

# Practical Malware Analysis & Triage Malware Analysis Report

Ransomware.wannacry.exe

Jan 2022 | Lanzo | v1.0



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### **Executive Summary**

SHA256 hash 24d004a104d4d54034dbcffc2a4b19a11f39008a575aa614ea04703480b1022c

Wannacry is a ransomware malware compiled in C++ that runs on x64 and x86 Windows OS.

The sample consist of a main payload that upacks an additional payload, the malware then encrypts your files then demand ransom payments to unlock those files.

It also have worm capability and try to propagate itself using EternalBlue SMB Exploit.

Symptoms of infection include:

- Files are encrypted using the .WNRY extension
- Changed wallpaper on the infected host
- A Program windows explicitly telling the host is infected and the files encrypted and asking for a ransom with a countdown times and a payment link
- @WanaDecryptor@ executable and a @Please\_Read\_Me@ files on the desktop
- A hidden directory C:\ProgramData\ and a new service with the same name used for persistence
- A service listening on port 9050 taskche.exe

YARA signature rules are attached in Appendix A. Malware sample and hashes have been submitted to VirusTotal for further examination.

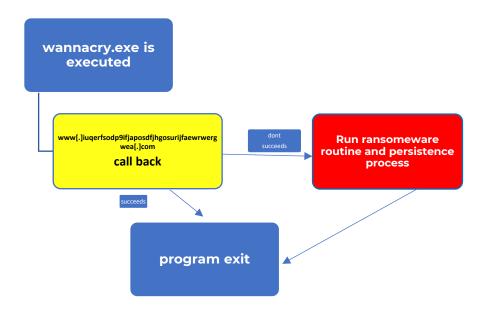


# **High-Level Technical Summary**

Wannacry consists of two parts: an encrypted stage 0 dropper and an unpacked and decoded stage 2 command execution program. It first attempts to contact its callback URL

(hxxp[://]www[.]iuqerfsodp9ifjaposdfjhgosurijfaewrwergwea[.]com ) as a kill switch if it succeeds the program just terminate otherwise it unpack the next stage, copy the files in the hidden directory, create the persistence process and run the crypto routine.

r





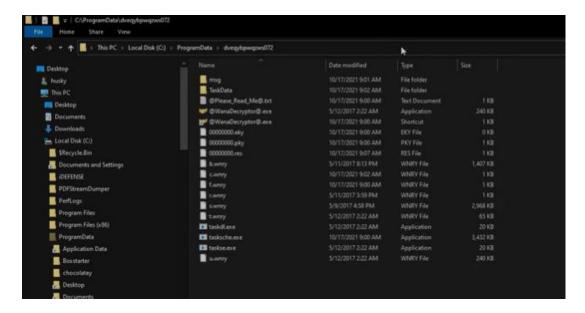
# **Malware Composition**

DemoWare consists of the following components:

File Name	SHA256 Hash
Ransomware.wannacry.exe	24d004a104d4d54034dbcffc2a4b19a11f39008a575aa614ea04703480b1022c

Ransomware.wannacry.exe The initial executable that runs if the callback URL fails.

Hidden files created by the second stage in C:\ProgramData\ with random name.





### **Basic Static Analysis**

{Screenshots and description about basic static artifacts and methods}

```
Xd.Xd.Xd.Xd

mssecsvc2.0

Microsoft Security Center (2.0) Service

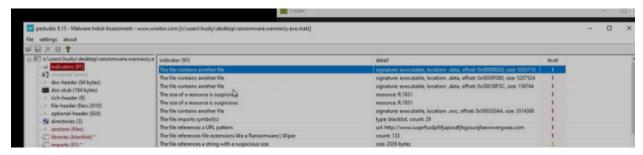
Xs · m security
C:\Xs\qeriumjhrf
C:\Xs\qeriumjhrf
C:\Xs\Xs
    tasksche.exe
CloseHandle
Writefile
CreateFlocessA
http://www.iuqerfsodp9ifjaposdfjhgosurijfammumergwma.com
IThis program cannot be run in DOS mode.

-j&&LZ601A??-
f"D-**!
V22dN::t

CryptImportKey
CryptAcquireContextA
cmd.exe /c "%s"

I15p7UMMngojIpNvkpHijcRdf3NXj6irLn
12tsYDPgwueZ9NyMgw5i9p7AA8isjr65Mw
13AM4VNZdhxYgXeQepoHkHSQuy6NgaEb94
Global\MsWinZonesCacheCounterMutexA
tasksche.exe
TaskStart
Itaals.../gmant Everyone:F /T./Cm/Q
attrib +h
MKcryw2o17
```

