, degilbe
- degili [dèglì] v. to marry one's sibling's husband degilee, degile, degile, degilaa, degilibe
- deli [délí] v. to have one's eyes dazzled; to look without seeing delee, dele, dele, delibe, delaa, delibe
- deme [dèmé] pron. own pl.(yours/mine) Fo deme la gaŋ ndeme. Yours are more than mine.
- **demee** [déméé] *n*. unidentified people *Yeŋ demee la wa?* Which people have come?
- **demee** [déméé] *n.* owners *A noore taa la demee*. The fowls have owners.
- **demm** [dèmm] *adv.* large and upright
- dendâee [dìndẫiì⊠] *adv.* appearing suddenly and frighteningly
- dendege [dèndégé] *n.* a woman given in marriage to her sister's husband *pl:* dendegri *2pl:* dedegree
- dendene [dendené] *adj.* upright *pl:* dendenni *2pl:* dendennee
- **dendeŋi** [děndéŋ] *adv.* upright, straight

dendenne degere iribu

- dendenne [déndénné] *n.* (1) dagger (2) the longest toe of a bird *pl:* dendenni *2pl:* dendennee
- dendəgaŋe [dìndɔ́gǎŋ] n. bastard pl: dendəganne 2pl: dedəgannεε Var. dendəgaŋa
- dendəlee [dìndɔ́léé] *n.* bastard *pl:* dendəbilii *2pl:* dendəbillee
- dendəmə [díndəmə] n. enemy pl: dendənne 2pl: dendənnεε Var. dendəma, dəndəmə
- dendəre [dìndɔ́ri] *n.* (1) doorway (2) frontage of the main house *pl:* dendəε 2*pl:* dendərεε
- deni [dèní] *pron.* that which belongs to (possessive pronoun) *A dagere poo n deni la bile*. Among the boxes mine (the one that belongs to me) is the smallest.
- denni [dénnì] v. to carry on one's head without the support of one's hands dennee, denne, denne, denime, dennaa, denimee Var. delli
- dengeluu [dèngélúú] n. sweet potato pl: dengele 2pl: dengellee
- **dengeren** [dèngèrèn] *adv.* upright, stiff, unbending and strong
- **deŋo** [dìŋʊ́] *n.* preference, wish (not caring about others)
- de pɔge [dí pɔ́gí] v. to marry a woman
- deraa [dìràà] *adj.* strong and hard, unbendable
- **deree** [déréé] *n.* negligence, carelessness

deri [dèri] v. (1) to harden, to dry (wet or muddy place or substance) • Pampana ŋa ka ba salle a dankyini o naŋ ba deri. The wall has just been plastered and is not hardened yet. (2) to go into a state of convulsion, to collapse in hysteria • Ka kəmmaaroŋ waare pəgenyaŋaa naŋ zoro əəre o na deri la. If cold water is accidently sprayed with water she will collapse in cold. deree, dere, dereibe, deraa, deribe

detaareŋ [dìtáárĭŋ] adv. 3 years ago deyɛŋ [dìyĕŋ] adv. last year

- dε [dè] ν. pl. to cut to make even (fingernails) dεε, deετε, deετε, deετε, deετε,
- dεbiri [débírì] *n.* stair *pl:* dεbie *2pl:* dεbiree *Var.* dabiri
- **dɛbogi** [dɛ́bògí] *n.* step on a ladder; stairs *pl:* **dɛbogiri** *2pl:* **dɛbogiree**
- **dεdεrεε** [dédéréé] adv. shallow
- $d\tilde{\epsilon}\epsilon$ [$d\tilde{\epsilon}\tilde{\epsilon}$] *adv.* open and endless e.g. grassland, desert, ocean
- dege [dégí] ν. to be dirty degee, degre, degre
- **degelεkεlε** [dèglèkèlè] *adj.* fatty and plentiful e.g of a big dinner (food) on a rich couple's wedding day
- degere [dégrì] n. dirt pl: dege 2pl: degereε
- degere iribu [děgrí íríbú] *n.* (1) circumcision (male) (2) excision (female)

delle di

delle [déllf] ν. to lean against, to rely upon for support delleε, delle, delle, delleε, delles, delebe

delle [déllí] ν. to stage a corpse delleε, delle, delle, delebε, della, delebε

delle [dèllì] ν. to remove the top layer of liquid, to decant, to skim dellee, delle, dellee, dellaa, delebe

dεmεdεmε [dèmèdémέ] *n.* making an effort

demedeme [dèmèdèmè] adv. (1) full to capacity with liquid e.g. a swollen foot (2) big, fat and tall or long e.g a huge python

dεmmo [dɛ̀mmʊ́] *n.* conversation, talk, a pending problem *pl:* **dεmε** *2pl:* **dεmε**

dɛndɛlɛŋ [dɛ̀ndɛlɛ̀ŋ] adv. long and wavy

dɛndɛŋe [dèndéŋ] *adj.* first, earlier Var. dɛŋ

denne [dènnt] ν. (1) to straighten

• Da maaroŋ ka ba maŋ denne,
ba ba denne dakuoŋaa. You can
straighten a fresh stick, but not a
dry one. (2) to roam • A teŋɛ zaa
ka o denne kyɛ naŋ ba bale. She
has roamed the whole town but is
not tired yet. (3) to be full to capacity (with liquid) • Saa mie la ka a
baa denne o zaa. It has rained and
the stream is full to capacity. denneɛ, denne, denne, deneme, dennaa, deneme

denne [dénní] ν. praise dennee, denne, denne, deneme, dennaa, -Var. danne

dεŋe [déŋ] adj. first

deŋeneŋ [dèŋíníŋ] *adj.* first instance **deŋeɛ** [dèŋèè] *adj.* plentiful

Dere [dérí] *n.* name traditionally given to a male child born after the death of an infant boy of the same mother *pl*: **Deremine** *2pl*: **Deres**

dere [dérí] *n.* house mouse *pl*: deree dere [dérì] *n.* ladder *pl*: deε 2*pl*: deree

dere [dérí] ν. to boil pito at the second stage of brewing deree, dere, dere, derebe, deraa

dɛremaakonokono [dɛ́rfmáakónokónó] *n.* a traditional women's dance

Derepoge [dèrìpógí] *n.* name traditionally given to a female child born after the death of an infant girl of the same mother

di [di] ν. (1) to eat, to consume • Bibiiri seŋ ka ba maŋ di bondirii kyɛ gaa sakuuri. (2) to burn, to blaze • Vũũ di la a tuu zaa. The whole shrub has been burnt down by fire. (3) to erode, to make sore • A bie noɔre die la ka ba sage na di bonzaa. The child has a sore mouth and refuses to eat anything. (4) to overcome, to win (5) to assume a throne (6) to judge • Ba di la ba zɔɔre sɛrɛɛ na baare. They have finished judging that case of fighting. diee, dire, dire, diribe, diraa, diribe

dibogi dii

di danseε to give witness

di dapaalon to show elegance

 $di \; d\epsilon mmo \; \text{to converse}$

di dəəloŋ to show bravery

di dɔgεε to suffer

di kannyiri to be patient

di nan to be scarce

di naalon to gain wealth or authority

di ne ϵ (of a person) to be worthless

di noo to enjoy

di sane to owe

di seree to judge

di suuri to forgive

di vi to be ashamed

di yuori to have an unworthy name

kôo naŋ di neεv to drown

dibogi [dìbògí] *n.* where the family line begins and where it ends *pl:* dibogri *2pl:* dibogree

di daa [dì dàá] v. to haggle, to negotiate a price

di degere [dì dégírí] v. to suffer die degere, dire degere

di dεmε [dì démέ] *ν.* to chat, to converse

di dοgεε [di d \acute{o} gέέ] v. to suffer

die [dìè] *n.* (1) room (2) compound, house *pl:* deri *2pl:* deree

diebie [dìébiè] *n.* (1) cat (2) son of the house *pl:* **diebiiri** *2pl:* **diebiiree** *Var.* **yiribie**

diebugo [dìèbùgó] *n.* one who knows nothing outside home (untravelled) *pl:* diebugri *2pl:* diebugree *Var.* diene

dieli [dìèlì] v. to float dielee, diele, diele, dielibe, dielaa, dielibe

dieneε [dièníέ] *n.* a close relative *pl:* dienoba *Var.* diebugo

di faŋa [dì fáŋá] v. wild power

difudeε [dìfùdíé] *n.* cheap *2pl:* difudeerεε

diganaa [dìgánáà] *n.* bedroom *pl:* diganne *2pl:* digannεε

digaŋene [dìgàŋìní] n. gluttony

digangan [dìgàngán] n. craftiness

digi [digi] v. (1) to chase, to run after (2) to drive away digee, digire, digre, digribe, digiraa, digiribe

digoo [dìgòò] n. a disease affecting bean plants

digbogbo [dìgbògbò] *adj.* gluttonous, eating too much

dii [dîi] ν. (1) to press down e.g. with a heavier object • A teɛ da le dii la a lɔɔre ka noba perre. The tree fell on the car and injured some people.
(2) to preserve (bean seed in ashes)

• A yidaampoge dii la a bɛŋɛ ka a na sãã. The head of the women preserved the bean seed in ash to prevent it from getting destroyed by insects. (3) to pile up • A boɔre la dii taa do teɛ a dasereɛ. The bags are packed on top of each other up to the ceiling. diiee, diire, diribe/diiribee, diiraa

dii [díí] ν. (1) to store grain in ashes
A yidaampəge dii la a bɛŋɛ ne

tampelon ka a na ta sãã. The head of the women preserved the

diibu dobagbere

- bean seed in ash to prevent it from getting destroyed by insects. (2) plural of dii (to pile objects) diiee, diire, dire, diiribe/diiribee, diiraa, diiribe
- diibu [dííbú] n. food 2pl: diiree
- di kannyiri [dì kànnìrì] v. to be patient
- **dikpaare** [dìkpáárí] *n.* back of a room *pl:* **dikpaε** *2pl:* **dikpaarεε**
- **dikpeεraa** [dìkpíéráá] *n*. living room *pl*: **dikpeεre**
- diləəraa [dìləəraa] n. a room thatched with wood and earth pl: diləəre 2pl: diləərε
- di naaloŋ [dì náálʊ́ŋ] v. to ascend to the throne
- di naŋe [dì náŋ] v. to be scarce
- dindigili [díndíglí] *n.* electric fish *pl:* dindigile *2pl:* dindigilee *Var.* dindigiri
- dindigiri [díndígirí] *n.* catfish, a type of fish that gives you an electric shock when touched *pl:* dindige/dindigire *2pl:* dindigiree *Var.* dindigli
- di neε [dì nfέ] v. to be hopeless
- dipanaa [dìpànáá] *n.* plastered room *pl:* dipanne *2pl:* dipannεε
- dire [dìré] v. to be sharp diee, dire, dire, diribe, diraa, dire
- **diruŋ** [dìrúŋ] *n.* (1) food, plenty of food (2) feast
- di sane [dì sánì] v. to owe, to be indebted to

- **di seebo** [dì sííbớ] ν. to harvest, to collect (honey from a hive)
- di sεrεε [dì sὲrέέ] v. to judge
- disogə [dìsớgó] n. middle room pl: disogere 2pl: disogerεε Var. disoga
- di suuri [dì súúrí] v. to forgive
- diteenε [dìtíínέ] *n.* mediator, spokesman in a marriage agreement *pl:* diteenemε 2*pl:* diteenεε
- di vi [dì ví] v. to be ashamed
- divuo [dìvùó] *n.* abandoned room; room without a roof *pl:* divore *2pl:* divoree
- do [dò] v. to roll along the ground (circular object) doe, duoro, duoro, duori, duoraa, duoro
- do [dó] ν. (1) to climb up, to ascend (2) to soar (3) to mate, to crossbreed (nonhuman) (4) to climb out of the ground into a new nest (trapped termites) doe, duoro, duoro, duoribo, duoraa, duoribo do saa to be high
- dõo [dò˙ʊ] adv. hazy, misty
- doba [dóbà] *n.* island *pl:* dobare 2*pl:* dobarεε
- dobaa [dòbáá] n. pig (domesticated) pl: dobaare 2pl: dobaarεε
- dobadaa [dòbàdáá] n. male pig pl: dobadaare 2pl: dobadaarεε Var. dodaa
- **dobagbεre** [dòbàgbérì] *n.* the mane of a pig *pl:* **dogbεε** *2pl:* **dogbεεrεε**

dobanene domberon

- dobanεne [dòbànénì] *n.* pork *pl:* dobanεmε 2*pl:* dobanεmεε/dobanεnnεε
- dobapəle [dòbàpɔ́lì] *n.* young pig *pl:* dobapələ *2pl:* dopəllεε *Var.* dopəle
- dobasugo [dòbàsúgò] *n.* herd of swine *pl:* dobasugri *2pl:* dobasugree
- dodaa [dòdáá] *n.* wild male pig *pl:* dodaare 2*pl:* dodaarεε
- **dodoo** [dờdớớ] *adj.* large and bloated
- dodoo [dờdớớ] *n.* an illness that causes bloating of the whole body *pl:* dodoore 2*pl:* doddooreε
- doge [dốgì] *n.* large pot *pl:* dogre 2*pl:* dogreε.
- doge [dógí] v. (1) to boil, to cook
 (2) to brew (3) to become very hot
 dogeε, dogero, dogero, dogereba,
 dogeraa, dogero
- dogebile [dőgíbílé] n. small pot pl: dogebilii 2pl: dogebillee
- **dogekoma** [dốgkốmá] *n*. a type of tree with medicinal properties
- dogele [dốglì] *v.* to put over a fire dogelεε, dogerɔ, dogelɔ, dogelebɔ, dogelɔ, dogelebɔ
- dogelee [dốgléé] *n.* small pot *pl:* dugili
- dogi [dògì] v. to remove an object from the top of something O dogi la a kuuri na naŋ pare a dankyini zu. S/he has removed the stone from the top of the wall. do-

- gee, dogiro, dogiro, dogribo, dogiraa, dogiribo
- dogo [dờgớ] *n.* a type of dance *2pl:* dogrεε
- dogodogo [dógódògò] n. power of
 charm in magic pl: dogodogri 2pl:
 dogodogree
- dole [dòli] *v.* to be unaware dolεε, dollo, dollo, dolebo, dollaa, dolebo
- dole [dólí] ν. to raise (one's head) to face upwards (when moving through tall grass) dolεε, dollo, dolebo, dolaa, dolebo
- doledole [dòlìdólí] v. to swing one's head around doledolε, doledola, doledola, doledola, doledola, doledola
- **dolee** [dolee] *n.* small wild pig *pl*: **do**-bili
- doli [dólí] n. a type of tree whose bark is used as a disinfectant for washing pito pots pl: dolo 2pl: dolee/dollee
- doloŋ [dʊlʊ̀ŋ] n. right side pl: dolle 2pl: dolle ϵ
- **domadoma** [dòmàdòmà] *adv.* bloated and soft
- dombaala [dòmbààlá] n. (1) sick animal (2) domesticated animal pl: dombaale 2pl: dombaalεε.
- dombεroŋ [dòmbérôŋ] n. (1) large animal (2) famous animal pl: domberε 2pl: domberεε/domberreε.
- dombεroŋ [dòmbéróŋ] n. large animal; pl: dombεrε 2pl: domberεε/domberreε

domm doŋe

- domm [dòmm] adv. tall and big
- domɔ [dòmɔ́] n. totem; the sacred bird, animal, or insect of a clan pl: donne 2pl: domεε Var. domɔ
- **dompane** [dòmpánì] *n.* a type of snake that is short and poisonous *pl*: **dompama** *2pl*: **dompannε**ε.
- dompelaa [dòmpìlàá] *n.* (1) white animal (2) an ordinary animal (believed not to have any spiritual powers) *pl:* dompeεle 2*pl:* dompeεlε
- **dompεge** [dờmpέgí] *n.* shell of an animal *pl:* **dompεgere**
- dompoll [dòmpòll] *n.* a material thing believed to be owed to a child from birth *pl*: dompolo *2pl*: dompoleε/dompollεε
- **dompoo** [dờmpớó] *n.* pregnant animal *pl:* **dompoore** *2pl:* **dompoorε**
- dondaa [dòndáá] *n.* male animal *pl:* dondaare 2*pl:* dondaarεε
- dondigiraa [dòndígráá] *n.* something that drives mosquitoes away *pl:* dondigiri *2pl:* dondigiree
- **dondigire** [dòndígré] *n.* an insectrepellent plant used in keeping mosquitoes at bay *pl*: **dondigiri** *2pl*: **dondigiree**
- dondoli [dóndólí] *n.* dry land *pl:* dondolo *2pl:* dondolee
- **dondolo** [dòndóló] *n.* planks used as seats (usually in front of a house)
- donεε [donεε] n. humankind pl: n/a 2pl: n/a Var: andonεε

- donfaa [donfaa] *n.* dangerous animal *pl:* donfaare *2pl:* donfaareε.
- donforon [dònfòròn] adv. large/big and puffed A page e la beron donforon le. The woman is big and puffed.
- donkyeenε [dùntʃíínέ] *n.* shepherd, herdsman *pl:* donkyeenemε 2*pl:* donkyeemεε
- donnyaŋaa [dónpáŋáá] n. adult female animal pl: donyaŋene 2pl: donyaŋenεε
- donnyaŋaa [dònáŋáá] n. wild female boar pl: donnyaŋene 2pl: donnyaŋenεε
- donsaana [dốnsáánà] *n.* strange animal *pl:* donsaana 2*pl:* donsaanεε.
- **donseε** [donsiε] *n*. the waist of an animal *pl*: **donseere** *2pl*: **donseere**ε.
- donsəgelaa [dònsə́gláá] n. (1) black animal (2) an animal believed to have spiritual powers pl: donsəgelə
- donsugo [donsugo] *n.* large herds of animals *pl:* donsugri *2pl:* donsugree
- doŋa [dóŋá] n. animal pl: donne 2pl: donneε Var. doŋɔ
- doŋa [dʊ́ŋá] n. mosquito pl: donne 2pl: donneε Var. doŋɔ
- done [dòn] ν. to bite (1) to sting doneε, dono, dono, donemo, donaa, donemo
- done [dóŋ] v. to be at close range
 A saa da done te la ka te
 zo fãã kyε ka poo te. The rain

doŋenokono doɔloŋ

was so close we could not escape and therefore were caught in the downpour. donεε, donno, donno, donemo, donnaa, donemo

- doŋenokono [dóŋínókónó] n. (1) a type of tree whose leaves are edible (2) the leaves of this tree 2pl: doŋenokonεε
- donguolaa [dòngúóláà] *n.* an animal that has been raised, a domestic animal *pl:* donguoli
- donguolo [dòngúólò] *n*. animals that are shared between an original owner and a caretaker who raises them *Var.* bonguolo
- doni [dŏn] *n.* a Muslim religious festival *pl:* donni *2pl:* donnee
- doŋkaraa [dʊŋkaraa] n. a strongsmelling plant used for chasing away mosquitoes
- doŋkommiruu [dờŋkómmírúú] *n.* a type of tiny mosquito (bites only during day) sg: doŋkommiruu pl: doŋkommie 2pl: doŋkommiree/doŋkommiree
- doŋkɔɔseɛ [dòŋkɔ̀ɔsíɛ́] n. wasp; a stinging flying insect that resembles a bee but longer pl: doŋkɔɔseere 2pl: doŋkɔɔseerɛɛ
- doŋkuuree [dokuuree] *n.* a type of short, very poisonous snake *pl:* doŋkuuri *2pl:* doŋkuuree
- doogə [dớớgɔ́] n. plenty of enjoyment (food and drink) 2pl: doogεε Var. dooga
- doore [dòòri] v. to continuously heave chunks of load or matter •

Ba doore la kõɔ lεε te bale ba zaa. They heaved water until they became tired. doorεε, doorə, doorə, doorebə, dooraa, doorebə

- doɔ [dớɔ] v. to raise one's head, to look up O doɔ la o zu dayeni kyε leε gaŋ S/he raised his/her head once and laid back down. doɔɛ, doɔrɔ, doɔrəɔ, doɔrebɔ, doɔraa, doɔrebɔ
- doɔ [dớɔ] v. to cause to become worse (behaviour) A dɔɔ ŋmɛ la a bie doɔ bare. The man worsened the situation by beating the child. doɔɛ, doɔrɔ, doɔrə, doɔrebɔ, doɔraa, doɔrebɔ
- doɔ [dòò] ν. to ooze; to overflow *A* baa paalɛɛ la doɔrɔ. The river is overflowing its banks. doɔɛ, doɔrɔ
- doɔ [dòò] ν. to fetch water with a large container doɔɛ, doɔrɔ
- doɔ [dờɔ́] n. (1) dawadawa tree (2) fruit of the dawadawa tree (edible) pl: dɔre 2pl: dɔreε
- doɔbo [dớɔ́bờ] n. the act of weeding doɔkpangyogele [dờɔ́kpándzờglì] n. a large catapillar found on the leaves of the dawadawa tree pl: doɔkpangyoglɔ 2pl: doɔkpangyoglɛɛ Var. doɔkpankyogele
- doole [dờólí] *n.* xylophone mallet *pl:* dools 2*pl:* doolεε
- doole [dòòlì] *v.* to walk carefully and majestically dooleε, doolo, doolo, doolebo, doolaa, doolebo
- dooloŋ [dờólớŋ] n. mudfish (lives

doənyeraa dəkele

in the mud during dry season) *pl:* doɔlɔ 2*pl:* doɔlɛε

doonyeraa [dòòpíráá] n. a type of small ant pl: doonyere 2pl: doonyere

doore [dờờrí] *adj.* yellow *2pl:* doorεε dopɔge [dòpɔ́gí] *n.* female bush pig *pl:* dopɔgeba *2pl:* dopɔɡerεε

dopɔle [dòpɔ́li] *n.* young bush pig *pl:* **dopɔlɔ** *2pl:* **dopɔlɛɛ/dopɔllɛɛ**

dore [dòri] *n*. thud; sound of an impact e.g. a heavy log falling

doreba [dốríbà] *n.* driver *pl:* dorebare 2*pl:* dorebarεε

doree [dòrèè] adj. large and solid

dori [dòrì] v. remove bits of the top doree, doro, doro, doribo, doraa, doribo

dori [dórí] *n.* heap *pl:* doe *2pl:* doree/dorree

dori [dórí] n. joint (stalk of grass) pl:
 doe 2pl: doree/dorree

dosoraa [dòsáràà] *n.* young female bush pig *pl:* dosarre 2*pl:* donsarεε/donsarrεε

do [dò] ν. to spill over e.g. boiling water from yam being cooked over fire doε, dooro, dooro, doorebo, dooraa, doorebo

dɔ [dɔ] ν. to pay the last bride price dɔɛ, doɔrɔ, doɔrɔ, doɔrebɔ, doɔraa, doɔrebɔ

dɔ [dɔ́] v. to weed dɔε, doɔrə, doɔrə, doɔreba, doɔrebɔ

dədəgeron [də́də́grôn] *n.* wretchedness, bad treatment

d**ɔ**ε [dɔ́ε] n. last bride price

doge [dògì] ν. (1) to bear (child), to give birth (2) to flower (grass pollen) (3) take something from the top of another • A bie doge la a nene a saabo zu. The child has taken the meat which was on top of the food. dogee, dogro, dogro, dogreba, dograa, dogreba

dogele [dòglì] ν. (1) to place on top of something • De a nene dogele dankyini zu ka baare ta wa de o. Place the meat on the wall so that dogs do not eat it. (2) to exceed, to be extra • A bie yoo la a libie ka a dogele ka a seŋ ka fo leɛ de a dogelo ko o. The child has overpaid and so the extra money should be returned to him. doglɛɛ, doglo, doglo, dogleba, doglaa

dəgele [dəgli] ν. to mix beans with flour dəglεε, dəglə, dəglə, dəgleba, dəglaa

dogere [dógri] *v.* to punish, to make to suffer dogerεε, dogero, dogero, dogerebo, dogerebo

dogeroη [dògrôη] n. descent

dɔgeroŋ [dɔ́grôŋ] *n.* penalty, punishment

dɔgerə [dɔ́grɔ] n. relative (blood) pl: dɔgerebə 2pl: dɔgerebεε

dɔgerɔlenne [dògrɔ́lénné] *n.* ear of maize with multicoloured kernels *2pl*: dɔgerɔlennee

dogεε [dógέέ] n. suffering

dɔkele [dɔkélé] *n.* kernels from daw-daw fruit *2pl:* dɔkelee *Var.* tokele

dəkone dəəta

- dɔkone [dɔkớní] *n.* kenkey (thick corn paste shaped into balls and boiled in leaves) *pl:* dɔkona *2pl:* dɔkonnεε *Var.* dakone
- **dɔle** [dɔ́lí] *adv.* pop out smoothly e.g. from something slippery
- dəlle [dɔ́llt] v. to stretch, to lengthen dəllεε, dəllə, dəllə, dəlebə, dəllaa, dəlebə
- dələ [dɔ́lɔ́] *n.* way of doing something *pl:* dələdələ
- dələdələ [dələdələ] *adv.* slimy and slippery
- dəndəŋ-karaa [dɔndəŋ-karaá] n. chief enemy pl: dəndəŋ-karre 2pl: dəndəŋ-karεε
- dəndəre [dəndəri] *n.* curd; coagulated milk *pl:* dəndərre 2*pl:* dəndərεε
- dəndəre [dəndərí] *n.* shade caused by clouds coming between the earth and the sun *pl*: dəndərre 2*pl*: dəndərεε
- done [dŏŋ] *n.* enmity, hatred *pl:* donne *2pl:* donneε
- done [dòn] v. to be lean, to be thin doneε, donno, donno, donemo, donna, donemo
- dɔɔ [dɔɔ] v. (1) to squat (2) to bow (as in greeting) (3) to excrete (4) to perch dɔɔɛ, dɔɔrɔ, dɔɔrə, dɔɔrebɔ, dɔɔraa, dɔɔrebɔ
- dɔɔ [dɔ́ɔ] n. (1) man (2) friend of the same sex pl: dɔbɔ/dɔba 2pl: dɔɔrεε
- dão $[d\partial M\partial]$ v. (1) to disturb, to move (rustle) (2) to stir, to mix

- (3) to worry dɔ̃ɔε, dɔɔnɔ, dɔɔnɔ, dɔɔnema, dɔɔnaa, dɔɔnema
- dɔ̃ɔ [dɔ̀⊠ò] v. to sprain e.g. a leg dɔ̃ɔε, dɔɔnɔ, dɔɔnema, dɔɔ-naa, dɔɔnema
- doobile [dòòbílé] n. boy pl: doobilii
- Dɔɔda\[Aa\[] n. a male name pl: dɔɔ-da\[Aa\[] 2pl: dɔɔda\[Aa\[] a\[Anti-a]
- **dɔɔkɔɔteɛlɔɔ** [dɔ̀ɔkɔ̀ɔtíɛ́lɔ́ɔ́] *n.* a squatting kick game
- **dɔɔ-la-pɔge** [dɔ̀ɔ-la-pɔ́gí] *n.* a man with feminine features *2pl:* dɔɔ-la-pɔgrεε
- dəəlee [dəəléé] n. boy pl: dəəbilii 2pl: dəəbilee Var. dəəbile
- dɔɔloŋ [dòɔlóŋ] *n.* (1) bravery, dexterity (2) penis (figurative)
- dəəne [dəəní] n. (1) noise N woŋ la dəəne a die poə, neɛkaŋa be la be. I have heard some noise in the room, there must be someone in there. (2) movement Te nyɛ la a baala nəgbɛmɛ dəəne kyɛ te ba woŋi a yɛlɛ o naŋ yeli. We saw some movement of the patient's lips but we did not hear what s/he said. (3) disturbance, worry A pəge yeli ka o ba bəərə dəəne ka anaŋ so ka o yi. The woman said she did not want trouble and that is why she divorced.
- **dɔɔnyaŋaa** [dɔ̀ɔɲáŋáá] *n.* old man *pl:* dɔɔnyaŋene 2*pl:* dɔɔnyaŋenɛε
- dɔɔ-əre [dòò-ɔ́rí] *n.* infertile man *2pl:* dɔɔ-əreε *Var.* dɔɔ-are
- dɔɔta [dɔ́ɔtà] n. (1) doctor (2) hospital, clinic pl: dɔɔtare 2pl: dɔɔtarεε

dəətayiri duo

- dəətayiri [dɔɔ́táyı́rı́] *n.* hospital *pl:* dəətayie *2pl:* dəətayiree
- dəre [dɔri] ν. to advise, to caution dərεε, dərə, dərə, dərebə, dəraa, dərebə
- dore [dórí] *n.* fruits of doo *2pl:* doreε dorekabakoma [dòrìkábákómá] *n.* one who incites hatred *pl:* dorekabakomamine
- dəsaŋkpare [dɔ́sáŋkparí] n. peels of dawadawa fruits 2pl: dəsaŋkparεε Var. dəseŋkpare
- dosempeεlε [dòsímpíélé] n. immature dawadawa fruits sg: dosempeeloo pl: dosempeele 2pl: dosempeeleε
- dəzəŋe [dəzəŋ] *n.* daw-daw flour; pulp from daw-daw fruit *pl:* dəzənne 2*pl:* dəzənnεε *Var.* dəzəŋa
- dəzunni [dəzúnni] n. daw-daw seeds sg: dəzunnuu pl: dəzunni 2pl: dəzunnee
- du [dú] v. (1) to rub against (2) to iron (clothes) due, duuro, duuro, duuribo, duuraa, duuribo
- **dudugiri** [dùdùgrí] *n.* a box made of grass *pl:* **dudugo** *2pl:* **dudugiree**
- dugi [dúgí] n. swim Var. dúú
- dugi [dùgì] v. to be eaten up to powder e.g. wood infected with bugs dugee, dugiro, -, -, -, Var. dúú
- **dukuree** [dúkúréé] *n.* large sores caused by scabies *2pl:* **dukurree** *Var.* **dikuree**
- duli [dúlí] v. (1) to work strenuously on a difficult task (2) to eat

- a large amount (fig.) dulee, dulo, dulo, dulibo, dulaa, dulibo
- duluŋ [dùlûŋ] n. a type of large bird pl: dulli 2pl: dullee
- dunduli [dùndùlí] *n.* (1) caterpillar (2) worm (3) maggot *pl:* dundulo *2pl:* dundulee/dundullee *Var.* kpaŋkyori, kpaŋkyobo
- **dundulivarekpεnyoɔre** [dúndùlìváríkpénőɔ́rí] *n.* small green caterpillar that springs from place to place *pl:* **dundulivarekpɛnyɔɛ**
- dundulkyoo [dùndùlʧóò] *n.* cocoon pl: dundulkyoori 2pl: dundulkyooree
- **dundulvarkpεnyoɔre** [dùndùl-várkpèpíɔśrí] *n.* a type of small green caterpillar that moves by loops *pl:* **dundulvarkpɛnyɔɛ**
- dunduŋkolo [dùndŭŋkòlò] *n.* fried yam wedges *sg:* dunduŋkoluu *2pl:* dunduŋkolee
- duni [dúni] *n.* knee *pl:* dumo *2pl:* dunee/dunnee
- **dunselee** [dùnséléé] *n.* kneecap *pl:* **dunsebilii** *2pl:* **dunsebilee**
- duŋi [dúŋ] *n.* type of weevil (found in wood) *pl:* dunni *2pl:* dunee/dunnee
- duo [dùó] n. wild pig, boar pl: dori
 2pl: doree/dorree
- duo [dùò] v. (1) to be seated all over the place in great numbers (patients at consulting room) (2) to prepare malt for brewing local beer; duoe, duoro, duoro, duoribo, duoraa, duoribo

duogo $eoldsymbol{\mathbb{Z}}$

duogo [dúógó] *n.* giant *pl:* duogori *2pl:* duogoree

Duon [dúón] *n*. town in the Upper West Region noted for treatment of bone fractures

duoraa [dùóráa] n. (1) open space for a gathering; (2) resting place for sheherds and their animals pl: duori 2pl: duoree

duori [dúóri] v. (1) to urinate (2) to ejaculate (3) to set high up (child on shoulders) (4) to raise yam mounds (5) to set a bow ready for use duoree, duoro, duoro, duoribo, duoraa, duoribo

duori [dùòrì] v. to set out in heaps e.g. tomatoes for sale duoree, duoro, duoro, duoribo, duoraa, duoribo

duoro [dùòró] *n.* news *2pl:* **duoree duor-tere** [dùòr-tírí] *n.* annouce-

ment, broadcast, information *pl:* duor-terre 2*pl:* duorterrεε

duor-terε [dùòr-tírέ] n. one who gives information, messenger, newscaster pl: duor-terebε 2pl: duor-terebεε

duorunlaa [dúórùnláá] n. chamberpot pl: duorunlaare 2pl: duorunlaaree

duorunwoo [dúórùnwờɔ̀] *n.* bladder *pl:* **duorunwoore** *2pl:* **duorunwoore**

duorunzee [dúórùnz \tilde{i} i] n. bilharziasis 2pl: **duorunzeenε**ε

duoruŋ [dúórŭŋ] *n.* urine

duoruŋkɔnsɔgerɔ [dúórŭŋkɔ́nsɔ́-grɔ́] *n.* the condition of having difficulty passing urine *pl:* **duoruŋkɔn-sɔgre** *2pl:* **duoruŋkɔnsɔgreɛ**

duulaa [dùùláà] *n.* (1) row (2) line (poetry) *pl:* duuli

e

e [ì] ν. (1) to act, to do • Te na e o la velaa. We shall do him good. (2) to let • E ka te gaa pampana. Let us go now. (3) to fetch • A doo e la a kyi ko a poge. The man has fetched millet for the woman. (4) to be • A bie e la kpeɛŋaa. The child is strong. eɛɛ, erɛ, erɛ, erebɛ, eraa, erebɛ

eele [íílí] n. (1) horn (2) antenna pl: eele 2pl: eelee

eε [iε] v. (1) to pinch (2) to hint • Ba eε la a yεlε fẽẽ ka N woŋ. They have given me a hint of the situation. eεε, eετε, eετε, eετebε, eετaa, eετebε

ẽε [$\tilde{i}\tilde{\epsilon}$] n. sg: eenoo pl: \tilde{e} ε 2pl: enεε Var. eene

e\(\textit{\textit{E}}\) \(\textit{i}\) (1) to mark the foundation of a building (2) to cut a very small piece eεε, eεnε, eεnε, eεnemε, eεnaa, eεnemε

ee eŋe enne

- **eε eŋe** [ìὲ ìŋ] ν. to flee, to run away
 - A bie zu pore la maŋgo ka a daana waana ka o eɛ eŋ. The boy stole a mango and when he saw the owner coming he took to his heels. eɛ eŋεɛ, eɛrɛ ennɛ, eɛ enneme, eɛ ennea
- eεne [ìènì] n. hippopotamus pl: eεmε 2pl: eεnεε
- eene [iéni] n. claw sg: eenoo pl: eeme 2pl: eenee
- eεne [iἔní] *n.* a type of deer *pl:* eεmε 2*pl:* eεmεεr
- **eεne** [ìέní] *adj.* tiny, e.g. fingernail *pl:* **eεmε** 2*pl:* **eεmεε**
- **eεne** [ìὲi] ν. to claw e.g a cat climbing a wall
- ẽεο [$\tilde{i}\tilde{\epsilon}\tilde{o}$] n. type of deer pl: eɛne 2pl: eɛnεε
- eeraa [íὲráá] *n.* hook, e.g. fishhook *pl:* eere *2pl:* eerεε
- eere [iéri] ν. to wipe away e.g. dirt, tears eεrεε, eεrε, eεrε, eεrebε, eεraa, eεrebε
- eere [ìèrì] ν. to claw at eeree, eere, eere, eerebe, eeraa, eerebe
- eεre-miri [ìὲrì-mírì] *n.* fishing line *pl:* eεre-mie *2pl:* eεre-miiree
- e-la [ì-là] ν. to tease e-laε, erε laara, e-laara, e-laareba, e-laaraa, e-lareba
- e-laara [ì-láárá] *n.* one who teases *pl:* e-lareba *2pl:* e-larebεε
- embaare [imbaari] *n.* laziness 2pl: embarεε Var. entuo

- **emii** [fmîi] *n.* act of desperation; impatience *2pl:* **emmiinee**
- **emmaa** [imáà] *n*. the condition of being in a good state
- emmaaroŋ [ìmmááróŋ] n. health pl: emmaara 2pl: emmaarεε
- **emmii** [immii] *n*. a body that is in a painful condition *pl*: **emmiime** *2pl*: **emmiinee**
- emmiiruŋ [immiirûŋ] *n.* (1) a body in pain (2) stunted body *2pl:* emmiiree
- emmiiruŋ [ìmmììrûŋ] adj. stunted
- Emo [ímò] *n*. (1) the name of a clan in Southern Dagao (2) appellation of this group *sg*: emooloo *pl*: emoolo 2*pl*: emoolε
- empoone [ímpóóní] *n.* ocean *pl:* mpoonεε *Var.* po
- endaa [ìndàá] n. frame (of a person's body) pl: endaare 2pl: endarεε/endaarεε
- endaa waaloŋ [ǐndàá-wàálôŋ] *n.* skin colour, appearance of the body
- enfuomaala [ìnfùòmáálá] n. one who makes pictures pl: enfuomaaleba 2pl: enfuomaalebεε
- **enfuomaale** [infùòmàáli] *n*. the act of making a picture (draw)
- enfuoni [infúóní] n. image, photograph, picture pl: enfuomo 2pl: enfuonee
- **enfuori** [infùòri] *n*. the act of bewitching; the act of casting a spell
- enne [inni] *n.* honour 2pl: ennεε Var. eŋene

enno \mathfrak{o} en $z \tilde{e} ilde{\epsilon}$

- ennoɔ [hnnòó] n. happiness pl: ennoore 2pl: ennoorεε
- ensəgelaa [ínsógláá] *n.* black skin *pl:* ensəglə
- entaa [ìntáá] n. mutual respect
- entage [ĭntágí] *n.* muscular body *pl:* entagre 2*pl:* entagrεε
- entole [íntőlì] *n.* fever, rise in body temperature *pl:* entolə/entola 2*pl:* entolɛε
- entoloŋ [íntólôŋ] *n.* fever *pl:* entola 2*pl:* entollεε
- entukpalaa [întùkpàláà] n. extreme laziness pl: entukpalle 2pl: entukpaleε
- entuo [ìntúó] *n.* laziness *pl:* entuuri *2pl:* entuuree *Var.* embaare
- enzeε [ĭnzìέ] *n.* (1) light skin (2) leprosy *pl:* enzeere *2pl:* enzeerεε
- en [in] part. as Maa en kon gaa.
 As for me I wont go.
- ene [in] v. (1) to put in o ɔŋ la kõɔ eŋe a doge poɔ. S/he has put water into the pot. (2) to put on (shoes, ring, spectacles) (3) to respect A seŋe ka bibile maŋ eŋe neŋkpoŋ. The young should respect the elderly. eŋεε, ennɛ, enemɛ, enema
- eŋe daa [ìŋ dàà] v. to set a date
- ene daa [ìn dàà] v. to beat
- eŋene₁ [íŋíní] n. main hole leading to a rodent's living room in its burrow A teŋε deme zaa taa la eŋene kora a naa. All the people

- in town have respect for the chief. *pl:* enne 2*pl:* eneεε
- eŋene₂ [íŋíní] n. respect, regard for, honour N teɛre ka o deɛ la N eŋene. I think he has just targeted me. 2pl: ennεε Var. enne
- eŋε [íŋέ] pron. what, who Boŋ eŋε ka fo wa? What have you come for?
- eŋε [íŋέ] *n.* body (surface of) *pl:* enne 2*pl:* ennεε
- eŋgane [t̄ngánt] n. skin (human body) sg: eŋganoo pl: eŋgama 2pl: eŋganneε
- **Engel**ε [íŋgìlè] *n.* England 2ple engelεε
- Engilisi [íŋgìlìsì] n. English pl: ıŋlisiri 2pl: ɪŋgilisiree
- eŋkɔbɔ [ìŋkɔ́bɔ́] *n.* skeleton *Var.* eŋkɔba
- eŋkpaŋkpoli [íŋkpáŋkpòli] *n.* naked body *Var.* eŋkpoŋkpoli, eŋkpoli
- eŋkpoli [iŋkpoli] n. naked body pl: eŋkpolo 2pl: eŋkpolee Var. eŋkpoŋkpoli, eŋkpaŋkpoli
- eŋkpoŋkpoli [iŋkpóŋkpóli] n. naked pl: eŋkpoŋkpolo 2pl: eŋkpoŋkpole Var. eŋkpoli, eŋkpaŋkpoli
- **eŋ noɔre** [ìŋ nớɔ́rì] v. to promise
- **eŋ poɔ** [ìŋ pʊ́ɔ́] ν. to empregnate
- eŋyoɔre [iŋyòòri] adj. that which does not produce excitement Var. enyoɔre
- eŋ zẽ̃ [ìŋ zằ̃] ν. to punish severely eŋεε zẽ̃, ennε zẽ̃

eroŋ fa

eroŋ [ìrôŋ] *n.* conduct *pl:* erre 2*pl:* errεε

eroŋ [ìrôŋ] n. verb pl: erre 2pl: errεε Etore [ítớrì] n. Easter pl: itorεε etɔ [ítò] n. the name of a clan in

etɔ [ítò] *n.* the name of a clan in Southern Dagao *pl:* etoɔlɔ 2*pl:* etoɔlɛε

ewa [fwà] n. (1) a kinship group
(2) appellation of this group sg:
ewaaloo pl: ewaala 2pl: ewaalεε

ewε [śwὲ] n. the name of a clan in Southern Dagao pl: eweεlε 2pl: eweεlεε

3

εbaa [έbàà] n. crocodile pl: εrre 2pl: εrrεε

εlemε [èlìmέ] *n.* shellfish *pl:* **εlemεre** 2*pl:* **εlemεε**

εl-εloo [ὲl-ὲlớớ] *interj.* it serves you well

εnne [ènnì] ν. (1) to suckle, to nurse
(2) to suck e.g. breast or finger εnnεε, εnnε, εnnε, εnemε, εnnaa, εnemε

 ϵre [ϵri] ν . to crawl; to slide along

ere [éri] ν. to grind εrεε, εrε, εrε, εrebε, εraa, εrebε

εre [èrì] ν. to fill a hole or space tightly to disallow access ετεε, ετε, ετε, ετεbε, εταα, ετε-ετε

ere-eŋ [èrì-ìŋ] n. (1) exaggeration(2) metaphor (lit.)

εregbεrε [ἐrìgbὲrὲ] *adv.* fleshy and fatty (meat)

f

fa [fà] v. (1) to be bad • Ka foon ba kyɛlle a bie ŋa na fa la, bonso ka o ba maŋ kpɛ die wieu? If you are not careful, this child will go bad, why doesn't s/he come early?
(2) to become poor • A bie baaloŋ vɛŋɛɛ la ka o tuuli e tee lee dee te fa o zaa. The child's sickness has caused her to search so much for a

cure that she has nothing left. faε, faara, faaraa, fareba, -, fareba

fa [fá] v. (1) to rob, to cheat • N dəə, fo baŋ ka ka maaŋ yəə libie zaa poə a anaŋ ka fo fa ma la eŋ? My friend, do you know that if I paid anything more, you would have robbed me? (2) pl. of 'faa' (snatch from someone) • A seŋ ka

faaregyo

ba poge a nannyige eŋ deŋε lε, N ba nyɛ teŋɛ na deme o naŋ ba fa. It will be good if this thief is imprisoned for life, because there is no town he has not robbed. faɛ, faara, faara, fareba, faaraa, fareba

faa [fáá] adj. (1) bad • Saa naŋ piili miibu ŋaa, beri ayi ŋa zaa ka te teŋε sori yãa na waa faa lɛ. With the setting in of the rains, the road leading to our village will soon be very bad. (2) ugly • A pɔge veɛlɛ la kyɛ o serɛ faa. The woman is beautiful but her husband is ugly. pl: faare 2pl: faarɛε

faa [fáà] v. (1) to take by force, to snatch • A bie na yele kpeenaa, ka onan səre o tə bone ka o mən o man faa la. This boy is ruthless, for if he begs from his colleague and is refused to give he takes the thing by force. (2) to save • $K \supset \eta$ da kpe la a bikpeebe ka o kono kye ka poge-nimbaalon kan la da faa o ne bondirii. The orphan was hungry and began crying, but a benevolent woman came to his aid with food. (3) to get free, to get out of one's grip or hold . N nyoge la a kpãao kyε ka o faa. I caught the guinea fowl but it slipped free and escaped. faaε, faara, faara, fareba, faaraa, faareba

fãa [fằå] adv. slowly (of a fall) • O kyeelee la gere fãa na te le. S/he is falling slowly.

fãa [fãã] v. (1) to be unable • O gaa la o sori na fãa. S/he has failed to

go on her trip. (2) to have no choice • A pompeŋ sãaɛ la ka noba fãa kyɛ sigi baa te ɔŋ kõɔ. The water tap is spoilt, so people have no choice but to go the stream to fetch water. faãɛ, faana, faanaa, faanaa, faanaa.

fãafãa [fắấfắấ] n. whistle used in times of war or danger pl: fãafaane 2pl: fãafaanεε

faa le [fáà lè] v. to drop, to fall faa lee, faara lere, faa lere, faa leribe, faa leraa, faa leribe

Faaloŋ [fààlôŋ] *n*. the name of a village located near Lawra, a District headquarters in the UWR of Ghana

faalon [fààlôn] *n*. the condition of being bad or wicked

faara [fáárà] *n.* priest *pl:* faaramine 2*pl:* faarεε

faara [fáárá] n. saviour pl: faareba faara [fáárá] n. one who robs pl: faareba

faare [fáári] ν. to intercede, to mediate (in a fight) faarεε, faara, faara, faareba, faaraa, faareba

faare [fààri] ν to stroke, to massage
Kɔlaa maŋ nɔŋ ka ba faara o tegitegi lɛ. A cat likes to be stroded all the time. faarɛɛ, faara, faara, faaraba, faaraa, faareba

faare [fààrì] *n*. a boys' game of snatching others' arrows 2pl: faarεε

faaregyɔ [fààrínɔś] v. to not utter a word; to be quiet

fabo fare bini

fabo [fàbò] *adv.* not responding to anything; speechless

fabo [fàbò] adv. tasteless

faee [fàìì] adv. empty-looking

fafara [fàfàrà] *adv.* suddenly, without permission (of entering)

fage [fàgt] adv. plenty (and jumbled up), e.g. of different things • Naŋkoɔre boma da pale a daa lɛ fage. There were many assorted goods in the market.

fage [fágí] ν. to peck, to eat (of birds) fageε, fagera, fagra, fagreba, fageraa, fagreba

fagere [fàgrì] *adv.* sharp (of a bite)

fagoo [fàgòò] adv. full of rubbish, dirty

falala [fàlàlà] *adv.* long, smooth, and straight *Var.* falalla

falala [fálálá] *adj.* smooth and straight *Var.* falalla

falalla [fálállá] adv. Var. falala

falanfuuri [fálánfúúrí] *n.* lungs *pl:* falanfugo *2pl:* falanfugree

fale [fálì] ν. to slap falεε, falla, falla, faleba, falaa, faleba

fale paren [fálì párìn] v. to spank (a child)

fambataabo [fǎmbátáábʊ́] *n.* weakness, powerlessness

fananna [fánánná] adv. very clean

fane [fànì] ν. to become rough (skin) fanεε, fana, fana, fanema, fanema

fane [fàní] adj. rough (skin) pl: fama

fanfane [fànfánì] n. soap pl: fanfama 2pl: fanfanɛɛ/fanfannɛɛ

fanne [fànnì] ν. to sell one's wares at a low price fannεε, fanna, fanna, fanema, fannaa, fanema

fanne [fánnì] ν. to think fannεε, fanna, fanna, fanema, fannaa

faŋa [fàŋá] n. strength; be strong (physically) pl: fanne 2pl: fannεε

faŋa [fáŋá] *adj.* young; used for calves *2pl:* **fanne**

Farafara [fàràfàrà] *n.* (1) a person of the Gurunε ethnicity (2) the language spoken by this group *sg:* farafaroo *pl:* farafarεε

farata [fàràtà] *adj.* tall and straight

fare [fárí] ν. (1) to foam (yeast in alcohol; discharge from eyes) (2) to boil (porridge) farεε, fara, fara, fareba, faraa, fareba

fare [fárí] ν. to build mounds around crops (farming corn) farεε, fara, fara, fareba, faraa, fareba

fare [fárí] ν. to pluck leaves in large quantities farεε, fara, fara, fareba, faraa, fareba

fare [fári] ν to make bare; (to shave hair off completely) farεε, fara, fara, fareba, faraa, fareba

fare [fárf] *adv.* completely • *A bibiiri zaa zo kulee la fare*. All the children have gone without any left behind.

fare bini [fárí bíní] v. (1) shit plenty(2) say digusting things

fare yɛlɛ fege

fare yεlε [fárí yέlέ] ν. (1) to talk a great deal (2) to complain

fasane [fàsánì] n. (with `ŋmɛ') thought • A dɔɔ da ŋmɛ la fasane, a wa te yeli ka o ba la boɔrɔ a o pɔge. The man thought for a while and finally said he did not want his wife. pl: fasama 2pl: fasamɛɛ/fasannɛɛ

febo [fíbó] *adv.* piercingly; the manner a sharp object enters another suddenly and firmly (a thorn in the body)

fee [féé] *adv.* completely (of drinking)

fee [fff] adv. (1) for a short time; in a short time (2) few (3) small, little

feelaa [fííláà] adj. young and tender, at the very infant age e.g. chicken, kid • A nɔnyaŋaa neɛ la nɔbil feelaa kaŋa ko. The mother hen has stepped on one of the very young chicks and killed it. pl: feelɛ

feele [fììlì] ν. to make tight feelεε, feelε, feelε, feelε, feelbε, feelaa, feelbε

feele [fiílì] ν. to examine feelεε, feelε, feelε, feelbε, feelaa, feelbε

feele [fíílí] *n.* tsetse fly *pl:* **feelε** *2pl:* **feelε**

feelee [fiílíí] n. chance, space to operate • Feelee kye a die poɔ, fo koŋ nyɛ zie biŋi fo sɛŋɛ. There is no space in the room; you can't find space for your bed. pl: feelε 2pl: feelεε

feeloo [fíílóʊ́] *adj.* narrow, tight *pl:* feelε

feere [fiìri] ν. (1) to blow one's nose (2) to hold, press, or tie tightly feerεε, feere, feere, feerebε, feeraa

feeroo [fitròò] adv. suddenly disappearing into an opening e.g. into a hole or room • Bayuo to la obeere kye zo gaa e die feeroo, onaŋ kpe. Bayuo insulted his elder brother and ran into the house at once.

feε [fiὲ] v. (1) to whip (2) to unshell e.g. rice or corn feεε, feere, feere, feerebε, feeraa, feerebε

fee [fie] ν. to be grown to some extent; to not be small • A da ba sen ka o la taa poo pampana, a bie na o nan taa nan ba fee. She should not be pregnant now because the baby she has is still too young. feee, feene, feenem, feenaa

feele [fièli] ν. (1) to pass closely by another e.g. a blow missing the target narrowly (2) to pass gas silently feelee, feele, feele, feelbe, feelaa, feelbe

feele [fíélí] ν. to sneak out feeleε, feelε, feelε, feelbε, feelaa, feelbε

fefeε [fífiέ] n. crevice pl: fefeere 2pl: fefeerεε

fefere [fifiré] adj. least • Ka foon ba maale fo kyi na bini, fo yeli ka fo ere fefere ka noore wa la ene. If you don't keep your millet well the least move away and fowls swoop on it. Var. fifire

fege [figi] ν. to cut out a tiny openingA daa kpeεŋaa, a pεn-

fegele feroo

nepene ba too na fege o zie zaa. The wood is so hard that the carver can hardly make any headway to carve out even a small hole. fegee, fegre, -, fegrebε, fegraa, fegrebε

fegele [figìlì] *ν.* to be tight -, **feglε**, -, -, -, - *Var.* **fogele**

fegere [fígíri] ν. sob fegrεε, fegrε, fegrebε, fegraa, fegrebε

fegɛfegɛ [fìgɛ̀fìgɛ̀] *adv.* flashing intermittently e.g. lightening *Var.* **felɛfelɛ**

fele [filí] *n.* sore, wound *pl:* felε 2*pl:* felεε

felεfelε [fîlὲfîlὲ] *adv.* flash brightly

felεfelε [fíléfílέ] *adv.* glittery and fashing with light

felkõɔ [filkỗɔ́] n. pus 2pl: felkoɔnεε

felmaara [filmaara] *n*. sores over the body thought to be incurable e.g leprosy *Var.* **felmaaron**

felmaaron [filmáárón] n. sore caused by leprosy or yaws pl: felmaara 2pl: felmaarεε Var. felmaara

feləə [fîləò] adv. of a sparkle

felpεmpele [filpĕmpélí] n. scar sg: felpεmpeloo pl: felpεmpele 2pl: felpεmpeleε/felpεmpelleε

felzeε [filzìὲ] *n.* sore without pus *pl:* **felzeere** *2pl:* **felzeerεε**

femm [ffmm] *adv.* getting away fast and far e.g. bullet

fenlege [fínlígí] *adv.* laboured e.g. breathing

fenne [finni] ν. to begin to ripen (first few fruits) fennεε, fennε, fenenε, fenena

fenne [fínní] *v.* to cut a very small piece

fentelε [fintílὲ] *n.* lamp *pl:* fentelle 2*pl:* fentelεε/fentellεε

fentellaa [fíntílláá] n. local lamp pl: fentellaare 2pl: fentellaarεε

fentere [fıntıri] n. ring e.g. that put on the finger pl: fenteε 2pl: fenterεε/fenterrεε

fentere [fíntírí] *n*. the act of standing at attention *pl*: **fenteε** 2*pl*: **fenterεε**/**fenterrεε**

fere [firi] ν. (1) to force, to pester (2) to be morally obliged to do something • A fere ka te sonno nembaalba. We are obliged to care for the helpless. ferε, ferε, ferε, ferebε, feraa, - Var. fere

fere [fèrè] n. regret; bitter experience • Ka foon wa deene ne a badəgrə bile fo na wa yeli ka fere. If you play around that newborn puppy you will come to regret it. 2pl: feree/ferree

feree [féréé] *n.* the fruit of the w??kamp?re plant *Var.* wɔŋkam-pɔre

fereko [fíríkᡠ] *n.* a type of bawaa dance performed by moving to and fro to the sides (left and right) *pl:* ferekore *2pl:* ferekorεε *Var.* feroo

feroo [fírτσσ] *n.* force

feroo [fir??] n. Var. fereko

feroo toma filoo

feroo toma [fírớớ tớmá] *n.* duty, obligation

fee [féé] adv. (1) happening in some manner e.g. completely • A baala nyu la a tée a de goooŋ e fee. The patient took his medication and slept soundly. (2) becoming airless instantly (tyre) • Pimbiri kyɔge la a kuriwiri kɔbɔ ka o e fee, o naŋ yi. The tyre of the bicycle was pierced by a nail and deflated at once.

fεε [fὲὲ] *adv.* deflating completely of quiet sound of pent up air or gas escaping

fege [fègì] ν. (1) to indent (2) to become one-eyed fegeε, fegre, fegre, fegrebe, fegraa, fegfegre

fεge [fέgí] *n.* one-eyed person *pl:* **fε**- **gre** *2pl:* **fεgrε**ε

fεge [fέgí] *adv.* fall lightly, such that you don't hear anything e.g. dry leaf

fegelege [fegelege] *adv.* out of energy *Var.* **fegetege**

fεgetεgε [fégtégé] *adv.* completely out of air or energy

felefele [félfél] adj. tasteless

felele [félélé] adv. utterly, completely • A doo kũu maa la maa eŋ noore felele, ŋmenaa ŋa ka maa ne o puori taa daa poo The man's death has utterly surprised me, because we greeted each other this afternoon in the marketplace.

femm [femm] *adv.* lying flat e.g. vegetation or hair

feraa [féráá] *adj.* narrow, tight *pl:* ferre

fere [fèrì] ν. to be squezed up in between feree, fere, fere, ferbe, feraa, ferbe

fere [férí] *adv.* sound of drop of something small and light

fere-taa-kyε-moorɔ [férìtááʧémớớrɔ́] *n.* one who has something but lies to others that one does not have it *Var.* fere-bin-kyε-moorɔ/fere-taa-kyε-moora

fieli [fiélí] adj. slim and flat (nape)

fieli [fiéli] v. to fail fielee, fiele, fiele, fielbe, fielaa, fielbe

fieluu [fiélúú] *n.* the act of failing

fifire [fifire] adv. scarcely out of side than something happens • A doo yeli ka o ere fifire ka a kolaa de a nene. No sooner had the man left than the cat snatched the meat. Var. fefere

figi [figí] v. to throw out one's hand to signal to stop figee, figire, figire, figiribe, figiraa, figiribe

figiraa [fígràá] *n.* fan *pl:* figiri *2pl:* figiree

figiri [figrí] v. (1) to fan (2) to flap one's wings figee, figire, figire, figiribe, figiraa, figiribe

fii [fìì] *adv.* manner of movement e.g. of a heavy object in the air

filoo [filóó] *adv.* at glance • *N nyε la a bie filoo kyε ka o kpε a lɔɔre.* I saw the child at a glance before he entered the lorry.

finni foo

finni [finni] v. to cheat finnee, finne, finnee, finnea, finime Var. fuuli

- **firimen** [firimen] *adv.* appearing neatly cut e.g. growth
- fo [fo] pron. (1) you (second-person singular weak form) Fo na gaa la bee fo kon gaa? Will you go or not? (2) your (second-person singular possessive) Fo yuori la bon? What is your name?
- foge [fògì] v. (1) to unshell e.g. paddy rice (2) to poke, to push quickly (3) to foam (soap) fogεε, fogera, fogera, fogereba, fogeraa, fogereba Var. feε
- fogele [fóglí] v. to be tight e.g. passengers in a crowded bus A bibiiri fogele la taa a loore poo. The children are squeezed tightly in the lorry. fogelεε, fogelo, fogelo, fogelebo, fogelaa, fogelebo
- fogeloo [fʊglʊʊ] *adj.* narrow *A die waa la fogeloo lɛ*. The room is very small. *pl:* fogelo
- fogi [fógí] v. to pound e.g. clay for modeling fogee, fogiro, fogiro, fogiribo, fogiraa, fogiribo
- fogi [fógì] ν to pull out from a tight hold Dasaŋa na ba maŋ fogiri la nannyige nubi-eɛmɛ. In the olden days, thieves had their fingernails pulled out. fogee, fogiro, fogiro, fogiribo, fogiraa, fogiribo
- fogili [fòglì] ν to be seedless e.g. bean pod • Ka saaŋ ba mi a bɛŋɛ na fogili la. If it does not rain the

- beans will not form seed. fogilee, fogilo, fogilo, fogilibo, fogilibo, fogilibo
- fogiluu [fóglúú] *adj.* seedless *pl:* fogilo
- fole [fờlí] *adj.* immature, unripe *pl:* folo *2pl:* folεε/follεε
- **foli** [fòlì] *adj.* not hidden *pl:* **folo** *2pl:* **folee**
- **folinfoori** [fólinfŏórí] *n.* a type of broadleaf grass used as pig feed *pl:* **folinfobo** *2pl:* **folinfooree** *Var.* **folonfoori**
- Folo [fóló] *n.* Fulani (an African ethnic group) *pl:* folibo *2pl:* folee/follee
- **fomeŋε** [fómíŋέ] *pron.* yourself
- **fomfom** [fómfóm] *n*. type of small cake-like food prepared from flour
- **fomfom** [fómfóm] *adj.* deepset (eyes)
- fonaano [fốnáánố] n. sleeveless singlet pl: fonaanore 2pl: fonaanorεε/fonaanorrεε Var. fenaano
- fonne [fònnì] ν. (1) to sniff (dog on a trail) (2) to snuff fonnεε, fonno, fonnemo, fonnaa, fonnemo
- **fonofono** [fớnófónó] *adj.* soft, silky, and light (cloth) *Var.* **fonafona**
- fon [fón] pron. then you (used in conditional forms) Ka saan wa mi fon bore a kamaana. If it rains, you should sow the maize.
- **foo** [fòò] *adv.* looking open and endless e.g. a deep hole

fõo fori

fõo [fỗð] *adj.* dry and light e.g. grass

foo [foo] pron. you (second person singular strong form) • Foo naane ka ba boərə. They are not looking for you. Var. foon

foone [fờờnì] ν. (1) to shrink e.g. a fruit (2) to deflate e.g. a tyre foonεε, foona, foona, foonema, foonaa, foonema

foone [fớớní] *adj.* shrinked *pl:* fooma *2pl:* foonεε/foomεε

fooŋ [fớớŋ] pron. you (emphatic) • Fo yəəpəge balɛɛ la fooŋ na gaa te ɛre a zəŋe? Your sister is tired, you will have to go and grind the flour.

foore [föờrì] *v.* to hiss e.g. a snake foorεε, foora, foora, fooreba, fooraa, fooreba

foore [fờờrì] ν to become bloated foorεε, foora, foora, foora, fooreba, fooraa, fooreba

foore [fờờrì] ν. to rage foorεε, foora, fooreba, fooraa, fooreba

foori [fòòrí] adj. (1) empty (2) empty-handed (typically used with nu) • O belle ma la ne nufoori. S/he deceived me with an empty hand.

foo [fớó] ν. to fill holes in a wall with mortar fooε, fooro, fooro, fooro, fooreba/foorebo, fooraa

foo [fớó] ν. to pile up a heap of guinea corn heads fooε, fooro, fooro, fooreba/foorebo, fooraa

foo [fóó] ν. to place branches or thorns around an object for protection against animals fooε, fooro, fooro, fooreba/foorebo, fooraa

foo [fóó] ν. to whip fooε, fooro, fooro, fooreba/foorebo, fooraa

fõo [fõõ] v. to make lighter • E ka a tuobu fõo fẽe ka lɛ naane N koŋ tõo a tuo. Make the load a little light otherwise I cannot carry it. fõoε, foono, foono, foonemo, foonaa, foonemo

foolaa [főóláá] *n.* passageway *pl:* foole 2*pl:* foolεε

foole [föòlì] *v.* to draw one's appendages against the body; to stand at attention foolεε, foolo, foolo, foola,

foole [fɔɔ́li] v. to sneak, to move stealthily foolεε, foolo, foolo, foolba, foolaa

fooo [f \tilde{v} o \tilde{v} o] adj. light (weight) pl: foone 2pl: foonεε

foore [fờòrì] ν. to smear with thick liquid fooreε, fooro, fooro, foorba, fooraa, foorba

fori [fórì] v. to loosen, to slip off, to put off a dress around the waist foree, foro, foro, forbo, foraa, forbo

fori [fórí] conj. since • Fo naŋ fori yi, gaa kyɛ wa. Since you have already prepared, go and come.

fori [fòrì] v. (1) to force out from its cover or shell. (boiled bambara beans) (2) to treat hide by removing the fur. (bleeching of the skin)

foroforo fumini

(3) to develop to an appreciable level; to mature • A pogelee na nan ba fori kye o poloo zuoe la. This girl is not yet worth a woman but she is quite proud. foree, foro, foro, forbo, foraa, forbo

forəforə [fớròfớrò] adj. rough Var. forafora

forre [főrrí] ν. (1) to scrape leaves off a branch (2) to run very fast (through vegetation) forrεε, forra, forra, foreba, forraa, foreba

foto [fótó] *n.* photograph *pl:* **fotori** *2pl:* **fotoree**/**fotorree**

fəbo [fàb] adv. very wet

fogele [fɔgli] ν. (1) to press together (2) to strangle fɔgelεε, fɔgelə, fɔgeləb, fɔgelaa, fɔgeleba

folle [fɔlli] ν. to smear with fɔllεε, fɔllɔ, fɔllɔ, fɔlebɔ, fɔllaa, fɔlebɔ

fonne [fɔnnt] v. to grab, to hold fonneε, fonno, fonno, fonemo, fonnaa, fonemo

fone [fón] ν. to become lean, to shrink fones, foneno/fonno, fonemo/fonemo, fonena/fonemo, fonena/fonemo, fonena/fonemo

fɔŋɔ [fɔŋɔ] n. suburb, section pl: fɔnne 2pl: fɔnnεε Var. fɔŋa

foore [fòòrì] n. greed 2pl: foorεε

fore [fòrì] ν. to hold, to squeeze tightly (by the throat) foreε, foro, foro, forbo, foraa, forbo

foro [fòrò] n. yaws 2pl: forrεε

fu [fú] *n.* rumour, hint • *N woŋee fu kyɛ N ba baŋ ka serɛ la be.* I have heard a rumour but I am not suer whether it is true. *2pl:* furee

fu [fú] v. to blow (wind) fue, fuuro, fuuro, fuuribo, fuuraa, fuuribo

fu [fù] v. (1) to parboil, to steam (meat) (2) to slough (3) to make lather fue, fuuro, fuuro, fuuribo, fuuraa, fuuribo

fugi [fùgì] v. to threaten fugee, fugiro, fugiro, fugiribo, fugiraa, fugiribo

fugi [fùgì] v. to bluff fugee, fugiro, fugiro, fugiribo, fugiraa, fugiribo

fugoŋ [fúgóŋ] adv. falling suddenly into e.g. a hole • O faa le a bogiŋ lɛ fogoŋ. S/he fell into the hole at once.

fulee [fúléé] *adv.* eat gulpingly e.g of a hungry person

fuli [fùlì] adv. exit suddenly

fulo [fúló] adv. entering neatly, without friction • Naazoo deε e la n nyɔbogiriŋ lε fulo. A fly shot into my nose at once.

fulofulo [fúlófúló] *adj.* roundish e.g of aperture like a hole

fulonfugiri [fúlónfúgrí] n. lung sg: fulonfuuruu pl: fulonfugo 2pl: fulonfugiree

fululu [fúlúlú] *adv.* appearing round and deep e.g. a hole

fumini [fúmìnì] *n.* needle *pl:* fumine *2pl:* fuminee/fuminnee

fuoli

fuoli [fúóli] v. (1) to whistle (2) to squeak (of a wheel) fuolee, fuolo, fuolo, fuolibo, fuolaa, fuolibo

fuomii [fùòmíi] n. (1) gluttony, voracious eating, wanting cheap things
• A dəə ŋa eŋ daŋ ba iri bonzaa,
fuomii yoŋ ka o nəŋ. This man
has never contributed anything, he
only likes taking things for free. (2)
freeloading; wanting cheap things
Var. fuomin

fuomin [fuomin] *n. Var.* fuomii fuori [fùòrì] *v.* to bewitch, to take the soul from the body fuoree, fuoro, fuoro, fuoribo, fuoraa, fuoribo

fuori [fúórì] v. to sip fuoree, fuoro, fuoribo, fuoraa, fuoribo

furi [fùrì] v. to block an opening with an object, to seal furee, furo, furo, furibo, furaa, furibo

furi [fùrì] v. to open one's eyes widely e.g. when surprised furee, furo, furo, furibo, furaa, furibo

furi [fùrì] v. to stoop furee, furo, furo, furibo, furaa, furibo

furi [fúrí] v. to cave in furee, furo, furo, furibo, furaa, furibo

furi [fúrí] *n*. Islamic marriage rite *pl:* **furri** *2pl:* **furee/furree**

furi kaa [fùrì kàà] ν. to stare, to glare furi kaaε, furi kaaraa, furi kaaraa, furi kaareba, furi kaara, furi kaareba

fuu [fúù] *n.* the cast-off skin of a snake *pl:* **fuuri** *2pl:* **fuuree**

fuu [fùù] v. to frighten, to threaten fuue, fuuro, fuuro, fuuribo, fuuraa, fuuribo

fuu [fúù] v. to speed fuue, fuuro, fuuro, fuuribo, fuuraa, fuuribo

fuu [fúú] *n.* a game where bare arrows are used *pl:* **fuuri** *2pl:* **fuuree**

fuuli [fúúlí] v. to cheat; to make a fool of fuulee, fuulo, fuulo, fuulibo, fuulaa, fuulibo Var. finni

fuuli [fùùlì] v. to constrict, to make rounded (opening) fuulee, fuulo, fuulo, fuulibo, fuulibo, fuulfuulo

fuuri [fúúrí] n. (1) foam, bubbles, lather, froth (2) rest, cool off pl: fue 2pl: fuuree

fuuri [fùùrì] v. to cool off fuuree, fuuro, fuuro, fuuribo, fuuraa, fuuribo

fuuri [fùúrí] n. treachery

fuurofuuro [fúúrófúúró] *n.* bits and pieces (of information)

g

ga [gà] ν. to eat TZ without sorce/soup gaε, gaara, gaara,

garba, gaaraa, gaareba

ga [gá] v. to run wildly or in a

gaa galbie

frenzy e.g. cow stung by tsetse fly gagaε, gaara, gaara, gareba, gaaraa, gareba

- gaa [gáà] *n.* ebony (tree or fruit) *pl:* gaare 2*pl:* garεε/gaarεε
- gaa [gàà] v. to leave gaaɛ, gɛrɛ, gɛrɛ, gɛrebɛ, gɛraa, gɛrebɛ
- gaa [gáà] v. to scoop pulp e.g. soil gaaɛ, gaara, gaara, gaareba, gaaraa, gaareba
- gãa [gẫã] adv. outstretched and long
- A sərsərə tee la o nu gaa ka nembaalon ere a noba ka ba korə o libie. The beggar stretched out his hand ernestly and the onlookers were moved and began offering him money.
- gaabu [gáábú] *n.* onion *pl:* gaaburi 2pl: gaaburee/gaaburree Var. zammo
- gaafara [gááfárà] n. excuse, sorry sg: gaafaroo pl: gaafarre 2pl: gaafarεε
- gaale [gááli] ν. (1) to place flat on the ground, to put to bed (2) to attend prenatal or postnatal care gaalεε, gaala, gaala, gaalba, gaalaa, gaaleba
- Gaana [gáånà] n. Ghana pl: gaanarı 2pl: gaanεε
- gaane [gàànt] v. (1) to stride; to take strides of equal length with energy and confidence (2) to wear by passing a strip between the buttocks (triangular underwear) Neŋkponni mine taa la parre a

maŋ de gaane yelmaale daare. Some elderly men have triangular underwear which they wear on festive occasions. gaanεε, gaana, gaanema, gaanema, gaanema, gaanema, gaanema

gaanoo [gaanoo] n. stride Var. gaanegabaa [gàbàà] adv. open and extensive

gabadayaa [gàbádáyáá] *adj.* straightaway *Var.* gaba

gabadii [gàbàdìì] *n.* a type of woolen cloth used to make suits

gabaŋgabaŋ [gàbàŋgàbàŋ] adv. anyhow

- gadaa [gàdàà] n. (1) ebony stick (2) sign of extradition A tendaana ba la nɔgraa gadaa. The landlord has ordered the sojourner to leave.
- gado [gádó] *n.* bed *pl:* gadori *2pl:* gadoree/gadorree *Var.* godo
- gagaraa [gágáráà] *n.* (1) traitor (2) One who denies the truth and treads on falsehood, inconsistent *pl:* gagarre 2*pl:* gagarεε *Var.* minaafigi
- gakogili [gákóglíí] *n.* dried berry of the ebony tree *sg:* gakogiluu *pl:* gakogilo *2pl:* gakogilee
- galaa [gàláà] n. fool pl: galle 2pl: gallεε
- galbie [gálbié] *n.* a great person *pl:* galbiiri *2pl:* galbiiree
- galbie [gálbíé] *n.* a child born after more than 9 months of pregnancy *pl*: galbiiri *2pl*: galbiiree

gale gandaa

gale [gálí] ν. to speak in anger; to reproach galεε, gala, gala, galeba, galaa, galeba

gale [gàlì] v. to miss the regular time
O daŋe ba gale toma waabo bebiyeni gba. S/he never missed going to work even for a day. galeε, gala, gala, galba, galaa, galba Var. galle

galegale [gálgál] *adv.* of quick fast steps (run)

galegale [gálígálí] n. dog

galema [gálɪmá] *adj.* strange *pl:* galemalema *Var.* galee

galeŋgaa [gàlíŋgáà] n. crow pl: galeŋgaare 2pl: galeŋgaarεε

galeŋgoɔnaa [gàltngʊʻɔ́náá] n. heron pl: galeŋgoɔne 2pl: galeŋgoɔnɛε Var. gɔleŋgoɔnaa

galiŋkoori [gàlíŋkóórì] *n.* millipede sg: galiŋkooruu *pl*: galiŋkoro *2pl*: galiŋkoree

galle [gàllì] v. to pass, to miss • Ka pɔgeŋ wa galle o pɛgebo kaapɔge poɔ la ka o taa. If a woman misses her period, then she may be pregnant. gallɛε, galla, galla, galeba, gallaa

galle [gàllì] ν. manoevre with skill and expertise • Te karema maŋ galle la a kɔkɔre ka noɔ kpɛ fo. Our teacher manipulates the language such that you enjoy his talk. gallɛɛ, galla, galla, galeba, gallaa

Galyuoni [gàlyúóní] *n.* name traditionally given to a child born after 9 months of pregnancy *Var.* Yuoni

gambanna [gámbánná] *n.* one who is literate *pl:* gambanema *2pl:* gambannεε

gammiri [gámmírì] *n.* woven twine string worn by women around the waist *sg:* **gammiruu** *pl:* **gammie** *2pl:* **gammiree**

gammisəgelaa [gámmísə́gláà] n. woven leather waist string pl: gammisəgelə

gammizoolɔ [gámmízóólɔ̀] *n.* waist strings for adolescent girl *pl:* gammizoolεε *Var.* gammizoola

gampεle [gámpέli] *n.* (1) sheet of paper (2) page of a book *pl:* **gampεlε**

gamporrizie [gámpórrìzíé] *n.* post office *pl:* gamporriziiri *2pl:* gamporriziiree

ganaa [gànàá] n. (1) strip of leather
(2) twine for chief mourners of a deceased person pl: ganne 2pl: ganneε

ganaaganaa [gánáágánáá] *adv.* small and stretched like a string, thin

ganaaganaa [gànààgànàà] adv. large and stretched • A dəbə ti la taa ganaaganaa, ka ba faara faana. The men hooked each other tightly and fiercely such that people were finding it difficult to separate them.

gandaa [gàndáá] *n.* (1) hero, great person, protagonist (2) hero in literature *pl:* gandaare *2pl:* gandaarεε

gandaa gaŋkanna

- gandaa [gàndáá] *n.* placenta *pl:* gandaare *2pl:* gandaarεε
- gane [gánì] n. (1) book (2) hide, skin pl: gama 2pl: gannεε/gamεε
- gangyinni [gàndzínní] *n.* the act of doing things in excess e.g. eating *2pl:* gangyinnee *Var.* gangyinnuŋ
- gangyinnun [gàndzínnún] *n.* the act of doing things in excess *Var.* gangyinnuu, gangyinni
- ganlaa [gánláá] *n.* a type of dance *pl:* ganlaare *2pl:* ganlaarεε
- ganlɔgɔ [gànlɔgɔ] *n.* small leather bag worn on the shoulder *pl:* ganlɔgre 2*pl:* ganlɔgrεε
- gansεgerε [gánségrè] n. writer, letter writer pl: gansegerebε 2pl: ganεgerebεε Var. gaŋŋmaara
- **gansɔraa** [gánsɔ́ráá] *n.* a book for reading *pl*: **gansɔrre** 2*pl*: **gansɔrre**ε
- gantoole [gántóólì] n. mail sg: gantoolaa 2pl: gantooleε
- gaŋa [gàŋá] n. An enclosure for livestock e.g. cattle pl: ganne 2pl: gannεε Var. gaŋe
- gaŋe [gáŋ] adj. mad or insane (dogs)
 Bagaŋe zaameŋ doŋe la n baa.
 A mad dog bit my dog yesterday.
- gaŋe [gâŋ] v. (1) to lie down (2) to sleep gaŋεε, gana, gana, ganema, ganaa, ganema
- gaŋe [gàŋì] v. (1) to step over A baa age gaŋ la a bogi. The dog jumped over the hole. (2) to overtake, Ba ləəre zo wa gaŋ la te

- deni na bare. Their lorry overtook ours. (3) to be more than, to exceed A kparoo waa la kpoŋ gaŋ a bie. The shirt is bigger than the child. gaŋεε, gaŋena/gana, gaŋenema/ganema, gaŋenaa/ganaa, gaŋenema/ganema
- gaŋene₁ [gàŋìní] n. next one N daga maŋ biŋ la a gaŋene die na poɔ. My box is kept in the room after the first one.
- **gaŋene**₂ [gàŋìní] *n.* that which is too much
- gangaa [gàngàá] n. drum (general) pl: gangarι 2pl: gangarεε
- gangaanaa [găngàànáà] n. (1) reed (2) vine pl: gangaane 2pl: gangaaneε
- gaŋgadaa [gàŋgàdáá] n. small drum with a quieter sound pl: gaŋgadaare 2pl: gaŋgadaarεε
- gaŋgadalee [gàŋgàdàléé] n. drumstick pl: gaŋgadabilii Var. gaŋgadabili
- gaŋgakpoŋ [gàŋgàkpóŋ] n. bass drum pl: gaŋgakponni 2pl: gaŋgakponnee
- gaŋgalee [gàŋgàléé] *n.* small drum; alto drum *pl:* gaŋgabilii *2pl:* gaŋgabilee
- ganganyaŋaa [gàŋgàŋáŋáá] n. drum with a deep, loud sound pl: gaŋ-ganyaŋene 2pl: gaŋganyaŋenεε
- gaŋkanna [gáŋkánná] n. reader, letter or book reader pl: gaŋkanema 2pl: gaŋkanemεε

gaŋkoŋi gemee

- gaŋkoŋi [gàŋkŏŋ] *n.* funeral string/strip given without any accompanying funeral donation *pl:* gaŋkonni *2pl:* gaŋkonnee
- gaŋkoŋi [gáŋkóŋ] n. dry and crumpled animal hide pl: gaŋkonni 2pl: gaŋkonnee
- gaŋkuoŋaa [gàŋkúóŋáá] n. dried strip of leather pl: gaŋkuoni 2pl: gaŋkuonee
- gaŋŋmaara [gáŋŋmáárá] *n.* writer *pl:* gaŋŋmaareba *2pl:* gaŋŋmaarebɛε *Var.* gansɛgrε
- gara [gàrá] *n.* tapeworm *pl:* garre 2*pl:* garεε/garrεε
- gara [gárá] *n*. hobble (rope for holding two legs of an animal) *pl*: garre 2*pl*: garεε/garrεε *Var*: gbara
- garaa [gáráá] *adj.* small and pointed garaa [gàráà] *n.* ridge *pl:* garre 2*pl:* garrεε
- gare [gárí] v. (1) to stumble, to trip over (2) to tie or hold legs together garεε, gara, gara, gareba, garaa, gareba
- gare [gàrì] ν. to place across, to close (road) A dɔɔ de la daa gare a sori. The man has placed a plank across the road. garεε, gara, gara, gareba, garaa, gareba
- gare [gárí] ν. go bad, sour (food) garεε, gara
- garegyerε [gáríyìrε] n. a shrub with milky sap, poisonous sg: garegyeroo 2pl: gargyerεε

- Garegyerebaa [gàrídzìrébàá] n. One of the main district headquarters of the Dagaare speaking area whose dialect is often referred to as the 'central dialect' *Var.* Gyerebaa
- garepegele [gàrìpìglì] to Α le. la crisscross • garepegele a sori. The tree fell crossed/bocked the road. garepegelee, garapegele, garapegele, garepegelebe, garepegelaa, garepeglebe
- garewaa [gáríwáá] n. four-gallon tin pl: garewaare 2pl: garewaarεε
- **garon** [gárón] *n.* sour-tasting substance
- garre [gárrí] ν. to deny garrεε, garra, garra, gareba, garaa, gareba
- gasalaa [gàsàlàà] adj. gaping
- gegili [gèglì] *v.* be half-closed gegilee, gegile, gegile, gegilibe, gegilaa, gegilibe *Var.* ogili
- geli [] v. to lift over something heavy lying flat on the ground Ba geli la a kuri gbori tiili a dankyini poo. They have lifted over the iron gate unto the wall. gelee, gelle, gelle, gelibe, -, gelibe
- geli [] v. to burn badly (food) gelee, gelle, gelle, gelibe, -, gelibe
- geli [] v. to be mad, to behave abnormally or foolishly gelee, gelle, gelle, gelibe, -, gelibe
- **gelime** [gélímè] *n.* insanity **gemee** [géméé] *adj.* mad, insane

genegene gonni

genegene [gènègènè] adv. (1) tinted (colour) • A boo e la zee genegene. The goat is tinted brown. (2) not appearing clearly • Zie naŋ da wa nyaana genegene la ka o wa. S/he came when dawn had not clearly set in.

gengen [géngén] adj. firmly fixed

geŋi [gêŋ] v. to stretch out to reach e.g. to look over a wall geŋee, geŋine/genne, geŋine/genne, geŋinime/genime, geŋinaa/gennaa, genime

geŋi [gêŋ] v. to be mad, to be angry geŋee, geŋine/genne, geŋine/genne, geŋinime/genime, geŋinaa/gennaa, genime

geregere [gèrègèrè] *adv.* moderately hard e.g. half-cooked yam

gεbεε [gèbéé] n. fool, lunatic

gieri [gíérì] v. to belch gieree, giere, giere, gieraa, gieribe

go [gó] v. to stoop, to bend down goe, guoro, guoro, guoribo, goraa, guoribo

go [gò] v. watch over goe, goro, goro, goraa, - Var. gu

gobaa [gòbàà] n. shame, disgrace

gogo [gógó] *n.* (1) clock (2) hour *pl:* gogori *2pl:* gogoree

gogobiri [gògòbírí] *n.* zebu (bull with a humped back) *pl:* gogobie *2pl:* gogobiree

gogoo [gògóó] *adj.* standing out with long appendages e.g. pointing

gogoɔ [gờgờɔ́] n. sawfish pl: gogoɔre 2pl: gogoɔrεε

golebεlε [gʊ̀lìbɛ̀lɛ̀] *adj.* lethargic and unsteady (very sick person)

goligoli [gòlgólí] v. to scribble goligolee, goligolo, goligolo, golgolibo, golgolaa, golgolibo

gollaa [gólláà] *n.* a game in which players hop on one leg *pl*: **golli** *2pl*: **gollee**

golle [göllì] *v.* to mix up any which way (clothes) gollεε, gollɔ/golla, gollɔ/golla, golla

golli [góllì] v. to hop on one leg gollee, gollo, gollo, golibo, gollaa, golibo

golongolon [gòlòngólón] *adv.* long and twisted

gologolo [gůlógóló] *adj.* soft and wavy (hair)

golɔnsomm [gʊlɔ̀nsʊmm] *adv.* roundish and big

golonsomm [gólónsómm] adv. roundish and small

gombəle [gòmbólí] *n.* kapok fruit *pl:* gombələ *2pl:* gombəlεε

gomɔgomɔ [gʊmɔɡʊmɔ] adv. not straight forward Var. gomagoma

gondon [gòndón] *n.* skirt *pl:* gondonni *2pl:* gondonnee

gone [góní] *n.* structural flaw *pl:* gonne 2*pl:* gonεε/gonnεε

gonnaabo [gónnáábó] *n.* plant louse *pl:* gonnii *2pl:* gonniinee

gonni [gònní] n. cotton sg: gonnuu pl: n/a 2pl: gonnee

gonsee gori

gonseε [gònsìέ] *n.* fall; season of intermitent wind

- **goŋo** [gòŋó] *n.* cotton tree *pl:* **gonni** 2*pl:* **gonnee**
- **goŋmane** [góŋmání] *n.* one hundred kola nuts *pl:* **goŋmama** *2pl:* **goŋmannε**
- goole [gởờlì] ν. to mix, to stir (thick paste) goolεε, goolə, goolə, gooleba, gooleba
- goone [gờờnì] v. to walk majestically with an up-and-down body movement A daanedann da maŋe la a naa niŋŋ kyɛ goone iri. The praise singer would walk majestically with up-and-downmovement of the body in front of the King. goonεε, goonɔ, goonə, goonema, goonema, goonema
- goo [góɔ] n. thorn pl: goore 2pl: goorεε
- goɔ [gʊɔ̀] ν. to bend at the trunk
 Pɔgeba maŋ goɔ la kaabo
 kyɛ ŋma. Women usually hold
 down guinea corn to cut the head.
 goɔɛ, goɔrɔ, goɔrbɔ, goɔraa,
 goɔrbɔ
- goo [gờð] ν. to prevent from progressing; to cause to return or refrain from something gooε, gooro, gooro, goorbo, gooraa, goorbo
- goo [gờò] ν. to bite (snake) gooε, gooro, gooro, goorbo, gooraa, goorbo
- gõo [gỗó] n. (1) kiln (place for baking clay items to make them hard)

- (2) arena, grouping point (ko-gõɔ) pl: goɔne 2pl: goɔnεε
- gõo [gὖόύ] n. sleep pl: goonεε
- gooraa [gờờràá] *n.* a type of small tree with medicinal properties *pl:* goore 2*pl:* goorεε
- goore [gớớrí] ν. to walk or run half stooping gooreε, gooro, gooro, gooreba, gooraa, gooreba
- goore [gòòri] v. (1) to go round and round (2) to splash mashed ashes round the outer wall of a house (ritual to rid the house of activities of witchraft) gooreɛ, gooro, gooro, gooreba, gooraa
- gora [górà] n. (1) hunchback (2) disease of the back pl: gorre 2pl: gorreε Var. goro
- goraa [gòràà] adj. curved
- goraa [gòràà] adj. ashamed
- gore [gòrì] v. (1) to be abundant(2) to be overburdened with weight gorεε, gora, gora, goreba, goraa
- **gore** [gớrí] ν. to pluck feathers or fur **gorε**ε, **gora**, **gora**, **gorba**, **gora**
- gorgore [gờrgớrí] ν. to ruffle gorgoreε, gorgora, gorgora, gorgorba, gorgoraa, gorgorba
- gori [górí] n. dowry, bride price pl:
 gorri 2pl: goree
- gori [gòrì] v. to bend an object (into a sharp curve) goree, goro, goro, gorbo, goraa, gorbo
- **gori** [górí] *n.* big pile of; load *pl:* **goe** *2pl:* **goree**

gori-gori-gori gɔŋ-eŋ

- **gori-gori** [gór-gór-gór] *adv.* motionless
- gozambuuli [gòzàmbúúlí] *n.* the fruit of a type of thorn tree *pl:* gozambuulo *2pl:* gozambuulee *Var.* gɔzambuuli
- gozaŋaa [gózàŋàà] n. a type of thorn tree with yellow fruit pl: gozanne 2pl: gozannεε Var. gɔzaŋaa
- gɔbaa [gɔ̀báà] *n.* (1) skillful person; one full of dexterity (2) artist (music, visual arts) *pl:* gɔɔre 2*pl:* gɔɔrɛε
- **gɔbenε** [góbìnὲ] *n.* governor, government *pl:* **gɔbenne** *2pl:* **gɔbenɛ**ε
- gobenente [gobinenti] n. government pl: gobinentifi 2pl: gobinentifie
- gɔfuuraa [gɔfuuraá] n. a type of tree with medicinal properties pl: gɔfu-uri 2pl: gɔfuuree
- goge [gógí] ν. to nod gogεε, gogero, gogero, gogerebo, gograa, gogerebo
- gɔgɔ [gɔ́gɔ̀] *n.* (1) a type of tree whose bark is used in tanning (2) to type of black bird with a long tail *pl:* gɔgɔre 2*pl:* gɔgɔrεε
- gɔgɔ [gògɔ́] ν. to bend halfway; to stoop gɔgɔε, gɔgɔɔrɔ, gɔgɔrɔ, gɔgɔrebɔ, gɔgɔraa, gɔgɔrebɔ
- gollaa [gólláá] *n.* a type of small, fatty field mouse *pl:* golle *2pl:* golleε *Var.* mootere
- gɔlle [gɔ̀lli] v. (1) to go round, to detour (2) to surround, to encircle

- gollεε, gollo, gollo, gollebo, gollaa, gollebo
- gələnteebo [gɔ́lɔ́ntìibʊ́] n. chameleon pl: gələnteere 2pl: gələnteerεε Var. gəmə/gəməteebo
- **gomberaa** [gómbíráá] *n.* state of sleeplessness *pl*: **gomberre** *2pl*: **gomberε**ε
- **gɔmbulo** [gɔmbùlo] *n*. unique sound in poetry, sound that is pleasing to the ear
- gɔmɔ [gɔmɔ] n. noise, disturbance pl: gɔnne 2pl: gɔnnεε Var. gɔnne
- gɔnda [gɔ̆ndà] n. pawpaw, papaya sg: gɔndaroo pl: gɔndare 2pl: gɔndarεε
- gonne [gónnì] *n.* noise *pl:* gomo *2pl:* gonnεε
- gontere [gòntérí] v. to talk incessantly gonteree, gonotere, gonotere, gonoterebe
- gontere [gontérí] v to burst out, especially when angry gonteree, gonotere, gonotere, gonoterebe
- gɔnzuuro [gónzúúrò] n. sleepiness O taa la gɔnzuuro. He/she is feeling sleepy. 2pl: gɔnzuuree
- gɔŋe [gɔ́ŋ] adj. crooked, bent
- gɔŋe [gòŋ] v. to make crooked, to incline toward gɔŋεɛ, gɔnnɔ, gɔnnɔ, gɔnema, gɔnema
- gɔŋe [gɔ́ŋ] ν. to make noise, to quarrel gɔŋεε, gɔnnɔ, gɔnɔ, gɔnemɔ, gɔnnaa, gɔnemɔ
- gɔŋ-eŋ [gòŋ-ìŋ] v. to redirect or state to suit one's purpose A yɛlɛ ba

gəngələn guoli

- waa le a poge goŋ-eŋεε la. That is not the true state of the matter; the woman has tried to add something to make it look like that. goŋ-eŋεε, gonno-enne, goŋ-enna, goŋ-eneme
- gəŋgələŋ [gəŋgələŋ] adj. long and winding
- gɔŋgɔŋe [gòŋgɔ́ŋ] ν. to walk wearily and unsteadily; to trudge gɔŋgɔŋεɛ, gɔŋgɔnɔ, gɔŋgɔnɔ, gɔŋgɔnema, gɔŋgɔnaa, gɔŋgɔnema
- gɔŋgbire [gɔ́ŋgbirè] n. one who is asleep pl: gɔŋgbiribe 2pl: gɔŋg-biribee
- gɔŋɔ [gɔ́ŋɔ́] n. type of guinea corn 2pl: gɔnnεε
- goo [gòó] *n.* left hand, left side *pl:* goore 2*pl:* goorεε
- gɔɔ [gɔ́ɔ́] *adj.* left-handed *pl:* gɔɔe 2*pl:* gɔɔrεε
- gɔɔ [gɔ̀ɔ̀] v. to go round and round gɔɔɛ, gɔɔrɔ, gɔɔrə, gɔɔrebɔ, gɔɔraa, gɔɔrebɔ *Var.* goɔre
- gɔɔrombiri [gɔ́ɔrómbiri] n. literary device (lit.) sg: gɔɔrombiruu pl: gɔɔrombie 2pl: gɔɔrombiree
- gɔpelaa [gòpìlàá] *n.* a type of tree with medicinal properties *pl:* gɔpeɛle 2*pl:* gɔpeɛlɛε
- gore [gòrì] ν. (1) to bend (2) to mould a hoe into a curved shape gorεε, goro, goro, gorebo, goraa, gorebo
- gore [górí] *n.* scythe *pl:* gorre 2*pl:* goreε

