HUMBOLDT-UNIVERSITÄT ZU BERLIN



LATEX for Linguists

LATEX 4: Bibliography

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Bibliographieren mit BibTeX

- LATEX provides **BibTeX-Tool** for references and bibliographies.
- You need:
 - a bibliography database an ordinary text document with the ending .bib You just need to open a .txt document and change the ending to .bib
 - 2 citation commands in your document (similar to label and ref)
 - 3 a bibliography style (with the ending .bst normally provided by a package).

- Bibliography with BibT_EX
- 2 Bibliography database

- 3 Using your references
- Bibliography style & bibliography

Bibliography database

- an ordinary text document
- You must change the .txt to an .bib ending.



Entries in your database have the following syntax:

```
@book{Knuth1986,
author = {Knuth, Donald E.},
address = {Boston, MA},
publisher = {Addison-Wesley},
title = {The TeXbook},
year = {1986}
}
```

- @book: type of reference
- { }: brackets around the complete entry @book{ }
 and around every single information segment author = { }
- Knuth1986: a unique ID for the entry
- ,: commas as separation for the information segments
- author address etc.: type of information provided

The single information segments have always the same syntax:

```
type of information = {information},
```

Which information depends on the reference type and the bibliography style.

The most important **entry types** are:

- article for articles in journals or magazines
- Obook for published books
- incollection for an article in a edited book
- inproceedings for articles in conference proceedings
- mastersthesis for master thesis (not in every style available)
- phdthesis for dissertations
- unpublished for documents with author and title but not published
- misc the joker in case nothing else fits
 - You can find a list of the required and optional information segments for every entry type in:
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/BibTeX
 - For further information on BibTEX: www.bibtex.org

Examples of entry types:

```
@article{Bach86a.
  Author = {Bach, Emmon}.
  Title = {The Algebra of Events},
  Journal = {Linguistics and Philosophy}.
  Volume = \{1\}.
  Number = \{9\},
  Pages = \{5--16\}.
  Year = \{1986\} \}
@book{Chomsky81b,
  Author = {Chomsky, Noam}.
  Title = {Lectures on {G}overnment and {B}inding}.
  Publisher = {Foris Publications},
  Address = {Dordrecht},
  Year = \{1981\} \}
@incollection{Kratzer98a,
  Author = {Kratzer, Angelika}.
  Title = {Scope or Pseudoscope? Are There Wide-Scope Indefinites?},
  BookTitle = {Events and Grammar},
  Editor = {Rothstein, Susan},
  Publisher = {Kluwer}.
  Address = {Dordrecht},
  Pages = \{163--196\}.
  Year = \{1998\} \}
```

- Bibliography with BibT_EX
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- Using your references
- Bibliography style & bibliography

Using your references

Using your references is similar to using ref, but with the command cite (or versions of it) and the **ID** of the entry:

```
\cite{ID}
```

If a reference should **appear in your bibliography**, but **not in your text**, then use nocite and the **ID**:

```
\nocite{ID}
```

Example:

```
The following entry appear in the text and in the bibliography (cf.\ end of this presentation): \c
```

```
On the other hand, the following entry is not appearing in the text but in the bibliography (cf.\ end of this presentation): \nocite{ZimmermannT&Sternefeld13a}
```

The following entry appear in the text and in the bibliography (cf. end of this presentation): Löbner (2015).

On the other hand, the following entry is not appearing in the text but in the bibliography (cf. end of this presentation):

- Bibliography with BibT_EX
- Bibliography database

- Using your references
- Bibliography style & bibliography

Bibliography style & bibliography

- The ways your in-text citations and your bibliography is formatted depends on your bibliography style.
- The following styles are always included (other styles are loaded for instance with packages):
 - alpha.bst
 - abbrv.bst (useful for abstracts)
 - plain.bst
 - unsrt.bst
- At the position you want your bibliography to appear, put the following commands:

```
\bibliographystyle{name of style}
\bibliography{name of .bib-file}
```

\bibliographystyle{langsci-unified} \bibliography{myFirstBibliography}

Style: alpha

If you are working about the scope of indefinites take a look at \cite(Kratzer98a). The theory of Government and Binding is explained in \cite(Chomsky81b). An interesting ontology of eventualities is given in \cite(Bach86a). \cite(Kratzer98a) discusses the possibility that specific indefinites do not have wide scope but pseudo-scope.