We can see the URL, a path with %s string replacement, cmd command execution, directory attribute permission modifier and +h hidden attribute, some crypto API call and the suspicious look alike windows process tasksche.exe.



This sample contain another file packed, many encryption API call and as indicator we have "The file references file extensions like a Ransomware | Wiper.

One of the API call is InternetOpenA, probably the API used to reach the killswitch URL.

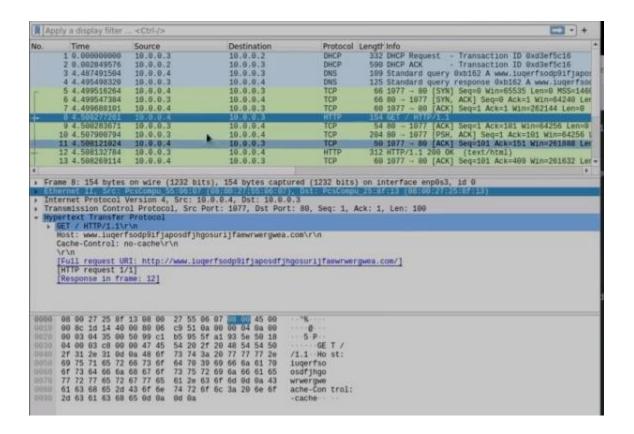


#### **Basic Dynamic Analysis**

{Screenshots and description about basic dynamic artifacts and methods}

#### **Detonation with Remnux as Internet simulator**

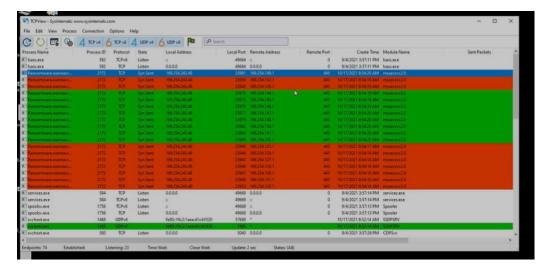
Running the sample with Administrator Privilege with Remnux as internet service emulator using Wireshark and Procmon as soon as the URL respond the sample just terminated execution.





#### **Detonation without Internet simulator**

Detonating the sample without an internet simulator we can see the DNS request fail and the malware continue the execution.

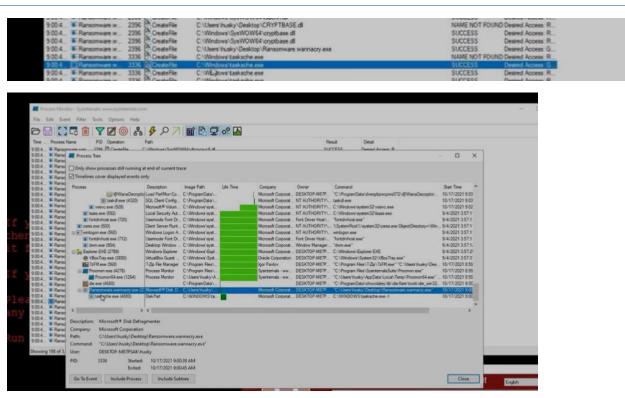


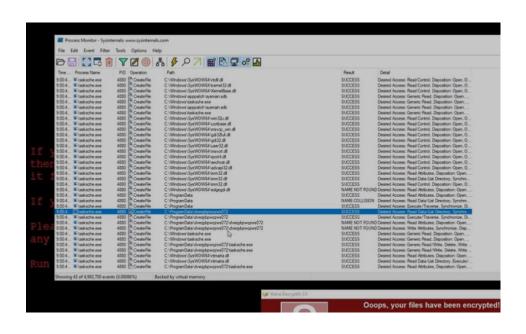
Many call on SMB port 445 to different local host addresses (EternalBlue exploit)