- gɔsɔgelaa [gɔ́sɔ́glàá] n. a type of thorn tree pl: gɔsɔgelɔ 2pl: gɔsɔgelɛε
- gɔteɛ [gôtiɛ́] *n.* a tree with thorns *pl:* gɔteere 2*pl:* gɔteerɛε
- **gɔzeε** [gɔziɛ́] n. a type of tree with medicinal properties
- gu [gù] v. (1) to watch out for (2) to look after (3) to protect, to defend (4) to wait for (someone), (5) to waylay (someone) gue, guuro, guuro, guribo, guuraa, guribo Var. go
 - gu zoo to ambush
- gufu [gúfù] *n.* interpreter *pl:* gufuri *2pl:* gufuree/gufurree
- **Gumo** [gúmó] *n.* a town in the Sisaalaland noted for soothsaying and divining *2pl:* gumee
- gunni [gúnní] v. to stalk (hunter tracking game) gunnee, gunno, gunno, gunnaa
- gunni [gùnnì] v. to pick tiny leaves from plants gunnee, gunno, gunno, gunnaa
- guo [gùò] *n.* heavy club with knobbed end *pl:* gori *2pl:* goree *Var.* daguo
- guoli [gùòlì] v. to coil (rope) guolee, guolo, guolo, guolibo, guolaa, guolibo
- guoli [gúólì] v. (1) to bring up (child)(2) to raise (animals) guolee, guolo, guolo, guolibo, guolaa, guolibo
- **guoli** [gúólí] *n.* pot rest; pad on which pots are placed *pl*: **guolo** *2pl*: **guole**

guori gbaama

guori [gúórí] *n.* kola nuts *sg:* guoruu *pl:* goe *2pl:* goree

guri [gùri] v. (1) to throw one's body onto another (wrestling, catching a fowl) (2) to fold up (leg) guree, guro, guro, guribo, guraa

guri pɔge [gùrì pɔ́gí] v. to rape

gurri [gúrrí] n. mushroom sg: gurruu 2pl: gurree

guruŋ [gùrúŋ] n. mushroom sg: gurruu pl: gurri 2pl: gurree

guu [gúú] v. to be unable, to fail guue, guuro, guuro, guuribo, guuraa, guuribo

guu [gùú] *adj.* blunt, not sharp *pl:* guuri *2pl:* guuree

guu [gùù] v. to be blunt guue, guuro, guuro, guurbo, guuraa, guurbo

guuli [gúúlì] *v.* to delay someone guulee, guulo, guulo, guulibo, guulaa, guulibo *Var.* gbuuli

guuli [gúúlì] v. to be not yet healed of a sprain guulee, guulo, guulo, guulibo, guulaa, guulibo Var. gbuuli

guuli [gúúlì] *v.* to delay someone guulee, guulo, guulo, guulibo, guulaa, guulibo *Var.* gbuuli

guuli [gúúlí] *n.* knot *pl:* guulo *2pl:* guulee

gu zɔɔ [gù zɔɔ́] v. to ambush gue zɔɔ, guuro zɔɔ, zɔɔ guuro

gb

gba [gbá] ν. (1) to gather substantive debris (2) to beat someone completely (gambling) gbaε, gbaara, gbaara, gbarba, gbaaraa, gbarba

gba [gbà] v. to close tightly, to lock gbaɛ, gbaara, gbaara, gbareba, gbaaraa, gbareba

gbaa [gbáà] *n.* viper *pl:* gbaare 2*pl:* gbaarεε

gbaalaa [gbááláá] *n.* large, sturdy broom for sweeping pavement *pl.* gbaale 2*pl.* gbaalεε

gbaale [gbáálí] *n*. large earthenware basin *pl:* gbaala *2pl:* gbaalεε gbaale [gbààlì] *v.* to gather exten-

sively • A kooraa gbaale la o wee kekeree baare. The farmer has finished gathering the stalks on his farm. gbaalee, gbaala, gbaala, gbaaleba

gbaale [gbáált] ν to follow in large numbers (typically used with tu)
• Polsiri nyoge la a nannyige ka bibiiri gbaale tu. The police arrested the thief and children crowded behind them. gbaalεε, gbaala, gbaala, gbaalba, gbaalaa, gbaalba

gbaama [gbààmà] *n.* weak appendages *2pl:* **gbaamεε**

gbaane gbannaa

- gbaane [gbààní] *adj.* lean *pl:* gbaama
- gbaga [gbágá] n. animal cage pl: gbagre 2pl: gbagrεε Var. gbogo
- gbage [gbàgì] v. to face A peroo yie la a de o niŋe gbage sapare kyε deε zoro. When the sheep left the pen it just went running toward the east. gbagεε, gbagra, gbagreba, gbagreba Var. gbage
- **gbagelan** [gbàglàn] *adj.* large and strong e.g. cob of corn
- gbagele [gbáglí] *n.* bone with meat *pl:* gbagla *2pl:* gbaglεε
- gbala [gbàlà] *n.* a type of women's hairstyle *A pɔgepaalaa poŋi la gbala*. The bride has shaved gbala on her head. *pl:* gballe *2pl:* gbalεε
- gbalaa [gbàláà] n. (1) pole for plucking (2) a type of tree that has aerial roots, milky sap, and (usually) a large amount of shade pligballe 2pligballee Var. langbaraa, kankangbalaa
- gbale [gbàlf] *adj*. It is not for nothing that the child is crying *pl*: gbala *2pl*: gbalεε
- gbale [gbàlí] adj. not wearing anything arround the waist Maria taa la se-gbale. Mary does not have any beads around her waist. pl: gbala 2pl: gbalεε
- gbale [gbàlí] *adj.* blunt, not sharp A sɔ-gbale na koŋ tõɔ ŋmaa a nɛne. That blunt knife can't cut the meat. pl: gbala 2pl: gbalεε

- gbale [gbàlt] ν to make blunt gbalεε, gballa, gballa, gbaleba, gballaa, gbaleba
- gbambelε [gbàmbìlè] *n.* albino *pl:* gbambelle *2pl:* gbambelεε
- **gbambiri** [gbàmbírì] *n.* an object with two distinct sides (cowrie) thrown in gambling to decide the winner *sg*: **gbambiruu** *pl*: **gbambie** *2pl*: **gbambiree**
- gbambiri [gbàmbìri] *n.* a type of musical instrument, made of metal tin, a wooden board and spokes. Spokelike metals are fixed on the board and fixed into the tin. It is played like the guitar *2pl:* gbambiree
- gbammo [gbàmmó] *n.* (1) comb (of a rooster) (2) a variety of maize that usually has big cobs and pure white kernels *pl*: gbama/gbanne 2*pl*: gbamεε *Var.* gyampegre
- **gbandige** [gbǎndígé] *n.* area of jurisdiction *pl:* **gbandigri**
- **gbandiruŋ** [gbǎndírúŋ] *n.* inheritance *2pl:* **gbandiree**
- gbanfolə [gbànfờlà] *n.* a dish made from mashed fresh corn *2pl:* gbanfolεε/gbanfollεε *Var.* gbanfola
- gbanna [gbánná] *n.* small farm near the house *pl:* gbanne 2*pl:* gbannεε Var. gbannaa
- gbannaa [gbánnáá] n. crop field pl: gbanne 2pl: gbanneε Var. gbanna
- gbannaa [gbànnà] *n.* see gbannaa (crop field) *pl:* gbanne 2*pl:* gbannεε *Var.* gbanna

gbantieloo $gb ilde{e}arepsilon$

- gbantieloo [gbàntíélóó] *n*. the act of shooting an arrow as high as one can. (used with \S saluoni') *O gban la saluoni gbantieloo*. He has shot an arrow into the sky.
- gbantori [gbàntòrí] n. ulcer pl: gbantoe 2pl: gbantoree Var. gbontori
- gbanzeε [gbànzìέ] *n.* very lightskinned person *pl:* gbanzeere 2*pl:* gbanzeerεε Var. gbaŋ
- gbaŋe [gbáŋ] n. gambling pl: gbanne 2pl: gbanneε Var. gbaŋa
- gbaŋe [gbăŋ] *n.* albino *pl:* gbanne 2*pl:* gbannεε Var. gbanzeε
- gbaŋe [gbáŋ] v. to shoot an arrow as far as one can gbaŋεε, gbana, gbanama, gbanema, gbanema
- gbaŋgbaa [gbàŋgbáà] *n.* slave *pl:* gbaŋgbaare 2*pl:* gbaŋgbaarεε
- **gbaŋgbaaloŋ** [gbàŋgbààlớŋ] *n.* slavery
- gbaŋgbakyeraa [gbáŋgbákyíráà] n. stone axe (chopper?) pl: gbaŋgbakyerre 2pl: gbaŋgbakyerεε/gbaŋgbakyerrεε
- gbaŋgbalaa [gbáŋgbáláà] n. (1) a clearing (2) spot for threshing grain pl: gbaŋgballe 2pl: gbaŋgbalɛε Var. gbeŋgbelaa
- gbaŋgbaŋ [gbáŋgbáŋ] n. midday pl: gbaŋgbanne 2pl: gbaŋgbannεε
- **gbangban** [gbàngbàn] *adv.* wide, open, and endless
- **gbaŋgbele** [gbàŋgbílí] *adv.* raw and hard (fruit)

- gbaŋkeroo [gbaŋkéróó] *n.* a type of wild plant with edible fruit *pl:* gbaŋkerri *2pl:* gbaŋkeree/gbaŋkerree
- gbara [gbàrá] *n.* a deaf or mute person *pl:* gbarre 2*pl:* gbarεε
- gbare [gbárí] v. to struggle in agony e.g. dying Loore ηmε la naabo ka o le a sori zu deε gbara. The lorry hit the cow and it fell on the road struggling. gbarεε, gbara, gbara, gbarba, gabaraa, gabrba
- gbare [gbárí] ν. to tie legs together firmly Ba naneŋ nyɔge la a naaweɛmɛ na, a nyɔge gbare. When they eventually caught that wild cow, they tied it down by the legs. gbarɛɛ, gbara, gbara, gbarba, gabaraa, gabrba
- gbare [gbàrì] ν to shut off from hearing gbarεε, gbara, gbara, gbareba, gbaraa, gbareba
- gbarema [gbàrìmá] *n.* small child *pl:* gbarre 2*pl:* gbaremεε
- gbateele [gbàtíílí] n. a kind of grass which is heated and smashed to explode like knockout sg: gbateeloo pl: gbateelε 2pl: gbateelεε
- gbatere [gbàtérí] *n.* small, shallow pond (usually in the bush) *pl:* gbaterre *2pl:* gbateree
- gbe [gbè] v. (1) to grind coarsely
 (2) to knaw at something hard;
 (unripe fruit) gbee, gbiere, gbiere,
 gbieribe, gbieraa, gbegbiere
- gbẽε [gbἶέ] ν. to cut a bit tiny gbeεε,

Gbeedomoo gbengbelaa

- gbeene, gbeeneme, gbeeneme, gbeenaa, gbeeneme
- Gbeεdomoo [gbìὲdớmớớ] *n.* a member of the gbeεdoma clan *pl*: Gbeεdomεε
- **Gbeεdomɔ** [gbtèdʊmɔ́] *n.* land area of the clan members (Gbeɛdomɛɛ) *Var.* **Gbeɛdoma**
- gbeele [gbìèlì] *n.* a type of fetish manifested in a stone; a stone believed to have supernatural power and treated as a god. The clan god of the Gbeedomεε *pl*: gbeelε 2*pl*: gbeelε
- gbeele [gbíélí] ν. to eye with suspicion, to look angrily at gbeele, gbeele, gbeelea, gbeelebe, gbeelaa, gbeelebe
- **gbeεle**; [gbíέlì] ν. to look at sternly
- gbeɛle kuuri [gbìɛ́lì kúúrí] n. (1) round, smooth stone (2) such a stone believed to be a symbol of a fetish pl: gbeɛle kubo 2pl: gbeɛle kuuree Var. gbeɛle
- gbeεre [gbìèrì] ν. to be completely out of energy; to be spent gbeεre, gbeεre, gbeεrebε, gbeεraa, gbeεrebε
- gbeεre [gbìὲri] ν. to be felled by a rainstorm (of grass) gbeεre, gbeεrε, gbeεrebε, gbeεraa, gbeεrebε
- gbeεre [gbìèrì] ν to cut bits and pieces of meat gbeεre, gbeεrε, gbeεrebε, gbeεraa, gbeεrebε

- **gbeεrε** [gbíéré] *n.* bits and pieces of meat *2pl:* **gbeεrεε**
- gbegi [gbégí] v. to pile up e.g. firewood gbegee, gbegre, gbegire, gbegiribe, gbegiraa, gbegire
- gbegili [gbèglì] adj. hard and rigid
- gbegili [gbèglì] v. to become dry and hard gbegilee, gbegile, gbegile, gbeglibe, gbegilaa, gbegilibe
- gbelaa [gbèláá] *n.* the bone of the forhead *pl:* gbelaare 2*pl:* gbelaarεε
- **gbelaa** [gbìlàà] *adv.* protruding, straight and hard
- gbele [gbílí] *n.* a type of small fox with bushy fur *pl*: gbelε 2*pl*: gbelεε/gbellεε
- gbele [gbílí] ν. to work very hard gbelεε, gbelε, gbelε, gbelε, gbelaa
- gbeleŋgbeleŋ [gbèlèŋgbéléŋ] n. flat metal musical instrument; a cymbal pl: gbeleŋgbelli 2pl: gbeleŋgbelee Var. lato/nato
- gbelime [gbèlìmé] *n.* bell *pl:* gbelli *2pl:* gbellee
- gbelime [gbèlìmé] *n.* hour *pl:* gbelli *2pl:* gbellee
- gbelli [gbélli] v. to turn the head away abruptly gbellee, gbelle, gbelle, gbelibe, gbellaa, gbelibe
- gbeŋgbegri [gbèŋgbégrí] n. (1) river bank (2) riverbed (dry) pl: gbeŋgbege 2pl: gbeŋgbegree
- gbengbelaa [gbíngbíláá] n. ground where millet is threshed and winnowed out pl: gbengbelle

gbengben gbelonkoraa

- *2pl*: gbeŋgbelεε/gbeŋgbellεε *Var.* gbaŋgbalaa
- **gbeŋgbeŋ** [gbéŋgbéŋ] *adv.* firmly fixed
- gbenini [gbénìní] *n.* lion *pl:* gbenime *2pl:* gbennee
- gbeŋkeroo [gbèŋkéróó] n. a shrub with brown hard fruits that are edible. Also the fruit of such a tree pl: gbeŋkerri 2pl: gbeŋkeree Var. naakyeemɛgbeŋkeroo
- **gberi** [gbèrì] *adv.* of a twine snapping sound
- gberi [gbérì] *adv.* stopping suddenly gbεbaŋa [gbébáŋ] *n.* ankle bangle *pl:* gbεbanne *2pl:* gbεbanneε *Var.* gbεbɔŋɔ/gbɛbaŋe
- gbεbi-eεne [gbέbì-íέní] n. (1) toenail (2) claw pl: gbεbi-eεmε 2pl: gbεbi-eεnεε
- gbebinyoəre [gbébìnڻórí] n. tip of the toe pl: gbebinyoε 2pl: gbebinyoreε
- gbæbiri [gbébìrí] *n.* toe *pl:* gbæbie *2pl:* gbæbiree/gbæbiiree
- gbεbogi [gbέbògí] *n.* (1) footprint (2) spot *pl*: gbεbogri *2pl*: gbεbogree
- $\mathbf{g}\mathbf{b}\mathbf{\tilde{\epsilon}}\mathbf{\epsilon}$ [gb $\mathbf{\tilde{\epsilon}}\mathbf{\tilde{\epsilon}}$] adv. dull, sleepy
- gbεε yaga [gbέ
έ yágá] adj. often Var. buyibuyi
- gbefaa [gbéfáá] *n.* ill luck; unluckiness *pl*: gbefaare 2*pl*: gbefaareε
- **gbεgere** [gbègrì] ν. to be miserly, to economize **gbεgerεε**, **gbεgerε**,

- gbεgere, gbεgerebε, gbεgeraa, gbεgerebε
- gbegere [gbégrí] v. to be loose, to be shaky (object in a hole) A daa bogi ba sigi yaga lenso ka o gbegre. The hole for the pole is not deep enough; that is why it is shaky. gbegree, gbegree, gbegree, gbegree, gbegrebe
- gbεgbε [gbègbέ] *n.* wide, shallow basket *pl:* gbεgbεre *2pl:* gbεgbεrεε
- gbεkpara [gbέkpárá] n. double legged pl: gbεkparre 2pl: gbεkparεε
- **gbεkpeεŋaa** [gbέkpíέŋáá] *n.* fleet footed *pl:* **gbεkpeεne**
- gbekponi [gbékpón] *n.* thigh *pl:* gbekponni *2pl:* gbekponnee
- gbɛle [gbɛ́lì] n. a long, thin strip of material e.g. rubber pl: gbɛlɛ 2pl: gbɛlɛɛ/gbɛllɛɛ
- gbɛle [gbɛ́lf] ν. (1) to wriggle one's trunk (like in dancing) (2) way of begging where one wriggles one's wrist gbɛlɛɛ, gbɛlɛ, gbɛlɛ, gbɛlbɛ, gbɛlaa, gbɛlbɛ
- gbεlee [gbέléé] *n.* foot *pl:* gbεbilii 2*pl:* gbεbilee
- **gbεlεε** [gbὲlὲὲ] *adj.* loose and sagging e.g. a rope
- **gbεlgbεle** [gbὲlgbὲl] *adv.* long and flowing
- gbɛloŋkoraa [gbɛloŋkòràá] n. the region at the back of the knee joint pl: gbɛloŋkorri 2pl: gbɛloŋkoree

gbelələraa gbieli

- gbεlɔlɔraa [gbεlòlòráà] *n.* calf (human body) *pl:* gbεlɔlɔrre 2pl: gbεlɔlɔrεε
- gbεneεraa [gbέníέráá] *n.* footprint *pl:* gbεneεre 2*pl:* gbεneεreε
- gbenne [gbènnì] ν. to pluck (leaves) gbenneε, gbenne, gbenne, gbennea, gbeneme
- gbenne [gbénní] v. to chip the rim or edge of something gbennee, gbenne, gbenne, gbeneme, gbennaa, gbeneme
- gbere [gbéri] n. (1) leg (2) foot pl: gbee 2pl: gbeeree
- gbere [gbérí] *n.* person with a physical disability that prevents them from walking *pl*: gberre 2*pl*: gberee *Var.* gbeε (1pl)
- gbere [gbèrí] *n.* mane *pl:* gberre 2*pl:* gbereε
- gbere [gbèrì] ν. to be unable to walk due to a physical disability gberee, gbere, gbere, gberebe, gberaa, gberebe
- gberegbere [gbèrìgbérí] ν. crawl, walk with serious difficulty gberegberee, gberegbere, gberegbere, gberegberbe, gberegberaa, gberegberbe
- gberε [gbèrè] n. sponge sg: gberreε 2pl: gbereε
- gberoo [gberoo] *n.* weak and dejected; paralysis
- gbesampane [gbésámpání] *n.* top of foot *pl:* gbesampama 2*pl:* gbesampaneε/gbesampanneε

- gbεsugili [gbέsúglí] *n.* ankle *pl:* gbεsugilo *2pl:* gbεsugilee
- gbetanlori [gbétánlórí] *n.* half-bent leg on the other *pl:* gbetanloe *2pl:* gbetanloree
- gbetere [gbètérí] *n.* small pond, usually in the bush *pl:* gbeterre *2pl:* gbeteree/gbeterree *Var.* gbatare
- gbɛtoloŋ [gbɛtólóŋ] *n.* (1) the condition of being fast-footed; quickness (2) intelligence *pl:* gbɛtola.
- gbetooraa [gbétớớráá] n. sock pl: gbetoore 2pl: gbetooreε
- **gbεvelaa** [gbέvílàá] *n.* good luck, good fortune *pl:* **gbεveεle**
- **gbeyeni** [gbéyénì] *n.* one-legged thing
- gbi [gbí] v. to kneel gbie, gbiire, gbiire, gbiribe, gbiiraa, gbiribe
- gbi [gbi] v. to break down a mud or earth-made roof gbie, gbiire, gbiire, gbiribe, gbiiraa, gbiribe
- gbi [gbí] v. to harvest yams to make room for seed yams to grow gbie, gbiire, gbiire, gbiribe, gbiiraa, gbiribe
- gbie [gbìé] *n.* forehead *sg:* gberuu *pl:* gberi *2pl:* gberee
- gbiele [gbíélé] n. (1) hands and arms
 N ba taa gbiele dere biiri. My arms are too week to curdle children.
- gbieli [gbíélí] *n.* elbow *pl:* **gbiele** *2pl:* **gbielee** *Var.* **kpaŋkpannyugbieli**, **kpaŋkpaŋgbieli**

gbieni gbolli

- gbieni [gbìènì] v. to crawl in pain, to crawl painfully gbienee, gbiene, gbiene, gbienime, gbienaa, gbienime
- gbigiri [gbígri] v. to ruminate, to chew cud gbigiree, gbigire, gbigire, gbigiribe, gbigiribe
- gbigiri [gbígri] v. to shake to test firmness e.g. a stem gbigiree, gbigire, gbigire, gbigiribe, gbigiraa, gbigiribe
- gbili [gbìlí] *adj.* silent, quiet *pl:* gbile *2pl:* gbilee
- gbini [gbíní] n. bundle pl: gbime
- **gbiŋ-gbiŋ** [gbîŋ-gbîŋ] *adv.* manner of running that is uninterrupted
- gbiŋi [gbíŋ] v. to cause to tremble or shake Bibiiri deɛnɛ la a peɛ lɛnso ka o gbine. Children are playing on the roof; that is why the roof is shaking. gbiŋee, gbine, gbine, gbinime, gbinaa, gbinime
- gbiŋi [gbíŋ] v. to hypnotise; to put into utter shock such that the person or thing cannot react A dɔɔta kyɔge o la pimbiri ka o deɛ gbiŋi. The doctor gave him an injection and he was put out. gbiŋee, gbine, gbine, gbinime, gbinaa, gbinime
- **gbirengbiren** [gbíréngbírén] *adv.* solid and firm
- gbiri [gbírì] v. (1) to sleep (2) to coagulate, to clot gbiree, gbire, gbire, gbiribe, gbiraa, gbiribe
- gbo [gbô] *n.* heart *sg:* gboruu *pl:* gbori *2pl:* gboree

- gbo [gbò] adv. a loud sound, usually made when two solid things collide, e.g two bulls in a fight when their heads crash
- gbogili [gbógli] v. (1) to pack many objects on top of one another (2) to stand up against each other (quarrel) gbogilee, gbogilo, gbogilo, gbogilibo, gbogilaa
- gbogiri [gbògrì] v. (1) to gnaw flesh from a bone (2) to lick a container clean e.g. a palatable soup pot gbogree, gbogiro, gbogiribo, gbogiraa
- gbogbo [gbògbò] adj. gluttonous
- gbole [gbờlì] *v.* to look up towards the sky *A naŋkpaana gbole kaa la a nuulee naŋ dɔɔ a teɛ zu*. The hunter looked up to see the bird in the tree. gbolɛɛ, gbollɔ, gbollɔ, gboleba, gbollaa, gboleba
- gboli [gbòlí] adj. bare-headed (carrying a load on the head without a pad); without attachment pl: gbolo 2pl: gbolee
- gboli [gbólí] *n*. leather string worn around the waist *sg*: gbolee/gbollee *pl*: gbolo *2pl*: gbollli
- gboli [gbólí] v. to search ernestly; to rummage gbolee, gbolo, gbolo, gbolibo, gbolaa, gbolibo
- **gboligboli** [gbólgból] *adj.* sound of a loud echoing and persistent call
- **gbolli** [gbòllì] *v.* to harass; to pursue something or someone eagerly

gbomo gborogboro

- gbollee, gbollo, gbollo, gbollo, gbollo, gbollo,
- **gbomo** [gbómò] *n.* lumps of matter used by a rodent to block its hole against intruders *2pl:* **gbonnee**
- gbontori [gbòntòrí] *n.* ulcer *pl:* gbontoe *2pl:* gbontoree
- gbone [gbóŋ] ν. to put pressure on (demanding action) gbonεε, gbonno, gbonno, gbonema, gbonnaa, gbonema
- gboŋgboli [gbóŋgbólí] *n.* big rodent *pl:* gboŋgbolo *2pl:* gboŋgbolee
- gbongbon [gbóngbón] adj. all of, completely
- gboŋgboŋ [gbòŋgbôŋ] *n.* bucket; metal container *pl:* gboŋgbonni *2pl:* gboŋgbonee
- gboŋgbopelaa [gbòŋgbòpìlàá] n. jackal pl: gboŋgbopeεle 2pl: gboŋgbopeεlεε
- gboŋgbori [gbòŋgbòrí] *n.* hyena *pl:* gboŋgboe *2pl:* gboŋgboree
- gboŋi₁ [gbòŋ] v. to press against between two things.(finger between two objects) gboŋee, gbonno, gbonno, gbonnaa, gbonimo
- gboŋi₂ [gbòŋ] v. (1) to pile up; to pack together (2) to block an entrance (of a rodent's hole) gboŋee, gbonno, gbonno, gbonimo, gbonnaa, gbonimo
- gbore [gbòrì] v. (1) to hold water in the mouth (2) to conceal a hole

- (of a rodent) gborεε, gborɔ, gborɔ, gboreba, gboraa, gboreba
- gboregbore [gbờrgbờrí] ν. to gargle gborgborεε, gborgborə, gborgborə, gborgboreba, gboregboraa, gborgboreba
- gbori [gbórí] v. to move suddenly and strongly, to struggle Vũũ nyege la a bie ka o gbori na tage yi a daa a doge lɔɔ. The fire burnt the child and as he struggled to move away he pushed the pot over. gboree, gboro, gboro, gboribo, gboraa, gboribo
- **gbori** [gbòrí] *n.* ship, boat, canoe *pl:* **gbore** *2pl:* **gboree/gborree**
- gbori [gbòrí] *n.* door flap *pl:* gboe *2pl:* gboree/gborree
- gbori [gbòrí] *n.* trough *pl:* gboe *2pl:* gboree/gborree
- **gbori** [gbòrí] *n.* board on which meat is dressed and cut *pl*: **gboe** *2pl*: **gboree**/**gborree**
- gboribiri [gbòrbírì] *n.* key *pl:* gboribie *2pl:* gboribiree/gboribiree
- gborigbori [gbòrgbórí] v. to struggle, especially on the ground gborgboree, gborgboro, gborgboro, gborgborbo, gborgboraa
- **gborikuŋkuni** [gbòrikúŋkúní] *n.* padlock *pl:* **saafemamine** *Var.* **saafema**
- gborivuuri [gbòrvúúrì] *n.* paddle *pl:* gborivuuree
- **gborogboro** [gbòrògbòrò] *adj.* very large e.g. grains

gboroto gyage

gboroto [gbórótó] *adv.* the manner of meeting face-to-face suddenly

gbotole [gb \circ t \circ lf] n. bush baby (animal) pl: gbotola 2pl: gbotole ϵ /gbotolle ϵ

gbɔge [gbògì] v. (1) to be close to, to be next to • O zeŋ gbɔge la a baala. He is seated close to the patient. (2) to drink as a couple from one calabash at the same time (traditional kiss) gbɔgεε, gbɔgerə, gbɔgerə, gbɔgerə, gbɔgerə, gbɔgerə, gbɔgerə

gbɔge [gbɔ̀gí] *adj.* not full e.g. sack of grain *pl:* **gbɔgere**

gbɔgele [gbɔgli] ν. to hold too many things at a time gbɔgelεε, gbɔgelə, gbɔgelə, gbɔgelebə, gbɔgelaa

gbɔgele [gbòglì] ν. to assemble poorly e.g. broken-down machine gbɔgelεε, gbɔgelə, gbɔgelə, gbɔgelə, gbɔgelə,

 ${\it gbэg}$ [${\it gb}$ э ${\it g}$ э] $\it n.$ a type of reptile sim-

ilar to the monitor lizard *pl:* **gbɔgre** 2*pl:* **gbɔgrε**ε

gbɔgɔ [gbɔ́gɔ́] *n.* strong open cage for carrying animals *pl:* gbɔgre *2pl:* gbɔgrεε *Var.* gbaga

gbugbulee [gbúgbúlèè] *n.* tadpole *pl:* gbugbulli *2pl:* gbugbullee

gbuli [gbùlí] *adj.* whole *pl:* gbulo *2pl:* gbulo gbulo

gbulli [gbùllì] v. (1) to make into a ball (2) to come together in large numbers • A poge mone la a fanfane baare a nyoge gbulli gbulli sidi sidi. When the woman finished making the soap she made it into balls of one cedi each. -, gbullo, gbullo, gbullo, gbullaa, gbulibo

son; fool *pl:* **gbutulo** *2pl:* **gbutulee gbuuli** [gbúúlí] *v.* see guuli (make a knot) **gbuulee**, **gbuulo**, **gbuulo**, **gbuulibo**, **gbuulaa**

gbutuli [gbùtùlí] *n.* uninformed per-

gy

gyaaŋkoli [dzàáŋkólí] *n.* the sacrum and coccyx *pl:* gyaaŋkolo *2pl:* gyaaŋkolee *Var.* gyikoli

gyaare [dzààrì] ν. to rake, to sweep roughly gyaarεε, gyaara, gyaareba, gyaareba

gyaaroo [dzááróó] *n.* a type of wild mouse *pl:* gyaara *2pl:* gyaarεε

gyãayo [dzãayo] *n.* thanks *pl:* gyãayori *2pl:* gyãayoree Gyabuni [dzàbùnì] *n.* a type of idol with magical powers among the Dagaaba *pl:* gyabunni/gyabumo *2pl:* gyabunee

gyabuno [dzàbùnò] *n.* fetish *pl:* gyabunni/gyabumo *2pl:* gyabunnee/gyabumee *Var.* gyabuni

gyaga [dzàgà] adj. useless

gyage [dzàgì] ν. (1) to face a huge task (2) jack gyagεε, gyagera,

gyagele gyege

- gyagera, gyagereba, gyageraa, gyagereba
- gyagele [dzàglì] ν. to hang on to, to support lightly gyaglεε, gyagela, gyagela, gyageleba, gyagelaa, gyageleba
- gyambiri [dzàbírì] *n.* clitoris *Var.* zibiri
- gyammo [dzàmmớ] *n.* clitoris *pl:* gyama 2*pl:* gyamεε/gyannεε Var. gyàmbírì,gyambie,gyambiiree
- gyampegere [dzàmpígrí] n. comb (of a rooster) pl: gyampegε 2pl: gyampegεε/gyampegerεε Var. gbammo
- gyangyagera [dzàndzágrá] *n.* one who behaves abnormally; insane person *sg:* gyangyagerebεε *2pl:* gyangyagereba
- gyangyagera [dzàndzágrá] *n.* fried corn or bean flour mixed with vegetables *2pl:* gyangyagrεε
- gyaŋe [dzáŋ] n. see gyεŋ
- gyaŋgbaa [dzáŋgbàá] *n.* something that is acidic; usually harmful *pl:* gyaŋgbaare 2*pl:* gyaŋgbaareε
- **gyaŋgbeε** [dzáŋgbíé] *n.* small child *pl*: **gyaŋgbeere** *2pl*: **gyaŋgbeerεε**
- gyaŋgboŋi [dzàŋgbòŋ] *n.* house mouse *pl:* gyaŋgbonni *2pl:* gyaŋgbonnee *Var.* gyoŋgboŋi
- **gyaŋgboro** [dzàŋgbòrò] *n.* fried dough made from the leaves of a small plant *2pl:* **gyaŋgboree**
- **gyangboro** [dzángbóró] *n.* a type of small plant with edible leaves *sg*:

- gyangboruu 2pl: gyangboree
- gyangbəgə [dzăŋgbəgə] *n.* a type of monitor *pl:* gyangbəgre 2*pl:* gyangbəgrεε
- **gyarema** [dzàrìmá] *n*. a type of yam farm where sticks with branches are used to support the vine of the yam *2pl*: **gyaremεε**
- **gyarima** [dzárímá] *n.* a type of tree with medicinal properties *2pl:* **gyaremεε**
- gyee [dzìì] *v.* short form of 'gyeere' to move away from; to change environment gyeeε, gyeerε, gyeerebε
- gyeere [dzirri] ν. to circle around from front to back of an object gyeerεε, gyeerε, gyeerebε, gyeeraa, gyeerebε
- gyeene [dzìènì] v. to lurk; wishing to do something A noo gyeene la a kyi. The fowl is lurking around the millet. gyeenee, gyeene, gyeeneme, gyeeneme
- gyeεne [dzíéní] n. see gyengyeene (protrusion) pl: gyeemε 2pl: gyeemεε
- gyeεraa [dzìὲràà] *n.* plume, long feather (of a rooster) *pl:* gyeεre 2*pl:* gyeεrεε
- gyefa [dzífà] *n.* pocket *pl:* gyefare 2*pl:* gyefarεε
- gyefa [dzífà] *n.* unclean thing *pl:* gyefare 2*pl:* gyefarεε
- **gyege** [dzìgì] *ν*. to be fully grown, to be strong, to be powerful **gyegεε**,

gyegele gyerre

- gyegerε, gyegerε, gyegerebε, gyegeraa, gyegerebε
- **gyegele** [dzíglí] *n.* a spiritually powerful person *pl:* **gyegelle** *2pl:* **gyegelε**
- gyegere [dzìgrì] ν. to display one's supernatural power, to challenge gyegerεε, gyegerε, gyegerε, gyegerebε, gyegeraa, gyegerebε
- gyegiri [dzégrí] v. to mix by placing things in between others gyegiree, gyegire, gyegire, gyegiribe, gyegiraa, gyegiribe
- gyegiri [dzégrí] v. to counter someone's speech; to challenge gyegiree, gyegire, gyegiribe, gyegiraa, gyegiribe
- gyelaa [dzìlàá] *n.* carnivorous animal *pl:* gyelaare 2*pl:* gyelaarεε
- **gyell** [dzìll] *adj.* protuding e.g. arrow stuck in an animal
- gyemε [dzìmè] *n.* (1) convulsion, disease of children (2) short form of dãagyemε 2pl: gyemεε
- gyena [dzínà] *n.* fairy *pl*: gyenne 2*pl*: gyennεε
- gyenne [dzìnnì] v. to test gyennεε, gyennε, gyennε, gyenemε, gyennaa, gyenemε
- gyenne [dzìnnì] ν. to waylay, to plan evil against gyennεε, gyennε, gyennaa, gyenemε
- **gyennoo** [dzínnóʊ́] *n.* test, examination *2pl:* **gyennεε**

- gyeraa [dzìráà] *n.* woven grass bracelet worn on the wrist *pl*: gyerre 2*pl*: gyerrεε
- gyeraa [dzíráá] *adj.* short (distance) gyere [dzírí] v. (1) to cross between
- (two objects) (2) to stumble gyerεε, gyerε, gyerε, gyerebε, gyeraa, gyerebε
- gyere [dzírì] ν. to subside (of rain) gyerεε, gyerε, -, -, -, - *Var.* yoɔ
- gyere [dzìrì] ν. to nock; to place across e.g. arrow on the bow gyerεε, gyerε, gyerε, gyerebε, gyeraa, gyerebε
- gyere [dzìrì] ν. to pierce through to the other side gyerεε, gyerε, gyerε, gyerebε, gyeraa, gyerebε
- gyere [dzírí] *n.* portion unattended to (part of farm) *pl:* gyerre *2pl:* gyereε/gyerreε
- **gyeremε** [dzírímέ] *n.* (1) respect, honour, homage (2) fifty fifty (gambling) *2pl:* **gyeremεε**
- gyeremiri [dzírímírí] *n.* rope made from a type of grass (kantετεε) *pl:* gyeremie 2*pl:* gyeremiiree/gyeremiree
- gyeremuri [dzìrìmúrí] *n.* a type of river grass stalk *pl:* gyeremue *2pl:* gyeremuree
- **Gyerεbaa** [dzìrὲbàá] *n.* Jirapa (the main town in Central Dagao)
- **gyerεgyerε** [dzírέdzìrè] *n.* a type of skin disease
- gyerre [dzìrrì] v. used with ...taa; to crisscross; lying across one an-

gyε gyεne

- other A bibiiri le gyerre la taa. The children fell crisscrossing each other. A teere le gyerre la taa. The trees fell across one another. gyerree, gyerre, gyerre, gyerre, gyerra
- gyε [dzέ] ν. (1) to reject, to refuse to accept (in protest or annoyance) (2) to abandon gyεε, gyeεrε, gyeεrε, gyeεrebε, gyeεraa, gyeεrebε
- **Gyεεmaan** [dzéέmáán] *n.* Germany 2pl: gyεεmanεε
- Gyεle [dzèlɨ] n. (1) a stream in Kaane (2) a native named after this stream pl: gyεlε 2pl: gyεlεε
- gyele [dzélí] ν. (1) to rummage; to look through searching (2) to analyse gyeleε, gyele, gyelebε, gyelaa, gyelebε
- gyele [dzélt] n. egg sg: gyelee pl: gyele 2pl: gyellee
- gyɛle [dzɛlf] *n.* thought (used with bare—) not giving thought; absent minded *A porisi bare la gyɛle ka a nannyige zo*. The police did not pay attention, so the thief escaped.
- gyεlemε [dzèlìmέ] *n.* smallpox *2pl:* gyεlmεε
- gyeleŋmene [dzélíŋméní] n. (1) snail (2) shellfish pl: gyeleŋmeme 2pl: gyeleŋmemee
- gyεlpεge [dzélpégì] n. eggshell pl: gyelpεgre/gyεlpεgε 2pl: gyelpεgrεε

- gyεlzizeε [dzèlzìzié] *n.* yolk *pl:* gyelzeere 2*pl:* gyelzeereε
- gyemegyeme [dzémédzémé] adj. slowly and unnoticed, jokingly A kəlaa e la gyemegyemele kye ɔɔ a nene zaa. The cat ate all the meat without anyone noticing it.
- gyεndaa [dzèndàá] *n.* spindle *pl:* gyεndaare 2*pl:* gyendarεε
- gyεnee [dzèníí] *n.* groundnut, peanut (Southern Dagaare dialect) 2pl: gyεnnεε
- gyεngyeεne [dzèndzíéní] *n.* protrusion, part sticking out *pl:* gyεngyeεmε 2*pl:* gyengyeεmεε
- **gyεngyεŋ** [dzéndzéŋ] *n.* circle arrangement for advancement. (war)
- gyengyere [dzèngyèrí] n. a climbing plant pl: gyengyerre 2pl: gyengyeree
- gyεnne [dzènní] ν. please, beg Gyεnne, ɔŋe kõɔ ko ma ka N nyu. Please, give me some water to drink.or I beg you, give me some water to drink.
- gyεnterε [dzéntírè] *n.* (1) prostitute (2) not sticking to one thing, jumping from one thing to another *pl:* gyεnterre *2pl:* gyεnterreε
- gyεŋe [dzĕŋ] adj. extensive; deep A naŋkpaana kpε la mɔ-gyɛŋe. The hunter has gone into the deep bush. pl: gyɛnne 2pl: gyɛnnɛε Var. gyaŋ
- gyεŋe [dzéŋ] ν. (1) to move unsteadily (2) to move aside gyεŋεε,

gyeŋe gyoge

- gyenene/gyenne, gyenene/gyenne, gyenenaa/gyennaa, gyeneneme/gyeneme
- gyεŋe [dzèŋ] *n.* thought, mind *pl:* gyεnne 2*pl:* gyεnneε Var. gyaŋe
- gyengele [dzéngélé] n. measles 2pl: gyengelee
- gyeŋgyeŋ [dzĕŋdzĕŋ] n. mind, thought
- gyere [dzérí] v. (1) to be mixed up (different types) (2) to be confused, to be disturbed (mad) (3) to not be in good health gyeree, gyere, gyere, gyerbe, gyeraa, gyerbe
- gyere [dzèrì] ν. to stand firm, to not fall e.g. after a stumble gyeree, gyere, gyere, gyerebe, gyeraa, gyerebe
- gyieli [dzìèlì] v. (1) to note, to examine (2) to count gyielee, gyiele, gyiele, gyielaa
- gyieri [dzìèrì] v. to grind into coarse powder gyieree, gyiere, gyiere, gyieribe, gyieraa
- gyiili [dzíílí] *n.* (1) tendon (2) artery (3) nerve sg: gyiiluu *pl:* gyiile *2pl:* gyiilee
- gyikoli [dzìkólí] *n.* part of body *pl:* gyikolo *2pl:* gyikolee/gyikollee *Var.* gyaaŋkoli
- gyildaa [dzìldáá] *n.* less soudning one of the pair of xylophones *pl:* gyidaarε *2pl:* gyildaarεε
- gyildoəle [dzìldớɔlí] *n.* xylophone mallet *sg:* gyildoəloo *pl:* gyildoələ *2pl:* gyildoəlεε

- gyili [dzìlí] *n.* xylophone *pl:* gyile *2pl:* gyilee/gyillee
- gyili [dzílí] v. to surround, to go behind *Teere are gyili la a bulee*. The well is surrounded by trees. gyilee, gyile, gyile, gyilaa, gyilibe
- gyilkoəre [dzìlkớớrì] *n.* gourd used in making the xylophone *pl:* gyilkəε *2pl:* gyilkərεε
- gyilnyaa [dzìlnáà] n. the base chord area of the xylophone pl: gyilnyaane 2pl: gyilnyaanεε
- gyilnyaŋaa [dzilnáŋáá] *n.* the more sounding between a pair of xylophones *pl:* gyilnyanne *2pl:* gyilnyannεε
- gyiri [dzírí] *n.* cordlike talisman worn on the waist, believed to have supernatural power *pl:* gyirri *2pl:* gyiree
- gyiri [dzírí] ν. to bring about a change that makes life difficult •
 A zie gyiri ka donεε kpeεbo e kpeεŋaa. Society has declined and life has become difficult. gyiree, gyire, gyire, gyirbe, gyiraa
- gyirimuri [dzìrìmúrí] *n.* sulphur *pl:* gyirimure *2pl:* gyirimuree
- gyoboraa [dzờbờràà] *n.* carnivore, e.g. a leopard *pl:* gyoborre. *2pl:* gyoborεε/gyoborrεε
- gyoge [dzògì] v. (1) to pull mouth or lips in front to show anger. (typically used with noore) (2) to weed badly gyogrεε, gyogra, gyo-

gyogere haanaa

gra, gyogreba, gyograa, - *Var.* gyogere

gyogere [dzògrì] ν. to clear growth badly (barbing or hoeing) gyogerεε, gyogera, gyogera, gyogereba, gyogeraa, gyogereba Var. gyoge

gyogili [dzòglì] v. to hold on to lightly and gently gyogilee, gyogilo, gyogilo, gyogilaa, gyogilibo

gyogo [dzógó] *n.* behaviour, character *pl:* **gyogiri** *2pl:* **gyogiree**

gyoll [dzòll] adv. appearing alone

gyolom [dzólóm] *adv.* quietly *Var.* gyolon, gyolomm

gyolomm [dzolomm] *adv.* quietly and slowly (on tiptoe) *Var.* **gyolom**

gyongyolingyo [dzŏngyólĭndzó] *adv.* squat squarely, with knees fully bent

gyongyon [dzòngyón] v. to move on tiptoe gyongyonee, gyongyono, gyongyono, gyongyonimo, gyongyonaa, - Var. gyongyon gyoŋene [dzòŋìnì] ν. to make unlively, to make dull gyoŋenεε, gyoŋena, gyoŋenaa, gyoŋenema, gyoŋenaa, gyoŋenema Var. gyoone

gyoŋgoroŋ [dzóŋgóróŋ] *adj.* a little higher or taller than

gyongboni [dzòngbŏn] *n.* house mouse *pl:* gyongbonni *2pl:* gyongbonee *Var.* gyangboni

gyoone [dzòònì] *ν* to become inactive gyoonεε, gyoona, gyoona, gyoonema, gyoonaa, - *Var.* gyonene

gyore [dzórí] ν. to work at or make badly, to spoil e.g. haircut gyorεε, gyora, gyora, gyoreba, gyoraa, gyoreba

gyɔŋgyɔŋ [dzòŋdzóŋ] *n.* to move haphazardly on one's toes *Var.* gyongyoŋ

gyɔ̃ɔ [dzɔ̃ɔ̀] *adv.* tall and lanky *Var.* gyɔgyɔ̃ɔ

gyɔreba [dzɔ́ríbá] *n.* long, loose dress worn by women; tunic *pl:* gyɔrebarεε

gyuuni [dzùùnì] *n.* vulture *pl:* gyuumo *2pl:* gyuunee

h

ha [há] ν. to hire haε, haara, haara, hareba, haaraa

haa [háà] v. to open by stretching out two ends e.g. lips haaε, haara, haara, haareba, haaraa, haareba haa [hàá] *adv.* all (Central Dagaare dialect) *Var.* zaa

haale [háálì] *adv.* even, extremely *Var.* haali

haanaa [háánáá] n. blackberry pl:

haare hegeke

haane 2pl: haanεε

haare [háári] ν. to shout at; to frighten or drive away haarεε, haara, haareba, haaraa, haareba

hage [hhágí] ν. (1) tight • A dɔɔ hage la o pɔge nyuu taa lɛ. The man held tight to his wife's neck. (2) tighten • Ka fooŋ wa nyɔge foŋ hage taa lɛ. When you get hold of it tighten your grip. hageɛ, hagera, hagerah, hagereba, hageraa, hagereba

ha-haa [hà-háá] adv. wide open hai [hháí] interj. so?

hale [háli] *v.* to smell strongly and unpleasantly, to reek halεε, hala, halla, haleba, halaa, haleba

hale [hálì] ν to speak in anger halεε, hala, halla, haleba, halaa, haleba

halhale [hàlhálf] v. to strive with, to struggle halhalεε, halhala, halhala, halhalaa

haligba [hálìgbà] conj. even

hama [hámà] *n.* hammer *pl:* hamare 2*pl:* hamarεε

hama [hàmá] adv. plenty

hamama [hàmàmà] *adj.* resounding (singing)

hamamma [hàmàmmà] *adj.* loudly and continuously

hamm [hàmm] adv. large

hankyere [hánʧírí] *n.* handkerchief *pl:* hankyeε 2*pl:* hankyerεε

haŋe [hháŋ] ν. (1) to suffer (2) to perspire, sweat (nd) haŋεε, hana, hana, hanema

hap [hháp] ν. to clutch tightly (North Dagaare dialect) habεε, hapra, hapra, hapreba, hapraa, hapreba

harahara [hháráhhárá] adv. rough

hare [hàrì] ν. of the stomach (overwhelmed by hunger) hanrεε, hara, hara, hareba, haraa, hareba

helli [hhéllí] v. sharp shout e.g. during hearty laughter; the sharp cry of a dog when hit hellee, helle, helle, hellaa

heŋi [hhéŋ] v. to draw in one's stomach heŋee, heŋine/henne, heŋine/henne, henime, hennaa, henime

heremm [hérèmm] *adj.* very tight hεε [hhéὲ] *interj.* caution, be careful hεε [héέ] *adv.* overtaken completely e.g. sleep

hege [hègì] ν. to increase e.g. fire hegeε, hegerε, hegere, hegerebe, hegeraa, hegerebe

hegele [hhéglí] ν to cramp hegeleε, hegele, hegeleb, hegelaa, hegelebε

hεgelεgε [hhέgílégé] *adv.* tired and helpless *Var.* **segelegε**

hεgere [hhέgrì] ν. to pant e.g. dog hεgerεε, hεgerε, hεgerebε, hεgeraa, hεgerebε

hεgεkε [hègèkè] *adv.* large and red e.g. bonfire

hememme iri

hεmεmmε [hèmèmmè] *adj.* very sweet

hετε [hὲτὲ] *adv.* manner of taking a big sip of fluid

hieri [hhíérì] v. to yawn hieree, hiere, hiere, hieribe, hieraa, hieribe

hii [hii] *interj.* expression of sorrow (sobbing)

hiini [hììnì] v. to cry earnestly, to wail, to sob, to moan hiinee, hiine, hiine, hiinime, hiinaa, hiinime

hiri [hìrì] v. to get to the climax hiree, hire

hiri [hìrì] *v.* to become hot hiree, hire

hiri [hìrì] *v.* to become serious **hiree**, **hire**

hạạli [hááli] adv. greatly, very much hạali [hááli] conj. even if • Haali ka a bieŋ wa kyɛ te koŋ o a gane. Even if the child comes we will not give him/her the book.

hogoko [hògòkò] adv. intensely redholi [hólí] n. triangular blade pl:holo 2pl: hollee

hoo [hòò] adv. open and endless

hoo [hóó] interj. hooting

hốo [hỗờ] *interj.* expression of despair, depression

hoone [hờờnì] ν. to growl hoonεε, hoona, hoona, honema, hoonaa, honema

hoopempelen [hòòpémpélén] n. spleen pl: hoopempelle 2pl: hoopempelee Var. zagepempelen

hunihuni [hùnìhúní] v. to speak undertone hunihunee, hunihuno, hunihuno, -, - Var. vunnii

hunihuni [hùnìhúní] v. to gossip hunihunee, hunihuno, hunihuno, hunihunimo, -, - Var. vunnii

hunni [hhúnnì] v. whisper into the ear, gossip hunnee, hunno, hunno, hunimo, hunnaaa

huuni [hhúúní] v. (1) to hum (dispirited) (2) of a dog's expression of a familiar person; welcome huunee, huuno, huuno, huunimo, huunaa

i

iini [ììnì] ν. to get charged up • Ba to la a dɔɔ ka o iini gbie kyɛ sɔrɔ yɛlɛ. They insulted the man and he got charged up and started grumbling.

ingyi [índzì] n. engine pl: ingyime

2pl: ingyinnee

inni [ìnnì] v. to forget innee, inne, inne, inne, innaa, - Var. yinni

iree [ìréè] n. duiker (small antelope)
pl: irri 2pl: irree

iri [ìrì] v. to rise, to stand up iree, ire,

iri kaale

ire, iribe, iraa, iribe

iri [írì] v. (1) to choose, to pick (2) to take out (from a container) (3) to subtract, to take away (4) to create iree, ire, ire, iribe, iraa, iribe

iribare [írì bàrì] n. subtraction

iri noore [írí nóóri] ν. (1) to answer, to respond (to a question) (2) to explain (3) to fulfil a promise iree noore, ire noore

irin [írín] n. kind, race, species 2pl:

iriŋ-iriŋ [írìŋ-írìŋ] adv. of all kinds, types Var. iruŋ-iruŋ

iri pəge [írì pə́gì] v. to elope with a woman

iri suuri [ìrì súúrí] v. to annoy iree suuri, ire suuri

iri yuori [írí yúórì] v. to praise iree yuori, ire yuori

irizeε [ìrìzìὲ] *n*. a type of small but fast and clever antelope *pl*: **irizeere** *2pl*: **irizeerε**

k

ka [ká] conj. that (introducing subordinated clauses) • O yeli ka ba gεrε. S/he said s/he would not go.

ka [kà] conj. (1) if • Ka saaŋ mi ba na bore la. If it rains, they will sow their crops. (2) and • O maale la diibu de wa ko te. S/he cooked and brought it to us.

ka [ká] ν. to bail out (water) kaε, kaara, kaara, kaareba, kaaraa

kaa [káà] ν. (1) to curse (2) to invoke kaaε, kaara, kaara, kaareba, kaaraa, - *Var.* kaale

kaa [kàà] ν. (1) to look, to watch (2) to take care of kaaε, kaara, kaara, kaaraba. kaaraa

ka⊠a [kẫá] *n.* (1) oil; butter (2) fat sg: kaanoo 2pl: kaanεε

ka⊠a [kẫá] n. nectar e.g. in honey sg:

kaanoo 2pl: kaanεε

kaabanyε [káábányέ] *n.* direspect kaabo [káábờ] *n.* millet plant *pl:* kyi 2*pl:* kyiree

kãaboli [kãábòlí] *n.* pure liquid oil *pl:* kãabolo *2pl:* kãabolee

ka⊠aburi [kãábúrí] *n.* burnt residue from shea butter *pl:* ka⊠aburri *2pl:* ka⊠aburee

kãaburituo [kãábùrìtúó] *n.* type of residue from the last stage of shea butter preparation *pl:* kãaburituuri *2pl:* kãaburituuree

kaale [káálf] v. (1) to invoke (2) to perform a libation kaalεε, kaala, kaaleba, kaalaa, kaaleba Var. kaa

kaale [kààlì] ν. to gather e.g. soil, grains kaalεε, kaala, kaala,

kaaləə kagere

kaaleba, kaalaa, kaaleba

kaalɔɔ [káálɔ̀ó] *adv.* little thing eaten instantly

kaama [káámá] *n.* lively state *2pl:* kaamεε

kaamaako [káámáákò] *n.* persistence

kaapoge [kàápógì] adv. maybe, perhaps • Saa koe la kaapoge o na mi la. Rain clouds have gathered, it may rain.

kaaraa [kááráá] *n.* lumpy paste made from bean flour *pl:* **kaarεε**

kaare [káárì] n. car pl: kaε/kεε 2pl: kaarεε

kaare [kààrì] ν to drag e.g. feet on the ground kaarεε, kaara, kaara, kaareba, kaaraa, kaareba

kaare₁ [káárí] v. to clear one's throat; to cough up (phlegm) kaarεε, kaara, kaara, kaareba, kaaraa, kaareba

kaare₂ [káárí] ν. (1) to move away (2) to move away immediately, not to return (typically used with gaba) • Ba iri la kparoo ko a bie ka o deε kaare gaba. A shirt was given to the boy and he left at once. kaarεε, kaara, kaara, kaareba, kaaraa, kaareba

kaarebiri [kàárìbírí] *n.* sputum *sg:* kaarebiruu *pl:* kaarebie *2pl:* kaarebiree/kaarebiiree

kaaterε [káàtìrέ] *n.* cursed one *pl:* kaaterre *2pl:* kaaterεε

kaa tĩi [kàà tἶi] ν. look closely kaaε tĩi, kaara tĩi

kãazẽε [kãázĨέ] n. debris from final preparation of shea butter oil 2pl: kãazẽεπεε

kabiri [kábírì] *n.* millet grain *sg:* kabiruu *pl:* kabie *2pl:* kabiiree

kabooroo [kábᡠᡠrᡠᡠ] n. seed millet pl: kaboora 2pl: kaboorεε

kabɔrɔ [kábɔ́rò] *n.* fresh, mature guinea corn *2pl:* **kabɔrεε**

kabulo [kábúló] *n.* sown sprouts of millet *2pl:* **kabulee**

kadaa [kádàá] n. (1) millet stalk (2) long stick for threshing millet pl: kadaare 2pl: kadaarεε/kadaarεε

kadaara [kádààrà] *n*. millet or guinea corn not that is properly matured *2pl*: kadaarεε

kadori [kádórí] *n.* heap of millet *pl:* kadorri *2pl:* kadoree

kafini [kàfìní] n. lance pl: kafime 2pl: kafinnee

kage [kàgì] ν. to hold firmly on to kagεε, kagera, kagera, kagereba, kageraa, kagereba

kage [kágí] *adv.* stay intently

kagelaŋ [kàglàŋ] adv. large and long

kagere [kágri] ν. to beckon, to touch to call the attention of kagerεε, kagera, kagera, kagereba, kageraa, kagereba

kagere [kágrì] ν. to bite or cut lightly kagerεε, kagera, kagera, kagereba, kageraa, kagereba kagesaga kaleŋkawerɛ

kagesaga [kágíságá] *adv.* small and dry

kagesaga [kàgìsàgà] *adv.* large and dry

kagbin [kágbín] *n*. ears of corn or millet tied together *pl*: kagbime *2pl*: kagbinnee

kagbulo [kágbùlò] *n.* unbroken millet seeds *2pl:* **kagbulee**

kaka [kàkà] *n.* hippopotamus *pl:* kakare 2*pl:* kakarεε

kakaduru [kákádúró] n. ginger sg: kakaduruu pl: kakadurri 2pl: kakaduree

kakalaa [kákáláá] *n*. a type of tree; has extremely hard wood *pl*: kakalle 2*pl*: kakalεε

Kakube [kákúbé] *n.* a farming festival of the Nandom people *2pl:* kakubee

kakubo [kákúbò] *n.* millet mixed with stones *2pl:* kakubee

kakumo [kăkúmò] *n.* donkey *pl:* kakunni *2pl:* kakunnee

kakpennε [kákpínnè] *n.* untidy millet *2pl:* **kakpennε**ε

kakyeerε [káʧíírέ] *n.* second-grade millet *2pl:* **kakyeerεε**

kakyeεrε [káʧíέrέ] *n.* one who harvests millet *pl*: kakyeεrebε 2*pl*: kakyeεrebε

kakyo [kátʃó] *n.* basket strainer *pl:* kakyori *2pl:* kakyoree

Kala [kàlà] *n.* a type of fetish

kala [kàlà] n. dog pl: kalle 2pl: kalεε/kallεε kalakala [kàlàkàlà] *adv.* slightly bitter

kalbiri [kalbiri] *n.* dawdaw spice (seed) *sg:* kalbiruu *pl:* kalbie *2pl:* kalbire/kalbiree

kale [kálí] *n.* suffering, woe as a result of another person's action *2pl:* **kale**

kale [kálì] *n.* spice made from daw-daw seed sg: kaloo *2pl*: kallεε

kale [kálì] ν to scoop water in small amounts e.g. washing hands kalεε, kalla, kalla, kaleba, kallaa, kaleba

kale [kálì] ν. to make a short comment on another person's speech kalεε, kalla, kalla, kaleba, kallaa, kaleba

kalekale [kákál] adv. foul-smelling

kalekale [kàlkàlì] ν. to move in a jerky manner kalekalεε, kalekala, kalkala, kalekaleba, kalekalaa, kalekaleba

kalenyaa [kàlnàá] n. a type of spiky grass that causes skin iritation pl: kalenyaane 2pl: kalenyaanεε

kaleŋkaa [kálìŋkáá] n. gall pl: kaleŋkaare 2pl: kalen.kaarεε Var. yamm

kaleŋkaloɔraa [kálíŋkálថóráá] *n.* a round smooth stone used in grinding *pl:* kaleŋkaloɔre 2*pl:* kaleŋkaloɔrɛε Var. kaleŋkoɔraa

kaleŋkawerε [kálíŋkàwìrè] n. a type of wasp sg: kaleŋkaweroo 2pl: kaleŋkawerεε kaleŋkoɔraa kananna

kaleŋkoɔraa [kálíŋkớɔráá] n. round stone pl: kaleŋkoɔre 2pl: kaleŋkoɔreε Var. kaleŋkaloɔraa

kaleŋmeε [kálŋmíè] n. a type of bird pl: kaleŋmeɛne 2pl: kaleŋmeɛneε Var. kareŋmeε

kalere [kàlírí] n. oath in which one gives away one's food if one fails to twist a finger on another while eating. (children) pl: kalerre 2pl: kalerεε

kalinfuoro [kálínfúóró] *n.* bit of the sign *2pl:* **kalinfuoree**

kalpigiraa [kálpígráà] *n.* ball of daw-daw spice *pl:* kalpigiri.

kalsoro [kálesóró] *n.* water used to wash dawdaw seed for spice *2pl:* kalesoree

kama [kámá] adj. close eyes shortly
O poo zaã bε o la tensoga ka o daŋ gaabo kyε o nimri zaã ba kyε kama. Last night, s/he had an upset stomch and went to bed early, but s/he did not get a wink of sleep.

kama [kàmà] adj. cut sharply

kamaabiri [kámáábírì] *n.* kernel (of corn, maize) *sg:* kamaabiruu *pl:* kamaabie *2pl:* kamaabiiree

kamaadaa [kámáádàá] n. maize stalk pl: kamaadaare 2pl: kamaadaarεε

kamaadakəəre [kámáádàkə́ə́rí] n. corncob pl: kamaadakəbə 2pl: kamaadakəərεε

kamaalənzeere [kámáálðnzíírí] *n.* corn silk *pl:* **kamaalənzeerε**ε

kamaane [kàmáánì] n. maize sg: kamaanoo pl: kamaana 2pl: kamaanεε

kamaapɛge [kámáápɛ́gí] n. corn husk pl: kamaapɛgre 2pl: kamaapɛgrεε

kamakama [kámákámá] *adj.* brittle and light

kamalaε [kámàláì] *n.* carbide lamp; headlamp used by hunters at night *pl:* kamalaare *2pl:* kamalaarεε

kamasεle [kàmàsélì] *n.* a type of thorny, poisonous tree *2pl:* kamasεlεε

kamono [kámónó] *n.* driver *pl:* kamonema *2pl:* kamonnεε

kampala [kàmpàlà] *n*. a type of smart hunting dog *pl*: kampalle 2*pl*: kampalεε/kampallεε

kampele [kámpìl] *n.* city, town *pl:* kampelε 2*pl:* kampelεε

kampili [kámpílí] n. thatched hut pl: kampile 2pl: kampilee Var. kampiluu

kampoŋi [kámpóŋ] n. camp pl: kamponne 2pl: kamponεε

kana [káná] *n.* thick paste made from flour and broth *2pl:* kanεε/kannεε

kanaakanaa [kànààkànàà] *adj.* stretched to the limit; tight

kananna [kánánná] adj. not coming forth • A saana wa la kyε deε e kananna. The stranger came here and made a permanent stay.

kanaŋe kaŋazaa

kanaŋe [kánáŋ] n. a type of red insect with a split tail pl: kananne 2pl: kananneε Var. kanaŋa

kanategε [kánátégé] n. reward, advantage pl: kanategre 2pl: kanategreε

kandazugidaa [kàndàzùgdáá] n. wood of the kandazugiri tree pl: kandazugdaare 2pl: kandazugdarεε

kandazugiri [kàndàzùgdáá] *n.* (1) a type of small tree with multiple branches and yellow fruits that are edible (2) the fruits of this tree *pl:* kandazugo *2pl:* kandazugiree *Var.* kəndazugiri

kane [kànì] ν. to be overmature e.g. okro fruits kanεε, kanna, kanna, kanema

kanea [kànìá] *n.* hurricane lamp *pl:* kaneεne *2pl:* kaneεnεε

kaneεbiri [kàníέbírí] *n.* lampshade *pl:* kaneεbie *2pl:* kaneεbiree

kanfaraŋ [káfáráŋ] *adv.* light (weight)

kankyeemε [kántʃífmέ] n. one hired to cook for another 2pl: kankyeemεε

kankyεle [kántʃélí] n. a type of large tree with large, shiny leaves pl: kankyεlε 2pl: kankyεlεε

kankyεlpelaa [kántʃὲlpìlàá] n. a type of tree pl: kankyεlpeεle 2pl: kankyεlpeεleε

kankyiri [kànʧírí] *n.* a type of small plant with edible leaves *2pl:* kankyiree

kankyirikpon [kántʃirikpón] n. see kankyiri pl: kankyirikponni 2pl: kankyirikponnee

kanne [kànnì] ν. (1) to teach (2) to read kannεε, kanna, kanna, kanema

kanne [kánnì] ν. to doubt kannεε, kanna, kanna, kanema, kannaa, kanema

kannyiri [kànnìrì] *n.* be patient *2pl:* kannyiree

kansele [kánsìl] *n.* council *pl:* kanselε 2*pl:* kanselεε

kansε [kánsέ] n. cakes pl: kansεre 2pl: kansεrεε Var. sɛnsεre, sensε

kansəge [kánsə́gí] n. foreign (not locally made) hoe pl: kansəgre 2pl: kansəgrεε

kantakye [kántátʃè] *n.* train *pl:* kantakyeri *2pl:* kantakyeree

kanteroo [kántérớớ] *n.* a type of strong grass that grows on riverbeds *pl:* kanteree *2pl:* kanteroo

kanwaa [kánwàà] *adv.* supposed • *O kanwaa libie na baarεε*. His supposed money is finished.

kanwaa [kánwáá] *n.* hard pebble of acid sg: kanwaarεε *pl:* kanwaare

kanwaa-ŋmen-yelmanna [kánwàáŋmín-yèlmănnà] *n.* false prophet *pl:* kanwaa-ŋmen-yelmanema *2pl:* kanwaa-ŋmen-yelmanemεε

kaŋazaa [káŋázáá] *adj.* anyone, each one

kaŋemaŋ kapile

kaŋemaŋ [káŋmáŋ] adv. light (weight)

kaŋkaaraamoorεε [káŋkááráámớórέέ] n. expression signifying the end of a folktale

kaŋkalaŋ [kàŋkàlàŋ] adv. appearing suddenly • Te zeŋe dire seemaa wa berε ka saana la kaŋkalaŋ. As we sat down eating a stranger suddenly appeared.

kaŋkalare [káŋkálàrì] *n*. persistence in doing something despite knowing it is beyond one's ability *2pl:* kaŋkalarεε

kaŋkale [kǎŋkál] *n.* a type of medicinal stew food made from flour and broth *2pl:* **kaŋkalε**ε

kaŋkambulo [kaŋkambulo] *n.* chronic ulcer

kaŋkandoraa [káŋkándòráá] n. a type of bird with tan plumage and a thick beak pl: kaŋkandori 2pl: kaŋkandoree Var. kaŋkanduo

kaŋkanduo [káŋkǎndúó] n. a type of small bird with a thick beak that eats fruits of trees pl: kaŋkandori, kaŋkandorri, kaŋkandoree Var. kaŋkandobaa/kaŋkandoraa

kaŋkankyekyeɛ [kákánʧíʧíé] n. a type of tree with milky sap pl: kaŋkankyekyeere 2pl: kaŋkankyekyeerɛε

kaŋkansaalaa [káŋkánsààláà] n. a type of tree with medicinal properties pl: kaŋkansaale 2pl: kaŋkansaalɛε

kaŋkansɔglaa [káŋkánɔ́gláá] n. a type of fig tree with aerial roots pl: kaŋkansɔglɔ 2pl: kaŋkansɔglεε

kaŋkanzeε [káŋkánzìέ] n. a type of fig tree with medicinal properties and edible fruits pl: kaŋkanzeere 2pl: kaŋkanzeerεε

kaŋkaŋ [káŋkáŋ] adv. bad-smelling

kaŋkaŋaa [kăŋkáŋàá] n. a type of tree with medicinal properties pl: kaŋkanne 2pl: kaŋkanneε

kaŋkaŋgbalaa [kàŋkàŋgbàláà] n. a type of shady tree pl: kaŋkaŋgballe 2pl: kaŋkaŋgbalεε Var. gbalaa

kaŋkaŋkyekyeɛ [káŋkáŋtʃitʃiɛ] n. a type of fig tree pl: kaŋkaŋkyekyeere 2pl: kaŋkaŋkyekyeerεε

kaŋmeεrε [káŋmíéré] *n.* one engaged in the threshing of millet *pl:* kaŋmeɛrebε 2*pl:* kaŋmeɛrebεε

kaŋmε [káŋmὲ] *n.* act of threshing millet

kaŋmedaa [káŋmèdàá] n. stick for threshing millet pl: kaŋmedaare 2pl: kaŋmedaree/kaŋmedaaree

kapaalaa [kápááláá] *n.* raised shed for guinea corn or millet *pl:* kapaale *2pl:* kapaalεε

kapala [kàpálà] *n.* mashed yam, plantain or cassava *sg:* kapaloo *2pl:* kapalεε/kapallεε *Var.* kapalo/kapala (1pl)

kapenta [kápíntà] n. carpenter pl: kapentari

kapile [kàpílè] adj. crafty

kapoŋi karenteɛ

kaponi [kápòŋ] *n.* millet flower *pl:* kaponni *2pl:* kaponnee

kapuro [kàpùrò] *n.* pillow *pl:* kapurri *2pl:* kapuree/kapurree

kara [kárà] ν. to prepare, to get ready • O kara la a saama karoo. S/he is preparing for the visitors. karεε, kara, kara, kareba, karaa, kareba

kara [kárá] *n.* a type of grass used for thatching

karaa [káráá] *adj.* (1) unripe (2) not cooked through (3) not hot enough (of iron in fire) *pl:* kare *2pl:* karrεε

karaa [káráá] *adj.* uncompromising *pl:* kare *2pl:* karrεε

karaa [kàráà] n. cobra pl: karre 2pl: karrεε

karaa [kàráà] n. clerk pl: karre 2pl: karreε

karaa [káráá] *n.* file *pl:* karre 2*pl:* karεε/karrεε

karaa [kàràà] adj. large pl: karre

karambanne [kárámbánní] *n.* wit *2pl:* **karambannε**ε

karansunni [kàrànsúnnì] *n.* kerosene *2pl:* **karansunnee**

karasa [kàràsà] *adj.* bad-smelling

karawaara [káráwáárá] n. green grass that has not been burnt completyely sg: karawaaroo 2pl: karawaarεε

kare [kàrì] v. (1) to drive away(2) to chase, to run after (3) to sharpen or polish a weapon or tool

(arrow or knife) (4) to grow tall; to cause to rise tall or high (5) to get overgrown (okro) karεε, kara, kareba, karaa, kareba

kare [kárí] adv. completely (of people going away) • A bibiiri zaaŋ zo, kare. All the children have run away, leaving none behind.

kare [kárí] ν. to break (small objects) karεε, kara, kara, kareba, karaa, kareba

karekare [kàrìkárí] ν. to attempt to make a move • Meŋ iri karekare ka te nyɛ ka o na sage la me. Also make an effort and let's see whether he will agree. karekarɛɛ, karekara, karekara, karekara, karekaraa

karekpe [kàríkpé] *n.* spitting cobra *pl:* karekperi *2pl:* karekperee

karekpele [káríkpílí] n. male lizard; a small reptile of the squamata family that is red-headed pl: karekpelε 2pl: karekpelεε Var. bandakarekpele

karekye [kárítʃi] *n.* clerk *pl:* karekyere 2*pl:* karekyerεε

karema [kárímá] *n.* teacher, one who deals with studies *pl:* karemamine *2pl:* karemεε

karemogə [kárìmógá] n. fortuneteller, diviner pl: karemogre 2pl: karemogreε

karenteε [kàríntíέ] *n.* machete, cutlass *pl:* karenteere 2*pl:* karenteerεε

kareŋmeɛ kelifelli

kareŋmeε [káríŋmíè] n. a type of bird with long, thin legs pl: kareŋmeεne 2pl: kareŋmeεnεε Var. kalŋmeε

karingyoŋ [káríndzóŋ] *n.* a type of musical instrument *pl:* karingyonni *2pl:* karingyonnee *Var.* karangyoŋ/karengyoŋ

kasεεte [kàsέέtí] n. cassette tape pl: kasεεtere 2pl: kasεεterεε

kaseleme [kásélímé] n. millet seedling Var. kaselle

kaselle [káséllí] *n.* millet seedling meant for planting *Var.* kaseleme

kasogi [kásògí] *n.* a small cage used as a nest for young chicks *pl:* kasogri *2pl:* kasogree *Var.* kosogi

katakye [kátátʃè] *n.* train *pl:* katakyeri *2pl:* katakyeree

kataŋa [kátáŋà] *n.* a large granary for storage of foodstuff *Var.* **katege**

kataweε [kàtàwíέ] *n.* umbrella *pl:* kataweere *2pl:* kataweerεε

katεgε [kàtέgὲ] n. large granary pl: katεgre 2pl: katεgreε Var. kataŋa

katone [kàtôŋ] *n.* civet *pl:* katonne 2*pl:* katonnεε

ka-uri [ká-úrí] *n.* dusty chaff from millet (irritates the skin) *2pl:* ka-uree

kayeɛle [káyíɛ́li] *n.* the act of winnowing millet

kayeεlε [káyíélé] n. one engaged in winnowing millet pl: kayeεlbε 2pl: kayeεlbεε

kayεre [káyέrí] n. half-wild millet pl: kayεε 2pl: kayεεrεε

kazama [kázàmá] *n.* poorly matured millet *2pl:* kazamεε

kazeε [kázìέ] n. guinea corn sg: kazeroo (plant) 2pl: kazeerεε

kazu [kázú] *n.* ear of millet *pl:* kazuri *2pl:* kazuree

keere [kíérì] ν to make a cluckling noise to call fowl or drive animals away keeree, keere, keerebe, keeraa, keerebe

kegireŋ [kégréŋ] adj. small and hanging • A bie yere la wo-kegireŋ kaŋa. The child carried some small animal skin bag.

kegireŋ [kègrèŋ] *adj.* large and hanging

kegisege [kégségé] adv. small but compact • A nosε la a e kegisegee lε. the child has grown and is plump.

kegisege [kègsègè] adv. large and compact • Wɛnaabo maŋ waa la kegisegee lɛ. The buffalo is usually big and plump.

kei [kéì] interj. stop it

kei [kèí] *interj.* expression of disapproval

kele [kélé] *n.* very hard seeds of some fruits; e.g baobab (adansonia digitata) gourd *Var.* **tokele**

kelewele [kéléwèlé] *n.* fried plantain chips *2pl:* **kelewellee**

kelifelli [kéféll] adj. light (weight)

keloo ko

keloo [kélòó] *adv.* eat or chew instantly

keloo [kèlòò] adv. glance at once

kenekene [kínkìn] *adv.* full to capacity liquid

keŋkeleŋ [kéŋkéléŋ] adj. light and dangling • A dɔɔ de la ŋmampege keŋkeleŋ kaŋa yɛre a baa. The man has hung some light broken calabash on the neck of the dog.

keŋkeleŋ [kèŋkèlèŋ] adj. large and dangling • Ka a bieŋ yɛre a wo-keŋkeleŋ ŋa o koŋ tõɔ kyɛŋe ne. If the boy hands this large skin bag on his shoulder he cannot walk with it.

keŋkeŋ [kéŋkéŋ] *adj.* very full (stomach, balloon)

kere [kèré] *n.* dog *pl:* kerri *2pl:* keree

kerekere [kérékéré] *adv.* lightweight (thickness)

kerekere [kíríkírí] n. wheel from the bucket pl: kerekerre 2pl: kerekereε

kerekere [kìrìkírí] ν. to struggle kerekerεe, kerekerε, kerekerε, kerekerebε, kerekeraa

kerekereke [kérékérékèrèé] *n.* nursery rhyme *pl:* **kerekerri**.

kereŋkereŋ [kéréŋkéréŋ] *adv.* full to capacity (tyre, balloon, or stomach)

kerese [kérésé] adj. small and distended • A bibaala puori waa la kerese lε. The sick child's stomach is distended.

kerese [kèrèsè] *adj.* big and distended (stomach)

keri [kèrì] v. come round clumsiness

• Zene ka a boo doge a bile naŋ ba keri The goat just literred today the kid has not come round yet. keree, kere, keribe, keraa, keribe

keri [kérí] v. (1) to measure, to weigh (2) to face a difficult task
O keri la toma ko ma ka N puro ne wale. She has burdened me with a heavy job, and I am sweating. keree, kere, kere, keribe, keraa. keribe

keri [kèrì] *adv.* onomatopoeic; the way a type of sound is produced when a small object hits a bigger (stiff) object

kekere [kèkérì] n. (1) stalk (of maize, millet) (2) small bundle of stalks used for gathering threshed millet sg: kekeroo pl: kekeree 2pl: kekerree

kεlεkεlε [kέlέkέlέ] *adj.* lightweight (thickness)

kieluu [kíélúú] *adj.* burnt-smelling kieluu [kíélúú] *adj.* high-pitched and distorted (singing)

kieree [kiéréé] *n.* brim of hat e.g. cowboy hat, bowler hat *pl:* **kieri**

ko [kớ] ν. to kill koε, koora, koora, kooreba, kooraa, kooreba

ko [kớ] ν. to put out (fire) koε, koora, koora, kooreba, kooraa, kooreba

ko [kớ] ν. to fold (cloth) koε, koora, kooreba, kooraa, kooreba

ko kogo

ko [kò] v. to dry koe, koro, koro, koribo, koraa, koribo

ko [kó] v. to gather e.g rain clouds koe, koro

ko [kờ] ν. to give koε, kora, kora, koreba, koraa, koreba

kobeεre [kòbíεri] *n.* first weekday of post-funeral rites *pl:* kobeεre /kóbíεrí/ *2pl:* kobeεreε

kobo [köbò] *n.* penny *pl:* kogri *2pl:* kogree

koboŋkoboŋ [kòbòŋkóbóŋ] *adj.* rugged, uneven e.g. road

koboɔ [kòbʊ́ɔ́] *n.* goat for funeral rites *pl:* koboore 2*pl:* kobooreε

kobora [kờbờrà] *n.* leader, greatest one among a group *pl:* koborre *2pl:* koborεε

kodaa [kòdàá] *n.* funeral week *pl:* kodare *2pl:* kodarεε

kodãa [kòdẫá] *n.* funeral drink sg: kodãao 2pl: kodaanεε

kodie [kòdiè] *n.* first weekend of post-funeral rites celebration *pl:* koderi *2pl:* koderee

kodəgerə [ködəgrə] *n.* foetus (that causes the death of a parent during labour) *pl:* kodəgere 2*pl:* kodgerεε

kodəə [kòdəə] n. widower pl: kodəbə 2pl: ko-dəərεε

kodu [kòdú] *n.* banana *sg:* koduruu *pl:* koduri *2pl:* koduree

kofi [kófi] *n.* coffee *pl:* kofiri *2pl:* kofiree

koganaa [kògànàá] *n.* strip of leather, cloth, or twine for a bereaved person *pl:* koganne 2*pl:* koganneε

kogi [kógí] n. (1) seat, stool, chair(2) throne pl: kogree

kogi [kògí] *adj.* thick and hard *pl:* kogri

kogilii [kógilíí] *adj.* dry and wrinkled; used on humans, animals and objects like containers *pl:* kogilo *Var.* kogiluu

kogilimala [kógílímálá] *adj.* very lean and worn out

kogiloŋ [kóglóŋ] *adj.* small and curved

kogiluu [kógílúú] *adj.* lean e.g a person, objects like containers, animal and humans *pl:* kogilo

Kogiri [kógrì] *n.* name of a village in Central Dagao *2pl:* **kogiree**

kogiri [kógrí] *adj.* near the side of • *A teε peεle la mɔkogiri*. The tree is near the edge of the bush.

kogiri [kógrì] v. to wink kogree, kogiro, kogiro, kogiribo, kogiraa, kogiribo

kogiro [kógró] *n.* basket seat *pl:* kogiri *2pl:* kogiree

kogiroŋ [kògròŋ] *adj.* oblong in shape

kogluu [] n. Var. kogilii

kogo [kógò] *n.* mahogany *pl:* kogri *2pl:* kogree *Var.* kogi

kogõo kolokolo

kogõo [kógỗó] n. funeral gound (arena of dirge singers) pl: kogoone 2pl: kogooneε

kokolaa [kókóláà] *n.* shuttle (weaving) *pl:* kokolli *2pl:* kokolee/kokollee

kokolaa [kókóláà] *n.* a type of river god or fetish *pl:* kokolli *2pl:* kokolee/kokollee

kokolo [kòkòlò] *n.* a type of tree whose ashes are used as salt *pl:* kokolli *2pl:* kokollee

kokomo [kòkòmò] *adj.* the nature of the sound of when one takes a bite at something hard. e.g. a bone

kokoori [kòkòòrí] *n.* pan flute *pl:* kokoe *2pl:* kokoree/kokorree

kokõo [kòkỗó] *n.* food or drink given to mourners at a funeral *2pl:* kokoonee

kokyi [kòʧi] *n.* millet for funeral rites *2pl:* kokyiree

kolaa [kóláá] *n.* (1) river, source of water people must fetch (2) river god *pl:* kolle 2*pl:* kollεε

kolaanoore [kúláánúórí] *n.* south of Ghana, Kumasi

kolaa nyɔge [kʊ́láá ɲɔ́gt] ν to drown (intransitive) kolaa nyɔgεε, kolaa nyɔgrɔ

kolakola [kúlåkúlå] *adv.* soft e.g. cloth, leather *Var.* kolokolo

kolaŋene [kòláŋíní] *n.* dirge *2pl:* laŋenεε

kolboll [kòbòll] adv. rising suddenly and in great quantity e.g. dust, smoke

kolee [kóléé] *n.* tin ; cup *pl:* kobilii *2pl:* kobilee/kollee

kolemεleŋ [kólmélíŋ] *adj.* match or correspond very well e.g. rice and beans

kolezare [kòlìzárí] *n.* funeral donation *pl:* kolezaε *2pl:* kolezεrεε

kolimasogilo [kòlìmásògìló] *n.* a legendary bird believed to be as big as the ostrich and wicked *pl:* kolimasogili *2pl:* kolimasoglee

kolkol [kölköl] adv. in great numbers

kolkole [kờlkớl] v. to engage in affectionate play; usually between lovers kolkolεε, kolkolɔ/kolkola, kolkoleba, kolkollaa

kolkoli [kòlkól] v. to be all over another e.g. a dog welcoming an acquaintance kololee, kolkolo, kolkolo, kolkolaa, kolkolibo, kolkolo

koll [kòll] *adv.* rising into the air e.g. smoke, dust *Var.* kull

kolle [kờllì] *ν* to gather or cut vegetation in great quantities kollεε, kolla, kolla, koleba, kollaa, koleba

kolnoɔ [kʊ́lnʊ́ɔ̀] n. moorhen pl: kolnoore 2pl: kolnooreε

kolokolo [kòlókòló] *n.* turkey *pl:* kolokolli *2pl:* kolokollee

kolokolo konono

kolokolo [kólókóló] *adv.* light *Var.* koloŋkoloŋ

koloŋkoloŋ [kólóŋkólóŋ] adv. watery; diluted e.g porridge Var. kolokolo

kolo [kólà] v. to be unperturbed; to exhibit coolness. (used with negative marker) • A bie kaŋa ba kolo kyɛ kaŋa nyegnyege. One of the children is calm but one is the boisterous type. -, -, -, -, - Var. kola

koltaŋaa [költáŋáà] n. a type of tree with medicinal properties pl: koltaŋema 2pl: koltaŋemεε

kolyaaraa [kôlyááráá] n. a type of bird of the suborder alcedines that feeds on fish pl: kolyaare 2pl: kolyaarεε Var. kon-yaara

komaale [kòmààlì] n. funeral rites komaaroŋ [kòmáárơŋ] n. a funeral where the corpse is not yet buried pl: komaara 2pl: komaarεε

Komaase [kờmáásí] *n.* main city in the Ashanti Region of Ghana *pl:* Komaasere *2pl:* Komaaserεε

komakoma [kờmàkờmà] *adj.* mild e.g. drink, alcohol

komboron [kờmbờrờn] adj. wrinkled

komiri [kòmírí] *n.* a string or strip of cloth tied round the wrist or waist of the bereaved during the funeral rites *Var.* **koganaa**

kommiruu [kómmírúú] n. (1) tomato (2) eggplant sg: kommiruu pl: kommie 2pl: kommiiree **komoɔreŋ** [kómớɔ́rfŋ] *n.* a type of funeral dirge

kona [kớná] *adv*. in large quantity, immeasurable • *A kyi ba taa kona, a koŋ kpɛ a bugo*. There is a great deal of millet; the granary cannot contain it.

konaabo [kònáábớ] *n.* cow meant for funeral rites *pl:* konii *2pl:* koniinee

konεε konεε [kónέkónéé] adv. on and on in the same direction • A pogelee baŋe la seɛre, o deɛ taaɛ konɛɛ, konɛɛ o naŋ erɛ. The girl knows how to dance, she is just dancing gracefully along.

konkon [kónkón] *adv.* completely, flat (of falling)

kon-kon-kon [kớn-kớn-kớn] *adv.* to fall helplessly

konne [kớnnì] *v.* to make a short audible exhalation through the nose in to stop inhaling bad smell konnee, konna, konna, konema, konnaa, konema

konni [kònní] n. cry 2pl: konnee

konni [kónnì] v. to catch a falling object in midair (to prevent from falling) konnee, konno, konimo, konimo

konno [kónnò] *n.* mouse nest *Var.* konzagera

konobara [kónóbàrá] *n*. lamentation konono [kớnớnớ] *adv.* (1) smooth (flour) (2) soft (body) (3) unasuming (behaviour)

konoo koore

konoɔ [kónớɔ́] n. final funeral of the Sisala (an ethnic group in the UWR) pl: konoore 2pl: konooreε

kon-ɔɔnɛnesoba [kứnɔɔ́nɛ́nisớbá] n. vegetarian pl: konɔɔnɛnedeme 2pl: konɔɔnɛnedemee Var. kon-ɔɔnɛne

konzagera [kónzàgrà] n. mouse nest 2pl: konzagerεε Var. konno, konzage

koŋ [kờŋ] *adv.* not • *N koŋ gaa be zenɛ*. I will not go there today.

koni [kŏn] adj. mangled pl: konni

koŋi [kòŋ] v. (1) to cry, to lament (2) to crow (rooster) koŋee, kono, kono, konimo, konaa, konimo

koŋi [kòŋ] v. to ferment koŋee, kono, kono, konimo, konaa, konimo

koŋkogiri [kóŋkógrí] *n.* boundary (of a field) *pl:* koŋkobo *2pl:* koŋkogiree

koŋkola [kớŋkớlá] n. farming field pl: koŋkolle 2pl: koŋkoleɛ/koŋkolleɛ Var. koŋkolɔ

koŋkombiri [kŏŋkŏmbíri] n. funeral dirge text sg: koŋkombiruu pl: koŋkombie 2pl: koŋkombiiree

koŋkommoola [kòŋkŏmmớớlá] *n.* incessant crying and for no apparent reason e.g a child *Var.* koŋkommoola

koŋŋmɛbaa [kʊ́ŋŋmɛ́báá] *n.* back of the head of the dog

koŋ-ɔɔ-moɔ [kớŋ-ɔ́ɔ-mơɔ́] *n.* dog **kookeree** [kòòkéréé] *n.* one's best attempt; effort

koone [kờờnì] ν. to groan (in pain) koonεε, koonɔ/koona, koonema, koonaa

kooraa [kớớràà] n. umbilical hernia pl: koore 2pl: koorεε Var. kpograa

koore [kởờrì] ν. to snore kooreε, koorɔ/koora, koorɔ/koora, kooreba, kooraa, kooreba *Var.* korŋzaa

koore [kờờrì] ν. to collect or move a load at once koorεε, koorɔ/koora, kooreba, kooraa, kooreba Var. korŋzaa

koɔ [kòò] v. to have an upset stomach, intestinal illness koɔɛ, koɔrɔ, koɔreba, koɔraa, koɔreba

kõɔ [kớɔ́] n. (1) water (2) pus pl: koɔnɛɛ 2pl: koɔnoo

kõɔ [kớ⊠ɔ́] *adj.* water-like, liquid koɔbo [kʊ́ɔ́bʊ̀] *n.* the act of farming 2pl: kɔrεε

koole [kờòlì] v. to gather; to bring together kooleε, koolo, koolo, koolo,

koole [kớólì] v. to get sick kooleε, koolo, koolo, kooleba, kooleba, kooleba

koole sogelaa [kóólísògílàá] n. fertile land

koolo [kờòlò] *n.* (1) farmland (2) environment *pl:* koole *2pl:* kooleε *Var.* koola

kooraa [kóóràà] n. farmer pl: koorebo 2pl: n/a

koore [kờòrì] ν. to sell kooreε, kooro, kooreba, kooraa, kooreba

koroso koroso

koore [kờòrì] v. to scrape, to scratch kooree, kooro, kooro, kooreba, kooraa, kooreba

koore [kʊ́ɔ́rí] v. to tap kooree, kooro, kooreba, kooraa, kooreba

koore [kờớrì] *n.* group of stars; galaxy sg: kooroo *pl*: kooreε

koɔre₁ [kʊ́ɔ́ri] *n.* gourd *pl:* kɔε 2*pl:* kɔrεε

koɔre₂ [kớɔ́rì] *n.* residue of final beer 2*pl:* koɔrεε

kopeε [kòpíέ] *n.* ground immediately surrounding the stage of the corpse *pl*: **kopeere** *2pl*: **kopeerε**ε

ko-pɔge [kò-pɔ́gf] *n.* widow *pl:* ko-pɔgeba *2pl:* ko-pɔɡrεε

ko-puoraa [kò-pùòràá] *n.* belated condolence (usually from someone who misses a funeral)

koraa [kòràá] *n.* village; bush settlement *pl:* korri *2pl:* korree

kore [kờrì] ν. (1) to be old (not young) (2) to be old (not new) korεε, kora, kora, koreba, koraa, koreba

kore [kớrí] *adj.* old *pl:* kora *2pl:* koreε

korekore [kờrìkớrí] ν. to break into bits and pieces (grass) korkorεε, korekora, korekora, korkoreba, korkoraa

korekore [kờrìkờrì] *adv.* many, in great numbers

koremaŋ [kờrìmàŋ] *adj.* unkempt *Var.* koremɔŋ

korepere [kớrípírí] *n.* a type of monkey with thick fur *pl:* **korepeε** *2pl:* **koreperεε**

korewayiri [kòrìwàyírí] *n.* one who has has spent all their youth outside their original homeland

kori [kòrì] v. to embrace, to hug koree, koro, koro, koro, koro, koroa, koro

kori [kórí] n. laziness 2pl: koree

kori [kórí] *n.* difficulty, suffering *2pl:* **koree**

kori [kórí] *adv.* the manner of a sound from hitting a hard surface

korimo [kòrímò] *n.* a type of lizard believed to be poisonous *pl:* **korri** *2pl:* **korree**

koringyon [kóríndzón] *n.* violin *pl:* koringyonni *2pl:* koringyonnee

koringyon [koríngyón] *n.* violin, (harp) *pl:* koringyonni *2pl:* koringyonnee

koro [kòró] *n.* pot for storing TZ (thick paste made from flour) *pl:* korri *2pl:* koree/korree

korodie [kòródìé] *n.* kitchen *pl:* koroderi *2pl:* koroderee/korodrree

korombo [kórómbò] *adv.* to empty totally, to finish with completely

koroŋ [kớrớŋ] adj. a long time ago

koroso [kórósó] adv. lean and dry • A balee ba dire lenso ka o waa a koroso lε. The puppy does not eat well and that is why it is so lean and bony.

