Observer Pattern

Observer Pattern

The observer pattern allows for an object to notify other objects of state change.

Players

- Subject
- Observer
 - Concrete Observers

Observer Pattern

Players

- Subject
 - Manages State Part of Model
- Observer
 - Wants notification of state change from subject
 - Model / View / Controller
 - Concrete Observers

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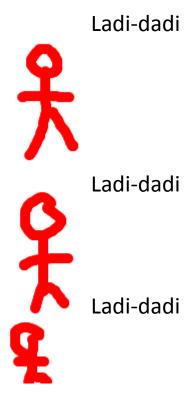
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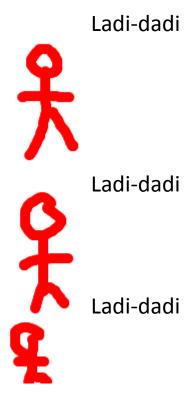
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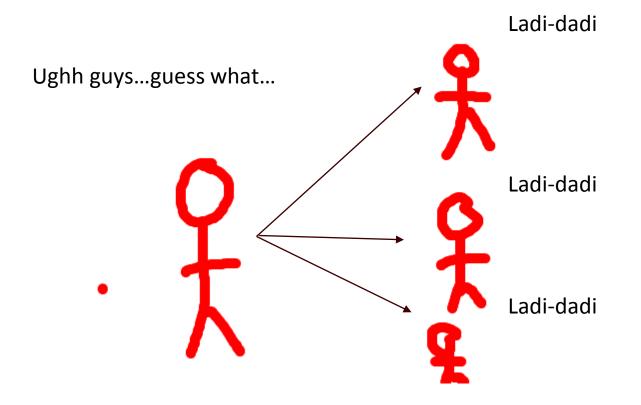






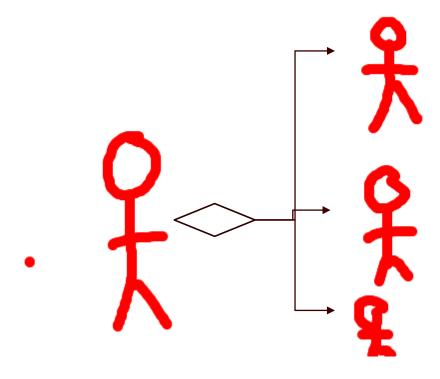
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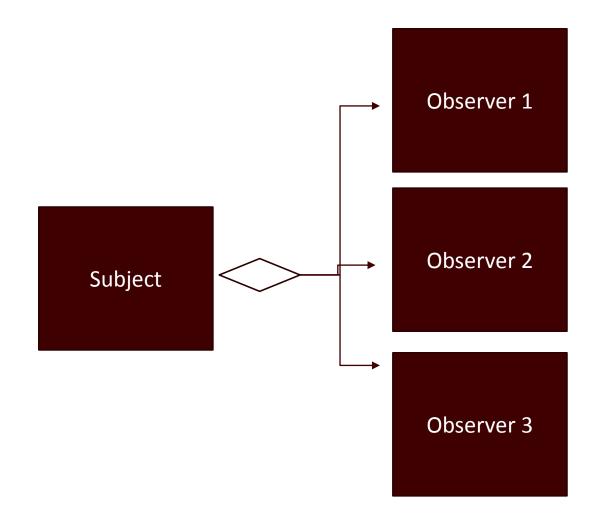


