

Language Agents: Foundations, Prospects, and Risks



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Part I: Introduction

Yu Su

The rise, and the divide

Bill Gates

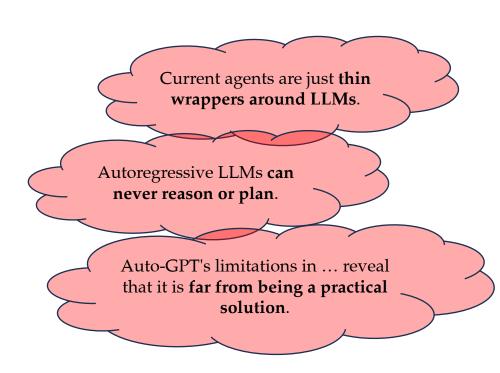
Agents are bringing about the **biggest revolution in computing** since we went from typing commands to tapping on icons.

Andrew Ng

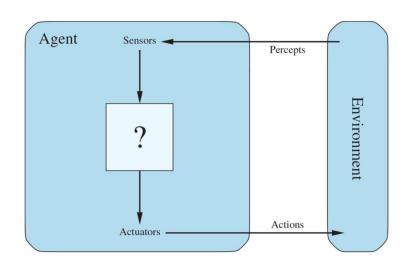
I think AI agentic workflows will drive massive AI progress this year.

Sam Altman

2025 is when agents will work.



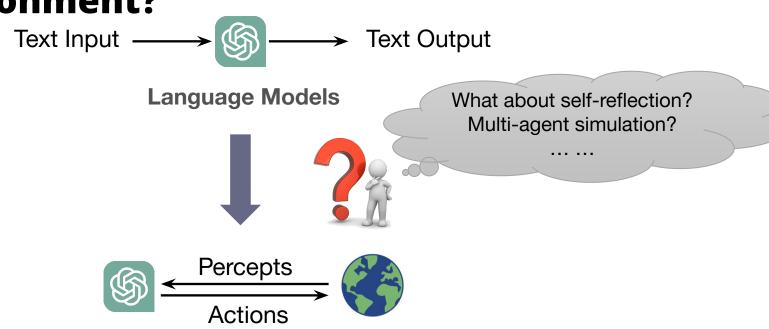
Why agents again?



"An agent is anything that can be viewed as perceiving its environment through sensors and acting upon that environment through actuators."

-- Russell & Norvig, Al: A Modern Approach (2020)

'Modern' agent = LLM + external environment?



LLM-based Agents

Two competing views

LLM-first view: We make an LLM into an agent!

 Implications: scaffold on top of LLMs, prompting-focused, heavy on engineering

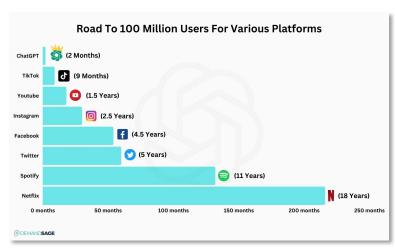
Agent-first view: We integrate LLMs into AI agents so they can use language for reasoning and communication!

Implications: All the same challenges faced by previous Al agents (e.g., perception, reasoning, world models, planning) still remain, but we need to re-examine them through the new lens of LLMs and tackle new ones (e.g., synthetic data, self-reflection, internalized search)

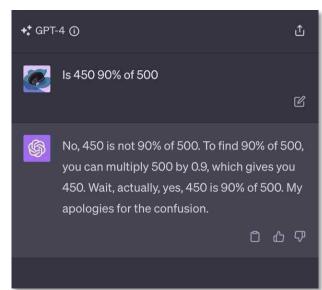
What's fundamentally different now?

Contemporary Al agents, with integrated LLM(s), can use language as a vehicle for reasoning and communication

- 1 Instruction following, in-context learning, output customization
- Reasoning (for better acting): state inferences, self-reflection, replanning, etc.