ko suuri kɔkɔlweεmε

- ko suuri [kớ súúrí] ν. to arouse someone's anger koε suuri, koora suuri
- kotoloŋ [kòtólóŋ] *n.* the early part of mourning at the funeral *pl:* kotolo/kotola
- kotontona [kòtớntớná] *n.* messenger who announces funeral rites *pl:* kotontonema *2pl:* kotontomεε
- kotuo [kòtúó] *n.* a funeral where mourning is in a frenzy *pl:* kotuuri *2pl:* kotuuree
- kotuosobə [kòtúósóbá] n. bereaved person (close relative) pl: kotuodeme Var. kotuosoba
- kovuoro [kòvúóró] n. condolences by well wishers who could not attend the funeral rites 2pl: kovuoree
- Koware [kówárɪ] n. homeland of the Kowaree clan
- **Kowaroo** [kớwárớở] *n.* a member of the Koware clan *pl:* **Kowarεε**
- koyeŋi [kòyĕŋ] *n.* wake keeping (funeral) *pl:* koyenni *2pl:* koyenee
- koyiri [kóyírí] *n.* house of a bereaved family *pl:* koyie *2pl:* koyiree
- kɔ [kɔ] ν. (1) to hoe (2) to cultivate, to farm kɔɛ, koɔrɔ, koɔrɔ, koɔreba, koɔraa, koɔreba
- **Kɔbenε** [kɔ́bínɛ́] *n.* an annual festival celebrated by the people of Lawra *2pl:* kɔbenεε
- kɔge [kògì] v. (1) to be near, to be close to (2) to put by the side to sup-

- port (pillow) (3) to be lean kɔgεε, kɔgrɔ, kɔgrɔ, kɔgreba, kɔgraa
- kɔge [kɔ́gí] ν to boil ground malt at the the first stage in the preparation of pito kɔgɛɛ, kɔgera, kɔgera, kɔgereba, kɔgeraa, kɔgereba
- kogele [kògli] ν. (1) to keep company (2) to give aid kogelεε, kogela, kogela, kogeleba, kogelaa, kogeleba
- kɔgelɔ [kòglò] *n.* a type of fetish or god *2pl:* kɔgelεε
- kɔgeraa [kɔ́gráá] n. raised lump on the floor of a room used as a seat pl: kɔgere 2pl: kɔgerεε
- kəkəbaŋ [kòkóbáŋ] n. neck bangle pl: kəkəbanne 2pl: kəkəbannεε Var. kəkəbəŋ
- kɔkɔkpɔgere [kɔkɔkpɔgrì] *n.* goitre *pl:* kɔkɔkpɔgɔ *2pl:* kɔkɔkpɔgerεε
- kɔkɔlaa [kòkòláà] *n.* cat *pl:* kɔkɔlle 2*pl:* kɔkɔllɛε *Var.* kɔlaa
- kəkəlere [kòkólèrí] n. necklace sg: kəkəleroo pl: kəkəlee
- kəkəline [kòkólíné] n. velum pl: kəkəlinni 2pl: kəkəlinnee
- kəkəlle [kòkòllée] n. kitten pl: kəkəlbilii 2pl: kəkəlbillee
- kokolongoone [kòkólòngớóní] *n.* the trachea *pl:* kokolongoomo *2pl:* kokolongoonεε
- kokolweeme [kòkòlwíèmé] n. wild cat pl: kokolweene 2pl: kokolweeneε Var. kolweeme

kəkəlwoə kəmbənne

- kɔkɔlwoɔ [kòkɔ̃lwʊ́ɔ́] *n.* bag made from cat hide *pl:* kɔkɔlwoore 2*pl:* kɔkɔlwoorεε
- kokomaraa [kòkómáráá] *n.* tightfitting necklace *pl:* kokomarre 2*pl:* kokomarreε
- kɔkɔraa [kɔ́kɔ́ràà] *n.* one who does dirty things (obscene language) *pl:* kɔkɔrre
- kɔkɔre [kɔ́kɔ́ri] *n.* (1) throat (2) voice (3) language *pl:* kɔkɔrεε/kɔkɔε 2*pl:* kɔkɔrεε
- **kɔkɔreyεlε** [kókòrìyélέ] *n.* obscene things
- **kɔkɔroŋ** [kókóróŋ] *n.* the act of being uncouth
- kokosogelaa [kòkósòglàà] *n.* breastbone *pl:* kokosogele *2pl:* kokosogelεε
- kɔkɔvɔlaa [kɔ́kɔ́vɔ́làà] *n.* esophagus, gullet *pl:* kɔkɔvɔlle *2pl:* kɔkɔvɔllεε
- kɔkɔyoraa [kòkóyòráá] *n.* larynx, voice box, Adam's apple *sg:* kɔkɔyoruu *pl:* kɔkɔyorri *2pl:* kɔkɔyoree
- kolaa [kòláà] n. cat pl: kolle 2pl: kolleε Var. kokolaa
- kəlbaa [kálbáá] *n.* bottle *pl:* kəlbaare 2*pl:* kəlbaarεε
- kɔle [kɔlí] v. to be loose within something; to be too small for A dɔɔ kuree kɔlɔ la a o bidɔɔ seɛ. The man's pair of shorts is too large for his son. kɔlɛɛ, kɔlɔ, kɔlɔ, kɔlebɔ, kɔlaa, kɔlebɔ
- kəlema [kòlìmá] n. well pl: kəlle 2pl: kəlεε Var. kolaa (kʊlaa), kolli

- kəleŋkə [kɨliŋkɨ] n. a type of gourd with a long neck pl: kəleŋkəre 2pl: kəleŋkərεε
- kɔl-kɔl-kɔl [kòl-kòl-kòl] *adj.* in a long line e.g a column of school children
- kəlle [kàllì] v. to cluck kəlle, kəllə, kəlebə, kəlla, kəlebə
- kəlle [kòllì] v. to roam kəllεε, kəllə, kəllə, kəlebə, kəllaa, kəlebə
- kəlle [kɔ́lli] v. to gallop gracefully kəlleɛ, kəllə, kəllə, kəlbə, kəllaa
- kəlle [kállí] v. to smooth e.g. potter's pot kəlleε, kəllə, kəllə, kəlbə, kəllaa
- kələkələ₁ [kòlòkòlò] *adv.* to begin to brighten e.g day breaking
- kɔlɔkɔlɔ² [kɔlɔkɔlɔ] adv. not firm (object smaller than its fitting)
- kəmaaroŋ [kəmaaroŋ] n. freshly weeded or hoed-up place pl: kəmaara 2pl: kəmaarεε
- kəmbanna [kəmbánná] n. swimmer pl: kəmbanema 2pl: kəmbanemεε
- kəmbiri [kəmbiri] *n.* drop of water *pl:* kəmbie *2pl:* kəbiiree
- **kɔmbɔ** [kòmbó] *n.* dialog, conversation *2pl:* **kɔmbɔrεε**
- kəmbəge [kəmbəgi] n. water-way Var. kəmbəgeraa
- kəmbəgeraa [kəmbəgráá] n. waterway pl: kəmbəgre 2pl: kəmbəgreε Var. kəmbəge
- kəmbənne [kəmbənni] n. Akan language 2pl: kəmbənnεε

kəmbənenə kənnimiri

- kəmbəŋenə [kómbóŋínó] *n.* swimmer *pl:* kəmbəŋenemə *2pl:* kəmbəŋenemεε *Var.* kəmbəŋena
- kəmbəŋə [kəmbəŋə] n. Akan person (one who can swim) pl: kəmbənne 2pl: kəmbənnεε
- kəmbuli [kəmbúlí] *n.* period of water shortage e.g. during drought *2pl:* kəmbulee
- kəmmaaron [kəmmaaron] n. cold water
- kəmmaaron [kəmmaárón] *n.* trouble free; peace
- kəmmiiruŋ [kəmmiiruŋ] n. sour water 2pl: kəmmiiree
- kəmmiri [kəmmiri] *n.* current (running water) *pl:* kəmmie *2pl:* kəmmiree *Var.* kombiri
- kəməkəmə [kəməkəmə] adv. not hard
- kompaala [kómpáálá] *n.* new water e.g bottled water for sale *2pl:* kompaalεε
- **kɔmpare** [kɔmpárí] *n.* (1) the under part of water, residue (2) the southern part of Ghana *pl:* **kɔmparεε**
- kəmpiiri [kəmpiiri] n. floodwaters pl: kəmpie 2pl: kəmpiree/kəmpiiree
- kəmpəge [kəmpəgi] n. abundant waters, flood pl: kəmpəgre 2pl: kəmpəgreε Var. kəmpüo
- **kɔmpũo** [kɔmpũo] *adv.* period of excessive water e.g during the peak of heavy rains *Var.* **kɔmpɔge**

- kəndaare [kəndáári] *n.* waves 2pl: kəndaarεε
- **kɔndaare** [kɔ̀ndaari] *n.* water for sale *2pl:* **kɔndaarεε**
- kəndazugiri [kəndazugri] n. (1) a type of wild dwarf tree, short and stout with complex branches (2) the yellow fruit of this plant (edible) sg: kəndazugiruu pl: kəndazugo 2pl: kəndazugiree Var. dazugri
- kəndazugovu⊠u⊠ [kəndazúgóvù⊠ú⊠] n. (1) furnace (2) hell 2pl: kəndazugovuunee
- kəndoge [kəndəgi] n. water pot pl: kəndogre 2pl: kəndogreε
- kəndugzie [kəndugzie] n. swimming pool pl: kəndugziiri 2pl: kəndugziiree
- Kənduoraa [kənduóràá] n. a river in the Upper West Region of Ghana pl: kənduori 2pl: kənduoree
- **kənkyəkyəgere** [kɨnʧáʧágrí] *n.* swamp *2pl:* **kənkyəkyəgere**ε
- konkyorεε [kŏnkyòréέ] *n.* a type of bath where soap and sponge are not used *pl:* konkyorre *2pl:* konkyorreε
- kənkyuuri [kəntʃuúri] n. waterfall 2pl: kənkyuuree
- kɔnnaŋ [kɔ́nnáŋ] n. water scarcity 2pl: kɔnnannεε
- konne [kònní] *n.* leprosy *pl:* konne 2*pl:* konnεε
- kənnimiri [kônnímíri] *n.* (1) spring (2) water hole *sg:* kənnimiiruu *pl:*

kənnon kəntən-ire

kənnimie *2pl:* kənnimiiree *Var.* bulnimiri

kɔnnoŋ [kɔ́nno̓ŋ] *n.* the condition of having leprosy *Var.* kɔnnoo

kənnoəre [kànnóárí] n. (1) beach, coastline (2) edge pl: kənnəε 2pl: kənnərεε

kənnyuuri [kənnúúri] n. thirst sg: kənyuuree

kɔnnyuuri [kɔ́nnúurí] *n.* potable water, water meant for drinking

kɔnoɔre [kɔ́nʊ́ɔ́ri] *n.* a farmer's portion during farming *pl:* kɔnɔɛ 2*pl:* kɔnɔrɛε

kɔnɔŋmaara [kónɔ́ŋmáárá] n. leader of working farmers in the farm pl: kɔnɔŋmaare-bɛε

kɔnɔtɛne [kónɔ́tɛ́ní] n. earth or soil used to mark out the boundaries of portions of land for weeding 2pl: kɔnɔtɛnεε

kənətuuro [kənətuuro] n. deputy leader of working farmers in the farm pl: kənətuuribo 2pl: kənətuuribee

kənsa \boxtimes a [kənsa \boxtimes a] *n*. the act of polluting water

kɔnsaaloŋ [kɔ́nsáalʊ́ŋ] n. plain fluid from a swelling (may be mixed with blood) 2pl: kɔnsaalεε

konsaane [kŏnsáání] *n.* water with marshed poridge *2pl:* konsaanεε

kənso [kənso] *n.* the act of bathing *2pl:* kənsoree

kənsobəədo
aa [kənsəbəədo
áá] n. bath towel pl: kənsobəədo
re 2pl: kənsobəədore
ε

kɔnsogɔ [kɔ́nsógɔ́] n. (1) the middle of water e.g. a stream (2) the act of keeping afloat in water with body upright pl: kɔnsogere 2pl: kɔnsogereɛ Var. kɔnsoga

kɔnsolaa [kònsòláá] n. large jar used for bathing pl: kɔnsolaare 2pl: kɔnsolaarεε

kənson [kənson] n. holy water pl: kənsonne 2pl: kənsonneε

kənsəgerə [kənsəgrɨ] n. dirty water 2pl: kənsəgerεε Var. kənsəgera

kənsuori [kənsuori] *n.* bathwater *2pl:* kənsuoree

kənsuoro [kənsuorio] n. one who is bathing pl: kənsuoribo 2pl: kənsuoribee

kontere [kóntír] *n.* cheek *pl:* konteε 2*pl:* konteerεε

kɔntεtɛgere [kòntétègrí] *n.* puddles *pl:* **kɔntεtɛgerε**ε

kəntəmbile [kɨntɨmbilé] *n.* fairy *pl:* kəntəmbilii *2pl:* kəntəmbilee *Var.* kəntəmə, kəntənzuzeε

kəntəmbəgə [kəntəmbəgə] *n*. the act of divining through the power of fairy spirits *pl*: kəntəmbəgərə *2pl*: kəntəmbəgəre

kəntəmə [kəntəmə] *n.* fairy, dwarf (spiritual being) *pl:* kətənne *2pl:* kətənneε *Var.* kəntəmbile

kəntən-ire [kəntən-iré] *n.* one possessed by a spirit *pl:* kəntən-iribe

kəntənkyi kəəle

2pl: konton-iribee Var. konton-ire

kɔntɔnkyi [kɔ̀ntɔntʃi] *n.* a type of guinea corn with short thick bunch of seed *2pl:* kɔntɔnkyiree

kəntənnaa [kəntənnáá] *n.* twoshilling coin *pl:* kəntənnanne 2*pl:* kəntənnannεε

kɔntɔn-woɔ [kòntòn-wóɔ́] n. soothsayer's bag pl: kɔntɔn-woore 2pl: kɔntɔn-woorεε

kəntəŋgbelime [kəntəŋgbelimé] *n.* diviner's bell *pl:* kəntəŋgbelli *2pl:* kəntəŋgbellee

kɔnvɔlɔ [kònvòló] n. liquid residue of shea butter pl: kɔnvɔlle 2pl: kɔnvɔleɛ/kɔnvɔllɛε Var. kɔvɔlɔ

kɔn-yaaraa [kòn-yáárá] n. a type of bird that feeds on fish pl: kɔn-yaare 2pl: kɔn-yaarεε Var. kolyaaraa

kən-yuori [kən-yuori] *n.* pot for water *pl:* kən-yoe *2pl:* kən-yoree

kənzuluŋ [kònzùlúŋ] n. deep water pl: kənzululli 2pl: kənzulullee

kənzunni [kə́nzúnni] n. debris of water 2pl: kənzunnee

kɔŋe [kòŋ] v. to contract leprosy kɔŋεε, kɔnnɔ, kɔnnɔ, kɔnema, kɔnnaa, kɔnema

kɔŋe [kòŋ] v. to be unavailable • Ka saaŋ ba miire te maŋ kɔŋe la kõɔ. If it does not rain, we run out of water. kɔŋεɛ, kɔnnɔ, kɔnema, kɔnnaa, kɔnema

koŋe [kôŋ] *n.* hunger *2pl:* konnεε *Var.* koŋ

kəngaŋene [kəngáŋíní] adj. a place beyond the waters

kɔŋkaare [kɔŋkáárí] n. (1) water that has been bailed out (2) water that must be bailed out

kɔŋkare [kɔ̂ŋkárí] *n.* plain drinking water *2pl:* **kɔŋkarεε**

koŋkoŋ [kóŋkóŋ] *n.* palm tree *pl:* koŋkonne *2pl:* koŋkonneε

koŋkoŋo [kòŋkòŋó] n. leper pl: koŋkonne 2pl: koŋkonneε

kəŋkəre [kəŋkəri] n. forest Var. tetige

kɔŋkpaare [kòŋkpáárí] *n.* backstroke (swimming) *pl:* **kɔŋkpa**ε

kɔɔ [kɔ̀ɔ] ν. to break kɔɔε, kɔɔrɔ, kɔreba, kɔora, kɔreba

kɔɔ [kòò] ν. to dance kɔɔε, kɔɔrɔ, kɔreba, kɔɔraa, kɔreba

kɔɔ [kɔ̀ɔ] ν. to become charred kɔɔɛ, kɔɔrɔ, kɔɔrɔ, kɔreba, kɔɔraa, kɔreba

kɔɔ [kɔ̀ò] ν. to stampede, sudden flight or dispersion kɔɔɛ, kɔɔrɔ, kɔɔrə, kɔɔraa, kɔreba

kວວ [kɔ̀ɔ́] adv. one hundred

kɔɔ [kɔ́ɔ́] *adj.* appear broken

kəəkyaporo [kəətfaporo] n. bone marrow sg: kəəkyaporuu pl: kəəkyaporri 2pl: kəəkyaporree

kɔɔle [kɔ́ɔlí] adj. burnt, charred • A vũu toloŋ, ka fooŋ deɛnɛ kamaa-kɔɔle ka fo na sɛ. The fire is quite hot, and if you are not careful the maize will get burnt. pl: kɔɔlɔ

kəəlmare kukurbompaala

kɔɔlmare [kɔ̀ɔlmari] ν. to hurt verbally e.g. insult, chastise kɔɔlmarɛε, kɔɔlɔmara, kɔɔlɔmara, kɔɔlemareba, kɔɔlɔmaraa

kəəloŋ [kóślóŋ] n. hair, fur pl: kəələ 2pl: kəəlεε

kɔɔre [kɔ́ɔrí] n. (1) bone (2) armlet made from elephant tusk pl: kɔbɔ 2pl: kɔɔrεε

kɔɔre [kɔ̀ɔri] v. (1) to delay • Ta kɔɔre ma, N boɔrɛɛ wieũ. Don't delay me I am in a haste. (2) keep long • Zenɛ a bie kɔɔre la a sakuuri poɔ. The child has kept long in school today. (3) to be late • N karembie kɔɔre la sakuuri gaabo ka ba ko o dɔgeroŋ. The pupil was late to school and they gave him some punishment. kɔɔrɛɛ, kɔɔrɔ, kɔɔrə, kɔɔreba, kɔɔraa, kɔɔreba

kɔɔto [kɔ́ɔtʊ̀] n. court pl: kɔɔtere 2pl: kɔɔterεε

kəəyε [kɔ́əyɛ̀] n. forest pl: kəəyεre 2pl: kəəyεrεε

kəəzii [kəbzii] *n.* a type of tiny bird that moves in large groups *pl:* kəəziiri *2pl:* kəəziiree

kəpo [kópờ] n. cup pl: kəpore 2pl: kəporεε

kɔpuori [kɔ́pùòrí] *n.* the act of weeding again *pl:* **kopoe** *2pl:* **koporee**

kəraa [kòràà] n. hook pl: kərre 2pl: kərεε Var. takəraa

kəre [kòrí] n. (1) pocket (2) bag pl: kəε 2pl: kəreε

kəre [kàrì] v. to scoop out; to empty
A yuori kõə zaa ka ba kəre.

They have taken all the water from the pot. kɔrεε, kɔrɔ, kɔreba, kɔraa

kəre [kəri] *adv.* how it sounds when a stone hits an object

kəre [kśri] ν. to cough kərεε, kərə, kərə, kəreba, kəraa, kəreba

kərema [kərímá] *n.* partridge *pl:* kərre 2*pl:* kərrεε

kəretə [kɔ́rítɔ́] n. sickness of animals (fur falls off) pl: kəretəre 2pl: kəretəreε

kɔrεε [kɔ́rɛ́ɛ́] *adv.* moving at once nearer another e.g. child to mother

kəroŋ [kórớŋ] *n.* cough

kəroŋkpoŋ [kóróŋkpóŋ] *n.* mycobacterium tuberculosis *pl:* kəroŋkponni *2pl:* kəroŋkponnee

kɔrre [kɔ́rrì] v. to slaughter, to cut the throat of kɔrrεε, kɔrrɔ, kɔrrɔ, kɔreba, kɔrraa, kɔreba

kɔsɔrre [kɔ́sɔ́rrí] *n.* request for farm help *2pl:* **kɔsɔrεε**

kətə [kótó] n. crab pl: kətəre 2pl: kətəreε

kovolo [kòvòló] n. 2pl: kovoleε Var. konvolo

kubogi [kúbògí] *n.* stone cave *pl:* kubogiri *2pl:* kubogiree

kugbe [kùgbé] *n.* coconut *pl:* kugberi *2pl:* kugberee

kugbe ϵ [kùgbì ϵ] n. worn-out hoe blade pl: kugbeere 2pl: kugbeer ϵ

kukurbompaala [kùkúrbómpáálà] n. firstfruits sg: kukurbompaalεε Var. bompaala

kukuri kuri

kukuri [kùkúrì] *n.* hoe handle *pl:* kukue *2pl:* kukuree

kukuribone [kùkúrìbòn] *n.* farm produce *pl:* kukuriboma

kukurkpaare [kúkúkpáárí] *n.* nape of the neck of a hoe handle *pl:* kukukpaε 2*pl:* kukukpaarεε

kukponi [kùkpôn] *n.* large hoe *pl:* kukponni *2pl:* kukpomo/kukponnee

kuli [kúlí] v. to go home kulee, kulo, kulo, kulo, kulaa

kulikuli [kúlkúl] *adv.* very badsmelling

kulinni [kúlínní] *n.* shrill noise of praise *2pl:* **kulinnee**

kull [kùll] adv. rising in a cloud Var. koll

kulli [kùllì] v. (1) to mind (2) to not regard, to ignore (typically used with ba) • A baa da vuolo yaga le kye a nannyige dee da ba kullo a. The dog was barking intensely, but the thief just ignored it. kullee, kullo, kullo, kullo, kullaa, - Var. kpulli/kpullo

kultaa [kúltáá] n. marriage pl: kultaarεε

kultaa weltaa [kúltáá wéltáá] n. divorce

kunoɔre [kùnớɔri] *n.* edge of hoe blade *pl:* **kunɔɛ** *2pl:* **kunɔrɛ**ε

kuntuŋi [kúntúŋ] *n.* blanket *pl:* kuntunni *2pl:* kuntunnee

kuntuŋi [kùntùŋ] n. wolf pl: kuntunni 2pl: kuntunnee

kuntuŋi [kùntùŋ] n. blanket pl: kuntunni 2pl: kuntunnee

kunyoɔre [kùnʊʻɔ́rí] *n.* hoe, plough tip *pl:* **kunyɔε** *2pl:* **kùnyɔrɛɛ**

kuŋkunee [kúŋkúnéè] n. hillock, raised ground pl: kuŋkunni 2pl: kuŋkunnee

kuŋkunni [kùŋkúnnì] *n.* epilepsy *2pl:* kuŋkunnee

kuŋkuŋ [kúŋkúŋ] *adv.* dark and threatening e.g. black storm clouds

kuŋkuŋlere [kúŋkúnléré] *n.* one who has epilepsy *pl:* **kuŋkunlerbe** *2pl:* **kuŋkunlerbee**

kuo [kúó] n. a type of a wild mouse pl: kuuri 2pl: kuuree

kuoli [kùòlì] v. to get drunk kuolee, kuolo, kuolo, kuolbo, kuolaa

kuoli [kùòlì] v. to apply fertilizer to crops kuolee, kuolo, kuolo, kuolbo, kuolaa

kuoluŋ [kùólǔŋ] *n.* manure *2pl:* **kuoklunnee**

kuomo [kúómó] *n.* a type of water plant *pl:* **kuomee**

kuoŋaa [kúóŋáá] *adj.* dry *pl:* kuoni *2pl:* kuonee

kuori [kùórí] *n.* funeral *pl:* koe *2pl:* koree

kuori [kúórì] v. to tap with an object kuoree, kuoro, kuoro, kuoribo, kuoraa

kuree [kùrèè] *n.* shorts *pl:* kurri *2pl:* kurree

kuri [kúrí] *n.* (1) metal (2) iron *sg:* kuruu *pl:* kurri *2pl:* kuree

kuri kutaayi

kuri [kùrì] v. to forge, to shape metal kuree, kuro, kuro, kuribo, kuraa, kuribo

kuri [kùrì] v. to plant calabash seeds kuree, kuro, kuro, kuribo, kuraa, kuribo

kuri [kúrí] v. to scrape kuree, kuro, kuro, kuribo, kuraa, kuribo

kuri [kùrì] *adv.* onomatopoeia (thud of a heavy solid object falling)

kuribini [kùrìbíní] *n.* slag (ore after iron is extracted) *sg:* **kuribinuu** *2pl:* **kuribinee/kurbinnee**

kuridaa [kùrìdàá] *n.* iron bar *pl:* kuridaare 2*pl:* kuriaarεε

kurigbεεgbori [kúrígbέέgbòrí] *n.* train *pl:* kurigbεεgboe *2pl:* kurigbεεgboree

kurigbεεsori [kúrígbέέsórí] *n.* rail line *pl:* **kurigbεεsoe** *2pl:* **kurigbεε-soree**

kurigbæwogri [kúrígbéwógri] *n.* trousers *2pl:* **kurigbæwogree**

kurikuni [kùrìkúní] n. (1) tortoise (2) ball of seeds in the calabash fruit (3) padlock pl: kurikumo 2pl: kurikunee Var. kuri/kuŋkuni

kurikuri [kùrìkúrí] v. to search kurikuree, kurikuro, kurikuro, kurikuribo, kurikuraa

kurikuro [kùrìkúró] *n.* blacksmith *pl:* kurikuribo *2pl:* kurikuribee *Var.* kurkuro, kurkuribo

kurimoŋ [kúrímóŋ] *adv.* stunted e.g. malnourished child

kuriwiri [kúríwìrí] *n.* bicycle *pl:* kuriwie *2pl:* kurwiree

kuriyolun [kúríyólún] n. the act of wearing shorts or trousers without underwear pl: kuriyolli 2pl: kuriyolee

kurizeε [kùrìzìέ] *n.* (1) brass (2) copper *pl:* kurizeere *2pl:* kurizeereε

kuri zu mare [] v. to persevere

kurkumpεge [kùrkûmpέgi] n. shell (of turtle) pl: kurkumpεgre 2pl: kurkumpεgrεε

kurusu [kúrúsú] *adv.* small and stunted

kusaalaa [kúsààlàà] *n.* smooth stone used by a potter to smooth pots *pl:* kusaale *2pl:* kusaalεε

kusaalaa [kúsàálàá] *n.* sharpening stone *pl:* kusaale *2pl:* kusaalεε

kuseεbaa [kúsìὲbàá] n. very large hoe pl: kuseεbaare 2pl: kuseεbaareε

kusibiri [kúsíbírì] *n.* a very small stone *pl:* kusibie *2pl:* kusibiree/kusibiiree

Kusieli [kúsíélí] *n.* homeland of the Kusielee clan

Kusieluu [kúsiélúů] *n.* a member of the Kusielee clan *pl:* **Kusielee**

kusiri [kúsírì] *n.* stone *sg:* kusiruu *pl:* kusie *2pl:* kusirree

kusiwara [kúsíwàrà] *n.* gravel 2pl: kusiwarεε

kutaayi [kútááyí] *n.* file *pl:* kutaayiri *2pl:* kutaayiree

kutobo kpaakpaabiri

kutobo [kùtòbó] *n.* hoe (traditional Dagaaba hoe) *2pl:* **kutooree**

kutoori [kùtóórí] *n.* plough breast *pl:* **kutooree**

kũu₁ [kὖú] *n.* (1) death (2) corpse *pl:* kuuni *2pl:* kuunee

kũu₂ [kửù] *n.* see bikũu *pl:* kuuni *2pl:* kuunee

kũubogi [kǚubògí] *n.* grave *pl:* kũubogri *2pl:* kũubogree

kuunileεiruu [kúúnílfε-írúú] *n.* resurrection

kuuri [kùùrí] *n.* hoe *pl:* kue 2*pl:* kuree

kuuri [kùùrì] v. to dredge; to remove from the bottom of a container of liquid kuuree, kuuro, kuuro, kuuribo, kuuraa

kuuri [kúúri] v. to quickly dodge an object in the air kuuree, kuuro, kuuro, kuuribo, kuuraa

kuuri [kúúrì] *n.* (1) stone (2) fetish stone *pl:* kubo *2pl:* kuuree *Var.* kusiri

kũuyee [kuuyéè] n. a type of small owl believed to foresee evil happenings pl: kũuyeeri 2pl: kũuyeeree

kp

kpa [kpá] ν. (1) to boil (2) to dismantle (usually at the joints) (3) to lament; to mourn kpaε, kpaara, kpaara, kpaaraba, kpaaraa

kpa [kpà] ν. to lock kpaε, kpaara, kpaara, kpareba, kpaara

kpaa [kpàà] v. (1) to be unsuccessful • A karema goo la a bie kpaa. The teacher was unable to stop the child. (2) to leave some of • Ba di la a bondirii kyε ka a kpaa. They ate the food and some was left over. kpaaε, kpaara, kpaara, kpaaraa

kpaa [kpáà] ν. to remove by pulling out kpaaε, kpaara, kpaara, kpaareba, kpaaraa kpaa [kpàá] *adj*. leftover • *A baa ŋa ba nɔŋ bondi-kpaa*. This dog does not like leftover food. *pl:* kpaare 2*pl:* kpaarεε

kpaa [kpáá] interj. surprised

kpãa [kpẫẫ] ν to warn kpaãε, kpaana, kpaana, kpaanema, kpaanaa, kpaanema

kpãa [kpãã] ν. cook very palatable food, fry (saucetew) kpãaε, kpaana, kpaana, kpaanema, kpaanaa

kpaagyiri [kpáádzrí] *n.* strong whip (made of tendon and leather) *2pl:* kpaagyiree *Var.* gyiri

kpaakpaa [kpàákpàá] *n.* palm kernel *pl:* kpaakpaare *2pl:* kpaakpaarεε kpaakpaabiri [kpàákpàábírì] *n.*

kpaakyinni kpagyiili

palm kernel seed sg: kpaakpaabiruu pl: kpaakpaabie 2pl: kpaakpaabiree/kpaakpaabiiree Var. kpaakpaa

kpaakyinni [kpáátʃinni] v. to leap from a height to land kpaakyinnee, kpaarakyinne, kpaakyinne, kpaakyinime, kpaakyinnaa

kpaale [kpáálì] ν. to remind kpaalεε, kpaala, kpaala, kpaaleba, kpaalaa

kpãaloɔraa [kpãálớɔ́ráá] n. a type of small brown bird pl: kpãaloɔre 2pl: kpãaloɔrεε

kpaalzeε [kpààlziέ] *n.* a type of tree with medicinal properties *pl:* kpaalzeere 2*pl:* kpaalzeerεε

kpaamoo [kpáámóó] n. a type of grass sg: kpaamoonoo 2pl: kpaamooneε

kpaane [kpàànt] ν. (1) to become tight (2) to go hunting kpaanεε, kpaana, kpaana, kpaana

kpaanyo [kpàányờ] *n.* nothing *Var.* kpaanyo

kpa⊠ao [kpẫáớ] *n.* guinea fowl *pl:* kpinni *2pl:* kpinnee

kpaaraa [kpááràá] *n.* whip *pl:* kpaare 2*pl:* kpaarεε Var. kpeeraa, kpeere

kpaare [kpáárí] *n.* nape of neck *pl:* kpaε *2pl:* kpaarεε

kpaare [kpáárì] v. (1) to tap (on a door) (2) to roof by knocking nails to hold roof (3) to harvest termites (at the end of the process one

knocks on the pot containing termites) (4) to fly at top speed

kpaare [kpààrì] ν. (1) to come together (2) to assemble, to meet together kpaarεε, kpaara, kpaareba

kpaasere [kpáásírí] ν to end up at a point, not returning • Ba toŋ la a bie ka o deɛ te kpaasere. The child they sent has ended up not returning. kpaaserε, kpaaserε, kpaaserε, kpaasere, kpaasera

kpãa toori [kpãã tòòrí] v. (1) to insist (2) to harden one's heart

kpaba [kpàbà] *adv.* sweating profusely

kpabogi [kpàbògí] *n.* point between the neck and the head *pl:* **kpabogri** *2pl:* **kpabogree**

kpaga [kpágà] *adv.* refuse to do anything

kpage [kpàgí] adj. thick, strongkpagelaga [kpàglàgà] adv. (1) thick(2) motionless

kpagele [kpàglì] ν. to harden kpagelεε, kpagela, kpagela, kpageleba, kpagelaa

kpageloo [kpáglớớ] *adj.* (1) hard, firm (2) difficult *pl:* kpagela

kpagyεle [kpádzélí] *n.* the pointed part of the back of the head *pl:* **kpagyεlε** *2pl:* **kpagyεlε**

kpagyiili [kpàdzíílí] *n.* main vein connecting the back of the head and the neck *pl:* **kpagyiile** *2pl:* **kpagyiilee**

kpakyaga kpaŋkpazegle

kpakyaga [kpáʧàgá] *adj.* between *pl:* kpakyagre *2pl:* kpakyagrεε

kpala [kpálà] *n.* a type of powder for the eyelashes *pl:* **kpalεε**

kpala [kpàlá] *n.* (1) nakedness, nudity (2) the act of engaging in a fight (wrestling) 2pl: kpalεε

kpalaa [kpàlàá] *n.* sling *pl:* kpalle 2*pl:* kpallεε

kpalaŋ [kpàlàŋ] adj. quickly, at once kpalaŋkpalaŋ [kpáláŋkpáláŋ] adv. in a uneventful manner • A dɔɔ entuo na toŋ la a toma kpalaŋkpalaŋ lɛ. That lazy man did the work haphazardly.

kpale [kpálí] *ν*. to become bare (bald) • *N* sãakoma zu zaaŋ kpale. My granfather is completely bald. kpalεε, kpala, kpala, kpaleba, kpalaa, kpaleba

kpale [kpàlì] adj. (1) bare; empty (2) for nothing • O wa la kyε kpale lε, o ba nyε bonzaa. She came here for nothing; she did not get anything. pl: kpala 2pl: kpalεε

kpale [kpàlì] ν. to make firm (loose soil) kpalεε, kpalla, kpalla, kpalba, kpallaa

kpaleŋkpaa [kpàlìŋkpàá] n. louse pl: kpaleŋkpaare 2pl: kpaleŋkpaarεε

kpalle [kpálli] ν. (1) to remind (2) to caution (3) to remould the blade of an overused implement (axe) kpalleε, kpalla, kpalla, kpalba, kpallaa

kpambeε [kpămbíὲ] *n.* spokesman *pl:* **kpambeere** *2pl:* **kpambeerε**ε

kpambiri [kpàmbírí] *n.* wooden bell *pl:* **kpambie** *2pl:* **kpambiree**

kpammo [kpàmmó] *adv.* thick and hard

kpane [kpànì] *n.* (1) lead (2) spear, lance *pl:* **kpama**

kpanne [kpànnì] ν. (1) to hypnotize (2) to be overwhelmed by cold kpannεε, kpanna, kpanna, kpanema, kpannaa

kpantoli [kpántólí] *n.* (1) patch of hair as a hairstyle (2) crest (of a bird) *pl:* kpantolo *2pl:* kpantolee *Var.* kpontoli; kpontolo

kpaŋaa [kpàŋàà] adj. large and hollow

kpaŋe [kpáŋ] v. to become rigid and hard (of a surface) kpaŋεε, kpana, kpana, kpanema, kpanaa

kpaŋe [kpàŋí] *adj.* rigid and hard (surface, object) *pl:* **kpama**

kpaŋenyaŋa [kpàŋìnyàŋà] *adv.* large and dirty (container)

kpaŋkpane [kpáŋkpání] *n.* arm *pl:* **kpaŋkpama** *2pl:* **kpaŋkpannε**ε

kpaŋkpannyugbieli [kpàŋkpànnyúgbíélí] n. elbow pl: kpaŋkpannyugbiele 2pl: kpaŋkpannyugbielee Var. gbieli

kpaŋkpaŋkpēε [kpăŋkpăŋkpf⊠ϵ̃] n. force pl: kpaŋkpaŋkpeene 2pl: kpaŋkpaŋkpeeneε

kpaŋkpazegle [kpáŋkpázíglí] n. hard, pimple-like swelling pl: kpaŋkpazeglε 2pl: kpaŋkpazeglεε Var. zaŋkpegiri

kpaŋkpele kpeeloŋ

kpaŋkpele [kpáŋkpílí] *adj.* extremely hard

kpaŋkpire [kpăŋkpírè] n. race, running competition (typically used with ŋmε) • Ba ŋmε la kpaŋkpire te le dɔgele taa. They raced neck and neck and fell over each other. pl: kpaŋkpirri 2pl: kpaŋkpiree/kpaŋkpirree

kpaŋkpoli [kpáŋkpòli] *n.* chicken without feathers *pl:* kpaŋkpolo *2pl:* kpaŋkpolee *Var.* kpoŋkpoli

kparata [kpárátá] *adv.* lie prostrate; flat with face upwards

kpardiiraa [kpărdííráá] *n.* smock with multiple folds *pl:* kpardiiri *2pl:* kpardiiree

Kpare [kpárí] *n.* name of a town in the Upper West Region

kpare [kpárí] ν. (1) to tie together (to make a bow) (2) to suffer, to stuggle on the ground kparεε, kpara, kpara, kpareba, kparaa

kpare [kpàrì] ν. (1) to pair up (2) closed to (3) to ride one bike or animal together (two or more people) kparεε, kpara, kpara, kparaa

kparoo [kpàrớờ] *n.* top (clothing) *pl:* kparre *2pl:* kparrεε

kparpîi [kpàrpîi] *n.* needle *pl:* kparpiime *2pl:* kparpiimee/kparpiinee

kparsirikyi [kpărsírítʃi] *n.* expensive beautiful gown *pl:* kparsirikyiri *2pl:* kparsirikyiree

kparyoluŋ [kpăryòlŭŋ] *n.* top wear without a supporting underwear *pl:* kparyolli *2pl:* kparyollee

kpateεrε [kpàtíéré] n. supporter, backer pl: kpateεrebε 2pl: kpateεrebεε

kpatere [kpàtírí] n. (1) gorilla (2) chimpanzee pl: kpateε 2pl: kpateerεε

kpawerε [kpàwírέ] *n.* back case; not concerned

kpawoɔ [kpàwớɔ] n. hat (especially one made from cloth) (northern Dagaare dialect) pl: kpawoore 2pl: kpawoorεε

kpe [kpí] v. (1) to shell a bit of (maize seed from cob) (2) to wink (to give someone a sign) kpeε, kpeerε, kpeerε, kpeerebε, kpeeraa

kpeebε [kpííbὲ] *adj.* orphaned *pl:* **kpeere** *2pl:* **kpeerεε**

kpeebo [kpiibớ] *n.* orphan *pl:* kpeere 2*pl:* kpeerεε

kpēekpēe [kpříkpří] *adv.* not bright (fire)

kpeele [kpíílì] ν. to bend slightly to the side kpeelεε, kpeelε, kpeelε, kpeelε,

kpeele [kpifli] *adj.* small, tiny, immature *pl:* kpeele

kpeelon [kpììlón] *n.* the state of being an orphan

kpeeloŋ [kpíílóŋ] n. hip joint pl: kpeelε 2pl: kpeelεε

kpeemε kpememe

kpeemε [kpíímέ] n. departed soul, the dead pl: kpenne 2pl: kpeemεε/kpennεε

kpeeraa [kpííráà] *n.* whip *pl:* kpeere 2*pl:* kpeerεε *Var.* kpaaraa

kpēε [kpł̃έ] *n.* strength, power, force *pl:* kpeεne *2pl:* kpeεneε *Var.* kpeε̃o

kpēε [kpi̇̀è] ν. to be older than kpeε̃ε, kpeεnε, kpeεnε, kpeεnemε, kpeεnaa

kpeεmε [kpíέmέ] *n.* older sister *pl:* kpeεmine *2pl:* kpeεmεε *Var.* kpẽε

kpeεŋaa [kpíéŋáá] *adj.* (1) hard, strong, difficult (2) well, healthy *pl:* kpeεne

kpẽεο [kpἷέτὸ] *n.* strength *pl:* kpeɛne *Var.* kpẽε

kpeεre [kpìὲrì] *n.* popular entrance of a rodent's hole *2pl:* **kpeεrεε**

kpeεrentɔ [kpíéríntò] *n.* neighbour

kpegeke [kpegeke] *adv.* direct to the point (usually unleashing pain)

kpegere [kpígrì] ν. to be curious (asking questions to find information) kpegerεε, kpegerε, kpegerεε, kpegerebε

kpegileŋ [kpégléŋ] *adv.* small but compact

kpegiri [kpégrí] *n.* gizzard *pl:* kpege *2pl:* kpegiree

kpegiri [kpégri] v. (1) to shiver (from cold) (2) to move one's torso quickly and vigorously (usually in dancing) kpegiree, kpegire, kpegire, kpegire, kpegirea

kpegiruu [kpégrúú] *n.* a type of dance

kpekpe [kpíkpí] *n.* pair of scissors *pl:* **kpekpere** *2pl:* **kpekperε**ε

kpele [kpílí] ν. (1) to develop a bad eye (black of eye looking whitish) (2) to cause to be bare (growth) kpelεε, kpelε, kpelε, kpelbε, kpelaa

kpele [kpìlì] *adj.* hard, difficult *pl:* kpelε *2pl:* kpelεε

kpele [kpélé] *adv.* break completely *Var.* **kpelekpele**

kpeleŋkpeleŋ [kpèlèŋkpéléŋ] adj. uncompromising state (quarel)

kpelε [kpílέ] *n.* nothing (typically used with negative forms 'ba', koŋ)

• Ka foon gaa a bondaana na zie kye fo kon nye kpele zaa. Even if you go to this this rich you will not get anything.

kpeli [kpélí] *n.* throw of dice in the game bie *pl:* **kpele** *2pl:* **kpelee** *Var.* **kpoli**

kpell [kpéll] *adv.* breaking of a hard objecct

kpell [kpíll] *adv.* spread out openly and in great quantity

kpelle [kpíllì] n. grass strings worn on the waist 2pl: **kpellɛ** ϵ

kpeme [kpèmé] *n.* grass used for making hat *pl:* **kpemee** *2pl:* **kpennee**

kpeme [kpémé] *adv.* exerting something hefty (high price)

kpememe [kpímímí] *adv.* very sweet

kpenne kpegelaa

kpenne [kpínnì] ν. to break off bits of the tip (of a fire log) kpennεε, kpennε, kpennε, kpenemε, kpennaa, kpenemε

kpenne [kpínnì] *n.* ancestor *pl:* kpemε *2pl:* kpennεε

kpeŋkpegiri [kpéŋkpégrí] n. highest point (xylophone sound) pl: kpeŋkpege 2pl: kpeŋkpegiree

kpeŋkperɛŋ [kpíŋkpírɛ́ŋ] *adv.* smallish but strong (short person)

kperaa [kpíráà] *n.* disease of the hip *pl:* **kperre**

kperaa [kpìràà] *adv.* exposed, seen clearly

kpere [kpìrì] ν. to be stunted in growth or development kperεε, kperε, kperε, kperebε, kperaa

kpere [kpíri] v. (1) to break off an attached bit from the main body
(2) to sneeze kperεε, kperε, kperebε, kperaa

kpere [kpírí] ν. to litter kperεε, kperε, kperebε, kperaa

kperefene [kpírífíní] *adj.* muscular and stocky

kperekpere [kpìrìkpírí] ν to struggle kperekperεε, kperekperε, kperekperε, kperekperebε, kperekperaa

kperekpere [kpirikpiri] adv. rough, forceful • O bie ŋa waa la kperekpere zuo, o ŋmare la a kyaanaa. This child is too rough; he will break the mirror.

kperemene [kpirimini] adj. all over (fruits on a tree or scratches on the body) • A mango wone, ε la kperemenee ε . The mango tree has borne a lot of fruit. Var. kpurimunu

kperemεŋ [kpírìméŋ] *adv.* stunted, short, and small

kperese [kpírísí] adv. very sweet

kperε [kpírὲ] *adj.* (1) small (2) worn out (broom)

kperεkperε [kpírὲkpírὲ] *adj.* little bits

kperi [kpérí] v. to chop (meat, tree branches) kperee, kpere, kpere, kperekperibee, kperaa

kperime [kpérímé] *n.* type of food (full of chopped meat) *2pl:* **kperimee**

kperiwere [kpéríwéré] *adv.* few, not much

kpε [kpὲ] ν. (1) to enter (2) to dwell in, to inhabit (3) to gain fertility (farmland) (4) to fit (dress) (5) to be well attended (6) to feel hurt (7) to come around (of the a season) kpεε, kpeere, kpeere, kpeeraa

kpε bire [kpè bìrè] *ν.* to struggle, to wrestle, to contend

kpɛde [kpɛ́dí] n. ownership (wealth)

kρεε [kpέὲ] n. malt 2pl: **k**ρεετεε

kpegelaa [kpégláá] *n.* (1) supporting object (for a boiling pot on a hearth.) (2) attachment *pl:* kpegele 2*pl:* kpegeleε

kpegele kpetaa

kpεgele [kpèglì] v. (1) to place by the side (provide support for a cooking pot on the hearth) (2) to adjoin kpεgelεε, kpεgelε, kpεgelε, kpεgelebε, kpεgelaa

kpɛgelɛŋ [kpèglèŋ] adv. loose and flabby (diseased arm)

kpegere [kpégrì] v. to disturb or worry someone kpegeree, kpegere, kpegere, kpegerebe, kpegeraa

kpele [kpélí] v. (1) to faint (2) to crave • O nye la pegebil velaa kaŋa a dee kpele o yele. He is just crazy about a beautiful girl he saw. kpelee, kpele, kpelebe, kpelaa, kpelebe

kpεle [kpέlì] ν. to pluck kpεlεε, kpεlε, kpεlε, kpεlebε, kpεlaa, kpεlebε

kpεlemε [kpέlímὲ] *adj.* snatch, do or act at once (hungry dog snatching a bone)

kpelewele [kpélíwélé] *adv.* not firm or strong

kpεlewεlε [kpέlwέlέ] *adv.* weak and loose (pair of scissors)

kpεleŋ [kpéléŋ] adv. everything

kpeleŋkpeleŋ [kpéléŋkpéléŋ]

adv. finished completely Var.

kpéléŋkpèlèŋ

kpeleŋ kpeleŋ [kpéléŋkpèlèŋ] *adv.* finish completely

kpεlle [kpέllí] *n.* loud and sharp cry *2pl:* **kpεllε**ε

kpεnezu [kpέnízú] *n.* a small black blood-sucking fly; causes river

blindness *pl*: **kpɛnezuri** *2pl*: **kpɛnezurree**

kpε nyuo [kpὲ μúó] *ν.* to seek protection from

kpεŋkpεlemε [kpĕŋkpélímé] n. bits and pieces • A bɔgebogera die kpɛŋkpɛlemɛ ba di ba. There are very many pieces of items in the diviner's room. 2pl: kpɛŋkpɛlemɛε

kpɛŋkpɛlɛŋ [kpéŋkpéléŋ] *adv.* of a hanging bit

kpεŋkpεrεŋ [kpέŋkpéréŋ] *adj.* spilled all over

kpere [kpérí] v. (1) to spill (2) to cook a small quantity of kperee, kpere, kperebe, kperaa

kperewere [kpéríwéré] adv. small quantity • Zene N koŋ tõɔ nene da, n libie dee waa la kpereweree le. Today I cannot buy meat; my money is very small. Var. kpereweree

kperekpere [kpérékpéré] *adv.* bits and pieces

kpεrendeŋ [kpéréndéŋ] adv. best of (deed) • O maale la a bondirii de wa biŋi kpendeŋ. She cooked the food and served it neatly.

kpereŋkpereŋ [kpéréŋkpéréŋ] adv. smeared all over, in a mess • A bie le la memeree poo a e o zaa kpereŋkpereŋ le The boy fell in the mud and is soiled all over.

kpεsenneŋenε [kpésſnnſŋſné] *n.* pulp from pito malt

kpɛtaa [kpɛ́táá] *n.* (1) be suited to; fit well (2) a union in which the group

kpεwẽε kpoli

members work for each other in turns *pl*: **kpεtaare** 2*pl*: **kpεtaare**ε

kpεwẽε [kpέwł̃έ] n. water from prepared malt pl: kpεweɛne 2pl: kpεweɛnεε

kpezie [kpèzíé] *n.* abode, living place *pl:* **kpeziiri** *2pl:* **kpeziiree**

kpi [kpî] v. (1) to die, to be dead (2) to wither (plant) kpie, kpiire, kpiire, kpiiribe, kpiiraa, kpiiribe

kpibifi [kpíbífí] adj. small, tiny

kpieni [kpíéní] *adj.* snatch (hawk picking a chicken)

kpiiri [kpììrì] v. to sew the end of; to hem (dress) kpiiree, kpiire, kpiire, kpiiribe, kpiiraa, kpiiribe

kpimare [kpìmàrì] *v.* to be glued to (work)

kpi mare [kpì màrì] ν to cling to, to persist kpi marεε, kpiire mara, kpimara, kpimaraa

kpinni [kpìnnì] v. to quench, to extinguish kpinnee, kpinne, kpinne, kpinime, kpinime

kpinni [kpínnì] n. remind Var. pinni

kpirikpiri [kpíríkpírí] *adv.* very black *Var.* malmal, bɛmbɛŋ

kpiroo [kpíróó] *adv.* protruding in a small manner

kpo [kpo] v. (1) to break open an egg (2) to remove the bark of a tree kpoe, kpuoro, kpuoribo, kpuoraa

kpo [kpô] *n.* (1) funeral donation (2) meeting place *pl:* **kpori** *2pl:* **kporee**

kpogeraa [kpógráá] n. haenia pl: kpogere 2pl: kpogerεε

kpogi [kpògì] v. to bully kpogee, kpogro, kpogro, kpogribo, kpograa

kpogili [kpògli] *n.* helmet *pla* **kpogilo** *2pla* **kpogilee**

kpogili [kpòglì] v. to mature, to grow big kpogilee, kpogilo, kpogilo, kpogilibo, kpogilaa

kpogili [kpóglí] v. to wait without getting attention; to sit aimlessly kpogilee, kpogilo, kpogilo, kpogilibo, kpogilaa

kpogilo [kpóglò] *n.* boiled balls of bean and corn flour *sg:* **kpogiluu** *2pl:* **kpogilee**

kpogilokolo [kpòglòkòlò] *adv.* appearance (many big items)

kpogiri [kpógrí] v. to tap the inner side of a mortar (creating a beat) kpogiree, kpogiro, kpogiro, kpogiribo, kpogiraa

kpogo [kpógó] *adv.* refusing utterly to do something; (run an erand)

kpokpo [kpókpó] adj. permanent

kpokpori [kpòkpórí] *n.* mound *pl:* kpokporee *2pl:* kpokporuu

kpolaa [kpờlàà] adj. large and blunt

kpolaa [kpòlàà] *adv.* not hidden (truth)

kpolee [kpóléé] *adj.* small and round *pl:* kpolee kpolee

kpoli [kpólí] v. (1) to get to extreme; (red hot metal) (2) to go bad, to

kpoli kpori

- spoil (rotten eggs) **kpolee**, **kpolo**, **kpolibo**, **kpolaa**
- **kpoli** [kpòlì] *adj.* bare, naked *pl:* **kpolo** *2pl:* **kpolee/kpollee**
- **kpoli** [kpólí] *n.* a player letting go a dice of the opponent in the game of "bie" as a sign of total control of the game *pl:* **kpoli** *2pl:* **kpolee** *Var.* **kpeli**
- **kpolikpala** [kpòlìkpàlå] *adv.* appearance of something big with appendages
- **kpoliŋkpoori** [kpólíŋkpòòrí] *n.* a type of small ants *pl:* **kpoliŋkpogo** *2pl:* **kpoliŋkpooree**
- **kpolo** [kpòló] *n.* termites (trapped for chicken feed.) *sg:* **kpoluu** *2pl:* **kpolee**
- **kpoloŋkpoloŋ** [kpólóŋkpólóŋ] *adj.* bare and clean (shaven head)
- **kpolore** [kpólórí] *n.* small, gourdlike flute *pl:* **kpoloε** *2pl:* **kpolorε**ε
- kpolə [kpʊ̀lə̀] *n.* inner feeling; anger *Var.* kpola
- **kpommu** [kpòmmú] *n.* cassava; plant *pl:* **kpoŋŋo** *2pl:* **kponnee**
- **kponni** [kpónnì] *v.* (1) to hit a rigid object to clean of dirt (dust) (2) to empty powdery stuff completely from a container **kponnee**, **kponno**, **kponno**, **kponno**, **kponnaa**
- kpontoli [kpóntólí] *n. Var.* kpantoli kponi [kpôn] *adj.* big, large, great *pl:* kponni *2pl:* kponnee

- kponi [kpôn] v. to knock on the head slightly kponee, kponno, kponno, kponimo, kponnaa
- **kpoŋkpogiri** [kpóŋkpógrì] *n.* wickedness; deliberate unfriendly behaviour
- kpoŋkpoli [kpókpòli] n. pl: kpoŋkpolo 2pl: kpoŋkpolee Var. kpaŋkpoli
- kpoŋkpolimo [kpŏŋkpólímó] n. coop for fowl pl: kpoŋkpolli 2pl: kpoŋkpolee
- kpoŋkpolo [kpóŋkpóló] *n.* secondrate xylophone notes (usually laid out on the ground) *sg:* kpoŋkpoluu *2pl:* kpoŋkpolee
- **kpoŋkponti** [kpòŋkpòntí] *n.* (1) dried cassava tubers (2) food made from cassava flour *pl:* **kpoŋkpontiri** *2pl:* **kpoŋkpontiree**
- kpoŋŋo [kpŏŋŋó] *n.* (1) cassava plant (2) dried cassava tubers *pl:* kponnee
- **kpoo** [kpóó] *adj.* expression of surprise and dismay *Var.* **kpaa**
- kpore [kpờrì] ν. (1) to crack one's knuckles (2) to seal completely (hole) kporεε, kpora, kporɔ, kporeba, kporaa
- **kpore**₁ [kpớrí] *n.* snuffbox (small container for snuff) *pl:* **kporεε**
- **kpore**₂ [kpớrí] *n.* lump (on wood) *pl:* **kporεε** *2pl:* **kporεε**
- kpori [kpóri] v. to empty O kpori la o woo libie zaa da ne yiri. He emptied his purse to buy

kpoteε kyãa

the house. kporee, kporo, kporo, kporibo, kporaa

kpoteε [kpớtíέ] *n.* lumps, protrusions

kpɔge [kpɔ́gí] ν. to develop a lump; to swell up kpɔgεε, kpɔgrɔ, kpɔgrɔ, kpɔgreba, kpɔgraa

kpɔge [kpɔ́gi] ν. to carry, to pick up wholly (mud) kpɔgεε, kpɔgera, kpɔgera, kpɔgereba, kpɔgeraa

kpɔge [kpɔ́gɪ́] ν. carry (pl) carrying muddy stuff severally **kpɔgεε**

kpɔgeraa [kpɔ́gràá] n. a type of tree with hard but edible fruit pl: kpɔgere 2pl: kpɔgerεε Var. kpɔgetere

kpogere [kpógrí] *n.* lump *pl:* kpogo 2*pl:* kpogerεε

kpɔgetere [kpɔ́gítírí] *n. Var.* kpɔgeraa

kpolεε [kpòlèè] adv. blump

kpɔlεεkpɔlεε [kpɔléékpɔléé] *adv.* appearing with bulging parts

kpɔŋkɔrɔŋ [kpɔ́ŋkɔ́rɔ́ŋ] *adv.* small and dented

kpɔŋkɔrɔŋ [kpòŋkòròŋ] *adv.* large and dented

kpɔre [kpɔ́ri] *adj.* weak, broken (pot, calabash) *pl:* kpɔrɔ *2pl:* kpɔrɛε

kpugiloŋ [kpúglóŋ] *adj.* small, solid, and round

kpugilon [kpùglòn] *adj.* large, solid, and round

kpulee [kpúléé] *adv.* small and rounded on top

kpulee [kpùlèè] *adv.* large and rounded on top

kpuleekpulee [kpúléékpúléé] *n.* groundnut cake *Var.* **kpulikpuli**

kpuli [kpúlí] *adj.* (1) round-headed (2) hornless (ram) *pl:* kpullo *2pl:* kpulee

kpulikpuli [kpùlìkpúlí] v. to walk with difficulty; to stutter (leper) kpulikpulee, kpulikpulo, kpulikpulo, kpulikpulo, kpulikpulaa

kpulli [kpùllì] v. to conclude; to bring to the end kpullee, kpullo, kpullo, kpullaa

kpuŋkpuli [kpúŋkpúlí] *n.* round headed truncheon *pl:* kpuŋkpulo *2pl:* kpuŋkpulee

kpurimunu [kpùrìmùnù] *adv.* (1) in great numbers (fruit) (2) of the fall of fruits *Var.* **kperemene**

ky

kya [ʧá] ν. (1) to make a gift (2) to be divided, to be separated (3) to split; to gnaw roughly kyaε,

kyaara, kyaara, kyareba, kyaaraa kyãa [ʧẫà] *adj.* (1) lit up • *Zie waa la kyãa dabẽε kyebe*. It is day; kyaakyee kyage

there is no need to fear. (2) full of tiny holes so that one can see through (light cloth)

kyaakyee [ʧááʧèè] *interj.* expression announcing arrival

kyaalen [ʧáálín] *adv.* no use going back; just do it to put an end to

Kyaana [ʧáánà] *n.* China 2pl: Kyaannεε

kyaanaa [ʧáánáá] *n.* a mirror, that which can be seen through *pl:* kyaane 2*pl:* kyaanεε

kyaane [ʧàànì] ν. to give light, to make clear • A lɔɔre νũũ kyaane la a sori zaa. The car's lights lit up the whole road. kyaanεε, kyaana, kyaana, kyaanema, kyaanaa

kyaaraa [ʧááráá] *n.* comb *pl:* kyaare 2*pl:* kyaarεε

kyaaraa [ʧààráà] *n.* hall, large room *pl:* kyaare *2pl:* kyaarεε

kyaare [taari] v. (1) to face • Bazen kyaare la a dendore. They sat facing the door. (2) to have diarrhoea • Ka foon di seremaane yaga fo na baŋ kyaare la. If you eat too much pepper, you may get diarrhoea. (3) to shade • A nmenaa tuo de kataweε kyaare a bie. The sun is very hot; please use an umbrella over the child. (4) to comb • A seŋ ka te maŋ kyaare bibiiri zuri baaloŋ. We should learn to comb children's hair gently. (5) to give in place of; to pay • O de la bεηε kookoolaa wa kyaare ne zee deni. She gave a bowl of beans in

place of a bowl of millet. -, kyaara, kyaara, kyaareba

kyaare [ʧáárí] ν. (1) to exclaim, to shout loudly (in joy or victory) (2) extremely boiled (oil) kyaarεε, kyaara, kyaareba, kyaaraa

kyaare [tʃààri] adj. really • O kyaare boərə la a pəge. He really loves the woman.

kyabaa [ʧábáá] *n.* pincers, something that clamps *pl:* kyaebre 2*pl:* kyaberεε

kyabo [ʧábố] adv. Var. kyapẽ kya⊠e [ʧất] adj. new, shining kyafõõ [ʧáfỗỗ] adj. like foam; ruffled (husks in water)

kyagaalon [ʧágààlón] n. carelessness • O kyagaalon la so ka a zeere kɔɔ. It is because of your carelessness that the soup got burnt. Var. kyagalen, kyagalon

kyagalaa [ʧágálåà] *n.* careless person

kyagaleŋ [ʧágálíŋ] n. see kyagaaloŋ kyagaloŋ [ʧágàlóŋ] n. see kyagaaloŋ kyage [ʧágí] v. to check • Kyage a libie noɔre ka te nyɛ. Check the amount of money; let's see. kyagɛɛ, kyagera, kyagera, kyagera, kyageraa

kyage [tʃàgí] adj. not straight, crooked, twisted • A o ləəre gbɛŋmɛ werekao na poə la ka o seɛ deɛ kyage. His waist got twisted as result of the injury he

kyage kyaporo

sustained from the lorry accident. *pl:* kyagere *2pl:* kyagerεε

kyage [ʧàgì] v. (1) supported in between; (Y-shaped wood) (2) grab firmly with fingers (around the neck)

kyagele [fagili] v. (1) to hold gently • O kyagele la a bie nubaala poo gaa ne asibiti. He held the child's wounded hand gently as he took him to the hospital. (2) to be well • O yeli ka a yiri kyagelee la. She said the house was peaceful. (3) to settle temporarily • Veŋ ka N kyagele kye ka fo gaa kye wa. Let me rest here while you go and come back. kyagelee, kyagela, kyagela, kyagelaa

kyagere [ʧágírì] ν. to hobble, to limp kyagerεε, kyagera, kyagera, kyagereba, kyageraa, kyagereba

kyakoli [ʧákòlí] *n.* spoon *pl:* kyakolo/kyakolli *2pl:* kyakolee/kyakollee *Var.* kyɛkoli

kyakol-kyaaraa [ʧákòl-kyááráá] *n.* fork *pl:* kyakol-kyaare 2*pl:* kyakol-kyaarεε

kyakya [ʧàʧá] ν. to talk incessantly, to chirp kyakyaε, kyakyaara, kyakyaara, kyakyareba, kyakyaaraa

kyakyãa [ʧàʧẫá] adv. perforated,
full of holes such that you can see through • A pelee waa la kyakyãa lε o koŋ tõɔ eŋ a kyi.
The basket has sizeable spaces in

between its straws and so cannot hold the millet.

kyåkyá [ʧáʧá] *n*. betting, gambling, competition • Loto e la e la kyakya naŋ belle faara noba libie. The Lotto is a form of gambling that extracts money from people. pl: kyakyare 2pl: kyakyareε

kyalakyala [tʃàlàtʃàlà] adv. (1) not thick; having some gaps (vegetation) • A tuu poo waa la kyalakyala, a kpããõ koŋ baŋ sogle be. The thicket is not thick, so the guinea fowl cannot hide there. (2) dark but having some amount of visibility (dawn) • Zie waa la kyalakyala o na nyere la a sori. It is dark but light enough for him to find his way.

kyamakyama [ʧámáʧámá] adv. brittle • Nɔgyɛlepɛgere man waa la kyamakyama lɛ. Eggshells are normally brittle.

kyankyampelaa [ʧánʧámpìlàá] n. cattle egret pl: kyankyampeεle 2pl: kyankyampeεleε

kyankyamponaa [ʧánʧámpớnàá] *n.* a type of dark blue insect that emits light at night *pl:* kyankyamponne 2*pl:* kyankyamponnεε

kyaperεpē [ʧàpírépł̃] *adv.* gripping firmly and suddenly *Var.* **kyapē**

Kyapore [ʧápórì] *n.* a village in the Upper West Region of Ghana *pl:* **kyaporre** 2*pl:* **kyaporre**ε

kyaporo [ʧàpórò] *n.* brain mass *pl:* kyaporri *2pl:* kyaporree *Var.*

kyara kyē ϵ

taporo

kyara [ʧárá] *adj.* fork shape (intersection) *pl:* kyarre 2*pl:* kyarεε/kyarrεε

kyara [ʧárà] *n.* woman (nickname) *pl:* kyarre 2*pl:* kyarrεε

kyaraakyaraa [ʧárááʧáráá] *adj.* forked looking

kyarakyara [ʧàràʧàra] *n.* liquid mixed roughage

kyarewara [ʧáríwárá] *adv.* few (items), little (money)

kye [tʃi] v. (1) to sprout (2) to make a small cut on (tattooing) (3) to spilt open a gourd to make calabashes (4) to mark out the mouth of a hole to be dug (grave) kyeeε, kyeerε, kyeerε, kyeerebε, kyeeraa, kyeerebε

kye [ʧĩ] ν. to be smart; to awaken kyeεε, kyeerε, kyeerebε, kyeeraa, kyeerebε

kye [\mathfrak{f} é] part. not • Zen ε o kye be. Today he is not there.

kyea [ʧíá] *interj.* no (expressing disagreement)

kyebε [ʧíbέ] *adj.* fast and cunning • A bie taa la kyebε te gaŋ ona ka lɔɔre ŋmɛ. The child is just too restless, he has been hit by a car. Var. kyebεkyebε

kyẽe [ʧìt] ν. to follow around, to herd • A pɔge daare kyẽ la serε a tigiri zie lεε ka zie te soɔ. The woman followed her husband all day at the feast. kyẽeε, kyẽenε, kyeene, kyeenes, kyeenes, kyeenemε

kyẽe [ʧfi] v. to fry • N nɔŋ la zoma ba naŋ maŋ kyẽe. I like fish that is fried. kyẽeɛ, kyẽenɛ, kyeenemɛ, kyeenemɛ, kyeenaa, kyeenemɛ

kyeele [ʧiíli] ν. to incline kyeelεε, kyeelε, kyeelε, kyeelaa

kyeele [ʧììli] ν. to scratch with a pointed object kyeelε, kyeelε, kyeelε, kyeela

kyeene [tʃiìni] ν. to wipe (sweat from forehead with finger); to lick out a food container (usually with finger) kyeenεε, kyeenε, kyeenemε, kyeenaa

kyeene [ʧíńń] *n.* metal ankle gingle for dancing *pl:* kyeemε 2*pl:* kyeemεε/kyeenεε

kyeenε [ʧíínέ] ν. one who shepherds kyẽẽε, kyeenε, kyeeneκ, kyeenemε, kyeenaa

kyeere [ʧiírí] ν. to cry loudly (from pain) kyeerεε, kyeerε, kyeerε, kyeerebe, kyeeraa, kyeerebε *Var.* kyeere

kyeε [ʧíὲ] *n.* ground squirrel *pl:* kyeere 2*pl:* kyeerεε

kyeɛ [tʃiɛ] adj. (1) faded • A kpaaroo ŋa da waa la zeɛ kyɛ o yi
la kyeɛ a tɔgele bompelaa. This
shirt was red but it has faded and
now looks white. (2) outmoded •
Fo yieli la yieluŋ ŋa lɛɛ ka o te yi
kyeɛ. You have sung this song so
much that it has lost its sweetness.

kyẽε [ʧἷὲ] ν. (1) to tear • Ka foon tage a kparoo o na kyẽε la. If you pull the shirt, it will tear. (2) kyẽε kyenkyeremε

to dash, to run quickly • A yanyaa da zeε la kparoo kaŋa deε leε kyeε ne. The lunatic snatched one of the shirts and dashed away with it. kyēεε, kyeɛnɛ, kyeɛnɛ, kyeɛnemɛ, kyeɛnaa, kyeɛnemɛ

kyẽε [ʧíέ] *adj.* torn (shirt) • *Kpare kyẽε la ka a sɔresɔrɔ su.* The beggar wore a torn shirt.

kyeele [tʃiɛ́li] ν. to spread across in some order (lines) kyeelee, kyeele, kyeele, kyeelbe, kyeelaa

kyeεlε [ʧǐέlέ] n. faulty arrangement in the game of marbles; usually a wrong move where four or more marbles of same ??? are in a continuous row 2pl: kyeelεε

kyeεraa [ʧíέráá] *n*. lighter, something used to create a spark to produce fire *pl*: kyeεre 2*pl*: kyeεrεε

kyeeraa [tjîèràà] n. contribution • N teere ka ba zaaŋ yɔɔ ba kyeeraa. I think everyone has paid his contribution. pl: kyeere

kyeεre [ʧιετι] ν. (1) to contribute (2) to harvest yams -, kyeεrε

kyegi [ʧègì] v. (1) to pay, to make a ritual offering (for herbal treatment) (2) to pay the dowry or brideprice for kyegee, kyegiri, kyeire, kyegiribe, kyegiraa

kyegiri [ʧégírí] *n.* payment; ritual payment (pride price)

kyekye [ʧèʧé] *n.* sewing machine *pl:* kyekyeri *2pl:* kyekyeree

kyelaa [ʧìlàà] adv. pointed and large

kyelaa [ʧíláá] adj. pointed and small kyele [ʧílá] ν. to awaken; to come around • Pampana ŋa ka o iri gõõõ poɔ νεŋ ka niŋe kyele. He has just woken up from sleep; allow him to come around. kyelεε, kyelε, kyelaa

kyelenkyooraa [ʧîlínʧớởráà] n. mole pl: kyelenkyoore 2pl: kyelenkyoorεε Var. kyenkyooraa/kyore

kyeli [ʧélì] v. to gaze at with mind completely drawn, dumbfounded • O nyɛ la a pɔge velaa na a deɛ kyeli eŋ. He saw that beautiful woman and just fixed both his eyes and mind on her. kyelee, kyelle, kyelle, kyellaa

kyell [tfill] *adv.* protruding with a pointed end

kyelle [ʧìllì] ν. to rejoice, to hope kyellεε, kyellε, kyellebε, kyellaa, kyellebε

kyemperen [tʃîmpìrìn] *adv.* utter darkness

kyemperen [ʧímpírín] *adv.* small but sturdy

kyenekənə [tʃìnìkònə] *adj.* tall and twisted

kyenkyamm [tʃíntʃámm] *adv.* stupified, lost as to what move to make

kyenkyeremɛ [tʃintʃirímɛ́] adj. get lost, disappear • Ba yɔ lɔnne la a kuuri lɛɛ ka o deɛ te kpɛ kyenkyeremɛ. The hoe was passed from one person to another until it disappeared.

kyenkyoɔlaa kyɛbaa

kyenkyoolaa [ʧínʧờòláà] n. morning star pl: kyenkyoole 2pl: kyenkyoolεε

kyeni [ên] v. to stand up against in argument • Karemamine mine ba non ka karembibiiri kyenne ba. Some teachers dislike students arguing with them. kyennee, kyenne, kyenne, kyenime, kyennaa

kyeŋkɔleŋ [ʧíŋkòlíŋ] *n*. a type of small bird that goes around in groups of two or three *pl:* kyeŋkɔlle 2*pl:* kyeŋkɔlleε

kyeraa [ʧìràà] n. (1) a type of tree that bears pink fruits with white edible flesh (2) the edible part of this tree's fruit pl: kyerre 2pl: kyerεε/kyerrεε

kyeraa [tʃìráà] *n.* chisel *pl:* kyerre 2*pl:* kyerεε/kyerrεε

kyere [ʧfrì] ν. (1) to sneeze (2) to spit forcefully (3) to roll a small stone in the game baa kyerεε, kyerε, kyerε, kyerebε, kyeraa, kyerebε

kyere [ʧírí] ν. (1) to hasten (2) of the body; shake; irrestive kyerεε, kyerε, kyerε, kyerebε, kyeraa, kyerebε

kyere [ʧìrì] ν. to lance (to cut through the skin to let out pus) kyerεε, kyerε, kyerebε, kyeraa, kyerebε

kyerebaa [ʧìrìbáá] *n.* a type of brown insect usually found on the

tree and fruit pl: kyerbaare 2pl: kyerbaare ϵ

kyerekyere [ʧɪʔríʧírí] *adj.* utter silence or quiet (empty house)

kyerelaane [ʧíríláání] *n.* ripe fruit of the archie tree *pl:* kyerelaama *2pl:* kyerelaamεε

kyeremε [ʧírímέ] *n.* facial incision(s), tattoo(s) *pl:* kyeremεε *Var.* yaakɔɔre

kyerenaabo [tʃirináábố] n. a type of red insect pl: kyerenii 2pl: kyereniinee

kyerɔɔ [ʧîrɔ̀ɔ̀] *adv.* disappearing instantly

kyerri [ʧérrì] v. to scamper kyerree, kyerre, kyeribe, kyerraa

kyesel [ʧísìl] *n.* chisel *pl*: kyeselε *2pl*: kyeselεε

kyε [ʧὲ] v. (1) to fell (tree) (2) to strike (matches) (3) to peck (of fowl) (4) to make small cuts on the skin (herbal treatment) (5) to start or lead a song kyεε, kyeere, kyeere, kyeerebe, kyeeraa, kyeerebe

kyε [ʧέ] conj. (1) but • Wagre gere la kye o naŋ ba wa. Time is running out, but s/he has not yet come.
(2) and • O zoro la bangyeraa kye tiire. S/he has diarrhoea and is vomiting.

kyε [ʧê] *adj.* here • *Sazɔŋ ba miire Ghana kyɛ*. Snow does not fall here in Ghana.

kyεbaa [ʧέbáá] *n.* trap, pincers *pl:* kyεrre 2*pl:* kyεrεε Var. kyabaa

kyebee kyenkyeren

kyεbεε [ʧέbέέ] n. fool

kyεbεε [ʧὲbὲὲ] adv. loose and hanging • A wono la a baala nyε o naŋ e o noɔre kyεbεε lɛ. The patient is suffering; see how his mouth is hanging open.

kyεgaleŋ [ʧégálìŋ] *n.* careless *2pl:* kyɛgallɛɛ *Var.* kyagaloŋ/kyagaleŋ

kyεkuuri [ʧέkúúrí] ν. to duck kyεkuuree, kyeɛrɛkuuro, kyeɛrekuuro, kyeɛrekuuribo, kyeɛrekuuraa

kyεkyεre [ʧὲʧὲrí] *adj.* striped design (black and white) *2pl:* kyεkyεrεε

kyεle [ʧέlì] v. to stretch out the hand earnestly to receive kyεlεε, kyεllε, kyεllε, kyεlbε, kyεllaa

kyεlee [ʧέlíí] *adj.* (1) half of (2) part of *pl:* kyεlle *Var.* kyεlεε

kyεleere [ʧὲlííríl] *n.* pointed iron bar for boring holes *2pl:* **kyεleerεε**

kyɛlemɛŋ [ʧɛlímɛŋ] adv. narrow (strip of cloth) • A naŋkpaana kyele la pɛnne kyɛlemɛŋ lɛ leŋ ne a o gbɛre naŋ ŋmaa. The hunter tore a narrow piece of cloth and used it to tie his wounded leg.

kyεlεε [ʧέlὲέ] *adj.* see kyεlee *pl:* kyεlle

kyeleekyelee [ţſélééţſèlèè] adj. done half and half

kyɛlle [ʧɛ́llt] v. (1) to listen • Ka a karemaŋ wa yele a yɛlɛ yɛ kyɛlle velaa. When the teacher is talking, listen attentively. (2) to notice, to be aware • N ba kyɛlle ka daa la zenɛ. I'm not aware that today

is the market day. (3) I'm in a hurry; I can't wait for you (4) to stay away; to be irretrievable • A bie gaa nye deene a dee kyelle a be. The child went and saw there was a play going on, so s/he never showed up again. kyellee, kyelle, kyelle, kyellee, kyellaa, kyelebe

kyɛloo [ʧὲlớʊ́] n. striped nonvenomous snake pl: kyɛlle 2pl: kyɛlɛɛ

kyεnaa [ʧέnàá] *adv.* this place *Var.* kyε ŋa

kyεnε [ʧὲnέ] adv. still • O naŋ kyεnε ba iri. S/he is still not up.

kyεnε [ʧὲnὲ] *n.* friend (used among females) *pl:* kyεmine *2pl:* kyεnnεε

kyenkyempelaa [tʃentʃémpìlàá] n. egret pl: kyenkyempeele 2pl: kyenkyempeele Var. kyankyampelaa

kyenkyempelaanagbare [ʧénʧémpíláánàgbárí] n. a type of plant with medicinal properties pl: kyenkyempelaanagbarre 2pl: kyenkyempelaanagbaree

kyεnkyεŋ [ʧènʧèŋ] *adj.* often • *Saa ba la miire kyɛnkyɛŋ*. It does not rain often, lately.

kyenkyeren [ʧénʧérén] n. confused state; crossroads • N booro ka N gaa tomo kye ka n bie yon la die poo, N dee kpe la kyenkyeren poo. I want to go to work but my child is alone in the house; I'm completely confused.

kyɛnkyɛweerɛ kyileŋko

kyεnkyεweerε [ʧέnʧέwíſrέ] n. belt of pearls (cowries and beads) sg: kyεnkyεweeroo 2pl: kyεnkyεweerεε Var. kyεweerε

kyεnne [ʧέnní] *n.* inheritance *2pl:* kyεnnεε

kyεnne [tʃέnnì] *n.* (1) the act of walking (2) journey • *Fo kyεnne be soŋ?* How was your journey? *2pl:* kyεnnεε

kyεnne [ʧὲnnì] *n.* friendship between females *2pl:* **kyεnnε**ε

kyεnse [ʧέnsì] n. iron sheet pl: kyεnsere 2pl: kyεnserεε Var. kyanse

kyεŋ [ʧŝŋ] ν. to walk kyεŋεε, kyεnε, kyεne, kyεneme, kyenaa

kyεparepeε [ʧέpárípíέ] *n.* a type of brown, spotted nocturnal bird *pl:* kyεparepeere *2pl:* kyεparepeerεε

kyεre [ʧὲrì] ν. (1) to pay a dowry or bride price (2) to untie, to set free (3) to come across (road) kyεrεε, kyεrε, kyεrε, kyεrebε, kyεraa, kyerebε

kyεre [ʧέri] ν. (1) to left over, to remain (2) to come after (in birth order) • Maa la kyere N yɔɔpɔge. My sister comes after me. kyεrεε, kyere, kyere, kyerebɛ, kyeraa

kyere [tʃɛ̀rí] n. small body of water on a farm pl: kyerre 2pl: kyeree/kyerree

kyεrebo [ʧέríbᡠ] *n.* bride price kyεremɛ [ʧèrìmé] *n.* stick for stirring soup *2pl:* kyεremεε kyετε [ʧὲτὲ] *n.* a type of guinea corn 2*pl:* kyετεε

kyεrre [ʧὲrrì] v. to scoop liquid to the last bit (water) kyεrrεε, kyεrrε, kyεrrε, kyεrebε, kyεrraa

kyi [tʃî] n. millet sg: kyiruu (bag of) kaboo (for plant) 2pl: kyiree

kyi [ʧi] ν. (1) to direct toward, to pinpoint • Maa la ka o kyi kyε yele a yɛlɛ. S/he directed the talk toward me. (2) to hate • O deε kyi ma, o yeli ka o koŋ wuli ma a pɔge yiri zie. She just hates me; she refuses to show me her house. kyiee, kyire, kyire, kyiribe, kyiraa, kyiribe

kyibe [tʃibé] *n.* lice sg: kyibuu 2pl: kyibee

kyibuu [tʃîbúú] *n.* flea *pl:* kyibe *2pl:* kyibee

kyieree [tʃièréè] v. a large black bird with red tail feathers

kyieri [tʃieri] v. (1) to argue with (2) to shout with joy kyieree, kyiere, kyiere, kyieribe, kyieraa, kyieribe

kyieruŋ [ʧiérúŋ] *n.* the ability to remember or recall information

kyigi [tʃigì] v. to cover entirely with a cuplike object kyigee, kyigre, kyigre, kyigribe, kyigraa

kyiiri [ʧiíri] v. (1) to forbid (2) to deny kyiiree, kyiire, kyiire, kyiiribe, kyiiraa, kyiiribe

kyiirun [ʧiírún] *n.* taboo, prohibition *pl:* kyiire *2pl:* kyiiree

kyileŋko [ʧíléŋkó] *adj.* expert *pl:* kyileŋkori *2pl:* kyileŋkoree

kyilli kyoo

kyilli [tʃillì] v. to alter, to change kyille, kyille, kyille, kyillbe, kyillaa, kyilibe

kyinni [tʃinni] v. to land suddenly and stongly (from a leap) kyinnee, kyinne, kyinne, kyinime, kyinnaa, kyinnaa

kyiri [ʧīri] v. to pour (1) to leak kyiree, kyire, kyire, kyiribe, kyiraa, kyirre kyiri zee to bleed

kyo [ʧó] v. to aim at kyoe, kyuoro, kyuoro, kyuoribo, kyuoraa

kyo [ʧʊ̀] ν. (1) to suck (2) shooting contest (gambling with arrows) kyoɛ, kyoora, kyoora, kyooraba, kyooraa

kyō [ʧỗ] adv. silent, not uttering a word

kyogi [tʃógí] v. (1) to continue, to resume (2) to be in line with kyogee, kyogro, kyogro, kyogribo, kyogaa, kyogribo

kyogi [ʧôgì] v. to pay a bride price kyogee, kyogro, kyogro, kyogribo, kyograa

kyogili [tʃóglì] v. (1) to stack delicately (2) pick ears kyogilee, kyogilo, kyogilo, kyogilaa

kyogilokolo [tʃóglókóló] *adj.* tall and high up into the sky *Var.* kyogilokolokolo

kyogilokolo [ʧóglókóló] *n.* (1) tower (2) storey building *Var.* kyogilokolokolo

kyogiri [ʧógrì] v. to trot (of a horse) kyogiree, kyogiro, kyogiro, kyogiribo, kyogiraa

kyolenkyooraa [ʧólínʧóóráá] n. mole; small black mouse with a strong smell pl: kyolenkyoore 2pl: kyolenkyoorεε Var. kyore

kyoli [ʧólí] v. (1) to pierce through(2) to pass by (3) to forget (4) to overdo; to do wrong kyolee, kyolo, kyolo, kyoloa

kyololo [ʧólóló] *adv.* of light beam; gentle lighting

kyone [ʧóní] adj. bulging

kyonεεkyonεε [ʧớnέέʧớnέέ] *adj.* lighting in sparks

kyonkyolo [ʧònʧóló] *n.* loose skirt *2pl:* **kyonkyolee**

kyonkyon [ʧonʧon] v. to jump around and over a spot kyonkyonee, kyonkyono, kyonkyono, kyonkyonimo, kyonkyonaa, - Var. kyonkyon

kyonni [ʧónnì] v. to pound fried shea nuts into a thick paste to make shea butter kyonnee, kyonno, kyonno, kyonimo, kyonnaa

kyonni [ʧónní] v. (1) to drip (2) to trim kyonnee, kyonno, kyonno, kyonimo

kyoni [ʧôŋ] v. (1) to take over (piece of work) (2) to catch in midair kyonee, kyonno, kyonno, kyonimo, kyonnaa

kyoo [ʧóò] *n.* nest (in tree) *pl:* kyoori *2pl:* kyooree *Var.* kyogi

kyõo kyɔlaa

kyõo [\mathfrak{f} $\tilde{\mathfrak{o}}$ $\tilde{\mathfrak{o}}$] *adv.* of the splash of water, when one jumps into it

kyoone [ʧớớní] *n.* shea nut *pl:* kyooms *2pl:* kyoonεε

kyooraa [tʃóóráá] v. hernia

kyoore [ʧớớrí] ν. (1) a clicking sound used to call a dog (2) expression of strong dislike kyoorεε, kyoora, kyoora, kyooreba, kyooraa

kyoore [ʧờờrì] ν. to suck to the last bit kyooree, kyoora, kyoora, kyooreba, kyooraa

kyōɔ [ʧớɔ̀] ν. to leap kyōɔε, kyoɔnɔ, kyoɔnɔ, kyoɔnema, kyoɔnaa

kyõɔ [ʧờɔ̀] ν. to spring, to jump kyõɔɛ, kyoɔnɔ, kyoɔnɔ, kyoɔnə, kyoɔna,

kyõɔ [ʧôò] ν. to leap, to sprint kyõɔε, kyoɔnɔ, kyoɔnɔ, kyoɔnema, kyoɔnaa

kyoone [ʧỳònì] adj. stripped

kyoonokyoono [ʧ່ເຈ້າກວ້າຖິ່ເຈ້າກວ້] *adj.* stripped in many colours

kyoɔre [ʧòòrì] ν. to filter, to strain kyoɔreɛ, kyoɔrɔ, -, -, kyoɔraa, kyoɔre

kyoɔre [ʧờɔ̀rì] v. stand loosely, helplessly (in a confused state) • o kyoɔre are la a teɛ pare kyɛ kaara a zɔɔre. S/he stood under the tree, perplexed, watching the fight.

kyore [ʧớrí] ν. (1) to be worn (2) to be totally destroyed kyorεε, kyorə, kyorə, kyoraa

kyore [ʧórí] *n. pl:* kyorre *2pl:* kyoree *Var.* kyolenkyooraa

kyori [ʧórí] v. to cut or chop into pieces kyoree, kyoro, kyoro, kyoribo, kyoraa

kyoriforo [ʧórífóró] *adv.* squating position (open legs)

kyoroso [ʧớrớsớ] *adj.* (1) of worth (2) appearance like a twisted mouth

kyɔ [ʧɔ́] v. (1) to hide behind an object (2) to start a tune (3) to bear dawdaw fruits (4) to tune up to play xylophone text kyɔɛ, kyoɔrɔ, kyoɔrə, kyoɔrəa

kyɔ [ʧɔ́] adj. at first; in the beginning • o naŋ kyɔ wa o ba soore
te. When s/he first came, s/he did not ask us.

kyo-de [ʧɔ́-dɪ́] ν. to take by surprise; to attack suddenly kyodeε, kyoɔrɔ-derε, kyɔ-derebɛ, kyɔ-deraa

kyɔge [ʧɔ́gí] v. to sprain kyɔgεε, kyɔ-grɔ, kyɔgrɔ, kyɔgreba, kyɔgraa, kyɔgreba

kyɔge [ʧɔ̂gì] ν. (1) to chook, to stab (2) to pierce, to inject kyɔgεε, kyɔgrɔ, kyɔgrɔ, kyɔgreba, kyɔgraa, kyɔgreba

kyɔge a mɛrɛɛ poɔ [ʧɔ̂gi à mèrɛ́ɛ pʊ́ɔ́] *v.* straight to the point; hitting the nail on the head

kyəgeləkələ [ʧógílókóló] *adj.* slim, (appendages)

kyɔkyɔɔ [ʧɔʧɔɔ] *adv.* appearing very long (dresσ

kyəlaa [ţſòlàà] adj. long and pointed

kyole kyuloŋ

kyɔle [ʧɔlí] ν. to roam, to go around kyɔlɛɛ, kyɔlɔ, kyɔlɔ, kyɔlɔ, kyɔla

kyɔlemɔ [ʧɔ́límɔ́] *n.* spear; lance *pl:* kyɔlle *2pl:* kyɔllɛε *Var.* kpane

kyəlkyəl [ʧɔ̀lʧɔ̀l] adv. long (snake)

kyompoore [ʧɔmpòori] n. a challenge between two people in which one who wakes up first sprays the counterpart with water 2pl: kyopoorεε

kyəmpuuri [ʧəmpúúrí] *n.* betting in which the earlier to wake up sprays water on his counterpart *2pl:* kyəmpuuree

kyonfeεle [ʧồnfíέlí] *n.* very early (morning) *pl:* kyonfeεlε *2pl:* kyonfeεlε

kyɔnkyɔlemo [ʧɔ̀nʧɔ́límɔ́] *n.* hanging bits of an object

kyənkyələŋ [tʃəntʃələŋ] adv. long looking (rope)

kyon [tʃɔn] adv. first thing done • Koo nyegre la see ka te kyon iri gaa a baa. Water is scarce so we have to get up early and go to the stream.

kyɔŋe [ʧɔ́ŋ] v. to file along in line; to follow one another kyɔŋεɛ, kyɔnɔ, kyɔnə, kyɔnaa, - Var. tɔŋ

kyone [ʧôŋ] ν. fetch or light from a fire kyonεε, kyonno, kyonno, kyonema, kyonnaa, - Var. toŋ

kyɔɔ [ʧɔ̀ò] v. to hold gingerly, hanging from the tips of fingers,

teeth, claws, or beak kyɔɔε, kyɔɔrɔ, kyɔɔrə, kyɔɔrebɔ, kyɔɔraa

kyɔɔ [ʧòò] adj. long (dress)

kyວວວ [ʧວ໋ວ໋ວ] *adv.* long and draping (of a hanging object)

kyɔɔtaa [ʧɔ̀òtàá] *n.* offer, gift *pl:* kyɔɔtaare 2*pl:* kyɔɔtaarεε

kyəre [ʧɔri] ν. (1) to be saturated with water (2) to pound in order to shell (nuts) (3) to loosen soil (4) to do things anyhow (speaking) kyərεε, kyərə, kyərə, kyəreba, kyəraa, kyəreba saa kyore period of intense rain;

saa kyore period of intense rain; downpour

kyɔre₁ [ʧɔ́rí] ν. (1) to slice; to chop into bits (2) to sprinkle water on kyɔrεε, kyɔrɔ, kyɔrə, kyɔreba, kyɔraa, kyɔreba

kyɔre₂ [ʧɔ́rí] v. to do things anyhow (speaking)

kyugiloŋ [ʧùglòŋ] *adj.* heavy and hung out (head)

kyugilon [ʧúglón] *adv.* small and hung down (head)

kyuli [ʧûlì] v. to bend one's head down kyulee, kyullo, kyullo, kyullo, kyullaa

kyulokyulo [ʧúlóʧúló] *adj.* confined within a small area (giving assistance)

kyulom [ʧúlóm] *adv.* disappearing at once into water or a hole *Var.* kyuloŋ

kyulon [tʃúlón] adv. see kyulom

kyumm laane

kyumm [ʧúmm] *adj.* going straight down

kyunkyuŋ [ʧúnʧúŋ] adj. very deep

kyuoli [tʃùòli] v. to dazzle the eyes (of light) kyuolee, kyuolo, kyuolo, kyuolbo, kyuolaa

kyuori [ʧúórì] v. empty (stomach) kyuoree, kyuoro, kyuoro, kyuoribo, kyuoraa

kyuri [ʧúrí] v. (1) to fall through (2) to abort (pregnancy) kyuree, kyuro, kyuro, kyuribo, kyuraa

kyuu [ʧúù] n. (1) moon (2) month sg: kyuuruu pl: kyuuri 2pl: kyuuree

kyuu [ʧùú] *n.* poultry lice *pl:* kyuuri *2pl:* kyuuree

kyuu [ʧúú] adv. sleepy

kyuukyuu [\mathfrak{f} úù \mathfrak{f} úù] adv. monthly

kyuupaalaa [ʧúúpáálàà] n. (1) new month (2) crescent moon, new moon

kyuupaaleŋ [ʧúúpààlìŋ] n. full moon

kyuupelaa [ʧúúpìlàá] *n.* moonlight *pl:* kyuupeɛle *2pl:* kyuupeɛleε

kyuuri [ʧùùrì] v. to pour out from a height onto (of a waterfall) kyuuree, kyuuro, kyuuro, kyuuribo, kyuuraa

la [lá] part. focus particle • Ona la na gaa. S/he is the one who will go.
• O na gaa la. S/he will go.

la [là] ν to laugh laε, laara, laara, laareba, laaraa, laareba

la [là] *adv.* again • *O la gaaε la*. S/he has gone again.

