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Vocab/True False

1. Array Declaration and Initialization
2. True-False expression
3. Argument
4. Logical Operator
5. Relational Operator
6. Relational Operator
7. True/False expression
8. Logical Operator
9. True/False expression
10. Argument
11. False. The first if statement also requires index 1 and index 2 to not be the same value. Because we aren’t given what’s in index 2 we can not tell if it will execute.
12. False. Right after the while loop, we know I will be 3 because once it becomes 3 it will exit the loop.
13. False. There is a ! in from of the statement meaning if index 0 is not 20 then it will execute. Provided the previous if statement failed.
14. True. Printf returns the number of characters printed as an int. the scores array is also of type int. because the values are the same type you can assign an index to the return value of printf.
15. False. Because there is a for loop that changes the value for I initially and each time it loops, i-2 will not always be the same.
16. True. The first score is both 20 and larger than the second. This mean the else statement gets executed.
17. False. Because I is set to 0, runs until it hits 30, and no extra code affect I in the code, we know it will run 30 times.
18. False. The scores[1] value is ultimately dependent on what the user put in. it is never set to a value but instead reduced by 2.

Give answers

1. rand()
2. atol()
3. Yes. Math.h
4. Yes. Time.h
5. Stdlib.h and math.h