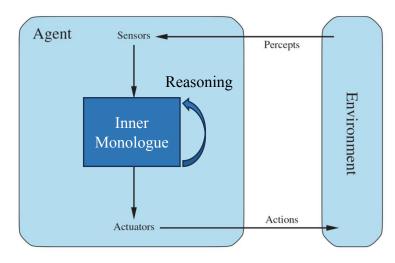


https://www.demandsage.com/chatgpt-statistics/



https://www.reddit.com/r/ChatGPT/comments/16jvl4x/wait actually yes/

Reconciling with classic view of agents



Adapted from Russell & Norvig (2020)

- Reasoning by generating tokens is a new type of action (vs. actions in external environments)
- Internal environment, where reasoning takes place in an inner monologue fashion
- Self-reflection is a 'meta' reasoning action (i.e., reasoning over the reasoning process), akin to metacognitive functions
- Reasoning is for better acting, by inferring environmental states, retrospection, dynamic replanning, etc.
- Percept and external action spaces are substantially expanded, thanks to using language for communication and multimodal perception

Unlike humans, LLMs (mostly) only have one mechanism (token generation) for perception, intuitive inferences, and symbolic reasoning; everything is effortful and takes a forward pass



GPT-40

In this image, we see a young boy sitting on the floor, looking down at a pile of broken dishes. He appears to be sad or remorseful. In front of him, a woman, likely his mother or caregiver, is kneeling and looking at him with a concerned, questioning expression. Her body language, with her hands open and her facial expression, suggests that she's asking him something or expressing surprise or frustration about the broken dishes.

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GPT-40

Perception

In this image, we see a young boy sitting on the floor, looking down at a pile of broken dishes. He appears to be sad or remorseful. In front of him, a woman, likely his mother or caregiver, is kneeling and looking at him with a concerned, questioning expression. Her body language, with her hands open and her facial expression, suggests that she's asking him something or expressing surprise or frustration about the broken dishes.

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Perception

Intuitive Inference

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Perception

Intuitive

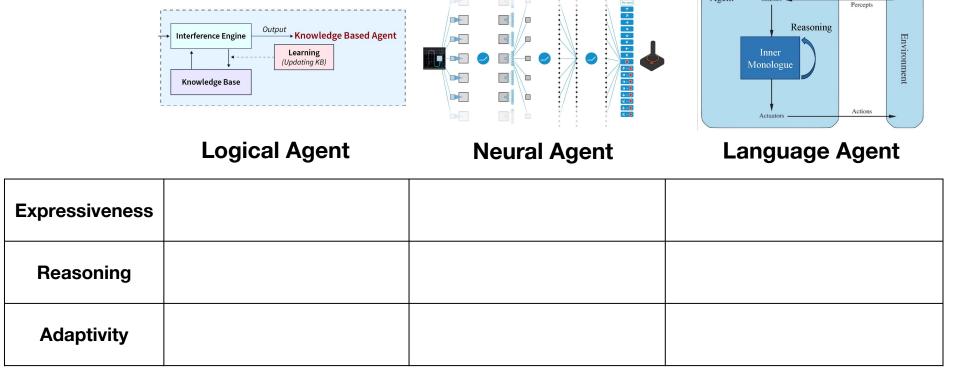
Reasoning

One may alternatively call this 'thought' to avoid the over-loaded term of 'reasoning,' at the risk of further anthropomorphizing machines

Language agents: a new type of Al agents

- These contemporary AI agents capable of using language for reasoning and communication are best called "language agents." They are qualitatively a different type of AI agents with language being their most distinct trait.
- What about multimodal agents?
 - While there's perception of other input modalities, language is still doing the heavy lifting (i.e., reasoning and communication)
- What about simply LLM agents?
 - The key is using language for reasoning and communication, but that doesn't have to come from an LLM; that may turn out to be a means to an end
 - Maybe in a few years, we will move beyond LLMs, but the need for universal language understanding and production in agents will remain