la [lá] ν. to open or break an object made of lobes. (kola nut, fruit) laε, laara, laara, lareba, laaraa

laa [láá] *n.* dish, bowl *pl:* laare 2*pl:* laarεε

laadimee [làadíméé] *n.* great suffering *2pl:* **laadinnee**

laafe ϵ [làafí $\dot{\epsilon}$] n. health pl: laafeere 2pl: laafeer ϵ

laalee [lààléè] *n.* small eartheware dish for serving soup *pl:* laabilii *2pl:* laabilee

laalere [lààlírì] *n.* flute made from stalk *pl:* laaleε *2pl:* laalerεε/laalerrεε

laalεη [lààlέη] n. medium-size bowl

laane [láání] *adj.* useless *pl:* laama 2*pl:* laamεε

laane [láání] adj. ripe archie-fruit (showing a split) pl: laama 2pl: laamεε

laane [làànì] ν to grope, to move one's hand over to feel laanεε, laana, laana, laaneba, laanaa laare lampe

laare [láári] ν. (1) to wave e.g. greeting (2) to move or spread out e.g. people in a circle (3) to brush aside laarεε, laara, laareba, laaraa, laareba

laare [láárì] ν. to hover above e.g. bird laarεε, laara, laara, laareba, laaraa. laareba

laare [lààri] v. (1) to spread all over
• Saa mie la ka kõɔ laare a bombulo zaa. The rain has caused a
near flooding of all the crops. (2) to
move a finger gently over • A dɔɔta
de la tẽẽ kãã mine laare ne a bie
nimie. The doctor applied some
creamy medicine to the child's eyes.
laarεε, laara, laara, laareba, laaraa

laare [lààrì] ν. to assemble; to bring together laarεε, laara, laara, laareba, laaraa

laatereke [láátíríkì] *n.* electricity *pl:* laaterekere 2*pl:* laaterekerεε

labiri [lábírì] *n.* axe blade *pl:* labie 2*pl:* labiree

ladiraa [ládìráà] *n.* sharp axe *pl:* ladirri *2pl:* ladiree

laga [lágà] n. spoon pl: lagre 2pl: lagreε

laga [làgá] n. groin pl: lagre 2pl: lagεε

lagara [lágàrà] n. a type of creeping grass sg: lagaroo pl: lagarre 2pl: lagarεε

lage [lágì] ν. to strip off hard material e.g. bark lagεε, lagra, lagra, lagreba, lagraa, lagreba Var. geli

lage [lágt] ν. to remove malted grain e.g guinea corn from the place it was left to sprout lagεε, lagra, lagra, lagreba, lagraa, lagreba Var. geli

lage [làgi] ν. to surround lagεε, lagra, lagra, lagreba, lagraa, lagreba

lagere [lágrí] v. to meet, to move across • A dataare na lagere la taa a naayiri poɔ' The opposing parties will meet at the chief's palace. lagerεε, lagera, lagera, lagera,

laguu [lágùú] *n.* blunt axe *pl:* laguuri 2*pl:* laguuree

lakponi [lákpôn] n. large axe pl: lakponni 2pl: lakponnee

lalee [lálèé] *n.* small axe *pl:* labilii *2pl:* labilee

lalooro [lálថóró] *n.* playmate *pl:* lalooreba *2pl:* laloorεε

lambiri [lămbírì] *n.* testicle *sg*: lambiruu *pl*: lambie *2pl*: lambiiree

lambori [làmbórí] n. (1) side (2) post. side (of something) pl: lamboe/lambobo 2pl: lamboree

lamborin [làmbórîn] loc. beside

lambosentaa-naare [làmbósíntáá-náárì] *n.* square

lammo [làmmớ] n. gathering

lampare [làmpàrì] *n.* groin *pl:* lampare 2*pl:* lamparεε

lampε [lâmpέ] *n.* cradle cover *pl:* lampεre 2*pl:* lampεrεε

lampegere leere

lampεgere [lámpégírí] *n.* cheek *pl:* lampεge 2*pl:* lampεgeε/lampεgerεε

lamponderε [lămpóndírέ] n. tax collector pl: lamponderebε 2pl: lamponderebεε

lampon [lămpón] *n.* levy, tax *pl:* lamponni *2pl:* lamponnee

lane [lání] *n.* scrotum *pl:* lama 2*pl:* lannεε Var. lambiri

lanleebu [lànléébú] n. unison

lanleebu [lànléébú] n. rhythm

lanna [lànná] *n.* tree squirrel *pl:* lanne 2*pl:* lannεε Var. lɔnnɔ

lanne [lánnì] ν to lean against lannεε, lanna, lanna, lanema, lannaa, lanema

laŋa [láŋá] n. a tribe (Sisaale) pl: laŋema 2pl: laŋemεε

Laŋe [làŋí] *n.* area inhabited by the Sisaala

laŋe [làŋì] ν. (1) to gather, to get together (2) to add (3) to be jointly owned laŋεε, lanna

laŋe [láŋí] ν. to slosh laŋεε, laŋena/lanna, lanna, laŋenema/lanema, laŋenaa

laŋgbaraa [láŋgbáráà] n. a long pole with a hook for plucking things high up pl: laŋgbarre 2pl: laŋgbarεε Var. laŋgbalaa, gbalaa

laŋkoroo [láŋkóróò] n. corner pl: laŋkorri 2pl: laŋkorree

laŋkpaa [lâŋkpáà] *n.* groin gland *pl:* laŋkpaare *2pl:* laŋkpaarεε *Var.* loŋkoroo

laŋkpeεrε [làŋkpíśrέ] n. neighbour pl: laŋkpeεrebε 2pl: laŋkpeεrebεε

larata [lárátá] *adj.* white, very clean e.g. cloudless full moon

lare [lárì] n. axe pl: lare 2pl: lare

lare [lárí] ν. to become very hot larεε, lara, lara, lareba, laraa

lare [làrì] ν. to lock larεε, lara, lara, lareba, laraa

lare [làri] ν. to stack one container in another larεε, lara, lara, lareba, laraa

le [lè] v. (1) to fall (down) (2) to be guilty (3) to settle e.g. sediment in liquid (4) to reduce in pain e.g. stomach ache lee, lere, lere, leribe, leraa, leribe

le [lé] v. to be bent on • A porisi le ka o gaa ne a doreba kɔɔto. The police officer is bent on prosecuting the driver in court.

leere [lììrì] v. (1) to manouvre, to weave through . O de la a bole leere o taaba zaa kyε eŋ gool. He dribbled the ball through the other players and scored a goal. (2) to go through and select from many objects leaving some behind • O do la a mos kye leere a bombulo bare. He removed the weeds, leaving the crops. (3) to exclude • Ba poni la a bibiiri diibu kyε te leere a entuo soba bare. They shared the food among the children, excluding the lazy one. (4) to get to the bottom of (hole), knooks (cheeks) • O naŋ ɔɔ a seŋkãa baare la ka o

lee lege

leere o yagekəbə. It is after she had finished eating the groudnuts that she brushed her cheeks using her tongue. leerεε, leerε, leerebε, leerebε,

leε [lìè] ν. (1) to return, to go back
(2) to transfer to a different container (3) to change to something different e.g. behaviour leεε, leεrε, leεre, leεrebε, leεraa, leεrebε

leε [líὲ] v. to replace, to take the place of leεε, leετε, leετε, leετebε, leετa

leε-eebo [lìὲ-fíbʊ́] *v.* to redo; to go over

leεgɔɔtɔbaa [líɛ́gɔɔ́tɔbáá] *n.* a local dish made from fried corn and vegetable *2pl:* **leɛgɔɔtɔbaarɛɛ**

leene [líénì] *n.* a type of tree with sweet and sour fruits and medicinal properties *pl:* **leeme** 2*pl:* **leemeε**

leεne [líénì] n. large umbrella pl: leεmε 2pl: leεmεε

leere [lìèri] v. (1) to change (appointment, time, place) • Ba leere la a kpaaron bin bieo. They have rescheduled the meeting for tomorrow. (2) to return, to give back • o leere la a o gane ko o. She has returned his book to him. (3) to repudiate, to turn round • A nannyige booro ka o leere a yele tuo a o tuto. The thief is trying to shift the theft onto his friend. lee ree, leere tere. leere terebe. lee teraa

leere [líéri] v. (1) to exchange • O de la beηε leere ne kyi. S/he substi-

tuted beans for millet. (2) change position • A doo leere la a boore kpe ne maaron. The man moved the goats from the sun into the shade. (3) substitute, take the place of • A bolymeere kana peree la ka bonyuo kpe leere o zu. As one of the football players was injured they brought in another player to substitute him.

leere [líéri] v. (1) to wave one's hands or other objects in the air or in the face of another • A zəəzəreba da leere la nuuri enne taa. The fighters were throwing their hands in each other's face. • A loore naη da wa ire n ma da leεre la o nu ko ma ka n poz zaa sãã. As the lorry took off my mother waved me but I was very sad. (2) wave hand vigorously in the face of another, usually in anger • Daba mine bayi da toora la taa kye leere nuuri enne taa. Two men were waving their hands angrily in each other's face.

lege [lìgì] ν. to apply to a spot • A tẽe-erε de la tẽe lege a baala tobo ne o gbεε. The herbalist applied some ointment to the patient's ears and legs. legεε, legerε, legerebε, legeraa

lege [lìgì] v. to fortify oneself • Ba lege la a naŋkpaana ŋa mɔyɔ têe. This hunter has been fortified against the attack of dangerous animals. legεε, legerε, legerebɛ, legeraa

lege leŋi noɔre

lege [lígí] ν. (1) to wag (dog's tail)
A baa da zo tuori la o daana a legerε o zoore. The dog ran to meet its master and wagged its tail.
(2) to struggle legεε, legerε, legerε, legerε, legera

legelege [lìgìlígí] v. to struggle under a tight grip • A doo da feere la a nannyige kokore ka o te legelegerε. The man held the thief's throat and he struggled to breathe. legelegεε, legelegεε, legelegerebε, legelegeraa

legere [lígíri] ν. to tickle legrεε, legrε, legrε, legrebε, legraa, legrebε

legere [lígírì] ν. to stalk legrεε, legrε, legrε, legrebε, legraa, legrebε

legere [lígírì] ν. to eat a great deal legrεε, legrε, legrε, legrebε, legraa, legrebε

legere [lìgìrì] ν. to move noiselessly to avoid being noticed legerεε, legerε, legerε, legerebε, legeraa

legiri [légirí] v. to fill in what is missing e.g. sowing of grains • Korre da pere la kyi yaga, ka a kooreba la te legiri. Partridges have scatched most of the millet that was sown and the farmers had to resow. legiree, legire, legire, legiribe, legiraa

legiri [légirí] v. to argue • Dagaaba ba nɔŋ bibile naŋ legire neŋkponni. The Dagaaba do not take kindly to children who argue with elderly people. legiree, legire, legire, legiribe, legiraa

lekere [líkírí] *n.* boastfulness; assuming (typically used with yεlε) • *A bikpoŋ na erɛ la lekere yɛlɛ yelmeŋɛ*. That big boy behaves in a boastful manner.

le kõɔ [lè kὖɔ́] adj. small

le kõɔ [lè kɔ̈́ɔ́] adj. watery

lelaare [lèlààri] v. to take complete control; lelaaree, lerelaara, lelaara, lelaareba, lelaaraa

le lɔɔ [lè lɔ́g] adj. guilty of the law le nimiri [lè nímírì] adj. pleasant lenlenni [lènlènní] n. a type of skin disease 2pl: lenlennee

lenni [lénní] v. to be spotted lennee, lenne, lenne, lennaa

lenni [lénní] v. to be interpersed lennee, lenne, lenne, lenime, lenna

lenni [lénní] v. (1) to augment the main drummer's beat (of support xylophonist) (2) play a musical instrument in support of the lead player lennee, lenne, lenne, lenime, lennaa

leŋi [lèŋ] v. (1) to fasten, to bind e.g. load (2) to tether leŋee, lene, lene, lenime, lenaa

leŋi miri [léŋí mírì] v. to commit suicide leŋee miri, lene miri, mi-lene

leŋi noɔre [léŋ nóɔ́rì] v. to fast; to refrain from eating leŋee noɔre, lene noɔre, nɔ-lene

leŋi woɔ lɛnne

leŋi woɔ [léŋ wớɔ́] ν. to pack bags leŋee woɔ, lene woɔ, wo-lene

leraa [líráá] n. safety pin pl: lerre 2pl: lerεε/lerrεε

lere [lérè] *n.* a type of loincloth for men *pl:* **lerri** *2pl:* **leree/lerree**

lere [lírí] ν. (1) to interweave (2) crisscross e.g sitting with legs crossed lerεε, lerε, lerebε, leraa

leree [lèrèè] *adj.* naked, bare bodied leremɛ [lírímé] *adj.* interwoven

lerese [lírísí] *adv.* small but intact (person)

le tobo [lè tòbó] *adj.* beautiful lezaε anaare [lìzáὲ ánáárì] *adv.* eighty

lezaε ata [lìzáὲ átà] *adv.* sixty **lezaε ata ne pie** [lìzáὲ átà ní píé] *adv.* seventy

lezaε ayi [lìzáὲ áyì] *adv.* forty **lezaε ayi ne pie** [lìzáὲ áyì ní píé] *adv.* fifty

lezaε ayi ŋmaa anuu [lìzáέ áyì ŋmàà ànúú] *adv.* thirty-five

lezare [lìzárì] adv. twenty

lezare ne ayi [lìzárì ní píé ní yéní] *adv.* thirty-one

lezare ne yeni [lìzárì ní yénì] *adv.* twenty-one

le [lě] adv. (1) so, usually • Le ka a waa. So it is. (2) as it is, at that point • Meŋ bare a zoma le. Also, stop there with the insults. (3) what • N na te woŋi la le o naŋ

na yeli. I will go and listen to what s/he will say.

lebiri [lèbírì] n. bead sg: lebiruu pl: lebie 2pl: lebiiree

leε [lèê] interj. is that so? • a. A doo ŋmaa na gaa la dansareka kye yi. b. Lee? a. That short man is an ex-convict. b. Is that so?

leε [léé] adv. (1) for a while (wait)
o are la be lee wa te bale. S/he

waited until s/he became tired. (2) continuous and for quite sometime

• Ba yeli ka a sori e la ŋmaa kyɛ ka te kyɛŋe o lɛɛ ka ŋmenaa te kpɛ. We were told the journey was not long but walked and walked until dusk. Var. lɛɛŋ

legereŋ [légìréŋ] *adv.* long, loose, and hanging

lemeleme [lémélémé] *adv.* slightly sweet

lempereŋ [lémpéréŋ] *adv.* short and even at the top

lenee [lènéê] conj. (1) what • N ba
baŋe lenee N naŋ na e pampana.
I don't know what to do next. (2)
how • Fo baŋe la lenee ba naŋ
maŋ se kparoo? Do you know
how a shirt is sewn?

lenleŋko [lénléŋkò] *interj.* expression to soothe a child; usual tune in a cradle song

lenne [lènnì] v. (1) to lick, to taste (2) to offer a sample of food for sale lenneε, lenne, leneme, lennaa, leneme

lentere limm

lentere [léntérí] *n.* thinking too much of oneself *2pl:* **lenteree**

leŋŋeleŋŋe [léŋŋéléŋŋé] *n.* sickle *pl:* **leŋŋelenne** *Var.* səgəraa

lere [lèrí] n. bead pl: lee 2pl: leree

lere [lérí] ν. to behave badly to get attention e.g. of a child leree, lere, lere, lereo,

lere [léri] v to replace, to put in the place of • A bolymeere kaŋa peree la ka boŋyuo kpe lere o zu. One of the football players got injured and another replaced him. leree, lere, lere, lerebe, leraa

libibinzie [lìbíbìnzíé] *n.* bank *pl:* libibinziiri *2pl:* libibinziiree

libibə [líbíbá] n. quest for money

libibugo [libibùgó] *n.* safe for money *pl:* libibugiri *2pl:* libibugiree

libidaana [líbídááná] n. rich person pl: libidaanemε 2pl: libidaanemεε

libidi [líbídì] *n*. the act of spending money

libima [líbímá] n. capital

libipelaa [lìbípìlàá] n. cowry pl: libipeele 2pl: libipeelee

libiri [lìbírì] *n.* money *sg:* libiruu *pl:* libie *2pl:* libiiree

libizɔŋe [líbízɔ́ŋ] *n.* (1) gold dust (2) plentiful money *2pl:* libizɔnnεε

libu [líbú] *n.* a funeral rite for an adult woman *2pl:* libiree *Var.* ligi

liemu [lièmú] *n.* orange (fruit) *pl:* liemuri *2pl:* liemuree

lige [lìgè] adj. dark 2pl: ligiree

ligi [lígí] v. to get dark ligee, ligre, ligre, ligraa

ligi [lígí] v. to shroud ligee, ligre, ligre, ligraa

ligi [lìgì] v. to withhold information, to leave someone in the dark ligee, ligire, ligire, ligiraa

ligi [lìgì] v. to perform a burial rite for a woman ligee, ligire, ligire, ligiraa

ligi [lígí] *n.* a burial rite for women *Var.* libu

 \mathbf{ligiki} [lìgìkì] adv. deep and dark

ligiligi [ligiligi] adj. silent

ligiruŋ [lígirúŋ] *n.* darkness *pl:* ligire *2pl:* ligiree

liiri [líírí] v. to patch, to mend liiree, liire, liire, liiraa

liiri [lììrì] v. to get out of sight • Pampana ŋa ka ba deɛ kyɛŋ liiri la a taŋa puori They just went behind the hill and out of sight a short while ago. liiree, liire, liiribe, liiraa

limbo [límbò] *n.* (1) a transit place to heaven (2) a state of confusion *pl:* limbori *2pl:* limboree

limelime [lìmèlìmè] adv. between light and darkness • Zimaa limelime ka noore maŋ gaŋe. Fowls sleep when darkness is setting in.

limm [limm] adv. dark, not clear • Ka zieŋ wa soɔrɔ vaare poɔ maŋ waa la limm lε. When it is dusk, it is dark in the thick vegetation.

limpirin logiri noore

limpirin [limpirin] *adj.* oval shape and dark, not discernable

linni [lìnnì] v. to sink, to immerse e.g. as in water linnee, linne, linne, linime, linnaa

linni [lìnnì] v. to glean linnee, linne, linnee, linnaa

linni [línnì] v. to cover up someone e.g. from being embarrassed • A bie na la zu a libie kyɛ ka o ma linni o. That boy stole the money but his mother covered him up. linnee, linne, linne, linna

line [líné] *n.* lid, cover *pl:* linni *2pl:* linnee

lingbiraa [lìngbíráá] n. a type of tree with medicinal properties and edible fruits pl: lingbirri 2pl: lingbiree

liroo [líróó] *adv.* small and protruding

Lobaa [lòbàà] *n.* a person from the Lobi ethnic group *pl:* luori *2pl:* lobree

loge [lờgì] ν. to penetrate soft ground logεε, logra, logra, logreba, lograa

logere [lógíri] ν. to cause to move up and down e.g. muscle under the skin logerεε, logera, logera, logereba, logeraa

logerəŋ [lògìròŋ] adv. round and fat
Nyɛ bufuli naŋ nyu zẽe pãa waa logerəŋ lɛ. See how round and fat the ground maggot looks after sucking blood.

logεε [lögεε] adj. powdery

logi [lògí] *n.* (1) poison (2) venom e.g. of snake *pl:* logiri *2pl:* logiree

logi [lògí] *n.* quiver; sheath for arrows *pl:* logiri *2pl:* logiree

logi [lógì] n. rest stop, encampment

• Moore da maŋ ŋmɛ logi Kaleo poɔ kyɛ gaa kəmpare. The Mossi used to camp at Kaleo on their way to southern Ghana. pl: logiri 2pl: logiree

logi [lógì] n. farm for crops that produce nuts pl: logiri 2pl: logiree

logi [lògì] v. to make a small hole
A bie logi la bogi a dankyini see de a libiri ũũ. The child made a hole at the base of the wall and buried the money there. logee, logro, logro, logribo, lograa, - Var. loguu

logi [lógí] adj. deep Var. logoko

logiri [lògirì] v. to remove forcibly, to take out from a hidden or tight position e.g. crevice, hole • A korre logiri la a beŋe ba naŋ bore. The partridges have scratched to remove the beans that were sown. logiree, logiro, logiro, logiro, logiraa

logiri noore [lógírí nóóri] v. to pester, to bother (for information)

• O logiri la o sere noore ka o na yeli a zoore pare ko o. She pestered her husband to tell her the cause of the fight. logiree, logiro, logiro, logiro, logiro, logiraa

logitogo lori

logitogo [lògìtògò] *adv.* deep and open (large) • *Ba yage la a baa lε logitogo*. They have dug the pond very big.

logitogo [lógítógó] *adv.* shallow and small • *A kparoo zomɔ deε waa la lε logitogo*. The pocket of the shirt is very shallow.

logoko [lògòkò] adv. deep set and large • A dɔɔ nimie logoko. The man's eyes are deep set.

logoko [lógókó] adv. deep set and small • A bie nimie logoko. The child's eyes are deep set.

lohoo [lòhòó] *n.* a type of tree with edible fruits *pl:* lohoori *2pl:* lohooree

lõilõi [lõílõí] *adv.* bright red lomm [lòmm] *adv.* round and big lomm [lòmm] *adv.* balloon-like

lomolomo [lómólómó] *adv.* jellylike; soft • *Duoronwoo maŋ waa la lomolomo lε*. The urinary bladder is soft and jellylike.

lomɔlomɔ [lòmɔlòmɔ] *adv.* soft e.g. flesh, fruit

lonlommu [lŏnlŏmú] *n.* a type of fish that is not edible *pl*: **lonlonni** *2pl*: **lonlonnee**

lonni [lònnì] v. to hurry (Southern Dagaare dialect) lonnee, lonno, lonno, lonaa

loŋgoroŋ [lờŋgờrờŋ] adj. cloudy
loŋkoroo [lóŋkóróò] n. hidden corner • A waabo zo kpε la a die loŋkoroo kaŋa poɔ. The sake ran

into one of the dark corners of the room. *pl:* loŋkorri *2pl:* loŋkoree

loŋŋo [lŏŋŋò] n. a type of X-shaped small drum. Usually held under the armpit and played with a stick pl: lonni 2pl: lonnee

loɔ [lʊ́ɔ́] *n.* the immediate front, under of one's self *pl:* loɔre 2*pl:* loɔrεε

looraa [lớòráá] n. leopard pl: loore 2pl: looreε Var. wɛnyuo, nyuo

loore [lốɔ́rí] v. to move from one to the other e.g. branches of a tree • A lənnə lənne la a ulee te ta o manzele. The squirrel moved along the branch up to the tip. • A bie dəgereba taa la ba bibaal loəre ne a asibitiri yaga kyɛ baŋ nyɛ sammo. The sick child's parents took him through several hospitals before he was cured. loərɛɛ, loərə, loərə, loərəa

loore₁ [lờờrì] ν. to joke loorεε, looro, looro, looreba, looraa

loɔre₂ [lờɔ̀rì] ν. to bend into a half-circle loɔrɛɛ, loɔrɔ, loɔrɔ, loɔreba, loɔraa

loregboro [lờrìgbờrờ] *adv.* crumbled

lori [lòrí] n. pidgeon sg: loruu pl: loe
2pl: loree

lori [lóri] v. (1) to untie (2) to put on weight • Sēē saŋa don-lenni maŋ ŋmeene la kye ka ba wa bare a uoni ka lee, lori a zaa. During the farming season, tethered animals lori loo

are lean, but they bounce back in weight when ranging free during the dry season. -, loro, loro, loribo

lori [lórí] *n.* meteorite *pl:* loe *2pl:* loree

lori [lòrì] *adv.* very full (from eating)

• A diibu noma la ka a bie di tege te lori o zaa. The food was palatable and the child ate and became very full.

lori noɔre [lórì nớɔ́ri] v. to break a fast

lori pɛnne [lórì pɛ́nnì] *ν*. to tell lies **loroto** [lórótó] *adν*. jellylike e.g. blister on the palm

loroto [lórótó] *adv.* on continuous terrain (smooth-moving vehicle)

lɔbɔ [lɔbɔ] n. (1) riddle (2) A charm believed to be needle-like and has super natural power that can inflict sickness on someone *Var.* lɔba, lɔɔbiri

lɔε duoraa [lɔ́ε dúoráá] *n.* parking lot *pl:* lɔε duori *2pl:* lɔε duoree

loge [lógì] n. law 2pl: logerεε

loge [lògí] n. a type of wild mouse pl: logere 2pl: logerεε Var. loo

lɔgetɔgɔ [lɔ̀gitɔ̀gɔ̀] *adv.* fat, flabby, and heavy

logo [lògò] *n*. a type of small bag in which personal documents are kept and usually carried about *pl:* logre 2*pl:* logrεε

lɔgɔ [lɔ́gɔ́] n. state of helplessness
A bie bebiri zaa baaloŋ νεηεε ka o dɔgerebɔ lɔgɔ zaa yi. The

child's frequent illness has made his parents helpless. pl: logere 2pl: logeree

lɔlɔraa [lɔlɔraa] n. calf (part of leg) pl: lɔlɔrre 2pl: lɔlɔrεε

lolorezeε [lòlòrìzìέ] *n.* tree, is medicinal *pl:* **lolorezeere** *2pl:* **lolorezeereε**

lɔmεε [lòmèè] *adv.* fat and soft

lonne [lónni] v. to move from one point to another e.g. on a tree • A ηmaaŋa lonne la a teɛ ulli zaa kyɛ baŋ sigi. The monkey climbed through all the branches of the tree before coming down. loneɛ, lonno, lonno, lonema, lonnaa, lonema Var. loore

lənnə [lənnə] n. squirrel pl: lənne 2pl: lənnee Var. lanna

lone [lôn] *v.* to spread, to move from one person or area to another e.g. disease, fire loneε, lonno, lonema, lonema Var. lonne

lone [lón] ν. to sag, to be slack e.g. drying line loneε, lonno, loneno, lonena

loŋo [lóŋó] n. frog pl: lonne 2pl: lonne Var. loŋa

loo [lòó] n. mouse pl: loore 2pl: loorεε Var. loge

loo [lóó] v. (1) to drop, to fall (from one's hands) (2) to throw down (wrestling) (3) to subdue, to overpower (argument) (4) to be greater than, to be more than • A pogeba veele la kye a bonsogelaa nan loo ba zaa. The women are beautiful,

loobiri luri

but the black one beats them all. (5) to put drops into (eyes) (6) to dash a buyer for an item bought; (tomatoes) lɔɔɛ, lɔɔrɔ, lɔreba, lɔɔraa, lɔreba

loo baare to throw away, to get rid of, to discard

lɔɔbiri [lɔ́ɔbiri] n. a charm believed to be mobile and have destructive powers pl: lɔɔbie 2pl: lɔɔbiiree

loolage [lóólàgì] ν. to surround loolagεε, loorolagra, loolagra, loolagra, loolagra, loolagra

loore₁ [lóórì] n. lorry pl: loε 2pl: lorreε

lɔɔre₂ [lɔ́ɔ́ri] *n.* items given to a buyer for free e.g pepper • lɔbɔ

lɔɔ-wullo [lɔɔ-wullo] n. scribe pl:

lore [lòri] ν to soak, to immerse • A poge lore la muri a na wuo peε. The woman has soaked straw to weave a basket. loreε, loro, loro, loreba, loraa, loreba

lore [lòrì] ν. to be ugly • A poge bonsuuri la so ka o lore. The woman's clothing has made her ugly. lorεε, loro, loro, loreba, loraa, loreba

lore [lòri] adj. weak, useless • Ka a bieŋ ba lore o da na tuo la a daga ŋa eŋ. If the child had not been weak, he could, at least, have carried this box.

lore [lóri] v. to be lucky • N zaameŋ ba yeli ka fo na lore la zenɛ, ana naane ka fo ba toole fo libie. Didn't I say you would be lucky today? See, your father has sent you money. lɔrεε, lɔrɔ, lɔrɔ, lɔreba, lɔraa, lɔreba Var. nɔre

lore [lòrì] *adv.* onomatopoeiac, sounding like a hard object hitting a soft object

lorehazie [lóríházìé] *n.* car rental company *pl:* lorehaziiri *2pl:* lorehaziiree

lugi [lùgì] *v.* to induce lugee, lugiro, lugiro, lugiribo, lugiraa

lugi [lùgì] v. to swell a little e.g. armpit, groin lugee, lugiro, lugiro, lugiribo, lugiraa

lugiri [lúgirí] *n.* a forked beam that supports the main beam in a swishthatched roof *pl*: **lugo** *2pl*: **lugiree**

lugiri [lúgirí] v. to loosen (a nut on a bolt), to ease lugiree, lugiro, lugiro, lugiribo, lugiribo, lugiraa

lunguri [lùngúrì] n. lemon sg: lunguruu pl: lungue 2pl: lungurree

luori [lùòri] v. (1) to become bowed e.g. legs • A bie baaloŋ eɛ la kao gbɛe luori. The child's sickness has caused his legs to become bowed. (2) to extend the size of a vessel • A pɔgebeɛlebɛ da luori la poore na di dooga. The bridemaids had prepared their stomachs to feast. luoree, luoro, luoro, luoribo, luoraa

luou [lùòú] *n.* west *2pl:* luoree *Var.* saniŋe

luri [lùri] v. to place underneath to
hide e.g. armpit luree, luro, luro,
luribo, luraa

luri maa

luri [lúrì] v. to be filled with e.g. smoke • A vũũ ba dire ka nyoore luri a korodie zaa. The fire is not burning cleanly, so the kitchen is choked with smoke. luree, luro, luro, luribo, luraa

luri [lúri] v. to play a gourd drum vigorously • A kəŋŋmeɛrɛ luri la a koəre eŋ a gyile poə ne toori. The gourd drummer played the drum alongside the xylophone with artistry. luree, luro, luro, luribo, luraa

luroluro [lúrólúró] adj. in a circular shape (usually within a small enclosure) • A nozage waa la luroluro lε. The hen coop is roudish within.
luroluro [lûròlûrò] adv. in a circular shape (usually within a big enclosure) • A taŋa bogi e la luroluro.

lurri [lúrrì] v. to smooth out a mound by covering all protruding matter with soil • Ba man lurri

The inner part of the cave is large

la vubiri ka o naa ta ona ka waa tõõ nyε. A yam mound is usually enlarged by adding more soil to enable the yam bear a good tuber. lurree, lurro, luribo, lurraa

luuraa [lùùráà] *n.* denial *pl:* luuri *2pl:* luuree

luuri [lùùrì] v. to duck, to bend to pass under a hanging object e.g. beam -, luuro, luuro, luuribo, luuraa, lure

luuri [lùùrì] v. (1) to renounce one's word or promise, to deny • O daare yeli ka o baŋe la a nannyige kyɛ ka zenɛ ka leɛ luuri o noɔre. S/he said s/he knew the thief, but today s/he denies that s/he said so. (2) to return something in exchange for something else • A dɔɔ luuri la n libie ko ma kyɛ de o noɔ. The man has returned my money and taken back his fowl. -, luuro, luuro, luuribo, luuraa, lure

m

and round.

ma [mă] n. mother, female that has reproduced pl: mamine 2pl: marεε
ma [mà] v. pl. to stick to • Goore ma la a kparoo. Thorns are stuck to the shirt.

ma [má] part. suppose, hope; only used in question form • Ma fo na gaa la? I suppose/hope you will

go?

ma [má] pron. me (first person singular accusative) • O de la a gane ko ma.ko ma. S/he has given the book to me.

maa [máâ] *pron.* (1) I (first person singular strong form) • *O yeli ka maa la sãa*. S/he said it was I who

maa maanee

was wrong. (2) me (first person singular strong form) • *Maa la so a gane*. The book belongs to me.

maa [máà] ν. (1) to be wet • Saa mie la ka a teŋε zaa maa. It has rained, making the ground wet. (2) to be cold (objects) • A baala nyu la tẽẽ ka o eŋε leε maa a zaa. The patient has taken medicine and his temperature has gone down. (3) to make peaceful • Zenε a zɔɔzɔɔreba na ba wa lɛnso ka a zie maa a ŋaa. Today, those quarrelsome men did not come and that is why the place is peaceful. maaɛ, maana, maanaa, maanema, maanaa, maanema

maa [màà] adv. (1) move streamingly (used only with liquid substances) • O ma naŋ da kpi o deɛ kono la nentaŋ maaa. When her mother died, she was shedding tears uncontrolably. (2) slimy

maa gbεre [máá gbéri] *v.* to delay, to be late • *Ba naŋ boɔle o o ba maa gbɛre kyɛ wa*. When he was called, he did not waste time but responded promptly.

maalam [máálàm] *n.* Islamic cleric *pl:* maalammine *2pl:* maalonnεε

maale [mààli] v. (1) to make, to construct, to draw • A kənarata maale la baraakyi ŋmaa a baa. The contractor has built a bridge across the river. (2) to cook • Boŋ bondirii ka a bondimaala na maale zene? What food will the

cook cook today? maalεε, maala, maaleba, maalaa

maale [mààlì] ν. (1) to bless, to make good, to clean, to make beautiful
Ba maale la a die poo veɛlaa.
They have cleaned the room well.
(2) to pacify, to offer sacrifice • Dagaaba mine maŋ maale la bagere. Some Dagaaba sacrifice to their gods. maalɛɛ, maala, maaleba, maalaa

maale [máálì] v. to cause to calm down, to reduce the intensity of
A yidaandəə maale la a yɛlɛ ka a zəəre baare. The family head calmed tempers and ended the quarrel.

maalekondi [mààlìkóndí] *n*. a type of ritual food that is eaten only by specific people i.e. those who are members of the ritual

maaleŋ [mààlìŋ] adv. just too much
Saa la maaleŋ miire tu. The rain just pours too much.

maalen [mààlìn] adv. again • Saa la maalen miire tu. The rain just pours too much.

maane [màànì] adj. (1) flattened • A kuree feele o la ka o pare deε waa maane lε The undersized pair of knickers has made his buttocks flat. (2) premature (egg) pl: maama 2pl: maanεε

maanee [mááníí] n. okra sg: maanoo pl: maana 2pl: maanεε Var. saalommaane

maa noore mage

maa noore [máá nóórt] v. to be surprised

- **maaŋmeɛ** [máàŋmíɛ] *n.* a kind of tall, brown, lean bird *pl:* **maaŋmeere**
- maare [máári] ν. to hold, to support with open palms facing upwards e.g. baby maarεε, maara, maaraha, maaraba, maaraa
- maaron [máárón] adj. slow O taa la maaron zuo lenso ka ba wa poge kpaaron. He is very slow and that is why he did not come to the meeting.
- maaroŋ [mááróŋ] adj. (1) cold, cool
 Firigyi kõɔ maŋ e la maaroŋ.
 Water stored in the fridge is always cold. (2) wet Ka saaŋ mi a zie zaa maŋ e la maaroŋ lɛ. When it rains, the whole place becomes wet.
- maaroŋ [mááróŋ] n. (1) cold, coolness Yuoni ŋa a maaroŋ zuoe la. This year, the cold is excessive. (2) shade Tentoloŋ saŋa dendəre teɛ maaroŋ maŋ tere la zemmo. During the hot season, the shade of trees is always inviting.
- maaron [máárón] n. peace Ka zien na maale ferebo ka maaron be be. If development is to take place there must be peace.
- maaroŋ [mááróŋ] n. fever Maaroŋ kpɛ la dɔɔ ka o gaa asibiti. The man has a fever and has gone to the hospital.
- maasa [máásà] *n.* a type of cake made from millet flour

- maa suuri [máà súúrí] v. to appease, to pacify
- maayee [mááyéé] adv. empty Nannyigiri da ŋmaa la a woo pare iri a libie, ka a doo da wa tuno a woo ka maayee. Thieves had cut the bottom of the bag and removed all the man's money, and when he later put his hand into the bag, it was empty.
- mabie [mábié] *n.* sibling, relative *pl:* mabiiri *2pl:* mabiiree
- mabiekontapɔgema [mábíékón-tápɔ́gímá] *n.* a type of small, short snake that is highly venomous *2pl:* mabiekontapɔgemεε
- mabile [màbílé] *n.* maternal aunt, mother's sister *pl:* mabilii, mabilimine *2pl:* mabilee
- mabo [màbờ] adv. marshy and messy
- maee [màii] adj. red A pogelee nin waa la maee $l\varepsilon$. The girl's face is looking red.
- maemae [máímáí] adj. bright red A fele e la zeɛ maemae lɛ. The saw is bright red.
- magaka [màgakà] adv. deep red
- mage [mágí] v. (1) to write Karekyere maŋ mage la gane velaa. Literate people write well. (2) to make beautiful patterns; usually on some clothes A teelε mage la a kparoo niŋe ne puori zaa. The tailor has designed both the front and back of the shirt. magεε, magra, magra, magreba, magraa

magedalee malemale

magedalee [mágídàléé] *n.* writing stick, pen *pl:* magedabilii *2pl:* magedabillee

magelakala [màgìlàkàlà] adj. skinny
A dɔɔ wogi na bɛɛ la a te waa magelakala lɛ. That tall man has been sick for a long time hence his being skinny.

magelan [màgìlàn] *adj.* large and flat *Var.* mangalan

magere [mágíri] *n.* sign, mark 2*pl:* magrεε

magetaga [mágìtàgà] *adv.* thick and marshy *Var.* magtaga

makoma [màkómá] n. grandmother pl: makommine 2pl: makomεε/makonnεε

makontulo [màkớntúló] *n.* great-grandmother

makoŋkommuulitoori [màkᡠŋkómmúúlítòòrí] n. great-grandmother pl: makoŋkommuulitobo 2pl: makoŋkommuulitooree

makpẽ [màkpí⊠̃] n. stepmother; older wife of one's biological father or father's elder brother's wife pl: makpeεmine 2pl: makpeεnεε/makpeεmεε

makpoŋ [màkpóŋ] *n*. see makpẽε̃ *Var.* makpẽε̃

malaa [màláà] *n.* a type of bird with deep blue and red eyes *pl:* malle 2*pl:* mallεε

malammalam [màlàmmálám] *adj.* soiled e.g. mud

malantamm [màlàntàmm] *adj.* bundled up

male [màlt] *v.* to claim or pretend to • *O male ka o so la kõõ* S/he claims to have taken his/her bath. • *O male ka o taa la libie kyε ka o bie kaŋa zaa ba gaa sakuuri*. S/he claims to be rich but none of his /her children has been to school. malεε, malla, malla, maleba, malaa, maleba

male [màlì] ν. to suffer repercussions, to punish • Fomeŋε ka na male. You will only end up punishing yourself. • Ka fo saaŋ yeli ka fo gaa sakuuri ka fo zagere fomeŋε ka male. If your father sends you to school and you refuse you only punish yourself. malεε, malla, malla, maleba, malaa, maleba

male [màli] *adv.* anomatopoeic word expressing the way the soud of a cut

malefa [málífà] *n.* gun *pl:* malefare 2*pl:* malefarεε

malefabiri [málífàbírì] n. bullet sg: malefabiruu pl: malefabie 2pl: malefabiiree

malefala [màlìfàlà] adv. tasteless

malefatẽe [málífàtĩi] *n.* gunpowder *pl:* malefateenεε

malemale [málímálí] *adv.* very black *Var.* kpirikpiri

malemale [màlìmálí] ν to struggle to do malemalεε, malemala, malemalaa malemalaa

mana mara

mana [máná] n. rubber, elastic sg: manoo pl: manne 2pl: mannεε

mana [mànà] part. of course • kɔlaa la kpε a die ona la ɔɔ a nɛne mana. A cat went into the room; of course it is the one that has eaten the meat.

manamana [mànàmànà] adj. sticky

mane [màní] *n*. large body of water *pl*: mama *2pl*: mannεε

mankyere [mántʃiri] *n.* match *pl:* mankyeε 2*pl:* mankyerεε

mankyεlε [mánt[èlè] n. diarrhoea

manne [mánnì] v. (1) to measure
Kookoolaa ka o manne ne a kyi. They used a measuring bowl to measure the millet. • Ba de la kεκετε manne ne a dendore wogiruŋ. They used a stalk to measure the height of the door. (2) to compare • Sakubie koŋ tõo de omeŋɛ te manne ne karema. A pupil cannot compare herself to a teacher. mannɛɛ, manna, manna, manema, mannaa

manne [mánni] ν. to narrate, to explain • O manne la a zɔɔre pare. S/he explained the cause of the fight. • N naŋ da gaa n zɔmeŋɛ dɔgoo bebiri tigiri N da kuli te manne la a zaa ko n dɔgereba. After attending my best friend's birthday party, I went home and narrated everything to my parents. mannɛɛ, manna, manna, manna, mannaa

mannoəre [mànnớár] *n.* beach *pl:* mannoε 2*pl:* mannoreε

mansugiri [mànsùgiri] *n.* a type of wild mushroom with medicinal properties *sg:* mansugruu *pl:* mansugo *2pl:* mansugree

mansugo [mànsùgò] *n.* (1) a type of stomach ailment; hernia (2) type of medicine for hernia *pl:* mansugiri *2pl:* mansugiree

mantare [màntàrì] *n.* (1) Southern Dagaare dialect (2) the area where the Southern Dagaare dialect is spoken *pl*: mantarεε

mantaroo [màntàrថថ] n. speaker of Southern Dagaare dialect pl: mantarεε

manteε [măntìέ] *n.* rubber tree *pl:* manteere 2*pl:* manteerεε

manzelε [mànzílέ] *n*. tip of (branch of tree) *pl*: manzelle *2pl*: manzelεε

maŋgalaŋ [maŋgalaŋ] *adj.* flattened Var. magelaŋ

maŋgaŋene [màŋgáŋíní] *n.* the other side of the sea; overseas regions *2pl:* maŋgaŋenεε

maŋgbere [máŋgbérí] n. tributary (stream) pl: maŋgbee 2pl: maŋgbeeree

maŋkeni [mâŋkèní] n. cocoyam sg: maŋkenuu pl: maŋkeme 2pl: maŋkenee/maŋkennee

mapo [mápờ] n. map pl: mapore 2pl: maporεε

mara [màrà] *n.* courage, persistence, steadfastness *2pl*: marεε

mara meel-eŋ

mara [màrà] *adv.* onomatopoeia, sounding like the sound coming from one stepping into muddy matter

- maraa [máráá] n. necklace pl: marre 2pl: marrεε
- maraa [máráá] n. glue pl: marre 2pl: marreε
- maraa [máráá] n. cloth used to carry a baby on the back pl: marre 2pl: marreε
- maraa [màràà] adj. not responding to anything, quiet, mute A poge suuri naŋ iri na fo maŋ yeli la yɛlɛ ko o ka e maraa. The woman is annoyed so when you talk to her she stays mute.
- maraawa [màrááwà] *n.* a type of tree animal *pl*: maraaware 2*pl*: maraawarεε
- maramara [màràmàrà] adj. marshy
 Saa mie la kõo laare a tene ka
 a waa maramara le. The soil has
 been beaten by rain and has become marshy.
- marata [màràtà] *adv.* refusing to respond to anything
- mare [màrì] ν to stick to, to attach to *Dunduli mare la a vaa poo.* There is a caterpillar hanging on the leaf. marεε, mara, mareba, maraa
- mare [màrì] v. to carry on one's back
 e.g. a baby A poge mare la a bie ka na gbiri. The woman has carried the baby on her back in or-

- der to make it sleep. marεε, mara, mareba, maraa
- mare [màrì] ν. to light, to build a fire Te maŋ mare νũũ maale seemaa. We build a fire before we cook food. marεε, mara, mara, mareba, maraa
- mare [márf] ν. to detatch (a limb from the body) marεε, mara, mara, mareba, maraa
- marekpε [màrìkpè] ν. to tease Koŋkombie mine maŋ marekpε la a kotuo deme. Some lyrics of funeral dirges tease the bereaved family.
- meele [miìli] ν. (1) to wipe off (dirt, water) (2) to soil, to make dirty meelεε, meelε, meelεε
- meele [míílí] v. to try to incriminate someone; to challenge O sogele gaa toŋ la a toma o yoŋ, o deɛ boɔrɔ ka o meele ma. S/he did the work alone behind me; I think this is aimed tarnishing my image. meelεε, meelε, meelε, meele, meeles.
- meele eŋ [miìli iŋ] v. to turn something to replace something else Waabo doŋ la a nɔnyaŋaa ko ka ba nyɔge nɔdaa meele eŋ a nɔ-bilii. The mother fowl was killed by a snake and so a cock was tamed to replace it.
- meel-eŋ [miìl-iŋ] n. metaphor (literature) • A bie zoobu wuli ka soɔŋaa la. The child's speed makes him a rabbit.

meel arepsilon melle

meelε [miflè] *n*. (1) a type of grass that is thin but strong (2) decorative ribbons worn across the chest (3) string scale; a locally made scale made from a string and a flat piece of wood or container *2pl*: meelεε

meeloo [míilớớ] adj. thin pl: meelε
meemee [mììmíí] v. to swing, to turn
round (buttocks in a chair) • A
bie meemee la pare ka o koŋ
gaa. The child swung his bottom,
indicating that he would not go.
meemeeε, meemeenε, meemeenε,
meemeenene, meemeena

meε [míὲ] v. to incriminate, to make an accomplice • A bibarewono na zu la o ba libie kyε de meε ne o yɔɔlee. That naughty boy stole his father's money and incriminated his younger brother. meεε, meɛnɛ, meɛnɛ, meɛnemɛ, meɛnaa

meεbo [míébó] n. (1) structure • A poge meεbo wuli ka o taa la seε yelmeŋε. The woman's structure shows she has a really large waist.
(2) character; a distinguishing feature • A polebile na meɛbo ba veɛlɛ. That young man's character is not good.

meεloŋ [mìὲlớŋ] n. dew; drops of water on vegetation pl: meεlε 2pl: meεlεε

meεroη [mὶέrôη] n. (1) structure, makeup (2) character, behaviour

megemege [mìgìmígí] ν. to wriggle e.g. fish in muddy water megemegεε, megemegrε, megemegrε, megemegrebε, megemegraa

melaa₁ [míláá] *n.* fence *pl:* melle 2*pl:* mellεε

melaa $_2$ [míláá] n. talebearer pl: melebε 2pl: melebεε

mele [mílí] v. (1) to fence in • Ba maŋ mele la dabɔgɔ ka donne na ta sãã o poɔ bombulo. Gardens are fenced to prevent animals from destroying the plants. (2) to entangle • Ba ba leŋ a boɔ lɛnso ka o mele kpi. The goat was not tethered well and so it got entangled and died. (3) to spread all over an object (ants) • Zuluŋ mele la bokũũ. Soldier ants are all over the carcas. (4) to tattle, to gossip • Bibiiri nɔŋ la mele taa. Children like tattling on each other. melɛɛ, melɛ, melɛ, melaa

melekala [mìlìkàlà] *adj.* large and twisted

melekala [mílíkálá] *adj.* small and twisted

melele [mílílí] adv. thin, very slim

melemele [mìlìmílí] ν. to move with unsteady legs melemelεε, melemelε, melemelε, melemelbε, melemelaa

meletaa [mílítáá] n. the practice of talebearing • Ka noba laŋkpeɛboŋ na noma a seŋ ka ba bare meletaa. If people want to live in harmony, they must put an end to talebearing.

melle [mìllì] ν. to twist • Soo da kyebe kyε a doo da de la o nu meloo mere

melle ne a miri ηmaa. There was no knife, but the man twisted the rope until it snapped. mellε, mellε, mellε, mella

meloo [mélóó] adv. eating instantly and hurriedly; especially with tasty food • O nonoo zuoe la, a bẽẽ ka o de e meloo. S/he has a taste for delicious things, so s/he licked the broth at once.

menekana [mìnìkànà] *adj.* crooked, twisted

menε [mínέ] n. a type of thin grass 2pl: menεε

menne [mínní] ν to throw off something heavy e.g. wrestling • A dɔɔkpeɛŋaa na are la dendeŋ kyɛ menne a o tɔ na bare ka o te le. The strong man heaved and threw his opponent away. mennɛɛ, mennɛ, mennɛ, mennæ, mennaa

menne [mínní] ν to swallow food in large gulps • Κοη da kpε o la te zuo ka o maŋ deɛ ŋmaa a saabo menne bare. The man was so hungry that he swallowed the food in gulps. mennεε, mennε, menneε, mennes. menneaa

mennoŋ [mínnóŋ] n. righteousness
O mennoŋ zuiŋ noba zaa nɔŋ la o yɛlɛ. All people like him because of his righteousness.

menselε [mínsílέ] n. well done (praise) • Gandaa menselε ka fooŋ da ba peɛle a bie kpie. Well done; if you had not been around, the child would have died.

pl: menselle 2pl: mensellεε Var. nenselε

men [min] adv. also, too • Fo men na gaa la be? Will you go too?

meŋε [míŋέ] n. self • Maa meŋε la na gaa a kuori. I myself will attend the funeral. pl: menne Var. meŋa

meŋε [míŋέ] adj. well behaved • O teɛre ka o waa la meŋε zaa kyɛ maa ba teɛre. S/he claims to be good, but I doubt it.

mere [mírí] ν. to shake in pain or distress e.g. hand in contact with fire • Vũu nyege o la ka o mere nu. Fire burned her hand and she shook it. merεε, merε, merε, merebε, meraa, merebε

mere [mírí] v. to broadcast e.g rice seed during sowing • Ba kyəre la baa mere a mui. They have harrowed the river valley and broadcast the rice. merεε, merε, merebε, meraa, merebε

mere [mírí] ν. to have a stillbirth (nonhumans) • A naapoo na da bεε la lɛnso ka o mere bare. That pregnant cow was sick and that is why it had a stillbirth. merεε, merε, merebe, meraa, merebe

mere [miri] ν. to stick the flap of an object into an opening • Pogeba maŋ mere la ba wagyɛ eŋ kyɛ zeŋ. Women usually push the flaps of their cloth in between their legs as they sit. merɛ, merɛ, mere, merebɛ, meraa, merebɛ mere bare memeree

mere bare [mírí bàrì] ν. (1) to have a stillbirth (of animals) (2) to desert unweaned young (of animals) • A peroo dɔgεε la kyɛ mere bare ka a bilii kpi. The sheep littered but deserted the lambs and they died. mere barεε, merɛbara, merebara, merebaraa

mere pare [mìrì párì] ν. (1) to lie helpless (2) to die merεε pare, merε pare, pare merε, pare merebε

merete [mèrètè] adj. unresponsive, mute • Ba yeli la a bie baaloŋ ko o saa ka o e merete. When they reported the child's mother, he refused to do anything.

meri [méri] v. to twist one's lips (to show indifference); to refuse to care • A bie lee la ka lee kaa kye meri o noore. When the child fell, the brother looked at him but refused to bother. meree, mere, mere, meribe, meraa

meri noore [mérì nơớrì] *v.* to twist one's lips (to show indifference)

meri noore [mérì nóórì] v. to die meruu [mèrúú] adi. very small

mε [mè] ν. (1) to build e.g. a house
(2) to shape (pottery) mεε, meεrε, meεrε, meεrebε

mεε [mèὲ] adv. oozing (oily liquid) • Ba kyere la a gbere ka kõõ zoro mee. They cut the swelling on his leg and pus was oozing.

mefaa [méfáá] n. bad character pl: mefaare 2pl: mefaarεε megeleŋ [mégíléŋ] adv. flat • Lɔɔre do la a bogiti ka o e ŋmegeleŋ le. A car ran over the bucket and made it flat.

mεgeyεgε [mέgíyégέ] *adj.* loose and flabby (of a fat body)

mεle [mélì] n. medal pl: mεlε 2pl: mellεε

mɛlefɛlɛ [mɛlifɛlɛ] adj. tasteless • N nɔŋ la zɛvaare zeɛre kyɛ ama deɛ waa la mɛlefɛlɛ lɛ. I like vegetable soup but this one is tasteless.

mɛlemɛle [mèlímèlì] adj. blowing severely with cold • Saseε saŋa baguo ɔɔre maŋ erɛ la mɛlemɛle lɛ, Dagao poɔ. During hamattan, early mornings are normally very cold in the Dagaabaland.

mεlεmεlε [mέlέmέlέ] *adj.* tasty; slightly sweet

mɛlɛmmɛlɛŋ [mélémméléŋ] adj. sweet or beautiful (kind words, deeds) • O yeli la a yelɛ mɛlɛm-mɛlɛŋ lɛ, ka fo na teɛre ka yelimeŋɛ la. She narrated the case so beautifully that you would think it was true.

melentemm [méléntémm] adj. (1) exactly; precisely • A bie manne la a yele na o naŋ nye melentemm wa gaa. The boy narrated the story in a precise manner. (2) meticulous

mεmeεrε [mèmíéré] n. (1) potter (2) builder pl: mεmeεrebε 2pl: mεmeεrebεε

memeree [mèméréé] n. (1) mud (2) marsh 2pl: memerree

mere miliki

mere [mérí] ν. to cook (struggling with) • A baala mere la seemaa fēē meŋ di. The patient has cooked some small food to eat. meree, mere, merebe, meraa

meree [mèréè] n. pus pl: merre 2pl: merreε

mi [mí] v. to rain mie, miire

mi [mí] v. to spin (thread) • A zəŋə mi la miri ka o gbɛkpoŋ te zogere.
The blind person spun rope until her thigh became rough. mie, miire

mii [mîi] v. (1) to shake, to shiver • Entole kpe la a bie lenso ka o *maŋ mii a lɛ*. The child has a fever and that is why he is shivering like that. (2) to become frightened, to tremble • A sogva tanne la a poge **ka o mii**. The soldier shouted at the woman and she became fightened. (3) to push, to shake e.g. the branch of a tree to knock down fruits • A poge do mii la a tanaa ko o bibiiri ka ba di. The woman climbed and shook the shea nut tree to knock down the fruits for her children. miie, miine, miine, miinime, miinaa, - Var. miiu

mii [mìi] v. (1) to be sour (taste) • O zãã tuŋ la nu a zeɛre poo lɛnso ka a mii. S/he put her hand into the soup and that is why it has become sour. (2) to be sore • A bie zãã to o nubiri, zenɛ o zaaŋ mii. The child bruised his finger yesterday and today it is quite sore. (3) to be angry, to be annoyed • Ba to

o la lenso ka o mii. They insulted him and that is why he is angry. (4) to learn from past unpleasant experience • A tontona naŋ zagere toma gaabo na ba ba yɔɔ o, azuiŋ o miie la; zenɛ o ba nagera toma. Since the worker refused to go to work, he was not paid, and as a result, he did not skip work today. miie, miine, miine, miinime, miinaa, miinime

miii [mììì] adv. swarming all over e.g. ants • A nyere deε da te paalεε a korodie zaa, miloo lε. The ants had invaded and covered the whole kitchen.

miire₁ [miìré] v. to desist, to not dare
Ma fo to ma la, aŋ miire n yiri waabo. Since you have insulted me, you dare not come to my house.

 $miire_2$ [miìré] v. to be careful; usually to warn or caution miiree, mire, miire, miiribe, miiraa

miiri [miiri] v. to not attempt miiree, miire, miiribe, miiraa

miiri [miiri] v. to turn taste sour miiree, miire, miire, miiribe, miiraa

miirun [miìrùn] *n.* (1) sour sap (2) type of plant with sour sap

miiruŋ [mììrùŋ] adj. sour

mikalaa [mǐkàláà] *n.* thick, strong rope *pl:* mikalle *2pl:* mikallεε

milemmilem [mílémílém] *adv.* intact. untouched

miliki [mílíkì] *n.* milk *sg:* milikiruu *pl:* milikiri *2pl:* milikiree

milikolo mollaa

milikolo [mìlìkòlò] adj. twisted

milli [mìllì] v. (1) to get acquainted with; to be used to • Bie naŋ ba milli neɛ koŋ sage ka a soba de o. A child that is not acquainted with someone will refuse to be cuddled by that person. (2) all over millee, mille, mille, millaa, - Var. milli poge

milli pɔge [mìllì-pɔ̀gì] v. to cover all over e.g. flies over a rotten carcass • Naazoore milli pɔge la a nɛmpoɔnaa zaa. The rotten meat is completely covered with flies.

miloo [mìlòò] *adj.* oily and dirty looking

miloo [mìlòò] *adj.* existing in great numbers at a particular spot e.g. ants

mine [mìné] adj. (1) some • A boore mine zoe la. Some of the goats have escaped. (2) pl. morpheme (human type only) • Mamine la maŋ ko biiri bere ka ba εnne. Mothers provide their breasts to babies to suck.

minimini [mìnìmìnì] adv. streaming continuously e.g. tears • A bie poobeere la ka o kono minimini le. The child has a stomach ache and he is sheding tears uncontrollably.

mipelaa [mípíláá] *n.* a type of rope used in rituals *pl*: **mipeεle**

miri [mírì] *n.* rope, twine, string *pl:* mie *2pl:* miiree

misiri [mìsírì] *n.* mosque *pl:* misirri *2pl:* misirree *Var.* musiri

miti [mítì] *n.* meeting *pl:* mitiri *2pl:* mitiree

mizeε [mízìέ] *n*. type of very strong red twine used in making bird trap *pl*: mizeere 2*pl*: mizeerεε

mạạli [mááli] *v.* get burnt e.g part of the body

mmeŋε [mmíŋέ] pron. myself • Ka maaŋ beɛrɛ kyɛ ba gaa asibiti mmeŋɛ la ka N erɛ. If I'm sick and refuse to go the hospital, I have only myself to blame. Var. mmeŋa

moge [mógi] ν. (1) to suck e.g. sweets (2) to eat powdery food (3) to eat up e.g. wood, of white ants mogεε, mogro/mogra, mogero/mogra, mogreba, mograa

mogere [mògìrì] ν. to suck at, to lick e.g. fingers mogerεε, mogera, mogera, mogera, mogera, mogera, mogereba Var. moore

mogere noore [mògìrì nóórì] v. to kiss (on the mouth)

mogi [mógí] v. to eat delicious food voraciously mogee, mogiro, mogiro, mogiro, mogiraa, - Var. yogi

moimoi [móímóí] adj. very red

mokanzie [mókánzíé] n. pawpaw pl: mokanziri 2pl: mokanziree

mole [mʊ̀li] *n.* become weak; used for metal that has become weak e.g. iron

 $mole [m\"{o}l\`{i}] n. get wet$

mollaa [mólláà] *n.* a type of game in which a loop of string is hidden in

molle moore

soil to be found by other players using twigs *pl*: **molle** *2pl*: **molle**ε

molle [mólli] ν. (1) to deceive, to hide from (2) to play the game mollaa mollεε, mollɔ/molla, mollɔ/molla, mollɔ/molla, mollo/molla

molomolo [mólómóló] *adj.* not stiff; flexible • *A tammo waa la molomolo lε.* The bow is very flexible.

momm [mómm] *adv.* wholly and completely

momone [mờmùní] *n.* dried salted fish *2pl:* **momonεε**

monaŋe [mờnáŋ] n. hippopotamus pl: monanne 2pl: monanneε

mone [mờní] *n.* serious condition of piles *pl:* momo 2*pl:* monεε/monnεε

mone [mờnì] ν. to become serious monεε, mona, mona, monema, monaa

monεε [mờnὲὲ] adj. red

monεεmonεε [mớnέέmớnέέ] *adj.* red looking; bloodshot (eyes)

monne [mónnì] ν. (1) to lift and carry a heavy load without assisstance (2) to dip to fill (3) to gather up (smile to laugh) monnεε, monna, monna, monema, monnaa

montole [möntöli] *n.* a type of small round beans *pl:* montola *2pl:* montollεε

moŋgolɔ [mòŋgòlò] n. a type of fall in which the person rolls over • A dãa bugro lee la willi moŋgolɔ.

The drunk man fell and rolled over. *Var.* mongola

mongbenee [móngbénée] *n.* infected millet seeds *sg:* **mongbennoo**

moole [mờờlì] ν. (1) to be stunted, to be weak (2) to cook in small quantity (3) to cook poorly e.g. corn paste moolεε, moolɔ, moolə, mooleba

mooloo [mớớlớớ] adj. weak, stunted

moore [mốớrì] v. (1) to empathise; to sympathise with • Koŋkonimo maŋ kono moorɔ korɔ la kotuo deme. Funeral dirge singers usually empathise with the bereaved family. (2) to express regret for not being able to provide something • A dããpɔge moore la a dãã. The pito seller regrets that the pito is gone. moorɛɛ, moorɔ, moorɔ, mooreba, mooraa

moore [mớớri] ν. (1) to dissolve, to diminish • A zeere nyennoŋ ba moore. The salt in the soup is not dissolved. (2) to rain lightly • A saa ba mi soŋ mooroo ka o moore. It did not rain hard; it just drizzled. (3) to intercede, to suggest • N daare moore la o yiri kuluu ka o nyare. When I suggested his going home, he flared up. mooree, mooro, mooro, mooroba, mooraa

moore [mờờri] ν. to suck e.g. finger moorεε, moora, moora, mooraba, mooraa, - Var. mogre

moore tere moremore

- moore tere [mớớrí tìrì] v. to sympathise with
- **mooreterε** [mớ
ớrtírέ] *n.* consoler *pl:* mooreterebε
 2pl: mooreterebεε
- **moorteroo** [mớʊrtírʊʊ́] *n*. the act of consoling
- moo [mòò] v. (1) to make red (2) to be ripe (3) to be serious Ka foon booro ka fo paase gyennoo fo man moo nimiri ne zannoo. If you want to pass a test, you need to be serious about your studies. (4) to fetch fire (red coals) mooe, moono, moono, moonema, moonaa, moonema
- moo [mòò] adv. really yeŋ moo ka a bie yi? Really, where does the child come from? Var. moo
- moɔ [mʊ́ɔ́] n. (1) grass, weeds (2) bush, wilderness sg: moɔnoo 2pl: moɔnɛε
- moole [mờɔli] ν. to stretch (hair) moolεε, moolo, moolo, mooleba, moolaa, mooleba
- moole [móólí] *v.* to announce *Ba* moole ka neezaa ta wa gere tomo bie. It has been announced that no one should go to work tomorrow. moolee, moolo, mooleba, moolaa, mooleba
- moole [móólí] v. to vanish, to sneak
 Kɔkɔlaa wa la a yiri ka gyaŋgbonni zaa moole. A cat has come
 to the house and all the mice have
 vanished. mooleɛ, moolo, moolo,
 mooleba, moolaa, mooleba

- moolo [mớɔlò] *n.* established behaviour, character; (past) *A bie de la o saa moolo*. The child has taken after his father. *2pl:* moolee *Var.* moola
- mooraa [móóráà] *adv.* like, similar manner *Var.* mooreŋ
- moore [mớờrì] ν (1) to smear with thick liquid e.g. mud (2) to camouflage *O kũu deε moore ma la*. He camouflaged us before his death. moorεε, mooro, mooro, mooreba, mooraa
- mooren [mớớrín] *adj.* similar to how the Mosi people do it *Var.* komooren
- mooren [mớɔ́rín] conj. like, according to ŋmaaŋa mooren, dabẽε soban taa yiri. According to the monkey, he who runs away lives to fight another day. Var. mooraa
- **moɔrɔ** [mʊ́ɔrɔ́] *n.* illness of sexual misconduct; adultery *2pl:* **moɔrɛɛ**
- more [mòrì] ν to disappear, to vanish morεε, morə, morə, morba, moraa, morba
- more [mờrì] ν. to pop out e.g. seeds from a fruit in the mouth morεε, morɔ, morɔ, morba, moraa, morba
- more [mớrí] ν. (1) to smile (2) to initiate (typically used with laare) morεε, morɔ, morɔ, moreba, moraa, moreba
- moremore [mòrìmórí] v. to vanish at once

тоготого тэпуии

moromoro [mórómóró] *adj.* soft, not solid

- moroo [mớrớớ] *n.* local herbal medicine in tablet form used in massaging only *pl:* morre 2*pl:* moreε/morree Var. moro
- morɔ [mớrɔ́] n. herb tablet for external use pl: morre 2pl: morεε Var. mora
- moromoro [mórómóró] adv. (1) showing slightly (smile) O nyε la wagyε paalaa a monne laare moromoro lε. She has got a new coth and this has made her beam with smiles. (2) get lost mysteriously A libie deε boreε la moromoro lε. The money just got lost mysteriously.
- mɔ [mɔ́] v. (1) to wrestle A pɔgebɔ da zɔɔ la taa, a mɔ te le. The women fought, wrestled, and fell.
 (2) to try hard Ka fooŋ ba mɔ fo koŋ tõɔ̃ a teɛ do. If you don't try hard, you can't climb the tree. mɔɛ, moɔrɔ, moɔrɔ, moɔraa
- mɔ-aŋgaara [mɔ-áŋgáárá] n. halfburnt grass pl: mɔ-aŋgaare 2pl: mɔaŋgaarεε
- mɔdoŋɔ [mɔ̀dóŋɔ́] n. wild animal pl: mɔdonne 2pl: mɔdonnɛɛ Var. mɔdoŋa, wɛdoŋɔ
- **mɔgaabo** [mɔ̀gáábʊ̀] *n.* game hunting expedition from a pitched tent over a length of time
- moge [mógí] v. to get dirty Ka foon kpe nozage fo nostee man moge la nobini. If you go into a

- hen coop, your shoes will get dirty with fowl droppings. mɔgεε, mɔgrɔ, mɔgrɔ, mɔgreba
- mogele [mògìlì] v. (1) to beseech, to supplicate (2) to persuade (3) to console, to comfort e.g. one in pain or distress (4) to beg for forgiveness mogelεε, mogelo, mogelo, mogeleba, mogelaa
- **mɔgeraa** [mɔgraá] *n.* a type of giant white ants *pl:* **mɔgere** *2pl:* **mɔgerɛε**
- mokangyi [mókándzí] *n.* (1) a type of tree with medicial properties and edible fruits (2) pawpaw *pl:* mokangyiri *2pl:* mokangyiree
- mokpeεrε [mòkpíéré] n. (1) bush dweller (2) one who lives in a faraway country pl: mokpeεrebε 2pl: mokpeεrebεε
- mɔll [mɔ̀ll] adv. long and smooth
- mɔloo [mɔlóʊ́] *n.* a type of large antelope *pl:* mɔlle *2pl:* mɔlɛε
- mɔlɔ [mɔlɔ́] adj. (1) cheap (2) easy Var. mɔlεε
- **mɔləmɔlə** [mɔ́lə́mɔ́lə́] *adj.* seemingly easy, like a joke
- **mɔmaara** [mɔmaara] *n.* fresh grass 2pl: mɔmaarεε
- mɔnaabo [mònáábʊ́] n. bush cow pl: mɔnii 2pl: mɔniinee Var. wɛnaabo
- **mɔneε** [mònfε] *n.* bushman, uncivilised person *pl:* **mɔnoba**
- mɔnyuu [mɔnúú] n. a type of grass with a strong smell and has medicinal use pl: mɔnyuuri 2pl: mɔnyuuruee

тэре тиреде

- mone [mon] v. (1) to stir (food) (2) to steer, to drive (car) (3) to paddle (boat) mones, mono, mono, monemo, monaa, monemo
- mone [món] v. to refuse to give A entuo daana sore la a bondaana libiri ka o mon o. The lazy man begged for money from the rich man, but he refused him. monee, mono, monno, monemo, monaa, monemo
- mopelaa [mòpíláà] n. a stretch of bush made mainly of dry tall grass pl: mopeεle 2pl: mopeεlεε
- more [mórí] *n.* a type of strong grass used for arrow shafts *pl*: moε 2*pl*: moreε
- more [mórí] ν. to swell moreε, moro, moreba, moraa, moreba
- mɔrɔmɔrɔ [mòròmòrò] *adv.* marshy, soft, and loose, so that it can't be held together
- mɔrɔtɔ [mɔrɔtɔ] adj. long and flat mɔsogɔ [mòsógó] n. bush, the middle of the wilderness pl: mɔsogre 2pl: mɔsogrεε
- mɔsɔglaa [mòsɔ́glàá] n. a type of grass whose presence indicates fertile land pl: mɔsɔglɔ
- moto [mótó] *adv.* very full *A booraa e la moto o naŋ paale.* The sack is completely full.
- **mɔvɔ** [mòvò] *n.* part of the rainy season when there is thick growth of grass *2pl*: **mɔvɔrεε**
- mɔwegi [mɔwegi] n. wild bush pl: mɔwegiri 2pl: mɔwegiree

- mui [mùi] n. rice 2pl: muunee
- muli [múlí] v. to remove hair or feathers from skin (usually by applying hot water) mulee, mulo, mulo, mulaa
- mulli [mùllì] v. to dive, to go underwater mullee, mullo, mullo, mullibo, mullaa, mullibo
- muni [múní] n. (1) meaning A dɔɔ ba baŋe a yelbiri ŋa muni. the man does not know the meaning of this word. (2) reason A dɔɔ ba wuli a o polisiri ŋmeɛbo muni The man does not know the reason why he was beaten by the police.
- muni [múní] adv. (1) bottom A bie nu koŋ ta a doge muni. The child's hand cannot get to the bottom of the pot. (2) under A saama zeŋe la a maŋgo teɛ muni. The strangers are sitting under the mango tree.
- munii [múníí] adj. tiny, small A bεmmo ŋa biri maŋ waa la munii lε. This variety of bean has a tiny seed. pl: muno 2pl: munnee
- munkyara [mùntʃárá] *n.* a type of smock with an opening at the back *pl:* munkyarre *2pl:* munkyarεε
- muŋkuri [mùŋkúrí] n. skirt pl: muŋkurri 2pl: muŋkuree
- mupelaa [mùpílàá] n. a type of straw from tall grass used in lighting fires pl: mupeεle 2pl: mupeεlεε
- **mupεge** [múpέgí] *n.* grass husk *pl:* **mupεgre** *2pl:* **mupεgrεε**

muri naa

muri [múrí] n. (1) straw from a type of tall grass used in making mats(2) a bundle of such straw pl: mie 2pl: miiree

muri [múrí] *n.* snake *pl:* mie *2pl:* miiree

muri [mùrì] v. (1) to dodge, to escape (2) to slide out e.g. rope around one's neck (3) to deny an earlier statement muree, muro, muro, muribu, muraa, muribo

muro [mùró] n. the posture of lying facedown • Ba mɔɛ la te le vɔgele muro. They wrestled and fell facedown.

muu [múú] *n.* deaf and mute person *pl:* muuni *2pl:* muunee

muu [múú] adj. deaf and mute

muuli [múúlí] v. to peep into or through muulee, muulo, muulo, muulibo, muulaa

muuli [mùùlì] v. to make a short visit (typically used with nyɛ) • N baŋ ka fo pagra la kyɛ fo naŋ muuli a baala kyɛ gɛrɛ. I know you are in a hurry, but just pop in to visit the patient and then go. muulee, muulo, muulo, muulibo, muulaa

muuu [múúù] *n.* **(1)** onomatopoeia; the characteristic sound made by a cow **(2)** cow

muu-u [mùú-ù] n. moo (sound made by cows) pl: muuni 2pl: muunee

n

N [in] *pron*. I (1st person singular weak form nominative) • *N na gaa la daa*. I will go to the market. (1) my (1st person singular possessive)
• *N libie baarεε la*. My money is gone.

na [ná] pron. that (3rd person demonstrative) • A bi ηmeene na beεrε la. That lean child is sick.

na [nà] part. will, shall (future tense marker) • A baala na gaa la asibiti. The patient will go to the hospital.

Naa [nàá] *n.* name traditionally given to a second male twin *pl*:

Namine

naa [nàá] n. (1) chief, king (2) grandparent (3) rich person pl: namine 2pl: narεε

naa [nàá] part. (1) will/shall (emphatic 'na') • Te naa wa la. We shall come. (2) should have • Fo da naa taa la a bie gaa ne asibiti. You should have taken the child to the hospital. (3) would have • A booso ba wa wieu ka le naane fo da naa wa waana ko o gaae. The bus came late, otherwise by the time you came it would have left.

naa [náá] adv. not • Ono naa ka N

naabaa naakooraa

- *yele*. I'm not referring to that one. *Var.* naane
- naabaa [nààbáá] n. a type of small black bird regarded a totem of a clan (Zagεε) pl: naabaare 2pl: naabaarεε
- naabaaraa gane [náábááráá gánì] n. bona fide property; status not changeable; that which naturally belongs to a specific set Ka Dagabieŋ baa o areyiriŋ kyɛ o naŋ waa la naabaaraa gane. Among the Dagaaba, even if a child is brought up in his mother's home, he still remains the kin of the father.
- naabere [náábìrí] n. udder pl: naaberε 2pl: naaberεε
- **naabileŋmene** [náábíléŋmínì] *n.* God, supreme being *pl:* **naabileŋmemε**
- naabilfaŋ [náábìlfáŋ] n. a large calf pl: naabilfanne 2pl: naabilfanneε
- naabil-paaŋaa [náábìl-pááŋáá] n. calf, baby cow pl: naabil-paane 2pl: naabil-paaneε
- naabini [náábíní] n. cow dung sg: naabinuu 2pl: naabinee
- naabo [náábʊ́] n. cow pl: nii 2pl: niinee
- **naada** [náádà] *n.* the act of buying cattle
- naadaara [náádáárá] n. one who buys cattle pl: naadareba 2pl: naadarebεε
- naadaaraa [náádàáráà] *n.* a cow that has been bought *pl:* naadaare

- **naadalane** [náádalánf] *n.* uncastrated bull
- naadalee [náádàléé] *n.* young bull, calf *pl:* naadabilii *2pl:* naadabilee
- naadaŋaa [náádáŋáá] n. kraal for cattle pl: naadaŋene 2pl: naadaŋenεε
- **naadavaraa** [náádàváràà] *n.* castrated bull
- naadεre [náádérí] *n.* bullock, bull *pl:* naadεε *2pl:* naadεrεε
- naadəgrə [náádəgró] *n.* a cow that has recently given birth
- naaduoraa [nåådúóráá] *n.* resting ground for cattle *pl:* naaduori *2pl:* naaduoree
- naafaa [nààfáà] n. that which is advantageous Ka anaŋ waa lε ka lε naafaa la kyaare te. If that is what it has come to, then luck is on our side.
- naaga [nààgà] *n.* a type of guinea corn *pl:* naagare 2*pl:* naagarεε
- naagaaraa [náágááráá] *n.* feral cow *pl:* naagaare *2pl:* naagaarεε
- naagale [náágálí] *n.* a type of dance which is meant to invite other dancers to the stage *pl:* naagalle 2*pl:* naagalεε
- naagane [náágánì] *n.* cowhide *pl:* naagama *2pl:* naagannεε
- naagaŋa [náágàŋá] n. kraal for cattle pl: naaganne 2pl: naagannεε
- naakoɔraa [náákʊ́ɔ́ráá] n. working bullock pl: naakoɔre 2pl: naakoɔreε

naakoərə naasaalaa

- naakoɔrə [náákớɔ́rɔ́] n. cattle seller pl: naakoɔrebɔ 2pl: naakoɔrebɛε
- naakyeemɛgbeŋkeroo [nááʧíſmɛ́gbĕŋkeróó] n. a type of wild small tree with edible fruit pl: naakyeemɛgbeŋkerri 2pl: naakyeemɛgbeŋkeree Var. gbeŋkeroo
- naakyeenε [nááʧíínέ] n. cattle herdsman pl: naakyeemε 2pl: naakyeemε
- naalee [nááléé] *n.* calf, heifer; a young cow or bull *pl*: naabilii *2pl*: naabillee
- naamaaroŋ [nàámááróŋ] n. large umbrella pl: naamaara 2pl: naamaarεε
- **naamanyeεnε** [náámáμíénέ] *adj.* common, unimportant
- naameε [nààmìέ] n. water turtle pl: naameene 2pl: naameenεε Var. naameεο
- naameεo [nààmtèto] n. turtle pl: naameεne 2pl: naameεnεε Var. naameε
- naamoɔ [náámóɔ́] n. a type of grass sg: naamoɔnoo pl: naamoore 2pl: naamoɔnɛε
- naamu [nàámù] *n.* head cloth *pl:* naamuri *2pl:* naamuree
- naane [nàànì] ν. to prepare, to get ready, to gather momentum to do something naanεε, naana, naana, naanema, naanaa
- naane [náání] *adv.* not *Ona naane de a libie*. S/he is not the one who took the money.

- naanεne [náánέnt] n. beef pl: naanεme 2pl: naanεnneε
- naanyaŋaa [náánáŋàá] n. cow that has had a calf pl: naanyaŋene 2pl: naanyaŋeneε
- Naaŋmene [nààŋmínì] n. God naaŋmemε pl: naaŋmemε 2pl: naaŋmenεε
- naapɔge [nààpɔ́gɪ́] n. daughter-inlaw pl: naapɔgeba/naapɔgemine 2pl: naapɔgrεε
- naapɔge [náápɔ́gí] n. female cow pl: naapɔgebɔ 2pl: naapɔgebεε
- naapəle [náápólì] *n.* young cow *pl:* naapələ
- naara [náárà] n. a variety of sorghum sg: naaroo pl: naare 2pl: naarεε
- naare [náárì] adj. four pl: naare 2pl: naareε
- naare [nààrì] ν. (1) strife to snatch from the ground (2) to attack, usually violently naarεε, naara, naara, naaraba, naaraa
- naare [náárì] v. to delay, to be late
 A doota naŋ woŋ a bie baaloŋ o ba naare fee zaa. When the doctor learnt of the child's sickness, he did not delay at all. naarεε, naara, naara, naaraa
- naasaa [náásàà] n. dragonfly pl: naasaare 2pl: naasaarεε
- naasaalaa [nààsááláá] *n.* white person, European *pl:* nasamine *2pl:* naasaalεε

naasaal-kuuri nafereme

- naasaal-kuuri [nààsààl-kúúrí] *n.* plough *pl:* naasaal-kue *2pl:* naasaal-kuree
- naasaalsenseroo [nààsàálsínsérőő] n. biscuits sg: naasaalsenseroo pl: naasaalsenseree
- naasaalsori [nààsààlsórí] n. road pl: naasaalsoe 2pl: naasaalsoree
- naasaal-taŋaa [nààsààl-tàŋáà] n. mango pl: naasaal-taŋema 2pl: naasaal-taŋemεε Var. maŋgo
- naasaal-teŋε [nààsààl-tíŋέ] n. Europe pl: naasaal-tenne 2pl: naasaal-tenne Var. nasa-tenε
- naasaraa [náásáràà] n. adult female cow that has not littered yet pl: naasarre 2pl: naasarreε Var.
- naasarelee [náásáríléé] n. adult female cow that has not littered yet pl: naasarebilii 2pl: naasarebillee Var. 'naasaraa
- naaseere [nààsììrì] *n*. a diseaese of the gums and teeth that produces sores *2pl*: naaseerεε
- naaweεmε [nàáwíέmέ] n. strayed cow pl: naaweεne 2pl: naaweεnεε
- **naaweεzoore** [nááwíézőőrí] *n.* a type of grass *pl:* **naaweεzoe** 2*pl:* **naaweεzoore**ε
- naayiri [nààyírì] n. (1) palace, chief's house (2) place of refuge pl: naayie 2pl: naayiree
- naayoo [nààyớɔ] n. young one, child pl: naayoore 2pl: naayoorεε

- naayoɔre [nààyòɔri] n. (1) penis of a cow (2) a type of whip made of leather pl: naayɔε 2pl: naayɔrεε
- naazage [náázàgí] n. cattle pen pl: naazagre 2pl: naazagrεε
- **naazeεraa** [náázìὲráà] *n.* hostile cow (usually one that has recently given birth) *pl:* **naazeεre**
- naazoŋmaa [náázờŋmáá] n. a cow that has lost part or all its tail pl: naazoŋmaara 2pl: naazoŋmaarɛε
- naazoo [náázớɔ] n. fly, housefly pl: naazoore 2pl: naazooreε Var. zoɔ
- naazo-sɔglaa [náázờ-sɔ́gláá] n. black fly pl: naazo-sɔglɔ 2pl: naazo-sɔglεε
- naazozuri [náázòzúrí] *n.* type of beads that look like the heads of flies *2pl:* naazozuree
- nabεllebie [nàbέllíbíé] n. camouflage pl: nabεllebiiri 2pl: nabεllebiiree
- nabie [nàbíé] *n.* royal person, prince *pl:* nabiiri *2pl:* nabiiree
- **nabiiluŋ** [nàbììlúŋ] *n.* the condition of being a prince
- **naboma** [nàbómá] *n.* riches, treasure *pl:* **nabomε**ε
- nadire [nàdíré] n. one who is qualified to be chief, chief-elect pl: nadiribe 2pl: nadiribee
- naferemε [náfírímέ] n. (1) heel (2) hoof (3) hind toe (of a bird) pl: naferre 2pl: naferεε/naferemεε

nage nanteŋ

nage [nágí] ν. to beat, to hit hard (especially on the back) nagεε, nagra, nagra, nagreba, nagraa

nage [nágí] ν. to produce a lot of nagεε, nagra, nagra, nagreba, nagraa

nage [nàgì] ν. to bend backward nagεε, nagra, nagra, nagreba, nagraa

nage [nàgì] v. to miss work • Daa zaa o man nage la toma dayeni. Every week she misses work once. nagεε, nagra, nagra, nagreba, nagraa

nage [nàgí] adj. crooked, bent backwards pl: nagre

nagenyuu [nàgìnúú] n. meningitis

nagbare [nàgbárí] *n.* shin *pl:* nagbarεε *2pl:* nagharrεε

nagbime [nàgbímé] *n.* heavy footsteps *2pl:* **nagbimee**

nakogi [nàkógí] *n.* throne *pl:* nakogri *2pl:* nakogree

nakpi [nàkpí] *adj.* mortal

nakyige [nàʧīgé] *n.* that which is great *pl:* nakyigri *2pl:* nakyigree

nakyige [nàʧígé] *n.* four-legged animal *pl:* nakyigri *2pl:* nakyigree

nakyige [nàʧígé] *n.* long, heavy stride *pl:* nakyigri *2pl:* nakyigree

nama [nàmá] *n*. carnivorous animal e.g. hyena *2pl*: namεε

namba [námbà] *n.* number *pl:* nambare 2*pl:* nambarεε

nambaŋka [nàmbàŋkà] *n.* state of being probable

nambiyaalaa [námbìyáálàà] *n.* centipede *pl:* nambiyaale 2*pl:* nambiyaalεε

nambonna [nàmbờnná] *n.* doubtfulness

nambogelo [nămbógló] *n.* hunter *pl:* nambogele 2*pl:* nambogelεε

namelemε [nàmílímέ] *n.* knockknee *2pl:* **namelemεε**

namonɔ [nàmònɔ] n. body decoration e.g. tattoo pl: namonne 2pl: namonɛɛ/namonnɛɛ Var. namona

nana [nàná] *adv.* slowly and painfully e.g. a very sick person

nandaa [nàndàá] *n.* limb *pl:* nandaare *2pl:* nandarεε

nandaana [nándááná] *n.* poor person, needy person *pl:* nandaanema

naneŋ [nàníŋ] adj. at last • Saa naneŋ mie la. At last it has rained.

nanna-nanna [nánná-nánná] adv. seldom • O da ba nagera yiri kyε o ma naŋ kpi o maŋ nanna-nanna la wa kuli wa. She used to come home regularly but since her mother's death she seldom comes home.

nannyige [nànnyìgé] *n.* thief *pl:* nannyigiri *2pl:* nannyigiree

nansoba [nánsờbá] *n.* poor person, needy person

nanteŋ [nàntèŋì] n. very large gun pl: nantenne 2pl: nantenneε Var. nanteŋ

nanyuuri nato

- nanyuuri [nànúúrí] n. potato; sweet potato sg: nanyuuruu pl: nanyie 2pl: nanyiiree
- naŋ₁ [năŋ] adv. (1) since O naŋ gaa a kəərεε la. It has been a long time since she went. (2) yet O naŋ ba gaa. She has not gone yet.
 O suuri naŋ naŋ ba sigi na te koŋ baŋ maale a zəəre. Since his anger has not cooled off yet, we cannot arbitrate.
- naŋ² [năŋ] adv. (1) still O naŋ zeŋ la be. She is still sitting there. (2) kindly, please Naŋ ko ma kõɔ ka N nyu. Kindly give me some water to drink.
- naŋa [náŋá] *n.* scorpion *pl:* nanne 2*pl:* nannεε
- naŋe [náŋì] *n.* poverty; scarcity *O* toma lee la ka naŋ kpε o. His business has collapsed and poverty has overtaken him. 2pl: nannεε
- naŋene [náŋìnì] *n.* hippopotamus *pl:* naŋema *2pl:* naŋenεε
- nangbagele [nǎngbáglí] *n.* bony meat; bone left over after the flesh has been removed *pl:* nangbagela *2pl:* nangbagelεε
- nangbeene [năngbiéré] n. (1) bits of meat cut from from different parts of the animal (2) profit Boŋ nangbeere ka fo nye a toma ŋa poɔ? What profit have you made from this work? pl: nangbeene 2pl: nangbeeree Var. nangbeene
- naŋkoɔredie [nàŋkòòrìdìé] n. store

- pl: nankoorederi 2pl: nankoorederee
- naŋkoɔrə [nàŋkớɔ́rɔ́] n. trader pl: naŋkoɔreba 2pl: naŋkoɔrebεε Var. naŋkoɔreba
- naŋkoɔse [nàŋkờɔ̀sí] n. butcher pl: naŋkoɔsere 2pl: naŋkoɔserεε
- naŋkpaana [năŋkpááná] n. hunter pl: naŋkpaama/naŋkpaane 2pl: naŋkpaanεε
- naŋmane [nàŋmání] n. pigeon pl: naŋmama 2pl: naŋmannεε
- napoloŋ [nàpờlớŋ] n. calf (part of the leg) pl: napolle 2pl: napolleε
- Napɔge [nàpɔ́gɪ́] *n.* name traditionally given to a younger female twin *pl:* napɔgeba *2pl:* napɔgebεε
- naraa [nàràà] adv. large
- nare [nárí] ν. to prepare; to get ready narεε, nara, nara, nareba, naraa
- nare [nàrì] v. to increase, to get out of control A vũu naree la ka ba kpinne faana. The fire has gotten out of control and they are struggling to put it out. naree, nara, nara, nareba, naraa
- nasa-kuuri [nàsà-kúúrí] *n.* plough *pl:* nasa-kue
- natεbaa [nátέbáá] n. large boil or abscess pl: natεrre 2pl: natεrεε
- nato [nàtó] *n.* a pair of metal high sounding instrument, used to call people's attention and as a musical instrument *pl:* natori *2pl:* natoree *Var.* lato/latori (pl.)

nawale nembaaloŋ

nawale [náwálí] *n.* ulcer *pl:* nawalle 2*pl:* nawalεε *Var.* nayagere

nayagere [nàyàgìrí] n. ulcer pl: nayaga 2pl: nayagerεε Var. nawale

ne [nî] conj. (1) and • Kõɔ ne vũũ koŋ tõɔ laŋ kpɛ. Water and fire cannot coexist. (2) with • Te maŋ kyɛ la daa ne lare. We cut a tree with an axe. Var. ane

neere [nìtrì] ν. to dodge by squeezing through • *A nannyige neere* tu la a loore takoroo zo. The thief squeezed himself through the car window and escaped. neerεε, neerε, neerε, neerebε, neeraa

neε [níέ] v. (1) to trample, to stamp on (2) to cheat neεε, neεrε, neεrε, neεrebε, neεraa, neεrebε

neε [níὲ] v. (1) to step on • N ba baŋ kyɛ neɛ o gbɛre kyɛ ka o su-uri iri. I stepped on her foot unintentionally, but she was angry. (2) to grind • A tẽẽ-erɛ neɛ la a tẽẽ eŋ kõɔ poɔ ko a baala. The herbal doctor ground the medicine and mixed it with water for the patient. neɛɛ, neɛrɛ, neɛrɛ, neɛrebɛ, neɛraa, neɛrebɛ

neε [nìὲ] n. person pl: noba 2pl: nerrεε

neene [nìènì] v. (1) to push through or under • Kεkεpele neene la a bie nubi-ẽε. A piece of stalk has lodged itself under the child's fingernail. (2) to refer to indirectly, to gossip • A pɔge ηa maŋ neɛnɛ la

o yontaa. This woman always gossips about her rival. (3) to tease neεnεε, neεnε, neεnemε, neεnaa

neεre [níέri] *n.* grindstone *pl:* nεε 2*pl:* nετεε

neere [nìèrì] v. to hide under cover • Kəkəlaa digi la a gyaŋgboŋo ka o zo kpe neere moə poə. The cat chased the mouse and it ran into hiding under the grass.

neɛrekuuri [níɛ́ríkúúrí] n. small stone used in grinding on the main grindstone pl: neɛrekubo 2pl: neɛrekuuree Var. nebiri

neere-saare [níérsáárí] *n.* small, soft broom used to gather flour *pl:* neersaæ *2pl:* neersaareε

neεzaa [níὲzàá] n. each person, everyone • Ba yeli ka neεzaa gaa a kpaaroŋ. It has been said that every person should attend the meeting.

negebaga [nìgìbàgà] *adj.* heavily built; usually referring to people

negiri [négirí] v. to bend the knees slightly as a sign of respect; usually by girls while the boys salute negiree, negire, negire, negiribe, negiraa

nelebala [nìlìbàlà] *adj.* large and bent backward

nembaala [nímbààlá] n. destitute, weak pl: nembaalba 2pl: nembaalbεε

nembaalon [nímbààlón] n. pity

nembaal-zoro nenlaara

- nembaal-zoro [nímbààl-zóró] n. merciful person pl: nembaalzoribo 2pl: nembaal-zoribee
- nembeene [nímbííní] *n.* someone with supernatural powers *pl:* nembeemε *2pl:* nembeemεε
- nembeε [nímbìέ] n. a mysterious person pl: nembeere 2pl: nembeerεε
- nembẽεο [nímbἷεὖ] n. crowd of people; many people pl: nebeεne/nembeεmε 2pl: nembeεnεε/nembeεmεε
- **nembeleŋ** [némbéléŋ] *adj.* bent slightly backwards
- **nembieri** [nímbíérí] *n.* malicious person *pl:* **nembebe**
- nembone [nímbóní] n. worthless person pl: nemboma 2pl: nembonneε
- **nembon-yεlε** [níbốn-yέlέ] *n.* useless talk
- nemboŋ [nímbóŋ] n. what sort of person, who Nemboŋ la na tõõ di naaloŋ Dagaaba laŋkpeɛbo poɔ? Who qualifies to be a chief among the Dagaaba?
- nemboore [nímbóórí] *n.* type of person *Maa ba baŋ nemboore na zaa naŋ la o*. I don't know what type of person she is. *pl:* nemboorɔ
- nembonnaa [nímbònnáà] n. acquaintance pl: nembonne 2pl: nembonneε
- **nembuo** [nímbúò] *n.* which person; who *pl:* **nembuobo**

