ALGORITHMS

Assignment 3 Report

Group: 6

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1 Exercise 1

1.1 i) (2 point)

Algorithm 1 Fibonacci_recur

```
\begin{array}{lll} \text{0: procedure } \mathsf{FIBONACCI\_RECUR}(\mathsf{n}) \\ \text{0: } & \mathsf{if } n == 0 \mathsf{ then} \\ \text{0: } & \mathsf{return } n \\ \text{0: } & \mathsf{else } \mathsf{if } n == 1 \mathsf{ then} \\ \text{0: } & \mathsf{return } n \\ \text{0: } & \mathsf{else } \mathsf{if } n >= 2 \mathsf{ then} \\ \text{0: } & \mathsf{return } Fibonacci\_recur(n-1) + Fibonacci\_recur(n-2) \\ \end{array}
```

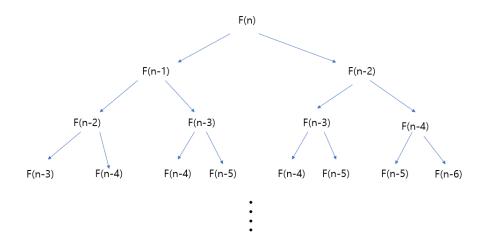
1.2 ii) (3 point)

Algorithm 2 Fibonacci_DP

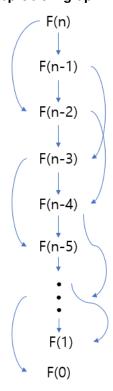
```
0: procedure FIBONACCI_DP(n)
     create array D[0...n]
     if n <= 1 then
0:
        return n
0:
     end if
0:
     D[0] = 0
0:
     D[1] = 1
0:
     \quad \text{for } i=2 \text{ to } n \text{ do}
0:
0:
        D[i] = D[i-1] + D[i-2]
0:
     end for
     return D[n]
0:
```

1.3 iii) (5 point)

recursion tree



subproblem graph



1.4 iiii) (5 point)

vertex: n+1개

정점은 F(n)부터 F(0)까지 n+1개 있다.

edge : 2n-2개

F(n)부터 F(2)까지 간선이 각각 2개씩, F(1)과 F(0)에는 간선이 없다.

 $Fibonacci_DP(n)$ 의 running time은 O(n)이다.

 $Fibonacci_DP(n)$ 에 n을 input값으로 넣었을 때, 2부터 n까지 n-1번만큼 반복하며 피보나치 수열을 구하게 된다. 따라서 running time은 O(n)이다.

2 Exercise 2

2.1 i)

i	r_i	optimal solution
1	2	1 (no cuts)
2	4	1 + 1
3	8	3 (no cuts)
4	10	1 + 3
5	12	5 (no cuts)

2.2 ii)

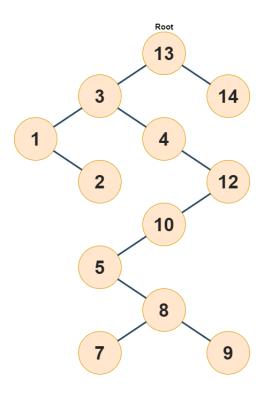
r_5	optimal solution
12	5 (no cuts)
12	3 + 1 + 1

2.3 iii)

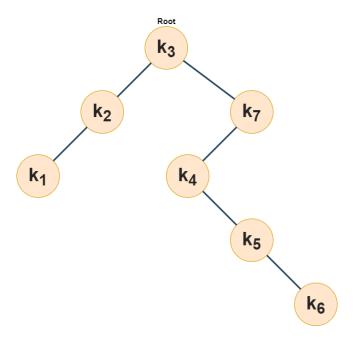
No, ii)의 solution 중에서 3+1+1의 경우, length가 1인 rod의 limit은 1이지만, 2개가 사용되었기 때문입니다.

3 Exercise 4

3.1



3.2



In this binary search tree, the cost is computed by

$$\{0 \cdot 0.15 + 1(0.22 + 0.25) + 2(0.18 + 0.1) + 3(0.06) + 4(0.04)\} + 1 = 2.37$$

3.3