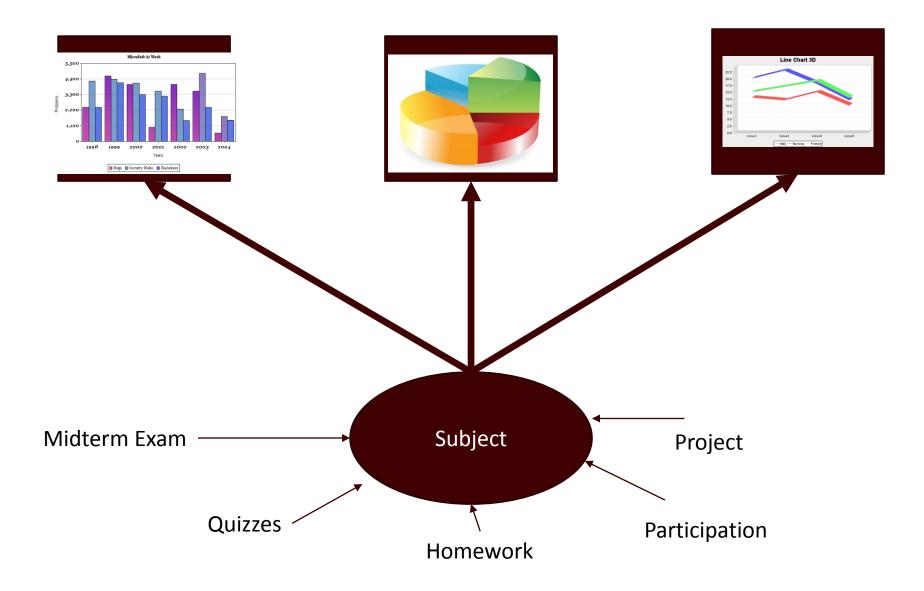


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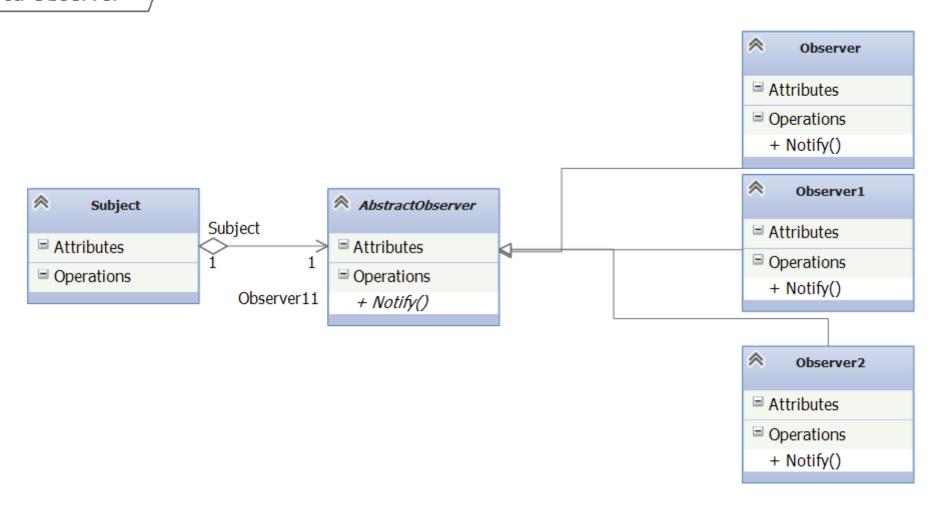
A what?! Asteroid!!! Sweet

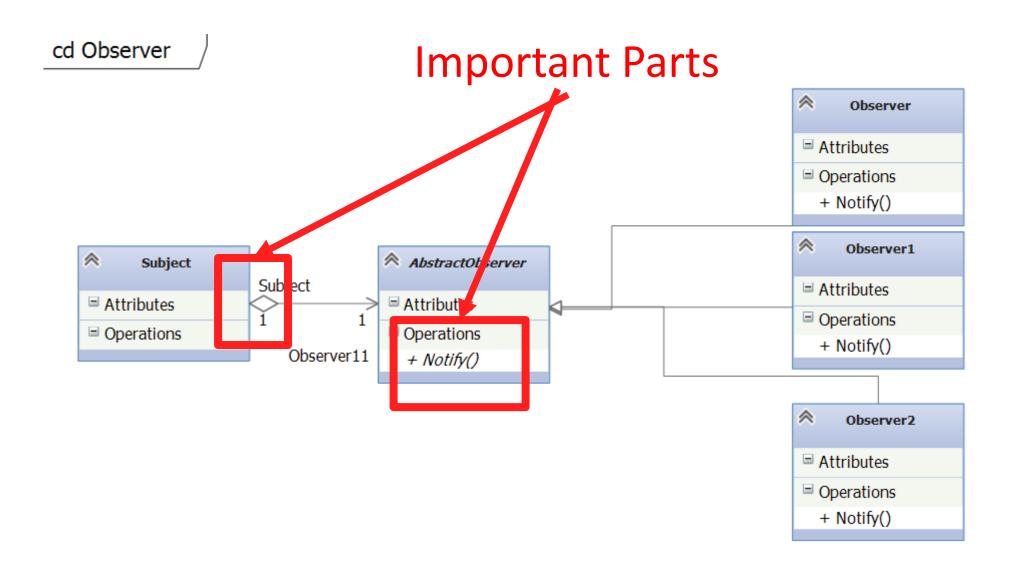






cd Observer





Subject to Notifier

Using an abstract object, the subject, can notify it's observers through a common interface.

Note, that the abstract notify object can be an interface, realized by multiple observers. This allows the observers to inherit from another source, but accept notifications from the subject.

Other forms of Implementation

Events and Delegates

 Delegates are method signatures, that allow an object to provide a reference to a method to be called via an event.

Essentially, this is loosely coupling the observer from the notifier.

Events

.net has events

Events are ways for classes to provide notification to observers

Multi-cast delegate

Aggregation – multiple objects to notify!

Use:

- Delegate e.g. function pointer, method signature
- Event Declaration

Delegate

A delegate is just a method signature

```
public delegate void AddAnimal(object sender, Animal animal);
```

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public delegate void AddAnimal(object sender, Animal animal);
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Event Definition

```
public delegate void AddAnimal(object sender, Animal animal);
```

public event AddAnimal AddedDog;

Event Definition

```
public delegate void AddAnimal(object sender, Animal animal);
public event AddAnimal AddedDog;
```

Event Definition

public delegate void AddAnimal(object sender, Animal animal);
public event AddAnimal AddedDog;

Event Subscription

```
m_manager.AddedCat += m_manager_AddedCat;
```

Event Subscription

```
m_manager.AddedCat += m_manager_AddedCat;
```

Example...

Zoo – using events

Windows Forms

Translators - using interfaces

Caveats

Great for broadcasting (multi-casting) data

Flexible and scalable.

 Although if broadcasts are periodic, the system performance can degrade with large numbers of observers.

Message updates may not be deterministic.

Clients (observers) may not suspect state change.

Now you go!

Implement the observer pattern using the event and delegate structure in .net

Create an example program that reads a target INI file, and displays the targets in a list. When a target list is read, it should add the target to a target manager. When a new target is added (or list of targets) the TM should notify a form and an object that logs to a file that new targets were aded