- nemburee [nímbùréé] *n.* unintelligent person, confused person *pl:* nemburri *2pl:* nemburree
- **nemmeŋε** [nímmíŋέ] *n.* good person *pl:* **nemenne** *2pl:* **nemmenne**ε
- nempaalaa [nímpááláá] n. new person pl: nempaalba 2pl: nempaalεε
- nempelaa [nímpìlàá] *n.* (1) caucasian; white person (2) simple person, straightforward person *pl:* nempeεle 2*pl:* nempeεlεε
- nempogeraa [nímpògìráà] *n.* prisoner *pl:* nempogere *2pl:* nempogerεε
- nempogere-die [nímpògìrdìé] n. prison pl: nempogere-deri 2pl: nempogere-deree
- nendaare [nìndààri] adv. one day; in the future • O zagere la sakuuri gaabo nendaare kaŋa o na koŋ la dabaŋkalɛ. S/he has refused to go to school; one day she will regret it.
- nendεgere [níndέgrí] *n.* (1) dirty person (2) unscruplous person *pl:* nendεgε
- nenfaa [nìnfáà] n. bad person, wicked person pl: nenfaare 2pl: nenfaarεε
- nenfole [nínfólí] *n.* albino *pl:* nenfola *2pl:* nenfolεε
- nenlaane [nínlååní] *n.* worthless person *pl:* nenlaama *2pl:* nelaanεε
- nenlaara [nínláárá] *n.* person who laughs at others; scornful person *pl:* nenlaareba *2pl:* nenlaarebεε

nenlaaraa nenwee

- nenlaaraa [nínlààràà] n. person who is scorned, laughingstock pl: nenlaare Var. neŋ-e-laaraa
- nen-nyɔgera [nín-nɔ́gírà] *n.* conqueror *pl:* nen-nyɔgereba *2pl:* nen-nyɔgerebεε *Var.* nen-nyɔgerɔ
- nen-nyɔgeraa [nín-nɔ́gíráá] n. captive pl: nen-nyɔgere 2pl: nen-nyɔgerεε
- nensaala [nǐnsààlá] n. human being pl: nensaaleba 2pl: nensaalebεε
- nensaalabie [nínsààlàbíé] n. son of man pl: nensaalabiiri 2pl: nensaalabiiree
- nensaalon [nínsààlón] n. (1) humanity (2) something that is given a human face Ka a karemazuzeɛŋ da ba de nensaalon kpɛ ne a bie dɔgeron poɔ a ŋa a bie yi a sakuuriŋ. But for the headmaster giving a human face to the boy's punishment the boy would have been out of school. (3) personification (literature)
- nensaal-sɔgelaa [nínsáál-sɔ́gláá] *n.* the typical African person *pl:* nensaal-sɔglɔ
- nenseε [nínsíè] *n.* ghost, evil spirit, apparition *pl:* nenseere *2pl:* nenseerεε
- nenseεbaa [nìnsìὲbáá] n. (1) a fairly grown person in age A pogelee serε e la nenseεbaa. The young woman's husband is middle aged. (2) a fairly big person (size) pl: nenseεbaare 2pl: nenseεbaarεε

- nenselε [ninsilε] *interj.* great, well done *Var.* menselε
- nensenyετε [nínsípérè] n. one who sees spirits pl: nensenyετebε 2pl: nensenyετebεε
- nenson [nínsón] *n.* good person, holy person, *pl:* nensonne *2pl:* nensonneε
- nensoglaa [nínsógláá] n. black person pl: nensoglo
- nentaare [níntáári] *n.* saliva *2pl:* nentaarεε
- nentaboli [níntábòlí] n. large glob of saliva pl: nentabolo 2pl: nentabolee
- nentage [níntágí] *n.* (1) a thickset person (2) person of substance; wealthy *pl:* nentagere 2*pl:* nentagerεε
- nentage [níntàgì] *n.* (1) act of tugging e.g in a tussle (2) the act of taking people to court
- nentakyeετε [níntátʃτετε] n. (1) dried saliva around the mouth (2) dried tears on the cheek pl: nentakyeετε 2pl: nentakyeετε
- nentaŋ [níntáŋ] n. tears pl: nentanne 2pl: nentanneε Var. ŋmentɔŋ/ŋmentɔnneɛ (2pl.)
- nentegeroŋ [níntígrớŋ] *n.* important person; person of worth *pl:* nentegerε
- nenweε [nínwíέ] *n*. (1) a person who is not related to another (2) unwanted person *pl*: neweere 2*pl*: nenweerεε

neŋ-iraa nɛku-kpoŋ

- neŋ-iraa [níŋ-íráà] n. chosen person pl: neŋ-irri 2pl: neŋ-irree
- neŋkaa [níŋkàà] n. (1) the act of looking at people (2) the act of caring for people pl: neŋkaareba 2pl: neŋkaarebεε
- neŋkaara [níŋkáárá] n. (1) one who looks at people (2) one who takes care of people, caregiver pl: neŋkaareba 2pl: neŋkaarebεε
- neŋkaaraa [nĭŋkààráà] n. one who is cared for pl: neŋkaare
- neŋkanoo [níŋkànớờ] n. mature person, old person pl: neŋkana/neŋkama 2pl: neŋkanεε
- neŋkaraa [níŋkáráá] n. an unruly person pl: neŋkare 2pl: neŋkarεε
- $\mathbf{ne} \mathbf{n} \mathbf{kara} \mathbf{a}$ [níkàràà] n. large person
- neŋkoorə [níŋkớớrà] n. murderer pl: neŋkoorebə Var. neŋkoora
- neŋkore [níŋkớrí] n. old person pl: neŋkora
- **neŋkɔge** [níŋkɔ́gí] *n.* lean person *pl:* neŋkɔgre *2pl:* neŋkɔgrεε
- neŋkpeɛŋaa [níŋkpíɛ́ŋáá] n. (1) healthy person (2) strong person pl: neŋkpeɛne
- neŋkpoŋi [níŋkpôŋ] n. (1) adult, elder (2) leader pl: neŋkponni 2pl: neŋkponnee
- neŋkpɔre [níŋkpɔ́rí] *n.* weak and sickly person *pl*: neŋkpɔε *2pl*: neŋkpɔrεε
- nerroŋ [nírróŋ] n. consanguinity, blood ties, blood relationship A ba seŋ ka naasaalaa toma kaara

- *nerron*. Government employment should not be based on blood ties.
- nεbiri [nέbìrí] *n.* smaller stone used in grinding on the main grindstone *pl:* nεbie *2pl:* nεbiiree
- nεbo [nέbʊ́] ν. (1) to dress well (2) to tuck in one's shirt nεbεε, nεbrε, nεbraa, nεbrebε, nεbraa
- nε-bɔgeraa [nέ-bɔ́gíràá] n. smooth grinding stone pl: nε-bɔgere 2pl: nε-bɔɡerεε
- negaa [négáá] n. a type of cedarlike tree with very hard wood pl: negere 2pl: negereε
- negetegεε [nègìtégéé] adj. curved inward A a die peε deε waa la negetegεε lε. The roof of the house is looking sunken in. Var. negtegε
- negetegee [nègítégéé] n. depression, place that is curved inward Saa mie la ka kõɔ are a pee negetegee poɔ. It has rained and water has collected in a depression in the roof. pl: negtegere 2pl: negtegereε
- **nεguo** [négùó] *n.* raised ground on which grindstones are placed *pl:* **nεgore** *2pl:* **nεgoree**
- nε-gyieraa [nέ-dzèráà] *n.* rough grindstone *pl:* nε-gyieri
- nεku-bile [nέkú-bílé] n. smaller version of a neεrekuuri pl: nεku-bilii 2pl: nεku-bilee
- nεku-kpoŋ [nὲkú-kpôŋ] n. larger version of neεrekuuri pl: nεkukponni 2pl: nεku-kponnee

nele nimifuri

nele [nélí] ν. to fill completely • A bogi da nele ne la ɔnne. The burrow was full of mice. nelee, nele, nelaa, nelebe, nelaa

nell [nèll] adv. long and unwieldy

nεmbeene [nέmbííní] n. cooked meat pl: nεmbeemε 2pl: nεmbeenεε

nembelen [nèmbèlèn] adv. long and crooked

nembiri [némbírì] n. boneless meat sg: nembiruu pl: nembie 2pl: nembiree

nεmmaaroŋ [némmááróŋ] n. fresh meat pl: nεmmaara 2pl: nεmmaarεε

nεmpoonaa [nέmpᡠónáá] n. rotten meat pl: nεmpoone 2pl: nεmpooneε

nεne [nέnì] n. (1) meat (2) flesh pl: nεmε

nenefene [nènìféní] v. to try to get attention • O naŋ waa biyeni na ana la so ka o nenefene. She is an only child; that is why she wants so much attention. nenefenee, nenefene, nenefenee, nenefeneaa

nene [néné] adv. precisely • A sokyene manne la o sori yele nene leen te baare. The traveler narrated precisely what she/he encountered on the journey.

nεnzeε [nέnzìέ] n. lean meat sg: nεnzeroo pl: nεnzeere 2pl: nεnzeerεε **πεηεε** [nèŋèè] adj. saggy

πεηεε [πέηέέ] adj. saggy

neŋkãa [néŋkãã] n. fatty meat sg: neŋkaao pl: neŋkaanεε

nεŋkaraa [nέŋkáráá] n. raw meat pl: nεŋkare 2pl: nεŋkarεε

neŋkooro [néŋkớớrð] n. butcher pl: neŋkooreba Var. naŋkoose

nεŋkuoŋaa [nέŋkúóŋáá] n. smoked meat pl: nεŋkuoni 2pl: nεŋkuonee Var. nεŋkũoaa

ก**ะ**ทุ**ท**maara [ทะ์ทุทmáárá] *n.* butcher *pl:* ท**ะ**ทุ**ท**maareba *Var.* naŋkoɔse

nere [nèrì] ν. to be buried underneath e.g. in the soil neree, nere, nerebe, neraa

nibiri [nìbirì] *n.* emotion *2pl:* nibiree

nii [nîi] adj. eight

nimibaaloŋ [nímíbààlôŋ] *n.* kindness

nimibaare [nímíbáárí] n. bloodshot 2pl: nimibaarεε Var. nimibeεmε

nimibiri [nímíbírì] *n.* pupil (of eye) sg: nimibiruu *pl*: nimibie *2pl*: nimibiree

nimibuli [nímíbúlí] *n.* eye with a cataract *pl:* nimibulo *2pl:* nimibulee

nimifaa [nímífáá] n. evil eye pl: nimifaare 2pl: nimifaarεε

nimifaa [nímífáá] n. wrong side (of fabric) pl: nimifaare 2pl: nimifaarεε

nimifuri [nímífùrì] v. (1) to be wideeyed (2) to show wit

nimigane nimisogə

- nimigane [nímígánì] *n.* eyelid *pl:* nimigama *2pl:* nimiganεε
- **nimigbaŋkɔɔloŋ** [nímígbàŋkɔ́ɔlʊ́ŋ] *n.* eyebrow
- nimigbεlεε [nímígbèlèè] n. the state of being considerate Var. nimimaaroŋ
- nimigboŋkogiri [nímígbòŋkógrí] n. brow, the part of the face where the eyebrow is located pl: nimigboŋkogiro 2pl: nimigboŋkogiree Var. nimigboŋkobo (pl.)
- nimikaare [nímíkáárì] *n.* eyeballs *pl:* nimikaare
- **nimiko** [nímíkò] *n.* act of doing wicked things
- nimikõo [nímík \tilde{v} 5] n. (1) watery eyes (2) tears 2pl: nimikoonεε
- **nimikɔɔloŋ** [nímíkɔ́ɔ́loဴŋ] *n.* eyelash
- nimikuoŋaa [nímíkúóŋáá] n. wickedness pl: nimikuoni 2pl: nimikuonee Var. nimitiiruŋ
- nimikyaane [nímítʃáání] *n.* eye glasses, spectacles *pl:* nimikyaane *2pl:* nimikyaanaa
- nimilaa [nímíláá] *n.* eye socket *pl:* nimilaare 2*pl:* nimilaareε
- nimimaaroŋ [nímímááröŋ] n. kindness, having pity on others pl: nimimaara 2pl: nimimaarεε
- niminyετε [nímínyέτὲ] *n.* visionary, seer *pl:* niminyετebε 2*pl:* niminyετebεε
- **nimipẽε** [nímípš̃] n. the act of claiming to be wise

- nimipeεnε [nímípíέnέ] *n*. one who claims to be wise *pl*: nimipeεnemε 2*pl*: nimipeεnemεε
- **nimipee** [nimipee] n. the act of showing oneself to be wiser than others
- **nimipoŋi** [nímípôŋ] n. puss-like fluid on the surface of the eyeball pl: nimiponni 2pl: nimiponnee Var. nimipuuri
- **nimipage** [nímípagi] *n.* the act of blindfolding or confusing others
- nimipuuri [nímípúúrí] n. puss-like fluid on the surface of the eyeball pl: nimipuuree Var. nimipoŋi
- nimiri [nímírì] n. (1) eye (2) stinginess; avarice N ba taa la libie kyɛ nimiri koŋ sage ka o da tiivi paalaa. My father has the money but his stinginess would not allow him to buy a new TV. (3) covetousness A bie ŋa taa la nimiri, o maŋ nyɛ la o tɔ zaa bone boɔrɔ o. This child is covetous; he wants anything that another child has. sg: nimiruu pl: nimie 2pl: nimiiree
- nimiri [nímírì] n. success O toma taa la nimiri pampana. That job of his is becoming fruitful. sg: nimiruu pl: nimie 2pl: nimiree
- nimiri-soba [nímírì-sòbá] n. (1) miser (2) one who covets pl: nimiri-deme 2pl: nimi-demee
- nimisogo [nímísógó] n. face A poge kaa la a o bibaala nimisogo kyɛ viiri zu. The woman looked into her sick child's face and shook

nimisogo noo

her head. *pl:* **nimisogere** 2*pl:* **nimisogerε**

nimisogɔ [nímísógɔ́] adv. in front of, ahead of • A gane biŋ la n nimisogɔ. The book is placed in front of me.

nimisoo [nímísóò] n. dizziness, confusion pl: nimisoore 2pl: nimisooreε

nimitiiruŋ [nímítììrúŋ] n. wickedness Var. nimikuoŋaa

nimitoloŋ [nímítớlớŋ] n. haste

nimitore [nímítóórí] post. (1) ahead, in front of • Ka fooŋ mɔnɔ lɔɔre a seŋ ka fo kaara nimitɔɔre. If you drive you must look ahead. (2) forward (distance, direction) • O yeli ka N gaa nimitɔɔre fẽe kyɛ leɛ tu nudoloŋ. She directed that I should go ahead a little and turn right.

nimiyuo [nímíyúò] n. an action that creates the impression that one is more intelligent than another • Te naŋ gaa a nɛne pommu Bayuo da boɔrɔ ka o wuli nimiyuo kyɛ ka te ba sage. When we went to share the meat Bayuo wanted to cheat but we did not give him the chance.

nimiyuoro [nímíyúóró] *n.* wellinformed person, one who is abreast of the times *pl:* nimiyuoribo *2pl:* nimiyuoribee

nimizeε [nímízìέ] *n.* seriousness *pl:* nimizeere 2*pl:* nimizeerεε

nine [nínè] n. face • A bi-entuo na ba man booro na pege o nine

baguo. That lazy child does not like washing his face in the morning. pl: ninni 2pl: ninnee

nine sógó –in front, before, ninesogre, ninesogrεε in front, before

niŋe [níŋé] adv. in front of, ahead of
O de la a kogi wa biŋ a saana niŋeŋ. He placed the seat in front of the visitor.

nirii [nìriî] *n.* a type of creeping plant with edible seeds *2pl:* **nirree**

no [nờ] ν. to grind a object by rubbing it against a surface noε, noona, noona, noonema, noonaa

nomo [nómá] adj. (1) sweet, tasty • A tigiri bondirii da nomo la yaga. The food at the party was really tasty. (2) interesting • A sensellon da nomo la ka a bibiiri la paale zie zaa. The story was interesting and so the children laughed off their heads. Var. noma

noore [nòòrì] ν. (1) to slither (snake) (2) to move aside; usually backwards and away from noorεε, noora, noora, nooreba, nooraa, nooreba

noore [nòờrì] ν. to search, to look for nooreε, noora, noora, nooreba, nooraa, nooreba

noo [nòó] n. happiness, joy • Pogebilii yaga maŋ teɛre ka noo yoŋ la be serekuli poo. Most young women think that marriage carries with it only joy. pl: noore 2pl: nooreε

noo nogõo

noo [nớò] n. fowl pl: noore 2pl: nooreε

- noo [nờò] ν. to grow fat or large noose, noono, noono, noonema, noona
- noo [nòó] adj. sweet N lenne la a tii ka a waa noo le. I tasted the tea and it was very sweet. pl: noone 2pl: nooneε
- **noɔ-noɔre** [nʊ́ɔ́-nʊ́ɔ́rì] *n.* the habit of always eating
- noore [nớớrè] *n.* (1) mouth (2) beak, bill *pl:* noε *2pl:* norεε
- noore [nʊ́ɔ́rè] n. edge pl: noε 2pl: noreε
- noore [nóórè] n. exact quantity pl: noε 2pl: noreε
- noore [nốớrè] n. statement pl: noε 2pl: noreε
- **noɔre** [nʊ́ɔ́rè] *n.* the habit of talking a lot *pl:* nɔε *2pl:* nɔrεε
- **noɔre-emmo** [nʊ́ɔ́rɪ́-ɪ́mmʊ́] *n.* promise
- nore [nòrì] *v.* (1) to bend inward, usually with force (2) to hide something (3) to appear without warning e.g. forcing a seed out of a fruit norεε, norɔ, norə, norəa
- noberaa [nóbéráá] n. irritableness pl: noberre 2pl: nobereε
- nobinnaa [nóbìnnáá] n. agreement pl: nobinni
- nobirime [nóbìrìmé] *n.* fowl with stunted feathers *pl:* nobirimeri *2pl:* nobirimee

- nɔboɔroŋ [nɔ́bʊ́ɔ́rʊ́ŋ] *n.* troubling another person; irritation
- nəboyi [n

 śbóyì] n. double standards
- noboŋɔ [nóbóŋó] n. bit e.g. of a horse pl: nobonne 2pl: nobonneε Var. nobaŋa
- nodaa [nódáá] n. rooster pl: nodaare 2pl: nodaarεε Var. noraa (pl.)
- nodaakommiruu [nódáákómmírúú] n. a type of caterpillar, similar in appearance to a maggot, with a red head; typically found in the ground pl: nodaakommie 2pl: nodaakommiree
- nədakpon [nədakpón] n. capon pl: nədakponni 2pl: nədakponnee
- nodalee [nòdàléé] *n.* cockerel *pl:* nodabilii *2pl:* nodabillee
- nodo [nódó] n. food
- nodoone [nódòòní] *n.* that which is too little to satisfy (food) *2pl:* nodoonεε
- nɔ-ennaa [nɔ́-ìnnáà] n. vow, promise pl: nɔ-enne 2pl: nɔ-ennεε
- nofaa [nófáá] *n.* rudeness; foul mouth *pl:* nofaare 2*pl:* nofaarεε
- **nɔfolee** [nɔfolee] *n.* inability to keep a secret
- nofõoo [nófõõõj n. quick at talking pl: nofoone 2pl: nofooneε
- nogeraa [nógráá] *n.* sojourner *pl:* nogere 2*pl:* nogerεε
- nogõo [nóg \tilde{v} \tilde{v}] n. moustache pl: nogoone 2pl: nogoone ε

nəgoolə nənəmaa

- nəgoolə [nə̀gòòlə̀] *n.* moustache *Var.* nəgoola
- nogoo [nógòó] *n.* one-winged fowl *pl:* nogoore *2pl:* nogooreε
- **nɔgbɛmbebe** [nɔ́gbɛ́mbébé] *n.* curse, foul language
- nogbene [nógbénì] *n*. lip sg: nogbennoo *pl*: nogbeme 2*pl*: nogbennee
- nɔhaaroŋ [nɔ́hááróŋ] n. troublesomeness, pestering behaviour Var. nɔyaaroŋ
- nokonnoo [nókònnóó] n. sweet talk pl: nokonnoore 2pl: nokonnooreε
- nokooloŋ [nókóólóŋ] *n.* feathers of fowl *2pl:* nokoolεε
- **nɔkɔrema** [nɔśkɔrɪma] *n.* a type of fowl with feathers like those of a partridge *pl:* nɔkɔrre 2*pl:* nɔkɔrrεε
- nəkpage [nókpágí] *n.* gluttonism *Var.* nəkpogi
- nokpankyoone [nókpántʃớɔ́ní] n. a type of fowl with ash-coloured feathers pl: nokpankyoomo 2pl: nokpankyoonεε
- nokpeεne [nókpí<ní] n. argument 2pl: nokpeεnεε
- nəkpogi [n

 śkpógí] n. gluttonism pl: nəkpogiri 2pl: nəkpogiree Var. nəkpage
- nəlaŋ [nólàŋ] n. unity; agreement
- nolee [nòléé] *n.* chick *pl:* nobilii *2pl:* nobillee
- **nɔlibie** [nɔlibie] *n.* a type of fowl with spotted feathers
- nəll [nàll] adj. oval and large

- nəll [nɔśll] adj. oval and small
- **nɔluuri** [nɔ́lùùrì] *n*. the act of renouncing an oath
- nomaa [nómáà] n. surprise pl: nomaama 2pl: nomaanεε
- nomelime [nómélímé] *n.* sweets *pl:* nomelimee
- **nomelime** [nómélímé] *adj.* craving for sweet things
- nəmm [nəmm] *adv.* at rest; without movement
- nommo [nómmʊ́] *n.* love; strong affection or likeness for
- nomoonaa [nómóónáá] n. lips decorated with red lipstick pl: nomoone/nomoomo 2pl: nomooneε
- nomuri [nómúrí] *n.* a small, smooth stick fixed in a hole made in the lip *pl*: nomue *2pl*: nomuuree
- nəmuu [nəmùu] n. dumbness pl: nəmuuni 2pl: nəmuunee
- nonene [nónénì] n. chicken (meat) sg: nonenoo pl: noneme 2pl: nonennee
- nonne [nònní] *n.* love, affection *2pl:* nonnεε
- nənne boore [nənní bòòrí] *n*. the act of taking sides
- nonoo [nónờó] n. convincing talk; sweet mouth pl: nonoore 2pl: nonooreε
- nɔnɔ [nɔ́nɔ́] n. lover, one who likes pl: nɔnema 2pl: nɔnemεε Var. nɔna
- **nɔnɔmaa** [nònòmàà] *n*. a type of tree with medicinal properties and edible fruits *pl*: nɔnɔmaε

nənyaŋaa nətore

- nonyaŋaa [nóɲáŋáá] n. adult female hen (one that has hatched chicks) pl: nonyaŋene 2pl: nonyaŋenεε
- nonyeεraa [ńɔɲíɛ́ráà] n. laying fowl pl: nonyeεre 2pl: nonyeεrεε
- **nɔnyemε** [nɔ́nimɛ́] *n*. disturbing sharp utterance e.g. barking puppy *2pl*: nɔnyemεε
- none [nón] v. (1) to massage (2) to make soft by applying substances and wringing out (leather) (3) to knead noneε, nono, nono, nonema, nonaa
- none [nòη] v. (1) to like, to love (2) to prefer noneε, nono, nono, nonema, nonema
- noo [noos] *adv.* very one, exactly *O ne o zu noo la da wa a kyε.* He is the very one who came here.
- noofeele [nòòfíili] n. a hard, sharp nail on the back of the leg of a full-grown male fowl pl: noofeele, 2pl: noofeelεε
- nɔɔganaa [nɔ̀ɔgànàá] n. big vein running from the heel to the calf pl: nɔɔganne 2pl: nɔɔganεε
- nookyoone [nòòkyớớní] n. ankle pl: nookyoona 2pl: nookyoonεε
- nɔɔpelaa [nɔ́ɔpíláá] n. abscess on the sole of the foot
- nɔɔsaŋkpaare [nɔ̀ɔsaŋkpáarí] n. (1) heel (2) hind toe of a bird pl: nɔɔsaŋkpaa 2pl: nɔɔsaŋkpaarεε
- nɔɔtemiri [nòòtímírì] n. shoelaces pl: nɔɔtemie 2pl: nɔɔtemiiree

- nootere [nòòtírì] n. footwear, sandal, shoe sg: nooteroo pl: nooteε 2pl: nooteerεε
- nootere [nóɔ́tírí] n. boil, abscess sg: nooteroo pl: nooteε 2pl: nooteeεε
- nopollaa [nópólláà] *n.* vow, promise *pl:* nopolle *2pl:* nopollεε
- nəpəllee [nɔ́pɔ́lléé] n. young fowl pl: nəpəlbilii 2pl: nəpəlbillee Var. nəpəle; nəpələ
- nore [nòrì] v. to be lucky Zenε karembiiri banaŋ naŋ ba wa sakuuri wiĕu noreɛ la ne a karema potuo na naŋ ba wa sakuuri, o da na eŋe ba zĕε. Today, those pupils who came to school late were lucky that wicked teacher did not come to school since he would have punished them severely. noreɛ, noro, noro, noreba, noraa
- nosare [nósárí] *n.* a hen trough *Var.* nosere
- nosere [nósérí] *n.* drinking water container for fowl *pl:* nosaε 2*pl:* nosereε *Var.* nosare
- **nɔtεεtεε** [nɔtέεtὲὲ] *n.* incompatible statements; usually made by the same person
- nətenzuŋi [nɔténzúŋ] n. pursed lips; protruding lips to show anger, annoyance pl: nətenzunni 2pl: nətenzunee/nətenzunee
- **notore** [nótóri] *n*. the act of pressing the lips together (sign of annoyance)

notoro nukuni

- notoro [nòtòrò] *n.* moustache *pl:* notore *2pl:* notoree
- **nɔtuo** [nɔ́túó] *n.* abusiveness; rudeness of language
- notuo [nótúó] n. hungering
- nɔ-uunaa [nɔ-uuniaa] n. brooding fowl pl: nɔ-uuni 2pl: nɔ-uunee
- novelaa [nóvíláá] *n.* encouraging talk
- nowogi [nówógì] *n.* dog *pl:* nowogri *2pl:* nowogree
- nowoo [nówòó] *n.* abrassiveness *pl:* nowoore 2*pl:* nowooreε *Var.* notuo
- nɔyaaroŋ [nɔ́yáárʊ́ŋ] *n.* trouble causing, pestering *Var.* nɔyaaroŋ
- **nɔyoɔre** [nɔ́yʊ̀ɔ̀ri] *n.* pestering e.g. a little child
- nozage [nózàgí] *n.* pen for hens *pl:* nozagere *2pl:* nozagerεε
- **nəzagere** [nə́zàgìrì] n. disobedience
- **nɔzeε** [nɔ́zíɛ́] *n.* red mouth
- nəzoolə [nɔ́zʊ́ʊlɔ́] n. fringe pl: nəzooleε Var. nəzoola
- nɔzɔbɔ [nɔ́zɔ̀bɔ́] *n.* the act of pestering someone to annoy that person *Var.* nɔzɔba
- nsε [nsὲ] n. (1) Mr (2) great one
- nu [nû] n. hand, arm sg: nuuruu pl: nuuri 2pl: nuuree
- nubaŋa [núbáŋá] n. bangle for the wrist pl: nubanne 2pl: nubannεε. Var. nu bɔŋɔ
- nubidaa [núbìdáà] n. thumb pl: nubidaare 2pl: nubidaarεε

- nubidori [núbìdórí] n. finger joint; knuckle pl: nubidorri 2pl: nubidoree
- nubi-eεne [núbì-íέní] *n.* fingernail *pl:* nubi-eεmε *2pl:* nubi-eεnεε *Var.* nubi-ẽε/nubi-ẽmε
- **nubilee** [núbìléé] *n.* smallest finger, pinky *pl:* **nubibilii** *2pl:* **nubilbillee**
- nubiri [núbìrì] *n.* finger *pl:* nubie/nubiiri *2pl:* nubiiree
- nudεgere [núdέgírí] *n.* dirty hand *pl:* nudεgε 2*pl:* nudεgrεε
- nudolon [núdờlôn] n. (1) right hand (2) to the right (direction) pl: nudolle 2pl: nudollεε Var. dolon
- nufoori [núfóórì] n. closed empty hand A bie ũũ la libiri o nu kaŋa poo kyɛ yeli ka N iri kaŋa ka N ŋmɛ a nugɔɔ, ka o yuoro ka nufoori la. The girl hid a coin in one of her closed hands and asked me to choose one, and when I chose her left hand, it was empty. pl: nufoe 2pl: nuforee
- nufoɔ̃o [núfʊ̃ɔ̃ʊ̃] n. ability to act fast with the hand pl: nufoɔne 2pl: nufoɔneε
- nugɔɔ [núgòò] n. left hand pl: nugɔɔre 2pl: nugɔɔrεε Var. gɔɔ
- nugɔɔ [núgɔ̀ò] *post.* towards the left direction *Var.* gɔɔ
- **nugunno** [núgúnnó] *n.* very poor, helpless *2pl:* **nugunnee**
- nukuni [núkúní] *n.* fist *pl:* nukumo *2pl:* nukunee

nukuoŋaa nyaa

nukuoŋaa [núkúóŋáá] n. dry hand pl: nukuoni 2pl: nukuonee

nukpara [núkpárá] *n.* both hands put together *pl:* **nukparre** *2pl:* **2pl: 2pl: 2pl: 2pl: 2pl: 2pl: 2pl: 2pl: 2pl: 2pl: 2pl**

nulaama [núláámá] *n.* idle hands nulaayεlε [núlàáyέlε] *n.* work of idle hands

nuperaa [núpíràà] *n.* finger snap *pl:* **nuperre** 2*pl:* **nuperrεε**

nupoo [núpថό] n. palm (of hand) pl: nupoore 2pl: nupoorεε

nupuori [núpúórì] *n.* back of the hand *pl:* **nupoe** *2pl:* **nuporee**

nusampane [núsámpání] n. palm (of hand) pl: nusampama 2pl: nusampanεε

nusugili [núsúgílí] *n.* wrist *pl:* nusugilo *2pl:* nusugilee

nutaa [nútàà] n. wealthiness

nutale [nútálì] *n.* palm (of hand) *pl:* nutala 2*pl:* nutalεε

nutara [nútárá] *n.* wealthy person *pl:* nutareba *2pl:* nutarebεε

nute $\tilde{\epsilon}$ [nút $\tilde{\epsilon}$] n. the act of giving, benevolence

nuu [núú] *adj.* five *pl:* nuuri *2pl:* nuure

nuulee [núúléé] n. bird pl: nuuli
nuuleemakõõ [núúléémákỗỗ] n.
a type of small creeping plant
pl: nuuleemakoɔnεε Var. nuuleemakõɔkõɔ

nuuleemakõɔkõɔ [núúléémákỗókỗó] n. a type of plant with medicinal properties

nuulikəəloŋ [nùúlìkə́ələ́ŋ] n. feather pl: nuulikəəlo

nuulikyoo [nùúlìʧóò] *n.* bird nest *pl:* nuulikyoore

nuuliparezoore [núúlipárizớ
ớrín] *n.* pintailed bird *pl:* **nuuliparezoe** *2pl:* **nuuliparezoorε**ε

nuulitige [núùlitígé] n. flock (of birds) – singular or plural agreement 2pl: nuulitigree

nuwogi [núwógí] n. (1) lightfingeredness (2) thief pl: nuwogiri 2pl: nuwogiree

nuyoɔre [núyʊ̀ɔri] *n.* something that causes boredom, inactivity

nu-yuo [nú-yùò] n. generosity pl: nu-yuori 2pl: nu-yuoree

nuzagele-pie [núzáglì-píé] *n.* empty handedness

nuzεgere [núzέgrí] *n*. handshake

ny

nyaa [náà] *n.* chest *pl:* nyaε 2*pl.* nyaane/nyaanεε

nyaa [nàà] v. (1) to break e.g.

light of day (2) to recover oneself; to come round (3) to awaken nyaae, nyaana, nyaana,

nyaa nyagele

nyaanema, nyaanaa

- nyaa [nàà] adj. wise, crafty
- nyaaba [náábà] *n.* disgrace, shame 2pl: nyaabεε Var. nyaama
- **nyaalbini** [nààlbíní] *n.* a disease that causes itchy rashes *2pl:* **nyaalbinee**
- nyaalbiri [nààlbírí] *n.* guinea worm (the worm) *pl:* nyaalbie *2pl:* nyaalbiree
- nyaale [náálì] ν. to move fire closely over a surface or move an object closely over fire nyaalεε, nyaala, nyaala, nyaaleba, nyaalaa
- nyaalenyieli [nààlìnyíélì] v. to walk with buttocks thrust backward and legs apart (because of sores on the buttocks or groin) nyaalenyielee, nyaalenyiele, nyaalenyielaa
- nyaalombiri [náàlômbírì] *n.* guinea worm (the worm) *pl:* nyaalombie *2pl:* nyaalombiiree
- nyaalompoo [náálómpóó] n. undeveloped or dormant guinea-worm disease pl: nyaalompoore 2pl: nyaalompoore
- nyaalon [nààlón] *n.* guinea worm disease *pl:* nyiile *2pl:* nyiilee
- nyaanaa [nàànáà] *n.* craft, cunning *pl:* nyaane
- nyaane [pààné] *n.* (1) wit (2) wisdom *2pl:* nyaanεε
- nyaanema [nàànímà] n. cat pl: nyaanemamine 2pl: nyaanemεε

- nyaanoo [náánɔś] adv. at once A wuo la a boma nyaanɔɔ ka saa na poɔ a. S/he collected the things at once to prevent them being soaked by the rain.
- nyaanyieli [nàànyíélì] v. to walk with legs apart (usually because of sores on the buttocks) nyaanyielee, nyaalanyiele, nyaanyiela, nyaanyielibe, nyaanyielaa
- nyaanyoo [náányớᡠ] adv. (1) dim (2) light (weight)
- nyaaraa [nááráá] n. (1) rake, fork;
 (2) a type of small plant that grows on waste land (3) bean soup, soup without okra pl: nyaare 2pl: nyaarεε Var. gbaalaa
- nyaaraa [nááráá] n. broom made from this plant pl: nyaare 2pl: nyarεε
- nyaare [nààrì] ν. to grind roughly e.g. in order to peel the husks off seeds nyaarεε, nyaara, nyaarah, nyaarah
- nyaatafale [μáátáfálí] *n*. emptiness nyabipeε [μábìμíε] *n*. ribcage *pl*: nyabipere 2*pl*: nyabipereε
- nyabiri [nábìrí] *n.* (1) rib (2) a disease that causes a cramp in the chest *pl:* nyabie *2pl:* nyabiree/nyabiiree
- nyage [nágí] ν. to become very angry, to become wild nyagεε, nyagra, nyagra, nyagraba, nyagraa
- nyagele [nàgìlì] v. to be entangled in spiky material (thorns) nyaglεε, nyagla, nyagla, nyagleba, nyaglaa

nyagele nyane

nyagele [nàgìlì] ν. to draw arms in a bid to fight (typically used with kpaŋkpama) nyaglεε, nyagla, nyagla, nyagleba, nyaglaa

nyagere [nágírí] *n*. (1) bowel (2) tree root *pl*: nyaga 2*pl*: nyagrεε

nyagere [nàgìrì] v. (1) bite suddenly and sharply (dog bite) • A baa digi te nyoge la a nannyige gbere e nygere o naŋ doŋ. The dog ran after the thief and bit tore at his leg instantly. (2) get stimulated • Saa ba miire azuiŋ n eŋɛ ba nyagera ne weɛ gaabo. It does not rain and so I am not encouraged to go to the farm. nyagrɛɛ, nyagra, nyagra, nyagreba, nyagraa

nyageron [nágrón] adv. (1) quickly
• Kyɛŋe nyageron ka te gaa wieu.
Walk fast so that we can get there quickly. (2) intelligently • A pɔge da e la nyāgeron ne o nan tage a dɔɔ yi a sorin, ka lɛ naane a lɔɔre da na ŋmɛ o la. The woman was smart by pulling the man out of the way otherwise the lorry would have hit him.

nyagesaga [nágíságá] adj. jumbled, dry, and bare e.g. metal scrap, bones • A kuridaare e la nyagesaga lε a davorikpoŋi poɔ. The scrap of metal was jumbled up in the yard.

nyakpuli [nákpúlí] *n.* sternum *pl:* nyakpulo *2pl:* nyakpulee

nyale [pàlí] *adv.* suddenly, usually used to describe the sudden man-

ner some animals excrete • Ba ŋmɛ la a bagao ka o nyɛ bini nyale. They hit the mad dog and it defecated suddenly.

nyalle [nàllì] ν. to eat with very little sauce nyallεε, nyalla, nyalla, nyaleba, nyallaa

nyam [nàm] ν to take heart, to be patient nyamεε, nyamena, nyamena, nyamena

nyama [nàmà] adv. gripping suddenly • A kɔkɔlaa vare guri la a gyangboŋ lε nyama. The cat jumped on the mouse, gripping it firmly.

nyamaa [nàmàà] *adv.* mixed up, congested

nyamama [námámá] adv. rising in intensity (pain) • Ka gyaŋg-boŋiŋ wa peɛle fo kyɛ doŋ a be maŋ buori nyamama lɛ. When a mouse gnaws at your foot, the pain rises slowly.

nyambaran [nàmbàràn] adj. itchy • Ka neɛŋ puri wale eŋe ka-uri poɔ, o eŋɛ maŋ waa la nyambaraŋ lɛ. If you sweat on top of millet chaff your body is normally itchy.

nyaŋ [náŋ] ν. to age, to become old nyaŋεε, nyaŋena, nyaŋena, nyaŋenaa

nyaŋe [ŋáŋ] adj. hasty • Kyɛŋ gbɛnyaŋe ka te gaa, zie soɔrɔ la. Walk fast; let's go, for the night is falling on us.

nyaŋema nyelennyeleŋ

nyaŋema [nánjímà] n. accident 2pl: nyaŋemεε

- nyangalan [nàngàlàn] adv. thick and stiff
- nyaraa-nyaraa [náráánáráá] *adj.* with small pointed appendages e.g. crab
- **nyaranyara** [pàràpàrà] *adj.* rough, rugged e.g. stony ground
- nyarata [nárátá] *adv.* swiftly e.g. movement of lizard *Var.* nyaratatata
- nyareman [nàrìmàn] *adj.* hot e.g. food
- **nyarewara** [pàrìwàrà] *adj.* grainy, stony e.g. unplastered floor
- nyaroo [ɲárڻ
ថ) adj . small and lean
- **nyawele** [nåwílí] *n.* one that is the greatest *pl:* **nyawelε** *2pl:* **nyawelεε**
- nyeε [pìέ] n. snot 2pl: nyeεnεε
- nyeεne [pìέní] n. (1) bulb, tuber
 (2) descendant of mother's line pl:
 nyeεmε 2pl: nyeεnεε
- nyeεre [nièri] ν. to test, to try out, to pilot nyeεrεε, nyeεrε, nyeεrε, nyeεrebε, nyeεraa
- nyeεre [nìèrì] ν. to pay for the cost of herbs after treatment nyeεrε, nyeεrε, nyeεrebε, nyeεraa
- nyegenyege [nìgìnìgì] n. restlessness • O taa la nyegenyege zuo, o na ŋmare la ŋmane. His restlessness is great; he will break the calabsh.
- nyegenyege [nìgìnìgì] adj. restless,
 restive O waa la nyegenyege

lenso noba yaga zoro o la. He is very restive, so many people fear him.

- nyegere [nìgrì] v. to be scarce
 Yuoni ŋa boŋkoɔre yaga ba
 maale azuiŋ bondirii na nyegere
 la. This year's crop yield was poor
 and so food will be scarce. -, nyegrɛ
- nyegere [nìgrì] v. to massage with a hot, dry object Daa daare kyoge la a kooraa gbere ka ba voo kye nyegere. A thorn pierced and lodged itself in the farmer's foot, and after removing it they used hot water to massage it. -, nyegre
- nyegere [nígrí] ν. (1) to flash e.g. lightening (2) give way momentarily (limb as a result of sharp twist)
 A dɔɔ gbɛbaala na nyegerɛɛ la ka o le. The man's wounded leg made a snapping noise and he fell. nyegrɛɛ, nyegrɛ, nyegrebɛ, nyegraa
- **nyegεnyegε** [nígέnígέ] *adj.* very sharp and shiny e.g. blade
- nyelaa [nìràà] adj. not hidden, plainly visible A goo koo eŋ la a gbere poo kye o sãa la kperaa le The thorn has pierced the foot, but it can be seen clearly.
- nyelele [nílílí] adv. slightly A vũũ da sããε nyelele lε gaŋe za-ameŋ. The light appeared slightly less bright than it was yesterday.
- nyelennyelen [nélénnélén] adj. bare and shiny e.g. razor shaved head • A bie zu pũoe la ka ba fare ka o

nyeloo nyε

- *e nyelennyeleŋ lɛ*. The child has a cut on his head and they have shaven it clean.
- nyeləə [pílóó] adj. tiny
- **nyembini** [níbíní] *n.* matter (dirt) in between the teeth *2pl:* **nyembinee**
- nyembulo [nímbúló] n. adult pl: nyembulibo
- **nyempara** [nímpàrá] *n.* unchiselled teeth
- nyempεge dalee [nímpέgì dàléé] n. tooth stick, toothbrush pl: nyempεge dabilii 2pl: nyempεge dabilee
- nyene [pínì] *n*. (1) tooth, fang (snake) (2) toothache *pl:* nyemε 2*pl:* nyennεε
- nyengone [níngón] n. the state of grimacing (typically used with "vere") A doo da tage la a miri te vere nyengon. The man tugged at the rope until he grimaced. pl: nyengonne 2pl: nyengonneε
- nyeŋkaane [níŋkáání] n. molar sg: nyeŋkaanoo pl: nyeŋkaama 2pl: nyeŋkaanɛε
- nyeraa [nìráá] *n.* ant *pl:* nyere 2*pl:* nyerεε
- **nyeraa** [nìràà] *adj.* not hidden; clearly visible
- nyere [nìrì] ν. to bare one's teeth; to laugh (scornfully) nyerεε, nyerε, nyerε, nyerebε, nyeraa
- **nyerebaa** [nìrìbàá] *n.* a type of ant with a painful sting *pl*: **nyerebaare**

- 2pl: nyerebaarεε Var. nyeresəgelaa
- nyereganguu [nìrìgàngúú] n. a type of ant pl: nyereganguuri 2pl: nyereganguuree
- nyeregbere [nìrìgbìrì] *adj.* mixed nyerekəələŋ [nìrìkɔʻɔlʊʻŋ] *n.* a type of ant that flies *pl:* nyerekəələ *2pl:* nyerekəəlɛε
- **nyerenyaga** [nìrìnyàgà] *adv.* uncovered, exposed completely
- nyeresaare [nìrìsáárí] *n*. a type of small slim dark brown ant; usually in a swarm and on trees sg: nyeresaaroo *pl*: nyeresaare 2*pl*: nyeresaarεε *Var*: nyeresalensaare
- nyeresalensaare [nìrìsálínsáárì] *n.* a type of tiny ant that lives together in large numbers *sg:* nyeresalensaaroo *2pl:* nyeresalensaarεε *Var.* nyeresaare
- nyeresɔgelaa [nírísɔ́gláá] n. a type of small black ant, usually found in the house; it has a painful sting pl: nyeresɔgelə Var. nyerebaa
- nyε [nέ] ν. (1) to see (2) to find (3) to get, to obtain nyεε, nyεrε, nyεrε, nyεrebε, nyεraa
- nyε [nὲ] v. (1) to defecate (2) pass substance through the anus (lay eggs) nyεε, nyε, nyeεrε, nyeεrebε, nyeεraa
- nyε [nè] v. to produce tubers or nuts e.g. yam nyεε, nyε, nyeεrε, nyeεrebε, nyeεraa
- nyε [pὲ] v. (1) to drain a pond of its water; usually to enable people

nyedanaao nyigiri

catch the fish in the pond (2) to drill or scoop matter out to make a hole nyee, nye, nyeere, nyeerebe, nyeeraa

nyεdanaao [nèdànáábố] n. a type of tiny brown bird that moves in large groups that lay eggs together pl: nyεdanii

nyε eebo [ɲέ ííbʊ́] ν. succeed nyε ferε [ɲὲ fírὲ] ν. to suffer nyεgεkε [ɲέgέkέ] adj. warmish

nyε kparεε [nέ kpárέέ] ν. to suffer nyεε kparεε, nyετε kparεε

nyɛle [nɛ́li] ν. to melt • ŋmenaa ŋmɛ la a kãa ka a nyɛle. The oil melted as a result of the sun beating down on it. nyɛllɛɛ, nyɛllɛ, nyɛllɛ, nyɛleba, nyɛleba

nyɛlle [nɛ́llí] ν. to shine, to sparkle • A pɔge du la a talaa ka o te nyɛllɛ. The womann scrubbed the pan until it shone. nyɛllɛɛ, nyɛllɛ, nyɛllɛ, nyɛllɛ, nyɛllaa

nyɛlle [nɛ̀llt] v. to covet, to aim at getting something • N kuriwiri korɛɛ la N nyɛllɛ la bopaalaa. My bicycle is old, so I'm aiming at getting a new one. nyɛllɛɛ, nyɛllɛ, nyɛllɛ, nyɛllaa

nyɛlmaanyu [nɛ́lmaányú] n. a type of small plant with a strong smell and medicinal properties pl: nyɛlmaanyuri/nyɛlmaanyuuri 2pl: nyɛlmaanyuree/nyɛlmaanyuuree

nyɛlugiri [nɛlúgrí] n. support stick for a yam plant pl: nyɛlugo 2pl: nyɛlugee/nyɛlugree Var. nyalugri nyεnnoŋ [nènnóŋ] n. salt Var. nyennoo, yaaroŋ

Nyɛntɔge [néntɔ́gt] *n.* a meteorite revered to be a fetish in the Sisaalaland *pl:* nyɛntɔgre *2pl:* nyɛntɔgrɛε

nyε pare [nέ párí] ν. to lie down helplessly, to crumple nyεε pare, nyeεrε pare

nyεraa [pέráá] *n.* seer *pl:* nyεrebε 2*pl:* nyerebεε

nyεre [nέrì] ν. to miss (a target) nyεrεε, nyεrε, nyεrε, nyεrε, nyεrεbε, nyεraa, - *Var.* nyare

nyεre [nὲrì] ν. to be fierce, to get very angry nyεrεε, nyεrε, nyεrε, nyεrε, nyerebε, nyeraa, - Var. nyare

nyεtaa [nέtáá] v. confer

nyε yuori [nέ yúórí] *ν.* get fame, (be) powerful

nyε zε [nè zè] ν to suffer greatly nyε zεε, nyeεrε zeεrε, nyε zeεrε, nyε zeεra

nyε zε [nè zè] v. to suffer

nyieli [níéli] v. to tempt; to show something to someone but refuse to give it to him/her nyíéliee, nyíéle, nyíélie, nyíélaa

nyigiri [nígírì] v. to close both eyes tightly and simultaneously towards someone (insulting gesture) nyigree, nyigre, nyigiribe, nyigraa, nyigiribe

nyigiri [nìgìrì] v. to steal nyigiree, nyigire, nyigire, nyigiribe, nyigiraa, nyigiribe nyiile nyoore

nyiile [niìlé] *n.* guinea worm disease *pl:* nyiili *2pl:* nyiilee

nyiili [nììlì] v. to touch gently nyiilee, nyiile, nyiile, nyiilibe, nyiilaa, nyiile

nyiili [nìili] v. to incense nyiilee, nyiile, nyiile, nyiilibe, nyiilaa, nyiile

nyiili [nììlì] v. to shudder nyiilee, nyiile, nyiile, nyiilibe, nyiilaa, nyiile

nyiili [nììlì] v. to swell (breast) nyiilee, nyiile, nyiile, nyiilibe, nyiilaa, nyiile

nyiiri [nììrì] v. an intransitive verb; used with 'nyemɛ' to bare teeth • Basəgelaa kaŋa nyiiri la nyemɛ eŋe a nannyige. A black dog bared its teeth at the thief. nyiiree, nyiire, nyiire, -, nyiiraa

nyimenyime [níményímé] *adj.* tasteful

nyobogdaa [nòbògìdáá] n. bridge of nose pl: nyobogdaare 2pl: nyobogdaare

nyoge [nògì] ν. to show off nyogεε, nyogrɔ/nyogra, nyogrɔ/nyogra, nyogreba, nyograa

nyoge [pògì] ν. to become sour or bad e.g. sauce nyogεε, nyogrə/nyogra, nyogrə/nyogra, nyogreba, nyograa

nyoge [ɲʊ́gí] v. used with 'tɔ' (tɔ-nyoge) punish severely (physically)

nyoge [pógí] *n.* concoction believed to be powerful

nyoge [ກ່ວ່ອງ໌] n. filth

nyoge-kaa-kpεre [pógí-káá-kpέrí] *n.* over show off that ends badly

nyogele [nògìlì] v. to dress well

nyogele [nògìlì] v. to be congested nyoglεε, nyoglə, nyoglə, nyogləb, nyoglaa

nyogere [nógírì] n. pride

nyoll [nöll] adj. heavy

 \mathbf{nyoll} [ɲớll] adj . small and light

nyonne [nónní] v. to dry up, to evaporate nyonnεε, nyonna, nyonna, nyonnema

nyonne [nònnì] ν. (1) to sniff (2) to search; to delve into (3) to test; to examine nyonnεε, nyonna, nyonna, nyonnama, nyonnema

nyonono [ກຕ໌ກຕ໌ກ ກ. mercy, pity nyonsomm [ກຕົກຮຕັກກາ] adj. biggish nyonyonne [ກຕ໌ກyຕ໌ກກາ້] n. nausea nyonyonne [ກຕ໌ກyຕ໌ກກາ້] n. dirt nyongolon [ກຕັກໆຮູ້ນີຕັງ] adj. mixed up e.g. heap of things

nyongolon [ກວ່າງgວ່າວ່າງ] *adj.* thick and stiff e.g. paste

nyoore [nờớrì] *n.* smoke *2pl:* nyooreε *Var.* zoore

nyoore [μὰότὶ] n. pride 2pl: nyoorεε Var. zoore

nyoore [pòùrì] ν. (1) to make hard
Zenε ka ba mε a dankyini ŋa bieo ka o na nyoore. This wall was only built today, so by tomorrow it will get hard. (2) to dry up • Uoni

nyoore nyogezie

- saŋa bare yaga maŋ nyoore la. Many ponds get dried up during the dry season. nyoorεε, nyoora, nyoora, nyooreba, nyooraa
- nyoore [nòùrì] ν. to test the capability of e.g. a tool or a person nyoora, nyoora, nyooraba, nyooraa
- nyoɔ [nʊ́ɔ] v. to fire, to bake to harden (clay) nyoɛ, nyoɔnɔ, nyoɔnə, nyoɔnema, nyoɔnaa, nyoɔnema
- nyoole [nờðlì] ν. to begin rising nyooleε, nyoolo, nyoolo, nyoolba, nyoolaa
- nyoɔle [nʊ̀ɔlt] ν. to close partially e.g. of eyes in strong light nyoɔlɛɛ, nyoɔlɔ, nyoɔlɔ, nyoɔlaa
- nyoonaa [nớonáá] n. oven pl: nyoone 2pl: nyoonεε
- nyoɔre [n̞ʊśri] n. nose pl: nyɔε 2pl: nyɔrɛε
- nyoɔre [nʊ́ɔrí] n. life pl: nyɔε 2pl: nyɔrεε
- nyoəre [nιστί] n. tip of e.g. stick pl: nyəε 2pl: nyərεε
- nyore [pờrì] ν to shrivel, to wrinkle (cloth) nyorεε, nyora, nyora, nyora, nyoraba, nyoraba
- nyore [nòrì] ν to take courage nyore, nyora, nyora, nyoreba, nyoraa, nyoreba
- nyoreman [nòrìmàn] *adj.* bushy, unkempt (hair)
- **nyɔbaare** [ɲɔ́báárí] *n.* disease of the nose *2pl:* **nyɔbaarεε**

- nyəbogiri [nɔ̀bògirí] n. (1) nostril (2) nose pl: nyəbogo 2pl: nyəbogiree Var. nyobogi
- nyəfeerε [pɔ̀fíírɛ́] n. cold (illness) 2pl: nyəfeerεε
- nyəfuli [nɔ̀fùlí] n. dried snot sg: nyəfuluu pl: nyəfulo 2pl: nyəfulee
- nyoge [nógt] ν. (1) to hold A bibiiri nyoge la taa nuuri kyerre te
 gεrε. The children held each others'
 hands and scampered away. (2) to
 catch, to arrest A polisi nyoge
 la a nanyige baguo ŋa. The police arrested the thief this morning.
 nyogeε, nyogro, nyogro, nyogreba,
 nyograa, nyogreba
- nyoge [nógì] v. to choke A baa volo la a nene yaga le ka a te nyoge o. The dog swallowed the meat so fast that the meat choked it. nyogeε, nyogro, nyogreba, nyograa, nyogreba
- nyoge [nógì] ν. to infect A bie koroŋ na nyoge la o yoo. The child's cold has infected his sister. nyogeε, nyogro, nyogro, nyogreba, nyograa, nyogreba
- nyoge kukuri [nógí kúkúrì] ν. to farm nyogεε kukuri, nyogro kukuri
- **nyoge noore** [ກວ໌gí ກວ໌ວ່າາ້] *v.* to be surprised
- nyogetaa [nógítáá] n. unity
- nyɔgezie [nɔ́gìzíé] n. handle, part of an object to hold pl: nyɔgeziiri 2pl: nyɔgeziiree

nyoo nyuzele

- nyɔɔ [ɲɔ̀ɔ̀] ν. to have sexual intercourse (human) nyɔɔɛ, nyɔɔnɔ/nyɔɔrɔ, nyɔɔnaa/nyɔɔrɔ, nyɔɔnema, nyɔɔnaa/nyɔɔraa, nyɔɔnema
- nyopolema [nòpólímá] *n.* summit, highest point *pl:* nyopolle *2pl:* nyopollεε
- nyore [nòrì] ν. to despise, to hate nyoree, nyoro, nyoro, nyoreba/nyorebo, nyoraa, Var. nyoroo
- nyətage [nòtàgì] n. sniveling
- nyovore [nòvórì] *n.* life *pl:* nyovoε 2*pl:* nyovorεε
- nyu [nù] v. to smell (scent) A zεkpaane da nyu la noɔ lɛ. The simmering sauce smelt nice. -, -, nyue, nyuuro, nyuuro, nyuuraa
- nyu [nú] v. (1) to drink (2) to suck (of a mosquito) nyue, nyuuro, nyuuro, nyuuraa, nyuuribo
- nyu [nú] v. to smoke (pipe) nyue, nyuuro, nyuuro, nyuuribo, nyuuriaa, nyuuribo
- nyubuli [núbúlí] *n.* yam sprout *pl:* nyubulo *2pl:* nyubulee
- nyudεre [núdέrí] n. large yam tuber pl: nyudεε 2pl: nyudεrεε/nyudεrrεε Var. wadεre
- nyumoɔ [númớɔ́] n. field prepared to make yam mounds 2pl: nyumoɔnɛɛ Var. vutɛne

- nyunni [pùnnì] v. (1) to smell A zəŋə nyunni la a kparoo, a yeli ka o deni ba e o. The blind man smelt the shirt and said it was not his. (2) to sniff e.g. dog nyunnee, nyunno, nyunno, nyunimo, nyunnaa, nyunimo
- nyuo [nùó] *n.* (1) navel (2) see wenyuo *pl:* nyuuri *2pl:* nyuuree
- nyusege [núsígí] n. yam barn pl: nyusegre 2pl: nyusegrεε Var. wasege
- nyuu [núú] *n.* (1) neck (2) smell, odour *pl:* nyuuri *2pl:* nyuuree
- **nyuu** [nùú] *n.* a sensation, good or bad, detected by inhaling
- nyuu [núú] *adj.* stinky *pl:* nyuuri *2pl:* nyuuree
- nyuuli [núúli] v. to empower supernaturally nyuulee, nyuulo, nyuulo, nyuulaa
- nyu-uo [nú-úó] n. yam barn pl: nyu-uori 2pl: nyu-uoree Var. nyu-sege
- nyuuri [núúrí] *n.* envy, jealousy *pl:* n/a *2pl:* nyuuree
- nyuuri [núúrì] *n.* yam *pl:* nyie *2pl:* nyiree/nyiiree *Var.* waa
- nyuweεle [nùwiśli] n. yam seed sg: nyuweεloo pl: nyuweεlε 2pl: nyuweεlεε Var. waweεlε
- nyuzεle [nùzèlí] n. umbilical cord sg: nyuzεloo pl: nyuzεlε 2pl: nyuzεlεε/nyuzεllεε

ŋa ŋmaaraa

ŋ

ŋa [ŋá] pron. this (third person singular demonstrative) • A dɔo ŋa zaameŋ wa la kyε. This man came here yesterday.

ŋa [ŋá] adv. similar to, like • A dɔɔ waa ŋa sogya na. The man is like a soldier.

ŋm

ŋma [ŋmá] ν to conquer, to plunder ŋmaε, ŋmaara, ŋmaara, ŋmaareba, ŋmaaraa

ŋmaa [ŋmàà] v. to cut • Nene la ka a poge da ŋmaara ka a soo ŋmaa o nubiri. The woman was cutting meat when the knife cut her finger. ŋmaarεε, ŋmaara

ŋmaa [ŋmàà] v. to write • Ayuo ŋmaa la sɛnsɛŋe gane gaa ko o sɛne. Ayuo has written a love letter to her boyfriend. ŋmaarɛɛ, ŋmaara

ŋmaa [ŋmàà] ν. (1) to cross (river)
A mane paalεε la ka ba maŋ de gbori ŋmaa ne. The river is flooded and they are using a boat to cross it. (2) to go across to meet

• Polisiri ηmaa la a sori nyogere a nannyigiri. The police crossed the road and arrested the thieves. ηmaarεε, ηmaara

ŋmaa [ŋmàà] ν. to prevent ŋmaarεε, ŋmaara

ŋmaa [ŋmáá] adj. short • O serε la a dɔɔ ŋmaa na. That short man is her husband. pl: ŋmaara ŋmaa bare [ŋmàà bàrì] ν to exclude; to put aside ŋmaa barεε, ŋmaara bara, ŋmaabara, ŋmaabareba

ŋmaabini [ŋmàábíní] *n.* a type of plant *pl:* **ŋmaabinee**

ŋmaadaa [ŋmààdáá] n. mature big male monkey pl: ŋmaadaare 2pl: ŋmaadarεε

ŋmaadasaa [ŋmààdàsàà] n. a huge monkey pl: ŋmaadasaare 2pl: ŋmaadasaarεε

ŋmaakalaa [ŋmààkàlàá] n. small but smart type of monkey pl: ŋmaakalle 2pl: ŋmaakalεε

nmaakyeraa [ŋmààʧìràá] n. (1) a type of tree with medicinal properties (2) a type of small monkey pl: ηmaakyerre 2pl: ηmaakyerεε

ŋmaaŋa [ŋmááŋà] *n.* monkey *pl:* ŋmaane 2*pl:* ŋmaanεε

ŋmaapare [ŋmààpárí] n. name of a popular market in Teza, a village in the Upper West region of Ghana 2pl: ŋmaaparεε

nmaaraa [nmààráà] n. an evil spirit with powers of witchcraft, usu-

ηmaa seε ηmanzeε

- ally in the form of an animal that haunts people *pl:* nmaare *2pl:* nmaaree *Var.* vuulun
- ŋmaa seε [ŋmàá síέ] v. to conceive, to be pregnant ŋmaaε seε, ŋmaara seε, se-ŋmaara, se-ŋmareba
- ŋmaasugo [ŋmààsúgó] n. band of monkeys pl: ŋmaasugri 2pl: ŋmaasugree
- ŋmaataŋaa [ŋmààtàŋáá] n. a type of
 tree whose fruits are eaten by birds
 and animals pl: ŋmaataŋema 2pl:
 ŋmaatannεε
- **ŋmaateε** [ŋmààtíέ] *n*. a type of tree *pl*: **ŋmaateere** 2*pl*: **ŋmaateerεε**
- **ŋmaa vooroŋ** [ŋmàà vớớrớŋ] *v.* to stop breathing, to die
- ŋmaazeε [ŋmààzìè] *n.* a type of monkey *pl:* ŋmaazeere 2*pl:* ŋmaazeerεε
- nmalaŋmeɛ [ŋmáláŋmíɛ́] n. a type of bird with thin long legs and a long beak pl: nmalanmeere 2pl: nmalanmeerεε Var. nmalanweε
- nmamberε [ŋmámbírέ] n. a type of small weed with white flowers and medicinal properties sg: namberoo pl: nmambere/nmamberoo 2pl: namberεε
- **ŋmammo** [ŋmámmʊ́] *n.* a type of cake made from millet flour *pl:* **ŋmama** *2pl:* **ŋmamεε**
- **ŋmampapaa** [ŋmámpàpáà] *n.* a type of pigeon with red eyes *pl:* **ŋmampapaare** *2pl:* **ŋmampapaarεε**

- ŋmampelaa [ŋmámpìláá] n. wild grey pigeon pl: ŋmampeεle 2pl: ŋmampeεlεε
- ŋmampelaa [ŋmàmpìlàá] n. neat calabash used for serving water or poridge pl: ŋmampeɛle 2pl: ŋmampeɛlɛε
- ŋmamporezupelaa [ŋmămpòrzúpílàá] n. a character in Dagaaba folktales which has supernatural power and which it uses to test the ego of other characters pl: ŋmamporzupeεle Var. ŋmamporzuzeε
- ŋmamporɔ [ŋmàmpórɔ́] n. a red round insect pl: ŋmamporre 2pl: ŋmampora
- **ŋmamporzuzeε** [ŋmàmpớrzúzìέ] *n. Var.* **ŋmamporzupelaa**
- ŋmandεre [ŋmándérè] n. spider pl: ŋmandεε 2pl: ŋmandεrεε
- ŋmane [ŋmání] n. (1) calabash, bottle gourd (2) calabash plant pl: ŋmama 2pl: ŋmannεε
- ŋmanee [ŋmánîî] n. dove pl: ŋmama 2pl: ŋmannεε
- ŋmantummu [ŋmăntúmmú] n. unpolished calabash pl: ŋmantumo 2pl: ŋmantumee
- ŋmantuo [ŋmàntúó] n. bitter calabash pl: ŋmantuuri 2pl: ŋmantuuree
- ŋmanzeε₁ [ŋmănzìέ] n. a type
 of dove with pink plumage sg:
 ŋmanzeroo pl: ŋmanzeere 2pl:
 ŋmanzeerεε

ηmanzeε ηmeεle

- ŋmanzeε₂ [ŋmănzìɛ̃] n. calabash
 used in the preparation of oil pl:
 ŋmanzeere 2pl: ŋmanzeerεε
- ŋmaŋgbere [ŋmàŋgbérí] n. vine of
 the calabash plant pl: ŋmaŋgbee
 2pl: ŋmaŋgbeeree
- ŋmaŋkuŋkummu [ŋmaŋkuŋkummú] n. calabash seed in a ball form pl: ŋmaŋkuŋkumo 2pl: ŋmaŋkuŋkunni
- ŋmaraa [ŋmáràà] n. (1) moon (2) month pl: ŋmarre 2pl: ŋmarrεε
- ŋmare [ŋmári] v. (1) to break
 e.g. pot (2) to crush ŋmarεε,
 ŋmara, ŋmara, ŋmareba, ŋmaraa,
 ŋmareba
- ŋmare [ŋmárí] ν. to change money into smaller units ŋmarεε, ŋmara, ŋmara, ŋmareba, ŋmaraa, ŋmareba
- ŋmarebiri [ŋmáríbírì] n. star sg: ŋmarebiruu pl: ŋmarebie 2pl: ŋmarebiiree
- **ŋmaroo** [ŋmárờờ] *n.* change (money) sg: **ŋmarrεε** *2pl*: **ŋmarre**
- ŋma zirii [ŋmàà zìrîi] v. to lie O ŋmaa la zirii ka o baare la a toma. He lied that he had finished the work.
- ŋmee [ŋmfi] v. to crush grains out of fresh heads of millet (usually after roasting) ŋmeεε, ŋmeεnε, ŋmeεneκ, ŋmeεnemε, ŋmenaa, - Var. ŋmeε
- ŋmeene [ŋmiini] ν. to become thin or small ŋmeenεε, ŋmeenε, ŋmeenε, ŋmeenemε, ŋmeenaa

- ŋmeene [ŋmíſní] *adj.* lean *pl:* ŋmeemε
- **ŋmeeo** [ŋmííʊ́] *n*. wicked and secret act
- ŋmeε [ŋmíε] v. to crush ŋmeεε, ŋmeεnε, ŋmeεnε, ŋmeεneme, ŋmeεnaa, - Var. ŋmee
- **ŋmeε** [ŋmfε] *adj.* scorched, withered e.g. green vegetation turning brown
- ŋmeɛlaa [ŋmíɛ́láá] n. skipping rope pl: ŋmeɛle 2pl: ŋmeɛleε
- ŋmeɛle [ŋmìɛli] ν. to twist; to wring e.g. hand ŋmeɛlɛɛ, ŋmeɛlɛ, ŋmeɛlɛ, ŋmeɛlebɛ, ŋmeɛlaa, ŋmeɛlebɛ Var. nyɛ
- nmeele [ŋmièli] v. to curl out, to ooze (smoke) Nyoore ηmeele la a sege poo, ba mare la vũũ. Smoke is oozing from the hut, an indication that they have made fire. ηmeelee, ηmeele, ηmeelebe Var. ηyε
- nmeele [ŋmìèlì] v. to pass gas, to break wind, to fart A bie poopie la ka o dee man ηmeele bimporo bare. The child has a bloated stomach and he has terrible gas. ηmeelee, ηmeele, ηmeelebe, ηmeelebe Var. ημε
- nmeεle [ŋmíɛ́lí] adj. twisted A no pare ηmeεle na koŋ la nyɛ. That fowl with the twisted tail will not lay eggs again.

 $\eta megere$ $\eta m arepsilon$

- nmegere [nmígɪrí] ν. to shrug one's shoulders Ba ton la a bie ka o nmegere o bogenmampegε kyε zagere. When they sent the child, he shrugged his shoulders and refused to go. ηmegrεε, ηmegrε, ηmegrε, ηmegrε, ηmegre, ηmegre, ηmegre
- nmegere [ŋmfgɪrf] ν. to swallow with difficulty A bəbəe nmegere la a pəntere eŋ. The duck was able to swallow the toad. ŋmegrεε, ŋmegrε, ŋmegrε, ŋmegrebε, ŋmegraa
- **gmenaa** [gmfnaa] n. (1) sun (2) noon (3) daytime
- **ŋmenaa-diibu** [ŋmínáá-dííbú] *n.* lunch
- **ŋmendaare** [ŋmíndáárí] *n.* Sabbath *pl:* **ŋmendεε**
- ŋmendie [ŋmindiè] n. church pl: ŋmenderi 2pl: ŋmenderee
- ŋmene [ŋmínì] *n.* god, spirit *pl:* ŋmemε 2*pl:* ŋmennεε
- **ŋmenεŋmenε** [ŋmínέŋmínέ] *adj.* firmly and beautifully woven
- **ŋmentantuo** [ŋmíntántúó] *n.* hot or bright afternoon *pl:* **ŋmentantuuri** 2*pl:* **ŋmentantuure**
- **ŋmentəmpəle** [ŋmíntəmpəlli] *n.* late morning *pl:* **ŋmentəmpələ**
- **ŋmentɔŋ** [ŋmíntòŋ] *n.* sunshine, daylight *pl:* **ŋmentɔnne** 2*pl:* **ŋmentɔnnε**
- ŋmentɔŋgɔŋ [ŋmíntòŋgɔ́ŋ] *n.* early afternoon (between 1 and 2 pm) *pl:*

- ŋmentəŋgənne 2pl: ŋmentəŋgənneε
- ŋmentəŋkpeɛraa [ŋmíntəŋkpíɛráá]n. sunset pl: ŋmentəŋkpeɛre 2pl: ŋmentəŋkpeɛrεε
- ŋmen-yelyelli [ŋmín-yèlyèlli] v. to
 divine, to prophesy
- ηmen-yεlε [ηmín-yέlέ] n. work for God
- **ŋmenzone** [ŋmínzóní] *n.* blasphemy *pl:* **ŋmenzomɔ** *Var.* **ŋmenzoma**
- ŋmeregε [ŋmírígέ] adv. totally Ba toŋ la a bi entuo na ka o zagere ŋmeregɛ. They sent the lazy boy and he refused totally.
- ŋmε [ŋmὲ] ν. (1) to beat, to hit, to strike (2) to clap, to applaud ηmεε, ηmeεrε, ηmeεrεbε, ηmeεraa, ηmeεrebε ηmε kpɛlle shout; scream ηmε gbelime ring (bell)
- ŋmε [ŋmὲ] v. to thresh Dagaaba maŋ ŋmε kyi kyε baŋ yeɛle. Among the Dagaaba, millet is threshed before being winnowed out. ŋmεε, ŋmeεrε, ŋmeεrebε, ŋmeεraa, ŋmeεrebε ŋmε kpɛlle shout; scream ŋmɛ gbelime ring (bell)
- nme [ŋmè] ν. to bump into, to knock against A loe ama la zãã ηme taa na. These are the two cars that collided yesterday. ηmee, ηmeere, ηmeerebe, ηmeeraa, ηmeerebe ηme kpelle shout; scream ηme gbelime ring (bell)

ηmε sane

nme [ŋmè] v. to fire, to shoot (gun) • Ba ηme la malefa ka a nuuli iri agere. When they fired the gun, the birds flew away. ηmee, ηmeere, ηmeerebe, ηmeeraa, ηmeerebe ηme kpelle shout; scream ηme gbelime ring (bell)

ŋmε [ŋmὲ] ν. to begin to hatch ŋmεε, ŋmeεrε, ŋmeεrε, ŋmeεrebε, ŋmeεraa, ŋmeεrebε ŋmε kpelle shout; scream ŋmε gbelime ring (bell)

ŋmε [ŋmè] ν. to apply by dusting (powder) ŋmεε, ŋmeεrε, ŋmeεrε, ŋmeεrebε ŋmε kpelle shout; scream ŋmε gbelime ring (bell)

 η mɛgele [η mègìlì] v. (1) to flatten

- Kuuri ka o de to ne a koŋkoŋ te ŋmɛgele o bare. She hit the tin with a stone until she flattened it out. (2) to suffer from hunger • Zaameŋ zaa ba ba maale di-
- Zaameŋ zaa ba ba maale diibu ka a bibiiri dee ŋmɛgelɛ. They have cooked food yesterday and the children are suffering from hunger. ŋmɛglɛɛ, ŋmɛglɛ, ŋmɛglɛ, ŋmɛglebɛ, ŋmɛglaa, ŋmɛglebɛ

ŋmɛgelɛŋ [ŋmégíléŋ] *adj.* flat e.g. run-over container

ŋmɛgeloo [ŋmɛ́gílớớ] *adj.* flattened out e.g. tin run over by a car *pl:* ŋmɛgelɛ

nmægere [nmægiri] ν. to press, to squeeze out • Ba nmægere la sunni γi a teæ ηa poo. They have

been able to squeeze some gum out of this tree. ηmεgrεε, ηmεgrε, ηmεgrε, ηmegrebε, ηmegraa

nmægere [ŋmægiri] ν. to weep inwardly, to suffer inwardly • Ba ηmæ la a bie kyæ dabēĕ ba sage ka o koŋ ka o fãã kyæ ŋmægeræ. The child was beaten and, being afraid to cry, he wept inwardly. ŋmægræe, ŋmægræ, ŋmægræ, ŋmægræe, ŋmægraa

ŋmɛleŋmɛle [ŋmèliŋmélí] v. to
writhe in pain • O ŋmɛ la a waabo
ka o ŋmɛleŋmɛle. He hit the
snake and it writhed.

ηπεπεε [ηπὲmὲὲ] *adj.* flat and twisted e.g. nose

ŋmεmm [ŋmέmm] *adv.* stand against something quietly (hide)

nmenne [ŋménni] ν. (1) to squeeze with the fingers e.g. breastfeeding (2) to press to feel (swollen leg) ηmennee, ηmenne, ηmeneme, ηmeneme

ŋmɛŋgɛlɛŋ [ŋméŋgéléŋ] *adj.* flattened out of shape

nmε oge [ŋmè ògí] v. (1) to burrow to make a nest • Sooŋaa maŋ ŋmɛ la oge kpɛ gaŋ be. The rabbit digs a warren where it sleeps. (2) to settle down in one place • A polebile nyɛ la n yɔɔpuulee a deɛ ŋmɛ te yiriŋ. The young man saw my sister and has settled down in our house.

ŋmɛ sane [ŋmè sánì] v. (1) to make a net loss • Ka fooŋ da kommie sidi kɔɔ kyɛ te koɔre sidi lezaɛ anaare ŋmobofo onaŋ

fo nme la sane sidi lezare. If you buy tomatoes for one hundred cedis and sell them for eighty cedis, you have made a loss of twenty cedis. (2) to spend money on something that is not of much worth to oneself • Ka kuorin ko fo yirin fo man nme la sane. When there is a funeral in your house you normally spend a lot.

ŋmobofo [ŋmʊ̀bʊ̀fʊ̀] *adj.* big and ruffled

ŋmolle [ŋmölli] ν. to stuff into the mouth (food) ŋmollεε, ŋmolla, ŋmolla, ŋmoleba, ŋmollaa

n. a type of insect that feeds on yam leaves pl: ŋmolɔŋŋmoore 2pl: ŋmolɔŋŋmoore Var. ŋmolaŋŋmooraa

ŋmonne [ŋmớnní] ν. (1) to make spotted (2) to beautify ŋmonnee, ŋmonno, ŋmonno, ŋmoneba, ŋmonnaa

ŋmonວŋmonວ [ŋmʊ́náŋmʊ́ná] adj.

(1) spotted (2) beautiful *Var.* ŋmon-aŋmona

ŋmoo [ŋmớờ] ν. to become scorched (green vegetation) ŋmooε, ŋmoona, -, ŋmoonema, ŋmoonaa

ŋmoone [ŋmờờne] v. (1) to mutter, to grumble (2) to growl e.g. dog ŋmoonεε, ŋmoona, ŋmoona, ŋmoonema, ŋmoonema

ŋmore [ŋmớrí] v. to crush • Ka aloopeleeŋ le o maŋ ŋmore la o zaa. An aircraft that crashes is always crushed completely. ŋmorεε, ŋmora, ŋmora, ŋmoreba, ŋmoraa, ŋmoreba

nmore [ŋmớrí] v. to rush; to move suddenly and fast • A bie lere la ka o ma ŋmore te nyɔge. The child was going to fall, but the mother quickly took hold of him. ηmorεε, ηmora, ηmora, ηmoreba, ηmoraa, ηmoreba

0

o [&] *pron.* s/he, him, her, it (3rd person singular weak form)

ogi [ògì] v. to bring out of the mouth ogee, ogro, ogro, ogribo, ograa

ogi [ógì] v. (1) to segregate; to discriminate (2) to dislocate (joint) ogee, ogro, ogro, ogribo, ograa

ogili [ògìlì] *adj.* not properly fitted or seated (lid, cover)

oii [óìì] interj. expression of despair

oli-oli [òlì-ólí] v. to be restless, to be unsettled oli-olee, oli-olo, oli-olo, oli-olibo, oli-olaa, oli-olibo

onaŋ [ဗ်náŋ] pron. that one (3rd per-

ono one

son demonstrative nonhuman)

onɔ [ớnɔ́] *pron*. s/he, it (3rd person singular strong form) • *Onɔ la na yi*. S/he is the one that will go out. *Var.* ona/one

ongolon [óŋgólóŋ] *adj.* circular, spherical in shape and small

oo [òó] part. yes (acceptance)

ooi [óóì] part. yes (response to call)

 $\mathbf{\tilde{oo}}$ [$\mathbf{\tilde{\tilde{o}}}$ $\mathbf{\tilde{\tilde{o}}}$] part. yes (agreement) Var. $\mathbf{\tilde{\epsilon}}\mathbf{\epsilon}$

oone [τὸτὶ] v. (1) to clear one's throat (2) to push (giving birth) ooneε, oona, oona, oonema, oonaa

oore [τὸτὶ] ν. to dash up against ooreε, oora, oora, ooreba, ooraa

õ-õ [ΰ-ĉ] interj. why so?

õ-õ [ʊ́-ʊ̀] interj. oh no

 $\mathbf{\check{o}o}$ [\tilde{v} - \tilde{v}] *interj.* expression of surprise

õ-õo [ʊ̃-ʊ̃ʊ̃] *interj.* no (disagreement)

ο̃o [c̃õ] *n.* a pot with small holes all over; colander *pl:* oone 2*pl:* ooneε

oole [τ΄olí] v. to happen gradually e.g. stomach ache ooleε, oolo, oolo, oolba, oolaa

oone [τόλnì] ν. to grip firmly with claws ooneε, oono, oono, oonema, oonaa

ore [ori] v. (1) to wash very dirty things e.g clothes (2) to make one suffer severely e.g. beat

ore [ʊ́rí] adj. filled to the brim

oree [órẻẻ] *adj.* round and open looking e.g. a hole

oroba [ôróbà] *n.* rubber *pl:* orobare 2*pl:* orobarεε

J

oge [ógì] *n.* ground den, lair, hole *pl:* ogre 2*pl:* ogrεε

ogere [ógírí] ν. to struggle to vomit; to retch ogrεε, ogro, ogro, ogreba, ograa

ogere [ógíri] v. to get choked e.g during eating when a child is unable to swallow a muscle of food and strains to bring the food out

olaa [ólàà] *n.* large black fish *pl:* olle 2*pl:* ollεε

ələ-ələ [ələ-ələ] adj. slimy and dirty

ələ-ələ [òlò-òlò] *adj.* purple

əmm [əmm] adv. idling

onne [ònnì] ν to smoke, to put under extreme heat (meat) onneε, onno, onno, onema, onnaa

onsoore [ònsóórí] *n. pl:* onsobo *Var.* oŋ-soore

one [on] ν. (1) to draw something liquid e.g. water, to fetch something powdery e.g. flour, soil (2) to harvest vegetables (3) to harvest dawdaw fruits or leaves one, onno,

əŋe

- onno, onema, onnaa, onnema
- one [on] v. to smell (bad odour) oneε, onno, onno, onema, onnaa, onnema
- oŋ-eŋ [òŋ-ìŋ] ν. to flee ɔŋ-eŋεε, onno-ennε, ɔŋ-ennε, ɔŋ-enemε, ɔŋennaa, ɔŋ-enemε
- ວຖວ [ວ່໗ວ໌] n. wild mouse pl: ວnne 2pl: ວnneɛ Var. ວ໗a
- **၁ŋ-၁၁bo** [ბŋ-śśbʊ́] *n.* valuable, useful
- ວŋ-sɔɔre [ɔ̌ŋ-sɔ̇ɔ́rí] *n.* a type of wild mouse that lives along river banks; has a dark brown colour *pl:* ວŋ-sɔbɔ *2pl:* ວŋ-sɔɔrɛɛ *Var.* ɔnsɔɔre
- 55] ν. (1) to chew (2) to ache;to throb with pain 30ε, 30г3, 30гвba, 30гвba
- **>>-doŋɔ** [ɔ̀ɔ̀-dʊ́ŋó] *n.* (1) intestinal worm (2) roundworm *pl:* **>>-donne** *2pl:* **>>-donne**
- ၁၁kpoŋi [၁၁kpoŋ] *n.* winter *pl:* ၁၁kponni *2pl:* ၁၁kponnee
- pokyi [śóţfi] n. goose bumps i.e. small bumps on skin caused by cold pl: pokyiree
- **3-ɔlle** [ɔ́-ɔ́llt] *n.* moss (usually green matter found in unkempt wet places e.g bath house) *2pl:* **3-ɔlle**
- **οοηγικόο** [όόηγάκὖό] *n.* a type of tree with edible fruits *pl:* **οοηγικόοηεε** *2pl:* **οοηγικόοηοο**
- **ວວກyukõɔ** [ວວກyúkỗɔ̃] *n.* a type of small tree whose leaves are edible and have medicinal properties *2pl:* **ວວກyukoɔnɛɛ**

- ooraa [śśráá] *n.* chewer *pl:* ooreba 2*pl:* oorebεε
- ooraa-piiri [óóráá-pìírí] n. safe abode pl: ooraa-pie
- oore [śśrì] n. cold pl: σοrεε
- **ວວtoorebare** [ວ່ວ່tຜູ້ຜ່ານີ້ ຄ. October (month)
- **oraa** [śràà] *n.* a type of climbing plant with edible fruit *pl*: **orr**1 2*pl*: **orr**2 2*pl*: **orr2 2***pl***: orr2 2***pl***: orr2 2***pl***: orr2 2***pl***: orr2**
- oraa [óràà] n. portable cage (for carrying chicks) pl: orrι 2pl: orrεε
- ore [ɔrt] ν. to prepare bean leaf broth for soup στεε, στο, στο, στeba, στaa, σreba
- ore [ɔrri] ν. to throw hard against e.g. ball against a player στεε, στο, στο, στeba, στaa, στeba
- ore [òrí] *adj.* impotent *pl:* oro *2pl:* orεε
- ore [órí] v. (1) to begin to rot (2) to stink (3) to be useless (person) οτεε, οτο, οτο, οτοba, οταα, οτeba
- **oregboro** [òrìgbòrò] *adv.* messy looking
- **oresoglaa** [órísógláà] *n.* a type of climbing plant with edible fruit *pl:* **oresoglo**
- **ɔrɔsɔ** [ɔrɔsɔ] adv. paying dearly for being obstinate O yeli ka o ba wono yele, o taraa be ɔrɔsɔ. He says he is hardheaded; he is up to suffer for it.

pa paawa

p

pa [pá] ν to set up the beginning of something e.g. weaving paε, paara, paara, pareba, paaraa

pa [pá] *interj.* an expression of surprise *Var.* paa

pa [pà] ν. to be full paε, paara, paara, pareba, paaraa

paa [páá] *interj.* expression of fear and surprise *Var.* pa

pãa [pãã] conj. then, and now • O wae la pãa wuli o a toma. He has come, you should then show him the work.

pãa [pãà] adj. what else • Libie kyebe N pãa la e wolo? There is no money, what else can I do?

pãa [pãã] v. to warn, to caution pãaε, paana, paana, paanema, paanaa paalaa [pááláá] adj. new pl: paale 2pl: paalεε

paalaa [pááláá] *n.* (1) raised dais, platform (2) stage for laying a corpse in state *pl*: paale 2*pl*: paalεε

paalaa [pààláà] *n.* space in between four mounds *pl*: paale 2*pl*: paalεε

paale [pààlt] ν. (1) to fill (2) to addpaalεε, paala, paaleba

paalonwuluugane [páálớnwúlúúgánì] *n.* map *pl:* paalonwuluugama

paaloŋ [páálʊ́ŋ] *n.* area of jurisdiction (country, district, kingdom)

paaloŋ [páálớŋ] adj. first, fresh instance

paanaa [pàànáá] n. ground cricket pl: paane 2pl: paanεε Var. paaŋaa

paane [pàànì] ν. to blame paanεε, paana, paana, paanema, paanaa

paantakyeraa [pààntáʧíráá] *n.* wild flying cricket *pl:* paantakyerre

paapaa [páápàà] *n.* pope *pl:* paapaamine/paapaare 2*pl:* paapaarεε

pãapere [pããpírí] *n.* paperlike spider egg sac *pl:* **pãapēε** *2pl:* **pãapeerεε**

paare [páárì] n. vagina, vulva pl: paε2pl: pεετεε

paare [pààrì] ν. to scrape e.g. roasted yam paarεε, paara, paara, paareba, paaraa

paare [pààri] ν. to weed e.g. grass paarεε, paara, paara, paareba, paaraa

paare [páárì] ν. to pass (a test) paarεε, paara, paara, paareba, paaraa

paasepooto[páásípóótѷ] n. pass-portpl:paasepootere2pl:paasepooterεε

pãatakyeraa [pãátátfíráá] n. a type
 of cricket pl: pãatakyerre 2pl:
 pãatakyerεε

paate [páátì] *interj.* expression of surprise astonishment e.g. one found in a challenging situation

paawa [pááwà] *n.* power, electric light *pl:* **paaware** 2*pl:* **paawareε**

paawerε pare

paawerε [pááwírὲ] *n.* powder *pl:* paawerre *2pl:* paawerrεε

pabo [pábڻ] adj. completely

padaa [pàdàá] n. wood used to make a stage for a corpse pl: padaare 2pl: padaarεε

page [págí] ν. to hasten, to hurry pageε, pagera, pagereba, pageraa, pagereba, pagereba

pagere [págrì] ν. to compete, to challenge pagrεε, pagra, pagra, pagreba, pagraa

pak၁၁ါ၀၅ [pák၁၁၀၁၂ n. female pubic hair

pakyon [pàʧơŋ] *n.* a large black ant with a painful sting *pl:* **pakyonne** *2pl:* **pakyonnε**.

palampiiri [pálámpiìrí] *n.* (1) butterfly (2) moth *pl:* palampie *2pl:* palampiiree *Var.* palampigri/palimpiiri

palle [pàllì] *v.* to plait, to braid palleε, palla, palla, paleba, pallaa

pamm [pámm] *adj.* straight onto the target

pampana [pámpánà] adv. now

pampuntεgε [pámpùntègέ] *n*. the act of being inward looking; concerned with only immediate relation *pl*: **pampunt**εgre

panana [pànànà] *adv.* lit up e.g. car headlight in the dark

panapana [pànàpànà] *adj.* colourful, beautiful

pane [pání] *n.* doorway cover made of straw *pl*: **pama** *2pl*: **panεε**

paŋe [pàŋ] ν. (1) to beat down wet rough surface to make it even (local way to plaster) e.g floor (2) fig. walk without any footwear on, barefooted paŋεε, pana, panema, panaa

paŋe [páŋ] v. (1) to beat mercilessily (2) to gather plenty of leaves
(3) to sew (akn) paŋεε, pana, panema, panaa

papeεmε [pápíέmέ] *n.* waist string with cowries *pl:* **papeεne** 2*pl:* **papeεne**

papoɔ [pàpớɔ] n. space in between mounds pl: papoore 2pl: papoorεεpapoɔ [pápớɔ] n. inner vagina

para [párá] *n.* triangular loincloth *pl:* parre 2*pl:* parεε

para [pàrá] ν. to walk quickly parεε, para, para, pareba, paraa

parapara [pàràpàrà] adv. hurried manner • A tontonema da nyoge la a toma paraparapara, ka ba baare a. The worker started the work hurriedly and soon finished.

parata [párátá] *adj.* white and spotless *Var.* perete

pare [párì] *n.* buttocks, bottom *pl:* parεε *Var.* tegε

pare [párì] n. meaning • A yɛlɛ ŋa pare la wola? What is the meaning of this? • A yɛlɛ pare da ba kyaane. The meaning of what was said was not clear. pl: parɛɛ Var. tɛgɛ

pare parikonyaŋaa

pare [pári] v. to understand • A bie da ba woŋi a yɛlɛ pare. The child did not understand what was said.

pare [pàrí] n. raised tomb pl: parεε

pare [párì] post. under • A tontonema balee la gaa zene tee pare ka ba penne. The workers were tired and sat under the tree to rest.

pare [pàrè] v. (1) to place on top(2) to overtake, to pass parεε, para, para, pareba, paraa, pareba

pare [pàrè] adj. more than, over

pare-araa [párì-áráá] n. the act of having time • N ba taa pare-araa na gaa be zenε, n toma yaga. I have no time to go there today, because I have a lot of work.

parebaaraa [párbàáráà] *n.* last one *pl:* parbaare

parebiri [páribíri] *n.* anus *pl:* parebie *2pl:* parebiiree *Var.* parebogi

parebogi [párbógì] *n.* anus *pl:* parebogiri *2pl:* parebogiree *Var.* parebiri

parefẽε [párífĩε] adv. in vain • N viiri la o yiri te bale kyε ka parefẽε. I have gone to his house several times but all without success.

parefuri [párfùrì] *n.* act of dragging one's feet e.g. cowardice

parekolee [pàrèkòlèé] *n.* piglet *pl:* parekobilii *Var.* dobalee, dobabilii parekonene [pàríkònénì] *n.* pork *pl:* parekoneme *2pl:* porkonennee

parekyara [pártʃárá] *n.* The part in between the legs e.g. when in astride position *pl:* parekyarre 2*pl:* parekyarεε *Var.* parekyεrε

parekyεrε [párʧérè] *n. pl:* parekyεrre *2pl:* parekyεrεε *Var.* parekyara

parema [párímá] n. extra

рагепуэде [pár
րэ́gí] n. courage

parepēε [páripìè] n. act of struggling it out with another • Ba yεlε na e la parepēε yεlε. That problem of theirs is a difficult one.

parep $\tilde{\mathbf{e}}$ [párip $\tilde{\mathbf{i}}$ $\tilde{\mathbf{e}}$] n. struggle

parepĩi [páríp $\mathbf{\tilde{n}}$] n. the end of the anus pl: **parepiime**

parepooron [párípóórón] *n.* a type of wild mouse that reproduces prolifically *pl:* parepooro *2pl:* parepooreε

parepũo [párìpuò] n. fear

paresεgere [párìségrì] *n.* buttock *pl:* paresεge 2*pl:* paresεgerεε

paresunsugiri [párìsúnsúgrí] *n.* the knob-like appendage attached to the area above the anus of birds *pl:* paresunsugo *2pl:* paresunsugree

paretaa [pàrìtáà] *n.* game *2pl:* paretaarεε

paretεleŋ [párítέlíŋ] adj. at once

parεε [párέέ] *n.* species; kind *pl:* parεε parεε

parikonyaŋaa [pàríkónáŋáá] n. sow (pig) pl: parikonyaŋene

pataase peslon

pataase [pàtáásí] n. type of local spirit (alcoholic drink) pl: pataasere 2pl: pataaserεε

- pazɔŋɔ [pàzɔŋ] n. blood-sucking flypl: pazɔnne 2pl: pazɔnnεε Var.pazɔŋa
- pe [pí] ν. to be fed up with peε, peerε, peerε, peerebε, peeraa, peerebε
- pedaa [pídáá] *n.* ram *pl:* padaare *2pl:* pedaε/padaarεε
- **peda-eelɛ** [pídá-íílɛ] n. male sheep with horns
- pedavaraa [pídàváràà] n. castrated ram pl: pedavarre 2pl: pedavarεε
- pee [pèè] adv. open and large
- pē [pi] adv. onomatopoeic word (weighty object smashing a smaller object)
- pee [pii] adj. unrelenting, steadfast, not giving way
- peelaa [pííláà] *adj.* infant *pl:* peele peele [píílì] ν. to tear into shreds e.g. rag peelεε, peelε, peelε, peelbε, peelaa, peelbε
- **pēepēe** [pīĩpīĩ] *adv.* very sharp (taste, sting)
- peere [pììrì] *v.* (1) to sweep, to dust, to brush off (shirt) (2) to cleanse; to reinstate someone's soul believed to have deserted her/him by performing certain rituals to cleanse the person of an evil spirit, which is believed to have overshadowed the person's actual soul peerεε, peere, peerebε, peeraa

peeteree [pítítíríf] adj. everything about something, the whole truth •
A polisiri da soore la noba yaga a na baŋe a yɛlɛ peeteree zaa. The police questioned many people in a bid to get to the bottom of the matter. 2pl: peeterεε