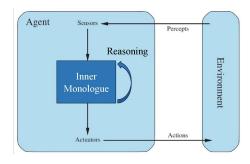
Evolution of AI agents



Agent

Evolution of Al agents





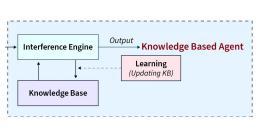
Logical Agent

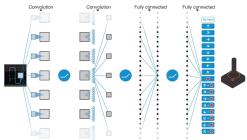
Neural Agent

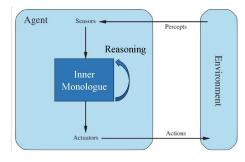
Language Agent

Expressiveness	Low bounded by the logical language	
Reasoning	Logical inferences sound, explicit, rigid	
Adaptivity	Low bounded by knowledge curation	

Evolution of Al agents







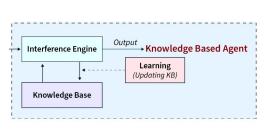
Logical Agent

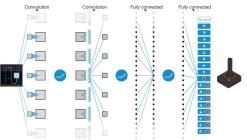
Neural Agent

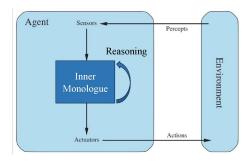
Language Agent

Expressiveness	Low bounded by the logical language	Medium anything a (small) NN can encode	
Reasoning	Logical inferences sound, explicit, rigid	Parametric inferences stochastic, implicit, rigid	
Adaptivity	Low bounded by knowledge curation	Medium data-driven but sample inefficient	

Evolution of Al agents







Logical Agent

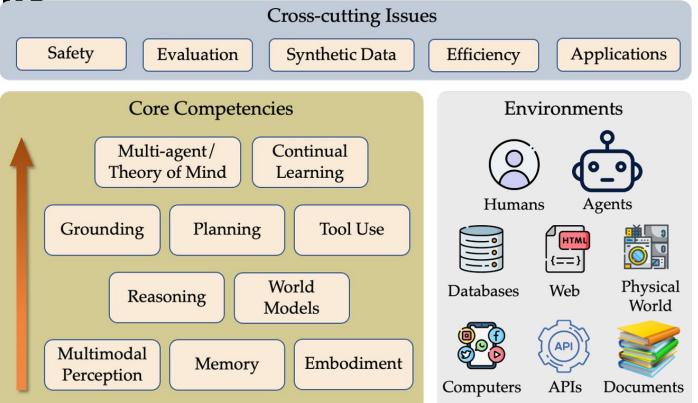
Neural Agent

Language Agent

Expressiveness	Low bounded by the logical language	Medium anything a (small) NN can encode	High almost anything, esp. verbalizable parts of the world
Reasoning	Logical inferences sound, explicit, rigid	Parametric inferences stochastic, implicit, rigid	Language-based inferences fuzzy, semi-explicit, flexible
Adaptivity	Low bounded by knowledge curation	Medium data-driven but sample inefficient	High strong prior from LLMs + language use

A conceptual framework for language

agerts



Overview

- 2:00-2:20 **Part I:** Introduction [20 mins]
- 2:20-3:20 Part II: Foundations: Reasoning, Memory, and Planning [60 mins]
- 3:20-3:30 **Q&A** [10 mins]
- 3:30-4:00 **Coffee Break** [30 mins]
- 4:00-4:45 Part III: Applications, Data, and Evaluation [45 mins]
- 4:45-5:20 **Part IV:** Emerging Topics: Multi-Agent Systems, Safety, and Social Impact [35 mins]
- 5:20-5:30 Part V: Final Remarks and Outlook + Q&A [10 mins]

Disclaimers

This tutorial is

- to offer a clear definition and conceptual framework for language agents, properly situated in the historical context
- to have a careful discussion on foundational competencies, exciting applications, and emerging issues
- really, our sincere attempt to get you excited about language agents as much as we do!

This tutorial is *not*

- a comprehensive survey covering as much related work as possible
- a practitioner's guide that focuses on code frameworks and best practices

This is a still an emerging topic and we welcome constructive discussions!