

ungrouped table grammar v0

Abstract

This is to define the syntax to control the appearance of table cells and the horizontal lines in the table.

It is a modification of LaTeX syntax for creating tabular data.

Alphabet

same as Python alphabet

Production rules

```
S → <itemOrder>
<itemOrder> → <cellOrder> | <hlineOrder>
<hlineOrder> → <hlineID> "<" <seqNumber> ">" <newline>
<cellOrder> → <cellID> "<" <seqNumber> ">" <newline>
<cellID> → <arrayID> <indexChain>
<indexChain> → "[" <index> "]" λ | <indexChain>
```

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```
<hlineID> → <stringIdentifier>
<arrayID> → <stringIdentifier>
<index> → <number> +
<seqNumber> → <number> +
<stringIdentifier> → <char> <stringTail>
<stringTail> → \(\lambda\) | <char> | <number> <stringTail>
<char> → "a" | "b" | ... | "z" | "A" | "B" | ... | "Z" | "_"
<number> → "0" | "1" | ... | "9"
<newline> → "\n"
```

Sample code snippet

Written using this grammar

```
% create a table in standard latex syntax
% -----no vert bar--tableID (behaves like HTML tag ID)
col1 & col2 & col3 \\
   \hline [hlineID="hline1"]
   col1 & col2 & col3 \\
   col1 & col2 & col3 \\
   \hline [hlineID="hline2"]
% this section uses the new grammar
% defining custom order for each cells
mytable[0][1] <1>
mytable[0][0] <2>
hline1 <2>
                 % hline1 will appear alongside mytable[0][0]
mytable[1][2] <4>
mytable[2][0] <4>
hline2 <5>
                 % hline2 will appear after mytable[1][2] and mytable[2][0]
```

Problems

Things that next versions should be able to address:

- thing 1
- thing 2

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