- peε [píέ] n. roof pl: peere 2pl: peerεε peε [pìέ] n. basket pl: pere 2pl: perεε
- peε [pìè] ν. (1) to drink (taking in large gulps) (2) to take a wife or house maid from her parents peεε, peεrε, peεrε, peεrebε, peεraa
- $p\tilde{e}$ ε [$p\tilde{i}$ ε̃] adv. completely e.g. finished A $k\tilde{o}$ ο zaan baare $p\tilde{e}$ ε. All the water is finished completely.
- pēε [pĩē] v. pull apart in a bid to open e.g pulling the eyelid(s) apart pēεε, peεnε, peεnε, peεneme, peenaa
- pēε [pĩē] ν. (1) to decorate well
 (2) to dress gorgeously pēεε, peεnε,
 peεnε, peεneme, peεnaa
- pẽε [pĩε̃] v. to court (Southern Dagaare dialect) pẽεε, peεnε, peεnε, peεneκ, peεnaa, Var. peε
- peɛle [pìɛ̀li] ν. peɛlɛɛ, peɛlɛ, peɛlɛ, peɛlebɛ, peɛlaa, peɛlebɛ
 peɛle eelee to blow a horn
- peεle [píέli] ν. to be near; to be close to peεlεε, peεlε, peεlε, peεlebε, peεlaa, peεlebε
- **peεle-peεle** [píέlí-píέlí] *adj.* having white spots
- **peεlon** [píέl $\acute{\text{o}}$ η] n. (1) whiteness (2) food

peeme peli

peεmε [píέmέ] n. (1) decorations(2) beautiful clothing pl: peεne 2pl: peεnεε/peεmεε

peεmo [píέmʊ́] *n.* (1) courtship (2) sexual intercourse

pēεo [p̃ĩẽó] *n.* a type of wild cat (dark spotted) *pl:* **peεne** *2pl:* **peεne**ε

peεre [pìèri] *ν*. to investigate **peεrεε**, **peεrε**, **peere**, **peerebe**, **peeraa**

peere [pièri] ν. to not be fussy about choices (typically used with negative marker ba) peeree, peere, peerebe, peeraa

peεre₁ [píέrí] *v*. to line up; to place side by side **peεrεε**, **peεrε**, **peεrε**, **peεrε**, **peεra**

peεre₂ [píέrí] ν. to tap (to call attention) **peεrεε**, **peεrε**, **peεrε**, **peεrε**, **peεrebε**, **peεra**

peεrε [píérè] *n*. a type of small, black potato sg: **peεroo** pl: **peεrε** 2pl: **peεrεε**

pege [pìgì] v. (1) to decorate (dress)(2) to make tasty, delicious pegεε, pegrε, pegrebε, pegraa

pegelaa [pìgláà] *n.* row (of farm mounds) *pl:* pegle 2*pl:* peglεε

pegele [pìglì] ν cut across, in order to meet at a point peglεε, peglε, peglε, peglebε, peglaa

pegele [pìglì] *adj.* not staight on e.g. feet

pegerε [pígrè] n. wings sg: pegroopegε [pígé] adj. not whole; e.g. broken piece of calabash

pegi [pègì] v. to flap one's wings pegee, pegre, pegribe, pegraa

pekponi [píkpón] *n.* wool pekponi [píkpón] *n.* large roof *pl:* pekponni *2pl:* pekponnee

pekyeenε [ṕʧiíné] *n.* shepherd *pl:* **pekyeemε** *2pl:* **pekyeenε**

m pelaa [pílàá] $\it adj.$ white $\it pl:$ m peεle

pelaaya [pílááyà] *n.* pliers *pl:* pelaayare *2pl:* pelaayarεε

pele [píli] v. (1) to split a piece from a stalk (2) to leave and fail to return pelεε, pellε, pellε, pelebε, pelaa

pele [pílí] v. (1) to tear, to break off (splinter) (2) to discontinue (visits)
(3) to continue without going back to former place pelεε, pellε, pellε, pellε,

pelee [píléè] *n.* lamb *pl:* pebilii pelee [pèléè] *n.* small basket *pl:* pebilii *Var.* pelee

peleemaze \boxtimes e \boxtimes [píléèmàzí \boxtimes i \boxtimes] n. a type of with pink coloured edible fruits

pelempelen [pélémpélén] *adv.* bare, empty

pelewelee [pìliìwìlìì] *adj.* plenty of things found everywhere e.g. assorted items • *A weε tomɔ deɛ waa la pelewelee lɛ*. There is plenty of work on the farm. *Var.* pelewele

pelεmpelεŋ [pìlèmpíléŋ] *adv.* all over the place, disorganised

peli [pélì] *n.* spirit, heart *pl:* pele *2pl:* pelee

peli perepere

peli [pél] *n.* fright

pell [píll] *adj.* full to capacity *Var.* pelpel

pell [péll] *adj.* rise into the air e.g. flame

peləə [pìləə] adv. suddenly and quickly e.g fish splashing in water

pelpel [pílpíl] *adv.* full to the brim

pelpele [pìlpíl] ν to litter with broken pieces e.g. of straw pelpelεε, pelpelε, pelpelε, pelpelebε, pelpelaa

pempelen [pémpélén] *adj.* small e.g. piece of cloth

pemperi [pèmpèrì] v. to bend or place something in an oblique position pemperee, pempere, pempere, pemperibe, pemperaa, - Var. pempere

penεne [pínénì] *n.* mutton *ple* **penεme** 2*ple* **penεnnεε**

penne [pínnì] ν. to make delicious pennεε, pennε, pennε, penemε, pennaa

penti [péntì] *n.* paint *pl:* pentiri *2pl:* pentiree

penyaŋaa [pínáŋàá] n. ewe, adult female sheep pl: penyaŋene/penyanne 2pl: penyaŋenεε/penyannεε

peraa [píráá] n. (1) deliberateness(2) obstinacy

peraa [píráá] *n.* hyperbole (literature)

peraa [píràà] n. castanet; a pair of metal rings worn on the fingers

and clicked together rhythmically *pl*: perre 2*pl*: perrεε

pere [píri] v. push away; usually a small object with the foot

pere [pírí] *n.* a loop used in making the rim of a basket *pl*: **perεε**

pere [pìrì] ν. (1) remove from; shell (groundnuts), unwrap (parcel), (2) get wounded • O daare zõõla kuriwiri te le ka o gbere pere. He rode a bicycle, crashed and got his leg wounded. perεε, perε, perebe, peraa

pere [píri] *v.* push away (small object), ignore • *Ka fooŋ ba boɔrɔ a kuuri ŋa kyɛ ta pere o bare.* Even if you don't like this stone don't push it away. perɛɛ, perɛ, pere, perebɛ, peraa

pere [pírì] *n.* sheep *pl:* peere *Var.* peroo

perebare [píríbàrì] *n.* outer toe of a fowl *pl:* **perebarre** *2pl:* **perebarεε**

perekara [pìrìkàrà] adj. astride, firm and immovable • A sogya yaare la o gbεε perekara ka təloo zie kyebe. The soldier stood firmly with his feet astride such that no one can pass by him.

perekatəəre[píríkátɔśɔrì]n.cemeterypl:perekatəε2pl:perekatəərεε

perepere [pìrìpírí] ν. to struggle e.g. insect on a hot object pereperεε, pereperεε, pereperebε, pereperaa

регеtе ретрепее

perete [pírítí] *adv.* spotlessly white *Var.* **parata**

perεperε [pírépíré] *adj*. not stuck together e.g. well-cooked rice

periperi [pèrìpérí] v. to make an effort to overcome, to try hard
O ba taa a eebo kye o meŋ aŋ peripere la. She has not got the means, but she is also still trying hard. periperee, peripere, peripere, periperaa

peroo [pírថថ] *n.* sheep *pl:* peere *2pl:* peerεε *Var.* pere

pesaraa [písáráà] *n.* young adult female sheep *sg*: **pesarrεε** *pl*: **pesarre**

petooŋmaa [pítòòŋmáá] n. one who will not listen to anything pl: petooŋmaara 2pl: petooŋmaarεε

pezage [pízàgí] *n.* sheep pen *pl:* **peza**gre *2pl:* **pezagrεε**

pε [pè] v. to squeeze out e.g. milk from a cow -, -, peεrε, peεrebε, peεraa

pε [pὲ] *ν.* to open one's eyes widely -, -, **peεrε**, **peεrebε**, **peεraa**

pε [pè] v. to spiritually deprive another of prowess -, -, peere, peerebe, peeraa

pε [pέ] v. to harvest nuts from the ground pεε, peεrε, peεrε, peεrebε, peeraa

pε [pέ] adj. same, equal Var. pεpε pε̃ε [pε̃ε] adv. fatty; oily pεεre [pέέτί] adj. immature pl: pεbε **pεετεεre** [péétéérí] *n.* small, flat fish; tilapia *sg:* **pεετεroo** *pl:* **pεετεbε** *2pl:* **pεετεbεε** *Var.* **pεετere**

pεge [pέgì] ν. to wash e.g. clothes, utensils -, **pεgrε**, **pεgrε**, **pεgrebε**

pege [pégí] *n.* hard external covering of seeds, nuts, animals, trees *pl:* **pe**- **gre/pege** *2pl:* **pegree**

pegele [pèglì] v. to carry on one's side, shoulder, in arms pegleε, pegle, peglebe, peglaa

pεge yi [pégì yí] adj. clean, brightpεgεkε [pègèkè] adj. deep and wide

pegleŋ [pégléŋ] n. small and flat pl: pegleŋ pegleŋ Var. peŋgeleŋ

pεkogo [pèkógó] n. sticks put under a basket as a protective base pl: pεkogri 2pl: pεkogree

pεkpon [pèkŷon] *n.* large basket *pl:* **pεkponni** *2pl:* **pεkponnee**

pɛlaa [pɛ́làà] *n.* a type of tree with medicinal properties *pl*: pɛlle 2*pl*: pɛllɛε

pεle [pὲlì] *ν*. to be white

pεle [pèlì] v. to open up; be happy •
Zenε o pele la poo manne a yele ko te. Today s/he open up by explaining the issues to us.

pele [pélí] v. (1) to peel (yam) (2) to clear grass by weeding with a hoe pempelen [pémpélén] n. flat metal

(cover of a tin) pl: pεmpεlle 2pl: pεmpεlεε

pεmpεnεε [pémpénéé] *n.* wild gum; rubber *pl:* **pεmpεnne** 2*pl:* **pεmpεnne** *nεε*

ретреге рівэлэ

- **pεmpεre** [pèmpèrì] *n.* oblique position (bending very low)
- pempere [pèmpèri] ν. to bend very low and in an oblique position pemperee, pempere, pempere, pemperebe, pemperaa
- penaa [pènáà] n. musical instrument made from seasoned straw pl: penne 2pl: penneε
- penne [pènnì] ν. to carve pennee, penne, penne, peneme, pennaa
- penne [pènnì] ν. to rest pennee, penne, penne, peneme, pennaa
- **penne** [pènní] *n.* lower part of abdomen *pl:* **peme** 2*pl:* **pennee**
- penne [pénnì] n. cloth pl: peme 2pl: penneε
- pennoŋ [pènnôŋ] *n.* see pennoo pennoo [pènnòʊ́] *n.* air, breeze *Var.* pennoŋ
- pennu [pénnù] n. hand measure (about 9 inches) of woven strip of cloth pl: pennuuri 2pl: pennuuree
- penzage [pénzágí] n. rag pl: penzagra 2pl: penzagreε
- peŋe [pèŋ] ν. (1) to groan (2) to grunt (from effort) peŋee, pene, pene, peneme, penaa, peneme
- **pɛŋe** [pɛ́ŋi] *v.* to skim (usually by tapping water with the back of the hand or a container to push away debris)
- peŋe [pêŋ] v. (1) to borrow (2) to lend peŋee, penne, penne, peneme, pennaa, peneme

- peŋe [pêŋ] v. to tap on water to clear the top of unwanted material peŋee, penne, penne, peneme, pennaa, peneme Var. beŋ
- **pεŋkɔɔloŋ** [pĕŋkɔ́ɔlóŋ] *n.* pubic hair **pɛpɛlaa** [pépéláà] *n.* a type of small, carnivorous bird *pl:* **pɛpɛlle**
- pere [pérí] ν. to stand abreast, to be equal e.g. height peree, pere, pere, perebe, peraa
- pere [pèrì] ν. to bend in an oblique manner peree, pere, pere, perebe, pere
- **pεrεpεrε** [pèrèpéré] *n.* food made of mashed yam
- **•** *A nimibaaloŋ vɛŋɛɛ la ka a dɔɔ zɔŋe pɛrɛpɛrɛ*. The eye disease has caused him to be blind completely.
- **pεteε** [pètíé] n. medium-sized basket pl: peteere 2pl: peteeree Var. petelee
- pεyagelaa [pèyàgláà] n. a basket, usually hung, in which calabashes are stored pl: pεyagle 2pl: pεyaglεε
- pi [pí] v. to become bloated, to swell up pie, piire, piire, piiribe, piiraa
- pi [pí] v. to reserve, to claim in advance pie, piire, piire, piiribe, piira
- pi [pì] v. to be in fear; to clutch self tightly in fear pie, piire, piire, piiribe, piiraa
- **pibɔŋɔ** [pìbòŋɔ́] *n.* a type of lizard believed to be poisonous *pl:* **pibɔnne**

pie piiseebaa

2pl: pibonnεε Var. pibaŋa

pie [píé] adj. ten pl: piiri 2pl: piiree

pie ane anaare [pí é ání ánáári] *adj.* fourteen *pl*: pie ne anaare

pie ane anii [pí é ání áníì] *adj.* eighteen *pl:* pie ne aniini

pie ane anuu [pí é áne anúú] *adj.* fifteen *pl:* pie ne anuuri *2pl:* pie ne anuuree

pie ane ata [pí é ání átà] *adj.* thirteen *pl:* pie ne atare

pie ane ayi [pí é ání áyì] *adj.* twelve *pl:* pie ne ayiri

pie ane ayoɔbo [píé ání àyʊ̀ɔ̀bʊ́] *adj.* sixteen *pl:* pie ne ayoɔre

pie ane ayəpõi [píé ání àyəpõi] *adj.* seventeen *pl:* pie ne ayəponni

pie ane yeni [píé ání yénì] *adj.* eleven *pl:* pie ne yeme

pie ne awae [pie ni awai] adj. nineteen

pieri [pìèrì] v. (1) to cause the skin to peel e.g as a result of scrapes on rough surfaces (2) to cause to be bare (bush) pieree, piere, piere, pieribe, pieraa, pieribe

pigepige [pígépígé] *adj.* moving around craftily

pigi [pìgì] v. (1) to obstruct (view)
(2) to shield, to prevent (3) to trap in an enclosure e.g. house, hole pigee, pigre, pigre, pigribe, pigraa, pigribe

pigi [pígí] v. to make a ball e.g. from mud pigee, pigre, pigre, pigribe, pigraa

pigiri [pìgirì] v. to look out for, to
 watch over pigiree, pigire, pigire,
 pigiribe, pigiraa

pi⊠i [pí⊠i⊠] *n.* arrow sg: pi⊠iu *pl*: piime *2pl*: piinee

pi⊠i biri [pí⊠i⊠ bírì] *n.* arrowhead *pl:* pi⊠i bie *Var.* pimbiri

pĩikaraa [pł̃ikàràà] n. sharpened arrow pl: pĩikarre 2pl: pĩikarrεε

piili [píílì] v. to begin; to start piilee, piile, piile, piilibe, piilaa, piilibe

pĩi-mɔre [p̃ii-mɔrí] n. arrow shaft pl: pĩi-mɔε 2pl: pĩi-mɔrεε

piiri [píírì] v. to massage with warm water e.g. on bruises piiree, piire, piire, piiribe, piiraa

piiri [píirí] *n.* rock *pl:* pie 2*pl:* piiree *Var.* pie (Southern Dagaare dialect)

piiri [pììrì] v. to recover a lost object by chance -, piire, piiribe, piiraa

piirimpîî [pììrímpîî] n. a type of lizard pl: piirimpiime

pĩi-sabəle [piisàból] *n.* a type of square-shaped arrow without spikes *pl:* pĩi-sabələ *2pl:* pĩi-sabəlεε

pĩi-sabəle [pĩi-sàbəlí] *n.* finless arrow *pl:* pĩi-sabələ *2pl:* pĩi-sabəlεε

pĩiseεbaa [pἶisiébáá] n. large, long, flat needle for weaving pl: pĩiseεre Var. pĩiseεraa

pĩi-takəraa pipiree

- pĩi-takəraa [pii-tàkəràa] n. a type of arrow with spikes on the sides pl: pĩi-takərre 2pl: pĩi-takərεε
- **pĩiteεraa** [pĩitiὲráà] *n*. an arrow that is shot out; arrow for shooting pl: piiteere
- **pĩizεle** [pĩizέlí] *n*. poisoned arrow *pl*: pĩizele
- pikuuri [pìkúúrì] n. large piece of rock pl: pikubo 2pl: pikuuree
- pileesekoo [píléésíkóó] n. a type of bird pl: pileesekoore
- pilempilen [pìlèmpílén] adv. gusty
- pilepile [pílépílé] adv. in a fast manner
- pili [pílí] n. a type of mat made of tiny straw and thread used to sleep on pl: pile 2pl: pilee
- pilintoo [pìlìntʊś] n. bottle pl: pilintoore 2pl: pilintoorεε
- pilipili [pìlipílí] v. to cover up or confuse by clever actions pilipilee, pilipile, pilipile, pilipilibe, pilipi-
- pilli [pìllì] v. to roll up (mat) pillee, pille, pille, pilibe, pillaa, pilibe
- pilli [pìllì] v. (1) to cover (with a cloth) (2) cover the top of a building pillee, pille, pille, pillee, pillaa, pilibe
- pilli [pìllì] v. to roll the tip of a feather in the ear to scratch it pillee, pille, pille, pilibe, pillaa, pilibe

- pilli page [pilli pagi] v. to overwhelm with a swarm (bee attack) pilili pogεε, pille pogro, pilli-pogro pimbiri [pímbírì] n. (1) nail (2) ar-
- rowhead (3) syringe sg: pimbiruu pl: pimbie 2pl: pimbiiree
- pimbitaaraa [pìmbítááráà] n. screw, bolt pl: pimbitaare 2pl: pimbitaaree
- pimpin [pímpín] adj. far away
- pimpin [pìmpín] v. to attempt to confuse, to cover a deed pimpinee, pimpine, pimpinime, pimpine, pimpinaa
- pinni [pínnì] v. (1) to tap on to empty e.g. pocket (2) to shake e.g. to remove unwanted bodies (bugs from a mat) (3) to perform the final threshing to remove bits of grain pinnee, pinne, pinne, pinime, pinnaa
- pinni [pínnì] v. to remind pinnee, pinne, pinne, pinime, pinnaa
- pingaraa [píngáráà] n. pickaxe pl: pingarre 2pl: pingarrεε
- **pini** [píη] *v.* (1) to shake to remove e.g. dust from cloth (2) to beat mercilessly (figurative) pinee, pine, pine, pinime, pinaa, pinime
- **piŋi** [píŋ] ν. to hide or take cover behind an object pine, pine, pine, pinime, pinaa, pinime
- **pipiiri** [pìpiìrí] *n.* a type of tiny black flying insect that moves in groups
- pipiree [pìpíréé] *n.* (1) chaff (2) residue of the matter left after

piraa polee

chewing and extracting the liquid from some nuts like coconut *pl:* **pipirri** *2pl:* **pipirree**

piraa [píráá] n. button pl: pirri

pire [pìré] *n.* new land cleared for farming *pl:* **pirri** *2pl:* **piree/pirree**

pirempiren [pírémpírén] *adv.* full (tyre, stomach)

pirepire [pírépíré] n. the state of complete emptiness; the state of having nothing • N da booro ka N gaa sori kyɛ pirepire ba mare ma. I had wanted to go on a trip, but I had nothing on me.

piri [pírí] v. (1) to compete to win e.g. vacant seat (2) to speak at the same time (two or more people) piree, pire, pire, piribe, piraa

piri [pírì] v. to lance, to make a small cut to release pus piree, pire, pire, piribe, piraa

piri [pìri] v. (1) to button up e.g. shirt (2) to strap on e.g. wristwatch
(3) to put a noose on or off e.g. neck or leg of an animal piree, pire, pire, piribe, piraa

piriyoro [píríyòró] *adv.* completely scattered in different directions e.g. members of a search party

po [pờ] ν. to pull a grass stalk off the base poε, poorɔ/poora, poorohoora,

po [pò] v. to dig for termites (to feed young chicks) poe, puoro, puoro, puoribo, puoraa

po [pò] ν. to ooze, to flow (water) poe, puoro, puoro, puoribo, puoraa

pobeεmε [pờbíémé] *n.* stomachache, upset stomach *2pl:* **pobeεmεε**

pobieri [pòbìèrí] *n.* wickedness *2pl:* pobieree *Var.* powolaa

poboɔbo [pờbớɔ́bờ] *n.* will, desire **pobu** [pòbú] *adv.* filled with (tears in the eyes)

podẽo [pờdĩõ] n. preference
podẽgere [pờdé́gírì] n. evil thought
pofaa [pờfáá] n. state of being evilminded pl: pofaare 2pl: pofaareε
pogaale [pờgáálì] n. prenatal care pl: pogaalɛɛ

pogitogo [pógítógó] *adv.* very short and small *Var.* **pogitogoo**

pokuoŋaa [pòkuóŋáá] *n.* sharp stomachache without diarrhoea *pl:* pokuoni *2pl:* pokuonee

pokpaane [pờkpàànì] n. fasting 2pl: pokpaanεε Var. pokpegri

pokpegiri [pòkpégrí] *n.* closedheartedness, without an open mind, wickedness *pl:* pokpege *2pl:* pokpegree *Var.* pokpaane

pokpεlɛnkyε [pờkpélénʧé] *n.* the act of being potentially dangerous

pokpɔgere [pờkpɔ́grí] *n.* tumor in the stomach *pl:* **pokpɔgɔ** *2pl:* **pokpɔgrεε**

pokyiiri [pótʃiírí] *n.* confession polee [póléé] *n.* small farm polee [pòléé] *n.* early pregnancy poleene poore

poleεme [pólíéní] *n*. female lizard *pl:* **poleεmε** *2pl:* **poleεmεε**

polepole [pólpólí] *adj.* very tall and pointed summit. (church tower)

poli [pólí] v. smear plenty of oil producing a shining effect polee, polo, polo, polibo, polaa, polibo

poli [pòlì] *adv.* flaring up abruptly (fire)

polige [pòlígè] *n.* the state of not being open-minded

poll [pớll] *adj.* small and sharp *pl:* poll poll

polle [pŏllì] ν. to take an oath; to make a promise an oath pollεε, polla, polla, poleba, pollaa, poleba

polle noore, polle teebo to vow

polle [pŏllì] ν to sharpen (a point) an oath pollεε, polla, polla, poleba, pollaa, poleba

polle noore, polle teebo to vow

pololo [pớlớlớ] *adj.* pointed and sharp

pomm [pòmm] *adv.* bloated like a balloon

pompoluoree [pómpólúóréé] *n.* a type of wild tree with edible fruit *pl:* pompoluore *Var.* polimpoluoree

pompoŋɔ [pʊmpʊŋɔ̀] *n.* a type of poisonous green-trunked tree with white nectar *pl*: **pomponne** *2pl*: **pomponne** *Var*: **pompon**

ponaŋa [pónáŋ] *n.* severe stomachache *pl:* ponanne *2pl:* ponan-

nεε Var. ponaŋe

ponne [pónní] ν. (1) to drop in bits e.g. rain (2) to test tightness e.g. string of bow, guitar ponnεε, ponna, ponna, ponna

ponne [pònnì] v. to covet; to make advances to mate with e.g. animals

ponne [pồnnì] *adj.* not up to standard

poni [pôn] *n.* pollen *pl:* ponni *2pl:* ponnee

poni [pòn] v. (1) to shave (hair) (2) to remove corn from the cob ponee, pono, pono, ponimo, ponaa, ponimo

poŋi [póŋ] v. to share, to divide poŋee, pono, pono, ponimo, ponaa

poo [pʊʊ̀] *adv.* onomatopoeia; like noise made when one wades into water

po-o [pڻ-ʊ́] n. ocean 2pl: poorεε Var. mpoone/mpoonεε (Akan)

poomo [pứớmò] *n.* bean weevil *2pl:* **poomεε** *Var.* **pooma**

poone [pòònì] ν. to persist e.g. talk, argue • O maŋ boɔle la ba woŋi yeli kyɛ meŋ aŋ poonɔ pare. When he calls, there comes no answer, but he persists in calling earnestly. poonɛɛ, poonɔ, poonɔ, poonema, poonaa

poore [pŏŏrí] *n.* challenge *2pl:* **poorεε**

poore [pờờrì] ν. to challenge, to compete poorεε, poora, poora,

рооге роэгол

pooreba, pooraa

- poore [pờờrì] *ν*. to spray e.g. water onto someone **poorεε**, **poora**, **poora**, **poora**
- poore [pởởrì] ν. to harvest grass stalks poorεε, poora, poora, pooreba, pooraa
- **poo** [pốó] *n.* stomach, abdomen *pl:* **poore** *2pl:* **poorε**ε
- poo [pớɔ] n. part (of a group) A pɔgelee ba poɔ a zɔɔreŋ. The girl is not part of the fight. pl: poore 2pl: poorεε
- poo [pớɔ́] n. pregnancy pl: poore 2pl: pooreε
- poɔ [pʊ́ɔ́] ν. to beat down on by rain poɔεε, poɔrɔ, poɔrɔ, poɔreba, poɔraa
- poo [pớɔ] ν. to add to; to include poɔεε, poɔrɔ, poɔrɔ, poɔrəba, poɔraa
- poo [póś] post. (1) in, inside Ka diibuŋ be fo noɔre poɔ fo koŋ tõɔ yeli yelɛ velaa. If there is food in your mouth, you cannot talk well.
 (2) among, within O poɔ la a bibiiri na naŋ daŋe waaboŋ. S/he is among the children who came early.
- põo [põõ] v. (1) to interrupt A bie ba tu o noore baare kye ka a karema põo kpe, yeli ka zirii la. The child had not finished telling his story when the teacher interrupted and said it was a lie. A pogebilii deene la velaa zaa ka

- dosbilii mine wa põs kpε ka a deene ŋmaa. The girls were happily playing when some boys interrupted them and the play ended. (2) to perform a task earlier than expected A tontonema da põs iree la gaa o toma zie a na te de ba sanyos. The workers left before dawn to the work place in order to receive their salaries. põse, posns, posns, posnema, posnaa
- põo [pỗỗ] ν. to rot põõε, poono, poono, poonema, poonaa
- põo [pvõ] v. to play a game of hide and seek põõe, poono, poono, poonema, poonaa
- poole [pʊślí] ν. (1) to cause wetness of e.g. floor (2) to soak herbs (preparing medicine) poolεε, poolo, poolo, pooloa
- poole [pʊ̀òli] ν. to make the end of something pointed pooleε, poolo, poolo, poolbo, poolaa
- poole [p \circ 5lí] *adj.* pointed end *A bugo pare waa la poole lɛ*. The bottom of the granary is pointed.
- poonaa [pớɔ́náá] n. hide and seek (children's game) pl: poone 2pl: pooneε
- poore [pöòri] ν. (1) to rub to clear e.g. hand over face just from sleep (2) to clutch with both hands and feet e.g in climbing a tree or wall poorεε, pooro, pooro, pooreba, pooraa
- **poɔroŋ** [pʊ́ɔ́rʊ́ŋ] *n.* rot, rotten thing *pl:* **poɔrɔ**

popaale posaanaa posaanaa

popaale [pớpáálí] *n.* disease that causes swollen feet and a distended stomach

popeεloŋ [pớpíέlớŋ] n. happiness popelaa [pớpíláá] n. stomachache popelaa [pớpíláá] adv. (1) prostrate (2) open minded

popεge [pòpégí] *n.* outer shell *pl:* popεgere/popεge *2pl:* popεgerεε popεle [pòpèlì] *n.* (1) happiness, joy (taa popεle) (2) choice, wish popo [pòpò] *n.* motorcycle *pl:*

popori *2pl:* poporee

pore [pớrí] *adj.* tiny, small *pl:* porre 2*pl:* porrεε

pore [pòrì] ν. to name, to mention porεε, porɔ, porɔ, poreba, poraa

pore [pớrì] ν. to pour out porεε, porɔ, porɔ, poreba, poraa

pore [pớrì] ν. to buy herbal medicine porεε, porɔ, porɔ, poreba, poraa

 ${f pore}\ [{
m p\'or\'i}]\ adj.$ small in size

pore [pòrì] *adj.* abundant in quantity

poree [póréé] *n.* pair of pegs on which pots and calabashes are placed *pl:* **porri** *2pl:* **porree**

pori [pòrì] v. to cause to blister, to scald (of fire) poree, poro, poro, poribo, poraa

pori [pòrì] *adj.* sound of a big falling object from a height (a big fruit)

pori [pórí] *adj.* sound of a small object falling from a height (small fruit)

pori [pórí] *v.* to struggle e.g. dying fowl **poree**, **poro**, **poro**, **poribo**, **poraa**

poriko [póríkó] *n.* pig *pl:* porikori *2pl:* porikoree *Var.* pariko

porisi [pórísì] *n.* police *pl:* porisiri *2pl:* porisiree

poritiisan [pòrítíſsa] *n.* police station *pl:* poritiisanne *2pl:* poritiisanεε/poritiisannεε

poroso [pòròsò] *adv.* large and round e.g. balloon

poroworo [pòrìwòrò] *adj.* countless and all over the place e.g. piglets of a sow

poro [póró] *n.* fail to respond smoothly or click (archer's arrow)

• A tammo ηmε la poro ka a tanteεrε teε a sooŋaa nyere. The bow failed to release the arrow and so the archer failed to hit the hare. pl: porre 2pl: porεε

porre [pórri] ν. to force air through closed lips (rude way of disagreeing; lie) porrεε, porra, porra, poreba, porraa

porre [pớrrì] ν. to break into tiny bits porrεε, porra, porra, poreba, porraa

porri [pórri] *v.* to report porree, porro, porro, poribo, porraa

posãa [pờsàà] n. sadness

posaanaa [posaanaa] *n.* sorrow, unhappiness *pl:* posaane/posaama *2pl:* posaanεε

posogedaa pɔgebeεlε

posogedaa [pòsògdàá] n. backbone pl: posogedaare 2pl: posogedaarεε
posoge-kpoŋi [pósʊ́g-kpôŋ] n. spinal tuberculosis

posogo [pósógó] n. mid-back pl: posogere 2pl: posogerεε Var. posoga

poteεrε [pötíέrέ] *n.* thoughts, wishes **poteεroŋ** [pötíέrőŋ] *n.* thought *pl:* **poteεrε**

potulimo [pótúlímó] *adj.* backwards *Var.* **potulo**

potulo [pótúló] *adj.* backwards *Var.* potulimo

potuo [pòtúó] n. wickedness, malice
 pl: potuuri 2pl: potuuree

po-tu [pò-tù] *n.* the act of following potuoluŋ [pôtúólúŋ] *n.* wickedness potuosobɔ [pòtúósʊ́bá] *n.* wicked person *pl:* potuodeme *Var.* potuosoba

potuuro [pòtúúró] *n.* follower, disciple *pl:* **potuuribo**

pou [póú] *adv.* onomatopoeia; sound of blast (balloon)

povelaa [pờvìlàá] *adj.* sincere, pure *pl:* **poveεle**

powele [pứwélí] *n.* confession powolaa [pứwʊláá] *n.* wickedness *pl:* powolle *Var.* pobieri

po-yiraa [pờ-yíráá] *n.* miscarriage *pl:* po-yirri *Var.* po-yi

pl: po-yirri Var. po-yi pozagela [pʊʊzágɪ́là] n. innocence pozagelaa [pʊʊzágɪ́láá] n. empty stomach pl: pozagele **pozagelaa** [pózágíláá] *n.* the state of being free of malice toward another *pl:* **pozagele**

pozu [pòzú] *n.* gossip *pl:* pozuri *2pl:* pozuree

po [pó] v. to swear; to make a vow poε, pooro, pooro, pooreba, pooraa po-eŋe [pó-iŋ] v. to curse; putting

a malicious spell on someone po eŋεε, pooro ennε, po-ennε, poenemε, po-ennaa

poge [pògì] ν. (1) to close, to shut
(2) to cover (3) to imprison pogεε,
pogro, pogro, pogreba, pograa, pogreba

pɔge [pɔ́gí] n. (1) female (2) woman(3) wife pl: pɔgebɔ 2pl: pɔgebεε

poge [pógì] v. (1) to meet the presence of • Daŋ iribu wa poge ma kyɛ ka Ngaa. Get up early to come and meet me before I go. (2) to hit a target • A naŋkpaana ŋmɛ la walaa kyɛ o ba poge o. The hunter shot an antelope but did not hit the target. (3) to be possible • A baa kye a dieŋ; o naa poge la yeŋe poɔ. The dog is not in the room; it may be outside. pogɛɛ, pogrɔ, pogrɔ, pogrə, pogreba, pograa, pogreba

pogebaa [pògìbáá] n. (1) a woman who has a sharp tongue (2) prostitute pl: pogebaare 2pl: pogebaarεε

pɔgebeɛle [pɔ̀gr̀brì̀ɛlr̀] *n.* the act of taking a bride to the bridegroom

pogebeεlε [pògìbíélε] n. bridesmaid pl: pogebeεlbε 2pl: pogebeεloo

pɔgebeɛloŋ pɔgenyɔgeraa

pɔgebeɛloŋ [pɔ̀gibièlŏŋ] *n.* marriage feast (taking the bride to the bridegroom)

pogebeεre [pògìbíérí] *n.* a stage in courtship

poge-bo [pògìbó] n. courtship

Pogeda Δa [pògìdãà] n. name traditionally given to a female child born on day of locally brewed beer pl: Pogedaamine 2pl: Pogedaanεε

pəge-de [pògí-dí] n. marriage

pɔgederaa [pɔgìdíráá] n. a woman that is qualified to be married pl: pɔgederre 2pl: pɔgederεε

pɔgederε [pògìdírέ] n. (1) bridegroom (2) a man who is eligible to marry

pogederon [pògìdírớn] *n.* marriage (action of groom)

pogedogero [pògìdògìró] *n.* a woman who has just given birth to a child *pl:* pogedogereba *2pl:* pogedogerebes

pogefaa-ŋmenaa [pógífáá-ŋínáá] *n.* early evening (4 pm)

pogegori [pògígórí] *n.* bride price *pl:* pogegoe *2pl:* pogegoree

pogeguri [pògìgùrì] n. rape

pogegbeεloo [pògìbíεlớʊ] n. one who leads the bride to the bridegroom's house pl: pogegbeεlebε 2pl: pogegbeεlebεε

poge-iraa [pògí-íráá] n. a woman who has eloped with her fiance pl: poge-irri

pogekoore [pògìkớớrí] *n.* (1) unmarried woman (2) widower *pl:* pogekobo *2pl:* pogekobeε

pɔgekɔŋ [pògìkôŋ] *n.* unavailability of mariagable women

pogekuree [pògìkúréé] *n.* skirt *pl:* pogekurri *2pl:* pogekurree

poge-kyaaraa [pògì-ʧàáráá] *n.* woman offered for marriage *pl:* poge-kyaarεε

pogekyeε [pògìtʃíέ] n. sister-in-lawpl: pogekyeerepogekyemine 2pl: pogekyeerεε

pogekyεre [pògìʧὲrì] *n.* payment of bride price

pɔge-la-dɔɔ [pɔ̀gì-lá-dɔ́ɔ́] *n.* woman with manly features *pl:* pɔge-la-dɔbɔ

pogele [pògìlì] *v.* to tame pogelεε, pogelo, pogelo, pogeleba, pogelaa

pogelee [pògìléé] n. (1) girl (2) junior wife (second of two wives) pl: pogebilii 2pl: pogebillee

pogelon [pògìlớn] n. womanliness

poge-nogeraa [pògì-nògìràá] *n.* woman (a derogatory term implying that the woman is a sojourner and therefore has no power) *pl:* poge-nogere 2*pl:* poge-nogerεε

pɔgenyaŋaa [pɔgpŋáŋáá] *n.* old woman *pl:* pɔgnyaŋene/pɔgenyanne 2*pl:* pɔgenyannεε

pogenyogeraa [pogenogeraa] n. a
woman who has eloped with a man
pl: pogenyogerre

pogenyuo pogeyiraa pogeyiraa

pɔgenyuo [pɔ̀gt̄núó] *n.* woman with a big navel (name) *pl:* pɔgenyu-uri/pɔgenyumine

pogepẽε [pogipĩε] n. courtship

pɔge-pɛgebo [pògì-pɛ́gíbʊ́] *n.* menstruation

pogepiiraa [pògìpííráá] *n.* (1) fiancee, betrothed woman (2) engaged woman for marriage *pl:* pogepiiri *2pl:* pogepiiree

pogepoo [pògìpớó] n. pregnant woman pl: pogepoore 2pl: pogepoorεε

Pogesaa [pògìsáá] *n.* name traditionally given to a female child born on a rainy day *pl:* pogesamine

pogesaraa [pògìsáráà] n. young woman pl: pogesarre 2pl: pogesarrεε

pogesarebie [pògìsáríbíé] n. a woman's firstborn pl: pogesarebiiri 2pl: pogesarebiiree

pogesarelee [pògìsáríléé] n. young woman pl: pogesarebilii

pogeseε [pògìsíέ] *n.* woman who is menstruating *pl:* **pogeseere** 2*pl:* **pogeseere**

pogesee [pògìsíέ] n. a type of yam pl: pogeseere 2pl: pogeseerεε

pogeseε [pògìsíέ] n. (1) a woman's cloth measuring about 72 x 45 inches worn on the waist (2) any such size of cloth sg: seerεε pl: pogeseere 2pl: poge

pogeserekulo [pògìsìrìkúlò] n.

marriageable woman *pl:* pɔge-serekulibo *2pl:* pɔgeserekulibee

pɔgesoga [pògìsógá] *n.* middle wife (one in between the first and last of three or more wives) *pl*: **pɔgesogre** *2pl*: **pɔgesogrε**ε

pogesoobo [pògìsʊ́obɔ́] *n.* witch *pl:* pogesoore 2*pl:* pogesooreε

Pogesugilo [pògìsúgiló] *n.* female name traditionally given to the second born after twins

pɔgesugo [pɔ̀gisúgó] *n.* a large group of women *pl*: pɔgesugri *2pl*: pɔgesugree

pɔge-tu [pɔ̀gi-tù] *n.* taking home of a woman who failed to divorce

pɔge-tu [pɔ̀gi-tú] *n.* final stage in courtship

pogetuuro [pògìtúúró] *n.* one who takes a woman from her family to her husband's house *pl:* pogetuuribo *2pl:* pogetuurbee

Pogeweε [pògìwìé] *n*. name traditionally given to a female child born in the farm/bush (outside of the normal living environment)

pogeyaa [pògìyáá] *n.* daughter *pl:* pogeyaare 2*pl:* pogeyaarεε

pogeyagede [pògìyágídí] n. polygamy

pɔgeyi-gane [pògìyí-gánì] n. writ of divorce pl: pɔgeyi-gama 2pl: pɔgeyi-gannεε

pogeyiraa [pògìyíráá] *n.* divorced woman *pl:* pogeyirri *2pl:* pogeyirree

Pogezee po saa

Pogezeε [pògìzìέ] n. (1) lightskinned woman (2) female name pl: pogezeere/pogezeεmine

polaa [pòlàà] *n.* heartbeat, pulse *pl:* polle 2*pl:* pollεε

polaare [póláárì] ν. to swear vehemently polaarεε, poorolaara, polaara, polaaraa

polbile [pólbílé] n. young man • polbilii pl: polbilee Var. pole, polee

pole [pɔ́li] *n.* young boy *pl:* pɔlbilii *Var.* pɔlee, pɔlbile

pole [pòlì] v. (1) to grow to maturity
(2) to be full of life (3) to become beautiful polεε, pollo, pollo, poleba
polee [pólíí] n. young man Var. pole, polbile

polese [pólísi] ν. to polish poleseε, poleseerε, poleseerε, poleseerebε, poleseeraa

polkakyeerε [pŏlkáʧííré] *n*. the act of being overly proud of one's self

pollo [pòllò] *n.* pathway used by wild rodents *pl:* polle *2pl:* pollεε *Var.* pole

poloo [pólóó] *n.* liveliness • *Yε yieluŋ na taa la poloo*. That song of yours is lively.

poloo [pólóó] n. (1) pride (2) vanity
A pogelee na veɛlɛ la kyɛ o erɛ la poloo. That young lady is beautiful but she is proud.

polteε [pòltìὲ] n. frightening
pomεε [pòmèὲ] adv. fat and round
pompore [pŏmpòrí] adj. very young and immature e.g. puppy

ponne [pònni] v. (1) to hold onto someone's chest or belly, but not firmly • A saa naŋ iri la ka a bie zele o yoolee ponne a zelzele zoro ne. As the rain started, the child picked his brother and half dragged him away. (2) to be calm • Sasee daare ere la kye saa mie la ka zie ponne. It used to be windy but with the coming of rain, the weather is calm. ponnee, ponno, ponno, ponema, ponnaa

pontenakaare [pòntínàkáárí] *n.* one that is here and there *2pl:* **pontenakaarεε**

pontere [pòntíri] n. toad pl: ponteε
2pl: ponteerεε

pɔɔ [pɔɔ́] ν. to be too small, to be too young pɔɔε, pɔɔrɔ, pɔɔrɔ, pɔɔrebɔ, pɔɔraa

pɔɔre [pɔ́ɔrí] n. a short and poisonous snake Var. mabiekontapɔgema

poporεε [pópórέέ] *n. sg:* **poporoo** *Var.* **sepoporeε**

poraa [póràà] *n*. (1) an ordeal to find a wrongdoer (2) the condition of hanging in the balance *pl*: porre 2*pl*: porrεε

pore [pórì] ν. (1) to pluck (fruit)(2) to die (baby) porεε, poro, poro, poreba, poraa

pore [pɔ́rí] ν. to carry out a test to find a wrongdoer poreε, poro, poro, poreba, poraa

po saa [pó sáá] v. to jump from a very

pu pumpuron

high point e.g. lizard from the tip of a tree branch

pu [pù] v. to flower pue, puuro, puuro, puuribo, puuraa, - Var. puuri

pu [pù] v. to pluck very tender fruits e.g. okra pue, puuro, puuro, puuribo, puuraa, - Var. puuri

pu [pú] ν. direct to • O naŋ yeli a yɛlɛ o ba pore neɛ zaa yuori kyɛ te baŋe la neɛ na o naŋ pu. S/he did not mention any person's name in the talk but we know who it was directed to.

pugi [pùgì] v. praise, adore

pugi [púgí] v. (1) to disturb e.g. dust, water (2) to knead e.g. flour or shea butter dough pugee, pugiro, pugiro, pugiribo, pugiraa

pugi [pùgì] v. to praise pugee, pugiro, pugiro, pugiribo, pugiraa

pugo [púgó] *adj.* gray *pl:* pugiri *2pl:* pugiree

puli [púlí] adv. under, below

puli [pùlí] n. an emergency exit of rodents that live in holes pl: pulo 2pl: pulee

puli [púlí] n. hind toe of a bird pl: pulli 2pl: pulee

pulli [pùllì] v. to mix • Ba de la bεŋε pulli ne a mui. They mixed the rice with beans. pulee, pullo, pullo, pulibo, pullaa, pulibo

pulli [púllì] v. (1) to repeat (2) to fold over pullee, pullo, pullo, pulibo, pullaa, pulibo

pulluu [púllúú] *n.* **(1)** repetition **(2)** refrain (poem, song)

pulompulon [pùlòmpúlón] *adj.* mixed up e.g. different items

pulon [púlón] *n.* sound of a small object falling into water

pulopulo [púlópúló] adj. less serious than • Ka fooŋ la yi tensogɔ saŋa, a feɛbo ŋa fo ba naŋ feɛ fo zenɛ na waa la pulopulo. If you go out in the night again, the punishment you have received today will be less serious than what you will get.

pulopulo [púlópúló] adj. incomparable • Tentoŋ saŋa ŋmenaa maŋ tasoga puri la ka vũũ meŋ waa pulopulo. During the hot season sometimes the heat of the sun is incomparable to fire.

pulopulo [pùlópùló] adj. made of different varieties • A tigiri daare o da di la bondi pulopulo te zuo lenso ka o poo da beere. On the feast day s/he ate too many assorted dishes and that was why s/he had a stomach ache.

puluŋ [pùlúŋ] n. a type of grass with sharp tips that can pierce soft or light objects e.g. feet

pumpuŋkərə [púmpúŋkərə] *n.* a type of poisonous plant *pl:* **pumpuŋkərεε**

pumpuroŋ [púmpúróŋ] *adv.* small, round, and hairy e.g. tail end of a squirrel

pumpuron [pùmpùròn] *adv.* large, round, and furry

puo sa

puo [púò] n. (1) small farm near
the house (2) farmland pl: poe 2pl:
poree

pũo [pũỗ] v to make a hole through an object pũoe, puono, puono, puono, puonimo, puonaa

puoli [púólí] ν. to saturate with water puolee, puolo, puolo, puolibo, puola

puoraa [pùòràá] *n.* (1) greetings (2) gratitude *pl:* **puoro**

puoraa karetaa [pùòràá káretàá] n. postcard pl: puoraa karetaare 2pl: puoraa karetaarεε

puori [pùòrí] n. back (body) pl: poe
2pl: poree

puori [púórì] *n.* stomach; the organ in humans and animals in which food is stored *pl*: **poe** *2pl*: **puoree**

puori [pùòrì] v. (1) to pray (2) to greet (3) to thank puoree, puoro, puoro, puoribo, puoraa, puoribo

puori [pùòrí] *adv.* **(1)** behind **(2)** backward (direction)

puorin [púòrín] conj. after

puoruu [púórúú] *n.* prayer *pl:* puoro

puree [pùrèé] n. paternal aunt, father's sister pl: purri/purimine 2pl: purree puri [pùrì] v. (1) to burst, to break (2) to appear suddenly (3) to rise (sun) puree, puro, puro, puribo, puraa, puribo puri nmenaa sunrise

puri wale [pùrì wálí] ν. (1) to sweat, to perspire (2) to struggle, to be in a difficult situation

puro [púrò] n. a type of tree that has sour sap which is used in preparing porridge pl: purri 2pl: purree

puro [púrò] *n.* a type of small tree squirrel *pl:* **purri** *2pl:* **purree**

puu [pùù] ν. to praise, to congratulate puue, puuro, puuro, puuribo, puuraa

puulee [púúléé] *n.* lady (typically used with bi-) *pl:* **puuli**

puuli [púúlì] *n.* a funeral rhythm; a type of musical performance at a funeral rites session *pl*: **puulo** *2pl*: **puulee**

puuri [púúrí] *n.* flowers *sg:* puuruu *2pl:* puuree *Var.* tepuuri

puuri [pùùrì] v. to spray from the mouth (usually chewed material as medicine)puuree, puuro, puuro, puuribo, puuraa, - Var. pu

puuri [pùùrì] v. to harvest okra prematurely puuree, puuro, puuro, puuribo, puuraa, - *Var.* pu

S

sa [sá] ν. to administer an enema saε,

saara, saara, sareba, saaraa

saa saakõə

- saa [sàá] n. father pl: saamine 2pl: saarεε Var. ba
- saa [sáá] n. rain 2pl: saarεε
- saa [sáá] adv. even if; short form of saaren Ka foon saa be gaa kyε fo kon nyε o. Even if you go you wont see him/her. Var. saaren
- sãa [sẫá] n. blacksmith's shop Var.saaŋ
- sãa [sảã] v. to mash, to mix Kɔŋe kpɛ la a balee, sãa saabo eŋe o.
 The puppy is hungry; mash some TZ for it.
- sãa [sãã] v. to appear, to be visible
- sa⊠a [sà⊠à] v. (1) to spoil, to destroy, to damage (2) to be guilty sa⊠aε, saana, saanaa, saanema, saanaa, saanema
- sãabile [sãábìlé] *n.* uncle (father's younger brother) *pl:* saabilii/saabilimine *2pl:* saabilee *Var.* saambile
- saabo [sáábó] n. flour paste (staple food of the Dagaare-speaking people) 2pl: saarεε Var. TZ
- saabuulaa [sààbùùláà] n. porridge set for preparing saabo pl: saabuuli
- **saadaare** [sáádáárí] *adv.* rainy, wet day
- **saadoge** [sààdᡠgí] *n.* large cooking pot *pl:* **saadogere** *2pl:* **saadogerε**
- saa-doge [sààdógì] *n.* earthenware cooking pot for soup *Var.* zɛdo-gelee
- sãadəə [sããdóó] *n.* stranger (male) *pl:* sãadəbə

- saafebiri [sààfìbírì] *n.* key *pl:* saafebie *2pl:* saafebiruu
- saafee [sáàfíí] n. lock pl: saafeere 2pl: saafeerεε Var. safoa, safoɔ
- **sa-agera** [sà-ágíráà] *n.* rainclouds that gather and suddenly give way to clear weather *pl:* **sa-agere** *2pl:* **sa-agerεε**
- saakaŋkaŋaa [sáákǎŋkàŋáá] n. a type of tree pl: saakaŋkanne 2pl: saakaŋkannɛε Var. kaŋkaŋaa
- saakaraa [sààkáráá] *n.* flour paste not fully cooked, still part raw *pl:* saakarare 2*pl:* saakarεε
- sãakoma [sããkómá] n. grandfather pl: saakommine 2pl: saakomεε/saakonnεε Var. saaŋkoma, naa
- **sãakonnoŋ** [sa kớ nnớ ŋ] *n.* tradition, custom
- sãakontulimo [sã` ã`kóntúlímó] n. great-grandfather pl: sãakontulimine Var. sãakontulo
- sãakoŋkommuulitoori [sà⊠àkờŋkớmmúúlítóórí] *n.* great-grandfather *pl:* sãakoŋkommuulitoorimine *Var.* sãakontulimo
- sãakoŋkorema [sẫàkỡŋkớrímá] *n.* great-great-grandfather, forefather *pl:* sãakoŋkoremamine
- sãakoŋkoroma [sẫákókóróma]n. great-great-grandfather Var.sãakontulimotulimo
- saakõɔ [sààkὖɔ̃] *n.* water in mashed poridge *2pl:* saakoɔnεε

saakəntuo saapurimo

- saakəntuo [sáákəntúó] n. Water from the first rain of the onset of the rainy season pl: saakəntuuri 2pl: saakəntuure
- saala [sáálá] n. charcoal sg: saaloo 2pl: saalεε
- saalaa [sààlàà] *adj.* (1) smooth (2) slippery *pl:* saale
- saalaa [sááláá] *n.* object used for sharpening implements *pl:* saale 2*pl:* saaεε
- saalaa [sààlàà] *n.* a type of tree with hard wood *pl*: saale
- saalaa [sààláá] *n.* bowl of T.Z *pl:* saalaare 2*pl:* saalaarεε
- saale [sààlì] ν. (1) to sharpen e.g. knife (2) to make smooth, to plaster Ayuo saale la o dipaalaa na o serε naŋ ŋmaa. Ayuo has plastered the new room her husband put up. saalɛɛ, saala, saala, saaleba, saalaa
- saale [sààlì] ν to be sufficient A bondirii ama eŋ na saale ba la. As for this food, it will be sufficient for them. saalεε, saala, saala, saalaba, saalaa
- saalesɔglaa [sààlìsɔ́gláá] n. a type of tree with hard wood and medicinal properties pl: saalesɔglɔ 2pl: saalesɔglɛε
- saalieni [sààlìèní] n. a type of small plant with an edible, jellylike tuber pl: saalieme 2pl: saalienee
- **saalombugo** [sààlòmbùgò] *n.* a type of small plant whose leaves are

- used in place of okra *2pl:* saalombugiree *Var.* saalompelaa
- saalommaane [sààlŏmmáánìì] *n.* okra *pl:* saalommaana *Var.* maanee
- saalompelaa [sààlòmpìlàà] n. a type of small plant whose leaves are used in place of okra pl: saalompeεle 2pl: saalompeεlεε Var. saalombugo
- saaloŋ [sààlòŋ] adj. slippery, slimy •
 A mui sãã la, a waa la saaloŋ le.
 The rice is spoilt; it is slimy.
- **saaloŋ** [sáálʊ́ŋ] *n.* okra or other slimy plant used in soup
- saalore [sààlórí] n. ball of T.Z. (usually formed by putting T.Z in water) sg: saaloroo pl: saaloro 2pl: saalorεε
- saana [sáánà] *n.* stranger, visitor *pl:* saama *2pl:* saanεε
- saanaa [sáánáá] n. fault, wrong pl: saane
- saanweɛleŋ [sáánwíɛ́líŋ] n. (1) opposite, contradiction (2) irony (literature) Var. saanweɛloŋ
- saaŋ [sááŋ] n. see zambere pl: saane 2pl: saaneε Var. sãa
- saapɛle [sààpɛ́lí] n. layer of T.Z pl: saapɛlɛ 2pl: saapɛlεε
- sãapoge [sẫápógí] *n.* stranger (female)
- **saapuori** [sàápúórì] *n.* the middle of T.Z *pl:* **saapoe** *2pl:* **saaporee**
- **saapurimo** [sààpúrímó] *n.* pieces of flour paste (T.Z.) *2pl*: **saapurimee**

saaraa sagele

- saaraa [sááráá] n. saw pl: saare 2pl: saarεε
- saare [sáárì] n. broom pl: saε 2pl: saarεε
- saaremuri [sáármúrí] *n.* broom straw *pl:* saaremue *2pl:* saamuree
- saaren [sáárín] adj. even if Ka foon saaren gaa kye fo kon nye o. Even if you go, you will not see her. Var. saa
- saa-toloŋ [sàá-tólóŋ] n. hot TZ pl: saa-tolo/saa-tola
- **saazu-kogilo** [sààzú-kógiló] *n.* dried top of T.Z *sg:* **saazu-kogiluu**
- sabaabo [sàbáábó] *adj.* mysterious
- sabeelε [sàbíflè] *n.* civilian sg. sabeeloo
- sabeleme [sàbélímé] n. earthworm pl: sabelemere 2pl: sabelemereε Var. sebeleme (short form of sabelmekyo)
- sabelemekyəə [sàbélímètʃɔ́ɔ́] n. earthworm pl: sabelemekyəəre 2pl: sabelemekyəəreε Var. sabeleme
- sabelemekyoo [sàbélímékyóó] n. earthworm pl: sabelemekyoore 2pl: sabelemekyooreε Var. sabeleme; sebelemekyoo, sebelemeVar. sebelemekyoo, sabeleme/ sebeleme.
- sabiri [sàbírì] *n.* raindrop *pl:* sabie *2pl:* sabiiree
- sabogi [sábógí] n. something that causes concern e.g incessant complain A yi a pɔge bie naŋ kpi la ka o deε maŋ yele sabogi yεlε.

- Since the woman lost her child she has always been complaining.
- sabogi [sàbògí] n. a type of fetish believed to have healing power and protection especially for children pl: sabogri 2pl: sabogree
- sadeŋe [sàdéŋ] *n.* first rain (first heavy rain after which the people sow their crops) *pl:* sadenne *2pl:* sadenneε *Var.* sadeŋε
- safeaa [sàfíáá] n. survey pl: safeere 2pl: safeerεε
- **safekyeεrε** [sàfitʃièrè] *n.* surveyor *pl:* **safekyeεrebε** *2pl:* **safekyeεrebεε**
- safoa [sàfờá] n. lock pl: safoore 2pl: safoorεε Var. safoɔ
- safobiri [sàfòbírì] *n.* key *pl:* safobie *2pl:* safobiriee *Var.* saafobiri, saafebiri
- safoɔ [sàfờɔ́] n. lock pl: safoore 2pl: safoorεε Var. safoa, saafee
- sagane [sàgánì] *n.* sky blue *pl:* sagama 2*pl:* sagannεε
- sage [sàgì] ν. (1) to answer (2) to agree, to accept, to obey (3) to allow, to permit (4) to admit guilt (5) to receive (6) to sing after a lead singer sageε, sagra, sagra, sagreba, sagraa, sagreba
- sage [ságí] ν. to be piled up sagεε, sagera, sagera, sagereba, sageraa, sagereba
- sagele [sàgìlì] ν. to be caught up; to be entangled e.g. stick thrown into a tree sagelεε, sagela, sagela, sageleba, sagelaa

sagere salembogi

- sagere [sàgìrí] n. rubbish pl: saga 2pl: sagεε
- sagoŋgoŋŋo [sàgòŋgóŋŋò] n. rainbow pl: sagoŋgonni 2pl: sagoŋgonnee
- **sagbini** [ságbíní] *n.* big bundle of traditional broomsticks. The local broom is usually a bundle of slim but strong straw *pl:* **sagbime** *2pl:* **sagbimee**
- sakaliŋkuuree [sàkálíŋkúúréé] *n.* whirlwind *pl:* sakaliŋkuuri
- sakere [sákìrì] *n.* bicycle *pl:* sakeε 2*pl:* sakerεε *Var.* baasakuuri
- sakõo [sàkỗỗ] *n.* heavy rain 2pl: sakoonεε
- sakoraa [sàkóràá] *n.* gathered rain clouds; the condition of preparing to rain *pl:* sakorri *2pl:* sakorree
- **sakɔre** [sàkɔ́rí] *n.* scrap of saabo left in the pot *2pl:* **sakɔrεε**
- sakəre [sákərí] adj. (1) useless, lazy
 Ba-sakəre ba nəŋ məyə. A lazy dog does not like hunting. (2) dirty, untidy
 Nensaal-sakəre zaa maŋ nyuuro la. Every dirty person has an odour.
- sakubie [sákúbìé] n. student pl: sakubiiri 2pl: sakubiiree
- sakubo [sàkúbò] *n.* hail *pl:* sakuuri *2pl:* sakuuree
- sakuuri [sàkúúrí] *n.* (1) hailstone, ice cube *pl:* sakue *2pl:* sakuuree
- sakuuri [sàkùùrì] *n.* school *pl:* sakue *2pl:* sakuuree

- sakuuribie [sàkúúríbíé] *n.* student *pl:* sakuuribiiri *Var.* sakubie
- **sakper**ε [sákpírέ] *n.* disused broom *pl:* **sakperre** *2pl:* **sakperε**ε
- **sakyeεre** [sàtʃiὲrì] *n.* a type of hat with a large brim e.g. cowboy *pl:* **sakyeεre**
- **sakyəre** [sàʧðrì] *adv.* height of the rainy season
- salala [sàlàlà] adj. dull, passive
- salamante [sàlàmánti] *n.* cement *pl:* salmanterε 2*pl:* salmanterεε
- salansalaŋ [sálánsáláŋ] adj. smooth
- Salaŋa [sàláŋá] *n*. a person who works as a cleaner and orderly maintenance of the innermost part of a chief's palace *pl*: salanne 2*pl*: salanneε
- sale [sàli] v. (1) to be dispirited N woŋ la o fieluu yɛle, ka n eŋɛ zaa sale. When I heard of her failure, I was disturbed. (2) to cook a small amount soup A biyaala seŋ ka o sale zeɛre ko a bie. The babysitter should be able to cook some small food for the child. salɛɛ, salla, salla, salba, sallaa
- sale [sàli] v. to make sauce slippery sale [sálí] n. a type of plant with medicinal properties, believed to provide strength and power 2pl: sales
- salema [sálìmá] n. gold 2pl: sallεε/salemεε
- salembogi [sàlìmbògí] *n.* gold mine *pl:* salembogri *2pl:* salembogree

salempelaa sandire

- salempelaa [sàlìmpílàá] n. diamond pl: salempeεle 2pl: salempeεlεε
- salendoge [sàlìndògì] *n.* treasury (traditional) *pl:* salendogre *2pl:* salendogreε *Var.* salendoglee
- salendogelee [sàlìndógléé] *n.* a pot made of gold a pot in which gold or treasure is kept *pl:* salendogebilii *Var.* salendoge
- saleŋgoɔ [sálíŋgʊ́ɔ́] n. a type of tree with long, spiky thorns pl: saleŋgoore 2pl: saleŋgoorεε Var. sansaŋgoɔ
- saleŋkuuri [sàlìŋkúúrí] n. (1) gold nugget (2) pearl pl: saleŋkubo
- salinsoo-naadaperaa [sàlìnsòònáádàpíráà] n. large grasshopper pl: salinso-naadaperre 2pl: salinsonaadaperεε
- salinsoori [sàlìnsóórí] *n.* grasshopper *pl:* salinsobo *2pl:* salinsooree
- salinsuuri [sálínsúúrí] *n.* shadow *Var.* dasuoluŋ
- saluoni [salúóní] *n.* sky *pl:* saluomo *2pl:* saluonee
- **samafuu** [sàmàfúù] *n.* worth nothing in the end
- samane [sámání] *n.* immediate surroundings of a house *pl:* samama 2*pl:* samanεε
- samane [sámání] *n.* toilet *pl:* samana 2*pl:* samanεε
- **samasama** [sàmàsámà] *n.* sanitary inspector *pl:* **sansammine**
- **samasama** [sámásámá] *adj.* occupied and filled to capacity

- sambakelee [sámbákéléé] *n.* pottery shard *pl:* sambakelli *Var.* semekelee
- sambala [sámbálá] n. a type of long, hairy grass sg: sambaloo pl: sambala 2pl: sambalεε
- **sa-miiraa** [sa-miiraa] *n.* rain that is possible to come *pl:* **sa-miiri**
- sampa [sámpá] *n*. a type of shed the roof of which is used to store corn and the under as a place to relax *pl*: sampare 2*pl*: samparεε
- **sampa** [sàmpá] *n.* raised stand with grass/stalks on it on which corn is stored or resting place *pl:* **sampare** *2pl:* **samparεε**
- sampane [sámpání] n. wooden footshaped mallet for beating floor to plaster it pl: sampama 2pl: sampanεε
- **sampire** [sàmpìré] *n.* clusters of grass *2pl:* **sampirree** *Var.* **sempire**
- sampulo [sámpúló] adv. several times O wa la kyε sampulo bowola zaa kyε ba nyε fo. S/he came here several times but did not see you.
- sanaŋe [sànáŋ] n. a type of large, black scorpion pl: sananne 2pl: sanannεε
- sandaana [sándááná] *n*. creditor, one who is owed money *pl*: sandaama 2*pl*: sandaamεε
- sandire [sándíré] n. debtor, one who
 owes money pl: sandiribe 2pl:
 sandiribee

sane sapo

- sane [sánì] n. debt pl: sama 2pl: sannεε
- sangyēa\(\text{\text{\text{A}}} \) [sǎŋdzĨá\(\text{\text{\text{\text{A}}}} \)] n. (1) a type of long water beetle (2) crab pl: sangyeene 2pl: sangyeeneε
- sanine [sànínè] n. west Var. luou
- sanlere [sànlèri] n. straw put up together to form a mat on which harvested ears of guinea corn is kept to dry pl: sanlerre 2pl: sanlerεε Var. senlere
- sanna [sànnà] v. to caution, to warn
- Fo naŋ daare to a dɔɔ ŋa lɛ na aŋ sanna o yiri gaabo. The way you insulted this man, you's better be warned not to go to his house. sannɛɛ, sanna, sanna, sanema, sannaa
- sanne [sánnì] *v.* to attempt sannεε, sanna, sanna, sanema, sannaa
- sansalaŋ [sànsàlàŋ] adv. disorderly Var. sansaraŋ
- sansaŋgoɔ [sá nsa'ŋgớɔ̀] n. a type of thorn tree pl: sansaŋgoore 2pl: sansaŋgooreɛ Var. saleŋgoɔ
- sansaraŋ [sánsáráŋ] adv. making moves to leave all of a sudden (without prior notice) Var. sansalaŋ
- san-yoɔ [sán-yoɔ́] n. salary pl: san-yoɔre 2pl: san-yoɔrεε
- sanyegeraa [sànyígíráá] n. lightening (flashes of light in a storm) pl: sanyegere 2pl: sanyegerεε
- saŋa [sáŋì] *n.* time, season *2pl:* sanneε *Var.* sane

- saŋe [sáŋì] v. to heal, to cure Tẽẽ ama la daare soŋ saŋ a baala. This medicine helped in curing the patient. saŋεε, sanna/saŋena, sanena, sanema, sansaŋena, saŋenaa
- **sangara** [sàngàrá] *n.* a type of worm found in kola nuts
- sangorema [] n. foot yaws
- saŋkora [sáŋkórá] n. old indebtedness Ka fooŋ pɛŋe libie ba yɔɔ baare kyɛ la boɔrɔ a mine see ka fo yɔɔ a fo saŋkora na sɛre. If you borrow money and have not paid back you will not get a new loan unless you pay up your old debt.
- **saŋkpalema** [sáŋkpálímà] *n.* a kind of large antelope *pl:* **saŋkpalle**
- **saŋkpana** [sǎŋkpáná] *n.* scabies *2pl:* **saŋkpanεε**
- **saŋmene** [sáŋmínì] *n.* god of rain *pl:* **saŋmeme** *2pl:* **saŋmennε**ε
- sapare [sàpárí] *n.* east *pl:* saparre 2*pl:* saparεε
- sapelaa [sàpìlàá] *n.* (1) rain from cumulus clouds (2) a type of rain god (white) *pl:* sapeεle 2*pl:* sapeεlεε
- sapigi [sápígí] *n.* large hat *pl:* sapige *2pl:* sapgree
- sapi⊠i [sàpii] *n.* bolt of lightning *pl:* sapiime *2pl:* sapiinee
- **sapooraa** [sàpᡠᡠráá] *n.* rain shower *pl:* **sapoore** *2pl:* **sapoore**ε
- sapo [sàpó] *n.* sponge *pl:* sapore 2*pl:* saporεε

saraa sebitetebaa

- saraa [sáràà] *adj.* young and female (human and nonhuman) *pl:* sarre 2*pl:* sarrεε
- sare [sàrì] ν to slip sarεε, sara, sara, sareba, saraa
- sare [sárì] *n.* water trough (container from which animals drink) *pl:* saε 2*pl:* sarεε Var. sεre
- sareka [sàríkà] *n.* a ritual in which one provides for the needy for atonement *pl:* sarekare *2pl:* sakarεε.
- sarre [sárrì] ν. to develop into a young woman sarrεε, sarra, sarra, sareba, sarraa
- saseε [sàsìέ] *n.* (1) air, wind (2) storm *pl:* saseere 2*pl:* saseerεε
- **sase-ɔɔre** [sásì-ɔ́ɔrì] *n.* harmattan 2pl: **sase-ɔɔrε**ε
- sasepilimbaŋe [sàsàpílímbáŋ] *n.* whirlwind *pl:* sasepilimbanne *2pl:* sasepilimbanneε *Var.* sasepilimbaŋ
- sasere [sàsírì] *n.* grasscutter, greater cane rat (large rodent that feeds mostly on grass) *sg:* saseroo *pl:* saseε 2*pl:* saserεε
- sasigoo [sàsígóó] *n.* hiccough *pl:* sasigri *2pl:* sasigree
- sasɔgelaa [sàsɔ́gláá] *n.* (1) rain from black clouds (2) a type of fetish or deity connected with rain (black) *pl:* sasɔgelə/sasɔgele *2pl:* sasɔgelɛε
- sasusulee [sàsúsúléé] *n.* a type of tree *pl:* sasusulli *2pl:* sasusullee satannaa [sàtànnáà] *v.* to thunder

- savaale [sàváálí] *n.* rainstorm (at night) *pl:* savaala *2pl:* savaalεε
- sawarema [sàwárímá] n. whitelooking cloud sg: sawaroo 2pl: sawaremεε Var. sawarεε
- sawarεε [sàwárέέ] n. white clouds (non-rain-bearing) 2pl: sawarrεε/sawaremεε Var. sawarema
- sawεge [sáwέgí] *n.* long cloud sprawling across the sky *pl:* sawεgere 2*pl:* sawεgerεε
- **sawələ** [sáwələ] *n.* fried dough made from flour e.g. bean, corn, millet *2pl:* **sawəlε**ε
- sazeε [sázìὲ] *n*. a type of soft broom *pl*: sazeere *2pl*: sazeerεε
- sazəŋə [sàzɔ́ŋɔ̀] *n.* snow 2pl: sazənne
- sazɔɔ [sàzɔɔ́] *n*. first rain which begins the farming season *pl*: sazɔɔre 2*pl*: sazɔɔrεε
- sazu [sàzú] *n.* sky *pl:* sazuri *2pl:* sazuree
- sazu [sàzú] adv. up
- sazupĩi [sázúpĩi⊠] *n.* danger lurking above
- se [sì] ν. to skin (slaughtered animal) seεε, seerε, seerε, seerebε, seeraa
- sebaa [síbáá] *n.* a type of wild animal *pl:* sebre *2pl:* sebrεε
- sebiri [síbírì] *n.* bee *pl:* sebie *2pl:* sebiree
- sebitetebaa [síbítítíbáá] n. bee stinger pl: sebiteterre 2pl: sebiteterrεε Var. tetebaa

sebo seelaa

- sebo [sìbờ] ν. (1) to affect Ka fooŋ zagere toma gaabo maa naane ka fo na sebo. If you refuse to go to work it will not affect me. (2) to refuse to give N sore la o kuuri ka o sebo ma. I begged for his hoe, but he refused me. sebεε, sebrε, sebrε, sebrebε, sebraa
- **sebogi** [síbògí] *n.* beehive, hole (usually in a tree) where bees have made honey *pl:* **sebogiri** *2pl:* **sebogiree**
- sedanegere [sídànígírí] *n.* brown, sour-tasting part of honey *pl:* sedanegere 2*pl:* sedanegerεε *Var.* danegε
- **sedoge** [sídógì] *n.* swarm trap pot for bees *pl:* **sedogre** *2pl:* **sedogrεε**
- see [séé] conj. unless e.g. having no option See ka fo daŋe iruu ka lɛ naane fo koŋ nyɛ a baala. Unless you leave early otherwise you will not see the patient.
- seebo [sííbʊ́] n. (1) honey (2) beehive pl: seere 2pl: seerεε Var. seeo seene [sííni] v. to touch seenεε, seenε, seenε, seenemε, seenaa, -Var. seere
- seeraa [síſráá] *n.* a type of tree with medicinal properties *pl:* seere 2*pl:* seerεε Var. seetere
- seere [síírì] n. honey 2pl: seere ε
- seetere [síítírí] *n.* a type of tree with hard word and is also medicinal *sg:* seeterεε *2pl:* seeteere *Var.* seeraa seε [síέ] *n.* waist *pl:* seere *2pl:* seerεε

- see [sìè] ν. (1) to wear (on the waist)
 (2) to dance (3) to be better than, to surpass A fanfane ŋaŋ see a ŋa. This soap is better than this. Ka fooŋ mare a bie anaŋ see fo naŋ na pegele. To carry the baby on your back is better than carrying by your side. -, seere
- **seε** [síὲ] *n.* soul, spirit (of a living person) *pl:* **seere**
- seε [siέ] n. (1) joke, teasing A page taa la poo ka o taaba erε o seε. The woman is pregnant and her peers are teasing her. (2) fresh air, wind
- seε [síέ] *adj*. by the side (wall) *A* boɔ gaŋ la a dakyini seε. The goat is lying at the foot of the wall.
- sẽε [sı̃ὲM] *n.* rainy season *pl:* seεmε 2*pl:* seεnεε
- seɛbaa [síɛ́báá] adj. considerably big

 De peε naŋ e seɛbaa, ka lɛ
 naane a kyi koŋ kpɛ. Take a goodsized basket, or else the millet will
 be too much for a small one. pl:
 seɛbaare
- seεbaa [sìébáà] *n.* twine from daw-daw fruit *pl:* seεre 2*pl:* seεrεε
- **seεgoɔ** [sìέgʊ́ɔ́] *n*. a type of tree with medicinal properties *pl*: **seεgoore**
- seε kpelle [sìὲ kpíllí] ν. to get someone in trouble seεε kpelle, seετε kpelle
- sẽεkpεpaalaa [sἶέkpὲpááláá] *n.* early farming season *pl:* sẽεkpεpaala seɛlaa [sìὲlàá] *n.* (1) clay eaten by

seelee seleŋkpaa

- cattle (2) pit where cattle eat this clay *pl*: seεle 2*pl*: seεlεε
- **seεlee** [síέlíí] *n.* mystery
- **seεlee** [síέlíí] *adj.* mysterious, strange
- seene [síéní] *n.* porcupine *pl:* seeme 2*pl:* seenεε
- seene [sìènì] ν. (1) to grab firmly with fingers around the object e.g. neck (2) to cram e.g a bag with clothes seenee, seene, seenee, seenee, seeneenee, seenaa
- **seεnoore** [sìέnτος in. the beginning of the farming season
- sefaa [sífáá] *n.* demon, evil spirit *pl:* sefaare 2*pl:* sefaarεε
- **segammo** [sígàmmớ] *n.* honeycomb *pl:* **segama** *2pl:* **segamεε**
- segampelaa [sígǎmpìlàá] *n.* white honeycomb (usually contains the pure honey) *pl:* segampeεle *2pl:* segampeεlεε
- seganfuu [sígànfúù] n. honeycomb
 without honey pl: seganfuuri 2pl:
 seganfuuree
- sege [sígí] *n.* farm hut; camp *pl:* segere 2*pl:* segerεε
- sege [sígí] ν. (1) to resemble; (2) to name a child after someone (usually an anscestor) segeε, segerε, segere, segerebε, segeraa
- segeraa [sígíráá] n. ancestral name given to a baby pl: segere 2pl: segerεε
- **segesege** [sìgìsígí] *v.* to attempt to move but being constrained by one

- thing or the other segesegεε, segesegerε, segesegerε, segesegerebε, segesegeraa, *Var.* segesege
- **segilekele** [ségílékélé] *adv.* standing upright, tall, and solitary e.g. tower
- sekãa [síkáà] n. pure honey sg: sekãao pl: sekaanεε Var. sekãaboli
- sekãaboli [síkãábólí] *n.* pure honey *pl:* sekãabolo *2pl:* sekãabolee *Var.* sekãa
- sekalmanyuo [síkálmánùód] n. swam of bees (usually clustering on a tree branch) pl: sekalmanyuuri 2pl: sekalmanyuuree
- sekpɔgere [síkpɔ́gíri] *n.* proverb, riddle sg: sekpɔgeroo *pl*: sekpɔgɔ *2pl*: sekpɔgerεε
- selaa [sìlàà] n. hawk pl: selle 2pl: selleε Var. gbaara, gbaare, gbaareε
- sele [sílì] ν. to decant selεε, sellε, sellε, sellε, sella
- selee [séléé] *n.* pottery shard *pl:* sebilii *Var.* semekelee/sambekelee
- seleŋkaa [sílíŋkáá] n. a type of small wasp pl: seleŋkaare 2pl: seleŋkaarεε Var. selεŋkaa, seleŋkpaa
- selɛŋkaa [síléŋkáà] n. a small brown wasp with a painful sting pl: selɛŋkaare 2pl: selɛŋkaarɛɛ Var. selɛŋkpaa, seleŋkaa
- seleŋkpaa [síléŋkpáá] n. a small brown wasp with a painful sting pl: seleŋkpaare 2pl: seleŋkpaareε Var. seleŋkaa, seleŋkaa

selgyuuni seŋe

- **selgyuuni** [sìldzùùnì] *n.* a type of eagle *pl:* **selgyuumo** *2pl:* **selgyuunee**
- selle [síllì] ν. to tell, to recount (story) sellεε, sellε, sellε, sellε, sellebε, sella
- selle [síllì] ν. to reduce in size (body) sellεε, sellε, sellε, sellebε, sellaa
- **semare** [símàrí] *n*. a type of fetish to which there is a secret cult that has the power to identify evil people like wizards and witches *pl*: **semarεε**
- **semekelee** [sèmèkèlèè] *n.* broken piece from a clay molded object e.g a pot *Var.* **sembakelee**
- sengye [sándzé] *n.* mosquito net *pl:* sengyeri *2pl:* sengyeree *Var.* sangye
- senlere [sínlérí] *n.* sweet drink *pl:* senlerre *2pl:* senlerεε
- senlogere [sìnlờgìrì] n. bile pl: senlogera
- senselloŋ [sínsíllóŋ] n. story, tale pl: senselle
- sensεlaa [sínsὲláá] n. earthenware for frying cakes pl: sensεlaare 2pl: sensεlaareε
- senselaabogiri [sínsèlààbògrí] n. frying earthenware with hollow depressions 2pl: senselaabogiree
- sensere [sínsérí] *n.* bean cake *pl:* senserεε
- sensogelensogə [sìnsóglínsògó] n. middle pl: sensogelensogere 2pl: sensogelensogerεε Var. sensogelensoga

- sensogɔ [sìsógɔ́] adj. middle A yiri be la a teŋε sensogɔ. The house is in the middle of the town. pl: sensogere 2pl: sensogerεε Var. sensoglensogɔ, sensoga, soga
- sensogɔ [sínsógɔ] n. (1) home drain e.g one leading out of the bathroom (2) a track fixed to drain rainwater from the top of a roof pl: sensogere 2pl: sensogerεε Var. sensoga
- **sensoge** [sínsógí] *n.* rattle used by babysitters to accompany the singing of a lullaby *pl*: **sonsogre** *2pl*: **sensogre**ε
- sensoore [sìnsóórf] *n.* tigernut *sg:* sensooroo *pl:* sensobo *2pl:* sensoorεε
- sensoraa [sìnsòráà] *n.* kitchen sponge *pl:* sensorre 2*pl:* sensoreε/sensorreε
- sentaa [síntáá] n. equality
- sentaalon [sìntààlón] *n.* the state of being equal *Var.* sentaa
- senuulee [sínúúléé] *n.* honey bird *pl:* senuuli
- senyoole [sínyớɔ́lí] *n.* a person or any creature that is fond of sweet things *pl:* senyoolə/senyoola *2pl:* senyoolɛε
- seŋe [síŋ] v. (1) to suffice, to be enough A bondirii e la yaga; a na seŋe la a saama. The food is plenty; it will do for the guests.
 (2) to be equal to A toma ŋa seŋe la a anaŋ fo naŋ daare toŋe. This work is equal to what you did. seŋεε, senne, senne, -, sennaa

seŋe sɛgebinyaŋaa

- seŋe [sîŋ] *adv.* like *O e seŋ ŋa o ba nyɛ ma na*. S/he behaved like s/he did not see me.
- sene [sîŋ] ν. (1) to wake up (someone) (2) to revive senεε, sennε, senemε, senemε
- seŋε [síŋ] *n.* large pot used to store local beer during preparation or to store water *pl:* senne 2*pl:* senneε
- **sengelente** [síŋgíléntí] *n.* singlet *pl:* sengelentere 2*pl:* sengelenterεε
- seŋkaafa [sìŋkááfá] n. rice (Hausa) pl: seŋkãafare 2pl: sɪŋka⊠a⊠farεε Var. mui
- seŋka⊠a⊠ [sìŋkáá] *n.* groundnut, peanut *sg:* seŋkaanoo *2pl:* seŋkaanεε
- **seŋkããkpɔlɔ** [síŋkããkpɔlɔ́] *n.* groundnuts (a variety), has big nuts
- **seŋkãawerε** [síŋkããwírέ] *n*. groundnut (a variety), has small nuts
- **seŋkpegere** [síŋkpígírí] *n.* hip *pl:* **seŋkpege** 2*pl:* **seŋkpegerε**ε
- Sepaanase [sípáánásì] *n.* Spanish *pl:* Sepaanasedeme
- sepelaa [sípílàá] *n.* a soul that has left a person but can be returned again *pl:* sepeεle
- **sepoporee** [sípópórée] *n.* honeycomb where the larvae are found *sg:* **sepoporoo** *Var.* **poporee**
- sere [sírì] *ν*. to dry up, to evaporate serεε, serε, serε, serebε, seraa
- sere [sírì] ν. to wash, to scrub (bathing) serεε, serε, serε, serebε, seraa

- **serekuli** [sìrìkúlí] *n.* the act of marrying (on the part of woman)
- serekulo [sìrìkúló] *n.* bride *pl:* serkulbo
- **seretara** [sìrìtárá] *n.* married woman
- serete [sírítí] adv. very quiet A bibiiri gbiree la ka a zie e serete ŋaa. The children are asleep and the place is very quiet.
- serε [sírέ] *n.* husband *pl:* serebεε *2pl:* serrεε/serεε
- serε [sìrè] *n.* truth *pl:* serre 2*pl:* serεε
- **sesɔgelaa** [sísɔ́gláà] *n.* a soul that has left a person for good *pl:* **sesɔgelɔ**.
- setaana [sìtáánà] *n.* devil *pl:* setaamine 2*pl:* setaanεε *Var.* sitaana
- setampe [sìtámpí] *n.* stamp *pl:* setampere 2*pl:* setamperεε
- setetebaa [sítítíbáá] n. the stinger of a bee sg: setetebaarεε 2pl: setetebaare
- se [sè] adv. already O gaae la se. S/he has gone already.
- sε [sέ] ν. to roast sεε, seεrε, seεrε, seere, seereba, seeraa, seere
- sε [sέ] ν. to sue sεε, seεrε, seεrε, seere, seereba, seeraa, seere
- $s\epsilon$ [sè] v. to sew -, $se\epsilon r\epsilon$
- **sebelemekyɔɔ** [sèbělímèʧóɔ̀] *n.* earthworm *Var.* **sabelemekyɔɔ**
- sege [ségí] ν. to write segeε, segre, segrebe, segraa
- segebinyaŋaa [ségíbípáŋáá] n. vowel pl: segebinyaane

segebiri senwoo

- **sɛgebiri** [ségíbíri] *n.* amulet, charm, fetish *pl:* **sɛgebie** *2pl:* **sɛgebiiree**
- segebiri [ségíbírì] *n.* letter (consonant or vowel) *pl:* segebie *2pl:* segebiree
- **sεgelεgε** [ségílégè] *adv.* unable to move e.g. lazy dog *Var.* **hεglεgε**
- segeraa [sègìráà] *n.* a piece of flat object fixed alongside a hoe blade into the handle to make the blade firm *pl:* segere *2pl:* segerεε *Var.* bonsegeraa
- segere [ségírí] ν. to arrange segeree, segere, segre, segrebe, segeraa, segerebe
- segere [sègìrì] ν. to stuff, to plug (holes, spaces) segereε, segere, segerebe, segeraa
- segesege [ségség] adv. making moves; before one is aware Saa koe la ka a kooreba yeli ka ba ere segesege ka ona la miire. Clouds had gathered and before the farmers could make any move it started raining.
- sele [sèlì] ν. to transplant seleε, sellε, sellε, selebε, sellaa
- sele [sèlì] v. to sit, perch (derogatory use) A doo tanne la a bie, "N tone fo la ka fo zagere kye wa sele n ninen booro bon?" The man shouted at the boy, "I sent you and you refused, what do you want perched in front of me?". selee, selle, selle, sellea
- sele [sélì] n. the act of winning a

- game of bie outright *pl:* sele 2*pl:* selee
- sema [sémà] ν. to sue in court semae, seeremara, semara, semareba, -, -Var. se, semare
- semare [sémári] ν. to sue semareε, seeremara, seeremara, seeremareba, -, - Var. sε, sema
- sempili [sěmpílí] *n.* a type of long mat *pl:* sempile *2pl:* sempilee *Var.* senwoo
- sendoo [sèndóó] *n.* the boyfriend of one's wife *pl:* sendobo *2pl:* sendooreε
- sɛndɔɔ-dogi-za [sɛ̃ndɔ́ɔ-dògì-zá] *n.* small lumps of earth on top of a wall for decoration
- sene [séní] n. (1) lover (of another sex) (2) fiance pl: senemε 2pl: senemε
- sɛnlee [sɛnléè] n. small mat pl: sɛmbilii
- senlere [sènlèri] *n.* a type mat made by putting straw together on which harvested guinea corn is kept to dry *pl*: senlerre *2pl*: senlerεε *Var*. sanlere
- sensembie [sènsèmbíé] n. bastard pl: sensembiiri 2pl: sensembiiree
- **senseŋ** [senseŋ] *n*. the act of love making (friendship)
- senwoɔ [sénwóɔ́] n. a type of long mat pl: senwoore 2pl: senwooreε Var. sempili
- **sɛnwoɔ** [sɛ́nwóɔ́] *n.* a type of long mat *Var.* **sɛmpili**

seŋ sigili

sen [sén] adv. actually • Fo sen digi la a bie bare we? So, you have actually driven the child away?