\bibliography{myFirstBibliography.bib} \bibliographystyle{alpha}

If you are working about the scope of indefinites take a look at [Kra98]. The theory of Government and Binding is explained in [Cho81]. An interesting ontology of eventualities is given in [Bac86]. [Kra98] discusses the possibility that specific indefinites do not have wide scope but pseudo-scope.

References

- [Bac86] Emmon Bach. The algebra of events. Linguistics and Philosophy, 1(9):5-16, 1986.
- [Cho81] Noam Chomsky. Lectures on Government and Binding. Foris Publications, Dordrecht, 1981.
- [Kra98] Angelika Kratzer. Scope or pseudoscope? are there wide-scope indefinites? In Susan Rothstein, editor, Events and Grammar, pages 163–196. Kluwer, Dordrecht, 1998.

Style: abbrv

If you are working about the scope of indefinites take a look at \cite{Kratzer98a}. The theory of Government and Binding is explained in \cite(Enomsky81b). An interesting ontology of eventualities is given in \cite(Bach8a). \cite{Kratzer98a} discusses the possibility that specific indefinites do not have wide scope but pseudo-scope.

\bibliography{myFirstBibliography.bib} \bibliographystyle{abbrv}

If you are working about the scope of indefinites take a look at [3]. The theory of Government and Binding is explained in [2]. An interesting ontology of eventualities is given in [1]. [3] discusses the possibility that specific indefinites do not have wide scope but pseudo-scope.

References

- [1] E. Bach. The algebra of events. Linguistics and Philosophy, 1(9):5-16, 1986.
- [2] N. Chomsky. Lectures on Government and Binding. Foris Publications, Dordrecht, 1981.
- [3] A. Kratzer. Scope or pseudoscope? are there wide-scope indefinites? In S. Rothstein, editor, Events and Grammar, pages 163–196. Kluwer, Dordrecht, 1998.

Exercise

Go to

https://github.com/langsci/latex4linguists/blob/master/2-1.md and follow the instructions of **all blocks** in your .tex file.

Quellen I

 Link: BibT_EX - Wikipedia (German) https://de.wikipedia.org/wiki/BibTeX [Zugriff: 23.10.2017]

Link: BibTEX - Wikipedia (English)
 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/BibTeX
 [Zugriff: 11.01.2019]

• Link: BibTeX.org http://www.bibtex.org [Zugriff: 23.10.2017]

• Link: Creating and Managing Bibliographies with BibTeX on Overleaf - (Lian Tze Lim) https://www.overleaf.com/blog/
532-creating-and-managing-bibliographies-with-bibtex-on-overleaf
[Zugriff: 28.11.2017]

 Paket: natbib - Flexible bibliography support. https://ctan.org/pkg/natbib [Zugriff: 23.10.2017]

Quellen II

Twitter: TEX tips

https://twitter.com/textip

[Zugriff: 10.04.2017]

 YouTube-Tutorial: LATEX Tutorial https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCC-3dzj6dfbWwGzQzhkUS5A

[Zugriff: 23.10.2017]

Link: Akzente und Sonderzeichen in LaTeX.
 https://de.wikibooks.org/wiki/LaTeX/_Akzente_und_Sonderzeichen
 [Zugriff: 10.10.2017]

• Link: LATEX/Special Characters. https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/LaTeX/Special_Characters [Zugriff: 02.01.2019]

 Link: CTAN - The Comprehensive TEX Archive Network . http://www.ctan.org/ [Zugriff: 02.01.2019]

Literatur I

Freitag, C. and A. Machicao y Priemer (2015). LaTeX-Einführung für Linguisten. Manuskript.

Knuth, D. E. (1986). The TEXbook. Boston: Addison-Wesley.

Kopka, H. (1994). ETEX: Einführung, Volume 1. Bonn: Addison-Wesley.

Löbner, S. (2015). Semantik: Eine Einführung (2 ed.). Berlin: De Gruyter Mouton.

Machicao y Priemer, A. (2018). Hinweise für Seminararbeiten. Manuskript.

Machicao y Priemer, A. and R. Kerkhof (2016). LaTeX-Einführung für Linguisten – Slides. Presentation at the 7^{th} linguistischer Methodenworkshop in the Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin – 22–24 February 2016.

Zimmermann, T. E. and W. Sternefeld (2013). *Introduction to Semantics: An Essential Guide to the Composition of Meaning.* Berlin: De Gruyter Mouton.