Practical No 8: Competitive Coding

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Difficulty: Medium Accuracy: 34.42% Submissions: 175K+ Points: 4 Average Time: 45m

You are given an undirected graph consisting of **V** vertices and **E** edges represented by a list **edges**[][], along with an integer **m**. Your task is to determine whether it is possible to **color the graph** using at most **m** different colors such that no two adjacent vertices share the **same color**. Return true if the graph can be colored with at most **m** colors, otherwise return false.

Note: The graph is indexed with 0-based indexing.

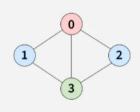
Examples:

Input: V = 4, edges[][] = [[0, 1], [1, 3], [2, 3], [3, 0], [0, 2]], m = 3

Output: true

Explanation: It is possible to color the given graph using 3 colors, for example, one of the possible ways

vertices can be colored as follows:



Vertex 0: Color 1 Vertex 1: Color 2 Vertex 2: Color 2 Vertex 3: Color 3

Input: V = 3, edges[][] = [[0, 1], [1, 2], [0, 2]], m = 2

Output: false

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Java (21)
                         Start Timer ()
 1 - class Solution {
 2 +
        private boolean isSafe(int node,int[][]graph,int[]color,int c){
 3
            int V=graph.length;
 4 -
            for(int i=0;i<V;i++){</pre>
                if(graph[node][i]==1&&color[i]==c){
 5 +
 6
                    return false;
 7
 8
 9
            } return true;
10
        private boolean solve(int node,int[][]graph,int m,int[]color,int V){
11 -
12
          if(node==V)return true;
13 ₹
          for (int c = 1; c <= m; c++) {
            if(isSafe(node,graph,color,c)){
14 -
15
                color[node]=c;
16
            if(solve(node+1,graph,m,color,V))return true;
17
            color[node]=0;
18
19
20
            return false;
21
        boolean graphColoring(int V, int[][] edges, int m) {
22 -
23
            // code here
24
            int[][]graph=new int[V][V];
25 -
            for(int[]e:edges){
26
                graph[e[0]][e[1]]=1;
27
                graph[e[1]][e[0]]=1;
28
29
            int[]color=new int[V];
30
            return solve(0,graph,m,color,V);
31
32 }
33
```