- seŋe [sèŋ] v to engage in friendship between people of opposite sexes seŋee, sene, senee, seneme, senaa, seneme
- seŋe [sêŋ] adj. (1) one's side A sane yɔɔbo be la fo seŋe. Paying the debt rests with you. (2) towards
 A sakuuri are la a teŋɛ sapare sɛŋe. The school is situated to the east of the town. pl: sɛnne
- seŋε [sêŋέ] n. mat; bed pl: senne 2pl:
- seŋkpedie [sèŋkpèdié] n. deep love between lovers; relationship that involves sex pl: seŋkpederi 2pl: seŋkpederee
- seŋkpɔgele [sɛ̂ŋkpɔglì] *n.* bedbug *pl:* seŋkpɔgelə 2*pl:* seŋkpɔgelɛε *Var.* dakpalori, dakpaloree
- sere [sérí] adv. before Sere ka a karembiiri la gaa sakuuri see ka ba dogereba yoo a sakuuri boma na zaa ba naŋ sãã. Before the students will be re-admitted to the school their parents must pay for all the school item that were destroyed.
- sere [sérì] ν. move, shift Yε naŋ sere gaa ka N meŋ zeŋ a dakogi zu. Could you shift so that I could also sit on the bench. seree, sere, sere, serebe, seraa
- seredire [sèrídíré] n. judge pl. seredirbe 2pl: seredirbee

- seremaalogi [sérímáálógí] n. pepper farm pl: seremaalogiri 2pl: seremaalogiree
- seremaane [sérímáánì] n. pepper sg: seremaanoo pl: seremaama 2pl: seremaaneε
- sereε [sèréè] n. judgement pl: serre 2pl: serreε
- sieree [sìèrèè] n. benefit
- sigi [sígí] v. (1) to go down, to descend (2) to land, to alight (3) to decrease (intransitive) sigee, sigre, sigre, sigribe, sigraa, sigribe sigi kəmpare to sink sigi puli to be low
- sigili [sìgilì] v. to become calm, to become quiet Zene, sasee ba da lenso ka a zie sigili. Today there is no wind and that is why the place is calm. siglee, sigle, sigle, siglibe, siglaa
- sigili [sìgili] ν. to offer a gift or praise in honour of something well done A pogelee seε la a seεre ne toori ka a naa sigili o ne libie. The young lady danced so well that the chief honoured her by offering her money. siglee, sigle, sigle, siglibe, siglaa
- sigili [sìgilì] v. to get choked (on food) A noo dire la a zoŋ gborog-boro ka a te sigili o. The fowl was eating the feed very fast and choked on it. siglee, sigle, siglibe, siglaa
- sigili [sìgilì] v. to gang up on (two or more people attacking one) •

sigiri sogeləŋ

Bayuo ne o yəə sigili la a dəə kye ba tõõ o. Bayuo and his brother fought the man simutaneously but they could not beat him. siglee, sigle, sigle, siglaa

sigiri [sígíri] ν. (1) to lower, to reduce • Ka banaŋ ba sigiri a nɔɔteɛ daaroŋ N koŋ tõɔ a da. If they don't lower the price of the shoes, I can't buy them. (2) to humble • A seŋ ka karembiiri maŋ sigiri ba menne ka karemamine tõɔ kanne ba. Pupils should learn to humble themselves so that teachers can teach them. sigiree, sigire, sigiribe, sigiraa, sigiribe

sikiri [síkìrí] *n.* sugar *2pl:* sikiree *Var.* sukyiri

sile [sílè] *n.* shilling *pl:* silli *2pl:* sillee

simmie [símmíé] *n.* (1) bambara beans (2) groundnuts (Northern Dagaare dialect) *sg*: simmiruu *2pl*: simmiiree *Var.* siŋgbule

simmiri [símmíri] *n.* thread *sg:* simmiruu *pl:* simmie *2pl:* simmiree

sinkyigiri [síntʃigiri] n. bunch, head
 (of guinea corn) pl: sinkyige 2pl:
 sinkyigree

sinsuoluŋ [sínsúólúŋ] *n.* ground bean *sg:* sinsuoluu *2pl:* sinsuolee

singbule [sìngbúlé] *n.* bambara beans (a type of round beans that bear nuts in the ground like groundnuts) (Northern Dagaare dialect) *Var.* **simmie**

sipirii [sìpìrîi] *n.* aspirin sg: sipiruu 2pl: sipirree

siremm [sírémm] adv. serene

sisi [sìsí] v. to cheat sisiee, sisiire, sisiire, sisiiribe, sisiiraa

sitime [sìtìmè] *n.* ship, steamer *pl:* sitimeri *2pl:* sitimeree

so [sò] v. to bathe soe, suoro, suoro, suoribo, suoraa, suori

so [sτ] ν. to own soε, soora, soora, soora,

so [sτ] conj. as a result

sobile [sóbílé] *n.* path *pl:* sobilii *Var.* solee

sobiri [sóbírì] *n.* (1) road, way (2) journey *pl:* sobie *2pl:* sobiiree *Var.* sori

sobo [sốbó] n. (1) owner • N ba baŋe a gane ŋa sobo a na de te ko o. I don't know the owner of this book well enough that I could take it to him/her. (2) the one, the person • A sobo na naŋ la yuo a pane, ono la de a libie. The person who opened the door is the one who has taken the money. pl: demee Var. soba

so-eŋe [sò-ìŋ] ν. (1) to initiate so-eŋεε, suoro-ennε, so-ennε, so-enemε, so-enma

so-eŋe [sò-ìŋ] *n.* metaphor (literature)

sofoolaa [sófờóláà] n. street pl: sofoola

sogeləŋ [sờglòŋ] adv. heavy and dull

sogi soore

- sogi [sògì] v. to catch in midair sogee, sogro, sogro, sogribo, sograa, sogribo
- sogi [sògì] v. to pant, to breathe with difficulty sogee, sogro, sogro, sogribo, sograa, sogribo
- sogi [sògì] v. to chirp (guinea fowl) sogee, sogro, sogro, sogribo, sograa, sogribo
- sogɔ [sʊ́gɔ́] adj. middle pl: sogere 2pl: sogerεε Var. soga, sensogelensogɔ
- sogya [sóμà] n. soldier pl: sogyare 2pl: sogyarεε Var. sogyε
- sokonsuo [sókónsúó] *n.* storey *pl:* sokonsori *2pl:* sokonsoree
- sokooraa [sókớóràá] n. large road pl: sokoore 2pl: sokoorεε
- sokyara [sótʃárá] *n.* crossroads, intersection *pl:* sokyarre *2pl:* sokyarεε
- sokyεnε [sóʧέnὲ] *n.* traveler *pl:* sokyεnemε *2pl:* sokyεnemεε
- solee [sóléé] n. path Var. sobile
- solgbolo [sờlgbòlờ] adj. inactive
- soli [sólí] adj. in a neat manner a pogelee vare gane la a miri le soli. The girlcleared the high jump bar neat.
- solli [sòllì] *v.* to be well polished sollee, sollo, sollo, sollo, sollo, sollaa
- solli [sóllí] v. to narrate/repeat incessantly sollee, sollo, sollo, sollo, sollo, sollaa

- solom [sólóm] adv. completely e.g without being touched a nannyige dgereba iri la ba nuuri solom kyε bare o ka ba gaa te pɔge. The parents of the thief withdrew their support for him completely and he was sent to jail.
- **soma** [sốmá] *n.* a person who is good to one
- somasoma [sómásómá] adv. quietly
- somɔ [sớmɔ́] adj. good beautiful, attractive nice A pɔge na yɛlɛ somɔ la o ba baŋe yelfaare yeluu. That woman is nice, she never uses unsavory language. pl: sonne 2pl: sonnɛɛ Var. soma
- somo [sómó] adj. holy
- sompoo [sómpóó] *n*. three pence *pl*: sompoore *2pl*: sompoorεε
- **sonono** [sၒဴnၒဴnʊဴ] *adv.* extremely cold
- son [sŏη] *adj.* good, fine *pl:* sonne 2*pl:* sonnεε
- sone [sòn] ν. to help Dagaaba nɔŋe ka ba maŋ soŋe taa ba tomɔ poɔ. The Dagaaba like to help each other in their work. soŋεε, sonna, sonna, sonema, sonema
- soo [sóó] adv. pure, unmixed
- sõo [sớớ] adv. confused
- soore [sòòri] ν. to question, to inquire soorεε, soorə, soorə, soorəa,
- soore [sớớrí] v. (1) to hiss to drive fowls away (2) to hiss in pain e.g. after eating very spicy food

soori sɔge

- soori [sòòrí] *n.* locusts *pl:* soori *2pl:* sooree
- soo [sʊ́ɔ́] n. knife pl: sɔre 2pl: sɔrεε Var. sɔlee, sɔbilii
- soo [sớò] ν to blacken, to darken sooε, sooro, sooro, sooreba, sooraa, Var. soo
- soo [sớɔ] *v.* to blossom e.g. vegetation sooε, sooro, sooro, sooreba, sooraa, *Var.* soo
- sõo [sờò] ν. to flatter sõoε, soono, soonema, soonaa
- sõo [sõõ] n. witchcraft, supernatural power N teere ka a bie ŋa taa la sõõ; wolo ka o e do a tee ŋa? I think this boy has supernatural power; how did he manage to climb this tree?
- sõo [sỗỗ] v. to draw a line on the ground with the foot sooε, soono, soonema, soonaa
- soobo [sʊ́ɔ́bɔ́] n. wizard, witch pl: soore 2pl: sorεε Var. sooba
- sο̃οgο̃οo [sʊ̃ό̃gʊ̃ό̃oóo] n. pretence
- sooloŋ [sບໍລໍໄຕ໌ຖ] n. witchcraft
- soone [sờɔ̀nì] v. to praise, to glorify soonεε, soono, soono, soonema, soonaa, Var. soane
- soonaa [sʊ́ɔ́ŋàà] *n.* rabbit, hare *pl:* soone 2*pl:* soonεε
- soore [sʊ́ɔri] n. dye 2pl: soorεε Var. soore
- soosobo [sớɔśobɔ́] *n.* chief celebrant (traditional worship) *pl:* sodemee *Var.* soosoba

- sõozeεnagbare [sỗózíénàgbárí] n. small but old or strong pl: sõozeε-nagbarεε
- sori [sórì] *n.* way, road *pl:* soe 2*pl:* soree
- sotugane [sótùgání] *n.* map *pl:* sotugama *2pl:* sotugannεε
- sotuuraa [sótúúráà] *n.* pathway *pl:* sotuuri
- so [só] ν. to smear, to apply soε, sooro, sooro, sooreba, sooraa
- so [sò] ν. to add vegetables to groundnut sauce soε, sooro, sooro, sooreba, sooraa
- səbiri [səbíri] *n.* knife blade *pl:* səbie *2pl:* səbiiree
- soge [sógí] ν. to shell nuts sogeε, sogero, sogero, sogereba, sogereba, sogereba
- soge [sógì] ν. to rinse sogeε, sogero, sogero, sogereba, sogereba
 - soge noore to eat breakfast
- soge [sògì] adj. bushy, littered A dendore sogεε la, a seŋ ka ba peere o. The couryard is litered with rubbish, so it needs to be swept.
- sɔge₁ [sògi] ν. to respond, to reply (in a conversation) sɔgεε, sɔgerɔ, sɔgerɔ, sɔgereba, sɔgeraa, sɔgereba
- soge₂ [sògì] ν. to be bushy sogεε, sogero, sogero, sogereba, sogeraa, sogereba

sogelaa su

sɔgelaa [sɔ́glàá] adj. (1) black (2) dark (colour) pl: sɔgelɔ

- sogelaa [sòglàà] *n.* neck of a pot *pl:* sogele 2*pl:* sogelεε
- sogele [sóglì] ν. to hide sogelεε, sogelo, sogelo, sogeleba, sogeleba, sogeleba
- sogbale [sògbàlí] *n.* blunt knife *pl:* sogbala *2pl:* sogbalεε
- so kpaare [só kpáárí] ν. to forget to deliver (a message) soε kpaare, sooro kpaare, -, -, -, - Var. kpaare soobo
- sɔkpoŋi [sɔkpóŋ] *n.* cutlass, large knife *pl:* sɔkponni *2pl:* sɔkponnee
- sokyeεraa [sòtʃìὲráà] *n.* cutlass *pl:* sokyeεrre
- solare [sòlári] n. cutlass pl: solaε 2pl: solarεε
- solee [sòléé] *n.* small knife *pl:* sobilii soŋo [sóŋ] *n.* wood carrier *pl:* sonne 2*pl:* sonneε Var. soŋa
- sɔɔ [sòò] adv. in a little while A na erɛ sɔɔ ka sakuuri iree. In a little while schools will close.
- **sɔɔ** [sɔ́ɔ̀] *v.* to blacken, to darken -, -, -, -, -, *Var.* **soɔ**
- **sɔɔ** [sɔ́ɔ] *v.* to blossom e.g. vegetation -, -, -, -, -, *Var.* **soɔ**
- soore₁ [sóórí] *n.* dye 2*pl:* sooreε Var.
- sɔɔre₂ [sɔ́ɔ́rí] *n.* (1) liver (2) a type of dark brown bush mouse that lives along river banks *pl:* sɔbɔ *2pl:* sɔɔrεε *Var.* ɔŋ-sɔɔre

- sore [sòri] ν. (1) to beg (2) to ask, to request (3) to plead, to implore sorεε, soro, soro, sorebo, soraa, sorebo
- sore [sòri] *v.* to cook soup made with groundnuts and vegetables sorεε, soro, soro, sorebo, soraa, sorebo
- sore [sórí] v. (1) to count (2) to read
 sorebiri [sóríbírì] n. counter, pebble
 sg: sorebiruu pl: sorebie 2pl: sorebiiree
- soresorenmanlee [sòrìsòrìnmànléé] n. a beggar's calabash pl: soresorenmamblii 2pl: soresorenmambilee
- səresərə [sərsərə] *n.* beggar *pl:* sərsəreba *2pl:* sərsərebεε
- soresoro [sòrsóró] n. beggar pl: soresorebo 2pl: soresorebεε Var. soresora
- soteε [sòtíé] *n.* scabbard for a knife *pl:* soteere *2pl:* soteerεε
- səvüu [sòvū́ú] n. light associated with witchcraft sg: səvuunuu 2pl: səvuunee
- su [sù] v. to put on a top (shirt) sue, suuro, -, -, -,
 - su bonsuuri to wear clothes su kaayaa to wear clothes
- su [sù] v. to put inside (a hole) sue, suuro, -, -, -,
 - su bonsuuri to wear clothes su kaayaa to wear clothes
- su [sù] v. to spoon feed e.g. baby, patient sue, suuro, -, -, -, su bonsuuri to wear clothes
 su kaayaa to wear clothes

subaaloŋ sumaaroŋ

- **subaaloŋ** [sùbààlʊ́ŋ] *n.* tenderheartedness
- sudire [sùdíré] n. one who forgives, one who pardons pl: surdiribe 2pl: sudiribee
- sugaraate [sùgàráátí] n. cigarette pl: sugaraatere 2pl: sugaraaterεε Var. segarate
- sugi [sùgì] v. (1) to dislocate e.g. joint (2) to dislodge e.g. a pot from the top of another sugee, sugro, sugro, sugribo, sugraa
- sugi [sùgì] v. to ladel soup from a pot sugee, sugro, sugribo, sugraa
- sugili [sùgìlì] v. (1) to come next to e.g. in a line Ba naŋ tənə a lae maa la sugili o zu. When they were queueing, I came next to him. (2) to place one on top of the other e.g. pots Ba pege la a laare wuo sugili taa. They washed the bowls and placed them one on top of the other. suglee, suglo, suglo, suglibo, suglaa
- **Sugilo** [súgíló] *n.* name traditionally given to a child immediately after twins
- sugo [súgò] n. herd; group of many e.g. troop of animals ηmaa-sugo kpε la n weε sãa a kamaana zaa.
 A troop of monkeys invaded my farm and destoyed all the maize. pl: sugiri 2pl: sugiree
- sugo [súgò] n. a type of tiny white ant that destroys yams Sugo

- saana waare. White ants destroys yams. 2pl: sugee Var. wasugo
- sukaale [sùkààlt] *n.* a type of large dress with wide sleeves that are thrown over the shoulder *2pl:* sukaalεε
- sukyiri [sùtʃiri] n. (1) heart N sukyiri maŋ zaara la, a seŋ ka N gaa dɔɔta. I keep experiencing heart palpitations; I need to go to the hospital. (2) courage Ka fooŋ ba taa sukyiri fo koŋ baŋ toŋ asibiti toma. If you have no courage, you can't work in the hospital. pl: sukyie 2pl: sukyire Var. sikyiri
- **sukyiribaaloŋ** [sùtʃîrìbààlờŋ] *n.* **(1)** kind heart **(2)** heart disease
- sukyirifõõõ [súʧírífőðő] n. lightheartedness pl: sukyirifoone 2pl: sukyirifooneε
- sukyiriliŋe [sùʧîrìlíŋé] n. end of the ribcage pl: sukyirilinni 2pl: sukyirilinnee
- **sukyiritage** [sútʃirítágí] *n.* bravery *pl:* **sukyiritagre**
- sulee [sùlèè] *n.* chimney *pl:* sulli *2pl:* sullee
- suli [sùlì] v. to hang one's head, to look down sulee, sullo, sullo, sulbo, sullaa
- sumaaroŋ [sùmáárថη] n. coolheaded • A pɔge taa la sumaaroŋ ka lɛ naane o da na zɔɔ ne la a dɔɔ. The woman is coolheaded otherwise she would have fought the man.

sumiime ta

sumiime [súmíímé] n. heartburnsumosumo [sùmòsúmó] n. a type of fried food made from the flour of yam

sundaa [súndàá] *n.* a stick to which birdlime is applied to trap birds *pl:* **sundaare** 2*pl:* **sundarε**ε

sunni [súnnì] n. (1) glue, gum, sticky substance (2) a plant that produces gum (3) birdlime sg: sunnuu pl: sumo 2pl: sunnee Var. sun sunni [súnní] n. blue powder used in dyeing clothes during washing

sunsugiri [súnsúgrí] *n.* white growth within a sore *pl:* **sunsugiri** *2pl:* **sunsugiree**

suori [súórì] v. to fall off in great numbers (leaves) suoree, suoro, suoro, suoribo, suoraa

supaana [sùpáánà] n. spanner sg: supaanoo pl: supaanare 2pl: supaanarεε

suree [sùréé] n. ladle pl: surri suromm [súrómm] adv. quiet susu [súsú] n. a cycle in which contributions of members are given to others pl: susuri 2pl: susuree susu [sùsú] v. (1) to measure (2) to be careful, to not overdo something (3) to think about carefully susue, susuuro, susuuro, susuribo, susuuraa

susu [sùsù] *adj*. fast and without stopping e.g. eating

susu [sùsù] *interj.* utterance to urge a dog on to pursue (animal, thief)

su-su-su [sù-sù-sù] *interj.* an utterance to urge a dog on to catch game

sutoloŋ [sờtớlớŋ] n. the state of being quick tempered • Daŋ ta wa deɛnɛ ne a dɔɔ na, o taa la sutoloŋ. Don't you ever play with that man; he is quick tempered.

suu [súú] v. to doze off for a short time

suuri [súúrí] *n.* anger *pl:* sue *2pl:* suuree

suuri [súúrì] v. to coax, to encourage, to push to pursue e.g. dog for game suuree, suuro, suuro, suuribo, suuraa

suuri-di-teroo [súúr-dì-tírớớ] *n.* forgiveness

t

ta [tá] *adj.* not (negative marker) • *A pɔge kpãa la o bie ka o ta gaa a sini*. The woman cautioned her son not to go to the cinema.

ta [tá] v. (1) to reach, to arrive •

Ka foon wa ta fo yiri fon yeli ko ma. When you arrive at your house, tell me. (2) to approach • Fo man gaa ka fo ta o yiri ka baare vuoli paale ziezaa. As soon as you

taa toori

approach the house, dogs bark all over. taε, tara, tara, tareba, taraa, tareba

taa [tàá] v. (1) to have • A bie taa la mangori ayi. The child has two mangoes. (2) to keep, to hold onto • N ba de la o zupili ka N taa. My father has given his hat to me to keep. • A poge taa la poo. The woman is pregnant. • o taa la yelmene S/he is honest. • A bibiiri taa la gonne. The children are noisy. taae, tara, tara, tareba, taara, tareba

taa kon to be hungry

taa [táá] pron. each other

tãa [tåå] v. to serve very little e.g. soup • A zeere ba seŋe bone lenso ka ba tãã a a le. There is very little soup left and that is why they have given out so little. tãaε, taana, taana, taanaa

tãa [tãã] ν. to tap on the head with a finger tãaε, taana, taana, taanama, taanaa

taa kənnyuuri [tàá kənnúúri] v. to be thirsty

taala [táálá] *n.* ingredients e.g. sauce 2*pl:* taalεε

taa laare [tàá láárí] *adj.* amusing, funny

taama [táámá] n. suffering

taambaa [tàámbàá] *n.* young man *pl:* tambaare 2*pl:* taambaarεε

taambeene [tàámbííní] *n.* ripe shea tree fruit *pl:* **taambeemε** *2pl:* **taambeenεε**

taane [tàànì] ν. to stretch a great deal taanεε, taana, taana, taanama, taanaa

taa nimibaalon [] adj. kind

taa nimiri [tàá nímírì] *adj.* covetous taannuulee [tàánnúúléé] *n.* canary *pl:* taannuuli

taa noore [tàá nóóri] adj. talkative, noisy • A balee taa la noore te zuo, o maŋ vuolo la tegitegi lɛ. The puppy is noisy; it always barks.

taantumma [tãantummã] n. a type of caterpillar in hibernation pl: taantummamine.

taantunnuu [tàântúnnì] n. shea tree caterpillar sg: taantunnuu pl: taantunni 2pl: taantunnee

taa nyonono [tàá μύπὑπὑ] *n.* (1) selfishness (2) sympathy

taaŋkaraa [tàáŋkàráá] *n.* unripe shea fruit *pl:* **taaŋkare** *2pl:* **taaŋkar**εε

taaŋkpara [tááŋkpárá] *n.* shea fruit with two nuts *pl:* **taaŋkparre** *2pl:* **taaŋkparɛε**

taa poɔ [tàá pớɔ́] v. to be pregnant

taare [tààrì] ν. to press hard e.g. plaster, to crush e.g. an ant taarεε, taara, taara, taareba, taaraa

taare [táárì] ν. to tighten, to screw taarεε, taara, taara, taaraba, taaraa

tãatẽe [tẫẫtῗf] *n*. a type of small bird *pl*: **tãateene** 2*pl*: **tãateenε**ε

taa toori [táá tòòrí] *adj.* stubborn (lit. be hard-eared)

taa yelmeŋε ta kpε

- taa yelmeŋε [taa yelmeŋε] *adj.* is honest
- taayε [tááyὲ] n. (1) tyre (rubber) (2) catapult pl: taayεre 2pl: taayεreε
- tabole [tábờl] *n.* table *pl:* tabolɔ 2*pl:* tabolεε/tabollεε
- tagaremiri [táŋgàrìmírì] n. telegram cable pl: tagaremie 2pl: tagaremiiree
- tage [tàgì] ν. (1) to pull, to draw in or out (2) to make thick (liquid) tagεε, tagra, tagra, tagreba, tagraa, tagreba
- tage [tágí] adj. thick pl: tagre
- **tagekori** [tàgìkòrì] *n.* a type of thorn tree with sharp, curved thorns *2pl:* **tagekoree**
- **tagekyoore** [tágìʧớớrí] *n.* measles *2pl:* **tagekyoore**ε
- tagetaa [tàgìtáá] *n.* (1) dispute (2) conflict (literature)
- tagetage [tàgtàg] n. ability A baala gbεε kpie la, o ba taa tagetage zaa. The patient's legs are paralysed; s/he cannot do anything.
- tagevama [tàgìvàmà] *n.* (1) smallpox (2) chicken pox *Var.* teεgara
- tahele [táhélé] n. (1) extreme suffering Kəmbuli saŋa pəgeba maŋ nyere la tahele kõõ yele. During drought, women suffer severely for lack of water. (2) carefree speech, behaviour; nonchalence A bie ŋa eŋ ba naŋ ba fee o o yelee tahele. Since this boy was not caned he

- speaks with airs. pl: tahelle 2pl: tahelee/tahellee
- takaare [tákáárì] *adj.* vain, proud of oneself
- takaraa [tákáråá] *n.* small lizard *pl:* takarrre 2*pl:* takarrεε
- takoŋi [tákòŋ] *n.* ban on performance of funeral rites
- takoriko [tàkòríkò] n. bridge pl: takorikori 2pl: takorikoree Var. tokoriko
- takoroo [tákóróó] *n.* window *pl:* takorri *2pl:* takoree/takorree *Var.* tokoroo
- takɔdaa [tákɔ́dàá] n. Sabbath pl: takɔdaare 2pl: takɔdarεε Var. takɔraa
- takəraa [tákəráá] n. Sabbath Var. takədaa
- takɔraa [tàkòràà] n. (1) fin (fish) (2) a hook or spike on an object e.g. arrow pl: takɔrre 2pl: takɔrrεε Var. kɔraa
- takpala [tákpálá] *n.* great suffering *2pl:* takpallεε
- takpala_n [tàkpálà] *n.* area between the throat and the chin *pl:* takpalle 2*pl:* takpallεε Var. takpaleεne
- takpaleεne [tàkpàlìὲní] n. area between the throat and chin pl: takpaleεmε 2pl: takpaleεmεε/takpaleεmεε Var. takpalan
- ta kpε [tá kpέ] v. to run away, to flee, to take to one's heels A bie gere la te nye waabo, a lee

takyeŋi tamoni

takpε. As the girl walked along, she came across a snake and took to her heels. ta kpεε, tara kpeεrε, takpeεrebε, takpeεraa

- takyeŋi [táʧêŋ] *n.* the absence of argument *pl:* takyenni
- takyeraa [táʧíràá] *n.* gecko *pl:* takyırrı *2pl:* takyırrεε
- takyere [tátʃìrì] *n.* temple *pl:* takyeε 2*pl:* takyerεε
- talaa [tàláà] *n.* metal bowl or plate *pl:* talaare *2pl:* talaarεε
- talane [tàlánt] n. palate pl: talama 2pl: talannεε
- talantalan [tàlàntálán] adv. haphazard
- tale [tálí] *n.* lobe (of a kola nut) *pl:* tala *2pl:* talεε/tallεε
- tale [tálí] *adj.* flat open e.g. palm of the hand *pl:* tala *2pl:* talεε/tallεε
- taleri [tálérí] *n.* small bush lizard *pl:* talerri *2pl:* taleree
- talle [tàllì] ν. to make long, quick strides; to walk fast tallεε, talla, talla, taleba, tallaa
- taltal [tàtál] ν. to move with great pain taltalεε, taltala, taltala, taltala taleba, taltala
- tam [tàm] ν. (1) to be numb (2) shocked; not able to react tamεε, tamena, tamenama, tamenama
- tamaa [tàmáà] n. hope
- tamanyini [tàmàníní] *n.* gum *pl:* tamanyime *2pl:* tamanyimee *Var.* tanyini

- tamaraa [támáráà] *n.* small quiver *pl:* tamarre *2pl:* tamarrεε
- tamaregye [támárídzé] *n.* small pantaloons; short, tight trousers *pl:* tamaregyere *2pl:* tamaregyeree *Var.* tamaragye
- tambaa [tămbáá] *n.* bow bell (a hollow, carved object that is tied to the beam of the bow and makes a sound when the bow is shot) *pl:* tambaare 2*pl:* tambaarεε
- tambalaaraa [támbálåáráá] n. honey made by the yoyogibie pl: tambalaare 2pl: tambalaarεε Var. tammalaaraa
- tambiri [támbírì] *n.* bamboo *pl:* tambie *2pl:* tambiiree
- tambogi [tàmbògí] *n.* cave *pl:* tambogiri *2pl:* tambogiree
- tambɔge [tàmbɔ́gì] *n.* ditch or pit created by digging earth to build.(usually near the house) *pl:* tambɔɡere 2*pl:* tambɔɡerεε
- tammalaaraa [támmáláåráá] *n. Var.* tambalaaraa
- tammiri [tàmmírì] *n.* bowstring *pl:* tammie *2pl:* tammiiree
- tammo [támmʊ́] n. bow pl: tama 2pl: tamεε/tannεε
- tamogilo [támógíló] *adj.* toothless *2pl:* tamogilee *Var.* tomogilo
- **tamogilo** [támógíló] *n.* one who is toothless *2pl:* **tamogilee**
- tamoni [tàmónì] *n.* toothless gum *pl:* tamonni *2pl:* tamonnee *Var.* tamoni, tomoni

tampele tangboni

- tampεle [tàmpélí] *n*. a hoe blade size of a slice/slab of earth (usually cut from soft ground with a hoe) *pl*: tampεlε *2pl*: tampεlεε
- tampεloŋ [tàmpɛlòŋ] n. ashes 2pl: tampɛllɛε
- tampoli [tàmpólí] *n.* top end of a bow *pl:* tampolo *2pl:* tampole
- **tampuori** [tampuori] *n.* rubbish or garbage dump *pl:* **tampoe** *2pl:* **tampuoree**
- tandaa [tàndàá] *n.* bow stick *pl:* tandare 2*pl:* tandarεε
- tandagere [tàndàgírí] *n.* piece of hard dried mud *pl:* tandaga *2pl:* tandagεε
- tandere [tàndéri] *n.* bow stick *pl:* tandeε 2*pl:* tanderεε
- tanfaran [tánfárán] *n.* a group farming agreement in which the members alternate farms
- tanfoolaa [tânfớólàà] *n.* valley between hills *pl:* tanfoole *2pl:* tanfooleε
- tangyugi [tándzúgí] *n.* in the habit of being promiscuous e.g male goat *pl:* tangyugri *2pl:* tangyugree *Var.* tangyuu
- tangyuu [tágyùú] *n.* in the habit of being promiscuous e.g (male goat) *Var.* tangyugi
- tanlori [tánlórí] *n*. miniature bow, children's bow *pl:* tanloe *2pl:* tanloree
- tanne [tànnì] v. (1) to thunder (2) to shout at, to scold tannee, tanna,

- tanna, tannema, tannaa, tannema tannetaa [tànnìtáá] n. quarrel
- tannoɔ [tǎnnớɔ] *n.* a small, dark, henlike bird that lives in highlands *pl:* tannoore 2*pl:* tannoorεε
- tantammonaa [tántámmónáá] n. a type of red and blac canary pl: tantammonne 2pl: tantammonnεε
- tantammonaa [tántámmónáà] *n.* red weaver bird *pl:* tantammonne 2*pl:* tantammonεε
- tantaŋ [tàntàŋ] adv. immediately
 tanzuŋ [tànzûŋ] n. carrying pad pl:
 tanzunni 2pl: tanzunnee Var.
 tasere
- tanyini [tànyíní] *n.* gum *pl:* tanyinni *2pl:* tanyinee *Var.* tamanyini
- taŋa [táŋà] *n.* mountain, hill *pl:* tanne 2*pl:* tannεε
- taŋaa [táŋàà] n. (1) shea tree (2) shea fruit pl: taŋema 2pl: taŋemɛɛ
- taŋaaweɛlɛ [táŋááwìɛlɛ] n. mistletoe of shea tree sg: taŋaaweɛloo 2pl: taŋaaweɛlɛε
- taŋe [tâŋ] v. to keep silent, to refuse to respond (to a call) taŋεε, tanna, tanna, tanema, tannaa
- taŋgara [táŋgárá] n. telegraph pl: taŋgarre 2pl: taŋgarεε/taŋgarrεε
- tangoətuo [tàngòòtúó] n. a kind of tree pl: tangoətuuri 2pl: tangoətuoree
- tangboni [tàngbôn] *n.* a type of short tree with broad leaves and fibrous bark *pl:* tangbonni *2pl:* tangbonnee

taŋkama tẽekõɔ

taŋkama [tàŋkàmà] n. vanity

tapolae [tápớláì] *n*. touch-light *pl:* tapolaε *2pl:* tapolεετεε *Var.* tapolεε

tapolii [tápólíí] *n.* tarpaulin *pl:* tapolli *2pl:* tapollee

taporo [tàpòrò] *n.* brain (matter) *pl:* taporri *2pl:* taporee *Var.* kyaporo

tapogefãa [tápógífãã] v. finish very quickly

taraa [tàràà] *adj.* flat and thick

taramaŋ [tàràmàŋ] adv. blindingly

tare [tàrì] ν. (1) to set sitting right on top of something e.g. pot on fire (2) to face directly e.g. problem tarεε, tara, tara, tareba, taraa

taremana [tàrìmànà] adv. completely blind

tasere [tàsírí] n. see tanzuŋi; a pad put on the head to carry load pl: taseɛ 2pl: taserɛɛ Var. tanzuŋ

tasəle [tásɔ́lf] *n.* a type of lizard with smooth pink skin *pl:* tasələ *2pl:* tasəlɛε

tata [tátà] *n.* boastfulness, the act of attempting the impossible

tata yεlε [tátà yέlέ] *n.* boastful behaviour or claim

tateŋε [tátíŋέ] n. distant country pl: tatenne 2pl: tatennεε

tatoɔroŋ [tàtʊʻɔrʊ́ŋ] n. carelessness taworo [táwòró] n. towel pl: taworri

2pl: taworee

tayeŋine [táyéŋíné] *n.* the state of trembling e.g. from severe hunger *pl:* tayenni *2pl:* tayennee

te [tt] *pron.* (1) we (1st person plural weak form) (2) us (1st person plural weak form)

te [té] adv. really Var. to

tee [tff] n. (1) medicine • O beere la kye ba sage na nyu tee. She is sick but refuses to take medicine. (2) solution • A poge taa la a bie na tee, o man wa de o la ka o ba la kono. The woman has some solution for this child, because any time she picks him up, he stops crying. (3) poison • Ba de la gyangbonni tee ko ne a yiri gyangbonni zaa. The used mouse poison to kill all the mice in the house. sg: teenoo 2pl: teenee

teebo [tííbʊ́] n. fetish pl: tebε 2pl: teerεε

teeda [tiida] n. the act of buying medicine • A doo not be none asibiti gaabo, teeda ka o delle. This man does not like going to the hospital; he relies on buying medicine.

tẽe-daare [tří-dáárí] *n.* bought medicine

těe-die [tří-dié] n. (1) clinic, hospital (2) pharmacy pl: těe-deri 2pl: těe-deree

tẽe-doge [tff-dógì] *n.* medicine pot *pl:* **tẽe-dogere** *2pl:* **tẽe-dogere**

teẽ-ere [tíł̃-íré] *n.* medicine man, traditional healer *pl:* teẽ-erebε 2*pl:* teẽ-erebεε

tẽekõɔ [tíΔík \tilde{v} ð] n. syrup (medicine) 2pl: tẽekoɔnεε

tẽekoɔre-die tegelεŋ

těekore-die [tì¤í¤kòʻór-díé] n. pharmacy pl: těekor-deri 2pl: těekor-deree

- teelε [tíílέ] *n.* sewing machine *pl:* teelεre *2pl:* teelεrεε
- teene [tiìnì] ν. improve upon teenεε, teenε, teenε, teenemε, teenaa
- teene [tiìni] ν. delay, waste time teenεε, teenε, teenε, teeneπε, teena
- teene [tììnì] ν. to be the spokesman for a suitor in courtship teenεε, teenε, teenε, teeneme, teenaa
- teere [tiìri] ν. (1) to rub against (2) to iron clothes teerεε, teerε, teerε, teere
- teε [tìὲ] ν. to support teεε, teεrε, teεrε, teεrebε, teεraa, teεrebε
- teε [tìè] ν. to shoot with a bow teεε, teεrε, teεrε, teεrebε, teεraa, teεrebε
- teε [tiè] ν. to gamble teεε, teεrε, teεrebε, teεraa, teεrebε
- teε [tíέ] n. scabbard pl: teere 2pl: teerεε
- teε [tíὲ] ν. to kick teεε, teεrε, teεrε, teεre, teerebε, teeraa, teεrebε
- teε [tíὲ] v. to unset, to release (snare) teεε, teεrε, teεrε, teεrebε, teεraa, teεrebε
- teε [] n. tree pl: teere 2pl: teerεε
- teε [] n. a disease that causes a rash (usually on the legs) pl: teere 2pl: teerεε
- tẽ [tĩέ] v. (1) to stretch out e.g. legs
 A baala zeŋe dɛlle la a gado

- kye tẽe o gbee. The patient sat leaning against the bed with his legs stretched out. (2) to point to A pogelee da tõo tẽe wuli la a nannyige. The girl was able to point to the thief. (3) to hold out to give Ba de la a bondirii tẽe a poge ka o zagere. They held out the food to the woman, but she refused. tee⊠e, teene, teeneme, teenaa, teeneme
- te\[\tilde{\Sigma}\] te\[\tilde{\Sigma}\] (ti\[\tilde{\Sigma}\] kóɔlóŋ] n. beard pl: te\[\tilde{\Sigma}\] kɔɔlɛ 2pl: te\[\tilde{\Sigma}\] kɔɔlɛ ϵ
- teene [tiέní] *n.* chin *pl:* teeme 2*pl:* teeneε
- teene [tìènì] ν. to stuff e.g. pillow teenee, teene, teenee, teeneme, teenaa
- teere [tíérì] v. (1) to think (2) to remind teeree, teere, teere, teerebe, teeraa, teerebe
- teere [tìèrì] ν. to feel for texture (smoothness of flour, swelling) teeree, teere, teerebe, teeraa, teerebe
- teere to [tíérí tò] *n*. hope *Ba de la a baala gaa ne asibiti kyɛ teere toɔbo kyebe*. The patient has been taken to the hospital but there is no hope.
- tege [tígí] ν. to be satisfied tegεε, tegrε, tegrebε, tegraa
- tegele [tìglì] ν. to shorten tegelεε, tegelε, tegelεbε, tegelaa, teglebε
- tegelεŋ [tíglέŋ] adv. (1) little, small

tegeron tensunni

- (amount of liquid) (2) short (length, time)
- **tegeroŋ** [tígróŋ] *adj.* heavy (weight) *pl:* **tegerε**
- **tegeroŋ** [tígróŋ] *n.* a heavy thing *pl:* **tegerɛ**
- tegitegi [tégtég] adv. always
- **tegitegi lε** [tégtéglὲ] *adj.* always like that, usually like that
- tegyeerε [tìdzíírέ] n. woodpecker pl: tegyeere 2pl: tegyeerεε Var. tekoliŋkuoraa
- tekoliŋkuoraa [tikólíŋkúóráá] n. woodpecker pl: tekoliŋkuori 2pl: tekoliŋkuoree Var. tegyeerε, dakyeɛrεko
- tekonee [tíkớníí] adj. tiny
- tekoš [tíkốś] n. sap Var. tesunni
- **tekpiri** [tìkpírì] *n.* stump *sg:* **tekpiruu** *2pl:* **tekpiree**
- tekyε [títʃε] *n.* teacher *pl:* tekyεre 2*pl:* tekyεrεε
- tekyɛ [tìʧɛ] n. the act of felling trees telare [tílàrì] adv. too much
- teli [télí] v. to be in an upright position e.g. head telee, tele, tele, telibe, telaa
- telooraa [tìlớɔʻráá] *n.* animal that lives in trees e.g. squirrel *pl:* teloore *2pl:* teloorεε
- tembaa [tǐmbåá] *n.* a type of black ant with a painful sting *pl:* tembaare *2pl:* tembaarεε
- **tembeene** [tîmbííní] *n.* late night *pl:* **tembeemε** *2pl:* **tembeemε**ε

- tembie [timbié] *n.* citizen *pl:* tembiiri *2pl:* tembiiree
- **tembimeŋε** [tìmbìmíŋέ] *n.* patriot *pl:* **tembimenne** 2*pl:* **tembimenne**ε
- temm [témm] adv. alone; lonely
- tempossori [tîmpớśśórì] *n.* street *pl:* tempossoe *2pl:* tempossoree
- tendaa [tìndàá] adv. country wide
- tendaana [tìndááná] *n.* landowner *pl:* tendaama *2pl:* tendaamεε
- **tenee** [tìníi] *pron.* we (1st person strong form)
- tenfaa [tìnfáá] n. (1) bad country, bad land (2) hell pl: tenfaare 2pl: tenfaarεε
- **tensãa** [tìnsàā] *n*. disruption of community, country
- tensaana [tǐnsáánà] n. alien land, strange country pl: tensaama 2pl: tensaanεε
- tensaana [tìnsááná] n. bandit pl: tensaanema 2pl: tensaamεε
- **tensane** [thinsánt] *n.* state of owing the gods of the land *pl:* **tensama** 2*pl:* **tensannε**ε
- tensεre [tísérì] *n.* tradition *Var.* teŋkõɔ
- tensoba [tìnsòbá] *n.* landowner *pl:* tendemee
- **tensogezənne** [tísógízónní] *n.* night blindness
- tensogo [tînsᡠgó] *n.* night *pl:* tensogere *2pl:* tensogerεε *Var.* tensoga, yensogo
- **tensunni** [tínsúnní] *n.* **(1)** muddy ground **(2)** fertile land *pl:* **tensumo**

tentolon tetere

tentoloŋ [tîntớlớŋ] *n.* (1) hot ground (2) hot seaon

tentəle [tíntólí] *n.* under pants *pl:* tentələ 2*pl:* tentəlε

tentolvaa [tíntòlváà] *n.* triangular underwear *pl:* tentolvaare 2*pl:* tentolvaareε

tentɔɔre [tìntɔ́ɔrí] *n.* distant country, town, or village *pl:* **tentɔɔbɔ**

tenvelaa [tìnvìlàá] n. (1) good country, good land (2) heaven pl: tenveɛle

teŋa [tíŋá] *n.* (1) ground (2) town, village (3) country *Var.* **teŋε**

teŋe [tìŋ] v. teŋεε, teŋenε, teŋene, teŋeneme, teŋenaa

tenε [tínέ] adj. down

teŋɛ [tíŋɛ́] *n.* (1) ground (2) town, village (3) country *pl*: tenne 2*pl*: tennεε Var. teŋa

teŋεsoga [tíŋésógá] n. floor pl: teŋεsogre Var. teŋεsogɔ

teŋεzu [tíŋέzù] n. world pl: teŋεzuri 2pl: teŋεzuree

tengane [tingánì] *n.* (1) top layer of soil (2) god of the land *pl:* **tengama** 2*pl:* **tengamεε**

tenganezu waloŋ zannoo [tingánzu wààlờn zánnʊʊ] *n.* geography

teŋgbigiri [tíŋɛ́ gbígrúú] *n.* earthquake

teŋkõõ [tíŋkỗỗ] *n.* tradition *2pl:* teŋkoɔnɛɛ *Var.* tensere

teŋkpoŋ [tìŋkpôŋ] n. town, city pl: teŋkponni 2pl: teŋkponnee teraale [tìrààlf] *n.* perfume *pl:* teraalere *2pl:* terelerεε

tere [téré] adj. only

tere [tìrí] n. spoon pl: tere 2pl: teres

tere [tìrì] ν. to give, to send terεε, terε, terεbε, teraa

teree [téréé] *n*. a statement made for comments • *A koŋkono lɔɔ la teree ko a kotuo deme*. The dirge singer has presented a riddle to the bereaved family. *pl:* terri *2pl:* terree

teree-teree [térée-téréé] *adj.* spread out and roundish at the end, coneshaped

terembelli [térémbéllí] *adv.* straight and upright

tere noore [từrì nớớrì] ν. to leave a message -, -, -, -, - Var. bare noore

tere sori [tírí sórì] v. allow, permit

teretere [tìrìtírí] *v.* to crush with feet, to trample tereterεε, tereterε, tereterea

terri [térrì] v. to smooth out the end e.g. pestle terree, terre, terre, teribe, terraa

tesogo [tìsớgó] *n.* trunk (of tree) *pl:* tesogere *2pl:* tesogerεε *Var.* tesoga

tesunni [tèsúnnì] *n.* sap *sg:* tesunnuu *2pl:* tesunnee *Var.* tekoõ

tetebaa [títíbáá] *n*. stinger; the tip of the tail of a bee usually used to sting *pl*: **teterre** *2pl*: **teterεε**

tetere [títìrì] adj. small in quantity

tevaa teretere

tevaa [tìváà] *adj.* green *pl:* tevaare 2*pl:* tevaarεε

tewone [tìwóní] n. (1) berry (2) fruit of a tree pl: tewomo 2pl: tewonnεε

tewoŋkoΔ̄o [tíwóŋkớó] *n.* juice *2pl:* **tewoŋkoɔnε**ε

te [té] ν to spread in an orderly manner • Daseree ka Dagaaba maŋ te ne ba die kye lɔɔ. The Dagaaba arrange small sticks on planks of wood and on which they put local mortar to roof a building. tee, teere, teere, teerea

tεbaa [tébáá] n. snare pl: terre 2pl: terreε

teese [tέέsí] n. test pl: teesiri 2pl: teesireε

tεεtεε [tέέtὲὲ] *adj.* different

tege [tègì] v. (1) to exchange, to barter (2) to change (action, form)(3) to stop doing something suddenly and for a short time

tege [tègf] n. meaning 2pl: tegreε Var. tegε

tegele [téglì] ν. (1) to place a container with the bottom on the ground (2) to collect in a small pool e.g water tegelee, tegele, tegele, tegele, tegelaa

tegere [tègri] v. to apply the sap of a leaf to the body (local method of tattooing) tegeree, tegere, tegere, tegerebe, tegraa

tεgε [tέgέ] *n.* meaning *Var.* **tege tegetege** [tégétégé] *adv.* little e.g. liquid

telenteleŋ [tèlèntéléŋ] *adv.* sprawled out

tell [tèll] *adj.* long, straight, and rigid tembiri [těmbìrí] *n.* (1) white ants

(termites) (2) the habitat of these termites *pl:* tembie *2pl:* tembiiree

tembogi [tèmbògí] *n.* ditch where mortar is prepared *pl:* tembogiri *2pl:* tembogiree

temburo [tèmbùró] *n.* dry soil *2pl:* temburee

tempelaa [těmpìlàá] n. white soil (used to plaster walls) pl: tempeεle 2pl: tempeεleε

tempooron [tèmpớórón] *n*. fertile soil *pl*: **tempooro**

tene [téní] *n.* (1) soil, earth, mud (2) the spirit of a land *2pl:* **tene**ε

tenne [těnnè] *n*. a type of grass usually found in front of houses *pl*: tenne 2*pl*: tenneε

teŋ [tèŋ] ν. (1) to sweeten (2) to ferment teŋεε, tenε, tenε, tene, teneme, teneme, tenea

τεηκυbo [tἔŋkúbò] *n.* gravel

tere [tèri] v. to strain one's legs • A momoore da tere la gbee ene taa kye prri wale. The wrestlers strained their legs and sweated too. teree, tere, tere, terebe, teraa, terebe

teretere [tèritérí] v. to move in protest e.g. pampered child • A bie zagere ka kyeŋe kye maŋ teretere. The child has refused

terewere tilento

- to walk up and is moving under protest. tereteree, teretere, teretere, tereterebe, tereteraa
- **tεrewεrε** [tέríwέrέ] *adv.* standing with legs bent backwards
- **tereεterεε** [téréétéréé] *adv.* flat and even
- terese [tèrèsè] adv. clumsily O tegee la a dee lee e terese le o naŋ zeŋ. He is so full with food that he can hardly move.
- terre [térrì] ν. to level out terree, terre, terre, terebe, terraa
- terre [térri] v. to push a container away along the ground/floor usually in anger terree, terre, terre, terebe, terraa
- tetegere [tètègìrí] *n.* muddy thing *pl:* tetege
- **tεtεrewεrε** [tètèríwĕré] *adv.* daftly
- ti [tì] v. to vomit tie, tiire, tiire, tiiribe, tiiraa, tiiribe
- ti [tí] v. to put hand on e.g wall A baala ti la dankyini lɛnso ka o ba le. The patient held the wall and that is why s/he did not fall. tie, tiire, tiire, tiiribe, tiiraa
- ti [tí] v. to support by the use of a walking stick tie, tiire, tiire, tiiribe, tiiraa
- ti [tí] v. to put up sticks with their tops meeting (making a farm hut) tie, tiire, tiire, tiiribe, tiiraa
- ti [tí] v. to begin, to start tie, tiire, tiire, tiiribe, tiiraa

- tigi [tìgì] v. to gather e.g. crowd tigee, tigre, tigre, tigribe, tigraa
- tigiki [tìgìki] *adj.* dark and deep set (eyes) *Var.* tigtig
- tigikponi [tìgìkpón] n. big feast, solemnity pl: tigikponni 2pl: tikponnee
- tigiri [tígrí] *n.* feast, festival *pl:* tige *2pl:* tigee
- tigiri [tígrì] v. to grow fat tigiree, tigire, tigire, tigiribe, tigiraa
- tigiti [tígíti] *n.* ticket *pl:* tigitiri *2pl:* tigitiree
- tigitigi [tìgìtígí] v. to shiver violently e.g. when one has a fever tigitigee, tigitigre, tigitigre, tigitigribe, tigitigraa
- tĩi [tĩi] adv. closely and carefully e.g. look, observe
- tiili [tííli] v. to place against an upright object e.g a plank against a tree/wall tiilee, tiile, tiile, tiilibe, tiilaa
- tiiri [tíírí] n. vomit 2pl: tiiree
- tiiri [tiìri] v. to come very close to tiiree, tiire, tiire, tiiribe, tiiraa
- tiiri [tiìri] *v.* to be fed up with tiiree, tiire, tiire, tiiribe, tiiraa
- tiirun [tíírŭn] n. (1) a type of plant with sour sap used for cooking (2) a type of medicinal herbal concoction
- tiiruŋ [tììrŭŋ] adj. sour (taste)
- tilento [tíléntó] *n.* (1) hornbill (2) pelican *pl:* tilentori *2pl:* tilentoree

tiŋi toloŋ

tiŋi [tíŋ] v. to make firm (object fixed in the ground) tiŋee, tiŋine, tiŋine, tiŋinime, tiŋinaa

tinimen [tìnìmén] adj. dark

tiretire [tírétíré] adv. tasteless

to [tố] ν. to insult toε, toora, toora, tooreba, tooraa, tooreba

to [tó] *adv.* really • *A bie ŋa zoro to*. This child runs really fast. *Var.* te

tobaa [tóbáá] n. fox pl: tobaare 2pl: tobaarεε

tobie sawɔlɔ [tóbíè sáwɔ́lɔ́] *n.* fried food made from boabab seed

tobiri [tóbírì] *n.* boabab seed *sg:* tobiruu *pl:* tobie *2pl:* tobiiree

togi [tògì] v. (1) take down e.g. from head, fire (2) to drip togee, togiro, togiro, togiribo, togiraa

togifa [tògífá] *n.* sixpence *pl:* togifare 2*pl:* togifarεε

togilogo [tóglógó] adv. (1) small (space) • Ba boma koŋ kpɛ a die, o deɛ waa la togilogoo lɛ. The room cannot contain their belongings; it is very small. (2) small and shallow (hole) • Ba tu la a bulee fãã kyɛ deɛ e boŋkaŋa togilogoo lɛ. They were unable to dig the well; they just etched a tiny hole.

togilogo [tòglògò] adv. deep • Te tu la tambɔge togilogoo kaŋa a na kuire sagere ennɛ. We dug a deep ditch into which we will dump refuse.

togiroo [tógróó] *n.* raised wooded ground (Southern Dagaare dialect)

pl: togiri 2pl: togiree Var. tuu

togitogi [tógtóg] adv. never, not at all • N gere ka o gaae N ba nye o togitogi. When I got there, he had left; I never saw him at all.

togoko [tògòkò] *adv.* refusing to listen, hear; not minding

tokele [tòkélé] *n.* hard dawdaw spice seed (not processable) *pl:* tokelee *Var.* dɔkele, kele

tokokyile [tòkótʃilé] *n.* a bottle-like container made by removing the seeds from the baobab fruit *pl:* tokokyilli *2pl:* tokokyilee

tokoroo [tókóróó] *n.* window *pl:* tokorri *2pl:* tokoree/tokorree *Var.* takoroo

tokparaa [tòkpáráà] *n.* boabab leaves (vegetable for soup) *2pl:* tokparεε

tolee [tóléé] *n.* small mortar *pl:* tobilii *2pl:* tobilee

tolema [tólímá] adv. avariciously

tolimala [tòlmálá] *n.* great enjoyment, merrymaking (edibles) *2pl:* tolimalεε *Var.* tolomala

toliŋka [tólíŋkà] n. a car pl: toliŋkaε 2pl: toliŋkarεε

toll [tòll] adv. large (heap)

toll [tóll] adj. small (heap)

tolomboll [tólómbóll] *adv.* lonely-looking

toloŋ [tớlớŋ] n. heat • Toloŋ maŋ vɛŋ la ka te puri wale. Heat induces swet. pl: tola

toloŋ tookpane

tolon [tólón] adj. (1) hot • A zeere ba taa diibu, a tolon. The soup cannot be eaten just yet; it is very hot. (2) fast, quick • Ka foon ba kyen gbe tolon fo kon poge o. If you don't hasten your steps, you won't meet her. pl: tola

tom [tôm] v. to become sweet, to become enjoyable tomee, tomino, tomino, tominaa

tomomo [tómómó] *adv.* very sweet tone [tóní] *n.* work *pl:* toma

tonemaa [tůnímáá] *adj.* at once, instantly

tonni [tònnì] v. to move blindly; groping tonnee, tonno, tonno, tonimo, tonnaa

tonni [tónní] v. to drip tonnee, tonno, tonno, tonimo, tonnaa

tontombone [từntừmbứní] n. tool pl: tontombomai

tontono [tŏtóná] *n.* (1) worker (2) industrious person *pl:* tontonema *Var.* tontona

tontoŋ [tóntóŋ] adv. (1) very sour
A buuluŋ waa la tontoŋ zuo a nyuubu tuo. The poridge is very sour; it is difficult to eat. (2) very painful, sore e.g. over-night bruised body
A dɔɔ zãa de la o zu za ne a gbori, zene a zaaŋ mii tontoŋ le. The man banged his head against the door yesterday and today it really hurts.

tone [tòni] v. (1) to work (2) to send (someone to do something)

toŋεε, tona, tona, tonema, tonaa, tonema

toŋkpeɛne [tôŋkpíɛ́ní] *n.* miracles, powerful deeds *2pl:* **toŋkpeɛnɛɛ**

too [tòò] part. okay Var. təə

toobini [tòòbíní] *n.* earwax (ear shit) *pl:* n/a *2pl:* toobinee

toogee [tóógéé] interj. a state indicating an incorrect utterance which is therefore withdrawn • Yeli ka toogee ka le naane o na nme fo la. Better say it is a mistaken statement; otherwise he will beat you.

too-gbuli [tòò-gbúlí] *n.* unpierced ear *pl:* too-gbulo *2pl:* too-gbulee

toogbulo [tòògbùló] n. (1) hardness of hearing, deafness, blocked ears • Maa teere ka toogbulo ka taa, N maŋ yeli la a yele ka a dee kaara n niŋeŋ. I think she is hard of hearing, because when I talk to her she just stares into my face. (2) an animal without a mark of identification on the ear • N peroo na naŋ bəre lambori ŋmaa la pelaa kye taa toogbulo. My lost sheep has a white spot on its side but unmarked ears.

toogyεle [tòòdzélí] *n.* earlobe *pl:* toogyεlε

tookuriseε [tòòkúrísíɛ́] *n.* the base of the ear (back) *pl:* **tookuriseere** *2pl:* **tookuriseere**ε

tookpane [tòòkpànì] *n.* earring *pl:* tookpama *2pl:* tookpaneε/tookpanneε

toole topege

toole [tòòli] *adj.* used with 'ba' little e.g food • *a bondirii ba toole a bie koŋ tege*. The food is little, the child will not eat to his fill.

toolere [tòòléré] *n.* peak, climax, most enjoyable part (of music) *pl:* toolerri *2pl:* tooleree/toolerree

toolii [tòòlíí] *n.* joke *pl:* tooliiri *2pl:* tooliiree

toopãapere [tòòpẫẫpírì] *n.* eardrum *pl:* **toopãapee** 2*pl:* **toopãapeerεε**

toopurimo [tòópúrímó] *n.* draining ear *2pl:* **toopurimee**

toore [tớớr] *ν*. to spit toorεε, toorɔ, tooreba, tooraa, tooreba

toore [tờờrì] ν. (1) to push into e.g foot into socks (2) to push along a surface, to drag along toorεε, toorɔ, toorɔ, tooroa

toori [tòòrí] *n.* ear *pl:* tobo *2pl:* tooree

toori [tòòrí] adj. naughty e.g. child • A bie na sãã la baaloŋ kyε o taa la toori yaga. That child appears to be the quiet type but he is very naughty.

toori [tòòrí] adj. musically exceptional • A bawaseεrebε sereŋ taa la toori, ba gbεε lanna lere la velaa. The dancers have a good ear for music; their step falls on the beat.

toovaa [tòòváà] *n.* ear flap; the visible part of the ear (pinna) *pl:* toovaare *2pl:* toovaarεε

toovoɔre [tòòvớɔ́rí] *n.* ear canal; ear piercing *pl:* **toovɔ̃ε** *2pl:* **toovoɔrɛɛ**

tõo [těš] v. (1) to subdue, to conquer
A bibiiri naŋ mo buo la tõo o to?
Which of boys overcame the other in the wrestling competition? (2) to be able, to be capable • N gaa la kyɛ N koŋ tõo leɛ wa. I'll go, but I'll not be able to come back. tõoɛ, toono, toono, toonema, toonaa

toole [tớślì] ν. to send a message toolεε, toolo, toolo, toolbo, toolaa

toolo [tớólò] n. message Var. toola

toone [tờɔ̀nì] ν to tear off in strips (fibre from the stalk) toonεε, toono, toonema, toonaa

tooraa [tớóráá] n. (1) self • Ka foon beere kye zagere tẽể nyuubu fo tooraa ka fo ere. If you are sick but refuse medication, you will be hurting yourself. (2) portion, share • Ba pon la nene ka N de n tooraa ko n ma. They shared the meat and I gave my share to my mother. pl: toe Var. toore

toɔre [tớɔ́rí] *n.* mortar, pounding pot 2pl: tɔε Var. toɔraa

toore [tốɔ́rí] n. one's share of something • A seemaa yɛ naŋ maale, N toore bɛ? Where is my share of the food you cooked? 2pl: tɔɛ Var. tooraa

toore [tòòri] v. to be careless; to not pay enough attention • O toore la a ne,ne bare ka baare de. S/he left the meat carelessly and dogs ate it. -, tooro

topεge [tòpέgí] *n.* boabab fruit shell *pl:* topεgre *2pl:* topεgrεε

toraza təgele

- toraza [tớrázà] *n.* trousers *pl:* torazare 2*pl:* torazarεε
- tore [tòrì] ν. to sprout, to break through the seed coat torεε, tora, tora, tora, tora
- tore [tờrì] ν. to close one's mouth tightly (usually in anger) torεε, tora, tora, tora, tora
- torebogi [tòrìbógí] *n.* frontier, boundary *pl:* torebogri *2pl:* torebogree
- tori [tórí] adv. continuously (doing one thing) • Kõɔ yoŋi ka a baala tori nyuuro. The patient just goes on drinking water only.
- $tori_1$ [tórí] v. (1) to be straight (2) to be right, to be correct **toree**, **toro**, **toro**, **toribo**, **toraa**, **toribo**
- tori₂ [tórí] v. to speak with anger, to blame, to complain toree, toro, toro, toribo, toraa
- tori-buulun [tórí-búúlún] *n.* porridge made from corn and boabab flour
- toriko [tòríkò] *n.* cart *pl:* torikori *2pl:* torikoree
- toriko [tòríkò] *n.* large metal snare for trapping large animals *pl:* torikori *2pl:* torikoree
- **torizeε** [tórízíέ] *n.* red beret *pl:* **tor**izeere *2pl:* **torizerε**ε
- **to-uri** [tò-ùrí] *n*. tiny spikes covering the fruit of boabab *2pl*: **to-uree**
- **tozɔŋe** [tòzɔ́ŋ] *n.* boabab fruit powder *2pl:* **tozɔnnε**ε

- to [tó] n. (1) colleague, an equal N baŋ ka n to kaŋa la toŋ a tomo ŋa. I guess this work is done by a neighbour. (2) same type, same kind N meŋ boɔrɔ la a fo kparoo ŋa tɔ. I also want the same type of shirt that you have. pl: taaba
- to [tà] v. (1) to pound (2) to touch
 O de la o nu to ne a gane na
 o naŋ boɔrɔ. She used her hand
 to touch the book she wanted. (3)
 to head-butt Ka fooŋ deɛnɛ ne
 naadɔgerɔ bile a naabo na to fo
 la. If you joke with the frehly born
 calf, its mother will head-butt you.
 (4) to get to the end of Te kyɛŋe
 te to la a sori tɛgɛ. We walked until we came to the end of the road.
 tɔe, toɔrɔ, toɔreba, toɔraa,
 toɔreba
- təba [təbà] n. tobacco Var. təbə
- tɔbaa [tɔ̀bàà] *n*. a type of sharp axe used for carving *pl*: tɔbre 2*pl*: tɔbrεε
- təbə [tàbà] n. tobacco sg: təəroo 2pl: təəree Var. təba
- toge [tógí] n. (1) an earthenware container with a hole in the bottom for sieving (2) fish trap pl: togere 2pl: togereε
- toge [tógí] ν. to stop togεε, togero, togero, togereba, togeraa
- togele [tòglì] v. to imitate A bie togele la a biwoo kyenne a men dee te kyene wooren. The boy imitated the way the lame boy walks

togele tore

and now he limps. tɔglεε, tɔglɔ, tɔglɔ, -, tɔglaa

- togele [tòglì] ν to collect from above e.g. rain water Ka fooŋ togele saa kõõ a maŋ maaroŋ. Gathered rain water is always cold. toglɛɛ, toglo, toglo, -, toglaa
- togele [tòglì] ν. to turn to face e.g. in a direction O leε la o niŋe togele sapare a na nyε a saa naŋ ko. She has turned towards the east to see the clouds. toglεε, toglo, toglo, -, toglaa
- togele [tɔ̂glì] ν. to help deliver a baby toglεε, toglo, toglo, -, toglaa
- təle [tɔlf] ν. to pass by təlɛɛ, tələ, tələ, təlebə, təlaa
- təll [tàll] adj. long and cylindrical
- tonne [tónnì] ν. to join tonnεε, tonno, tonno, tonema, tonnaa, tonema
- tonne [tònnì] ν. to sell (usually at a low price) tonnεε, tonno, tonema, tonema
- tɔnɔ [tònɔ́] n. profit, gain, benefit 2pl: tɔnεε Var. tɔna
- təntəbaa [tòntóbáá] adv. at once
- tone [tòn] v. to respond to, to answer, to reply tones, tonena/tonno, tonno, tonema, tonema
- tone [tón] v. (1) to be in a queue (2) to light a fire (3) to fetch fire toneε, tono, tono, tonema, tonnaa, Var. kyon
- tone [tôn] ν. to light a fire from another fire toneε, tonena/tonno,

- tənnə, tənemə, tənnaa, tənema
- tວŋemɔ [tɔ́ŋímɔ̀] *n.* colleague *pl:* tɔŋemɔmine *Var.* tɔŋema
- təə [tòò] part. all right, okay Var. too
- təəbəle [tɔ̀əbəlí] *n.* cylinder-shaped pounded tobacco *pl:* təəbələ *2pl:* təəbəlε
- tɔɔlaa [tòòláá] *n.* tobacco pipe *pl:* tɔɔlaarε 2*pl:* tɔɔlaarεε
- tɔɔlakãa [tòòlàkãã] *n.* nicotine 2pl: tɔɔlakãanεε
- tɔɔre [tɔ̀ɔrì] *n.* ball of tobacco *pl:* tɔbɔ 2*pl:* tɔɔrεε
- təəre [tòòrí] adj. far pl: təbə
- tɔɔvaa [tɔ̀ɔváà] *n.* tobacco leaf *pl:* tɔɔvaare
- tɔɔwuoraa [tɔ̀ɔwúoráá] n. a shell used in gathering and collecting powdered tobacco (snuff) pl: tɔɔwuori
- **tɔɔzɔŋe** [tɔ̀ɔzɔ̂ŋ] *n.* powdered tobacco; snuff *2pl:* tɔɔzɔnnεε
- tore [tòrí] *pron.* self (reflexive) *N na de la a bondirii tte ko o N tore.* I will take the food to him myself.
- tore [tòri] ν. to share in pieces A bondirii ba seŋe bone kyɛ te na de tore la a bibiiri. We have very little food left but we shall share it in the little bits that we can. torεε, toro, toro, toreba, toraa
- tore [tɔ́rí] v. (1) to break easily e.g. weak twine A miri poɔ̃ε la lɛnso ka O gaa ka o lene a tuobu ka o tɔre. The rope was rotten and that was why when s/he attempted to

tore tulli

tie up the luggage it gave way easily. (2) to cut a small piece • N baŋ ka a nɛne ba seŋe bone kyɛ N na tɔre la fẽe ko fo. I know the piece meat is small but I'll give you a little bit. (3) die (ailing child) tɔrεɛ, tɔrɔ, tɔrɔ, tɔreba, tɔraa

tore [tòrì] v. to cut a small piece • N baŋe ka a nɛne ba seŋe bone kyɛ N na tɔre la fẽe ko fo. I know the piece meat is small but I'll give you a little bit. tɔrεɛ, tɔrɔ, tɔreba, tɔraa

tore [tórí] *v*. die e.g a person who has been sick for long torεε, toro, toro, toreba, toraa

tore [tòrí] adj. valuable • O yeli ka ba zu la o libie kyɛ a ba e libi tore zaa. She said they had stolen her money but it was not worth anything.

to teere [tồ tiìrì] v. (1) without any hope/hit the rocks • A poge bie baaloŋ la so ka o sori na yiibu to teere. The woman's intended journey hit the rocks because of her child's sickness. (2) to worsen • O gaa were la o nimie na a dee to teere. The eye operation has worsened his sight. to teeree, toteere, toteere, toteerea, toteerea, toteerebe

tə zəŋə kyi [tɔ zəŋə kyî] ν. (1) to beat about the bush (2) to be ignorant təɛ zəŋ kyi, toərə zəŋ kyi

tu [tù] v. to follow a route, to take a route tue, tuuro, tuuro, tuuribo,

tuuraa

tu [tù] v. to recount, to narrate tue, tuuro, tuuro, tuuribo, tuuraa

tu [tù] v. to bring back an attempted (female) divorcee tue, tuuro, tuuro, tuuribo, tuuraa

tu [tú] v. (1) to dig • A sakuuri tu la bulee ba dabəge poə. The school has dug a well in their garden. (2) to uproot • A koəraa tu la waare paale o wasege. The farmer has dug up yams and filled the yam barn. tue, tuuro, tuuro, tuuribo, tuuraa

tu ba [tú bà] ν. to take off quickly e.g. in running tu baε, tuuro baara, tu baara, tu baareba

tuli [tùlì] v. to make a mistake, to err, to be wrong tulee, tullo, tullo, tulbo, tulaa

tulli [tùlli] v. (1) to change (state), disguise • A bibiiri da tulli la ba menne a tigiri daare ka fo koŋ la baŋ ba. The boys diguised themselves during the festival, so that you could not recognise them. (2) to confuse • N bare la gyɛle ka a pɔge tulli ma kyɛ zo ne a bie. I was so careless that the woman tricked me and escaped with the child. tullee, tullo, tullo, tullo, tulla

tulli [tùlli] ν. to incriminate spiritually • O tulli la omeŋε lɛnso ka o bageboge dagoli ba la nyɛrɛ. She has wronged the spirits and that is why she cannot see things in the

tulundaa tuosoba

- spiritual world. tullee, tullo, tullo, tulio, tulio,
- tulundaa [túlúndàá] *n.* pestle *pl:* tulundaare 2*pl:* tunlundaarεε *Var.* tulindaa, tundaa
- tumakuli [tùmákúlí] n. burri; a type of small plant with thorny fruits sg: tumakuluu pl: tumakulli 2pl: tumakulee
- **tumo** [tùmó] *n*. one born with the feet coming first instead of the head *2pl*: **tumee**
- tumo [tùmó] n. glutton 2pl: tumee
- tumpaane [túmpáání] *n.* large talking drum; a drum that gives messages *pl:* tumpaama *2pl:* tumpaanεε *Var.* tumpanne
- tumpaane [túmpáání] *n.* slabs of bean flour boiled in leaves *pl:* tumpaama 2*pl:* tumpaanεε Var. tumpanne
- tu noore [tù nóɔri] v. to narrate, to give an account of Ba yeli ka a bibiiri na naŋ zɔɔ taa ka kaŋa zaa maŋ tu o noɔre. Each of the boys who fought has been asked to give an account of what led to the fight.
- tuntundaana [túntúndááná] n. mosquito net pl: tuntundaane 2pl: tuntundaaneε
- tunturi [túntúrì] *n.* a type of very large hog with powerful claws and tail for digging *pl:* tuntue *2pl:* tuturee
- tuni [tùn] v. to thread (beads) tunee,

- tuno, tuno, tunimo, tunaa, tunimo
- tuŋi [tùŋ] v. (1) to dip e.g. hand in pocket (2) to insert a finger into the vagina (defile, rape) tuŋee, tuno, tuno, tunimo, tunaa, tunimo
- tuŋi [tûŋ] v. (1) to stumble about to fall, to totter (2) to err, to make a mistake tuŋee, tuŋino, tuŋino, tuŋinimo, tuŋinaa, tuŋinimo Var. tummu (of -bu form)
- tuni [tún] v. to overgrow e.g. hair, grass of lawn
- tuo [tùò] v. (1) to carry e.g. on head(2) to swell e.g. blister -, tuoro, tuoro, tuoribo
- **tuo** [tùó] *n.* **(1)** baobab tree **(2)** baobab fruit *pl:* **tori** *2pl:* **toree**
- tuo [túó] n. (1) suffering Tuo yoŋ ka zɔɔre taa. There is only suffering in war. (2) difficulty A daŋ-maa ŋa ŋmaabo tuo la so ka o ba wa. The difficulty involved in cutting this log has disuaded him from coming. pl: tuuri 2pl: tuuree
- tuo [túó] adj. (1) bitter e.g. quinine(2) hot e.g. pepper pl: tuuri 2pl: tuuree
- tuobu [tùòbú] *n.* (1) load (2) burden (3) weight
- tuori [tùòrì] v. (1) to meet face to face (2) to welcome tuoree, tuoro, tuoro, tuoribo, tuoraa, tuoribo
- tuosoba [túósóbá] *n.* person who does not want to make offers to any other person

turi unni

turi [túrì] *n.* thousand *sg:* turree *2pl:* turee

turi [tùrì] v. (1) to give from above or below • A poge wuo a kyi peɛ zu de turi o serɛ. The woman gathered the millet from the top of the roof and passed it down to her husband. (2) to offer one's hand turee, turo, turo, turibo, turaa

tu sori [tù sórí] ν. to be right • Te yɔɔ la a gama kyɛ ka dɔɔ wa wuo a zaa gaa ne, a lɛ ba tu sori. We paid for the books but the man came and took them away; that is not right.

tutɔ [tútɔ́] *n.* companion *pl:* tutɔmine

tuu [túú] *n.* (1) thicket, forest, wood (2) raised ground (usually on a farm) *pl:* tuuri *2pl:* tuuree *Var.* togroo tuu [túú] n. eagle pl: tuuri 2pl: tuuree

tuuli [tùùli] v. (1) to trace e.g. line (2) to use a finger to apply e.g. ointment (3) to go about, to roam around (4) to carried away by water tuulee, tuulo, tuulo, tuulo, tuulaa

tuuli [túúli] v. (1) to give to drink e.g. a child (2) not deeply emersed (arrow hitting game) tuulee, tuulo, tuulo, tuulbo, tuulaa

tuuree [túúréé] *n.* Europe or America

tuuri [tùùrì] v. to pick out, to sort out, to separate tuuree, tuuro, tuuro, tuuro, tuuraa

TZ [] *n.* see saabo, flour paste (staple food of the Dagaare-speaking people)

u

ugi [úgì] v. to expand e.g. cooked rice ugee, ugro, ugro, ugribo, ugraa

ulee [ùléè] *n.* tree branch *pl:* ulli *2pl:* ullee

uli [úlí] n. fog, mist pl: ulli 2pl: ullee uli [ûlî] v. (1) to be dusty (2) to become moldy e.g. food • Ka boroboron wa kəəre o man uli la. When bread is kept for long it becomes mouldy. ulee, ullo, ullo, ulibo, ullaa

ulimo [úlmó] adj. grey

unni [ùnnì] v. (1) unburying something buried • Polisiri yeli ka ba ba baŋ a dɔɔ kũũ, pare a gaa te unni a kũũ. The police said they did not know the cause of the man's death, so they went and exhumed the corpse. (2) to bring back past memories • Ka Dɛre ne o pɔgeŋ wa zɔɔrɔ zaa a pɔge maŋ unni la yelikorɔ. Each time Dɛre and his wife quarrel, the wife will

unni uuruŋ

- always recount past events. unnee, unno, unno, unimo, unnaa
- unni [únnì] v. to remind N deɛmɛ zãã wa unni ma la a koɔbo. My in-law reminded me about the day of the group farming. unnee, unno, unno, unna
- uoni [úònì] *n.* dry season *pl:* uomo *2pl:* uonee
- uori [úórì] v. to warm oneself (by fire, sun) uoree, uoro, uoro, uoribo, uoraa
- uori [úórì] v. to mourn uoree, uoro, uoro, uoribo, uoraa
- uori [úórì] v. to peer (shading one's face with the hand) uoree, uoro, uoro, uoribo, uoraa
- uori [ùòrì] v. (1) to bellow (bull) (2) to groan; a sound uttered in pain or grief uoree, uoro, uoro, uoribo, uoraa
- uri [ùrí] *n.* (1) itchy stuff (2) chaff *pl:* n/a *2pl:* urree
- uri [ùrì] v. (1) to take unaware (2) to be shocked Maa ne a baala naŋ yeli yɛlɛ ba kɔɔre, o kũũ uri ma la. I spoke with the patient not long ago; I'm shocked at his sudden death. uree, uro, uro, uribo, uraa
- uri [úrì] v. to make burn e.g fire
- **uri** [ùrí] *n.* hair-like projections on the straw of the grass family and other plants that cause itchiness of the skin

- uri [úrí] v. to scrub a very dirty object e.g. cooking pot uree, uro, uro, uribo, uraa
- ũu [ũu) v. to close tightly (fist, eyes)ũue, uuno, uuno, uuimo, uunaa
- u⊠u [ũ̀ù⊠] v. to bury ũue, uuno, uuno, uunaa
- uuni [úúnì] v. to crouch, to hide Ba digi la a bie ka o zo te uuni tuu poo. As they chased the boy, he ran and hid in a thicket. uunee, uuno, uuno, uunimo, uunaa
- uuni [úúnì] v. to incubate, to brood, to sit on (a fowl on its eggs) Noo maŋ uuni la daare ata kyɛ wɛge. A fowl sits on its eggs before they hatch. uunee, uuno, uunimo, uunaa
- uuni [úúnì] v. to form pus e.g. a swelling Goo daare kyoge la n nubiri ka o more eŋ kõo ka ba were. A thorn pierced my finger and it got swollen, formed pus, and was operated upon. uunee, uuno, uuno, uunimo, uunaa
- uuri [úúrí] v. to hoot, to call out e.g. lost person uuree, uuro, uuro, uuribo, uuraa
- uuri [ùùrì] v. (1) to smoke out (2) to warm a place with smoke uuree, uuro, uuro, uuribo, uuraa
- uurun [úúrún] n. dust 2pl: uuurunnee

va vagere

\mathbf{V}

va [và] ν. (1) to whip (2) to thresh (millet) vaε, -, vaara, vareba, vaaraa

va [vá] v. used with '-de'(va-de); snatch; to run directly and suddenly at someone seizing him

va [và] ν. to graze a target; miss narrowly vaε, -, vaara, vareba, vaaraa

va [vá] v. to rush, to dash • A dəbə naŋ ŋmeɛrɛ la ka kaŋa wa va de o tə gaa ləə. As the men argued, one suddenly rushed on the other and threw him down. vaɛ, vaara, vaara, vareba, vaaraa

vaa [váà] n. leaf sg: vabo pl: vaare 2pl: vaarεε

vaa [vàà] ν. collect or take everything from a container vaaε, vaara, vaara, vaareba, vaaraa

vaa [vàà] ν. to draw e.g. bowstring vaaε, vaara, vaaraba, vaaraa

vaa [vàà] ν to lift an opponent's leg (wrestling) vaaε, vaara, vaara, vaareba, vaaraa

vaagaviige [vààgàvíígè] v. I command you (to die)

vaa-iri [vàà-ìrì] v. to stand up quickly vaa-iree, vaara-ire, vaaire, vaa-iribe

vaale [vààli] v. to gather e.g. rubbish, garbage

vaalee [váálíí] n. speck sg: vaaloo pl: vaala 2pl: vaalεε Var. vaale vaali [vààlì] v. move fast e.g in standing up

vaane [vàànì] ν. (1) to shrink, contract (2) to wrinkle vaanεε, vaana, vaana, vaanaba, vaanaa

vaane [váání] adj. shrunken

vãao [vẫà⊠ỡ] *adv.* courageously

vaare [vààrì] ν. to wrap oneself, usually with a cloth vaarεε, vaara, vaara, vaaraba, vaaraa

vaare [váárì] ν. to tug, to pull strongly and suddenly towards oneself • A bie da nyoge la a pedaa miri kyε ka a peroo vaare o loo. The boy held onto the rope around the ram's neck, but it tugged him to the ground. vaarεε, vaara, vaara, vaaraba, vaaraa

vaare [váárì] ν. to rinse • Fanfane fuuri naŋ be la laare poɔ a seŋ ka vaare. There are still soapsuds in the bowls, so they need to be rinsed. vaarεε, vaara, vaara, vaareba, vaaraa

vabore [vábórì] *n.* spring 2pl: vaborrεε

vãee [vằ͡fi] adv. aromatically

vage [vágf] v. onomatopoeia; sounding like a bird pecking at a soft object vagεε, vagra, vagra, vagreba, vagraa

vage [vàgì] adv. sound of peckingvagere [vàgìrì] adv. pecking

vakogilo vare niŋe

- vakogilo [vákóglo] n. dried leaves (that once worn by women) sg: vakogiluu
- vakuoŋaa [vákúóŋáá] n. dry leaf pl: vakuoni
- vakuoŋaa [vákúóŋáá] n. bad luck pl: vakuoni
- valenvõɔ [válínvõɔ̃] n. mason wasp, potter wasp sg: valenvoɔnoo pl: valenvoɔne 2pl: valenvoɔnɛε Var. valenvõa
- **valere** [vàlírí] *v.* to intertwine e.g. weaving
- valimmu [vàlímmú] *n.* a type of small tree with soft large leaves which women used to wear to cover parts of their private parts
- valimmu [vàlĭmmú] *n.* a type of broad-leafed plant *pl:* valinni *2pl:* valinnee
- valinvaa [vàlìnváà] n. (1) leaf of the palm tree (2) the leaf of the valimmu tree pl: valinvaare 2pl: valinvaarεε
- valinvuuluŋ [vàlinvuúlúŋ] n. soot pl: valinvuulo/valinvuuli 2pl: valinvuulee Var. valanvuuluŋ, vuuluŋ
- valogema [válógímà] *n.* green, fresh, and tender leaves
- vama [vàmà] adv. effortlessly
- vamaaroŋ [vámááróŋ] n. green leaf pl: vamaara 2pl: vamaarεε
- vanne [vánnì] ν. to stretch, to grow longer vannεε, vanna, vanna, vanna

- **vapeεlegboro** [vápíέlgbóró] *n.* a type of tree with medicinal properties
- vapεge [vápégí] n. fallen leaf pl:vapegre 2pl: vapgrεε
- vapielee [vápìèlèè] n. a type of tree with medicinal properties pl: vapieli
- **vapɔrɔ** [vápòrò] *n*. fresh green leaves 2pl: **vapɔrrεε**
- vare [vàrì] ν. to wrinkle varεε, vara, vareba, varaa, vareba
- vare [vàrì] ν. to make laundry not well washed e.g. clothes varεε, vara, vara, vareba, varaa, vareba
- vare [vàrì] ν. to make the layout of a mound varεε, vara, vara, vareba, varaa, vareba
- vare [várí] v. to jump, to leap, to hop varoo, vara, vara, varibo, varaa, variba
- vare [várí] v. to castrate varoo, vara, vara, varibo, varaa, variba
- varekpara [vàrìkpàrà] *adv.* long and loose e.g. twine
- varekpenε [váríkpínέ] n. thick paste from beans sg: varekpenoo 2pl: varekpennεε
- varema [várímá] adj. (1) tough e.g. meat, rope (2) difficult A pogelee na none la laare kye o boobo yele varema. That girl likes smiling but she is very difficult when it comes to dating her.
- vare nine [vàrì níné] v. make a face; usually in disgust or anger

varevare vere

varevare [vàrìvárí] ν. to heckle varevarεε, varevara, varevara, varevareba, varevaraa

varevare [vàrìvárí] ν. to pull along varevarεε, varevara, varevara, varevaraba, varevaraa

varoo [várờờ] *adj.* tough e.g. meat *Var.* varema

ve [ví] ν. to knit νεεε, νετε, νετε, verebε, veraa

vebo [vìbờ] *adj.* striking directly e.g. arrow

vedeε [vìdìέ] n. sugarcane pl: vederre 2pl: vedeerεε

veene [vììnì] *n.* a type of small bird with very lean legs (short form of daveene) *pl:* veemε 2*pl:* veenεε Var. daveene

veene [víínf] *ν*. to tie tightly **veenε**ε, **veene**, **veene**πε, **veena**a

veεle [vìὲlì] v. to be beautiful veεlεε, veεlε, veεle

veεlε [vìèlé] *adj.* beautiful

veεlεyeŋe [vìὲlέyéŋé] *n.* one with physical beauty only

veɛloŋ [vìɛ́lʊ́ŋ] *n.* (1) beauty (2) goodness (3) light

veere [vìèrì] ν. to push aside growth e.g in searching for something in an overgrown bush veeree, veere, veere, veerebe, veeraa

veεre [víέri] ν. to fly low and slowly veεrεε, veεrε, veεrε, veεrεbε, veεraa

veεre [víérì] ν. to evade e.g. a verbal attack veεrεε, veεrε, veεrε, veεrebε, veεraa

veεrenyɔge [vìὲrìnɔ́gí] *n.* rodent

velaa [vìlàà] *adj.* (1) good, nice (2) beautiful *pl:* veεle

vell [vìll] *adj*. full to the brim

velle [vìllì] v. to hold the legs tightly in such a way as to make the person lose balance • A poge velle la a doo gbεε ka o le. The woman held the man's legs so tightly that he lost balance and fell. vellεε, vellε, vellε, vella

veləə [vìləə] *adj.* turning instantly venenne [vìnìnnì] *adj.* elastic

venne [vínní] ν. to throw off (wrestling) vennεε, vennε, vennε, venemε, vennaa

venoo [vínờờ] n. wine

venoo [vìnòò] *adj.* thick and sticky e.g. grease

venveŋ [vínvíŋ] *n*. climax

venven [vínvín] adv. at the maximum • A daa nan da w ate kpe venven sana la ka ba da moole a zuyoo yele. It was at the climax of the market activities that they announced the payment of taxes.

vere [vìrì] ν. to shoot with a catapult verεε, verε, verε, verebε, veraa, verebε

vere [vìrì] *v.* (1) to sprain (2) to dislocate (joint) verεε, verε, verε, verebε, veraa, verebε

vere vitaŋkpulee

- vere [vìrì] *v.* to make an effort, to strain verεε, verε, verε, verebε, veraa, verebε
- vere [vírí] ν. to fence e.g. garden verεε, verε, verε, verebε, veraa
- verevere [vìrìvírí] ν. to pull very hard on e.g. tug of war vereverεε, vereverε, vereverε, vereverebε, vereveraa
- **verεnverεŋ** [vìrènvíréŋ] *adj.* found everywhere
- **verεverε** [vìrèvìrè] *adj.* scattered all over
- $\mathbf{v}\tilde{\mathbf{\epsilon}}\mathbf{\varepsilon}$ [$\mathbf{v}\tilde{\mathbf{\epsilon}}\tilde{\mathbf{\varepsilon}}$] adv. less sunny, dusky
- vεle [vὲlì] ν. to become clear e.g. day, mind vεlεε, vεllε, vεllε, vεlebε, vεllaa
- **vεlevεle** [vὲlvὲl] *adj.* very long and and wavy
- **vεmm** [vέmm] *adv.* smoothly
- **νεπενεπε** [vὲnὲνὲnὲ] *adj.* (1) sticky e.g. honey (2) oily
- **vɛnlɛmm** [vénlémm] *adj.* slim and beautiful
- **νεηε** [νέη] ν. (1) to leave (2) to let go (3) to stop **νεηεε**, **νεηε**, **νεηε**, **νεηε**, **νεηε**, **νεηε**, **νεηε**
- vere [vèrì] ν. to prepare mortar veree, vere, vere, verebe, veraa
- vere [vérí] ν. to scatter thick liquid e.g. mortar veree, vere, vere, verebe, veraa
- vere [vérí] *n.* stony farmland *pl:* vereε
- **vεre** [vὲrì] *ν*. mix water with soil e.g mortar

- **νετεε** [vὲrὲὲ] *adj.* lying low e.g. dewladen grass
- \mathbf{v} ενε [vένέ] adj. glidingly e.g. a bird
- vevere [vèvèrí] n. mud, marsh 2pl: veveree
- vi [vî] *n.* shame, disgrace *pl:* viri *2pl:* viree
- vigi [vígì] *n.* owl *pl:* vigiri *2pl:* vigree *Var.* vig, vib
- vigi [vígì] v. to throw out in a whole (solid waste) vigee, vigre, vigre, vigribe, vigraa
- viiri [vììrì] v. (1) to turn around, to rotate (2) to visit a place repeatedly viiree, viire, viiribe, viiraa, viiribe
- **vilenkyimm** [vílénkyímm] *adj.* twisted
- vilenva [vílénvà] n. going out of sight A karema yeli ka o erε vilenva ka a karembiiri yaarεε.
 No sooner had the teacher left than the students dispersed.
- vilenvileŋ [vílénvíléŋ] adv. round, circular
- vili [vílí] v. to entwine, to tie, to wrap around vilee, vile, vile, vilbe, vilaqa
- vilime [vílímé] *adj.* circular *Var.* vilenvileŋ
- **virenviren** [vírénvírén] *adv.* totally e.g. refuse
- viretangbelli [vìrèntángbéllí] colloquialism. your first and last
- vitaŋkpulee [vítáŋkpúléé] n. a type of small owl pl: vitaŋkpulli

vo voore

- vo [vò] v. to make less crowded voe, voro, voro
- **vogεε** [vògèè] *adv.* voluminous e.g. pair of trousers
- vokyɔ [vòtʃɔ] n. (1) a type of tree with long fruit (2) the fruit of this tree (used in kneading) pl: vokyɔre 2pl: vokyɔrɛε
- volavola [vòlàvòlà] *adv.* slimly *Var.* volavola
- volovolo [vòlòvòlò] adv. slimly Var. volavola
- vonne [vònnì] ν to throw far away vonnεε, vonna, vonna, vonema, vonnaa
- voŋe [vóŋ] ν. to stay put and refuse to move voŋεε, vonɔ, vono, vonema, vonaa
- võo [võõ] ν. to mix, to disturbe.g. water voõε, voono, voono,voonema, voonaa, Var. voŋe
- voone [vòờnì] ν. to sound, to vibrate voonεε, voona/voonə, voona/voonə
- vooraa [vớớráá] *n.* a type of lumpy paste made from bean flour *pl:* voore
- voore [vòòrì] ν. echo, resound (noise) voorεε, voora, voora, voora
- voore [vớớrí] v. (1) to breathe, to take a breath (2) to be relieved, to be free, to rest A saama kulee la ka N naa voore. The guets have gone and now I'm relieved. voorεε,

- voora, voora, vooreba, vooraa, vooreba
- voore fõõ [vớớrí fõõ] v. to take a deep breath, to sigh
- **Vooronsoŋ** [vớớrớnsớŋ] *n.* Holy Spirit
- vooroŋ [vớớrớŋ] n. (1) life (2) breathed air, breath pl: voora 2pl: voorεε
- voowoo [νότωντό] n. womb pl: voowoore 2pl: voowoorεε
- voɔ [vớò] ν. to pull out, to uproot voɔɛ, voɔrɔ, voɔrɔ, voɔreba, vɔraa
- **voɔbale** [vớɔ́bàlt] *n.* arrow with many hooks
- vooloŋ [vờɔlớŋ] n. slimy sap (from a type of tree) used to settle sediments in liquids
- vooloŋ [vờòlớŋ] adj. slimy
- voore [vóórí] n. (1) opening, hole (through an object) (2) a small door, usually at the back of a compound house (comparable to an emergency exit) (3) small space N daare ba nyɛ voore gaa a kuori. I did not get the chance to attend the funeral. pl: võε 2pl: voreε
- voore [vờờrì] ν. to be worn out, to be spent, to be tired and weak voorεε, vooro, vooreba, vooraa
- voore [vờòrì] ν. to get scorched e.g. plants during drought voorεε, vooro, vooreba, vooraa
- voore [vòòrì] v. to smear vooree, vooro, vooro, vooreba, vooraa

voraa vulotokpolo

- voraa [vớráá] *n.* a hand drill; see kyaleere
- vore [vórí] ν. to make a hole through, to pierce e.g. ears, lips vorεε, vorɔ, voreba, voraa, voreba
- vore [vớrí] ν. to weave vorεε, vorə, vorə, voreba, voraa, voreba
- vore [vớri] n. foetus pl: voε 2pl: voreε
- vore [vớrì] adj. alive pl: voε 2pl: vorεε
- vori [vóri] v. to rot, to spoil completely voree, voro, voro, voribo, voraa
- **vorikporo** [vóríkpóró] *adv.* watery manner
- vorovoro [vòròvòrò] adj. watery
- vo [vó] ν to perform a type of ritual for a dead male voε, vooro, vooro, vooreba, vooraa
- vɔga [vɔ́gà] n. track, trail Var. vɔgɔvɔgaa [vògáá] n. silk cotton tree pl:vɔgre 2pl: vɔgrεε
- voge [vògì] ν. (1) to take off (2) to uncover vogεε, vogro, vogro, vogreba, vograa
- voge [vògì] v. (1) to scald (2) to get burnt from hot substance vogεε, vogro, vogro, vogreba, vograa
- vogele [vòglì] ν. (1) to cover (2) to put on top e.g. hat (3) to overturn e.g. container voglεε, voglo, vogleba, vogleba
- vogo [vógò] *n.* track, trail *pl:* vogre 2*pl:* vogrεε Var. voga

- vəlaa [vóláà] *n.* great desire for
- vole [vólì] *n.* great desire for meat; carnivorousness *pl*: volεε 2*pl*: vollεε
- vole [vólí] v. to swallow volεε, volo, volo, volebo, volaa, volebo
- vəll [vəll] *adj.* beautifully; usually in the state of growing up
- vorekporo [vòrìkpòrò] adv. (1) wet and unwieldy Saseɛ fue la ka saa meŋ mi kõo lore a sagere ka a zie e lɛ vorekporo. The rain which followed the rainstorm has soaked the garbage in the yard making it wet and disorderly. (2) sound (onomatopoeic); fall by a long winding thing e.g. snake, rope
- vu [vú] v. (1) to crawl e.g. child (2) to drag along the ground vue, vuuro, vuuro, vuribo, vuuraa, vuribo
- **vubiri** [vúbìrí] *n.* mound for yam plant *pl:* **vubie** *2pl:* **vubiiree**
- **vuduori** [vúdúórì] *n*. the act of making yam mounds
- **vuduoro** [vúdúóró] *n.* one who makes yam mounds *pl:* **vuduoribo**
- vulaŋkaŋkpogili [vùlàŋkăŋkpóglí]
 n. final thing pl: vulaŋkaŋkpolo
 2pl: vulaŋkaŋkpolee
- vuloŋkpogili [vùlòŋkpóglí] *n.* beetle *pl:* vuloŋkpogilo *2pl:* vuloŋkpogilee *Var.* vulaŋkpogli
- vulotokpolo [vùlòtókpóló] n. piece of work meant to be one's work for the day pl: vulotokpolli 2pl: vulotokpolee

vulotokpolo vu⊠uzeεle

- vulotokpolo [vùlòtókpóló] n. stanza (literature) pl: vulotokpolli 2pl: vulotokpolee
- vunni [vùnnì] v. to throw far away vunnee, vunno, vunno, vunimo, vunnaa
- **vuo** [vùó] *n.* **(1)** space, passage **(2)** chance, time **(3)** occasion
- vuo [vùó] *adj.* hollow *pl:* vori *2pl:* voree
- vuoli [vúólì] v. (1) to bark (dog) (2) to hoot (to put to shame) vuolee, vuolo, vuolo, vuolibo, vuolaa, Var. wuoli
- vuoli kaa [vúólì káá] v. to peer at
- vutaŋkpulee [vútàŋkpùlèè] n. gate pillar pl: vutaŋkpulli 2pl: vutaŋkpullee
- vuu [vúù] v. to drag Ba vuu la a kamaana booraa bonyeni na. They dragged that one sack of maize. vuue, vuuro, vuuro, vuuribo, vuuraa
- vu⊠u [vũ̃ũ] *n.* fire *sg:* vuunuu *2pl:* vuunee
- vũudindigili [vuudindíglí] n. (1) electricity (2) electric light Var. vũudigili
- vũudiraa [vǚudìráà] n. flame pl: vũudirri 2pl: vũudiree
- **vũudirri** [vữudìrri] *n.* a stream of burning
- vu⊠ugyεle [vù⊠ù⊠gyέlí] *n.* lightbulb *pl:* vu⊠ugyεlε *2pl:* vu⊠ugyεlεε *Var.* vu⊠u⊠nimiri

- vuuli [vúúlí] v. to singe vuulee, vuulo, vuulo, vuulibo, vuulaa
- **vũulunsaa** [vùùlúnsáà] *n.* first rain after the dry season
- **vuuluŋ** [vúúlúŋ] *n.* an animal believed to have supernatural power and usually attack people in the night *Var.* **valinvuuluŋ**
- **vuuluŋ** [vúúlúŋ] *n.* short form of valinvuuluŋ (soot) *Var.* **valinvuuluŋ**
- vuunimiri [vùùnímírì] *n.* lightbulb *pl:* vuunimie *2pl:* vuunimiiree *Var.* vu⊠ugyεle
- vuuri [vùùrì] v. to feign; to pretend or attempt to do something (which doesn't happen) vuuree, vuuro, vuuro, vuuribo, vuuraa, vuuribo
- vuuri [vúúri] n. small oar-like stick
 for stirring porridge pl: vue 2pl: vuuree
- vuuri [vúúrì] *n.* yam farm *pl:* vue *2pl:* vuuree
- **vũusaalbiri** [vữusáálbírí] *n.* burning charcoal *Var.* **vũusaale**
- vũusaale [vũũsáálí] n. burning coal pl: vũusaala 2pl: vũusaaloo Var. vũusaalbiri
- **vũuvaale** [vũúváálí] *n.* a type of bird which hovers around bushes that are being burnt to catch fleeing insects *pl:* **vũuvaala**
- νυ \square υγε \square ε [νὰ \square ũgyέ \square έ] n. lightbulb pl: νυ \square υ \square gyε \square ε 2pl: νυ \square υ \square gyε \square ε
- vu⊠uzeεle [vũ̃uzíɛ́lí] n. flying burnt particles from a fire e.g. grass sg:

vu⊠uzele waare

vu⊠uzeεloo pl: vu⊠uzeεlε 2pl: vu⊠uzeεlεε vu\(\text{\Omega}\)uzele [v\u)\(\text{\Omega}\)\(\text{\Omega}\)z\(\text{lf}\)] n. flame, tongue of fire pl: vu\(\text{\Omega}\)uzelε 2pl: vu\(\text{\Omega}\)uzelε

\mathbf{W}

Wa [wă] *n.* name of the regional headquarters of the Upper West Region

wa [wà] ν. to come waε, waana, waana, wanema, waanaa, wanema

wa [wá] *part*. by the time; before the end of a given time • *Te na wa tara ka zivεlmε la*. By the time we arrive, it will be daybreak.

waa [wàá] *n.* yam *pl:* waare 2*pl:* waareε Var. nyuuri

waa [wàá] v. (1) to be • A tomo waa la yaga. The work is plenty.
(2) to resemble, to be like • A biiri waa ŋa yeere. The children are like twins.

waabo [wáábʊ́] n. snake pl: weere/wamine 2pl: weerεε

waale [wááli] ν. to whisper waalεε, waala, waala, waaleba, waalaa, waaleba

waale [wáált] ν. to parboil waalεε, waala, waala, waaleba, waalaa, waaleba

waale [wáálì] ν to bruise slightly waalεε, waala, waala, waaleba, waalaa, waaleba waalen [wààlîn] *n.* a type of gunpowder (imported)

waaleŋ [wààlîŋ] *adj.* like a native of Wa

waalon [wààlôn] *n.* (1) nature, character (2) resemblance

Waaloo [wáálờờ] *n.* native of Wa *pl:* waala

waane [wáánì] ν. (1) to dress tightly (pull trousers to navel level) (2) to propel, to spin waanεε, waana, waana, waanaa

waare [wààrì] ν. be touched by (liquid, powder) • A bie ɔŋ la tene waare o ma. The child has smeared the mother with soil. waarεε, waara, waara, waaraa

waare [wáárí] v. (1) to burn the cover (when you attempt to burn green grass, it is only the blades that burn leaving the straw) • A moo da e la momaara lenso ka ba di kye waare. The grass was green and that is why when they attempted burning it it did not burn.