This process listening on port 9050

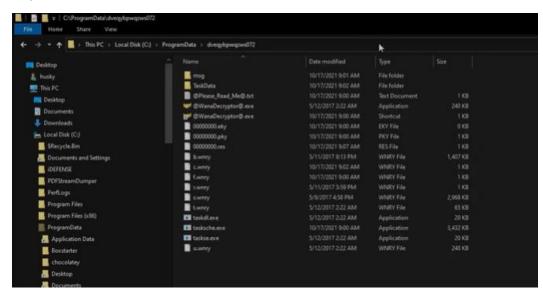








Following the process Tree we can see it create a folder with a random name with all the unpacked files.



At the end we can see that our wallpaper changed and a program start saying that all our files are being encrypted and we have a limited time to pay the ransom to get them back.





# **Advanced Static Analysis**

{Screenshots and description about findings during advanced static analysis}

In Cutter we can see the string with the URL bein loaded in ESI register and then used in InternetOpenA API call.

```
The Marchine Yes Impat Delices Help

© Cuter C-Charry During Delices (Page 1999)

For East Yes Marchine (Page 1999)

For
```

The result of the API Call is tested before taking the JNE in "test edi, edi" before the killer switch, if it is true the program terminate (0x004081bc) otherwise the program before quit call the function 00408090 and run the rest of the program (0x004081a7)

```
push ex
push ex
push exi
call dword [InternetOperUrlA] ; 0x40a138
mov edi, eax
push esi
mov esi, dword [InternetCloseHandle] ; 0x40a13c
test edi, edi
jne 0x4081bc

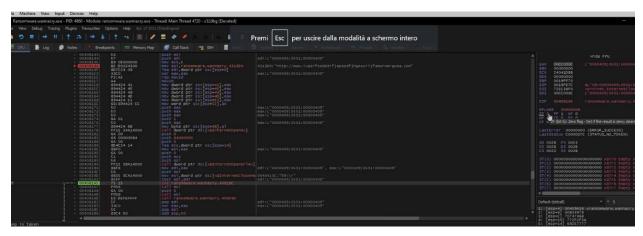
[0x004081a7]
call esi
push 0
call esi
push edi
add esp, 0x50
ret 0x10
ret 0x10
```

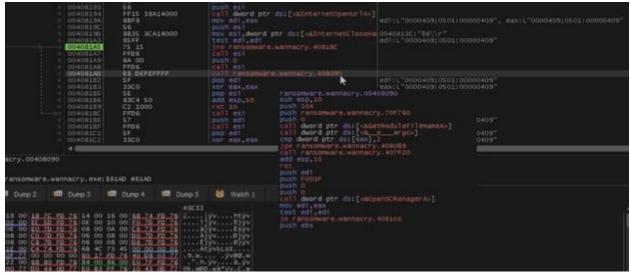


# **Advanced Dynamic Analysis**

{Screenshots and description about advanced dynamic artifacts and methods}

Using x32dbg we can change the execution modifying the ZF zero flag set before the JNE, this way even if the URL is reached and ZF is not set we can change this right before the JNE e execute the rest of the program.





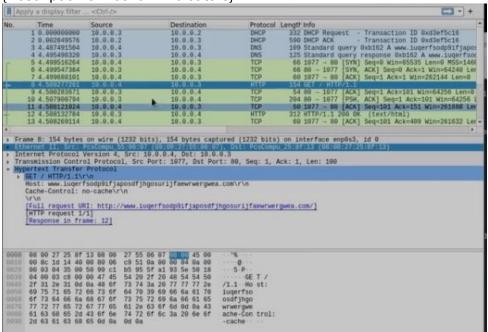


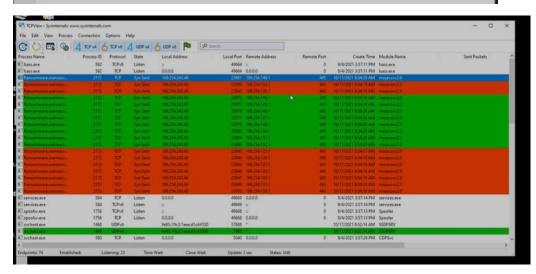
# **Indicators of Compromise**

The full list of IOCs can be found in the Appendices.

