# fUML Refactoring with EMF Business Informatic Group

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## Refactoring Overview

- What is refactoring?
  - "defines a set of program restructuring operations" that "preserve the behavior of a program" [4]
- Why do we need it?
  - Increases software and/or model quality
  - Ensures reusability of components
  - Supports change management in software lifecycle
- Examples: rename class, extract superclass, encapsulate field.
- Detailed catalogues with refactorings exist (e.g. [1])

#### Recall - UML

- Unified Modeling Language (v2.4.1) standardized by Object Management Group [3]
- General-purpose modeling language in the field of software engineering (Wikipedia)
- Includes different diagram types for architecture structure & behavior

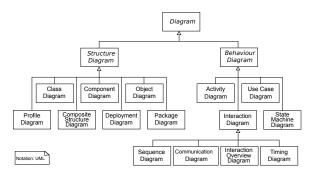


Figure: UML diagram type hierarchy (Derfel73, PMerson)

## **UML** Models and Refactoring

- Whats the difference between source code and model refactoring?
  - Consider all interconnected views/diagrams
  - Consider model constraints
  - Consider different accuracy levels
- How can we preserve behavior/semantics?
  - Static analysis of models (e.g. "code smells" like complexity or dependencies)
  - Dynamic analysis of models (e.g. via behavior during execution)

#### fUML Introduction

- fUML = foundational UML
- ▶ fUML 1.1 is based on UML 2.4.1
- Subset of UML (Class and Activity diagrams)
- Enhanced with consise semantics
- Turing complete and allows execution or interpretation
- Existing VM to execute models
- Extended VM for testing and debugging (Moliz) [2]

## Complex Example

An insurance company example which sells insurance policies. A policy can insure cars and truck and calculate its price.

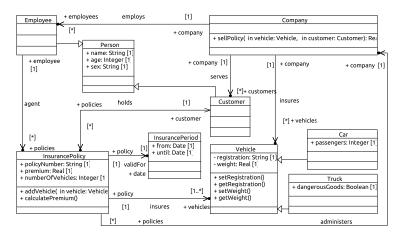


Figure: Insurance class diagram with refactorings

# fUML Refactoring

► Show example of encapsulate field.

#### Semantic Preservation

- What means semantic preservation?
  - ► Same execution trace?
  - Same output?
  - ► Same state?
- Depends on refactoring!
- How to preserve semantics?
  - Specify pre- and postconditions with OCL constraints
  - Validate refactored models.
  - Execute models and analyse execution properties (trace).

# Refactoring Constraints with OCL

## Toolchain

## **EMF** Refactor

# Questions?

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