• A naŋkpaana nyege la a mɔ-maara kyε a ba di, a waarεε la. The hunter tried to burn the green grass, but it did not burn

waaroŋ wasege

well; it only burnt halfway. (2) to be painful • Ba to la a bie fele ka o eŋε zaa waare. They hit on his sore and it was quite painful. waarεε, waara, waara, waareba

waaroŋ [wààrʊ́ŋ] *n.* organised group hunting

wadεre [wàdέrí] *n.* large yam tuber *pl:* **wadεrεε** *Var.* **nyudεre**

wadεrεε [wàdέrέέ] *n.* large yam tuber *2pl:* **wadεrrεε** *Var.* **nyudεrεε**

wae [wáí] adj. nine

waee [wáíí] adv. at once

wagere [wágrì] *n.* time for something, period *pl:* **wagerεε**

wagere [wàgrì] ν to bite on the surface (dog) wagerεε, wagera, wagera, wagera, wageraa

wagyε [wàdzὲ] *n.* blanket, cloth *pl:* wagyεre 2*pl:* wagyεrεε

walaa [wáláà] *n.* antelope *pl:* walle 2*pl:* wallεε

walanse [wálánst] *n.* radio, wireless set *pl:* walanserε 2*pl:* walanserεε

wale [wálí] *n.* sweat 2*pl:* walεε/wallεε

walpelaa [wàlpìlàà] *n.* a type of antelope *pl*: walpeεle

walpieli [wàlpíélí] *n. sg:* walpieluu *pl:* walpiele *2pl:* walpielee *Var.* walpieluu

walpieluu [wàpíélúú] *n. pl:* walpiele *2pl:* walpielee *Var.* walpieli

walsugo [wálsúgó] *n.* group of deer *pl*: walsugri *2pl*: walsugree

walsunni [wàlsúnnì] *n.* perspiration, extreme sweat *2pl:* wasunnee

walwoo [wàlwóó] *n.* (1) newcomer, novice (2) a bag made of antelope skin *pl:* walwoore *2pl:* walwooεε

wanwε [wánwέ] ν. to be gone forever; to fail to return as expected • Ba toŋ la a bie ka o deɛ gaa te wanwɛ. When they sent the child, he left and never returned. wanweɛ, wanaweere, wanweere, wanweerebɛ, wanweeraa

waŋene [wáŋíní] *n.* great one *pl:* wanne 2*pl:* wannεε

waŋmane [wàŋmání] n. a hundred yams pl: waŋmama 2pl: waŋ-mamεε

ware [wárt] n. coins; money pl: warre 2pl: waree Var. warebiri

ware [wárí] adv. all gone (people on a journey) • A teŋε dɔbɔ zaaŋ e weɛ, ware. All the men in the town have gone to the farm; not even one was left behind.

ware [wárí] n. long draught 2pl:

warebiri [wáríbírì] *n.* coins; money *pl:* warebie *2pl:* warebiiree *Var.* ware

warema [wárímá] *n.* brick, block *pl:* waremare *2pl:* waremarεε

wasaaloŋ [wàsáálóŋ] *n.* water yam *2pl:* wasaalεε.

wasege [wàsígí] *n.* yam barn *pl:* wasegre 2*pl:* wasegrεε Var. nyusege

wasəŋə wele

wasɔŋɔ [wàsɔ́ŋ] n. a basket of yam pl: wasɔnne 2pl: wasɔnnεε

wasugo [wàsúgó] n. see sugo (termites) pl: wasugiri 2pl: wasugiree

waweεlε [wàwíέlέ] n. seed yam sg: waweεloo 2pl: waweεlεε Var. nyuweεlε

waziε [wáziέ] *n.* a type of brown snake *pl:* **wazeere** 2*pl:* **wazeerεε**

we [wé] interj. expression of despair

webe [wébé] *interj.* exclamation of exhaustion

wẽderε [wł̃dírέ] *n.* leader, forerunner *pl:* wẽderebε *2pl:* wẽderebεε

weene [wiìni] ν. to begin to boil weenεε, weenε

weε [wìέ] n. (1) farm (2) wilderness pl: were 2pl: wereε

wee [wìè] ν. (1) to make a furrow/trench e.g for water to pass (2) cut open; usually part of the body in a bid to remove a foreign body or pus (3) to push growth aside e.g. in a search for something in a thick growth weee, weere, weere, weerebe, weeraa

wee [wiέ] v. to save • A kpogili la wee o ka le naane o zu da na ηmare la. He would have broken his head but he was saved by the crash helmet. weee, weere, weere, weere,

weε [wíέ] *adj.* not related to

wee $[w\tilde{i}\tilde{\epsilon}]$ adv. in front, ahead • Dabuo la na de o sakuuri maaky-

eebo wẽε. Dabuo will lead his school at the parade ground.

wẽε [wĩε̃] ν. to be wild, to be untamed, to be out of control wẽεε, weεnε, weεneme, weenaa

weεle [wiέli] ν. to branch out in lobes (yam seed) weεlεε, weεlε, weεla

weele [wiéli] ν. to miss out, to lose weeleε, weelε, weelε, weelε, weela

weεle [wìέlí] n. twins 2pl: weεlεε

weεlε [wìèlέ] *n.* mistletoe (a parasitic plant whose fruit is used to produce gum) *2pl:* weelεε

weele [wíèlè] adj. (1) in vain, for nothing • Fo gere la be weele, o kon lee ka fo. You are going there for nothing; she will not mind you. (2) free • A doroba de la a pagenanaa gaa ne a doata weele. The driver took the old woman to the hospital free of charge.

weεmε [wìèmέ] adj. wild, untamed

weere [wièri] ν. to search through e.g. brush weereε, weere, weere, weerebε, weeraa

wegere [wigri] ν. to squeeze through e.g. through a thick crowd wegerεε, wegerε, wegerε, wegerebε, wegeraa

welaa [wíláá] *adj*. harbouring evil intentions

wele [wílí] ν. to rummage welεε, welε, welε, welebε, welaa

wele webaa

- wele [wílí] ν. to dismantle welεε, welε, welε, welebε, welaa
- wele [wílí] ν. to reduce in size e.g. obesity welεε, welε, welε, welebε, welaa
- wele [wílí] *n*. a type of ornament for the arm *pl*: welε 2*pl*: welεε
- welεnwelεŋ [wìlénwìléŋ] *adv.* vigorous, rolling (boiling liquid)
- **welεwelε** [wìlèwìlè] *adv.* intermittent spackle
- weli [wélí] *n.* snail *pl:* wele 2*pl:* welee
- weliweli [wélwél] *adv.* clearly visible
- welle [wíllt] ν. (1) to scrutinize, to examine closely (2) to rummage wellεε, wellε, wellε, welebε, wellaa
- welli [wéllì] v. to make very clear, clean, or neat wellee, welle, welle, wellea
- wenne [wìnnì] ν. to go into the interior e.g. of bush or a crowd wennεε, wennε, wenne, wennaa
- were-bare [wìrì-bàrì] ν. to ignore were-barεε, werε-bara, were-bara, were-baraa
- werekao [wíríkáờ] n. wound, mark, defect Ləəre la le ne o ka a o gbεre nyε werekao. A car crash has caused a wound on his leg. pl: werekarre 2pl: werekarεε
- **werewere** [wíríwírí] *adv.* smartly, quickly

- werε [wìrέ] *adj.* small species, not of high breed (groundnuts) *2pl:* werεε
- werε [wírέ] *n.* mountain 2pl: werεε/werrεε
- werε [wírέ] adj. in vain O baloo na zaa kyɛ werɛ la, o ba nyɛ a libie.
 All his suffering has been in vain; he did not get the money.
- werεwerε [wírέwírέ] adj. tiny things
- werεwerε [wìrèwìrè] *adj.* coarse (flour)
- weri [wérí] *adv.* valuable, good quantity
- weroo [wíróʊ́] *adj.* small in stature *pl:* werε
- wε [wè] adv. (1) of cause Ba nyε la a bonzuuri o dieŋ, ona la zu wε. They found the stolen items in his room, of cause he stole them. (2) then Ka fo wa pagra foŋ de wẽẽ wε. If you are in a haste then take the lead.
- wε [wέ] ν. (1) to go bad Sugo kpε la a dɔɔ wasege, a waare zaaŋ wɛ. Termites have invaded the man's yam barn; all the yams are destroyed. (2) to be lost forever wεε, weere, weere, weerebe, weeraa
- wε [wέ] adj. not strong or courageous Nyε dɔɔ naŋ wɛ, haali o koŋ tõɔ̃ zɛle a pelee. See how useless the man is; he cannot even lift the small basket.
- wεbaa [wὲbáá] *n.* fox *pl:* wεbaare 2*pl:* wεbaareε

wedoŋɔ wiri

- wεdoŋɔ [wèdóŋɔ́] n. a nondomesticated animal pl: wεdonne. 2pl: wεdonnεε. Var. mɔdoŋɔ, wεdoŋa,
- wεge [wέgt] ν. to hatch wεgεε, wεgrε, wεgrε, wεgrebε, wεgraa, wegrebε
- wεge [wέgì] ν. to multiply wεgεε, wεgrε, wεgrε, wεgrebε, wεgraa, wεgrebε
- wege [wègì] ν. to remove with a pointed implement e.g. corn from the cob wegee, wegre, wegre, wegrebe, wegraa
- wεge [wέgì] *n.* beam, large plank used in making mud roofing *pl:* wεgere 2*pl:* wεgerεε Var. wεgε, dawεge
- wegere [wègrì] ν. to force out, to squeeze out e.g. seed from pod wegeree, wegere, wegere, wegerebe, wegeraa
- wεgε [wέgέ] *n.* beam *pl:* wεgre 2*pl:* wεgεε Var. wεge
- wεkaraa [wὲkáráá] *n.* mounds of a farm made without first clearing the land *pl:* wεkare *2pl:* wεkarεε
- wεle [wélì] ν. (1) to split or break into two (2) to separate, to disperse wεlεε, wεlε, wεlebε, wεlaa, wεlebε
- **wɛlɛmbɛll** [wèlèmbèll] *adv.* massively moving
- wenaabo [wenaabo] n. buffalo pl: wenii 2pl: weniinee
- **wεnoo** [wénóó] *n.* dark grey hen *pl:* **wεnoore** *2pl:* **wεnoore**ε

- wεnu [wέnú] *n*. an arm of the main body of hunters *pl*: wεnuuri. *2pl*: wenuuree.
- wenweree [wěnwéréé] n. a type of small plant with edible leaves sg: wenweroo 2pl: wenwerree
- wεnyuo [wέnyúó] *n.* leopard *pl:* wenyuuri 2*pl:* wenyuuree
- were [wèri] ν. (1) to cut open (2) to operate (3) to split, to saw (4) to make a furrow or gutter weree, were, werebe, weraa
- wi [wi] v. to carve; to engrave wie, wiire, wiire, wiiribe, wiiraa
- wĩeu [wiễu] adj. fast, quick Var. wieŋ
- wigiri [wígrì] v. to toss to turn over (grain in a basket) wiigree, wigire, wigire, wigiribe, wigiraa
- **wiiruŋ** [wiiruŋ] n. design
- willi [willi] v. (1) to overturn to capsize A saseɛ da waa la kpeɛŋaa, a da da a gboe zaa willi a mane poo. The wind was so strong that it capsized all the boats on the sea. (2) to heave over willee, wille, wille, willbe, willaa, wilibe
- wire [wíré] adv. gone far
- wirewire [wíréwíré] adj. far away
- wiri [wìrí] *n.* horse *pl:* wie *2pl:* wiree/wirree
- wiri [wìrì] v. to turn inside out e.g. pocket wiree, wire, wire, wiribe, wiraa

wiri-buuli wola

- wiri-buuli [wìrì-búúló] *n.* bangles for a horse *pl:* wiri-buulo *2pl:* wiri-buulee
- wiridaa [wìrìdáá] *n.* male horse *pl:* wiridaare *2pl:* wiridaareε
- wiriduoruŋ [wìrìdúórúŋ] *n.* (1) jaundice (2) yellow fever
- wiri-eεraa [wìrì-íεráá] *n.* metal spur worn on the heel for prodding the horse *pl:* wiri-eεre
- wirigoo [wìrìgóó] *n.* a type of thorny plant *pl:* wirigoore *2pl:* wirigooreε
- wirikogi [wìrìkógí] *n.* horse saddle *pl:* wirikogri *2pl:* wirikogree
- wirikuoluu [wìrìkúólúú] *n.* a type of honey-making insect *pl:* wirikuolo *2pl:* wirikuolee
- wirilee [wìrìléé] n. colt pl: wiribilii
- wirinəbəŋ [wìrìnəbəŋ] *n.* metal ring placed arond the muzzle of a horse *pl:* wirinəbənne *Var.* wirinəbənenə
- wirinyaŋaa [wìrìnáŋáá] *n.* female horse *pl:* wirinyaŋene 2*pl:* wirinyaŋenεε
- wirizoore [wìrìzớớrí] *n.* horse tail *pl:* wirizoε
- wirizoore [wìrìzớớrí] *n.* a type of grass *pl:* wirizoε
- wirizoore [wìrìzớớrí] *n.* a type of sickness *pl*: wirizoε
- wirizɔɔnɔ [wìrìzɔɔ́nɔ́] *n.* horse rider *pl:* wirizɔɔnema *2pl:* wirizɔɔmεε

- wofẽε [wờfíɛ́] n. a bag made from animal skin without hair pl: wofeɛne 2pl: wofeɛneε Var. wofeɛmaa
- wofeεmaa [wʊffɛ́máá] n. bag made from animal skin without hair pl: wofeεne 2pl: wofeεnεε/wofeεmεε Var. wofẽε, wofuoraa, wokpele
- wofuoraa [wờfuóráá] n. a bag made from animal skin without hair pl: wofuori 2pl: wofuoree Var. wofeεmaa
- **Wogi** [wògí] *n.* a town in the Upper West Region of Ghana
- wogi [wógì] adj. long, tall
- wogiri [wógrí] v. to cause to shake e.g. carried container of pebbles wogiree, wogiro, wogiro, wogiribo, wogiraa, - Var. wogere
- wogiri [wògrì] v. to steal cunningly wogiree, wogiro, wogiro, wogiribo, wogiraa
- wogiron [wògròn] *adj.* large, big e.g. container *pl:* wogiron wogiron
- **wogoko** [wógókó] *adv.* intense (painful bite)
- wokpale [wċkpálí] *n. pl:* wokpala 2pl: wokpaleε Var. wofeεmaa
- wola [wólà] pron. (1) how (interrogative pronoun) Wola ka te na e maale a pogebilii bayi bama yelbawontaa ŋa? How are we going to settle the misunderstanding between the two girls? (2) why (interrogative pronoun) Wola la ka fo la zeŋe zomm lɛ? Why are you sitting so quietly? (3) what (interrog-

wolaa woo

ative pronoun) • *O yeli ka wola?* What did s/he say?

wolaa [wớláá] *adj.* dangerous *pl:* wolle

woli [wólí] *n.* leather rope worn on the waist *pl:* wolo *2pl:* wollee

woliwoli [wòlwòlí] v. to be restless (of a person) wolwolee, wolwolo, wolwolo, wolwolibo, wolwolaa, wolwolibo

wolle [wờllt] ν. to rattle, to speak fluently (langauge) wollεε, wolla, wolla, wolla

wolle [wớllí] v. to be mischievous -, wolla, wolba, wollaa

wolomboll [wòlòmbòll] *adj.* in disarray or confusion e.g. mob

wolonwoloŋ [wólónwólóŋ] *adv.* haphazard, in a troubled state

woloŋ [wᡠlᡠŋ] *n.* (1) disease (2) problem

wolowolo [wólówóló] adj. restive

wolɔ [wʊ́lɔ̀] ν. to deceive, to hoax, to humbug wolεε, wolɔ, wola, woleba, wolaa

wonaa [wónáá] *n.* that which pesters

wontaa [wŏntáá] *n.* understanding between people

woŋi [wòŋ] v. to hear • N ba teɛre ka o woŋ a yɛlɛ te naŋ yeli. I don't think she has heard what we said. woŋee, wono, wono, wonimo, wonaa, wonimo woŋ noɔ to enjoy, to be glad woŋ tuo to suffer

woni [wòn] v. to be deaf • Ka fo tobon beere ka fo ba kaa a zu velaa fo na won la. If you have a
disease of the ears and you do not
take good care of them, you will
be deaf. wonee, wono, wono, wonimo, wonaa, wonimo
won noo to enjoy, to be glad
won tuo to suffer

woŋi [wòŋ] ν. to feel, to suffer • Ba ŋmɛ la baa ka a woŋi ka o nyɛ, bini. When they hit the dog it felt so much pain that it defecated. woŋee, wono, wono imo, wonaa, wonimo woŋ noɔ to enjoy, to be glad woŋ tuo to suffer

woŋi [wòŋ] v. to be of the correct quantity • Zenɛ, Ayuo zeɛre ŋa nyɛnnoo ba woŋ. Today, there was not the right amount of salt in Ayuo's soup. woŋee, wono, wono, wonimo, wonaa, wonimo woŋ noo to enjoy, to be glad woŋ tuo to suffer

woŋo [wòŋó] *n.* deaf person *pl:* wonni *2pl:* wonnee *Var.* woŋi

woo [wớờ] *n.* water iguana *pl:* woore 2*pl:* woorεε

woo [wóó] interj. a cry of pity

woore [wòòrí] n. suffering

woo [wớɔ́] n. bag pl: woore 2pl: wooreε

woo [wòò] v. (1) to remove from the top of e.g. basket of grain • A seŋkãã paale la a pelee zuo, woole woogbere

- yε woo ka a ta yaara. The basket is too full; remove some of the groundnuts so it does not spill. (2) to become smaller Dabuo da ba pooro kyε beri ayi ŋa o woo la o zaa. Dabuo used to be plump, but recently he has gotten smaller. wooε, wooro, wooro, wooreba, wooraa
- woole [wờɔlt] ν. to remove top matter; to skim e.g. yeast from pito wooleε, woola, wooleba, woolaa
- wore [wórf] *adv.* too much; excessive
- woroto [wòròtò] adv. crashingly
- woroworo [wòròwòrò] adv. full of lumps
- woyaara [wờyáárá] *n.* part of an animal-skin bag *2pl:* woyaarεε
- woge [wògì] *v.* to treat fresh skin in preparation for making a bag wogεε, wogro, wogro, wogreba, wograa
- woge [wògì] ν. to cause to suffer wogeε, wogro, wogreba, wograa
- wogele [wòglì] v. to physically suffer inwardly intensely woglεε, woglo, woglo, wogleba, woglaa
- wogele [wòglì] ν. to be burnt by touching a hot object woglεε, woglo, wogleba, woglaa
- wogele [wòglì] ν. to treat beans (by soaking and drying) woglεε, woglo, woglo, wogleba, woglaa

- wogere [wógrí] ν. to shake e.g. objects in a tin wogrεε, wogro, wogro, wogreba, wograa, Var. wogiri
- wone [wóní] *n.* (1) small swelling (2) pimple *pl:* womo *2pl:* wonnεε
- wone [wóní] *n.* fruit *pl:* womo *2pl:* wonnεε
- woŋe [wóŋ] v. (1) to bear fruit (2) to develop rashes, pimples woŋεε, wono, wono, wonema, wonaa
- woŋkampore [wóŋkámpórí] *n.* (1) a yamlike plant that bears fruit which is boiled and eaten (2) the fruit of this plant *pl:* woŋkamporo 2*pl:* woŋkamporɛε *Var.* feree
- wɔɔ [wɔ̇ɔ] *n.* lame person *pl:* wɔɔre wɔɔ [wɔ́ɔ] *v.* to provide (food for the kitchen) wɔɔɛ, wɔɔrɔ, wɔɔrɔ, wɔɔreba, wɔɔraa
- woo [wóó] ν. to pluck all the fruits from a tree wooε, wooro, wooro, wooreba, wooraa
- wɔɔ [wɔ́ɔ] ν. to destroy wɔɔɛ, wɔɔrɔ, wɔɔrə, wɔɔraa
- woo [wóó] ν. to whip mercilessly (figurative) wooε, wooro, wooro, wooreba, wooraa
- wɔɔ [wòò] ν. to be lame wɔɔɛ, wɔɔrɔ, wɔɔrə, wɔɔraa
- woo [wóò] n. elephant pl: woore 2pl: wooreε
- **wɔɔgbɛre**₁ [wóògbérì] *n.* elephantiasis
- woogbere₂ [wóògbérì] n. (1) leg of an elephant (2) difficult task (figurative) pl: woogbee 2pl: woogberee

wəəkye wuuri

- wookye [wòóʧì] *n.* watch *pl:* wookyere *2pl:* wookyereε
- wɔɔnu [wɔɔ́nù] *n.* trunk of an elephant *pl:* wɔɔnuuri *2pl:* wɔɔnu-uree
- woonyene [wɔɔnyeni] *n.* tusk of an elephant *pl:* woonyemε 2*pl:* woonyennεε/woonyemεε
- wɔɔreŋ [wɔ̀ɔ́ríŋ] *n.* (1) lameness (2) the act of limping *Var.* wɔɔleŋ
- wulee [wúléé] *n.* whistle ; fife, flute *pl:* wubilii *2pl:* wullee
- wuli [wùlì] v. (1) to show, to point to (2) to direct, to guide (3) to teach, to advise wulee, wullo, wullo, wullo, wulla, wulloo
- wuliwuli [wùlwúlí] v. to rub over gently but fast wuliwulee, wuliwulo, wuliwulo, wuliwulibo, wuliwulaa
- wuliwullo [wùlwúlló] *n.* teacher; one who directs *pl:* wulwulbo *2pl:* wulwulbee
- **wuluu** [wúlúú] *n.* **(1)** teaching, education **(2)** the act of showing
- wuluu bonteεre [wúlúú bóntíérí] n. teaching or learning materials sg: wuluu bonteεraa
- **wuluu yelsɛgreminni** [wúlúú yèlsɛ́gríbínní] *n.* lesson notes, lesson plan
- wuo [wùò] v. to gather, to collect -, wuoro, wuoro, wuoribo, wuoraa, wuori

- wuo [wúò] v. to expose (a secret) wuoe, wuoro, wuoro, wuoribo, wuoraa
- wuo [wúò] v. to formally introduce dirge singing at the funeral wuoe, wuoro, wuoro, wuoribo, wuoraa
- wuoli [wúóli] v. (1) to despise, to hoot at (2) to bark wuolee, wuolo, wuolo, wuolibo, wuolaa, Var. vuoli
- wuoraa [wúóráá] *n.* (1) an implement for gathering (2) a round-shaped piece of calabash with a hole in the middle used like a funnel in putting powdered tobacco into small containers *pl:* wuori
- wurimo [wúrímó] *n.* small, round cakes made from beans *sg:* wurimuu *2pl:* wurimoree
- wurowuro [wùròwùrò] *adv.* not well cooked; underdone (round beans)
- wuu [wùù] adv. (1) continuously
 Yuoni ŋa saa miire la wuu lε. This year it has been raining unceasingly. (2) having many instances
 Zenε, koe deε waa la wuu lε. Today, funerals are commonplace.
- wuuri [wúúrí] v. (1) to hoot (with laughter) (2) to shout in excitement wuuree, wuuro, wuuro, wuuribo, wuuraa

ya yaaroŋ

y

ya [yá] ν. to be mad, to be insane yae, yaara, yaara, yareba, yaaraa yaa [yàá] n. tomb pl: yaare 2pl: yarεε

yaa [yáà] v. used with 'sane'; to take revenge, to retaliate yaaɛ, yaara, yaara, yaareba, yaaraa, yaareba

yaa [yàà] *interj.* expression indicating disbelief

yaa [yàà] ν. remove from liquid yaa [yàà] ν. to remove from liquid yaaε, yaara, yaaraba, yaaraa

yaa [yàà] *part.* please • *Yaa, νεηe ka o meŋ tu o deme*. Oh, do allow him to tell his part of the story too.

yaa [yáá] adv. really? • O yeli ka boŋ yaa? What did she really say? yaa [yáá] n. a strap; usually fixed to something for carrying e.g a bag pl: yaare 2pl: yaarεε

yaale [yáálì] ν. to nurse (a baby) yaalεε, yaala, yaala, yaaleba, yaalaa

yaale [yáálì] ν to swing a container in circles yaalεε, yaala, yaala, yaaleba, yaalaa

yaale [yáálì] ν. to get to hoplessness yaalεε, yaala, yaala, yaaleba, yaalaa

yaane [yáání] n. (1) greeting(s) • Dagaaba ba deene ne ba yaane puoruu. The Dagaaba do not joke with their greetings. (2) thanks,

gratitude • Yε taa la yaane puoruu ne yε tonsonne yε naŋ toŋe. You deserve our gratitude for your good work. 2pl: yaanεε

yaane [yáání] n. exhaustion • N koŋ la tõõ gaa yaane kpε ma la. I can't go again; I'm tired. 2pl: yaanεε

yaantulimo [yáántúlímó] *n.* great-grandchild *2pl:* yantulimee

yaara [yààrá] *adv.* easily • *Kyaanaa ba yaara ŋmaroo*. A mirror breaks easily.

yaare [yààrì] v. (1) to spill, to scatter, to spread • A booraa la puri lenso ka a a kyi yaare a sori zu zaa. The bag is burst and that is why the millet is scattered all over the road. (2) to enlarge, to widen • A pelee na noore yaare gan la n boobo. The mouth of this basket is too large for my liking. (3) to perform final rites of widowhood • Ka banan ba yaare kodəə bee kopəge o ba taa sori na ton sengan toma. Until the final widowhood rites are performed neither the widow nor the widower can engage in sex. (4) to pester (typically used with noore) • Ba yaare la n noore ne ba poge na yεlε ka N te bale. They pestered me about their woman's case until I became fed up. yaarεε, yaara, yaara, yaareba, yaaraa, yaareba

yaaroŋ [yààrôŋ] n. salt Var. nyɛnnoŋ yãayiri yakpolo

yãayiri [yããyírì] *n.* grandparent's house *pl:* yãayie *2pl:* yãayiree

yabapa [yàbàpà] adv. resoundingly e.g. noise of a large crowd • A pogebeelebe kye la yieluŋ yabapa pa pa tu a sori gere ne a poge. The bridemaids sang earnestly along the road as they took the bride along.

Yaga [yágá] *n.* name of a town in the Dagaaba land

yaga [yágà] *adj.* many, much, plenty *pl:* yagere *2pl:* yagerεε *Var.* yage

yage [yágt] v. (1) to dredge to enlarge or deepen • Uoni saŋa Dagaaba maŋ yage la baa, a na nye kõõ. During the dry season, the Dagaaba dredge wells in order to get water. (2) to increase in size e.g. a sore • Ka onaŋ ba gaa asibiti o fele na na yage la. If she does not go to the hospital, her sore will develop into an ulcer. yagɛɛ, yagra, yagra, yagreba, yagraa

yage [yàgì] ν. (1) to take off e.g. a shirt (2) to take down from a hanging position e.g. a bag from a hook yagεε, yagra, yagra, yagreba, yagra, -

yage bonsuuraa to undress

yage [yàgì] ν. to show signs of butter forming e.g in the last stage in the preparation of shea butter yagεε, yagra, yagra, yagreba, yagraa, yage bonsuuraa to undress

yage [yágí] v. to remove objects from a container e.g. bag, hole •

N ba booro ka N yage a woo poo boma, a taa la dabẽε. I don't want to empty the contents of the bag because they are frightening. yagεε, yagra, yagra, yagreba, yagraa

yage [yágí] ν. to open one's eyes widely (in a concentrated look) • A bie nyε la a saana a deε yage nimie eŋ. When the child saw the stranger, he gave him a fixed look. yagεε, yagra, yagra, yagreba, yagraa

yagekəəlare [yágíkóólárí] n. jawbone pl: yagekəəlaε 2pl: yagekəəlarεε Var. yagekəəre

yagekəəre [yàgìkɔʻɔ́rí] n. cheek pl: yagekəbə 2pl: yagekəərεε Var. yagekəəlare

yagelaa [yágíláà] *n*. (1) a rope holder hung from the ceiling to hold objects (2) a basket with calabashes that is hung on a yagelaa *pl*: yagele 2*pl*: yagelεε

yagele [yáglì] *v.* to hang (up) yagelεε, yagela, yagela, yagelah, yagelah

yageraa [] *n.* clay *pl:* yagere *Var.* yagere

yagere [yágrí] ν. to separate stones from grain yagerεε, yagera, yagera, yagereba, yageraa

yagere [yágrí] *n.* modelling clay *2pl:* yagerεε *Var.* yageraa

yagere [yàgrí] *n*. cheek *pl*: yaga 2*pl*: yagrεε

yakpolo [yàkpólò] *n.* graveyard *2pl:* yakpolee

yammo yelbeε

yammo [yámmớ] n. (1) bile (2) gallbladder pl: yanne 2pl: yaanεε

yan-yaa [yán-yáà] *n.* insane person *pl:* yan-yaare *2pl:* yan-yaarεε

yanyaare [yànáárì] n. madness

yaŋaa [yáŋàá] n. grandchild pl: yaŋene/yanne, yaamine 2pl: yaŋenεε/yannεε

yeebaa [yííbáá] *n.* twin *pl:* yeere *2pl:* yeerεε

yeelaa [yííláá] *n.* a type of tree with medicinal properties *pl:* yeele

yeele [yiìli] ν. (1) to make neat (2) to use water to extract or separate wanted things from unwanted ones e.g. grain from stones yeelεε, yeelε, yeelε, yeelaa

yeele [yììlì] *adv.* extremely clean or beautiful

yeere [yíírí] n. twins

yeere [yiìri] ν. to experience emotional distress, to suffer • O page naŋ kpi zaa, o deɛ tori la yeeroo yeerɛ. Since his wife's death he has been suffering emotional distress. yeerɛ, yeerɛ, yeerɛ, yeerebɛ, yeeraa

yeele [yieli] v. to winnow, to throw grain into the air to separate it from the husk • A dəbə ŋmɛ la a kyi ka a pəgeba te yeele. The men threshed the millet and the women winnowed it. -, yeele, yeele, yeelebe

yeele [yielt] *v.* to come down in tiny bits e.g. a drizzle • *A saa ba mi so η*,

yeɛloo ka o yeɛle. It did not really rain; it just drizzled. -, yeɛlɛ, yeɛlɛ, yeɛlebε

yeele [yíéli] v. to follow in significant numbers • Ba nyoge la nannyige ka noba dee yeele tu. A thief was arrested and many people ran after the team. -, yeele, yeele, yeelebe

yeεre [yìèrì] ν. to want attention, to act childishly yeεrεε, yeεrε, yeεrε, yeεrεbε, yeεraa

yeεre [yìέrf] *n.* underside of the jaw *pl:* yεrεε

yelbaaloŋ [yèlbààlớŋ] *n.* an issue under control

yelbaboɔraa [yèlbʊʻɔraʿa] n. (1) something that is sought, desire, wish (2) theme (literature) pl: yelbaboɔre

yelbalaa [yèbáláá] *n.* a particular issue

yelbalee [yèlbàlìì] n. a particular issue • A yelbalee ŋa eŋɛ la ka o ne o pɔge dare zɔɔ taa. It was because of this particular issue that he quarreled with his wife. Var. yelbalaa

yelbanna [yèbánná] n. one who knows

yelbaŋ [yèlbàŋ] *n*. the act of knowing

yelbaŋena [yèbáŋíná] *n.* one who knows *pl:* yelbaŋenema *2pl:* yelbaŋenemεε *Var.* yelbanna

yelbeε [yèlbíέ] n. mysterious, miraculous thing pl: yelbeere 2pl: yelbeerεε

yelbieri yeli

- yelbieri [yèlbíérí] *n.* (1) evil thing (2) sin *pl:* yelbebe
- yelbiri [yèlbírì] n. (1) word (2)
 something that is alluded to pl: yelbie
- yelbitənnaa [yélbítənnáà] *n.* conjunction *pl:* yelbitənne *2pl:* yelbitənneε
- yelboɔraa [yèlbʊʻɔráá] *n.* something that is wanted *pl:* yelboɔre
- yelbooraa [yèlbóráá] *n.* (1) that which one likes (2) objective (3) something negative that affects one but caused by one's self *Var.* yeldaaraa
- yelbuli [yèlbúlí] *n.* main point *pl:* yelbulo
- yeldaa [yèldáà] *n.* simple sentence *pl:* yedaare
- yeldaaraa [yèldàárà] *n.* (1) that which one likes (2) objective (3) something negative that affects one but caused by one's self *pl:* yelboore *2pl:* yeldaare *Var.* yelbooraa
- yeldeebo [yéldííbᡠ] n. acceptance
- yeldegere [yèldìgrí] *n.* idiom *pl:* yeldegε 2*pl:* yeldεgεε
- yeldegere [yèldégíri] n. unpleasant or dirty talk pl: yeldege 2pl: yeldegereε
- yel-eebo [yèl-ííbڻ] *n.* behaviour
- yel-eraa [yèl-íráà] *n.* something to be done *pl:* yel-erre
- yelεnyelεŋ [yílɛɲílɛ́ŋ] *adj.* clear and clean (water)

- yelfaa [yèlfáà] *n.* evil *pl:* yelfaare 2*pl:* yelfaarεε
- yelfa-e [yèlfà-ì] *n.* wrongdoing *pl:* yelfa-erre
- yelfa-erε [yèlfà-írέ] *n.* evildoer *pl:* yelfa-erebε *2pl:* yelfa-erebεε
- yelferaa [yèlfîráà] *n.* problem, something that matters *pl:* yelferre *2pl:* yelferrεε
- yelfogilo [yèlfógló] *n.* useless talk *sg:* yelfogiluu
- yelfoli [yèlfòlí] *n.* obscene talk *pl:* yelfolo
- yelfuoni [yèlfùònì] *n.* imagery (literature) *pl:* yelfuomo *2pl:* yelfuomee
- yelgalema [yèlgálímá] *n.* strange thing 2*pl:* yelgalemεε *Var.* yelgalee
- yelgbɔge [yèlgbɔ́gí] *n.* (1) incomplete talk (2) gr. clause
- yeli [yélí] n. (1) something of concern Ta bə yeli ko o, νεηε o ka o gεrε. Don't put him into any trouble; allow him to go. (2) matter Yeli ne o yelmeŋε N zãa ba gaa be. As a matter of fact I did not go there. pl: yεlε
- yeli [yélí] n. sentence Fo na baŋ de la eronwuluu yelbiri maale ne yɛlɛ? Can you construct a sentence with an adverb? pl: yɛlɛ
- yeli [yèlì] v. (1) to speak, to talk, to inform N teere ka o yeli la a yele ko o ma. I guess she has has informed her mother about it. (2) to rebuke O daare yeli la o

yelkaama yeltulimo

- *pɔgeyaa lεε ka o te kono.* He rebuked his daughter until she wept. yelee, yele, yelibe, yelaa, yelibe
- waale yeli to whisper
- yelkaama [yèlkáámá] n. (1) beautiful talk (2) literature 2pl: yelkaamεε
- yelkãasɛgere [yèlkååsɛ́grí] *n.* written literature
- yelkããyelli [yèlkããyéllí] n. oral literature
- yelkabeε [yélkábíέ] *n.* strange thing *pl:* yelkabeere *2pl:* yelkabeerεε
- **yelkpeεŋaa** [yèlkpíɛ́ŋàá] *n.* difficult thing *pl:* **yelkpeɛne**
- yel-lige [yélígè] *n*. a mystery *Lε α* poge naŋ e saŋe a baaloŋ e la yelige. The way the woman was able to cure the patient is a mystery.
- yel-lige [yèl-lígè] *adj.* hidden *A dɔɔ na maŋ tona la yel-lige toma*. That man performs mysterious deeds. *pl:* yel-ligri
- yelmaalaa [yèlmààláà] *n.* rite, ritual *pl:* yelimaale
- yelmaalaa [yèlmààláà] *n.* something that needs to rectified *pl:* yelimaale
- **yelmaaroŋ** [yèlmááróŋ] *n.* peaceful talk
- yelmannaa [yèlmànnáà] *n.* (1) comparison (2) narrative, narration *pl:* yelmanne 2*pl:* yelmannεε
- **yelmanne** [yélmánní] *n.* the act of narrating

- yelmeŋε [yèlmíŋέ] *n.* truth *pl:* yelimenne *2pl:* yelimennεε
- yelnimiri [yènímírì] n. main idea
- yelnoɔ [yèlnʊ́ɔ́] n. (1) interesting thing (2) good news pl: yelinoore 2pl: yelinoorεε
- yelnonaa [yèlnónáà] *n.* something that is liked *pl:* yelinonne
- yelpaala [yèlpáálà] *n.* new thing *pl:* yelipaale
- **yelpεgere** [yèlpέgrí] *n.* sayings that have no value *pl*: **yelpεgε**
- yelsaana [yèlsáánà] *n.* strange or new thing *pl:* yelisaama *2pl:* yelisaamεε
- yelsaana [yèlsááná] n. (1) destroyer (2) one who meddles in issues pl: yelisaanema
- yelsaanaa [yèlsáánáá] *n.* something that has gone wrong *pl:* yelisnaane *2pl:* yelisaanεε
- yelson [yèlsòn] n. good deed pl: yelsonne
- **yelsɔgelaa** [yèlsɔ́gláà] *n.* mysterious thing, secret *pl:* **yelisɔgelɔ**
- **yeltegeroŋ** [yèltígrʊ́ŋ] *n.* difficult position *pl:* **yelitegerε**
- yeltolon [yèltólón] *n.* serious matter, something that needs urgent attention *pl:* yelitolɔ
- yeltəgelaa [yèltògláà] *n.* that which can be imitated *pl*: yelitəgele
- yeltəre [yèltòrí] *n.* something of worth or value
- yeltulimo [yèltúlimó] *n.* opposite *Var.* yelitulo

yeltuluu yemban

- **yeltuluu** [yèltúlúú] *n.* mistaken talk, error
- yeltuo [yèltúó] *n.* difficult thing *pl:* yelituuri *2pl:* yelituuree
- yeltuuraa [yèltùùráà] *n.* rite, tradition *pl:* yelituuri
- yeluu [yélúú] n. saying
- yelwiiraa [yèlwiíráá] *n.* poem *pl:* yeliwiiri
- **yelwiiri** [yèlwiíri] *n.* poetry
- yelwonaa [yèlwònáà] *n.* (1) that which is a challenge; problem (2) something that is heard *pl:* yeliwonni
- yelwono [yèlwónó] *n.* (1) listener, hearer (2) obedient person *pl:* yeliwonimo
- yelwontaa [yèlwòntàá] *n.* compromise, understanding
- yelyelbaraa [yèlyèlbàráà] *n.* statement (grammar) *pl:* yelyelbarre
- yelyeluu [yèlyélúú] *n.* issues that cause anger
- yelzagera [yèlzågrá] *n.* one who refuses, one who disobeys *pl:* yelzagereba
- yeme [yèmé] *n.* slave *pl:* yenni *2pl:* yennee *Var.* yieme
- yempɔge [yèmpɔ́gɪ́] n. (1) female slave (2) name traditionally given to a female child born outside the house pl: yelmpɔgeba 2pl: yempɔgrεε
- yendɔɔ [yèndɔɔ́] *n.* (1) male slave (2) name traditionally given to a male child born outside the house

- yeni [yénì] *adj.* one *pl:* yeme *2pl:* yennee
- yensogɔ [yénsógɔ́] n. night pl: yensogere 2pl: yensogerεε Var. yensoga, tensogɔ, tensoga
- yeŋ [yêŋ] adv. where
- yene [yèné] adv. outside Var. yeni
- yeni [yèní] adv. outside Var. yene
- yε [yὲ] *pron.* you (second person plural weak form)
- yε [yὲ] ν. to become exhausted, to get fed up yεε, yeεrε, yeεrε, yeεrebε, yeeraa, yεγeεrε
- yε [yὲ] v. become tired Ka a tontonmaŋ wa yɛ ba iri. When the workers are tired they can stop. -, -,-,-,- Var. yεε
- yε [yὲ] adj. tired Maa eŋ yεε la ne a zeɛre ŋa. I am tired of this sauce. Var. yεε
- yεε [yὲέ] *adj.* spent out; reminants; not of substance (of crops that sprout from a previously cultivated field) *pl:* yεre *2pl:* yεrεε
- yele [yélì] n. cockroach pl: yele 2pl: yelee
- yεle [yὲlì] ν. (1) to multiply e.g. animals reproducing (2) to enlarge yεlεε, yεllε, yεllε, yεlebε, yεllaa
- yεlε [yέlέ] n. (1) an issue (2) discussion, conversation (3) serious matter
- **yεloŋ** [yélớŋ] *adj.* wide *pl*: **yɛlle yɛmbaŋ** [yémbàŋ] *n.* cleverness, wisdom

yembaŋena yi

yɛmbaŋena [yɛ́mbaŋíná] n. one who has good sense, wise person pl: yɛmbaŋnema

yɛmbile [yɛ́mbile] n. small intelligence pl: yɛmbilii 2pl: yɛmbillee yɛnkyeerɛ [yɛ́ntʃiírɛ́] n. little mind yɛnkyeeroo [yɛ́ntʃíroʊ́] n. prudence yɛnlige [yɛ́nlíge] n. unclear mind yɛnnyaa [yɛ́npáà] n. the act of developing intelligence

yεnwuli [yέnwúlì] *n.* the act of teaching sense

yεnwuluu [yέnwúlúú] *n.* the act of teaching sense or conscience

yεnyεŋ [yéŋéŋ] *adj.* near

yɛŋ [yɛ̂ŋ] adv. kindly e.g. in an appeal • Yɛŋ de a bie gaa ne sakuuri. Try and take the child to school.

yεŋe [yɛ̂ŋ] adj. intelligent • A pɔgelee na taa la yɛŋe. That girl is intelligent.

yεŋe [yɛ̂ŋ] *n.* intelligence, knowledge • *A bie yɛŋ ba seŋ bone.* The child has very little knowledge. *pl:* yɛnne 2*pl:* yɛnnɛε

yere [yèri] v. (1) to wear, to dress
• Ba zaa yere la tigiri bonsuuri.
They all dressed their best for the feast. (2) to hang around the neck and shoulders • O yere bonzol velaa kaŋa. She wore a beautiful chain. yeree, yere, yere, yereba, yeraa, yereba

yere [yèrì] v. to trade, to do business
• Ka foon na yere ferebo la ka fo

taa libima. If you want to engage in business, you must have some capital. yετεε, yετε, yετε, yετεba, yεταa, yετεba

yεre [yέrì] ν. to spread out e.g. to dry yεrεε, yεrε, yεrε, yεreba, yεraa, yεreba

yere [yérì] ν. to hunt in a group yeree, yere, yere, yereba, yeraa, yereba

yere [yérí] adj. wild; used with crops e.g groundnuts • A bibiiri gaa pε la seŋkãa yεε. The children went harvesting wild groundnuts. pl: yeε 2pl: yereε

yεreyεrε [yèryέrέ] n. trader, businessperson, merchant pl: yεreyεrebε 2pl: yεreyεrebεε

yετοη [yέτ
όη] n. trade, business

yi [yí] v. (1) to go out, to exit • Te naŋ yi ka te gaa a kpaaroŋ la ka saa deɛ wa miire. As we went out to go to the farm, it started raining. (2) to divorce (by a woman) • A dɔɔ nɔŋ la o pɔge ŋmeɛbo lɛnso ka o yi. The man likes beating his wife and that is why she has divorced him. yie, yire, yire, yiribe, yiraa, yiribe

yi [yí] v. to be clean • Fo ba pɛge a laa ne fanfane a zuiŋ o ba yi. You did not wash the bowl with soap and so it is not clean. yie, yire, yire, yiribe, yiraa, yiribe

yi [yi] v. to resemble • A bie ŋa yi la o ma yaga. This child resembles

yi yobie

the mother very much. yie, yire, yire, yiribe, yiraa, yiribe

yi [yí] v. of land; become infertile, to be barren e.g land • Ba kɔ la a koɔlɔ ŋa ka o te yi, ka fooŋ kɔ o a ba eŋ kuoluŋ fo koŋ nyɛ bonezaa. Several years of farming on this land has made it infertile and if you farm it without applying fertilizer to it you won't get any good yield. yie, yire, yire, yiribe, yiraa, yiribe

yi [yí] v. to lose taste e.g. beer • Ba naŋ zaameŋ ba pɔge a dãã noɔre na la so ka o yi. Because the beer was not covered, it has lost its taste. yie, yire, yire, yiribe, yiraa, yiribe

yidaampɔge [yidààmpɔ́gí] n. head woman in a family; mistress of a compound pl: yidaampɔgeba 2pl: yidaampɔgrεε

yidaana [yídááná] *n.* house owner *pl:* yidaama *2pl:* yidaanεε/yidaamεε

yidaandɔɔ [yidààndɔɔ́] n. male head of a family; master of of compound pl: yidaandɔbɔ 2pl: yidaandɔɔrɛɛ

yideme [yídèmé] n. family group; family members sg: yidemuu 2pl: yidemee

yı̃e [yı̃ẽ] v. to faint yı̃ee, yiene, yiene, yienime, yienaa

yieli [yíélì] v. to sing yielee, yiele, yiele, yielbe

yieluŋ [yiélúŋ] *n.* song; music *pl:* yiele

yieme [yìèmé] n. slave

yieri [yìèrì] v. to extend, to spread out • Ka dabeɛŋ wa kpɛ karaa, o maŋ yieri la o zu ne o kɔkɔrɛɛ. When a cobra is frightened, it spreads out its head and neck. yieree, yiere, yiere, yieribe, yieraa yĩeu [yĩẽũ] n. spectacle, wonders pl: yieme

yigileŋ [yígléŋ] adv. perched in a lonely manner • A bie dɔŋεɛ la ka o zu deɛ waa yigileŋ lɛ. The child has grown so lean that his head is literally perching on his neck.

yi kyeε [yí ʧíέ] *adj.* uninteresting, boring

yi kyeε [yí ʧíέ] ν. to fade

yinni [yìnnì] v. (1) to forget • N yeli la a kpaaroŋ yele ko fo ta ere wa yinni. I told you about the meeting, so don't forget. (2) to glean (farm field) • Ka banaŋ wa pe seŋkãã baare bibiiri maŋ gaa te yinni la a gbannaa poɔ. After groundnuts are harvested, children would normally go to the field to glean. yinnee, yinne, yinne, yinime, yinnaa, yinime Var. inni

yiri [yíri] *n.* (1) house, home, compound (2) family, family members *pl:* yie *2pl:* yiree

yi sori [yi23 sórí] v. to travel, to go on a trip

yivilime [yívílímé] *n.* round compound

yobie [yóbíé] n. ill luck, bad name

yofaa yopõi

yofaa [yófáá] *n*. a name that stigmatizes *pl*: yofaare *2pl*: yofaarεε.

yofuu [yófúù] *n.* abstract noun *pl:* yofuuri *2pl:* yofuuree

yogi [yógí] v. to eat, especially plenty food that is tasty yogee, yogro, yogro, yogro, yograa Var. mogi

yogi [yògì] adj. enough, of considerable quantity • A zevaare ba yogi.
There is not enough of the vegetable.

yogili [yòglì] v. to pamper, to treat kindly or gently yoglee, yoglo, yoglo, yoglibo, yoglaa

yogoko [yógókó] adv. very sweet yo-iri [yó-írì] n. glory, praise, honour.

yokyigiraa [yòkyìgìráà] *n.* fishing pot

yololo [yólóló] adv. very cold

yolun [yólún] *n.* cone-shaped cage *pl:* yolli *2pl:* yollee

yoluŋ [yólúŋ] *adj.* emptiness e.g wearing a blouse or shirt without a singlet or a vest under it *pl:* yolli *2pl:* yolee

yombo [yómbó] *n.* black hair dye *pl:* yombori *2pl:* yomboree

yontaa [yòntáå] *n.* (1) wife in a polygamous marriage (2) relationship between wives in a polygamous marriage (3) enemy (figurative) *pl:* yontaare *2pl:* yontaareε

yoŋ [yôŋ] *adj.* (1) alone (2) only *pl:* yonni

yoo [yóó] interj. (1) okay • Yoo, bieo te na gaa la. Okay tomorrow we shall go. (2) be informed • A toma na fo yonin so a. Be informed that that work is for you alone.

yoɔ [yờɔ̀] ν. to stop raining -, -, -, -, -, -, - *Var.* gyere

yoɔbo [yʊ́ɔ́bʊ̀] *v.* (1) the act of roaming, wandering (2) hunting expedition

yoɔbo [yʊ́ɔ́bʊ́] *n.* the stoppage of rain

yoɔbo [yʊ̀ɔ̀bʊ́] *adj.* short form of six yoɔle [yʊ̀ɔ̀lt̀] ν. to escape slowly e.g. from a punctured tyre

yoole [yớɔ́lf] v. to melt, to disintegrate slowly e.g salt or sugar in sauce or tea

yoone [yớớní] *n.* a type of small, spotted amphibean that looks like a frog and is found in wet sand *pl:* yoɔmɔ/yoɔma 2*pl:* yoɔnɛε

Yoɔraa [yʊʻɔráa] n. a traditional name given to a child believed to be reincarnated

yoʻraa [yʻoʻraa] n. tourist, one who roams pl: yoʻrebo/yoʻreba

yoore [yờờrí] *n.* penis *pl*: yoε 2*pl*: yorεε

yoore [yòòrì] ν. (1) to cause to be exhausted or emotionless (2) to bother, irritate; to pester someone yooreε, yooro, yooro, yooreba, yooraa

yopõi [yòpõi⊠] *adj.* short form of ayopõi (seven)

yopogeraa yomo

- yopɔgeraa [yòpɔ̀gràà] *n.* fishing pot *pl:* yopɔgere *Var.* yokyigiraa
- **yopɔgeraa** [yòpɔ́gíráá] *n.* lid, cover of a pot
- yoreyoree [yờrìyớrí] ν. to break into little bits
- yori [yòrì] v. to make a loop yoree, yoro, yoro, yoribo, yoraa
- yori [yórì] v. to dismantle a loop yoree, yoro, yoro, yoribo, yoraa
- yorombiri [yórómbírí] *n.* herring *pl:* yorombie *2pl:* yorombireeyorombiree
- yorəyorə [yörəyörə] adv. smallish; usually in size Var. yorayora
- yosa \square a [yósà \square à \square] *n.* slander *pl:* yosãa
- yoyogibiri [yóyògìbírì] *n.* a type of small flying insect that makes tambalaaraa (a type of honey) *sg:* yoyogibiruu *pl:* yoyogibie *2pl:* yoyogibiree/yoyogibiree
- yɔ [yɔ́] ν. to wander, to roam, to travel yɔɛ, yoɔrɔ, yoɔrɔ, yoɔreba
- yɔge [yògi] v. to loosen e.g. hard substance (soil) yɔgεε, yɔgrɔ, yɔgrɔ, yɔgrebɔ, yɔgraa
- yogele [yóglì] *v.* to be near, to approach (time) *Sẽẽ yogelo la ka suŋkpulo kyoɔrɔ*. The farming season is coming round; hence, dawdaw trees are flowering. yogelεε, yogelə, yoglə, yogeleba, yogelaa
- yɔgere [yògrí] *n.* farm field around the compound *pl:* yɔgɔ *2pl:* yɔgεε

- yɔgere [yɔ́grt] ν. to loosen e.g of a string tied to something yɔgerεε, yɔgerɔ, yɔgereba, yɔgeraa
- yɔgere [yɔ́grí] v. to be loose, to be slack Ba leŋ la a tuobu kyɛ ka a leɛ yɔgere. The load was tied but it is loose again.
- yɔgevaa [yɔ́gtváárt] n. pumpkin leaf pl: yɔgevaare 2pl: yɔgevaarεε
- yɔgevaare [yɔ̀gíváári] n. pumpkin leaves used as vegetable 2pl: yɔgevaarεε
- yogevaare [yògváárì] *n.* leaves of pumpkin *sg*: yogevaabo *pl*: yogevaarεε
- yɔgevaare-waabo [yɔ̀gìváárì-wáábʊ̀] *n.* green mamba *pl:* yɔgevaare-weere *2pl:* yɔgevaare-weerεε
- yɔgoo [yɔ̀gớʊ̀] *n.* (1) pumpkin (2) the plant which bears the fruit *pl:* yɔgɔ
- yɔgoo [yɔ̀gʊ́ʊ́] *n.* (1) a type of large, white ant (2) the home of these ants *pl*: yɔgɔ
- yəkəəlon [yəkəələn] n. pubic hair of a male
- yəle [yɔ́lí] ν. to slip off as a result of being loose e.g. shorts yəlɛɛ, yələ, yələ, yələ, yələ, yəlaa
- yɔlpelaa [yɔ̀lpìláà] *n.* a type of tree with edible fruits *pl:* yɔlpeɛle
- **yɔlzeε** [yɔlziɛ́] *n.* a type of tree with grey bark *pl*: **yɔlzeere**
- yəmə [yɔ́mɔ́] *adj.* free and plentiful *pl:* yənne

yээ yuuli

yɔɔ [yɔ́ɔ] *n.* sibling (used between individuals of the same sex) *pl:* yɔɔmine/yɔɔre 2*pl:* yɔɔrɛε

- yɔɔ [yɔ́ɔ] *n.* strophantus (a type of tree with highly poisonous sap) *pl:* yɔɔre 2*pl:* yɔɔrεε
- yɔɔ [yɔ́ɔ́] ν. to pay, to redeem yɔɔɛ, yɔɔrɔ, yɔɔrɔ, yɔɔreba, yɔɔraa, yɔɔre
- yɔɔ [yòò] *adv.* freely e.g. of liquid being poured
- yɔɔdɔɔ [yɔ́ɔdɔɔ́] n. brother (used by females to address male siblings) pl: yɔɔdɔɔbɔ 2pl: yɔɔdɔɔrεε
- yɔɔlee [yɔ́ɔléé] *n.* younger sibling (used between individuals of the same sex) *pl:* yɔɔbilii
- yəəpəge [yɔʻɔpɔʻgf] n. sister (used by males to address female siblings) pl: yəəpəgebə/yəəpəgeba. Var. yəəpuulee
- yɔɔpuulee [yɔ́ɔpuúléé] n. female sibling (usually less older) see kpíɛ́mɛ́ pl: yɔɔpuuli Var. yɔɔpɔge
- yɔore [yɔ́ɔri] n. payment 2pl: yɔɔrεε yɔre [yɔ́ri] v. to fall apart, to disintegrate yɔrεε, yɔrɔ, yɔrəba, yɔraa
- yɔre [yòrì] v. (1) to become intense e.g. rainfall (2) to become widespread (disease) (3) that which is plenty yɔrεε, yɔrɔ, yɔrə, yɔreba, yɔraa
- Yorebaa [yòríbáá] *n.* Yoruba (an ethnic group found in Nigeria) *sg:* yorebaaroo *pl:* yorebaare *2pl:* yorebaarεε

- yərebənə [yòrìbònó] adv. loosely
- yərəyərə [yòròyòrò] *adj.* not firm, loose e.g. mud
- yuli [yúlí] v. to leak slowly yulee, yulo, yulo, yulibo, yulaa, yulibo
- yuloo [yúlóó] *n.* object on which bows are hung *pl:* yulli *2pl:* yullee
- yuo [yùò] v. to open yuoe, yuoro, yuoro, -, yuoraa
- yuo [yúó] adj. different, of another kind Zene kpare yuo la ka a baala su. Today the patient is wearing a different shirt.
- yuonaa [yùònáá] adv. this year Var. yuoni ŋa
- **Yuoni** [yúóní] *n.* name given to a child born after nine months of pregnancy
- yuoni [yúóní] *n.* year *pl:* yuomo *2pl:* yuonee
- yuoni [yúóní] *n.* the crop of a bird *pl:* yuono *2pl:* yuonee
- yuoni ŋa [yúóní ŋá] adv. this year
- **yuoni-yuoni** [yúóní-yúóní] *adv.* annually
- yuori [yúórí] *n.* jar *pl:* yoe 2*pl.* yoree
- yuori [yǔórì] *n.* (1) name (2) reputation (3) namesake *pl:* yoe *2pl:* yoree
- yuuli [yùùlì] v. to spread small amount on top of e.g. dry cement yuulee, yuulo, yuulo, yuulo, yuulaa

za zamaa

Z

za [zá] ν. to throw zaε, zaara, zaara, zareba, zaaraa, zareba

za [zá] ν. to palpitate (of heart) zaε, zaara, zaara, zareba, zaaraa, zareba

zaa [zàá] adj. all, every • A kõo zaa ka ba nyu. They have drank all the water. Var. haa

zãa [zẩà] adv. yesterday; short form of zaameŋ Var. zaameŋ

zãa [zẫàà] adv. hazy

zaale [záálí] ν. to move water around in a container by swinging the container around zaalεε, zaala, zaaleba, zaalaa

zaale [záálí] v. to commit suicide by hanging oneself zaalεε, zaala, zaala, zaaleba, zaalaa

zaameŋ [zààmîŋ] *adv.* yesterday *Var.* zãa

zaayee [zàáyéé] adv. surprisingly • N da teere ka o be la a dieŋ zaayee a bie yoŋ la. I thought she was in the room, but to my surprise it was only the child that was there.

zabage [zábágí] *n.* foe, enemy, invader *Var.* **zaboge**

zaboraa [zábóráá] *n.* person under review *pl:* **zaborre** 2*pl:* **zaborεε**

zabɔge [zábàgí] n. foe, enemy, invader pl: zabɔgre 2pl: zabɔgrεε Var. zabage

zaga [zágà] n. (1) animal or poultry

pen (2) mortuary pl: zagere 2pl: zagerεε Var. zage

zage [zágí] n. head cold 2pl: zagrεε

zage [zágí] ν. to be worn out zagεε, zagra, zagra, zagreba, zagraa

zage [zàgf] *n*. enclosure for animals, pen, corral *pl*: zagere 2*pl*: zagerεε Var. zaga

zagedie [zàgìdìè] *n.* main chamber in a rodent's burrow *pl:* zagederi *2pl:* zagederee

zagela [záglá] n. one being referred to • Zagela maŋ yeli ka o puoro la kyɛ zeɛre o taaba. Some people claim to be godly but hate their neigbours.

zagelaa [zágláà] *adj.* empty *pl:* zagele *2pl:* zagelεε

zagepempelen [zàgìpémpélén] n. spleen pl: zagepempelle 2pl: zagepempelee Var. hoopempelen

zagere [zàgrì] ν. to refuse, to reject zagerεε, zagera, zagera, zagereba, zageraa, zagreba

zagezage [zàgzág] ν. to harass zagezageza, zagezagera, -, zagezagereba, zagezageraa

zalball [zàlbàll] adv. airborne

zalle [zállì] v. (1) to swing (2) to commit suicide by hanging oneself zallεε, zalla, zaleba, zallaa, zaleba Var. zεlle

zamaa [zàmàà] adj. confused

zamasoba zanzanzeɛ

- zamasoba [zámásúbá] *n.* one that is homeless
- zambaa [zàmbáá] n. a type of small striped bush mouse pl: zambaare 2pl: zambaarεε Var. zambateraa
- zambadaa [zàmbàdàá] n. stilt pl: zambadaare 2pl: zambadaarεε
- zambateraa [zàmbàtìràà] n. a type of striped mouse pl: zambaterre 2pl: zambaterεε Var. zamba
- zambayɛlɛ [zámbáyɛ́lɛ̀] adv. lying in a manner with face up Var. zamayɛlɛ
- zambere [zàmbèri] n. (1) a blacksmith's shop (2) god of the forge Var. zembere
- **zambεre** [zàmbὲrì] *n.* blacksmith's shop *pl:* **zambεrre**
- Zambo [zàmbó] *n.* name of a village near Lawra in the Upper West Region of Ghana
- zamm [zàmm] adv. huge but light
- zammo [zàmmʊ́] n. onion pl: zama 2pl: zannεε Var. gaabu (Hausa), zamadaare
- zammuli [zàmmúlí] n. tree
- zamparemuu [zâmpárimùú] n. wrist guard for archery pl: zamparemuuri 2pl: zamparemuuree
- zampon [zàmpón] n. hedgehog pl: zamponni 2pl: zamponnee
- zampoone [zàmpớớní] *adj.* young and helpless e.g. chick *pl:* zampooma *2pl:* zampoomεε
- **zane** [zání] *n.* wrist guard for archery *pl:* **zama** 2*pl:* **zamε**ε

- zanne [zánní] ν. to thresh neatly or completely zannεε, zanna, zanna, zanema
- zanne [zànní] ν. to learn zannεε, zanna, zanna, zanema, zannaa, zanema
- zanne [zànní] ν. to dream zannεε, zanna, zanna, zanema, zannaa, zanema
- zannoŋ [zànnŏŋ] *n.* dream *pl:* zanonne 2*pl:* zanonnεε Var. zannoo
- zannoo [zánnớᡠ] n. dream Var. zannoŋ
- **zannoo** [zànnớó] *n.* education, the act of learning
- **zannzanna** [zànnzánná] *n.* learner, pupil sg: **zannzanemεε** 2pl: **zannzanema**
- zannyuu [zànnúú] n. garlic pl: zannyuuri 2pl: zannyuuree
- **zanzakpiri-duorun** [zánzákpìri-dúórúŋ] *n.* ringworm
- **zanzakpirime** [zánzákpìrìmé] *n.* small bat *pl:* **zanzakpirri** *2pl:* **zanzakpirree** *Var.* **zinzakpirime**
- zanzansoglaa [zánzánsóglaá] n. a type of blackish-grey fruit bat pl: zanzansoglo 2pl: zanzansoglεε
- zanzantokele [zánzàntókélé] *n.* a type of bat *pl*: zanzantokelli *2pl*: zanzantokelee
- **zanzanzeε** [zánzànzíέ] *n.* a type of reddish-brown bat *pl:* **zanzanzeere** 2*pl:* **zanzanzeerεε**

zanzaŋ zeɛmaa

- zanzaŋ [zánzáŋ] adv. intensely e.g. heat A yɛlɛ pãã ta la a zanzaŋ.
 The matter has now got to the climax.
- zanzaŋaa [zánzáŋàá] n. bat pl: zanzanne 2pl: zanzannεε
- zanzaŋaa [zánzáŋàá] n. (1) a type of shellfish similar to a clam (2) the shell of this shelfish pl: zanzanne 2pl: zanzannεε
- **zanzaŋkpara** [zànzáŋkpàrà] *n.* the act of jumping up and down in hysteria *pl:* **zanzaŋkparre** *2pl:* **zanzaŋkparɛε**
- **zanzunmuli** [zanzummuli] *n.* a type of tree with medicinal properties
- zaŋaa [záŋáá] n. shell pl: zanne 2pl: zannεε
- zaŋe [záŋ] ν. to itch zaŋεε, zaŋena, zaŋena, zaŋeneba, zaŋenaa
- zaŋgalaŋ [záŋgáláŋ] n. veranda pl: zaŋgalle 2pl: zaŋgalεε
- zaŋgbaale [zàŋgbààlì] *n.* domeshaped cage *pl:* zaŋgbaala *2pl:* zaŋgbaalεε
- zaŋkpegiri [zàŋkpégrí] n. a type of hard pimple pl: zaŋkpege 2pl: zaŋkpegee Var. kpaŋkpazegele
- **zare** [zárì] *n.* large metal hammer used in the forge *pl:* **zaε** 2*pl:* **zarεε**
- zarema [zárímá] n. rags 2pl: zaremεε Var. zεremε
- zazaakɔɔ [zàzáákɔ́ɔ́] *adj.* steady *Var.* dedeekɔɔ
- ze⊠e [zí⊠í⊠] n. blood 2pl: zeenεε

- **ze**\(\times\)et\(\times\)et\(\times\)et\(\times\) improve the level of blood in the body 2pl: z\(\tilde{\text{e}}\)eteches\(\times\)
- zẽewoo [zíł̃wóó] *n.* blood vessel *pl:* zẽewoore 2*pl:* zẽewooreε
- zeε [zìέ] n. late millet sg: zeroo (for plant) pl: zeere 2pl: zeerεε
- zeε [zìὲ] ν. to snatch, to seize zeεε, zeεrε, zeεrε, zeεrebε, zeεraa, zeεrebε
- zeε [zìέ] *adj.* reddish brown *pl:* zeere 2*pl:* zerεε
- zeε [zìέ] adj. serious Yelzeε la ka ba yele, azuiŋ ta laara. It is a serious case, so don't laugh. pl: zeere 2pl: zerεε
- zẽε [z \tilde{i} έ] n. acid 2pl: zeεnεε
- **zēε** [zǐ̄ɛ] *n*. fortification for one who has committed murder or killed an animal believed to have supernatural powers 2*pl*: **zeenee**
- zẽε [zı̃è] v. to be needed, to be necessary zẽεε, zeεnε, zeɛnε, zeɛneme, zeɛnaa
- zẽεdãa [zí̃edãá] n. local beer prepared solely for ritual purposes 2pl: zẽεdaanεε
- **zeε-genegene** [zìέ-gènègènè] *adj.* brown
- **zẽεgoɔ** [zἶἔgថɔ̀] *n.* a type of tree with medicinal properties *pl*: **zẽɛgoore**
- zeεmaa [zíέmáá] n. open ground where millet is gathered, threshed, and winnowed out pl: zeεne 2pl: zeεnεε/zeεmεε Var. gbeŋgbelaa

Zeeme zengbiri

- **Ζεεmε** [zíέmὲ] *n.* name traditionally given to the firstborn of twins (male)
- **Zẽεpɔge** [zĩė̃pɔ́gí] *n.* name traditionally given to the firstborn of twins (female) *pl:* **Zĕεpɔgemine**
- zeεraa [zíéráá] n. sieve pl: zeεre 2pl: zeεrεε
- zeεraa [zíéráá] n. hawk pl: zeεre 2pl: zeεrεε
- **zeεre** [zìὲrí] *n.* (1) sauce (2) soup *pl:* **zereε**
- zeεre [zíérì] ν. to hate, to despise zeεrεε, zeεrε, zeεrε, zeεrebε, zeεraa
- zeere [zíérì] ν. to trot zeereε, zeere, zeere, zeerebε, zeeraa
- zeεre [zíérì] ν. to be in haste, to go after something eagerly zeεrεε, zeεrε, zeεrε, zeεrebε, zeεraa
- zege [zìgì] ν. to grow to maturity and full strength zegεε, zegerε, zegerε, zegerebε, zegeraa
- zegere [zígrì] ν. to shrug; raise one's shoulders, indicating lack of concern zegerεε, zegerε, zegerε, zegerebε, zegeraa
- zegere [zìgrì] ν to grow to maturity zegerεε, zegerε, zegerε, zegerebε, zegeraa
- zegezege [zìgzìg] ν. to be impatient zegezegeε, zegezegeε, zegezegere, zegezegeraa
- **zegε** [zígέ] *n.* (1) area behind and between the shoulders (2) hump (of a cow) *pl*: **zegere** 2*pl*: **zegereε**

- **zegitege** [zègìtégé] *adv.* not moving at all, standing still in the way
- zele [zilí] *n.* tongue *pl:* zelε 2*pl:* zelεε/zellεε
- **zelegannoore** [zìlígànᡠɔri] *n.* a type small bird with blue feathers and a long beak that is fond of flowers *pl:* **zelegannoε**
- **zelεzelε** [zìlέzìlέ] *adj.* slim, at the point of giving way
- **zelgannoɔre** [zǐlgǎnnơɔ́ri] *n*. a type of small bird with a very long curved beak *pl*: **zelgannɔε** 2*pl*: **zelgannɔrεε**
- zell [zíll] adv. filled to the brim
- zelpîi [zǐpîi] *n.* a type of disease that affects the tongue of dogs causing them to not eat *pl:* zelpiime *2pl:* zelpiimee
- zemberemε [zímbírímέ] n. a type of tree whose fruit gives red juice pl: zemberre 2pl: zemberεε/zemberrεε
- **Zempεnne** [zìmpέnní] *n.* name of a village
- **zenε** [zínὲ] n. today
- **zenεbie** [zínὲbìé] *adv.* nowadays, the present time
- zenzie [zìnzíé] *n.* (1) sitting place (2) settlement *pl:* zenziiri *2pl:* zenziiree
- zeŋe [zìŋ] ν. (1) to sit, to be seated (2) to settle zeŋεε, zenε, zenε, zenemε, zenaa, zenemε
- **zengbiri** [zìngbírì] *n.* sleeping sickness

 $z\varepsilon$ $z\varepsilon rem\varepsilon$

- zε [zè] v. to smear zεε, zeεrε, zeεrε, zeerebε, zeεraa, zeεrebε
- zε [zέ] ν. to sift zeεrεε, zeεrε, zeεrε, zeεrε, zeεrebε, zeεraa
- zε [zέ] v. to hate zeεrεε, zeεrε, zeεrε, zeεre, zeεreλε, zeεraa
- zɛdambo [zɛdambó] n. unseasoned soup pl: zɛdambori 2pl: zɛdamboree
- zedogelee [zèdógléé] *n.* earthenware cooking pot for soup *pl:* zedogebilii *Var.* saa-doge
- **zεε** [zὲὲ] *adv.* sticking on to all over e.g. fruits on a tree
- zεge [zégì] ν. (1) to raise, to lift above(2) to promote zεgεε, zεgrε, zεgrε, zεgrebε, zεgraa
- zegelekele [zéglékélé] adv. not missing out A pɔgeba zaa ne ba biiri da la, zegelekele. Each of the women had a child.
- zegere [zégrì] v. (1) to shake (hands)
 (2) to shake in the hand to weigh
 zegerεε, zegerε, zegerebε,
 zegeraa
- **zɛgeroŋ** [zɛ̊grʊ́ŋ] *n.* (1) something that has worth (2) something that has scent
- **zεkõɔ** [zὲkỗɔ] *n.* soup that is not thick; broth-like *pl:* **zɛkoɔnɛɛ**
- zele [zélf] ν. (1) to apply poison; to be filled with venom (2) to be furious (3) to be bitter (taste)
- zεle [zέlí] *n.* afterbirth (nonhuman) *pl:* zεlε 2*pl:* zεlεε

- zele [zèlì] ν. to lift, to pick up zeleε, zelle, zelebε, zellaa, zelebε
- zele [zèlì] ν. to beg (Northern Dagaare dialect) zeleε, zelle, zelle, zelle, zelebε, zellaa, zelebε
- zelezele [zèlìzélí] ν. to move a heavy load with difficulty zelezelee, zelezele, zelezelebe, zelezelaa
- **zεlεηkpε** [zὲlὲŋkpὲ] *adj.* hanging loosely
- zelle [zéllt] ν. (1) to swing (2) to commit suicide by hanging oneself -, -, -, -, -, Var. zalle
- zembere [zèmbèrì] n. (1) a blacksmith's shop (2) god of the forge pl: zemberee Var. zambere
- **zemezeme** [zèmèzèmè] *adv.* long and flexible e.g. cane
- **zεmiime** [zὲmíímé] *n.* sour sauce
- **zɛmm** [zèmm] *adv.* quietly, gently, and slowly
- zenzeŋ [zènzéŋ] v. (1) to be impatient (2) to be eager, to be zealous zenzeŋee, zenzene, zenzene, zenzeneme
- zenzeŋ [zènzĕŋ] n. impatience pl: zenzenne 2pl: zenzeneε
- zeŋ [zèŋ] ν. to lift zeŋee, zenne, zenne, zeneme, zennaa
- zeŋe [zêŋ] *n.* to shake e.g. tree *pl:* zenε zenzenε zenemε
- **zεrekpεrε** [zὲrìkpὲrὲ] *adv.* hanging or swelling all over e.g. fruits
- zeremε [zérímé] n. rags Var. zarema

zeroo ziponsentaa

zεroo [zèrờờ] *adv.* fleshy and loose (hanging)

zεvaa [zένάὰ] n. vegetable sg: zεvaabo pl: zεvaare 2pl: zεvaarεε

zibalaa [zìbàlàà] n. odd place

zibalaa [zìbáláá] *n.* detour, diversion (road) *pl:* ziballe

ziberaa [zìbèráà] *n*. the place where a person or something is *pl*: **ziberri**

ziberaa [zìbìráà] *n.* late night *pl:* ziberre

zibiri [zìbírì] *n.* clitoris *pl:* zibie *2pl:* zibiree *Var.* gyambiri

zibu [zíé] n. python Var. zigi

zie [zìé] n. place pl: ziiri 2pl: ziiree

zie [zìé] *n.* weather *pl:* ziiri *2pl:* ziire

zie [zìé] *n.* time *pl:* ziiri *2pl:* ziiree

 ${\bf ziezaa}$ [zíézàá] adv everywhere

zigi [zígí] *n.* python *pl:* zigri *2pl:* zigree/zigee *Var.* zibu

zigi [zígí] v. (1) to grow in size (2) to grow more leaves (yam vine) zigee, zigire, zigire, zigiribe, zigiraa

zigiree [zígréé] *n.* gravel, laterite *pl:* zigiri

zigizukpara [zìgìzúkpárá] *n.* a monster; in the form of a two-headed python *pl:* **zigizukparre**

zigoo [zìgòò] adj. showing no concern for others • A bie kono tuuro la o ma kyɛ ka o deɛ ba taa zigoo zaa. The child is crying while running after the mother but woman did not show any concern.

zii [zìì] adj. thick; foliage of a tree. (Used only in this situation)

zĩi [zì⊠ì⊠] *adj.* not clear, blurry

zikuoŋaa [zìkúóŋáá] n. dry place pl: zikuoni 2pl: zikuonee

zikpeεraa [zìkpíéráà] *n.* inhabitance, residence *pl:* **zikpeεre**

zikyεnfeεle [zìʧὲnffέlf] *n.* cold early morning *pl:* **zikyɛnfeεlε**

zimaale [zìmààlì] n. development

zimaaliire [zìmáálììré] *n.* dusk, twilight (after sunset) *pl:* zimaaliiri *2pl:* zimaaliiree

zimaane [zìmáání] adv. evening

zimaaroŋ [zìmàárơŋ] n. cool or wet place pl: zimaara

zimaav $\tilde{\epsilon}$ [zìmááv $\tilde{\epsilon}$ $\tilde{\epsilon}$] *n.* evening; between four-thirty and five o'clock

zimaavεnεvεnε [zìmáávènèvènè] *n.* dusk

zimezime [zímézímé] *adv.* of considerable weight

zimeremere [zìmèrèmèrè] *n.* muddy place

zinziŋ [zíŋzíŋ] *adv.* very heavy

zinyaane [zìnààní] *n.* dawn 2pl: zinyaanεε Var. zivεlemε

ziŋi [zîŋ] v. to pound vigorously ziŋee, ziŋine, ziŋine, ziŋime, ziŋinaa

zipigi [zìpìgí] *n.* a type of large brown antelope with white spots on its sides *pl:* **zipigri** *2pl:* **zipigree**

ziponsentaa [zìpónsíntáá] *n.* midnight

zirii zomɔ

- zirii [zìrîi] *n.* a lie or lies *2pl:* zirree *Var.* ziriŋ
- ziriŋ [zìriŋ] *n.* lies *2pl:* zirree *Var.* zirii
- **ziriŋma** [zìríŋmà] *n*. the act of lying **ziriŋmaara** [zìríŋmáárá] *n*. liar *pl*:

ziriŋmaareba

- zisəgelaa [zìsə́glåá] *n.* (1) dark place (2) hiding place *pl:* zisəgele
- zitəre [zìtəəri] *n.* distant place *pl:* zitəbə
- **zivelaa** [zìvìlàá] *n.* good place, nice place *pl:* **ziveεle** *2pl:* **ziveεlε**
- **zivεlemε** [zìvέlímέ] *n.* dawn *2pl:* **zivεlemεε** *Var.* **zinyaane**
- ziyuo [zìyùò] n. modernization
- zo [zò] v. (1) to run (2) to run away, to escape (3) to flow (river water) zoe, zoro, zoro, zoribo, zoraa, zoribo Var. zoori (of nominal form)
- zoge [zògì] ν. to thicken, to become hard e.g. palm of a one who does rough/odd jobs zogεε, zogerɔ/zogera, zogerə/zogera, zogereba, zogeraa
- zogele [zòglì] ν. to develop large rashes zogelεε, zogelɔ/zogela, zogelɔ/zogela, zogelaa
- zogeləŋ [zògləŋ] *adj.* thick and attached to *Var.* zogelaŋ
- zogere [zógrì] ν. to shake vigorously zogrεε, zogra, zogra, zoreba, zograa

- zogere [zògri] ν. to become thick or hard zogerεε, zogera, zogera, zogereba, zogeraa
- zogetogo [zògtògò] *adv.* thick and wool-like
- zogboŋgboli [zögbòŋgbòli] *n.* the thickest part of an animal's tail that is long *pl:* zogboŋgbolo *2pl:* zogboŋgbolee
- **zokpore** [zókpórí] *n.* the bottom end of the spinal cord *pl:* **zokpoε** *2pl:* **zokporεε**
- **zolaa** [zốláá] *n.* pot with a very small mouth *pl:* **zolaare** *2pl:* **zolaarε**ε
- zolaa [zòlàà] adj. big, large
- zoma [zòmá] n. instinct Var. zomo
- zombaa [zómbáá] n. catfish pl: zombaare 2pl: zombaarεε
- **zomberemε** [zómbírímέ] *n.* a type of tree with medicinal properties *2pl:* **zomberemεε**
- **Zombεnte** [zúmbέntí] *n.* a religious festival of Southern Dagao *pl*: **zombentere** 2*pl*: **zombentere**ε
- **zombεraa** [zóbéráá] *n.* fishhook *pl:* **zombεrre**
- zombiri [zòmbírì] *n.* insult, abuse *sg:* zombiruu *pl:* zombie *2pl:* zombiriree
- **zomm** [zómm] *adv.* still, calm, unmoving
- zommo [zύmmʊ́] n. fish pl: zoma 2pl: zonnεε
- zomo [zòmó] n. instinct Var. zoma

zompεge zɔbɔ

- zompεge [zómpégi] n. fish scale pl: zompεgre/zompεgε 2pl: zompεgrεε
- **zompii** [zớpii] *n.* fishhook *pl:* **zompi**ime *2pl:* **zompiimee/zompiinee**
- **zone** [zớní] *n.* insult, abuse *pl:* **zoma** 2*pl:* **zonnε**ε
- zonkyoo [zóntfóò] *n.* fishing net *pl:* zonkyoori *2pl:* zonkyooree
- zonne [zúnní] ν. to take short, heavy steps zonnεε, zonnɔ/zonna, zonnɔ/zonna, zonemɔ/zonema, zonnaa
- zonne [zúnní] ν. to shake (from sudden shock) zonnεε, zonno/zonna, zonemo/zonema, zonnaa
- zonni [zònnì] v. to hesitate zonnee, zonno, zonno, zonimo, zonnaa, zonimo
- **zonnyɔge** [zónnɔ́gí] *n.* the practice of fishing
- **zonnyɔgerɔ** [zĕnɲɔ́grɔ̀] *n.* fisherman *pl:* **zonnyɔgerebɔ/zonnyɔgereba** *2pl:* **zonnyɔgerebε**ε
- zonsaalaa [zónsààglàá] n. a type of fish with a flat head and two fins and a very slippery body, found in rivers and ponds, referred to as mudfish pl: zonsaale 2pl: zonsaalεε
- zonsɔgelaa [zứnsɔ́gláá] n. a type of black mudfish with a flat head pl: zonsɔgelɔ 2pl: zonsɔgelεε
- zontalane [zòntàlánì] *n.* gill *pl:* zontalama *2pl:* zontalanne

- zonwaabo [zớnwàábớ] n. eel pl: zonweere 2pl: zonweerεε
- **zo nyonono** [zò μứnứnứ] *v.* to have mercy
- zoŋe [zóŋ] ν. to shake (person) zoŋeɛ, zoŋenɔ, zoŋenɔ, zoŋenaa,
- zoŋkoroŋ [zờŋkờrờŋ] adv. grotesque; hideous
- **zoŋkɔɔre** [zʊ́ŋkɔɔré] *n.* fish bone *pl:* **zoŋkɔɔr**εε
- zõo [zờ⊠ỗ] adv. dull
- zoore [zớớré] n. tail pl: zoε 2pl: zooreε
- zoore [zớớrì] n. smoke Var. nyoore
- zo⊠ɔ [zὖɔ̃] n. rust (typically used with le) A soɔ lɔre la kõɔ poɔ ana la so ka o le zõɔ. The knife got soaked in water and that is why it is rusted. 2pl: zoɔnɛɛ
- zoole [zớòli] *v.* to wither zooleε, zoolo, zoolo, zoolba, zoolaa
- zori [zòrì] v. to hold the hand in anticipation for food zoree, zoro, zoro, zorobo, zoraa
- zorre [zórrì] ν. shudder zorree, zorra, zorra, zoreba, zorraa
- **zo vi** [zò ví] *v.* (1) to be shy (2) to be ashamed
- zɔ [zŏ] n. (1) father (2) friend (between males) pl: zɔmine/zɔre 2pl: zɔrεε
- zəba [zòbá] *n.* the act of pestering *Var.* zəbə
- zəbə [zòbó] *n.* the act of pestering *Var.* zəba

zəla zugane

- zəla [zòlá] *n.* a type of guinea corn *Var.* zələ
- zole [zóli] n. fool pl: zolo 2pl: zoleε
- zɔle [zɔ́lf] ν. to be related to people zɔlɛɛ, zɔlɔ, zɔlə, zɔleba, zɔlaa
- zələ [zɔlɔ] *n.* a type of guinea corn 2*pl:* zəllεε *Var.* zəla
- **zəmpərəŋ** [zəmpərəŋ] *adv.* of considerable size, state
- **zɔnne** [zònní] *n.* blindness
- **zɔnnoŋ** [zònnóŋ] n. blindness
- zənzərema [zənzərímá] *n.* cobweb, dirt hanging on walls and ceiling *Var.* zənzəremə
- zɔnzɔremɔ [zɔ̀nzɔ̀rímɔ́] *n.* cobweb, dirt hanging on walls and ceiling *2pl:* zɔnzɔremεε *Var.* zɔnzɔrema
- zɔŋa [zɔ̀ŋá] n. blind person Var. zɔŋɔ, zɔŋe
- **zɔŋe** [zɔ́ŋ] *n.* (1) flour (2) pulp 2pl: **zɔnnε**ε
- zone [zòn] *v.* to be blind zonεε, zonno, zonno, zonemo, zonnaa, zonemo
- zoŋe [zŏŋ] n. flour pl: zonne 2pl: zonne Var. zoŋɔ
- zɔŋe [zòŋí] *n.* blind person *Var.* zɔŋɔ, zɔŋa
- **zɔŋkõɔ̃** [zɔŋkʊ̃ɔ́] *n*. (1) food for workers at work (2) water mixed with flour *pl:* zɔŋkoɔnεε
- zoŋkoŋ-onno [zŏŋkóŋ-ónnó] n. one who cooks workers' food pl: zoŋkoŋ-onemo 2pl: zoŋkoŋ-onemeε.

- zວŋວ [zòŋó] n. blind person pl: zɔnne 2pl: zɔnnɛɛ Var. zɔŋa, zɔŋe
- zoo [zòó] n. ambush pl: zoore 2pl: zoorεε
- **zɔɔ** [zòɔ] *adj.* long and flowing e.g. hair
- zoo [zòò] *v.* to fight, to quarrel zooε, zooro, zooro, zoorebo/zooreba
- zõə $[z\tilde{\delta}\tilde{\delta}]$ v to ride zõə ϵ , zəənə, zəənə, zəənemə, zəənaa
- **zɔɔ-bɔ** [zɔ̀ɔ-bɔ́] *n.* the act of irritating others
- zəəre [zòòrí] n. quarrel, fight
- **zɔɔzeele** [zɔ̀ɔzíílí] *n.* silky flower on a corncob sg: zɔɔzeeloo *pl:* zɔɔzeelε 2*pl:* zɔɔzeelεε
- **zɔzɔ** [zɔzɔ] *adv.* reduced to minimal (rainfall)
- zu [zû] n. head pl: zuri 2pl: zuree
- zu [zú] v. to steal zue, zuuro, -, -, zuraa
- zu [zû] adv. on top of A gane dəgele la a tabol zu. The book is on the table.
- **zubεroŋ** [zúbέrớŋ] *n.* (1) strong and dangerous animal (2) leader (often political) *pl:* **zubεrε** *2pl:* **zubεrεε**
- **zubie** [zúbíé] *n.* misfortune, ill luck *2pl:* **zubiiree**
- **zudaa** [zúdàá] *n.* backbone; that which one relies on *pl:* **zudaare** 2*pl:* **zudaarε**ε
- zufaa [zúfáá] n. ill fate pl: zufaare 2pl: zufaarεε.
- **zugane** [zúgání] *n.* skin of the head *pl:* **zugama** *2pl:* **zugamεε**

zugi zuluŋ

- zugi [zùgì] v. to turn a container upside down to bring out all the contents zugee, zugiro, zugiro, zugiribo, zugiraa
- zugi [zùgì] v. to press the bellows of a furnace zugee, zugiro, zugiro, zugiribo, zugiraa
- zugilaa [zùgìláá] n. bellows pl: zugilaare 2pl: zugilaarεε
- **zugilon** [zúglón] *adj.* unproportioned
- **zugiraa** [zúgráa] *n.* blacksmith's bellows *pl:* **zugiri** *2pl:* **zugiree**
- zugiri [zúgri] v. to shake in order to know whether there something inside e.g. closed tin zugiree, zugiro, zugiro, zugiribo, zugiraa
- **zugizaga** [zùgzàgà] *adj.* huge and heavy e.g. mallet
- **zugi** zugi [zùgzùg] *adv.* moving through in numbers e.g. spectators
- Ba ŋmɛ la a bɔle baare ka a noba ta zugi zugi zugi ba naŋ yire. The football match is over and the spectators are trouping out.
- zugboli [zúgbòlí] *n*. (1) a shaven head (2) a head that is carrying something without a pad *Var*. zukpoli
- zuin [zúín] conj. (1) because, as a result A bie baalon zuin o ma ba gaa toma. As a result of the child's illness, the mother didn't go to work. (2) so A saama na waa la yaga a zuin maale a bondirii yaga. There will be many guests, so cook plenty of food.

- zukoəre [zúkớɔ́rí] n. skull pl: zukɔε 2pl: zukɔrεε Var. zuŋmane
- **zukɔgeraa** [zúkɔ́gráá] *n.* pillow *pl:* **zukɔgere** 2*pl:* **zukɔgerεε**
- **zukɔɔloŋ** [zúkɔ́ɔlóŋ] *n.* hair *pl:* **zukɔɔlɔ** *2pl:* **zukɔɔlɛ**ε
- zukuri [zùkúrí] *n.* back (body) *pl:* zukurri *2pl:* zukuree
- zukpala [zúkpálà] *n.* bald head *2pl:* zukpallεε
- **zukpeεne** [zúkpíέní] *n.* hardheadedness, stubbornness
- **zukpeεŋaa** [zùkpíéŋáá] *adj.* hardheaded *pl:* **zukpeεne**
- zukpoli [zúkpólí] *n.* (1) a shaven head (2) a head that is carrying something without a pad *pl:* zukpolo *2pl:* zukpolee *Var.* zugboli
- zukyuu [zúʧùú] *n.* ritual hair *pl:* zukyuuri *2pl:* zukyuuree
- zulee [zùlèè] adv. large at one end
- **zuleεre** [zúlíéré] *n.* successor *pl:* **zuleεrebε** 2*pl:* **zuleεrebεε**
- zuli [zùli] v. (1) to be unbalanced, to lean to one side (2) to slope zulee,zullo, zullo, zulbo, zullaa
- **zulibala** [zùlìbàlà] *adj.* disproportionately big
- **zulimo** [zúlímó] *adj.* (1) uneven, sloped (2) unbalanced (weight)
- zuluŋ [zùlûŋ] adj. deep pl: zulli 2pl: zullee
- zuluŋ [zùlŭŋ] n. army ant, soldier ant 2pl: zullee

zu-maala zuzuu

- zu-maala [zú-máálá] *n.* hairdresser *pl:* zu-maaleba
- zumaaroŋ [zúmáárŏŋ] n. headache (concentrated around the forehead) pl: zumaara 2pl: zumaarεε
- **zunoo** [zúnờó] *n.* fortune, favour, luck *pl:* **zunoore** *2pl:* **zunoore**ε
- zunzugiri [zùnzùgrí] n. large isolated cloud sg: zunzugiruu pl: zunzugo 2pl: zunzugiree
- zun [zŭn] adv. on top of Var. zu poo
- zuŋmaara [zúŋmáárà] n. executioner pl: zuŋmaareba
- zuŋmane [zúŋmání] n. skull pl: zuŋmama 2pl: zuŋmamεε Var. zukoɔre
- **zuŋmanekoɔ** [zúŋmáníkờó] *n.* suffering
- zuŋmane kõɔ [zúŋmání kὖɔ̃] n. great suffering (typically used with nyu) Deyɛŋ boŋkoɔre ba maale ka nembaaleba da nyu ba zuŋmane kõɔ. Last year, there was a poor crop yield and poor people suffered greatly.
- zuo [zùò] v. (1) to be more than (2) to be too much (3) to pass someone by
- **zu-ɔɔ** [zú-òò] *n.* the condition of having a headache *pl:* **zu-ɔɔre**
- zupili [zúpílí] *n.* hat, cap sg: zupiluu *pl*: zupile *2pl*: zuplee
- **zupiltobo** [zúpìlitòbó] *n.* a hat that covers the ears *2pl:* **zupiltobee**

- **zupoli** [zúpólí] *n.* sinciput (the front of the skull) *sg:* **zupollee** *pl:* **zupolo** *2pl:* **zupolli**
- **zupono** [zú-pónó] *n.* barber *zu-ponimo*
- zu pozu [zú pòzú] v. to gossip
- **zusãa** [zúsãã] *n.* immorality
- **zusãa** [zúsằà] *n.* the practice of vice
- **zusaana** [zúsááná] *n.* one who preaches vice
- **zusaanaa** [zúsãánáá] *n.* the act of engaging in evil practices
- **zusoga** [zúsógá] *adv.* above, high up *Var.* **zusogɔ**
- zusogə [zúsógá] *adv.* above, high up *Var.* zusoga
- zutage [zú-tàgí] n. hardheaded pl: zutagere
- zutalaa [zútálàà] n. headdress pl: zutalle 2pl: zutallεε
- zutuo [zútúó] *n.* misfortune *pl:* zutuuri *2pl:* zutuuree
- **zuu** [zùù] *adv.* huge and heavy
- zuuni [zúúní] v. to stoop zuunee, zuuno, zuuno
- **zuyɔɔ** [zúyɔ́ɔ́] *n.* head tax *2pl:* **zuyɔɔrεε**
- **zuze**ε [zúzìέ] *n.* leader, forerunner *pl:* **zuzeere** 2*pl:* **zuzeerε**ε
- **zuze**ε [zúzìέ] *n.* red-haired person *pl*: **zuzeer**ε 2*pl*: **zuzeer**εε
- zu zɔŋe [zú zɔ̂ŋ] v. to be ashamed zue zɔŋe
- zuzuu [zùzúú] adj. monstrous

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