#### **Network Indicators**

{Description of network indicators}



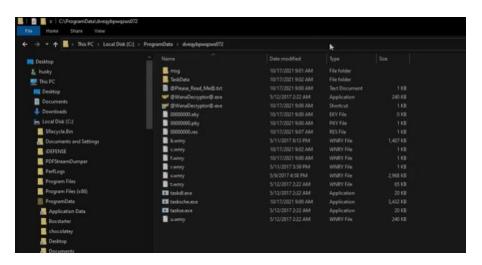


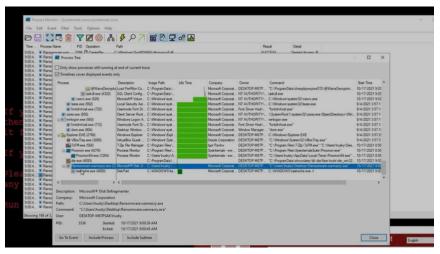




#### **Host-based Indicators**

{Description of host-based indicators}









9004 F Rancomware x 2395 CeateFile 9004 F Rancomware x 2395 CeateFile	C. Windows Sys WOWS4 cryptbase dl C. Windows Sys WOWS4 cryptbase dl C. Windows Sys WOWS4 cryptbase dl C. Wises Yusin/ Desktop Ransomuse: wannacry exe C. Windows taskuche ave	NAME NOT FOUND Desired Access: R. SUCCESS Desired Access: R. SUCCESS Desired Access: R. SUCCESS Desired Access: G. NAME NOT FOUND Desired Access: R.
9:00 4 T. Parsonware w 33% SchopleFile	C\Windows\tasksche.exe	SUCCESS Desired Access: G
9:004 Ransomware w. 3336 CoesteRe	C.WEJows Yasksche exe	SUCCESS Desired Access R.



# **Rules & Signatures**

A full set of YARA rules is included in Appendix A.

{Information on specific signatures, i.e. strings, URLs, etc}

%s -m security

C:\%s\qeriuwjhrf

tasksche.exe

icacls . /grant Everyone:F /T /C /Q

WNcry@2oI7

#### `.WNCRY`

- www[.]iuqerfsodp9ifjaposdfjhgosurijfaewrwergwea[.]com
- CryptGetRandom
- CryptAcquireContextA
- - InternetOpenA
- InternetOpenUrl
- CreateServiceA
- - ChangeServiceConfig2A



# **Appendices**

#### A. Yara Rules

```
rule Wannacry_rules {

    meta:
        last_updated = "2022-01-30"
        author = "Lanzo"
        description = "Wannacry rules"

strings:
    // rules
    $string1 = "www.iuqerfsodp9ifjaposdfjhgosurijfaewrwergwea.com" ascii
    $string2 = "tasksche.exe" ascii
    $PE_magic_byte = "MZ"

condition:
    // Conditions
    $PE_magic_byte at 0 and
    ($string1 and $string2)
}
```

```
C:\Users\lanzo\Desktop

\( \lambda\) yara32 wannacry_rule.yara Ransomware.wannacry.exe.malz -s -w -p 32

Wannacry_rules Ransomware.wannacry.exe.malz

0x313d7:\$string1: www.iuqerfsodp9ifjaposdfjhgosurijfaewrwergwea.com

0x3136c:\$string2: tasksche.exe

0x4157c:\$string2: tasksche.exe

0x0:\$PE_magic_byte: MZ
```

#### B. Callback URLs

Domain	Port
www[.]iuqerfsodp9ifjaposdfjhgosurijfaewrwergwea[.]com	80



### C. Disassembled Code Snippets

